Developing a Fuel-Based Inventory of Oil and Gas Emissions

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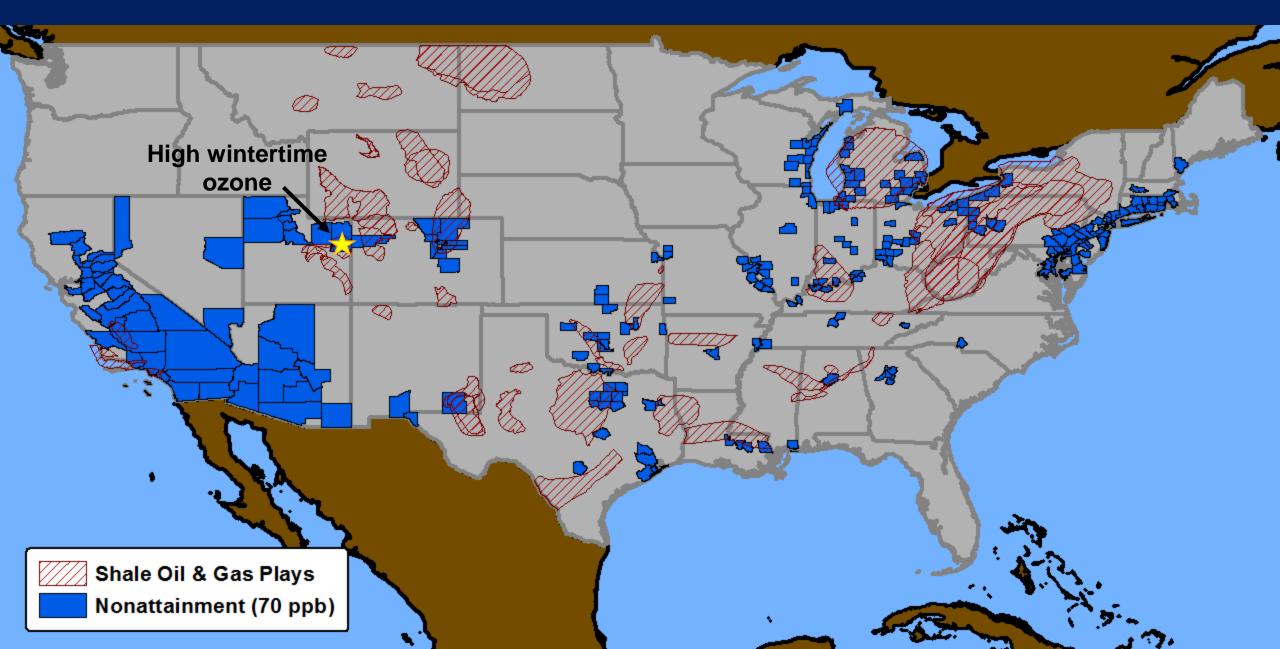


Acknowledgments: NCAR SOARS Scholarship programs



2017 International Emissions Inventory Conference

Oil & Gas Regions Near Many Projected Ozone Nonattainment Areas

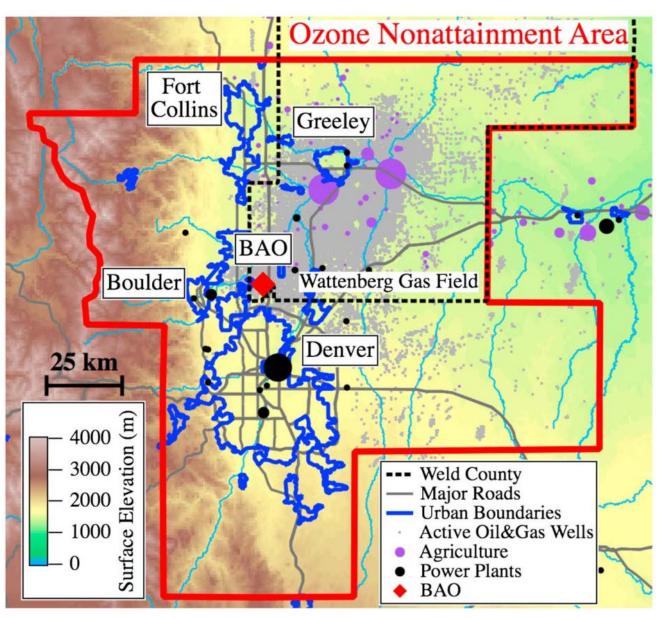


High Wintertime Ozone in Uinta Basin, Utah

O&G NO_x decreased by \sim 4x, VOC increased by \sim 2x 140 **Top-Down** Ambient 120 **Emissions Observations** 100 O₃ (ppb) 80 60 40 20 Bottom-up (NEI11) 0 1/31/13 2/5/13 2/10/13 2/15/13 2/20/13

Ahmadov et al. (Atmos. Chem. Phys. 2015)

Oil & Gas Impacts in an Urbanized Region (Denver Front Range)

