Developing Updated Activity Inputs for Nonroad Equipment

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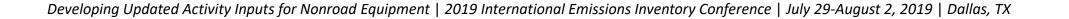


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Background

Definition: "Land-based Nonroad Equipment"

- Not stationary (moves within a 12 month period)
- Not an on-road vehicle (car or truck)
- Not an aircraft
- Not a locomotive
- Not a commercial marine vessel
- Nonroad Equipment contribute to mobile-source Inventory
- Diesel equipment important for NOx, PM inventories
- Current Inventory model is dated
 - NONROAD incorporated into MOVES platform in 2014
 - Key default inputs are dated
 - 15 20 years old
 - Model structure is dated
 - Base years 1996-2000



Estimating Exhaust Emissions Inventory

$$I = [(P \times L) \times A \times N] \times E$$

I = Inventory (g, kg, Mg, U.S. tons), P = Mean rated power (hp, kW) L = Load factor (fraction of rated power, %) A = Activity (hr/yr) N = Population (units)E = Emission rate (g/hp-hr, g/kW-hr)

$g/yr = [(hp \times \%) \times hr/yr \times n] \times g/hp-hr$



Scope

- Goal: Evaluate equipment activity
- For selected diesel equipment types
 - Wheel loaders
 - Skid-steer loaders
 - Excavators
 - Agricultural Tractors
 - Combines











Equipment Activity

- Definition: Hours of use
- Temporal scale: Annual
- Geographic scale: National & Regional
- Current modeling assumptions:
 - Varies by equipment type (different for loaders, excavators, tractors, etc.)
 - Is the same everywhere
 - Is the same always
 - Does not change in future
 - Does not change as equipment ages
 - Is the same for small and large equipment

Reviewing these assumptions using new data

New data source: Auction-house Records

- Hour-meter readings at time of sale
- Place of residence at time of sale
 - Enables analysis by region
- Supplemented power ratings
 - To enable analysis by size
- Gives life-time average at age of reading
- Estimated variances by empirical bootstrap
 - Simple random sampling with replacement
 - Thousands of replications

$$A = \frac{\text{hour-meter}}{\text{CY}_{\text{sale}} - \text{MY}} = \frac{\text{hr}}{\text{years}}$$



Size Classes (rated power, hp)

Size classes follow the emissions standards

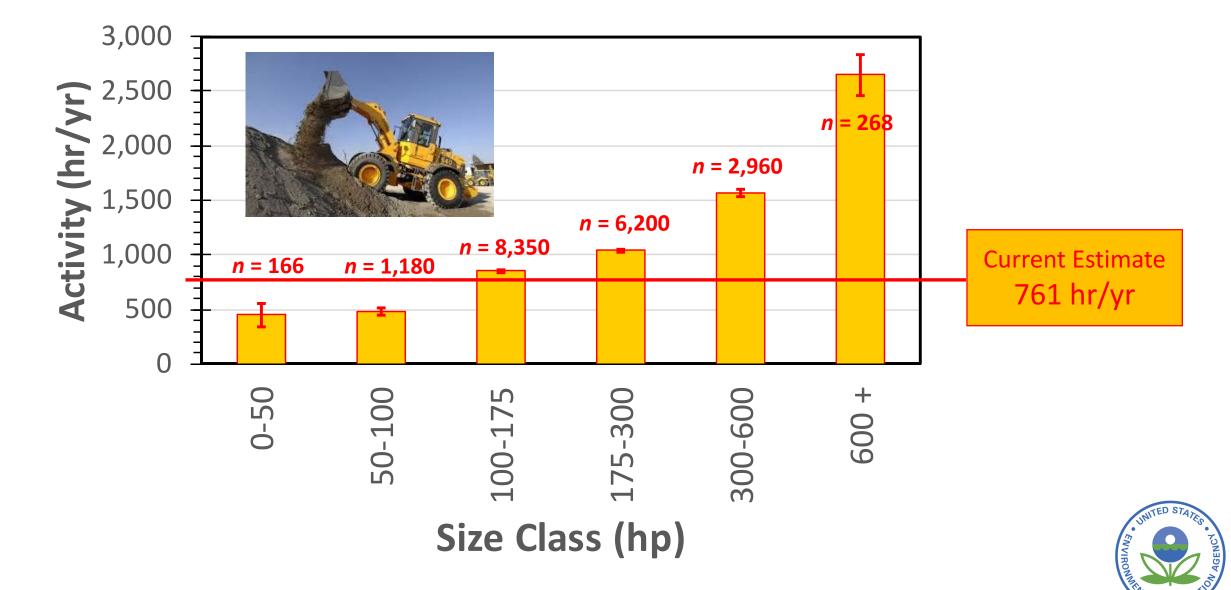
- For nonroad diesel engines
- For Tier 1 Tier 3
- 0-50 hp
- 50-100 hp
- 100-175 hp
- 175-300 hp
- 300-600 hp
- 600+ hp
- Sample sizes are very small for smallest and largest engines



