Webinar Audio Recording

- ► To play the audio recording:
 - ► Go to:
 - http://www2.teleconferencingcenter.com/moderator/presentation/Playback?id=984f9c7c-6f2b-4395-9390-b9b60c3e052d.rpm
 - Enter your name and email
 - Select whether to use Windows Media Player or Real Player.
 - To play the recording, you must have one of these installed on your computer. The Real Player tends to work better.
 - http://windows.microsoft.com/en-US/windows/downloads/windowsmedia-player
 - http://www.real.com/
- The audio recording for this webinar starts at slide #21.





Leak Detection: Creating a Program that Works

June 7, 2012



Welcome / Webinar Etiquette

- Audio is being recorded
- ► Slides and audio will be available on GreenChill website, under "Events and Webinars": www.epa.gov/greenchill
- Phones are muted (#6 to unmute)



Q & A

- ►Q&A session after presentation
- Submit your questions using CHAT at anytime; we'll go through them during Q&A
 - If you'd like to remain anonymous, send your question by CHAT to Keilly Witman instead of to all participants
- Raise your hand during Q&A (hand button is at top of screen)

Please Note!

- ► GreenChill and EPA do not endorse products or companies.
- ►The information in the webinar is from the presenters. It is not verified by GreenChill or EPA.
- ► The opinions of the presenters are their own, and they do not represent GreenChill or EPA.
- ►We are not webinar-ing experts.

Today's speakers.....



Ted Gartland – E. Gartland and Associates

Ted Gartland

E. Gartland and Associates

Office: 585-624-9648

Email: ted.gartland@egartland.com



Ted Gartland is the owner of E. Gartland Associates, a refrigeration and environmental consulting firm. Ted is an adviser on the Climate Action Reserve ODS destruction working group, which recently standardized a methodology around carbon offset credits for refrigerant destruction. Ted was formerly the Director of Refrigerants and Carbon Management at Verisae. Previously, he spent fourteen years with Honeywell Genetron Refrigerants where he worked in the commercialization of R-507, R-404A, R-410A and many HFC based refrigerants.

Matt Thiel - Bacharach

Matt Thiel

Business Unit Manager - Gas Detection

Bacharach

Office: 724-334-5066

Email: MattT@MyBacharach.com



Matt Thiel is the Business Unit Manager for Bacharach's gas detection products. He has fifteen years of gas/leak detection experience, with the last two years focusing primarily on refrigerant leak detection technologies and applications.

Jim Mowery – Bacharach

Jim Mowery

Bacharach, Product Specialist

Office: 410-703-4238

Email: jimmowery@mybacharach.com



Jim Mowery has worked at Bacharach for twelve years, the last three in the refrigerant monitor division as a sales and training product specialist. He is licensed to handle all types of refrigerant gasses and is experienced in both sales and service of heating and air conditioning instruments. Jim currently holds a patent on a heating control system for heat pumps. He is currently focusing on sales and training for fixed monitoring systems. Jim holds a degree in business management and has additional education credits from James Madison University and the American Management Association.

Leak Detection Creating a Program that Works

Agenda

- Why Monitor?
- Sensing Technologies
- Continuous vs. Manual
- Selecting the Right Product
- Cost of Leaks

What are the benefits of a Refrigerant Monitor?

- Reduce energy consumption SAVE \$\$\$
- Reduce emissions of ozone depleting agents Be GREEN
- Reduce the amount of refrigerant being used SAVE \$\$\$
- Being code compliant
 - ASHRAE 15, ASHRAE 147, California Sub article 5.1
- To protect people (refrigerants are oxygen displacing agents)
- To protect products & equipment
 - Food products (meat, produce, dairy)
 - Chillers, RAC units, and walk-in boxes

Industry Trends

- California Sub article 5.1/ F-Gas
 - Mandatory monitoring / leak checking
- Refrigerant Management Programs
 - Lower detection limits (10 ppm)

Myth or Reality?

80% of leaks occur in the engine (Rack) room

Most monitoring takes place in the engine rooms.

Most technology cannot accurately detect and locate small leaks.

What if we could find the small leaks?

