

Benefits from Remediation, Restoration, and Revitalization

SHC 9.3

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Output

Contribution of Site Remediation and Restoration to Revitalizing Communities and Improving Well-being (Report)

Partner Needs

- Evidence linking environmental condition of restored sites to human health and well-being
- Metrics and methods to demonstrate linkages between remediation or restoration and redevelopment
- Integrating community priorities, redevelopment goals, and human health and well-being impacts into remediation and restoration decisions



Output

Contribution of Site Remediation and Restoration to Revitalizing Communities and Improving Well-being

Scientific Challenge

- Implementing interdisciplinary and translational social-ecological systems research at remediation and restoration sites
- Leveraging an improved understanding of human communities to improve remediation and restoration outcomes



Output Structure

Products 1 and 2

Innovative metrics

Natural hazards
*risks and
resilience*

Products 3 and 4

*Ecosystem-health
relationships*

*Economic
valuation*

Products 5 and 6

Case studies

Assessing Ecosystem Services and Human Well-being Indicators (SHC 9.3.1)

Partner Challenge

- Links between the 3 Rs poorly documented with limited data
- Partners lack practical indicators

Addressing the Challenge

- Research will validate indicators of human well-being
- Collaborative, retrospective analysis of completed projects

Short-term Goals

- Reports and briefing documents on validated indicators
- Estimate the economic value of cleanup at contaminated sites.

Long-term Goal

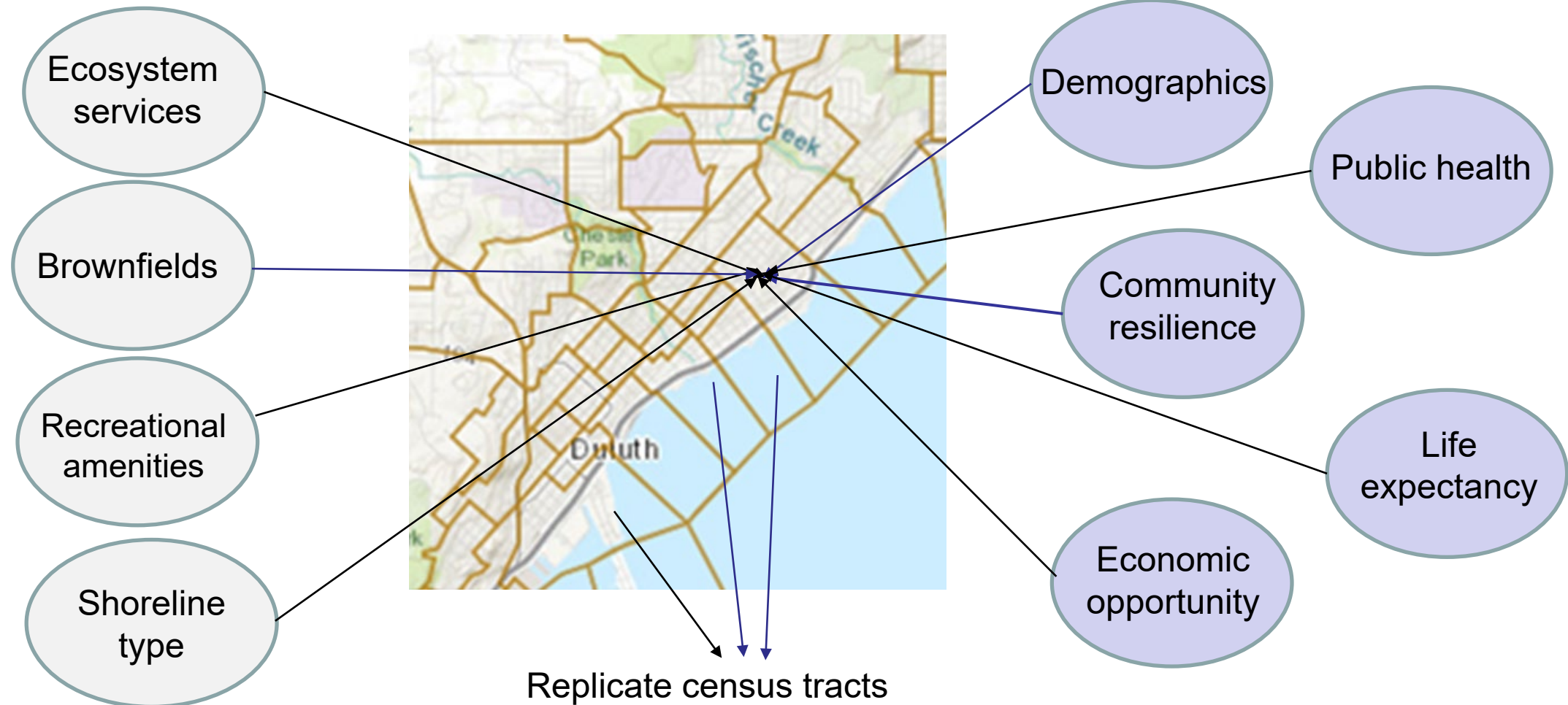
- Provide a science-based approach to assess revitalization outcomes in the AOC context



