



THE HAMNER INSTITUTES for HEALTH SCIENCES
WHERE GREAT MINDS & MEDICINE MEET

An Integrated *In Vitro* and Computational Approach to Define the Exposure-Dose-Toxicity Relationships in High-Throughput Screens

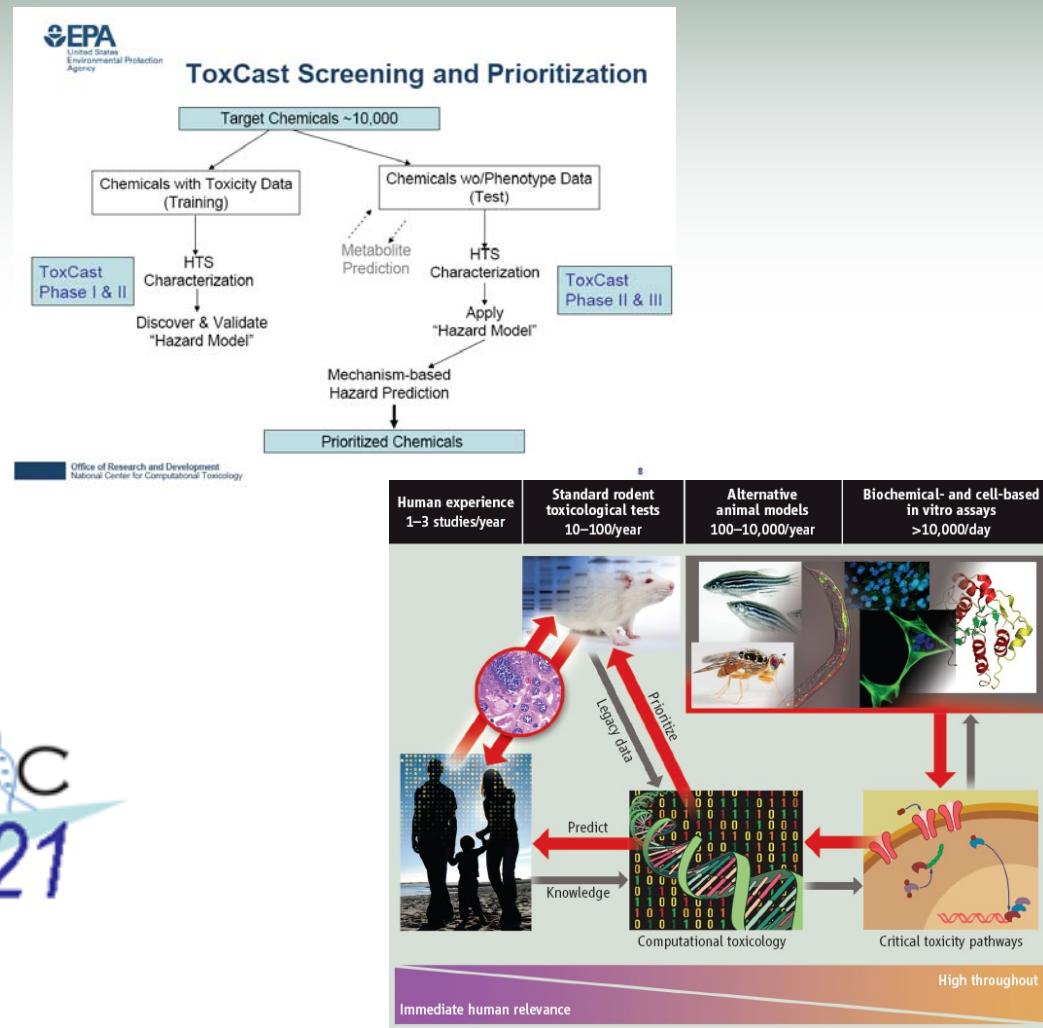
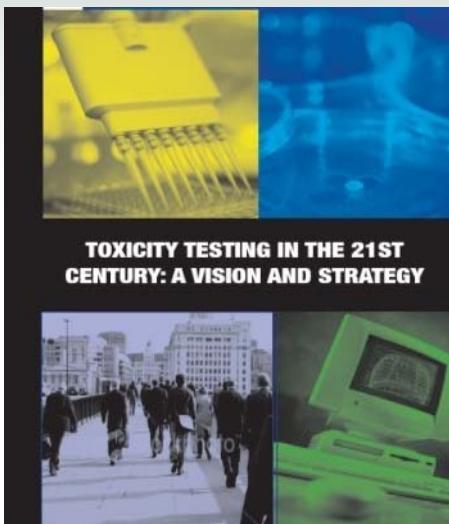
March 18, 2009

