Semiannual Report Of UST Performance Measures Mid Fiscal Year 2016 (October 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

Where does EPA get the performance data?

Twice each year, EPA collects data from states and territories regarding underground storage tank (UST) performance measures and makes the data publicly available. EPA directly provides data on work in Indian country, since the Agency implements the program for those sites. These data include information such as the number of active and closed tanks, releases confirmed, cleanups initiated and completed, facilities in compliance with UST requirements, and inspections. EPA compiles the data and presents it in table format for all states, territories, and Indian country.

What are the UST performance measures?

The most current definitions for the UST performance measures are available on EPA's website www.epa.gov/ust/ust-performance-measures under **Definitions**.

What is in the mid fiscal year (FY) 2016 report?

	raye
UST Corrective Action Measures For Mid FY 2016	
Alphabetical By State Within Region	1
National Totals	5
UST National Backlog Graph	6
UST Compliance Measures For Mid FY 2016	7
States With More Stringent SOC Requirements	9
Inspection/Delivery Prohibition Actions For Mid FY 2016	11

How does the UST program's performance at mid FY 2016 compare with its FY 2016 goals and mid FY 2015 performance?

Mid FY 2016 UST Program Performance	Compare With FY 2016 UST Program Goal	Compare With Mid FY 2015 UST Program Performance
Completed 4,597 cleanups (including 11 in Indian country)	Complete 8,600 or more cleanups, including 26 or more in Indian country	At mid FY 2015, completed 5,017 cleanups (including 13 in Indian country)
73.1 percent significant operational compliance rate	Achieve a significant operational compliance rate of 71 percent or higher	At mid FY 2015, the significant operational compliance rate was 71.8 percent
Confirmed 2,591 releases	Decrease newly-confirmed releases to fewer than 6,615	At mid FY 2015, confirmed 3,378 releases
13.6 percent of confirmed releases at UST facilities remaining to be cleaned up	Reduce to 13 percent or less the percent of confirmed releases at UST facilities remaining to be cleaned up	At mid FY 2015, reduced to 13.8 percent the percent of confirmed releases at UST facilities remaining to be cleaned up



Dago

What other highlights are included in the mid FY 2016 report?

- There are 562,751 active USTs (at approximately 202,000 sites) which are regulated by EPA's UST program
- Since the 1984 inception of the UST program, 1,832,048 USTs have been properly closed
- Of the 529,390 releases reported since the beginning of the UST program, 457,344 (or 86.4 percent) have been cleaned up, leaving 72,046 remaining to be cleaned up
- 41,364 on-site inspections at federally-regulated UST facilities were conducted between October 2015 and March 2016; of those:
 - 41,307 were conducted by states, territories, and third-party inspectors
 - 57 were conducted by EPA and credentialed tribal inspectors in Indian country

How are EPA and its partners doing at reducing the backlog of UST releases?

Reducing the number of releases remaining to be cleaned up (also known as the backlog) remains a priority for the national UST program. The graphic on page 6 of this report shows that the national UST backlog of releases remaining to be cleaned up has been declining for more than a decade. The rate of releases confirmed has held steady since 2010 at approximately 6,000 to 7,000 releases reported each year; the cumulative number of confirmed releases is now over 529,000. Viewed together, these data points show the progress EPA, states, territories, tribes, and other UST partners are making in reducing the percent of confirmed releases at UST facilities pending cleanup completion.

Over the last few years, the percent of confirmed releases pending cleanup completion has declined from 18.8 percent in 2010 to 13.6 percent at mid FY 2016. Looking back several more years, the percent of confirmed releases pending cleanup completion was 26.4 percent in 2005.

	Confirmed	d Releases	Cleanups	Percent Of Confirmed
Fiscal Year	Each Year	Cumulative	Remaining	Releases Pending Cleanup Completion*
Mid 2016	2,591	529,390	72,046	13.6%
2015	6,830	528,521	71,861	13.6%
2014	6,847	521,271	73,948	14.2%
2013	6,128	514,123	77,717	15.1%
2012	5,674	507,540	82,903	16.3%
2011	5,998	501,723	87,983	17.5%
2010	6,328	494,997	93,123	18.8%
\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow	\	\
2005	7,421	452,041	119,242	26.4%

^{*}Divide cleanups remaining by cumulative confirmed releases

Where can I find performance data from previous years?