Validation of Waterfront Revitalization Indicators at Community Scale

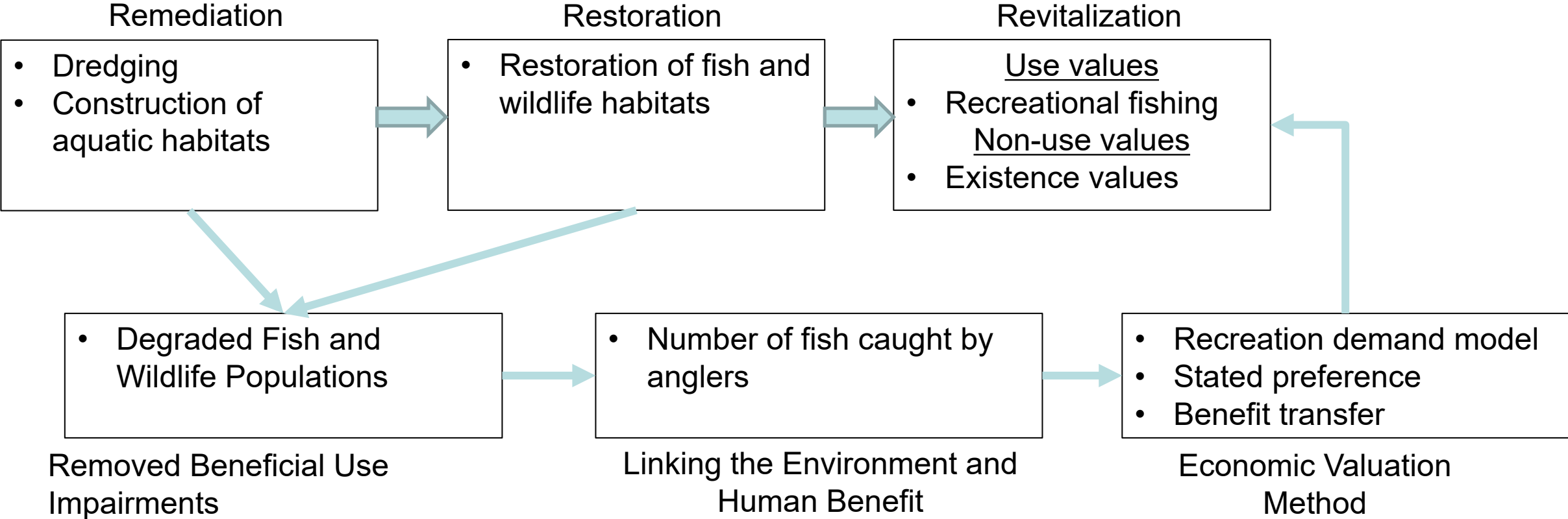
Waterfront attribute indicators

Human well-being indicators



Data sources: EPA EnviroAtlas, EPA ACRES, Centers for Disease Control, US Census Bureau, NOAA, Openstreetmap, Opportunity Atlas