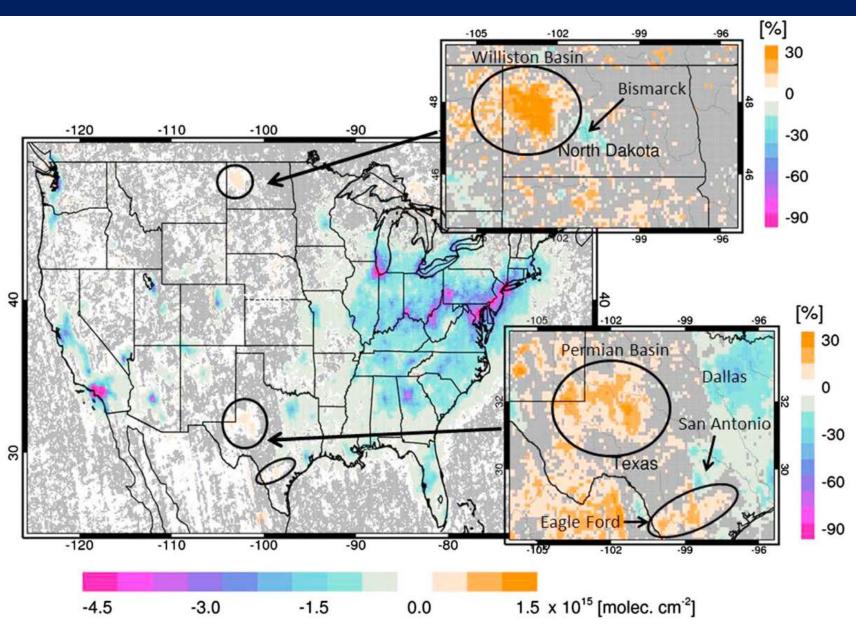


Recent studies suggest ozone in Denver Front Range is

- Sensitive to NO_x emissions [McDuffie et al. J. Geophys. Res. 2016]
- Transitioning to NO_x Sensitivity
 [Abeleira and Farmer Atm. Chem. Phys. 2017]

Figure from McDuffie et al. (*J. Geoophys. Res. 2016*)

Increasing NO₂ Observed over Some O&G Regions from Space



Increasing over W. Texas and North Dakota (2005-14)

Duncan et al. (*J. Geophys. Res. 2016*)

Research Objectives

(1) Construct a fuel-based inventory of oil & gas emissions

- Estimate NO_x from combustion-related emissions
- Compare with NEI 2014 and EPA Oil and Gas Tool
- (2) Compare with "top-down" emissions derived from three NOAA-led field measurement campaigns
 - Uinta Basin Wintertime Ozone Study (UBWOS) in 2012-13
 - Southeast Nexus Study (SENEX) in 2013
 - Shale Oil & Natural Gas Nexus Study (SONGNEX) in 2015

Fuel-Based Estimate of Oil & Gas NO_x Emissions

Emissions = Activity (kg CO_2) x Emission Factor (g/kg CO_2)





Exploration

- e.g. drilling, fracturing, trucking
- Off-road diesel fuel (EIA)

Production

- e.g. dehydrators, heaters, compressors
- NG on-site fuel (EIA)