Society of Toxicology Platform

Russell Thomas and Harvey Clewell

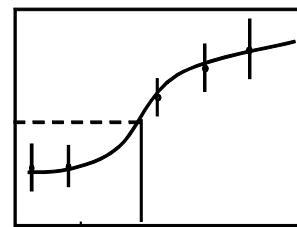
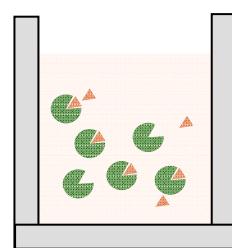
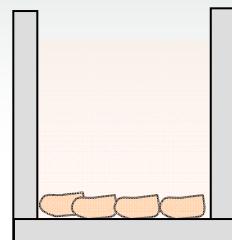
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Currently a Large Effort in Toxicology In Applying High-Throughput Screening for Toxicity Testing



Collins et al., Science 319:906, 2008

What Kind of Data are Produced from These Screens?



EC_{50} or Single Point
Activity Data



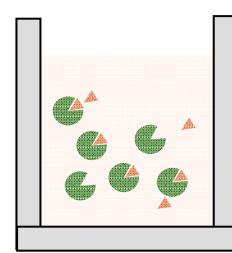
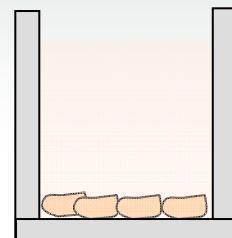
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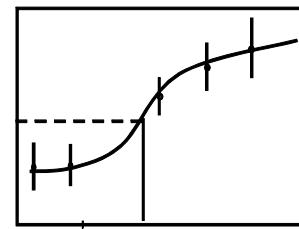
Human Toxicity