Conceptual Model for Quantifying Revitalization



Support for RAP Research

- EPA Great Lakes National Program Office
- States

“The importance of research demonstrating how community investment in revitalization is linked to the on-going environmental clean-up efforts can’t be overstated. Indicators [developed by EPA] of waterfront revitalization will help document a comprehensive view of an estuary in recovery. Having access to EPA scientific expertise and their technical briefings on revitalization indicators will fulfill MPCA’s data-driven mission of informing decisions and help delist the St. Louis River AOC. Our progress and overall success is directly enhanced by their participation and expertise.”

Doug Wetzstein, Acting Director of Industrial / Remediation Divisions, Minnesota Pollution Control Agency
(excerpt from letter to Michael Slimak and Andrew Geller)

Impacts of Natural Disasters on R2R2R (SHC 9.3.2)

Partner Challenge

- “Superfund does not only seek to clean up sites—we want to see sites back in productive use serving their local community.” (Larry Zaragoza, OLEM/Superfund February, 2020; Resilience Workshop)
- Sustainable, resilient projects
- Contaminated sites plan in the context of potential exposure to natural hazards
- Partners: Office of Land and Emergency Management (OLEM), Regions, communities

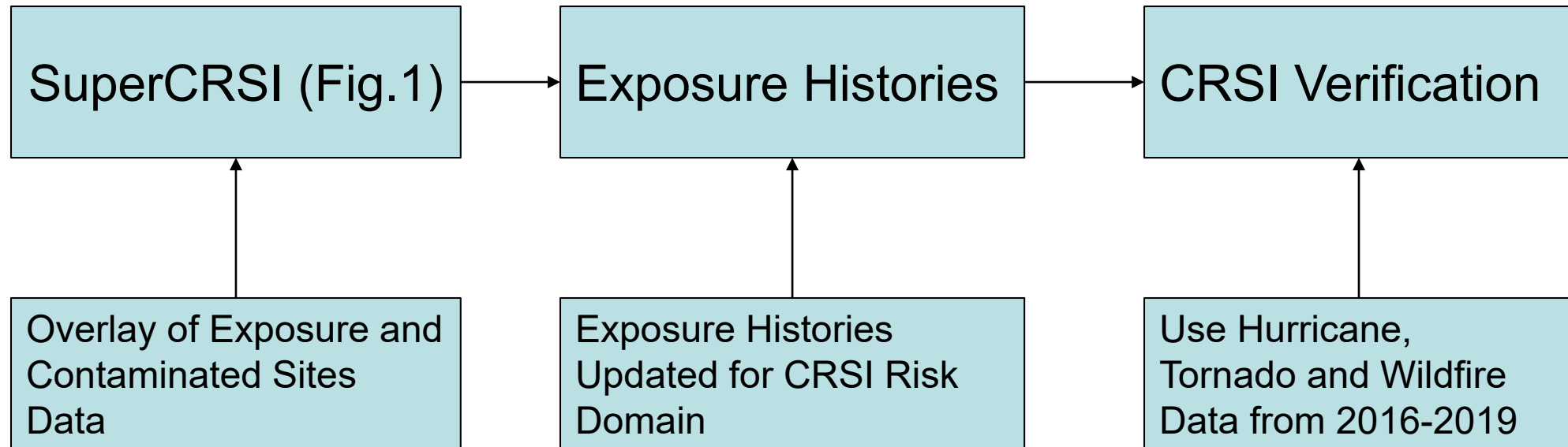


Image credit: The Bay City Times

Addressing the Challenge

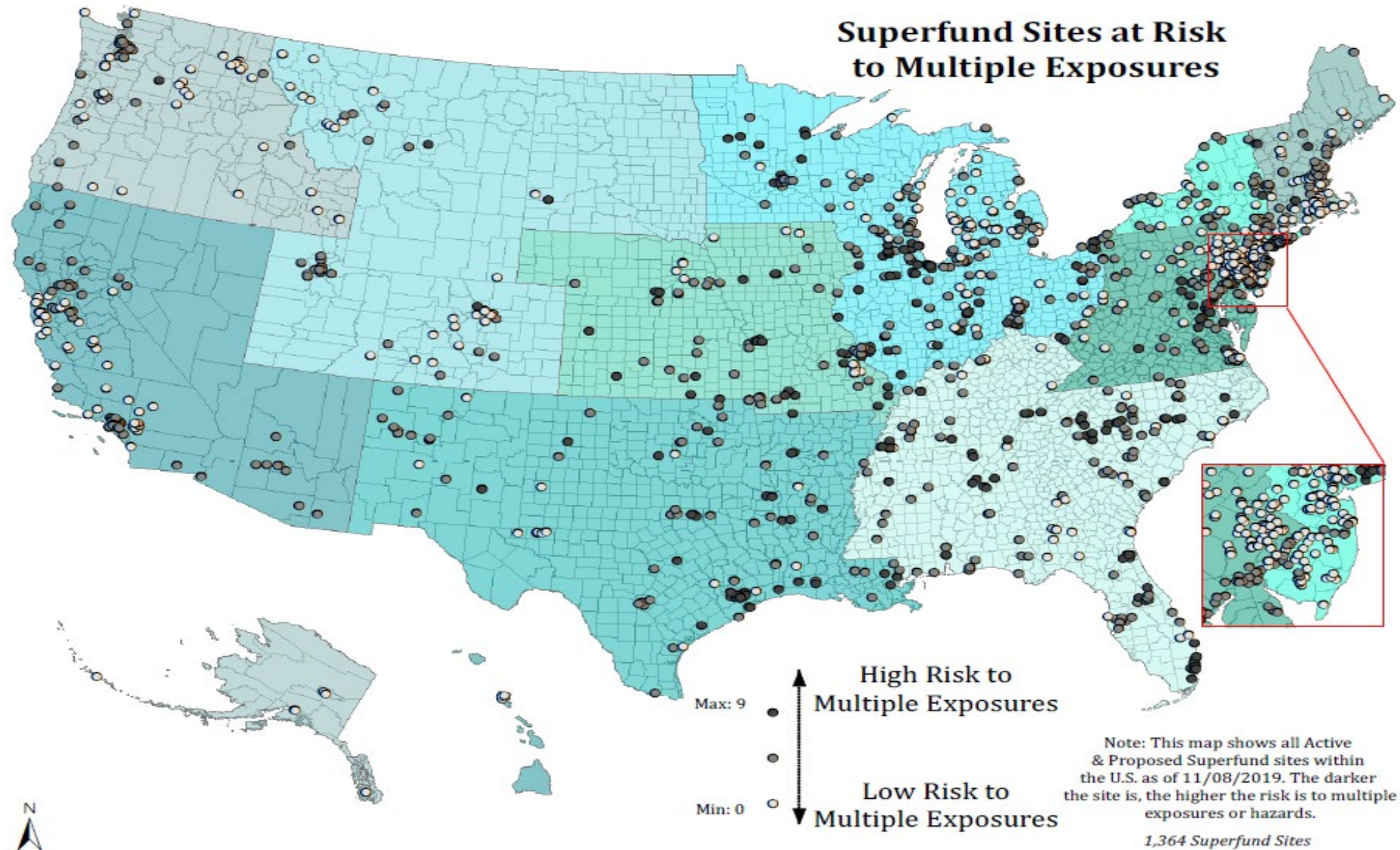
- The Cumulative Resilience Screening Index (CRSI) provides natural hazard exposure information:
 - Hurricanes
 - Tornadoes
 - Coastal Flooding
 - High Temperatures
 - Drought
 - High Winds
 - Landslides
 - Low Temperatures
 - Inland Flooding
 - Hail
 - Earthquakes
 - Wildfires
- Information at the county level and in some cases by latitude-longitude