EPA's website www.epa.gov/ust/ust-performance-measures provides the most current report, as well as historical reports beginning with FY 1988, the first year reports were developed. Reports are listed beginning with the most recent first.

For more information, contact Steven McNeely, EPA's Office of Underground Storage Tanks, at mcneely.steven@epa.gov or 202-564-0594.



Degien / State	Active Tanks	ve Tanks Closed Tanks	Confirmed Re	eleases	Cleanups	Cleanups Completed		Cleanups
Region / State	Active ranks	Closed ranks	Actions This Year	Cumulative	Initiated	Actions This Year	Cumulative	Remaining
ONE								
СТ	6,152	27,038	55	3,196	3,159	19	2,285	911
MA	9,521	25,656	27	6,424	6,354	60	6,116	308
ME	2,596	13,567	35	2,800	2,781	37	2,776	24
NH	2,772	12,329	15	2,641	2,641	13	2,040	601
RI	1,491	8,687	6	1,397	1,397	9	1,243	154
VT	1,912	6,184	3	2,160	2,160	5	1,499	661
Subtotal	24,444	93,461	141	18,618	18,492	143	15,959	2,659
TWO								
NJ	13,540	59,214	343	15,460	14,173	325	11,103	4,357
NY	23,237	105,530	48	29,665	29,611	185	28,563	1,102
PR	4,489	5,796	2	1,074	839	5	514	560
VI	140	282	0	30	32	0	25	5
Subtotal	41,406	170,822	393	46,229	44,655	515	40,205	6,024
THREE								
DC	624	3,395	5	944	929	13	847	97
DE	1,177	7,451	21	2,808	2,761	25	2,722	86
MD	7,621	36,182	45	12,264	12,090	47	12,046	218
PA	22,586	66,498	89	16,989	16,913	270	15,144	1,845
VA	18,165	62,620	70	12,553	12,452	84	12,241	312
WV	4,470	21,051	15	3,601	3,520	69	2,984	617
Subtotal	54,643	197,197	245	49,159	48,665	508	45,984	3,175

Bagian / State	Active Tanks	Classed Tanks	Confirmed Releases		Cleanups	Cleanups Con	npleted	Cleanups
Region / State	Active ranks	Closed Tanks	Actions This Year	Cumulative	Initiated	Actions This Year	Cumulative	Remaining
FOUR								
AL	16,606	30,702	38	11,951	11,807	35	10,773	1,178
FL	22,372	112,037	48	27,035	19,291	343	16,043	10,992
GA	29,270	50,447	121	13,785	13,635	174	12,717	1,068
KY	9,723	40,520	84	16,630	16,608	161	15,858	772
MS	8,179	23,834	56	7,772	7,599	51	7,361	411
NC	25,159	70,422	91	26,076	23,492	216	21,834	4,242
SC	11,539	33,765	55	9,948	9,778	62	7,665	2,283
TN	16,391	40,549	79	15,044	15,044	102	14,784	260
Subtotal	139,239	402,276	572	128,241	117,254	1,144	107,035	21,206
FIVE								
IL	19,138	63,759	140	24,823	23,920	195	18,984	5,839
IN	13,374	42,817	79	9,892	9,783	157	8,300	1,592
MI	17,870	71,234	65	22,807	22,435	217	14,654	8,153
MN	11,709	34,043	66	11,479	11,429	80	11,188	291
OH	21,710	47,521	188	31,248	30,825	264	29,369	1,879
WI	14,336	68,764	29	19,468	19,232	61	18,461	1,007
Subtotal	98,137	328,138	567	119,717	117,624	974	100,956	18,761

