


OVERVIEW OF THE WILLOW CREEK
WATERSHED PLANNING EFFORTS



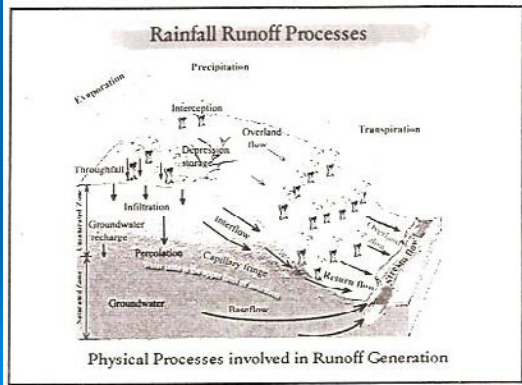
Blackfeet Nonpoint Pollution
Program
May 30th, 2006
Program Coordinator: Ardis Berthelson

Learn the basics of Hydrology
and Watershed Processes

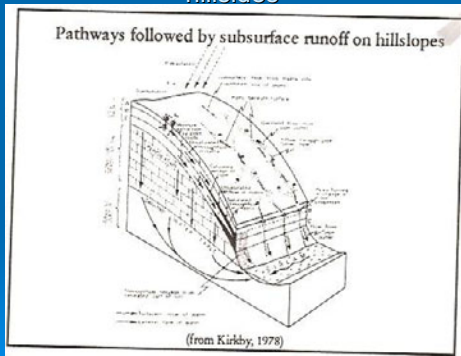
Goals

- Understand the role of hydrology and watershed processes.
- Look for trainings targeted at watershed processes
- Water quality standards training

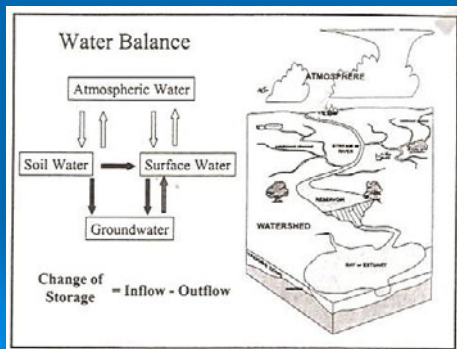
Rainfall Runoff Processes



Pathways followed by subsurface runoff on hillsides



Water Balance



What Physical factors affect runoff terms in the water balance?

- Climate
- Topography
- Soils
- Vegetation
- Land-use

Climate Factors

- Precipitation
 - Seasonal
 - Intermittency
 - Form(Rain or Snow)
- Potential Evaporation
- Temperature

Topography

- Slope
- Aspect(Solar Radiation Potential Evaporation)
- Convergence
 - Saturation and wetness index

Soils

- Infiltration capacity
- Drainable porosity
- Field Capacity
- Erodability

Vegetation

- Canopy conductance
- Density (leaf area index)
- Root depth, strength and density
(inhibit erosion and landslides)

Land use

- Agriculture
 - Irrigation withdrawals
 - Erodability
 - Infiltration capacity
 - Pollution (manure, E coli, fertilizers)
- Urbanization
 - Impervious areas
 - Water withdrawals
 - Stormwater drains / soak pits
 - Pollution
 - >Wastewater Discharge
 - > Street Runoff

Other Considerations

- Snow and snow storage
- Spatial variability (elevation, temperature, orographic precipitation)
- Quick flow versus base flow

For a watershed you need to know

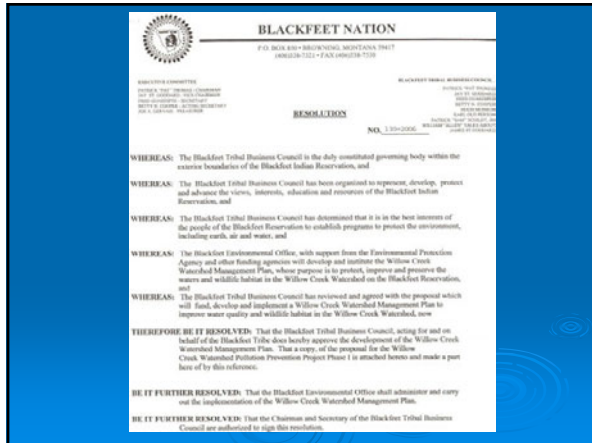
- Upstream water management
 - reservoirs and diversions
- Land use and how it may change
- Vegetation
- Soils
- Impervious areas
- Saturated areas (Topography)