Research Activities – 2020-2022



Long-term Goal: EPA Office of Land and Emergency Management and Regions will use in developing restoration or revitalization plans

Figure 1. Map of co-occurrence of magnitude of natural hazard exposures and Superfund sites



Assessing How Human Health and Well-being is Affected by Site Remediation and Restoration (SHC 9.3.3)

Partner Challenges

1. Identify changes in community and individual health related to ecosystem goods and services (EGS) and contaminated site revitalization

EPA Partners: Region 3, Region 4, Office of Environmental Justice, Brownfields Program, and Office of Land and Emergency Management

Deliverables: Reports, webinars, peer-reviewed publications, and databases of health effects

2. Quantify the health benefits of R2R2R

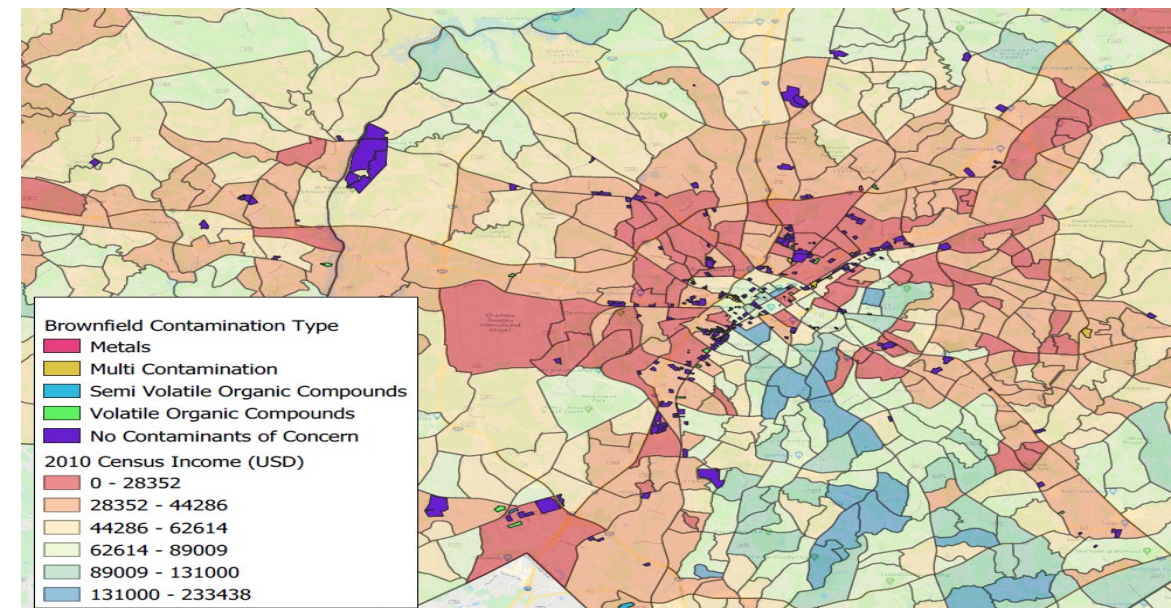
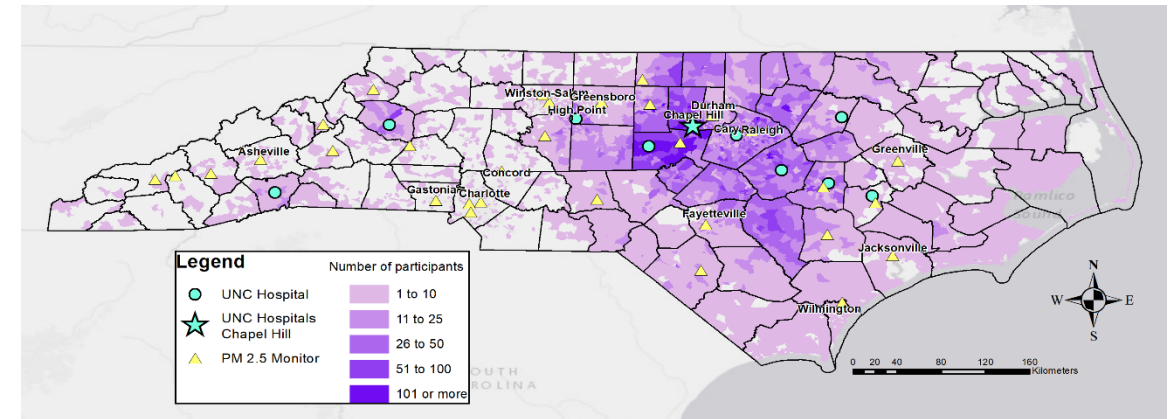
EPA Partners: Region 2, Region 4, Office of Environmental Justice, Great Lakes National Program Office, and Office of Land and Emergency Management