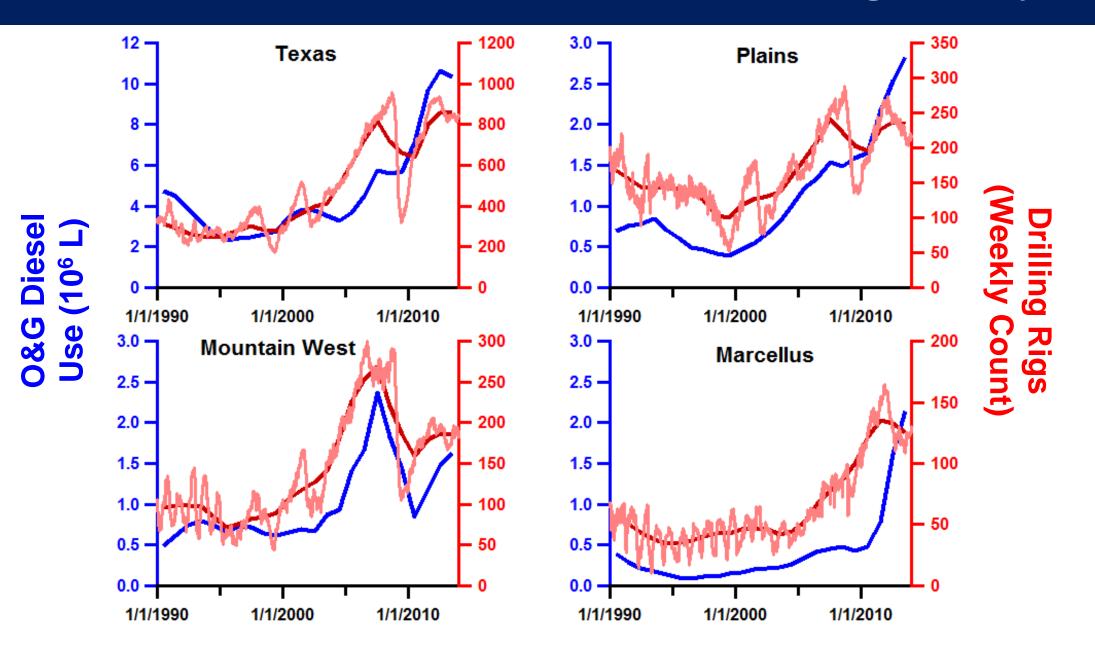
EPA Oil & Gas Tool + Literature Review



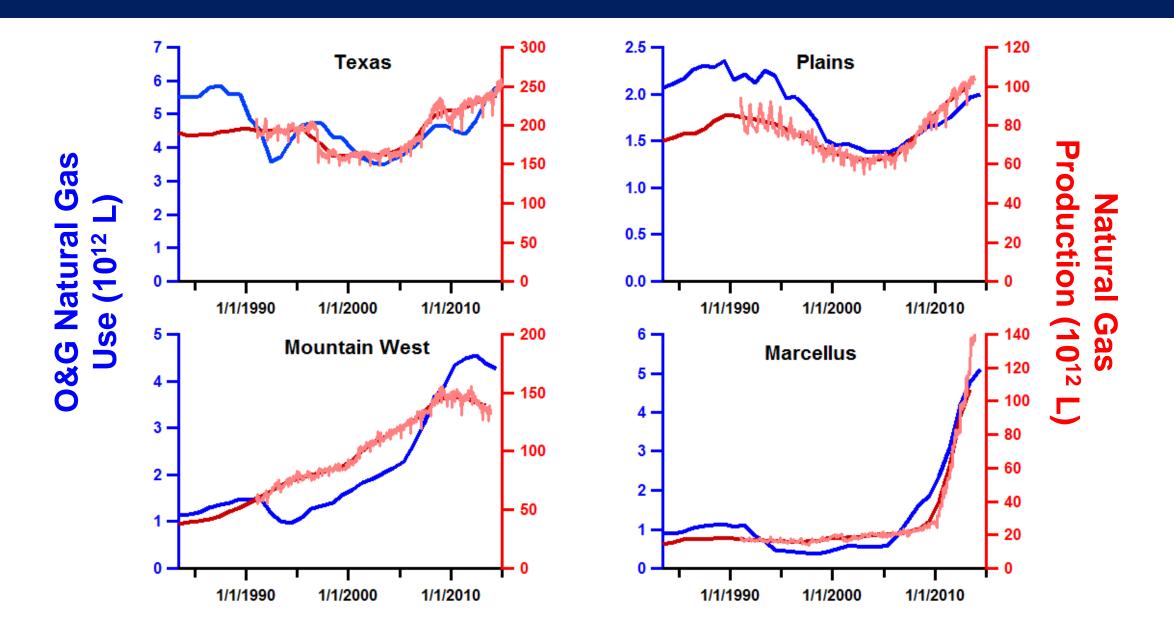
NG Processing Plants

 CO₂ emissions reported at facility level (EPA) Continuous Emissions Monitoring (CEMS)

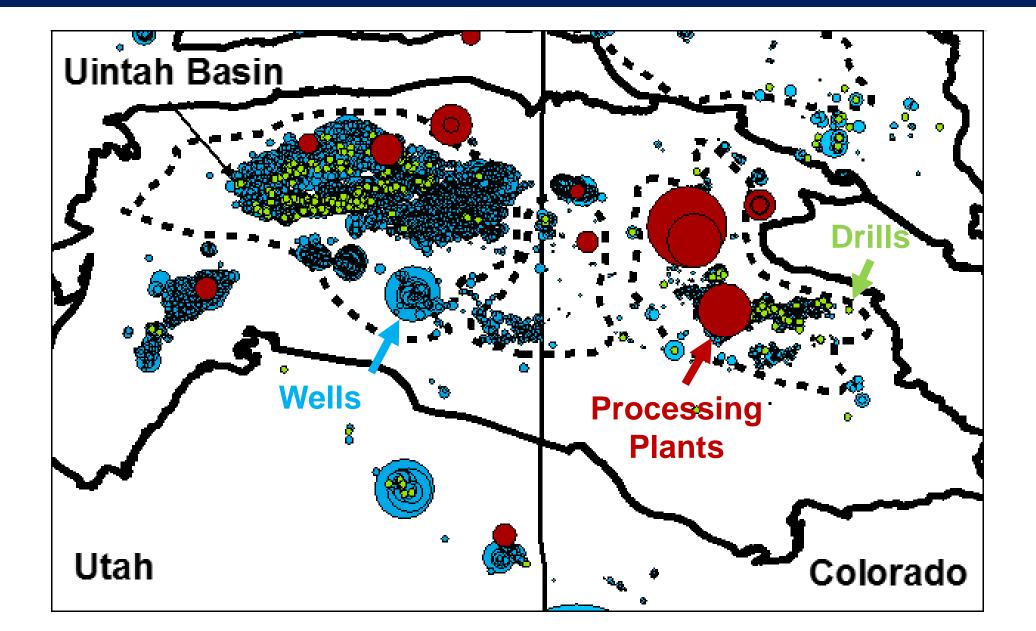
Oil & Gas Diesel Fuel Use Scales with Drilling Activity