In Vitro High
Throughput
Screens

What is Missing from the Current High-Throughput Screening Approaches



***In Vitro* High Throughput Screens**



EC₅₀ or Single Point Activity Data



Dose/Exposure Context

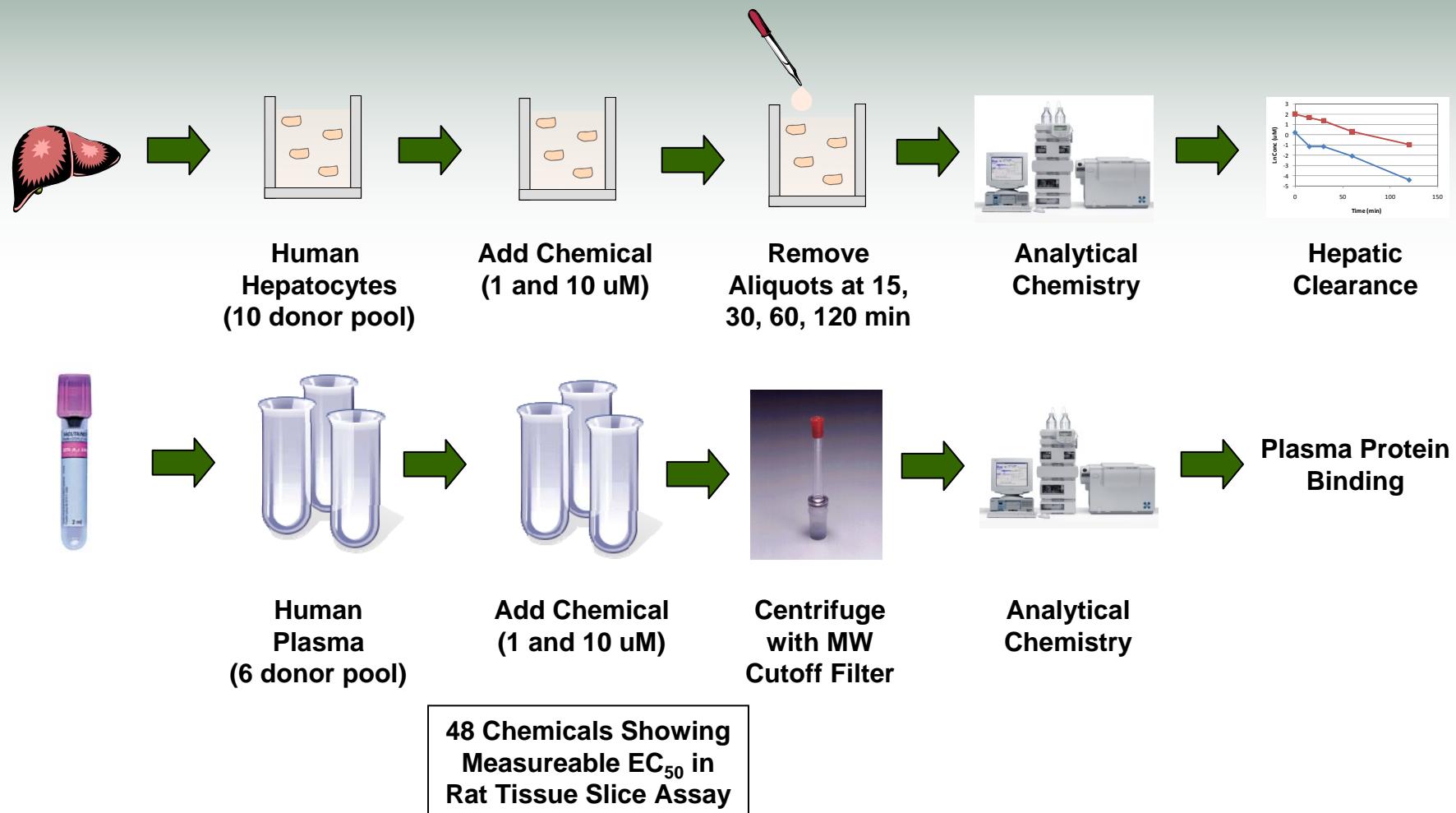


Human Toxicity

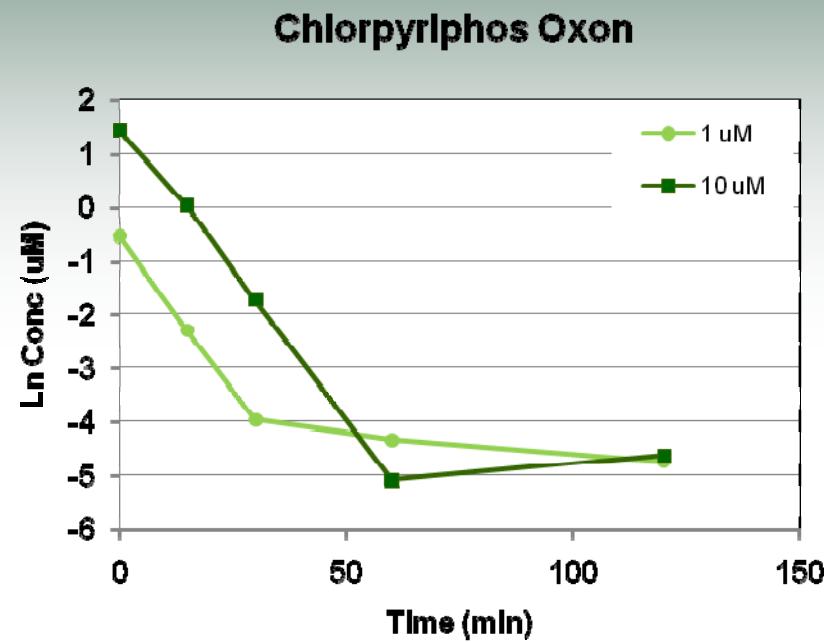
Question

What do the EC/IC₅₀ values measured using high-throughput screening mean in terms of human dosimetry and exposure?

Experimental Assays for Characterizing Steady-State Pharmacokinetics



Example Chemicals for Hepatic Clearance



