# Fugitive Emissions Equals Fugitive Dollars

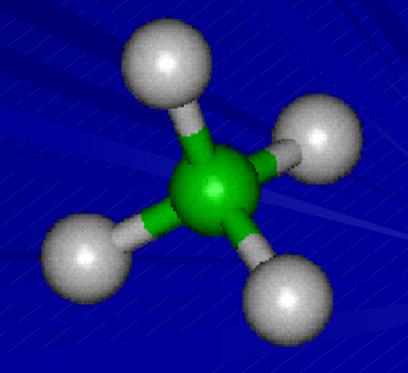
**Josh McDowell** 

Small Business Assistance Coordinator Department of Community Outreach

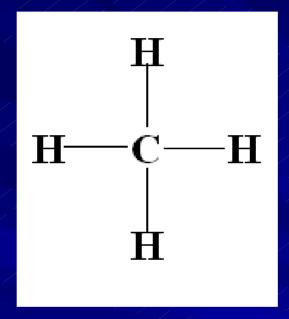


## Methane

CH<sub>4</sub>

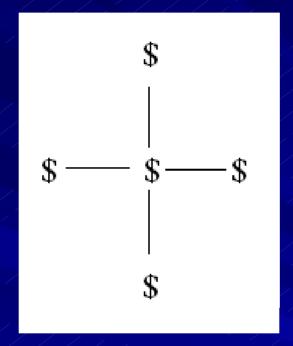


## Methane



Lewis Diagram

## Methane

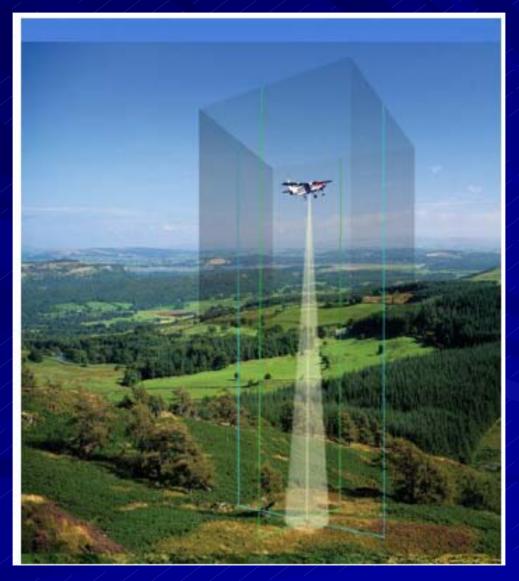


Citi Bank Diagram

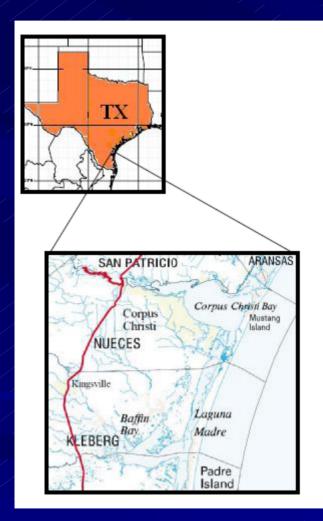
#### **Passive Detection**

## Liquid Storage Tank Leaks

## **Active Detection**



## Over-Flight



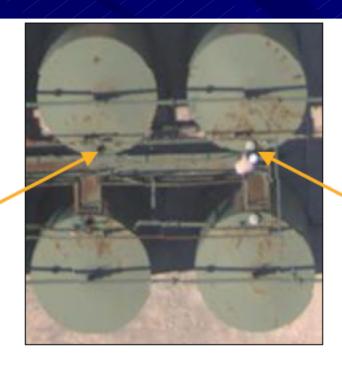


#### Site Location

South of Kingsville, TX



#### Two Passes

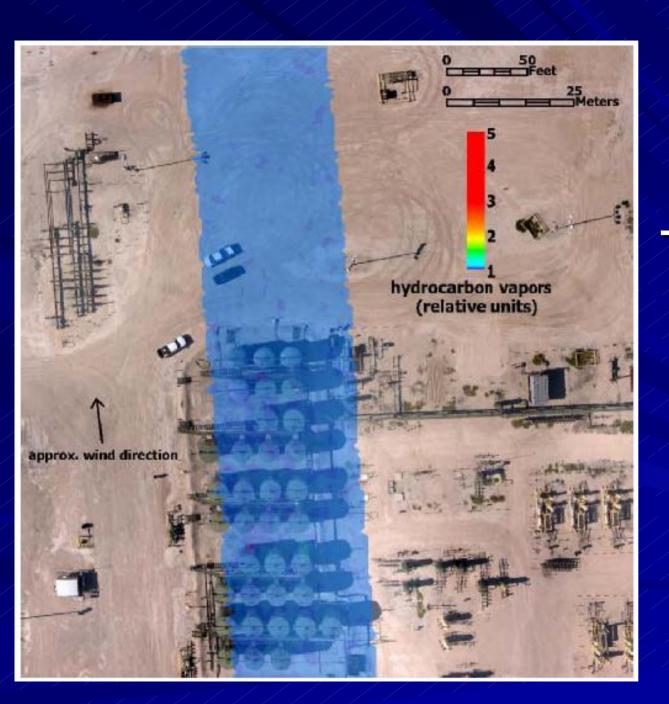




Thief Hatch Opened



Thief Hatch Closed



## First Pass VRU Turned On



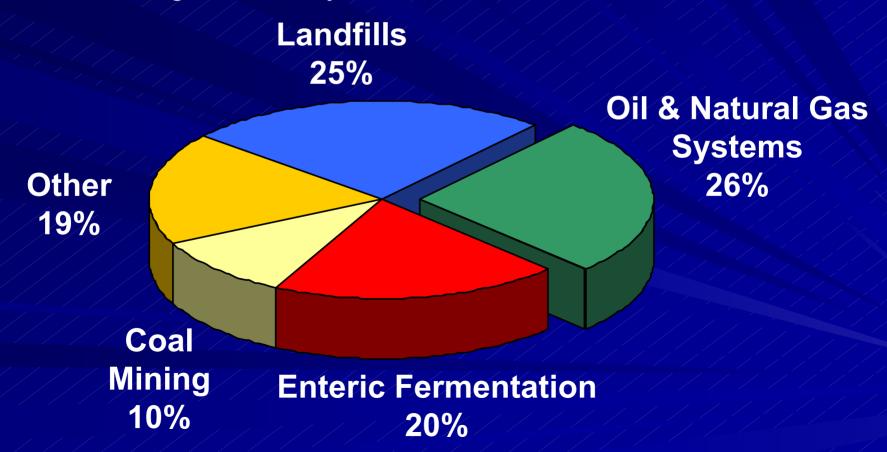
#### Second Pass VRU Turned Off

## Point Source



#### How much is lost?

The production sector accounts for 44% of the CH4 emissions in the oil and gas industry.



Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks 1990 – 2004, USEPA, April, 2006

