

FACT SHEET

Proposed Amendments to Air Toxics Standards for Stationary Combustion Turbines

ACTION

- On April 2, 2019, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) proposed to amend the 2004 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Stationary Combustion Turbines.
- EPA issued the air toxics standards for Stationary Combustion Turbines on March 5, 2004. The rule applies to stationary combustion turbines located at major sources of hazardous air pollutants (HAP).
- Following a residual risk and technology review conducted under the Clean Air Act (CAA), EPA is proposing to determine that risks from the source category are acceptable and that no new cost-effective controls are available.
- EPA is also proposing to:
 - Revise requirements for periods of startup, shutdown and malfunction (SSM) to be consistent with recent court decisions;
 - Require electronic reporting of performance test results and compliance reports; and
 - Remove the stay of the standards for new gas-fired stationary combustion turbines.
- EPA will accept comment on the proposed amendments for 45 days after publication in the *Federal Register*.

RESIDUAL RISK ASSESSMENT

- The CAA requires EPA to assess the risk remaining after application of the final air toxics emissions standard. This is known as a residual risk assessment.
- Based on the completed risk assessment, available health information and associated uncertainties, EPA determined risks from the Stationary Combustion Turbine source category are acceptable with an ample margin of safety to protect public health.
- Stationary combustion turbines are typically located at power plants, compressor stations, landfills and industrial facilities such as chemical plants.
- EPA assessed facility-wide risks and found that the maximum facility-wide cancer risk is 2,000-in-1 million, caused by ethylene oxide emissions from a variety of industrial processes which are not part of the Stationary Combustion Turbine source category. In late 2016, EPA updated a risk value for ethylene oxide which was used in this assessment.
- EPA will evaluate these facility-wide estimated emissions and risks further working with industry and state, local and tribal air agencies in a two-pronged approach to address ethylene oxide emissions:

1. Review and, as appropriate, revise CAA regulations for facilities that emit ethylene oxide – starting with air toxics emissions standards for miscellaneous organic chemical manufacturing facilities and commercial sterilizers; and
2. Conduct site-specific risk assessments and, as necessary, implement emission control strategies for targeted high-risk facilities.

TECHNOLOGY REVIEW

- The CAA requires EPA to assess, review and revise air toxics standards, as necessary, considering developments in practices, processes and control technologies.
- The technology review of the standards for stationary combustion turbines did not identify any developments that would further reduce HAP emissions beyond the original NESHAP.

BACKGROUND

- The CAA requires EPA to regulate toxic air pollutants, also known as air toxics, from categories of industrial facilities in two phases.
- The first phase is “technology-based,” where EPA develops standards for controlling the emissions of air toxics from sources in an industry group or “source category.” These maximum achievable control technology (MACT) standards are based on emissions levels that are already being achieved by the best-controlled and lower-emitting sources in a source category.
- Within 8 years of setting the MACT standards, the CAA directs EPA to assess the remaining health risks from each source category to determine whether the MACT standards protect public health with an ample margin of safety and protect against adverse environmental effects. This second phase is a “risk-based” approach called residual risk. Here, EPA must determine whether more health-protective standards are necessary.
- Also, every 8 years after setting MACT standards, the CAA requires EPA to review and revise the standards, if necessary, to account for improvements in air pollution controls and/or prevention.

HOW TO COMMENT

- The EPA will accept comment on the proposal for 45 days after publication in the *Federal Register*. Comments, identified by Docket ID No. EPA-HQ-OAR-2017-0688, may be submitted by one of the following methods:
 - Go to <https://www.regulations.gov> and follow the online instructions for submitting comments.
 - Send comments by email to: a-and-r-Docket@epa.gov, Attention Docket ID No. EPA-HQ- OAR-2017-0688.
 - Fax your comments to: (202) 566-9744, Attention Docket ID. No. EPA-HQ-OAR-2017-0688.

- Mail your comments to: EPA Docket Center, Environmental Protection Agency, Mail Code: 28221T, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20460, Attention Docket ID. No. EPA-HQ-OAR-2017-0688.
- Deliver comments in person to: EPA Docket Center, 1301 Constitution Ave., NW, Room 3334, Washington, DC. Note: In person deliveries (including courier deliveries) are only accepted during the Docket's normal hours of operation. Special arrangements should be made for deliveries of boxed information.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

- Interested parties can download a copy of the proposed rule notice from EPA's website at the following address: <https://www.epa.gov/stationary-sources-air-pollution/stationary-combustion-turbines-national-emission-standards>.
- Today's action and other background information are also available either electronically at <https://www.regulations.gov>, EPA's electronic public docket and comment system, or in hard copy at the EPA Docket Center's Public Reading Room.
 - The Public Reading Room is located at EPA Headquarters Library, room number 3334 in the EPA WJC West Building, 1301 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC. Hours of operation are 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Eastern Standard Time, Monday through Friday, excluding Federal holidays.
 - Visitors are required to show photographic identification, pass through a metal detector and sign the EPA visitor log. All visitor materials will be processed through an X-ray machine as well. Visitors will be provided a badge that must be visible at all times.
 - Materials for this proposed action can be accessed using Docket ID No. EPA-HQ-OAR-2017-0688.
- For further technical information about the rule, contact Melanie King, EPA's Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, at (919) 541-2469 or king.melanie@epa.gov.