Deliverables: Reports, peer-reviewed publications

Identify Changes in Community and Individual Health

Three projects

1. Impact of EGS and Brownfields on Vulnerable Populations
2. Public Health Benefits of Revitalizing Brownfields
3. Health Benefits of Greenspace Access for Patients with Diabetes



Impact of EGS and Brownfields on Vulnerable Populations

Addressing the Challenge

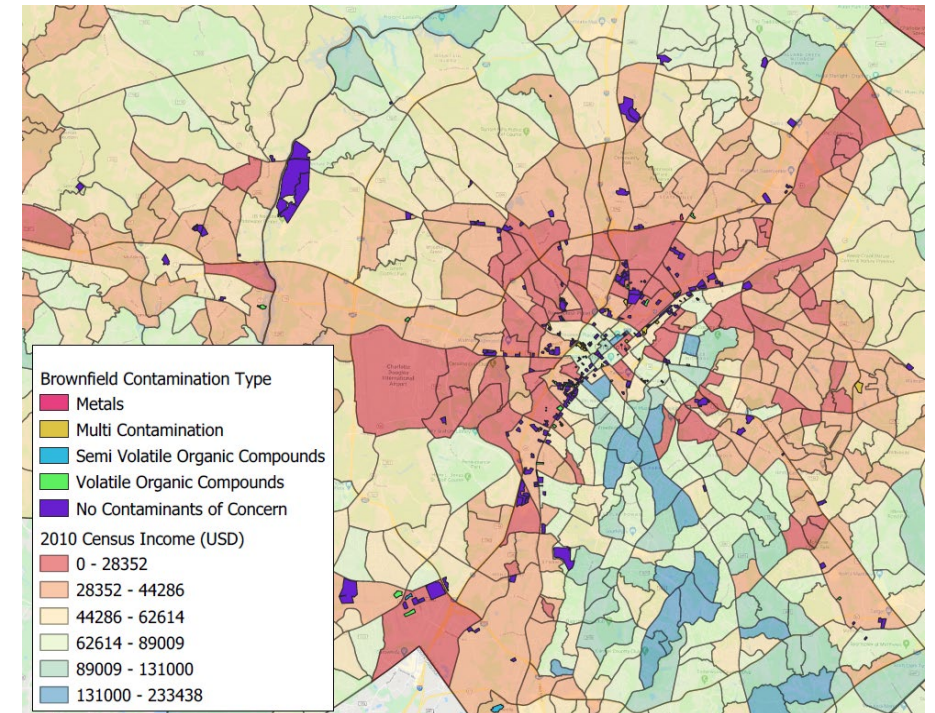
- Associate adverse health effects of brownfields and health benefits of EGS in vulnerable, patient populations

Short-term Goals

- Classify current brownfield status
- Create integrated database of brownfields, EGS, and health records

Partner Impact

- Evidence of health effects of active brownfields and of local EGS



Public Health Benefits of Revitalizing Brownfields

Addressing the Challenge

- Associate health biomarkers to community changes
- Relate well-being indicators to environmental improvements in R2R2R framework