#### **Fugitive Emissions**

Estimated loss of 131 Million Tons\*

or

Estimated

\$2 Billion of Lost Revenue

\* CO2 equivalent tons

Source: EPA - Inventory of U.S. GHG Emissions and Sinks 1990 -2004



What to do with vent gas?

\$6.00/Mcf

#### Three Main Sources

Offshore Platforms

**Tank Batteries** 

Gas Pneumatic Controls



#### How to Limit Emissions

& Make Money at the Same Time

Vapor Recovery

Plunger Lifts

Compressed Air Controls

#### Why Vapor Recovery

Even water can have dissolved gas in solution. This is mostly true for deeper wells (>10,000 ft.).

Light volatiles from condensate can be captured (high Btu content).

Crude oil can yield as much a \$2 per bbl of vapor.

### Vapor Recovery Costs

Capacity (Mcfd)	Compressor Horsepower	Capital Costs(\$)	Installation Costs(\$)	0&M Costs (\$/year)
25	5 - 10	15,125	7,560 - 15,125	5,250
50	10 - 15	19,500	9,750 - 19,500	6,000
100	15 - 25	23,500	11,750 - 23,500	7,200
200	30 - 50	31,500	15,750 - 31,500	8,400
500	60 - 80	44,000	22,000 - 44,000	12,000

Note: Cost information provided by Natural Gas STAR partners and VRU manufacturers.