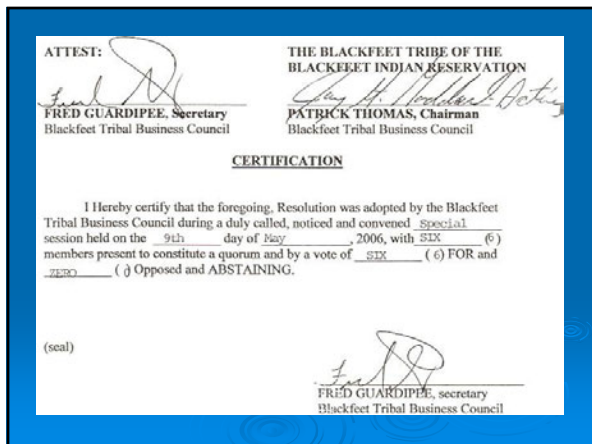
Readings

- Dingman, S. L., (2002), Physical Hydrology, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 646 p.
- Brutsaert, W., (2005) Hydrology : An Introduction, Cambridge University Press, 618 p.
- Dunne, T., and L.B. Leopold, (1978), Water in Environmental Planning, W H Freeman and Co, San Francisco, 818 p.
- Maidment, D.R., ed. (2002) Arc Hydro Gis for Water Resources, ESRI Press, Redlands, Ca, 203 p.
- Tarboton, D.G., (2003), Rainfall Runoff Processes, Online Module and Workbook Prepared for the National Weather Service Comet Outreach Program, <http://www.engineering.usu.edu/dtarb/rrp.html>.
- Tarboton, D.G., (2005), "Terrain Analysis Using Digital Elevation Models (Taudem)," Utah Water Research Laboratory, Utah State University, May 2005, [Http://www.engineering.usu.edu/dtarb](http://www.engineering.usu.edu/dtarb).

Continued planning efforts for the willow creek water shed management plan

- Phase I: Establish the willow creek watershed protection team: A structure of committees and procedures for conducting the groups work.
- Blackfeet Tribal Resolution NO. 130-2006





Phase II Identify problems and solutions

- Assess condition of the watershed to determine its health and problems facing the watershed, trends for future conditions, and prioritize problems to be addressed.
- **Through existing water quality data, and existing reports and inventories.**
- Water Pollution Prevention Program (106 1994-96 water quality assessment report)
- State Water Quality Assessment Report (305b)
- Blackfeet Tribal Water Quality Management Plan (208)
- Soil Survey of Glacier County
- Blackfeet Clean Lakes Program (314) Final Report
- 1995 Fish Stocking and Management Report for Lakes on Montana Indian Reservations
- Montana Nonpoint Assessment Report
- Blackfeet Nonpoint source assessment report
- Bureau of Indian Affairs Natural Resource Inventory and Production List
- U.S. Census Bureau (2002 Census)
- Assess existing management efforts to protect the watershed.

Advertise in local Newspaper, Radio stations, local TV stations and Schools.

Identify and engage people who have a stake in the watershed.

Landowners, residents, farmers, ranchers, local groups, gov. agencies, other organizations active in watershed, and local businessman.

Farm bureau, NRCS, Blackfeet Tribe, City Hall, EPA, Blackfeet Conservation District.

Establish your organization

- Executive Committee
- A planning team
- A technical advisory committee
- Action teams

Phase III Develop watershed management plan

- Detailed Strategies for actions to address problems of the watershed.
- Incorporate the nine elements into your watershed plan.

Phase IV Implement Watershed Management Plan

- Carry out actions
- Monitor watershed conditions
- Review progress
- Redirect priorities or efforts where appropriate

Project Description

The WCWS is a subwatershed of Cutbank watershed. The watershed drains an area of 92,600 acres.

There is four sub- watershed within the willow creek watershed.

Hydrological Unit Codes: 100302020201, 100302020202, 100302020203, 100302020204