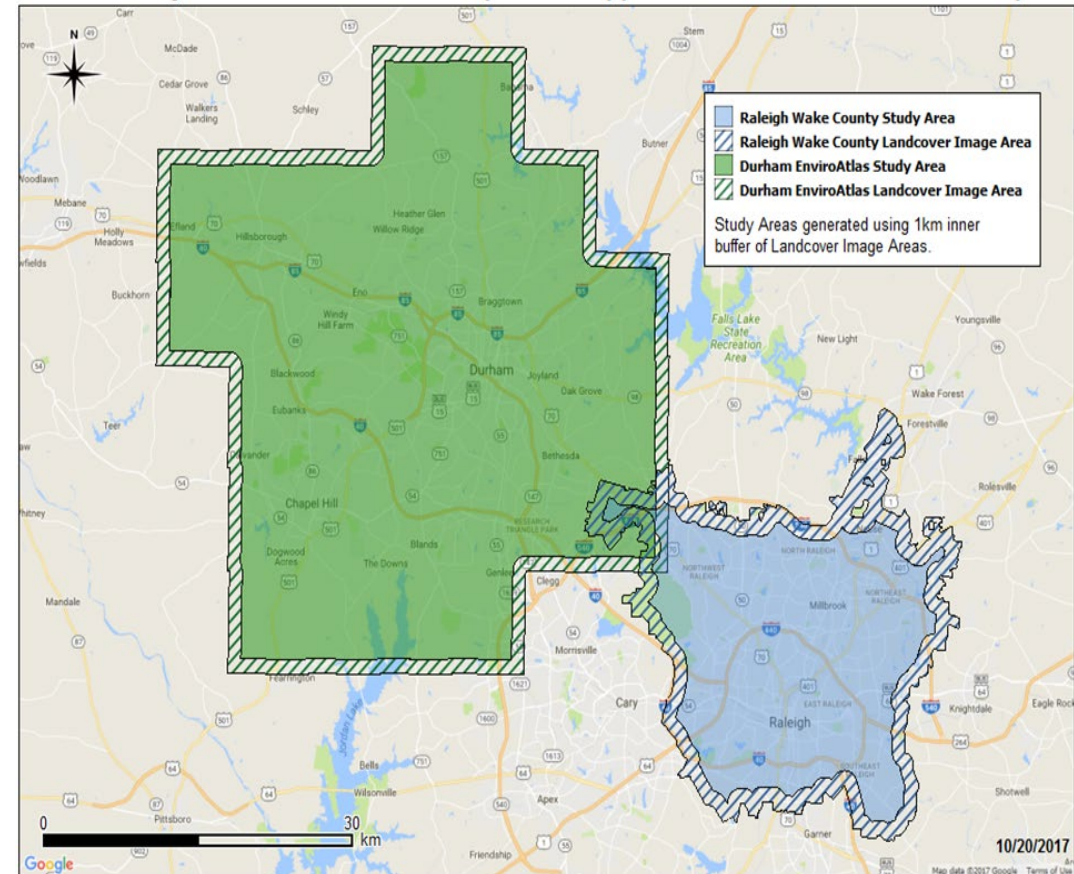
Short-term Goal

- Collect, scale, and utilize health and well-being indicators at local and national levels

Partner Impact

- Improved communication on health benefits of brownfields revitalization

Renaldi Study Area for ArcGIS EPA Geoplatform Application - Renaldi Address Lookup



Health Benefits of Greenspace Access for Patients with Diabetes

Addressing the Challenge

- Model health benefits of local greenspace for pre-diabetic and diabetic individuals

