FIGURES

















Figure 2-6. Illustration of Where Water Enters Eastern Portion of HCC, and Where Water Enters Silver Bow Creek from Sediment Pond Located North of BRW Ponds





Figure 2-7. Water Level Elevations in Metals Treatment Lagoons









MPTP Recovery Trench Flow Rates Since 11/20/97

Figure 2-10. Flow Rates at MPTP Recovery Trenches Since 11/20/97





MPTP Recovery Trench PCP Concentrations Since 11/20/97

Figure 2-11. PCP Concentrations at MPTP Recovery Trenches Since 11/20/97









NOTE:

- 1. SEE TEXT FOR DESCRIPTION OF HOW THESE DATA WERE COMPILED.
- 2. BASEMAP FEATURES NOT EXTENDED FOR FULL EXTENT OF THIS FIGURE.
- 3. THE NEW BUTTE BUTCHERING LOCATION ON THIS FIGURE HAS BEEN MOVED, AND IS AN APPROXIMATION BASED ON THE DESCRIPTION PROVIDED BY RICK LARSON (BUTTE SILVER BOW PUBLIC WORKS DEPT), WHO INDICATED THAT THE ORIGINAL LOCATION FOR THE NEW BUTTE BUTCHERING WELL RECORDED IN THE GWIC DATABASE IS INCORRECT.





Figure 3-2. Generalized East-West Cross Section from WWTP Geotechnical Report





GS-34S Water Level versus Precipitation



Figure 3-4. GS-34S Water Level versus Precipitation



BMW-13B Water Level versus Precipitation



Figure 3-5. BMW-13B Water Level versus Precipitation









BMW-13B Water Levels



Figure 5-2. Water Levels at BMW-13B Compared to Stage and Bottom of the HCC





BMW-9A Water Level vs. Elevation of Silver Bow Creek Bottom







Figure 8-1. Model Grid Extent and Variable Grid Spacing





Figure 8-2. Grid Spacing in Vicinity of NCRT and WWTP



Bot-1 = 5404 Bot-2 = 5402 Bot-3 = 5399 Bot-1 = 5375 Bot-2 = 5373 Bot-3 = 5370 Bot-1 = 5390 Bot-2 = 5388 Bot-3 = 5385 Bot-1 = 5410 Bot-1 = 5420 Bot-2 = 5408 Bot-2 = 5418 Bot-3 = 5400 Bot-3 = 5400 Bot-1 = 5404 Bot-2 = 5402 Bot-3 = 5399

These bottom elevations are simplified values assigned only for the purpose of modeling, and are not intended to be a rigorous interpretation of the geology. See text for a complete explanation.

Boundary condition locations for all model layers provided for reference (see Figure 8-4 for identification of boundary conditions).

Figure 8-3. Zones for Bottom Elevations (ft MSL NGVD 29)







The values except those in the alluvial valley are assigned only for the purpose of establishing a reasonable representation of regional groundwater flow in conjunction with assigned boundary conditions and bottom elevations, and are not intended to be a rigorous interpretation. See Section 8.3 of text for a complete explanation.

Boundary condition locations for all model layers provided for reference (see Figure 8-4 for identification of boundary conditions).

Figure 8-5. Zones for Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/d) For Simulating Regional Flow





for identification of boundary conditions).



















Figure 8-10. Simulated Steady-State Water Levels and Residuals (Observed Minus Simulated) Near NCRT and WWTP, Model Layer 1, Prior to Phase-1 Dewatering



Positive residuals are simulated too low, negative residuals are simulated too high.

Boundary condition locations for all model layers provided for reference (see Figure 8-4 for identification of boundary conditions).

Figure 8-11. Simulated Steady-State Water Levels and Residuals (Observed Minus Simulated) Near NCRT and WWTP, Model Layer 2, Prior to Phase-1 Dewatering

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OC. R. S.

-0.71 0.010.03 0.31 0.90 5427 0.06 40.45 0.67 .5438.50 -6-5436.00 . 6435.50 Positive residuals are simulated O. Star too low, negative residuals are OF LEAS 00-60.02 P CO. FER simulated too high. O'EERS' 00000 , 65 CA 0.61 Boundary condition locations for all model layers provided for reference (see Figure 8-4 for 0,19 identification of boundary conditions).

Figure 8-12. Simulated Steady-State Water Levels and Residuals (Observed Minus Simulated) Near NCRT and WWTP, Model Layer 3, Prior to Phase-1 Dewatering





Boundary condition locations for all model layers provided for reference (see Figure 8-4 for identification of boundary conditions).

Figure 8-13. Simulated Steady-State Water Levels, Regional Flow (Model Layer 1)



































These figures illustrate simulated drawdown response to changes in BRW pond elevations (versus observed drawdown due to all stress changes). For these wells, the BRW pond elevation changes cause only a small portion of the overall observed drawdown.

Note that observed water levels did not fully recover to pre-extraction water levels after the first period of dewatering (there was still ~0.5 ft of drawdown), and these results suggest the likely reason is that BRW pond elevations were lower after the construction on those ponds was completed in December 2009 than when this modeling period began (August 2009).

Drawdown is in feet. Time represents days after Phase 1 dewatering began.

Figure 8-28. Simulated Drawdown (ft) at Selected Wells Due Only to BRW Pond Elevation Changes











Drawdown is in feet. Time represents days after Phase 1 dewatering began.

Figure 8-32. Sensitivity Run 6a – Simulated versus Observed Change in Water Level (ft) (Less Water Added at Constant Head Boundaries in Hills)





Drawdown is in feet. Time represents days after Phase 1 dewatering began.

Figure 8-33. Sensitivity Run 6b – Simulated versus Observed Change in Water Level (ft) (Even Less Water Added at Constant Head Boundaries in Hills)





Drawdown is in feet. Time represents days after Phase 1 dewatering began.

Figure 8-34. Sensitivity Run 6c – Simulated versus Observed Change in Water Level (ft) (More Water Added at Constant Head Boundaries in Hills)





