Reality

Many leaks occur in display sales area, freezers, coffin cases and Dairy coolers.



Sensing Technologies





Metal Oxide (MOS) Sensors

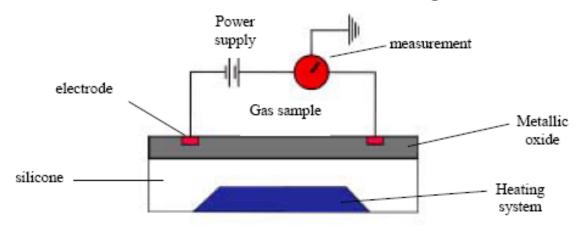
(AKA – Solid State, Heated Diode)

- Detect toxic, combustible & refrigerant gases
- Respond to many compounds, including H2O and temperature changes
- Not very accurate
- Require calibrations
- Low cost
- Long life span (5-7 years)



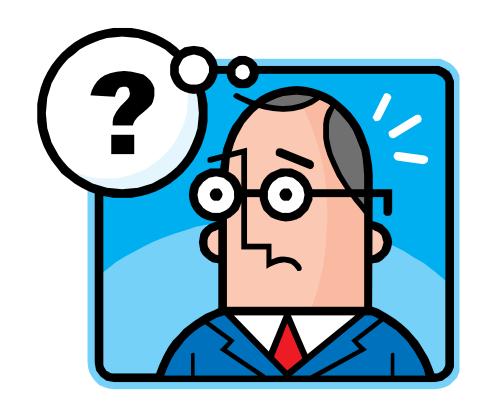
Metal Oxide (MOS) Sensors Detection Principal

A fine metallic oxide film is deposited on a silicon wafer (see. illustration below). The absorption of the sample at the surface of the metal oxide is followed by a catalytic oxidation and modifies the electric resistance of the oxide. This value is linked to the gas concentration.



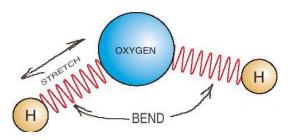
Semi-conductor sensor

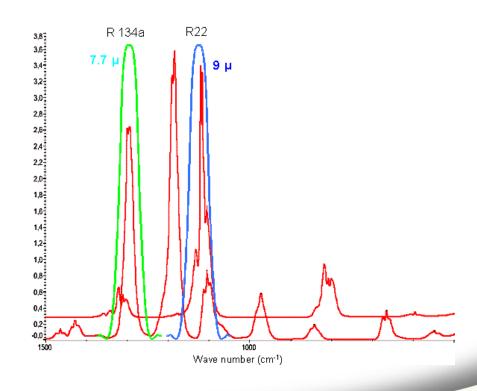
So how does Infrared detection differ?



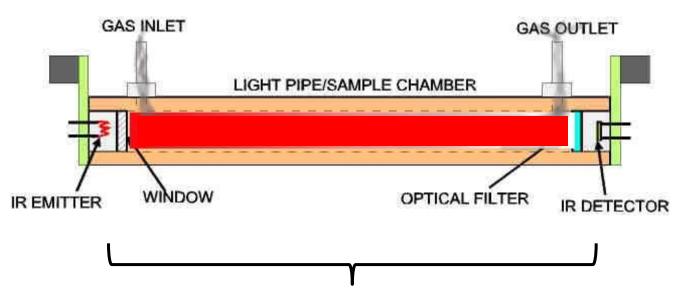
Technical Background

- •Infrared gas detection is a well established technology that has been practiced for more than 60years.
- •It is based on the principle that any gas molecule composed of two or more dissimilar atoms will absorb infrared light in a manner unique to that specific molecule.
- •The unique pattern of absorption, dictated by the molecular structure, is called an absorption spectrum, and represents a fingerprint for a specific molecule.





What does this mean?