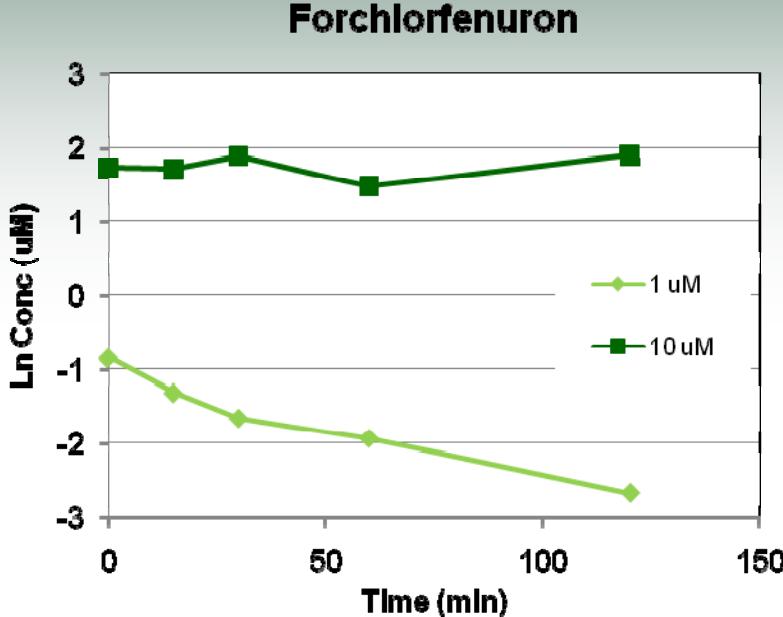
$$10 \text{ uM } T_{1/2} = 6.3 \text{ min}$$

$$1 \text{ uM } T_{1/2} = 6.1 \text{ min}$$



$$10 \text{ uM IC} = 219 \text{ ul/min}/10^6 \text{ cells}$$

$$1 \text{ uM IC} = 229 \text{ ul/min}/10^6 \text{ cells}$$



$$10 \text{ uM } T_{1/2} = \text{Not determined}$$

$$1 \text{ uM } T_{1/2} = 49.8 \text{ min}$$



$$10 \text{ uM IC} = \text{Not determined}$$

$$1 \text{ uM IC} = 27.8 \text{ ul/min}/10^6 \text{ cells}$$

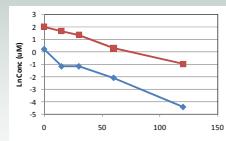
Clearance and Plasma Protein Binding Values