Annual Activity by Size Class At National Scale

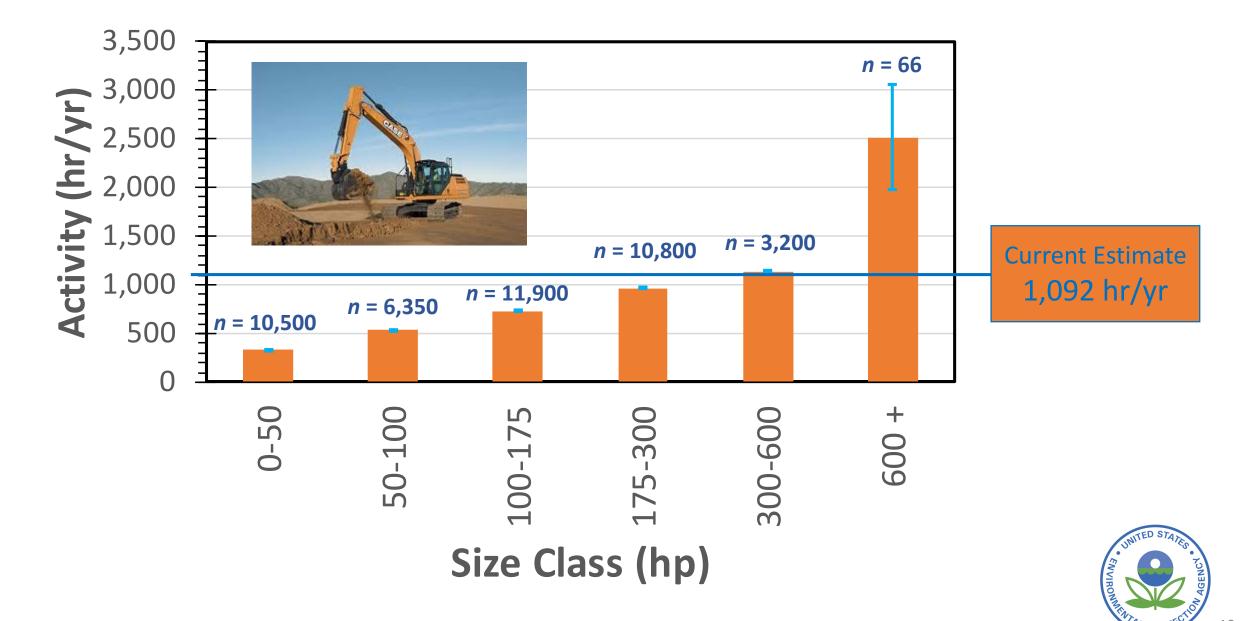


Activity by Size Class: Wheel Loaders

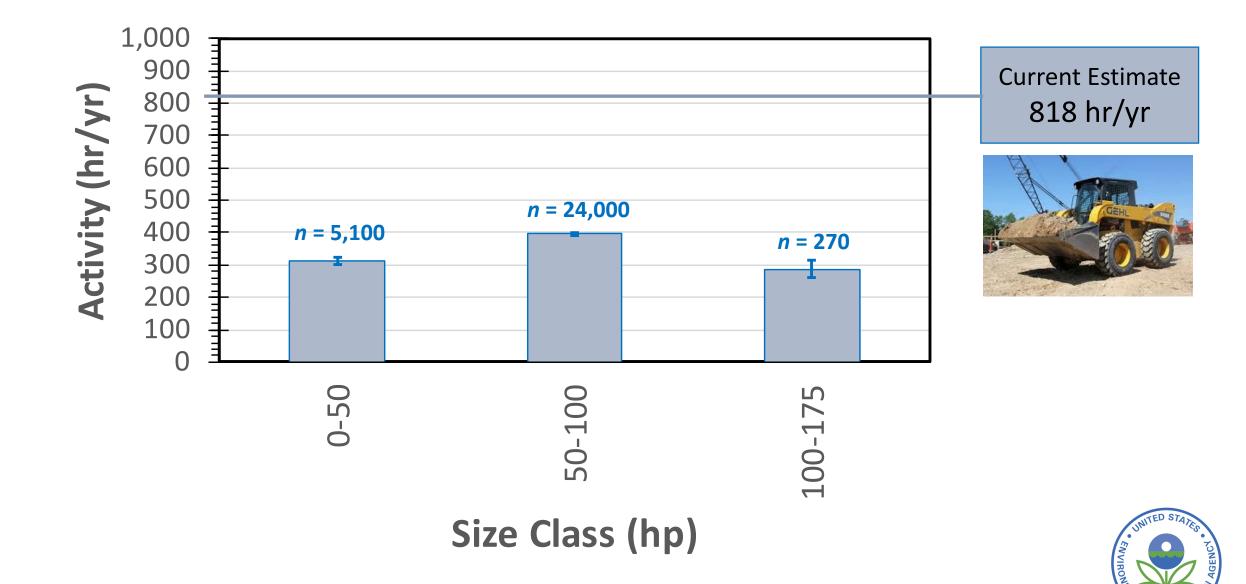


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Activity by Size Class: Excavators

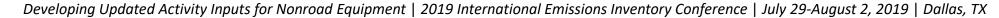


Activity by Size Class: Skid-steer Loaders



Activity by Size: Agricultural Tractors





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Activity by Size: Combines



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Annual Activity by Equipment Type and Size At National Scale