Path Length Determines Minimal Detectable Limit

- \sim 7 inches = 25 ppm
- ~10 inches = 1 ppm

Infrared Gas Sensing

- Advantages
 - Able to Self-test / calibrate
 - Fast Response Times
 - Very selective, few cross interfering gases
 - 1 ppm sensitivity
 - Low level accuracy

- Disadvantages
 - Sensitive to H2O
 - Maintenance required for dust and water

Leak Detection Excuse Selection Chart

Continuous monitors don't work

I don't have time to manually inspect every line

You can't find small leaks

Small leaks are not worth finding

Putting detectors on the store floor doesn't work

You can't find leaks in cases/reach-ins

You can't find leaks outdoors

All leaks occur in the RAC rooms

My continuous monitor never alarms

My continuous monitor alarms but I cannot find a leak

Leak detection is too expensive

I'm manually checking, I don't need a continuous monitor

I have continuous monitor, I don't need a good hand held detector

How do I Monitor Leaks?

- Portable leak detector
- Continuous monitor





Create a Program that Works for You!

Compliance vs. Management

- Compliance Monitoring:
 - Meets local regulator requirements
 - Looking for larger leaks
- Refrigerant Management:
 - Find leaks sooner
 - Locate smaller leaks

Semiconductor Detectors

Infrared Analyzers

Selecting the Right Continuous Monitor Product

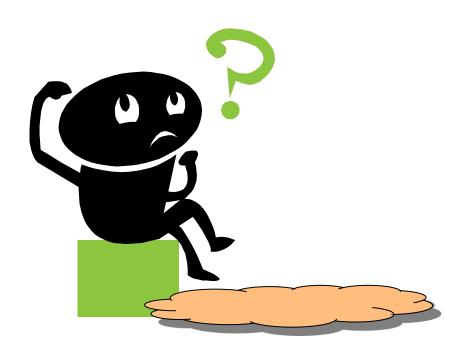
	Semiconductor	Diffusion Infrared	Infrared Sampling System	
Minimum Detection Limit	50 ppm	15 ppm	1 ppm	
Cost Per Point	\$400.00	\$1000.00	\$380 (16) - \$1250 (4)	
Installation	Wiring	Wiring	Tubing	

Selecting the Right Portable Detector / Analyzer

	Semiconductor	Infrared Detector	Infrared Analyzer	
Minimum Detection Limit	50 ppm	25 ppm	1 ppm	
Cost	\$300.00		\$3000	
Indications	Beeping	Beeping	Actual ppm readings	
False responses	Temp/humidity	Change in background	None	

Where do I Monitor?

- You cannot monitor everywhere
- Monitor high probability areas
 - Compressor room
 - Walk in freezers
 - Cases / aisles
- Freon and CO2 are heavier than air tend to fall
 - Pick up locations should be close to ground for Freon
 - Pick up locations should be higher for CO2 (as it disperses)



Where do I Monitor – Compressor RAC?

- 2 pick-up points per RAC
 - NOT 2 per Mechanical room!
- Multiple refrigerants, have multiple pick up points!
- Can use a splitter kit
- Best Practice Tip:
 Mount A/V alarm
 outside mechanical
 room door

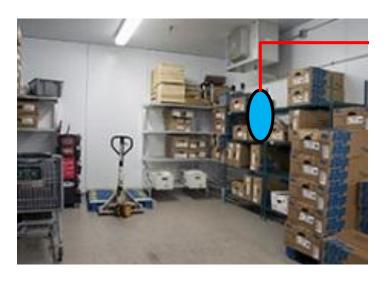


Checking the refrigeration racks outside the wind does not affect the analyzer



Where do I Monitor – Coolers/Freezers?

Can monitor inside or outside for leaks.



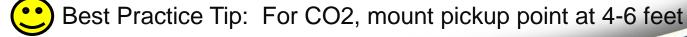
Inside cooler under lines



Outside cooler door



Best Practice Tip: Don't mount inside cooler next to door – will get frost build-up!



Where do I Monitor – Cases?