Name	CAS	Hepatic Clearance (ul/min/10 ⁶ cells)		% Plasma Unbound		Renal Clearance (L/hr) ^a	
		1 uM	10 uM	1 uM	10 uM	1 uM	10 uM
2,4-D	94-75-7	27.2	--- ^b	4.82	4.00	0.32	0.27
Acetamiprid	135410-20-7	---	---	57.87	57.32	3.88	3.85
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	84.7	47.2	13.50	15.98	0.91	1.07
Atrazine	1912-24-9	9.2	---	10.04	12.37	0.67	0.83
Bentazone	25057-89-0	31.4	---	2.00	2.15	0.13	0.14
Bromacil	314-40-9	6.1	---	11.31	8.52	0.76	0.57
Buprofezin	69327-76-0	18.5	11.6	BD	0.04	---	0.00
Clothianidin	210880-92-5	10.7	10.2	52.85	50.59	3.55	3.39
Cyprodinil	121552-61-2	60.4	---	BD	0.21	---	0.01
Diazoxon	962-58-3	---	---	29.43	32.69	1.97	2.19
Dicrotophos	141-66-2	1.9	---	80.10	84.57	5.37	5.67
Fenamiphos	22224-92-6	68.9	30.3	3.00	4.14	0.20	0.28
Fenoxy carb	72490-01-8	23.1	12.7	0.51	0.33	0.03	0.02
Forchlorfenuron	68157-60-8	26.9	---	4.58	2.75	0.31	0.18
Isoxaben	82558-50-7	13.8	---	3.89	4.71	0.26	0.32
Isoxaflutole	141112-29-0	38.8	26.7	BD	1.66	---	0.11
Metribuzin	21087-64-9	10.4	4.3	59.54	47.87	4.00	3.21
Oxytetracycline dihydrate	6153-64-6	---	---	37.15	39.82	2.49	2.67
Propetamphos	31218-83-4	16.2	3.3	2.20	0.98	0.15	0.07
Thiazopyr	117718-60-2	41.5	41.3	1.07	1.14	0.07	0.08

^aRenal clearance estimated as GFR*F_U

^bClearance not determined due to saturation kinetics.

Reverse Dosimetry Modeling for Interpreting *In Vitro* Assay Results



Hepatic Clearance



Plasma Protein Binding



Estimated Renal Clearance

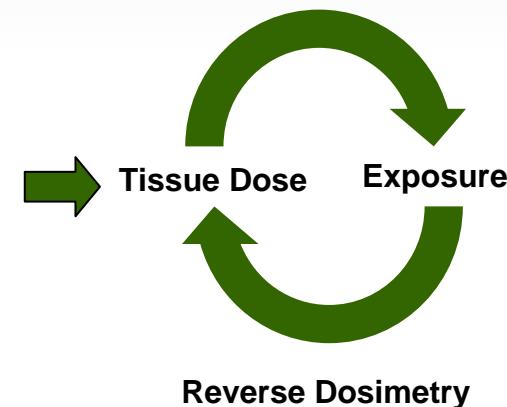


simCYP
real solutions from virtual populations

Population-Based
In Vitro to *In Vivo*
Extrapolation
Software



Plasma
Concentration at
Steady State



Population-Based In Vitro to In Vivo Extrapolation Software

The image displays two side-by-side screenshots of the Simcyp software interface, version 0.01 (20/03/2008). Both screens show the "Healthy Volunteers" study setup.

Left Screenshot (Population Details):

- Population Details:** Shows the study name as "Healthy Volunteers".
- General Values:** Ref. Bodyweight (kg) is 70, BSA C1 Param is 0.0071E, Maximum Age (years) is 65, BSA Weight Exponent is 0.425, Minimum Age (years) is 19, BSA Height Exponent is 0.725, and Prep. of Females is 0.34.
- Distribution of Ages - Male:** Weibull distribution with parameters $\alpha = 2$, $\beta = 22.77$.
- Distribution of Ages - Female:** Weibull distribution with parameters $\alpha = 2$, $\beta = 22.73$.
- Weight & Height - Male:** Body Weight - Adult: C0 [2.643], C1 [0.0099], CV (%) [15]. Height - Adult: C0 [175.32], C2 [-0.0025], C1 [0.1113], CV (%) [3.9].
- Weight & Height - Female:** Body Weight - Adult: C0 [2.7303], C1 [0.0091], CV (%) [18.0]. Height - Adult: C0 [161.66], C2 [-0.0027], C1 [0.1319], CV (%) [3.9].