Five Equipment Types by Size Class

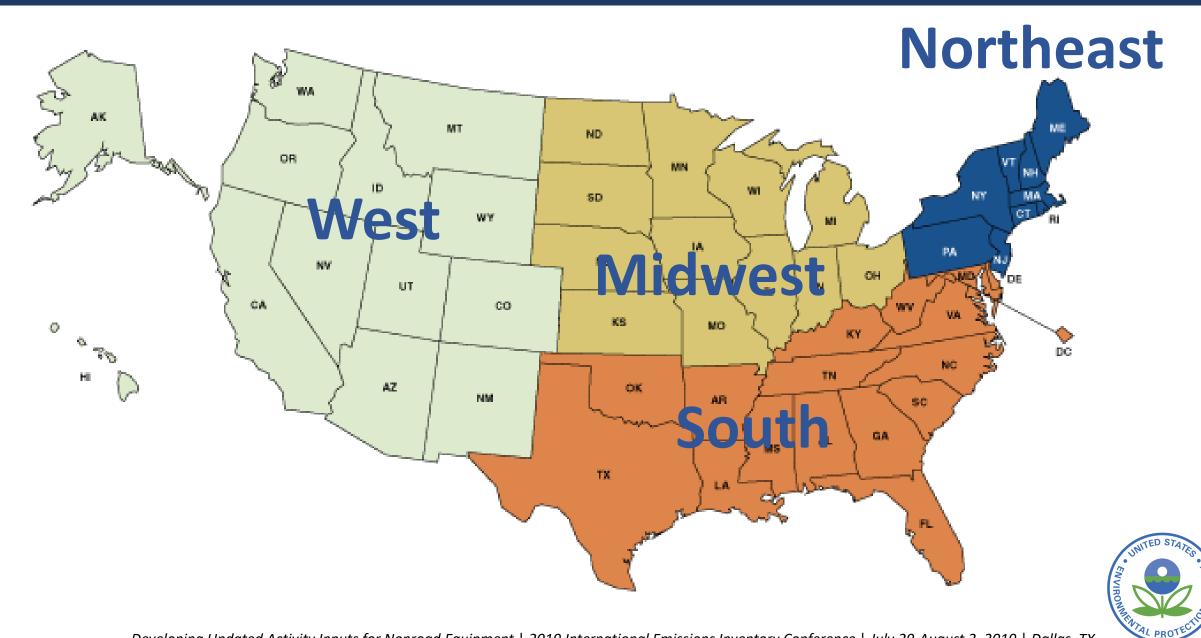


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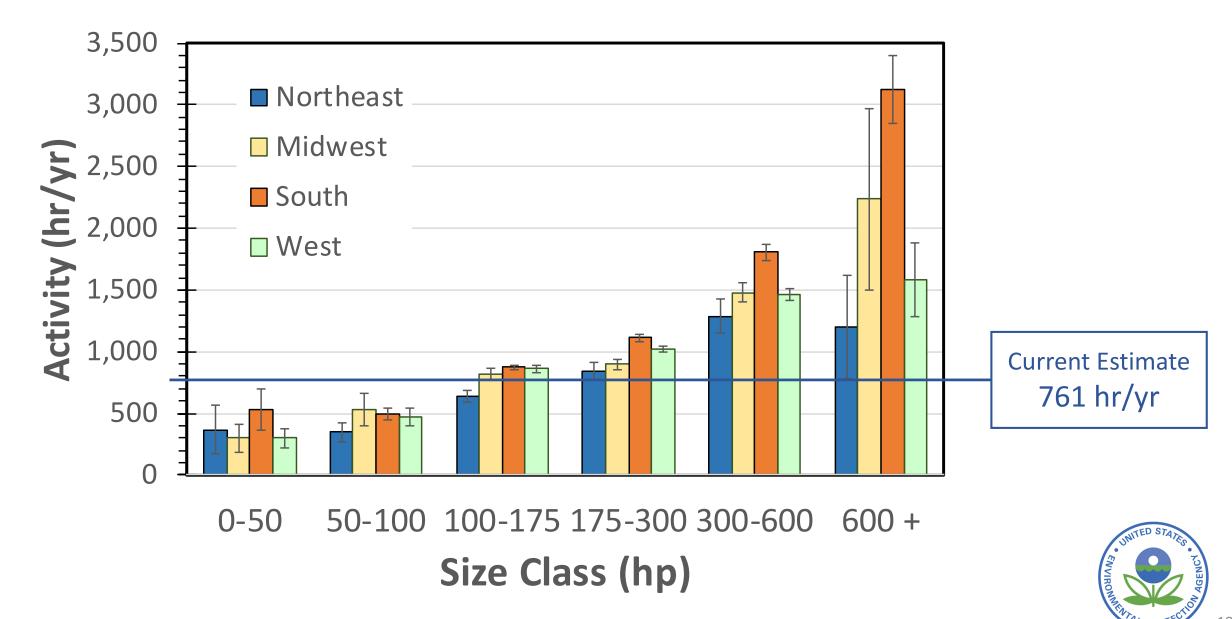
Annual Activity by Size Class At Regional Scale