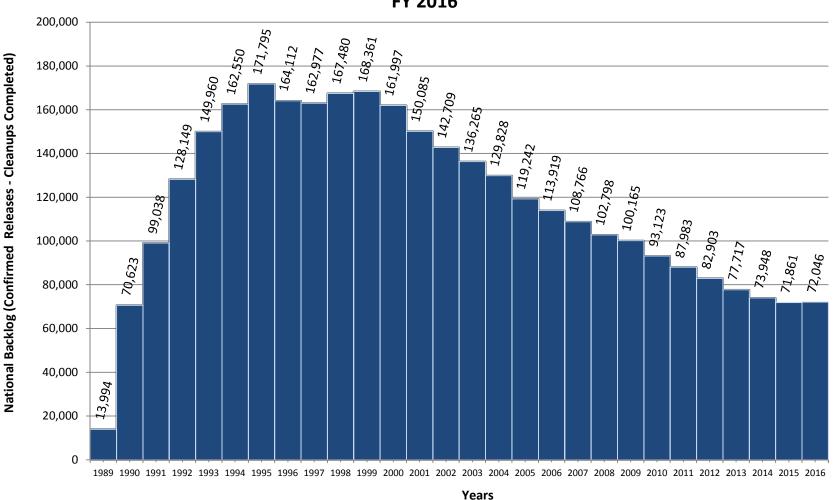
Region / State	Active Tanks	Closed Tanks	Confirmed Releases		Cleanups	Cleanups Con	npleted	Cleanups
Region / State	Active ranks	Closed Tallks	Actions This Year	Cumulative	Initiated	Actions This Year	Cumulative	Remaining
SIX								
AR	8,775	21,736	12	1,775	1,496	12	1,484	291
LA	10,850	35,712	53	5,142	5,142	83	4,479	663
NM	3,667	12,958	6	2,633	2,332	14	1,793	840
OK	9,902	28,235	46	5,216	5,216	39	4,840	376
TX	50,706	121,686	124	27,504	26,578	173	25,901	1,603
Subtotal	83,900	220,327	241	42,270	40,764	321	38,497	3,773
SEVEN								
IA	6,708	23,432	14	6,139	6,008	62	5,418	721
KS	6,575	21,198	25	5,218	5,110	40	3,917	1,301
MO	8,911	32,187	54	7,073	7,055	76	6,219	854
NE	6,475	15,185	36	6,507	5,565	98	5,293	1,214
Subtotal	28,669	92,002	129	24,937	23,738	276	20,847	4,090
EIGHT								
CO	7,225	23,290	78	8,283	7,894	105	7,674	609
MT	3,112	11,865	3	3,062	2,932	22	2,231	831
ND	2,237	7,579	3	881	861	0	838	43
SD	3,071	7,121	15	2,757	2,614	30	2,625	132
UT	3,669	13,940	27	4,925	4,863	41	4,595	330
WY	1,680	8,133	0	2,667	2,626	37	1,922	745
Subtotal	20,994	71,928	126	22,575	21,790	235	19,885	2,690

Danian / State Active Tenks	Olega d Tamba	Confirmed Re	leases	Cleanups	Cleanups Con	npleted	Cleanups	
Region / State	Active Tanks	Closed Tanks	Actions This Year	Cumulative	Initiated	Actions This Year	Cumulative	Remaining
NINE								
AS	5	63	0	8	7	0	7	1
AZ	6,474	22,011	50	8,907	8,284	27	8,131	776
CA	36,824	132,008	40	44,172	42,552	349	39,770	4,402
GU	246	482	0	140	140	0	120	20
HI	1,541	5,569	7	2,111	2,063	7	1,969	142
MP	64	72	1	15	15	0	14	1
NV	3,769	7,596	20	2,555	2,555	11	2,396	159
Subtotal	48,923	167,801	118	57,908	55,616	394	52,407	5,501
TEN								
AK	984	6,757	7	2,426	2,393	13	2,111	315
ID	3,259	11,309	4	1,492	1,467	10	1,404	88
OR	5,526	26,597	30	7,507	7,320	20	6,650	857
WA	10,101	37,253	14	6,910	6,424	33	4,285	2,625
Subtotal	19,870	81,916	55	18,335	17,604	76	14,450	3,885

	Active		Confirmed R	eleases	Cleanups	Cleanups Cor	mpleted	Cleanups
Region / State	ate i l'Closed lanks i i i i	Initiated	Actions This Year	Cumulative	Remaining			
REGIONAL CORREC	TIVE ACTIONS	FOR INDIAN CO	UNTRY					
REGION 1	13	6	0	1	1	0	1	0
REGION 2	156	28	0	7	7	0	6	1
REGION 3	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	0
REGION 4	68	77	0	16	16	0	10	6
REGION 5	444	1,052	1	251	223	0	179	72
REGION 6	369	311	0	67	67	0	65	2
REGION 7	79	96	0	22	22	0	13	9
REGION 8	530	2,120	1	541	536	9	421	120
REGION 9	482	1,354	2	305	223	2	243	62
REGION 10	385	1,136	0	191	191	0	181	10
SUBTOTAL	2,526	6,180	4	1,401	1,286	11	1,119	282
			Confirmed R	eleases	Cleanups	Cleanups Cor	mpleted	Cleanups
	Active Tanks	Active Tanks Closed Tanks	Actions This Year	Cumulative	Initiated	Actions This Year	Cumulative	Remaining
NATIONAL TOTAL	562,751	1,832,048	2,591	529,390	507,488	4,597	457,344	72,046

¹ N/A = Not Applicable. There are no tribal USTs in EPA Region 3.

