#### DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

# RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725)

#### **Current Human Exposures Under Control**

rac	ility Name:	Arconic					
Facility Address:		100 Technical Drive New Kensington Pa 15069					
Facility EPA ID #:		PAD004393138					
1.	groundwater, s	relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil, face water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Wast ts (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in tion?					
	<u>x</u>	If yes – check here and continue with #2 below.  If no – re-evaluate existing data, or					
		If data are not available skip to #6 and enter "IN" (more information needed) status code					

#### BACKGROUND

#### Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for nonhuman (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

# Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Controls" EI

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

# Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program, the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993 (GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

#### **Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations**

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

	Yes	No	?	Rationale/Key Contaminants	
Groundwater		$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$		No Contamination	
Air (indoors) <sup>2</sup>		X		No Contamination	
Surface Soil (e.g., <2 ft)		X		No Contamination	
Surface Water	8	X		No Contamination	
Sediment		X		No Contamination	
Subsurface Soil (e.g., >2 ft)	Ş <del></del>	X		No Contamination	
Air (outdoors)	1	X		No Contamination	
If no (for all media) – skip to #6, and enter "YE," status code after providing or citing appropriate "lev referencing sufficient support documentation demonstrating that these "levels" are not exceeded.  If yes (for any media) – continue after identifying key contaminants in each "contaminated" medium, of appropriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the determination that the medium could pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing supporting documentation.					

#### Rationale and Reference(s):

Reference:

February 2017 Environmental Inspection Report

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This isa rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

3. Are there complete pathways between "contamination" and human receptors suchthat exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table

#### Potential Human Receptors (Under Current Conditions)

"Contaminated Media"	Residents	Workers	<u>Daycare</u>	Construction	Trespassers	Recreation	Foo
Groundwater		3 <del></del>	V	8S			
Air (indoors)		(0)					
Soil (surface, e.g., <2 ft)		9 <del></del>			-	<del></del> -	
Surface Water	-	8			78-	-	
Sediment	-	2			( <del>)</del>		<del></del>
Soil (subsurface e.g., >2 ft)				\$			
Air (outdoors)							
Tref	or <u>Summary Ex</u>	8	99	<u>able</u> spaces for Media	which are not		
	nated" as identi			spaces for ivieura	, which are not		
				r each "Contaminat	ted" Media – Hum	an Recentor	
	ion (Pathway).	otential comp	oncieness unde	Contamina	ica Micaia Man	ian receptor	
Note: In order to focus	s the evaluation	to the most pi	robable combin	ations, some poten	tial "Contaminate	d" Media–	
Human Receptor comb	inations (Pathy	vays) do not ha	ave check space	es (""). Whil	e these combination	ons may not	
be probable in most sit							
Control of the additional substitute of the additional and the additional of the additional and the addition							
				y contaminated me			
			adipan mailinanaman adil	E" status code, after			
				her natural or man-		a	
				contaminated med			
	optional F	Pathway Evalu	ation Work She	eet) to analyze majo	or pathways.		
	If yes (par	thways are con	nplete for any '	'Contaminated" Me	edia – Human		
-				providing support			
	If unknow	vn (for any "Co	ontaminated" N	1edia – Human Rec	eptor combination	n) –	
100		and enter "IN				ne.	
	omeration ■ contract V3 (2004 195)						
Rationale and Refere	nco(s):						
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

4.	"significant"  1) greater in acceptable "l (perhaps eve	sures from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be "(i.e., potentially "unacceptable" levels) because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the evels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude in though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable ld result in greater than acceptable risks)?
		If no (exposures (can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway)—skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."
		If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway)—continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."
		If unknown (for any complete pathway)- skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code.
Ratio	nale and Refer	ence(s):

<sup>4</sup> If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant' (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a Human Health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

		If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits)—continue and enter a "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).
	<del>977</del>	If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")—continue and enter a "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.
	<u> </u>	If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure)— continue and enter "IN" status code.
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	'Current Human Exposures Under Control" has be		
NO – "Curr	ent Human Exposures" are NOT "Under Control."	•	
IN – More	information is needed to make a determination.		
II	ATUL		7/22/17
Completed by:	9000	Date	3/00/11
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	Remedial Project Manger		
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	Associate Director Office of Pennsylvania		
	Remediation		
	Region 3		
	c 1 c t		
Locations where Re	eferences may be found		

FINAL NOTE: THE HUMAN EXPOSURES EI IS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK.

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