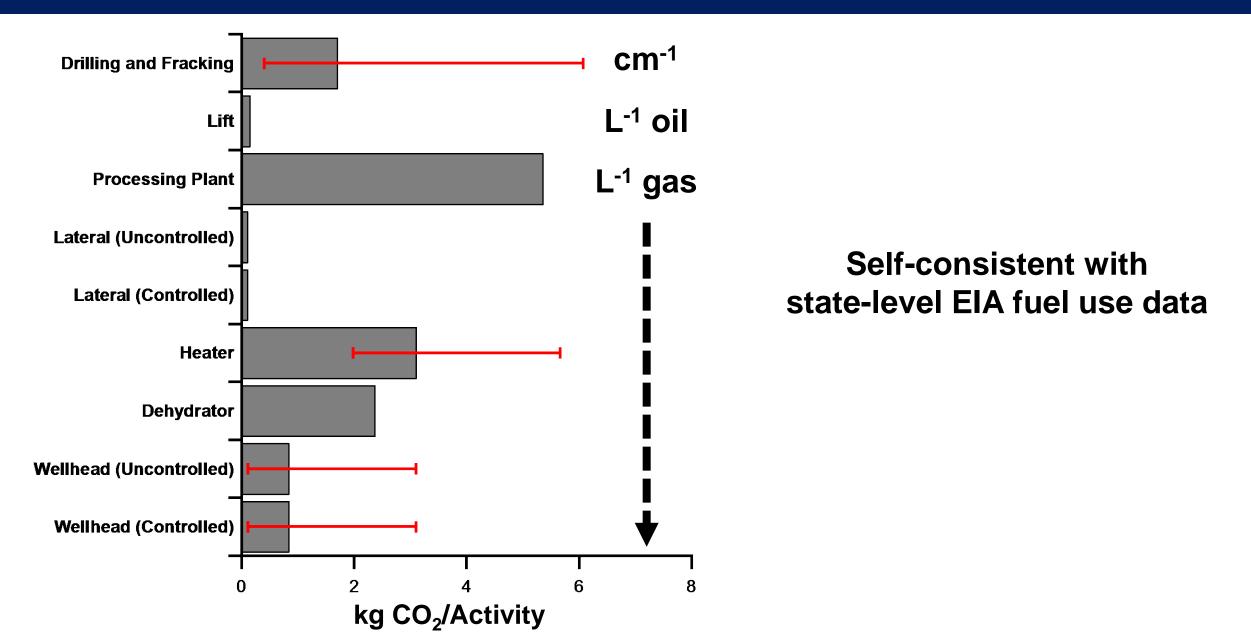
Oil & Gas Natural Gas Use Scales with Natural Gas Production



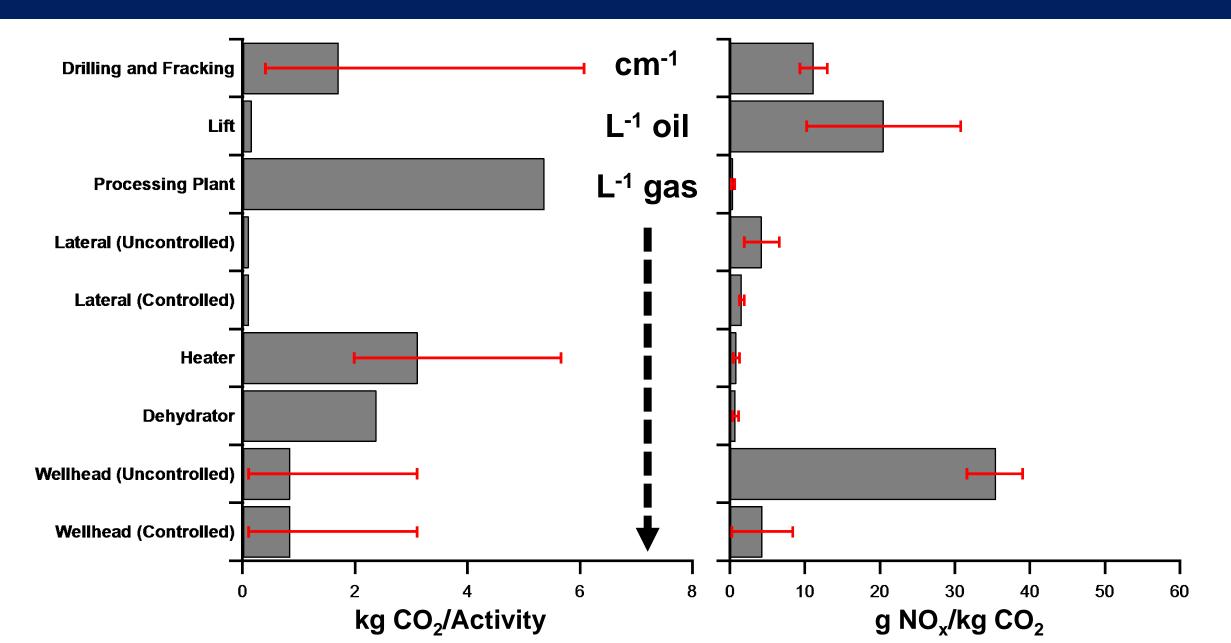
Spatial Surrogates to Downscale State-Level Fuel Data