Right Screenshot (Liver Models):

- Liver Models:** Set to "Well Stirred Model". Operational Concentrations: Portal Vein (Inlet).
- Liver Volume:** Average Liver Volume * [1.87], BSA Coefficient [0.722], BSA Exponent [1.176], CV (%) [12], Liver Density (g/L) [1080].
- Hepatocellularity:** HPGL Mean * [117.5], Baseline [3.103], Age Coefficient [-0.655], CV (%) [41.9].
- Microsomal Protein:** MPPLG Mean * [39.79], Baseline [8.407], C1 [0.01575], C2 [-0.0003], C3 [2.37e-0].
- P450/10⁶ cells:** Baseline [2.034], CV (%) [26.9], HPGC Coefficient [-0.506].
- Enzyme Abundances (pmol/mg-protein) and Turnover Rate Constants (1/h):**

Enzyme	EM	PM	IM	UM	Turnover			
CYP1A2	52	67	0	0	0	0	0.0183	
CYP2A6	20	173	0	0	0	0	0	0.0267

Population-Based Variability in PK Parameters

At Steady State the Kinetics are Linear

$$[\text{Conc}]_{\text{ss}} = \frac{\text{DR} * \text{BW}}{\text{Cl}_{\text{Extrinsic}}}$$

The equation for steady-state concentration is shown above. The denominator, $\text{Cl}_{\text{Extrinsic}}$, is the sum of $\text{Cl}_{\text{Hepatic}}$ and Cl_{Renal} . $\text{Cl}_{\text{Hepatic}}$ is influenced by F_U , $\text{BF}_{\text{Portal}}$, and M_{Hepatic} . Cl_{Renal} is influenced by F_U and GFR .

*Conservatively assuming 100% GI absorption.

Estimate Exposure Using Reverse Dosimetry

Statistics						
	CL (L/h)	CLpo (L/h)	Fg(Sub)	Fh(Sub)	Fa(Sub)	C _{ss} (mg/L)
Mean	3.15	3.85	1.00	0.96	0.90	0.93
Median	3.04	3.43	1.00	0.96	0.98	0.85
5th centile	1.62	1.83	1.00	0.93	0.55	0.38
95th centile	5.81	7.63	1.00	0.98	1.00	1.60
CV	0.40	0.50	0.00	0.02	0.16	0.44
Min Val	1.19	1.21	1.00	0.91	0.46	0.25
Max Val	7.84	11.78	1.00	0.99	1.00	2.41