UST National Backlog: FY 1989 Through Mid-Year FY 2016



UST Compliance Measures for Mid-Year FY 2016 (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

			1
Region / State	% in Significant Operational Compliance with Release Prevention Regulations	% in Significant Operational Compliance with Release Detection Regulations	% of UST Facilities in SOC w/UST Release Detection and Release Prevention
ONE			
CT ¹	87%	87%	81%
MA	88%	33%	32%
ME	83%	80%	77%
NH	61%	61%	44%
RI ¹	76%	81%	65%
VT ¹	83%	80%	78%
SUBTOTAL	83%	61%	56%
TWO			
NJ	95%	96%	91%
NY	88%	78%	74%
PR	78%	76%	73%
VI	100%	81%	81%
SUBTOTAL	89%	83%	79%
THREE			
DC	84%	92%	79%
DE	97%	98%	96%
MD	82%	87%	74%
PA	87%	84%	76%
VA	87%	78%	71%
WV	85%	85%	77%
SUBTOTAL	86%	83%	75%

Region / State	% in Significant Operational Compliance with Release Prevention Regulations	% in Significant Operational Compliance with Release Detection Regulations	% of UST Facilities in SOC w/UST Release Detection and Release Prevention
FOUR			
AL	88%	76%	69%
FL	94%	81%	80%
GA	87%	73%	68%
KY	73%	77%	60%
MS	70%	60%	49%
NC	75%	72%	63%
SC	79%	80%	67%
TN	90%	88%	80%
SUBTOTAL	84%	76%	69%
FIVE			
IL ¹	79%	72%	65%
IN	90%	91%	89%
MI ¹	86%	71%	65%
MN	DNA ²	DNA ²	DNA ²
ОН	87%	67%	62%
WI ¹	92%	88%	83%
SUBTOTAL	86%	76%	71%
SIX			
AR	69%	72%	57%
LA	80%	81%	72%
NM	79%	81%	67%
OK	79%	87%	74%
TX	96%	96%	94%
SUBTOTAL	88%	90%	84%

These compliance rates indicate the percent of recently-inspected facilities in significant operational compliance (SOC) with federal UST requirements from 4/1/15 through 3/31/16. According to EPA guidelines, states are allowed to report based on requirements more stringent than the federal SOC requirements. States identified with footnote¹ indicated they had done so, as described on pages 9 and 10. Furthermore, states have different approaches to targeting inspections. For example, some states focus inspections on suspected non-compliant facilities, while other states conduct random inspections.

¹ States reporting based on requirements more stringent than the federal SOC requirements.

² DNA = Data Not Available.

UST Compliance Measures for Mid-Year FY 2016 (April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

Region / State	% in Significant Operational Compliance with Release Prevention Regulations	% in Significant Operational Compliance with Release Detection Regulations	% of UST Facilities in SOC w/UST Release Detection and Release Prevention
SEVEN			
IA	82%	82%	68%
KS	55%	89%	50%
MO ¹	78%	92%	72%
NE ¹	76%	68%	60%
SUBTOTAL	73%	84%	64%
EIGHT			
CO	87%	86%	85%
MT	84%	94%	82%
ND	90%	90%	84%
SD	76%	82%	67%
UT	93%	91%	86%
WY	96%	98%	94%
SUBTOTAL	87%	89%	83%
NINE			
AS	100%	57%	57%
AZ	98%	95%	90%
CA	84%	75%	66%
GU	100%	95%	95%
HI	99%	94%	93%
MP	88%	94%	88%
NV	94%	89%	86%
SUBTOTAL	87%	86%	72%

Region / State	% in Significant Operational Compliance with Release Prevention Regulations	% in Significant Operational Compliance with Release Detection Regulations	% of UST Facilities in SOC w/UST Release Detection and Release Prevention
TEN			
AK	82%	81%	75%
ID ¹	82%	80%	62%
OR	92%	92%	87%
WA	91%	85%	80%
SUBTOTAL	89%	86%	79%
INDIAN COU			
REGION 1	DNA ²	DNA ²	DNA ²
REGION 2	DNA ²	DNA ²	DNA ²
REGION 3	N/A ³	N/A ³	N/A ³
REGION 4	91%	27%	27%
REGION 5	86%	83%	75%
REGION 6	95%	84%	81%
REGION 7	DNA ²	DNA ²	DNA ²
REGION 8	76%	82%	69%
REGION 9	88%	81%	75%
REGION 10	90%	88%	80%
SUBTOTAL	87%	82%	74%
NATIONAL T	OTAL		
TOTAL	85.6%	80.4%	73.1%