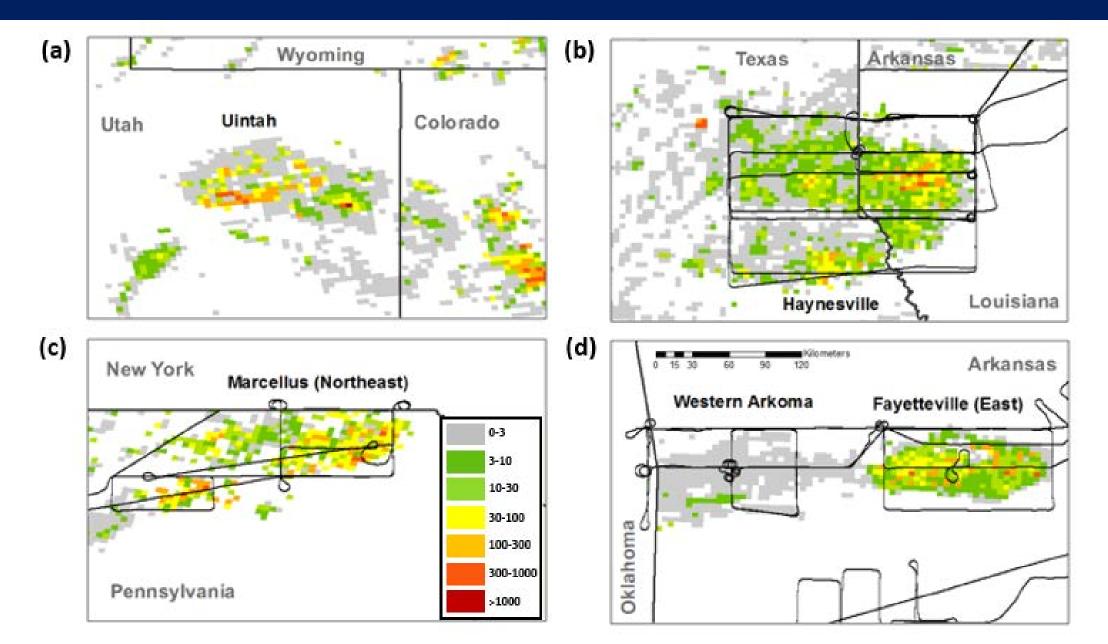
CO₂ Emission Factors for Major Oil & Gas Engine Sources