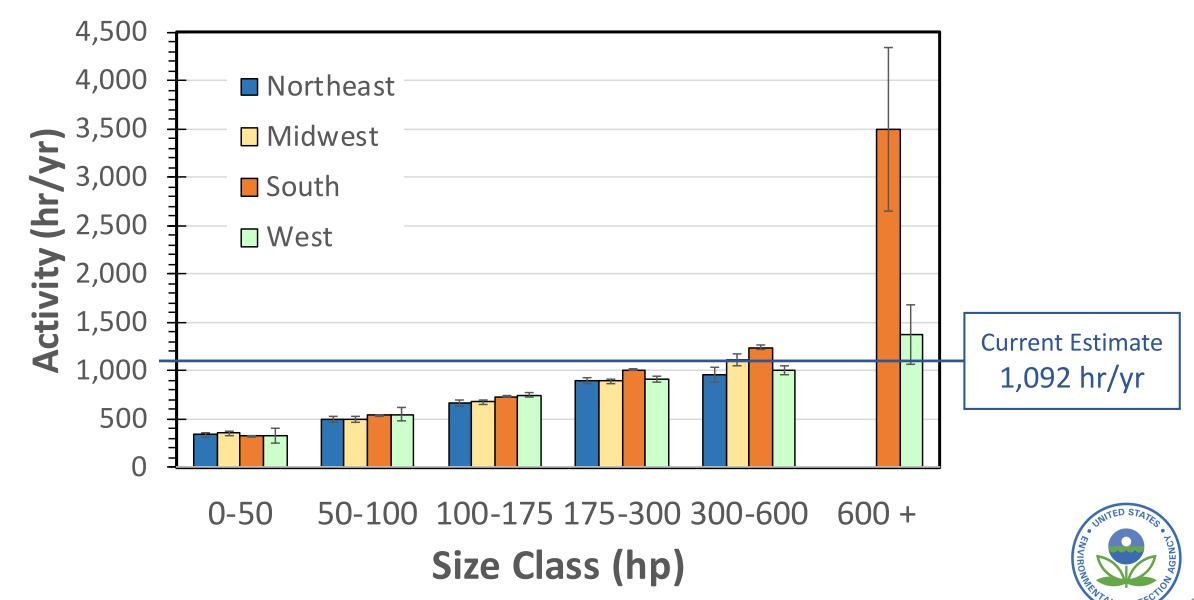
Census Regions



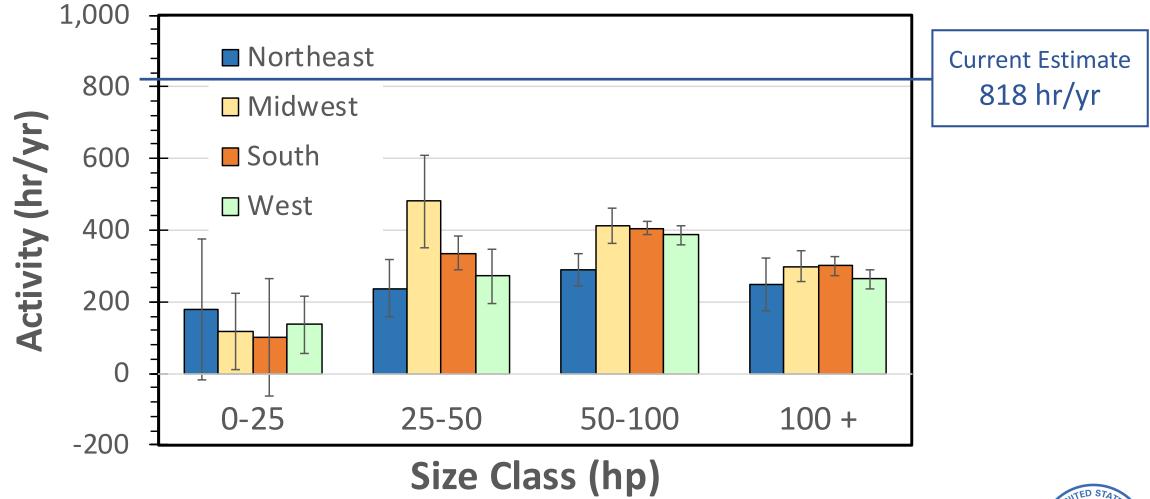
Wheel Loaders



Excavators

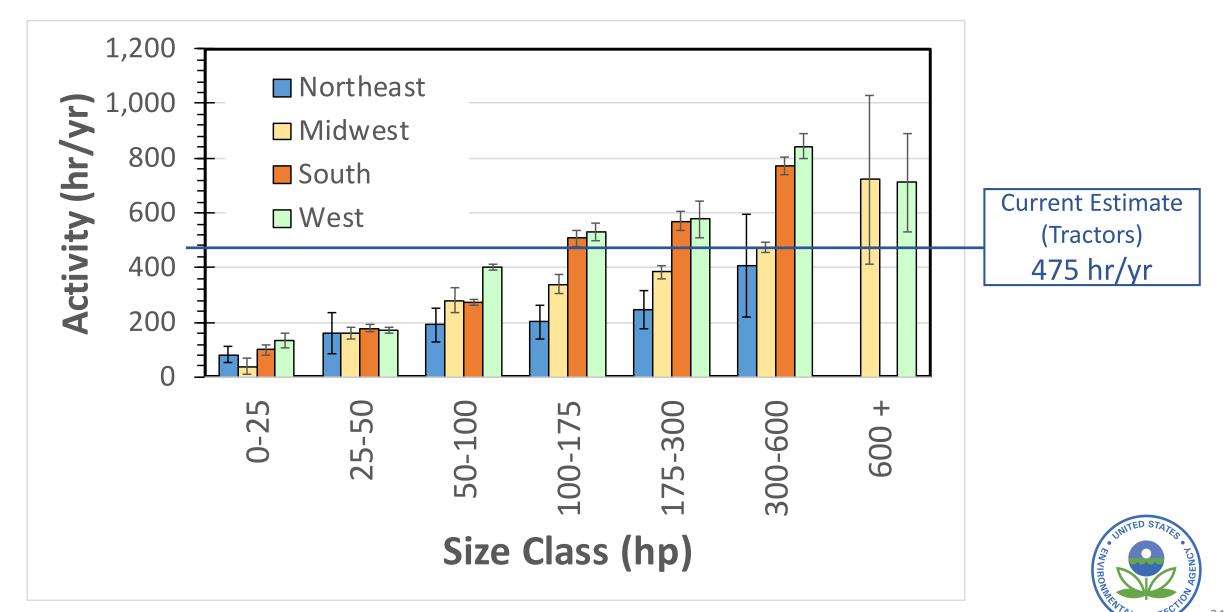


Skid-steer Loaders





Agricultural Tractors and Combines



Conclusions

Activity varies by Equipment Type

- Wheel Loaders > Excavators > Skid-steer Loaders
- Ag Tractors > Combines

• Activity increases by Equipment Size

- For types with wide variation in size
- MOVES-Nonroad tends to:
 - Overestimate activity for smallest diesel equipment
 - Underestimate activity for largest diesel equipment

Activity varies by region

- To some degree
- Likely related to climate (e.g., length of working, growing seasons)
- Has implications for allocation

What are implications for inventory?

- Depends on changes in total kW-hr
 - Also re-estimating populations
- Too soon to call



Next Steps

• Estimate Activity for other (Diesel) equipment types

- Using recently acquired auction-house data
- 60-80 equipment types

• Estimate Activity by Age

• Data becoming available

Estimate Other inputs

- Mean rated power (P)
 - Account for trends over time?
- Load factor (duty cycle) (L)
 - Draw on data from portable measurement systems and telematics
- Populations (N)
 - Sales and scrappage

Develop Inputs for new inventory model