These compliance rates indicate the percentage of recently-inspected facilities in significant operational compliance (SOC) with federal UST requirements from 4/1/15 through 3/31/16. According to EPA guidelines, states are allowed to report based on requirements more stringent than the federal SOC requirements. States identified with footnote1 indicated they had done so, as described on pages 9 and 10. Furthermore, states have different approaches to targeting inspections. For example, some states focus inspections on suspected non-compliant facilities, while other states conduct random inspections.

¹ States reporting based on requirements more stringent than the federal SOC requirements.

² DNA = Data Not Available.

 $^{^{3}}$ N/A = Not Applicable. There are no tribal USTs in EPA Region 3.

States With Requirements More Stringent Than The Federal Significant Operational Compliance Requirements

CONNECTICUT

Release Prevention: Operation and Maintenance of Cathodic Protection

• Lining not allowed.

Release Detection: Testing

- Tanks and piping require weekly and monthly monitoring for releases and records must be available (for 2 of the most recent consecutive months and for 8 of the last 12 months).
- Statistical Inventory Reconciliation (SIR) not allowed as a stand-alone method.

IDAHO

Release Prevention: Operation and Maintenance of Cathodic Protection

- Three 60-day rectifier inspection checks are required.
- Two three-year system checks are required for impressed current and galvanic.

Release Detection: Testing

Records required for the past 12 months.

Other

 Percent of UST facilities in compliance with both release detection and release prevention also factors in financial responsibility and EPAct requirements, such as operator training and secondary containment.

ILLINOIS

Release Detection: Testing

Owner/operator must produce records within 30 minutes of arrival of inspector.

KANSAS

Release Prevention: Spill Prevention

• Owners/operators cannot have debris or water in the spill bucket.

Release Prevention: Cathodic Protection

 Owner/operator must ensure that the cathodic protection rectifier log is available at the time of inspection.

MICHIGAN

Release Detection: Required Methods

• Owners/operators must have inventory control plus another method of release detection.

MISSOURI

Release Prevention: Cathodic Protection

All metal components in contact with any electrolyte must be cathodically protected.

RHODE ISLAND

Release Prevention: Operation and Maintenance

• All tanks and piping are required to be tightness tested after a repair. No exemptions.

Release Prevention: Operation and Maintenance of Cathodic Protection

- Impressed current cathodic protection systems are required to be tested every 2 years.
- Sacrificial anode systems are required to be tested every 3 years.

Release Detection: Testing

- Records required for the past 36 months.
- Inventory control is required for all tanks (single-walled and double-walled).
- The automatic tank gauge (ATG) has to be checked monthly and have an annual test conducted.
- Tightness testing schedule is different than the federal requirement; it depends on the type of tank.
 - o Tank tightness must be performed on all single walled tanks.
 - o Tightness tests must be performed every 5 years after the installation of the ATG until the tank has been installed for 20 years and every 2 years thereafter.

- o UST systems upgraded with interior lining and/or cathodic protections are not required to have an ATG for 10 years after the upgrade. Tank tightness testing must be conducted annually during these 10 years. After 10 years, an ATG is required and tank tightness testing must be performed every 5 years until the tank has been installed for 20 years and then every 2 years thereafter. The results of all tightness tests shall be maintained for 3 years beyond the life of the facility.
- Groundwater or vapor monitoring not accepted as a method of leak detection.
- SIR not accepted.

VERMONT

Release Prevention: Operation and Maintenance of Cathodic Protection

• Lining not allowed unless with impressed current.

Release Detection: Method Presence and Performance Requirements

• Weekly monitoring required for tank and piping. Records must be available for the two most recent consecutive months and for 8 of the last 12 months.

Release Detection: Testing

- Inventory control /Tank Tightness Testing (TTT) not allowed as a release detection method after 6/30/98.
- Manual Tank Gauge (MTG) allowed alone up to 550 gallons; 551-1,000 gallons, MTG with annual TTT.