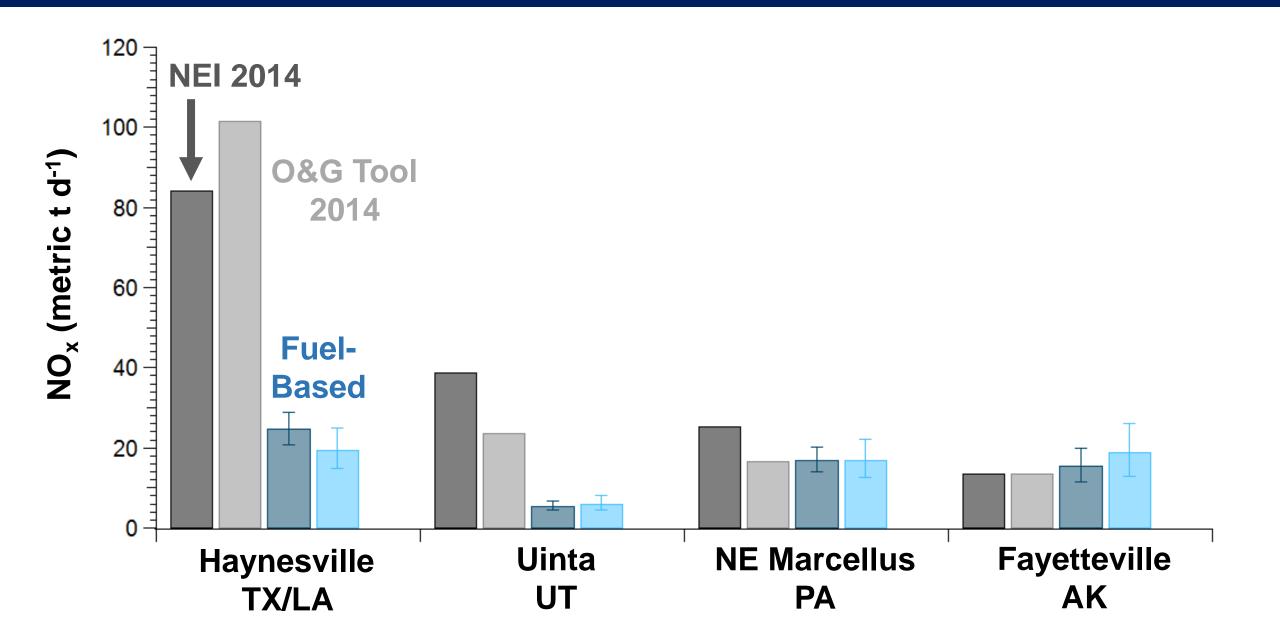
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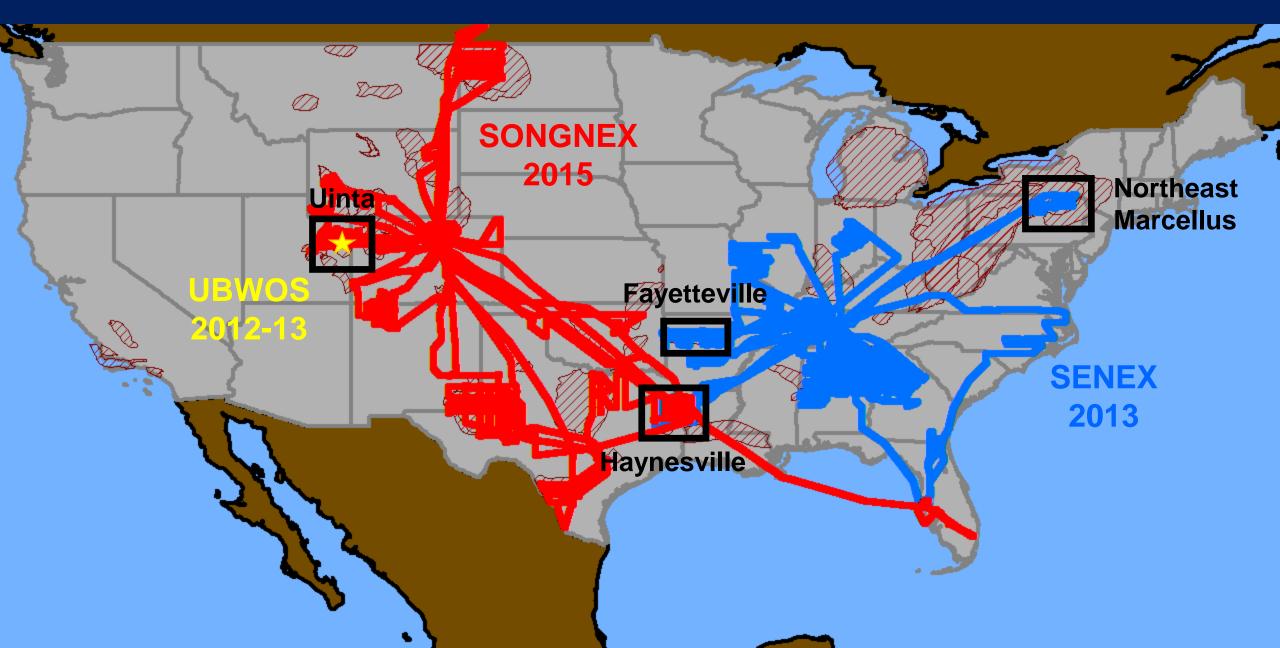
Examples of Gridded Fuel-Based Oil & Gas NO_x Inventory



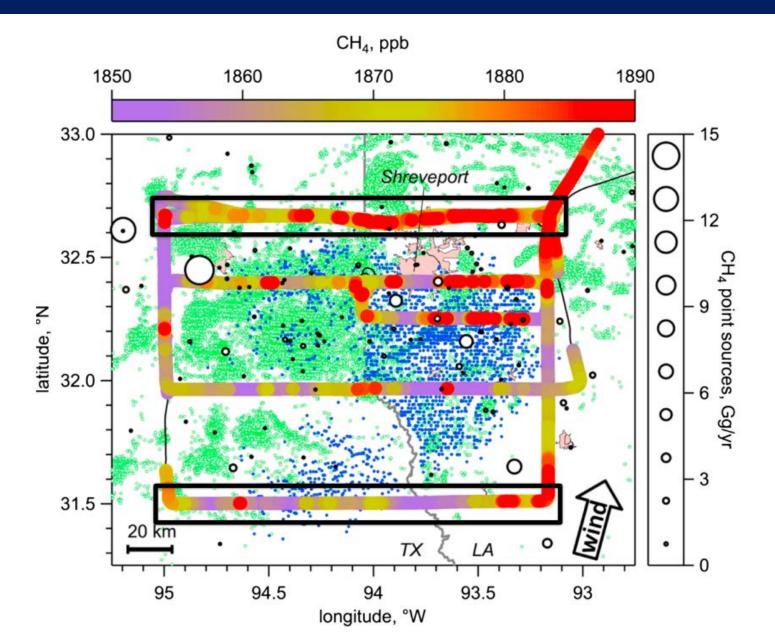
Comparison of Top-Down and Bottom-Up Emission Inventories