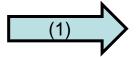


- Monitor inside or outside cases for leaks.
- In kick rails
- On Top of cases
- At each end
- Behind and in between two aisle cases



Best Practice Tip: Try to maximize coverage area



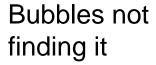


PPM reading increasing on Infrared Analyzer

2 PPM

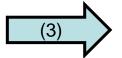


17, 672 PPM



PPM reading increasing on Infrared Analyzer

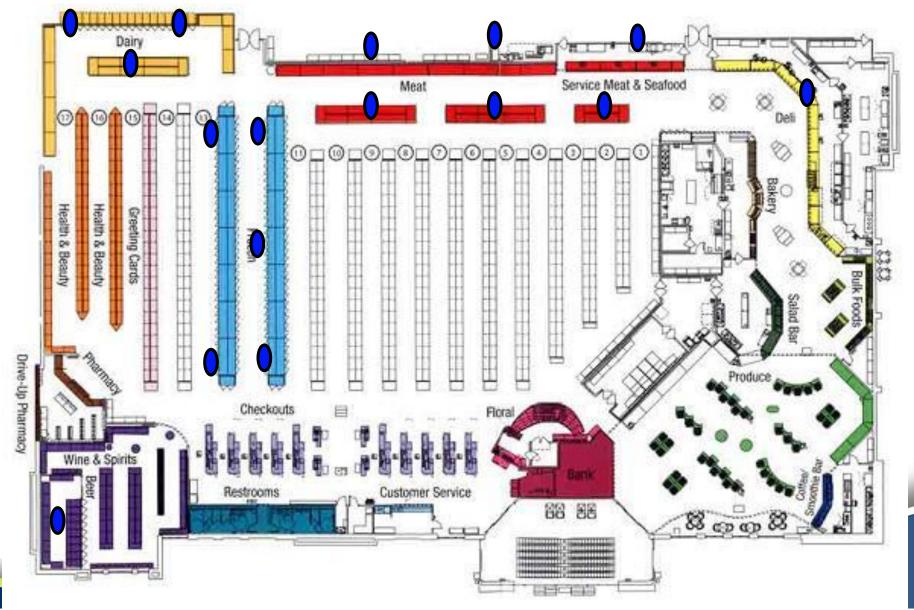




Conclusion:
Bad braze joint
on the
evaporator



Where do I Monitor – Cases / Aisles?



Best Practice Tips

- Utilize both handheld and continuous monitors
 - Continuous gets you to the area
 - Hand held pin points the leak
- Maintain your instruments (change filters)
- Test your equipment
- Set alarm thresholds appropriately
 - A must if you are using splitter kits/spurs
- React to alarms
 - Early detection saves the environment and money too

Costs of leaks

Leak rate in				Number of months to	Number of months
pounds per	Refrigerant	Cost per	Cost of Leak	cover continuous	to cover Portable
month	type	pound	per month	monitor Purchase	Analyzer Purchase
50	R22	\$12.00	\$600.00	11.0	6.2
100	R22	\$12.00	\$1,200.00	5.5	3.1
200	R22	\$12.00	\$2,400.00	2.8	1.5
250	R22	\$12.00	\$3,000.00	2.2	1.2
500	R22	\$12.00	\$6,000.00	1.1	0.6
50	R404a/R407a	\$8.00	\$400.00	16.5	9.3
100	R404a/R407a	\$8.00	\$800.00	8.3	4.6
200	R404a/R407a	\$8.00	\$1,600.00	4.1	2.3
250	R404a/R407a	\$8.00	\$2,000.00	3.3	1.9
500	R404a/R407a	\$8.00	\$4,000.00	1.7	0.9
Infrared Continuous Monitor		\$6,600			
Portable Infrared Analyzer		\$3,700			

Real World Case Study

Leak savings calculator						
	Leak rate in				Number of months to	Number of months
	pounds per	Refrigerant	Cost per	Cost of Leak	cover continuous	to cover Portable
Case Study	month	type	pound	per month	monitor Purchase	Analyzer Purchase
Location 1	695	R22	\$12.00	\$8,340.00	0.8	0.4
Location 2	48	R404a	\$8.00	\$384.00	17.2	9.6
Location 3	100	R404a	\$8.00	\$800.00	8.3	4.6
Location 4	200	R407a	\$8.00	\$1,600.00	4.1	2.3
Location 5	400	R22	\$12.00	\$4,800.00	1.4	0.8
Location 6	150	R404a	\$8.00	\$1,200.00	5.5	3.1
Infrared Conti	nuous Monitor	\$6,600				
Portable Inf	rared Analyzer	\$3,700				

Thank you