1 mg/kg/day

Est Oral Exposure at EC₅₀ Equivalent

=

[Conc]_{ss}

EC₅₀

Results From Reverse Dosimetry Analysis

Chemical	CAS No.	ToxCast Endpoint	Minimum EC50 or LEL (uM)	Est Oral Equivalent (mg/kg/day)	Lower 95th Confidence Bound	ToxRef LEL (mg/kg/day)	EPA Chronic Dietary RfD- General Population (mg/kg/day)
Acetamiprid	135410-20-7	BSK_BE3C_uPAR	1.481	0.384	0.256	17.5	0.07
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	ATG_NRF2_ARE_CIS	0.587	6.862	3.625	1.1	0.2
Atrazine	1912-24-9	BSK_KF3CT_IP10	1.481	1.215	0.584	9.5	0.018
Bromacil	314-40-9	BSK_BE3C_IP10	1.481	0.888	0.435	179	---
Buprofezin	69327-76-0	ACEA_LOC2	0.141	0.001	0.001	8.7	0.0033
Cyprodinil	121552-61-2	ATG_PPRE_CIS	1.186	0.121	0.062	73.6	0.03
Fenamiphos	22224-92-6	ATG_PXRE_CIS	0.391	1.026	0.465	0.098	0.0001
Fenoxy carb	72490-01-8	ATG_PPRE_CIS	0.391	0.041	0.021	24.7	---
Forchlorfenuron	68157-60-8	BSK_BE3C_uPAR	1.481	1.277	0.588	7	0.07
Isoxaben	82558-50-7	ATG_PXRE_CIS	0.129	0.092	0.050	61.8	0.0500*
Metribuzin	21087-64-9	BSK_hDFCGF_MMP1	1.481	6.577	3.755	13.8	0.013
Isoxaflutole	141112-29-0	BSK_hDFCGF_EGFR	1.481	1.209	0.549	20	
Thiazopyr	117718-60-2	ATG_NRF2_ARE_CIS	0.129	0.083	0.038	44.2	
Dicrotophos	141-66-2	BSK_hDFCGF_PA1	1.481	2.632	1.529	0.02	
Clothianidin	210880-92-5	BSK_hDFCGF_EGFR	1.481	7.580	4.336	82	
Diazoxon	962-58-3	BSK_KF3CT_IP10	1.481	0.266	0.175		
Bentazone	25057-89-0	ACEA_LOC2	1.230	0.680	0.310	40	
Oxytetracycline dihydrate	6153-64-6	BSK_BE3C_IL1a	1.481	0.567	0.374		
Propetamphos	31218-83-4	NVS_ADME_hCYP2C19	0.098	0.026	0.012	0.63200003	
2,4-D	94-75-7	BSK_BE3C_IL1a	1.481	1.389	0.641	62.5	

Similar EC₅₀ Values

Different Oral Equivalents

**ToxCast endpoint data and reverse dosimetry results are preliminary and subject to change

Cross-Assay Oral Equivalents for Thiazopyr

Company	ToxCast Endpoint	EC50 or LEL (uM)	Est Oral Equivalent (mg/kg/day)	Lower 95th Confidence Bound
Attagene	ATG_PPRE_CIS	33.0	21.0	10.9
Attagene	ATG_PXRE_CIS	0.129	0.083	0.038
Attagene	ATG_NF_kB_CIS	33.0	21.0	10.9
Attagene	ATG_AP_1_CIS	100.0	63.7	33.0
Attagene	ATG_NRF2_ARE_CIS	0.13	0.08	0.04
Attagene	ATG_PPARg_TRANS	10.9	6.9	3.6
Bioseek	BSK_KF3CT_IP10	40.0	25.5	13.2
Bioseek	BSK_hDFCGF_VCAM1	40.0	25.5	13.2
Bioseek	BSK_SAg_CD38	13.3	8.6	4.4
Bioseek	BSK_BE3C_uPA	40.0	25.5	13.2
Bioseek	BSK_BE3C_uPAR	13.3	8.5	4.4
Bioseek	BSK_SAg_CD69	40.0	25.5	13.2
Bioseek	BSK_BE3C_IP10	13.3	8.5	4.4
Bioseek	BSK_hDFCGF_MMP1	13.3	8.5	4.4
Novascreen	NVS_ADME_rCYP2C6	3.33	2.14	0.97
Novascreen	NVS_ADME_hCYP2C19	1.52	0.98	0.44
	ACEA_LOC2	33.1	21.1	10.9

*Not active in 10/27 assays.

**ToxRef LEL is 44.2 mg/kg/day (Rat liver, kidney, and thyroid).

****ToxCast endpoint data and reverse dosimetry results are preliminary and subject to change**

Conclusions

- *In vitro* assays for hepatocyte clearance and plasma protein binding have been developed to provide critical pharmacokinetic information on a subset of ToxCast chemicals.
- Integration of *in vitro* pharmacokinetic assays with computational modeling allows estimation of oral exposures required to produce steady state *in vivo* concentrations equivalent to EC₅₀ values in HTS assays.
- Comparisons of equivalent oral exposures to RfD values allows the estimation of margins-of-exposure and provides additional context for prioritization.

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