NOAA-led Campaigns Available to Constrain Oil & Gas Emissions



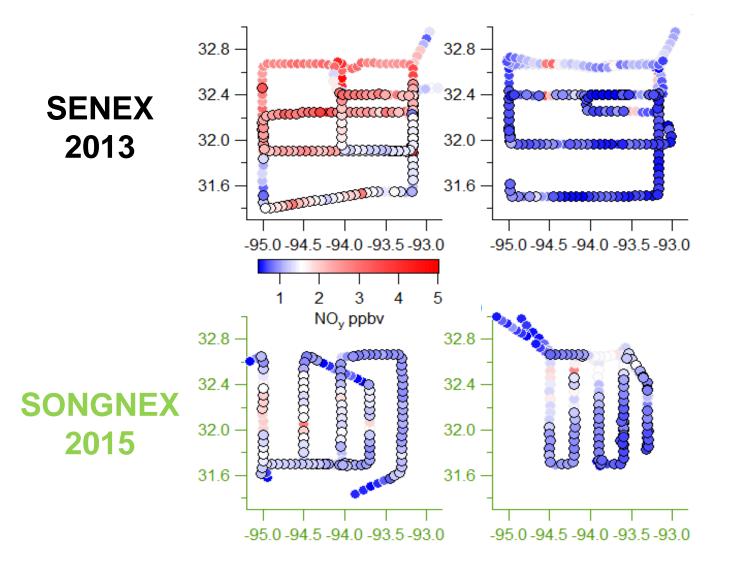
Top-Down Methane Emissions Derived from Aircraft



Example of CH₄ measurements in flights over Haynesville Basin

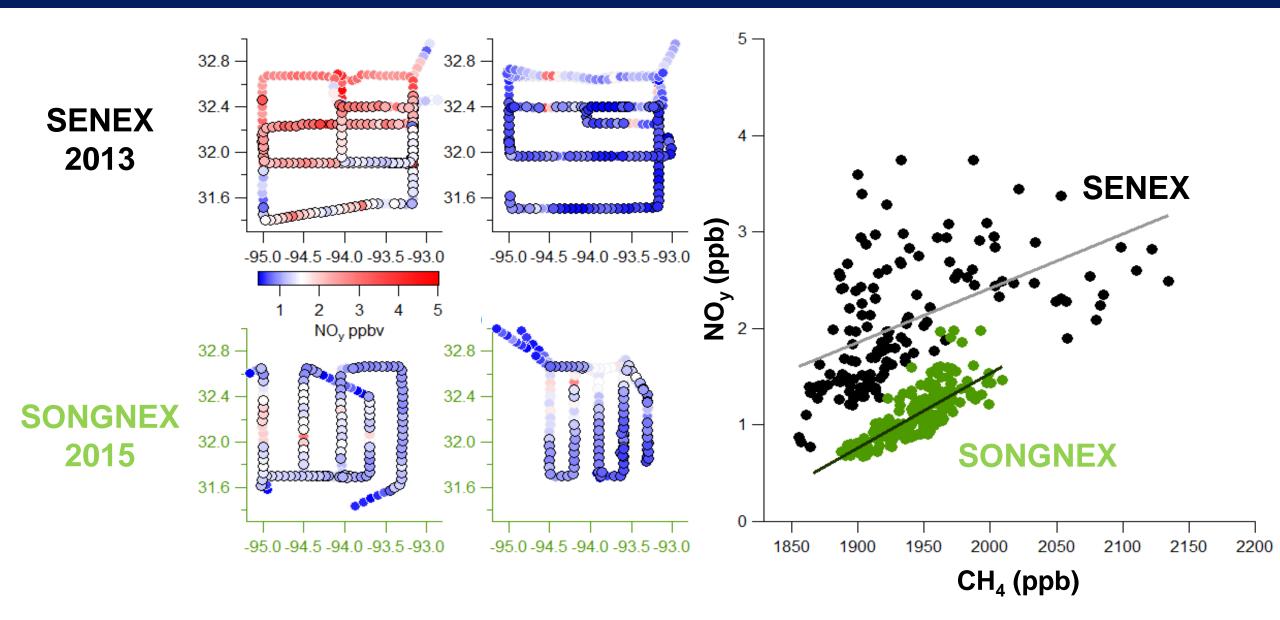
Peischl et al. (*J. Geophys. Res. 2015*)

Simultaneous Aircraft Measurements of NO_v (Haynesville)