## Four Steps

1. Identify Possible Locations for VRU.

2. Quantify the Volume of Emissions.

3. Measure the Site.

4. Evaluate Cost Benefits.

#### Example

With API Gravity of 38°

Separator Pressure = to 40 psi

Production of 1000 bbl/day

Vapor Emissions Rate = 43 Scf/bbl

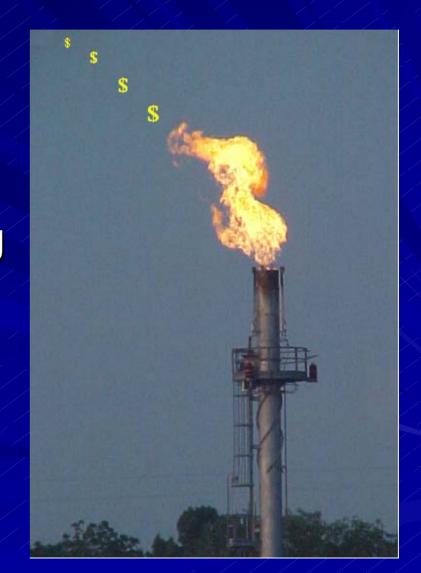
Total Vapor Captured = 43 Mcf per day

Source: EPA

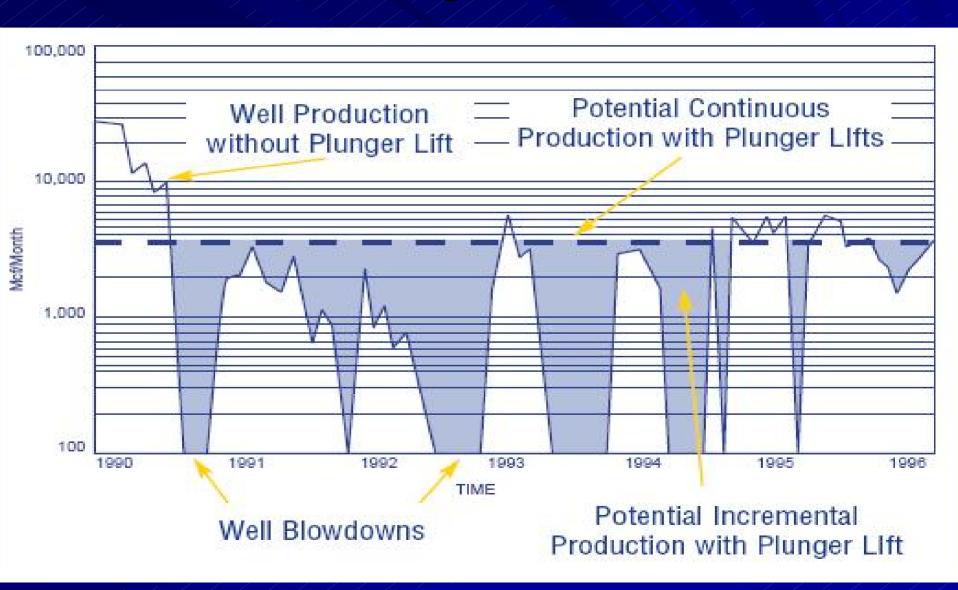
### Why Plunger Lifts

Plunger Lifts Limit Blowdown\$

Limited Venting or Flaring



#### Plunger Lifts



#### Plunger Lift Benefits

Revenue from Increased Production

Avoid Title V Issues

**Fewer Workovers** 

#### Plunger Lift Evaluation

#### Common Requirements for Plunger Lift Applications

- ★ Well blowdowns and other fluid removal techniques are necessary to maintain production.
- ★ Wells must produce at least 400 scf of gas per barrel of fluid per 1,000 feet of depth.
- ★ Wells with shut-in wellhead pressure that is 1.5 times the sales line pressure.
- ★ Wells with scale or paraffin buildup.

#### Plunger Lift Pay Back

14 Wells at Midland Farm Field, Texas
Before Plunger Lift
Total Production 2510 Mcfd

30 Days After Plunger Lift Installation Total Production 3869 Mcfd

Source: World Oil, November 1995

#### Question

If a 10,000' well with a 8" casing

and 214.7 psig shut-in pressure

is vented weekly how much money

is lost annually?

#### Answer

\$15,864 Annually

Cost of a plunger lift ≈ \$8000

#### Gas Pneumatic Case \$tudies

How much are you losing?

- Unocal Fresh Water Bayou Facility - After installing the compressed air controls increased throughput by 69,350 Mcf annually.

\$416,100

Source: EPA

#### Gas Pneumatic Case \$tudies

**Conversion Project Cost** 

\$60,000

#### Gas Pneumatic Case \$tudies

In South Louisiana Chevron – Texaco converted 10 facilities to compressed air at a cost of \$40,000.

Annual payback at today's prices \$138,000

#### For More Information

Useful Web Sites <a href="http://www.epa.gov/gasstar/">http://www.epa.gov/gasstar/</a>

http://www.fe.doe.gov/index.html

http://www.pttc.org/

http://www.icfi.com/Markets/Environment/