WISCONSIN

Release Prevention: Operation and Maintenance of Cathodic Protection

• Require annual cathodic protection test.

Release Prevention: Spill Prevention

- Require USTs to be equipped with overfill prevention equipment that will operate as follows (NFPA 30-2.6.1.4 2000 and 2003 version):
 - Automatically shut off the flow of liquid into the tank when the tank is no more than 95% full;
 - o Alert the transfer operator when the tank is no more than 90% full by restricting the flow of liquid into the tank or triggering the high-level alarm; and,
 - Other methods approved by the authority having jurisdiction.

Release Detection: Testing

• Require NFPA 30A09.2.1 (2000 and 2003 versions). Accurate daily inventory records shall be maintained and reconciled for all liquid fuel storage tanks for indication of possible leakage from tanks or piping. The records shall be kept on the premises or shall be made available to the authority having jurisdiction for the inspection within 24 hours of a written or verbal request. The records shall include, as a minimum and by product, daily reconciliation between sales, use, receipts, and inventory on hand. If there is more than one storage system serving an individual pump or dispensing device for any product, the reconciliation shall be maintained separately for each system.

Release Detection: Deferment

• No exclusion or deferment for "remote" emergency generator tanks.

Other

Require annual permit to operate that includes verification of financial responsibility.

Inspection/Delivery Prohibition Actions for Mid-Year FY 2016 (October 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

Region / State	Number of On- Site Inspections Conducted	Number of Delivery Prohibition Actions		
ONE				
CT	253	15		
MA	839	0		
ME	262	0		
NH	134	23		
RI	112	1		
VT	79	0		
SUBTOTAL	1,679	39		
TWO				
NJ	647	43		
NY	996	0		
PR	276	1		
VI	11	0		
SUBTOTAL	1,930	44		
THREE				
DC	28	0		
DE	70	1		
MD	366	5		
PA	1,668	9		
VA	907	6		
WV	145	3		
SUBTOTAL	3,184	24		

Region / State	Number of On- Site Inspections Conducted	Number of Delivery Prohibition Actions		
FOUR				
AL	1,297	113		
FL	2,219	0		
GA	1,720	468		
KY	977	53		
MS	504	36		
NC	1,605	81		
SC	1,666	170		
TN	1,153	34		
SUBTOTAL	11,141	955		
FIVE				
IL	1,436	470		
IN	797	1		
MI	1,267	145		
MN	DNA ¹	DNA ¹		
OH	1,356	0		
WI	1,342	128		
SUBTOTAL	6,198	744		
SIX				
AR	508	42		
LA	713	15		
NM	334	8		
OK	1,655	29		
TX	2,652	333		
SUBTOTAL	5,862	427		

Not all states fully implement delivery prohibition at this time, and some states prohibit deliveries primarily for registration violations.

¹ DNA = Data Not Available.

Inspection/Delivery Prohibition Actions for Mid-Year FY 2016 (October 1, 2015 - March 31, 2016)

Region / State	Number of On- Site Inspections Conducted	Number of Delivery Prohibition Actions		
	222	4		
IA	232	2		
KS	596			
МО	527	0		
NE	539	0		
SUBTOTAL	1,894	3		
EIGHT				
CO	600	11		
MT	187	8		
ND	14	0		
SD	147	0		
UT	304	0		
WY	106	0		
SUBTOTAL	1,358	19		
NINE				
AS	3	0		
AZ	245	4		
CA	6,176	82		
GU	37	0		
HI	86	0		
MP	16	0		
NV	453	0		
SUBTOTAL	7,016	86		

Region / State	Number of On- Site Inspections Conducted	Number of Delivery Prohibition Actions			
TEN	TEN				
AK	29	14			
ID	141	0			
OR	194	24			
WA	681	0			
SUBTOTAL	1,045	38			
INDIAN COUNTRY					
REGION 1	0	0			
REGION 2	0	0			
REGION 3	N/A ¹	N/A ¹			
REGION 4	3	0			
REGION 5	22	0			
REGION 6	8	0			
REGION 7	0	0			
REGION 8	0	0			
REGION 9	22	0			
REGION 10	2	0			
SUBTOTAL	57	0			
NATIONAL TOTAL					
TOTAL	41,364	2,379			

Not all states fully implement delivery prohibition at this time, and some states prohibit deliveries primarily for registration violations.

 $^{^{1}}$ N/A = Not Applicable. There are no tribal USTs in EPA Region 3.