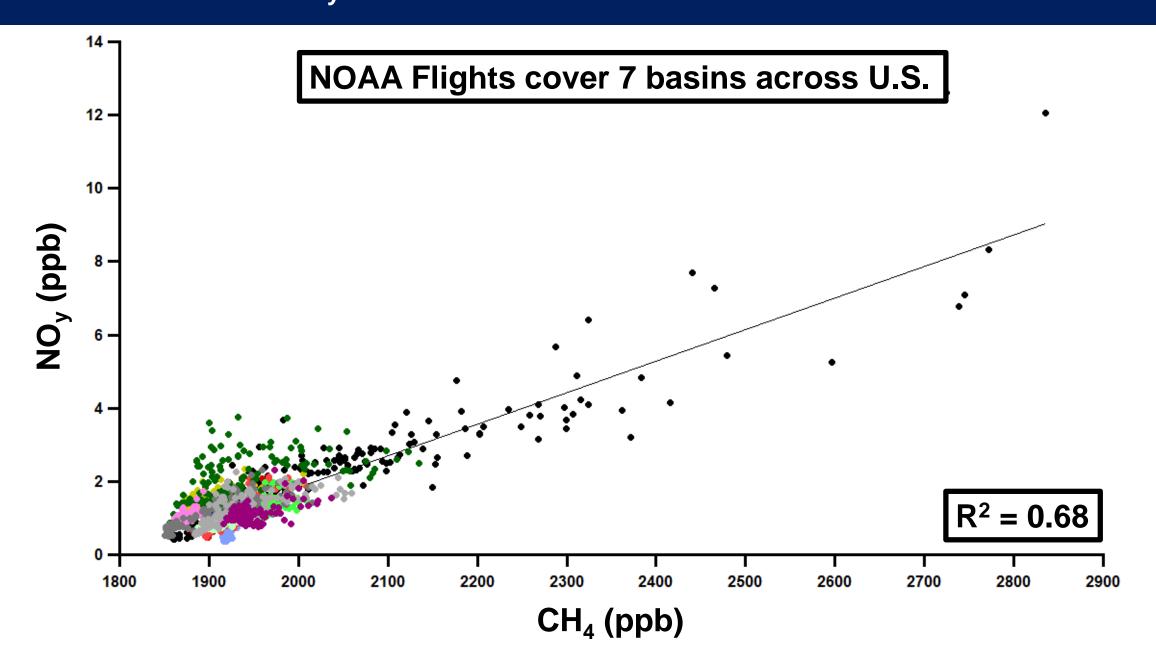


Four research flights over Haynesville Basin

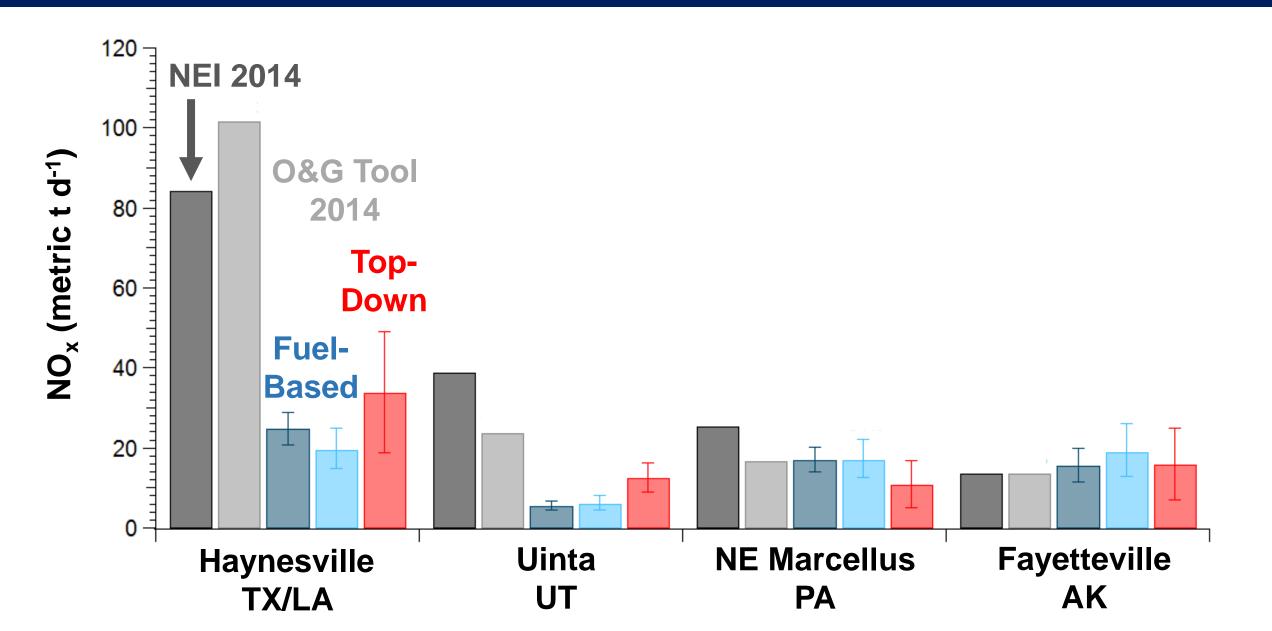
Consistent Enhancements in NO_v and CH₄ Observed (Haynesville)



Correlation of NO_v/CH₄ Also Observed Across Many O&G Basins



Comparison of Top-Down and Bottom-Up Emission Inventories



Summary

- Developed fuel-based inventory for oil & gas NO_x emissions
 - Biggest differences between fuel-based inventory and NEI in activity
- Bottom-up NO_x emissions evaluated with "top-down" emissions
 - NO_v/CH₄ correlation consistently observed over oil and gas basins
 - Evidence for overestimate in oil & gas NO_x in NEI, but varies by basin
 - Fuel-based inventory consistent with observations