Short-term Goal

- Merge greenspace access data with health records of diabetes patients

Partner Impact

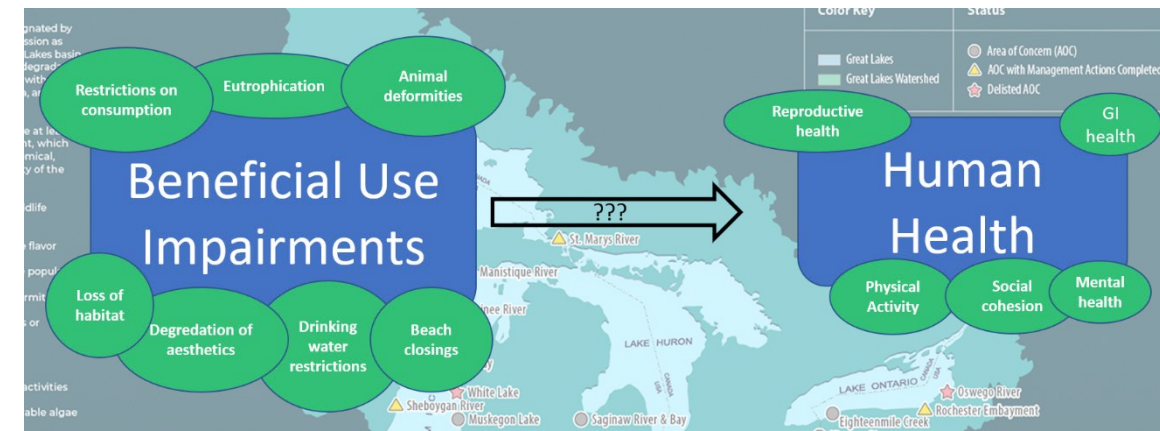
- Support of health impact assessments for health-oriented urban policy interventions



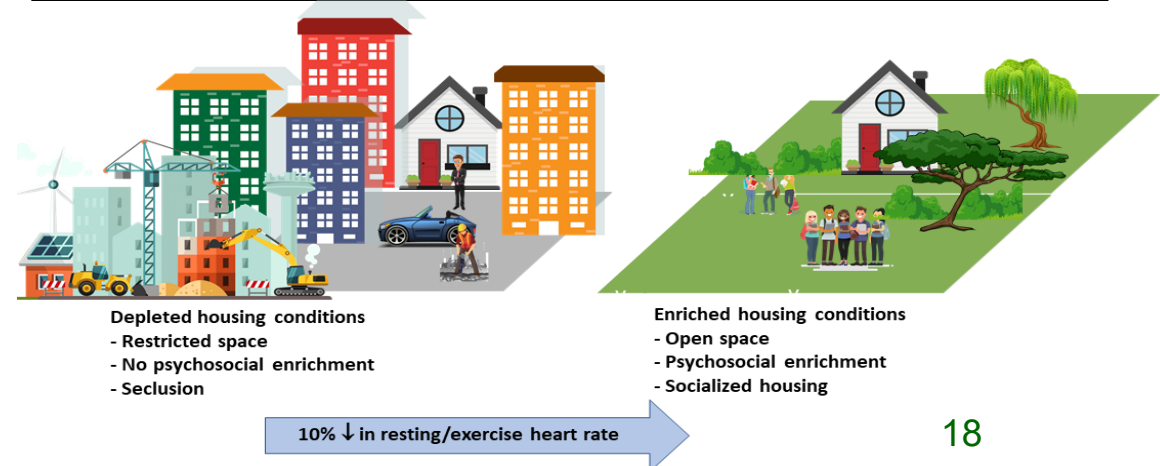
Quantify the Health Benefits of R2R2R

Three projects

1. Benefits of removing impairments at remediation sites
2. Benefits of environmental rejuvenation on vulnerable populations
3. R2R2R as a natural experiment for human health and well-being



Environmental/housing enrichment improves cardiovascular function and response to exercise



Benefits of Restoring Ecological Impairments at Remediation Sites

Addressing the Challenge

- Systematic review of BUI (e.g., aesthetic degradation) and human health linkages

Short-term Goal

- Develop communication tools on impact of removing beneficial use impairments (BUI) for Great Lakes coastal communities

Partner Impact

- Support of health impact assessments for health-oriented urban policy interventions



Benefits of Environmental Rejuvenation on Vulnerable Populations

Addressing the Challenge

- Assess impact of environmental rejuvenation on physiological and behavioral endpoints

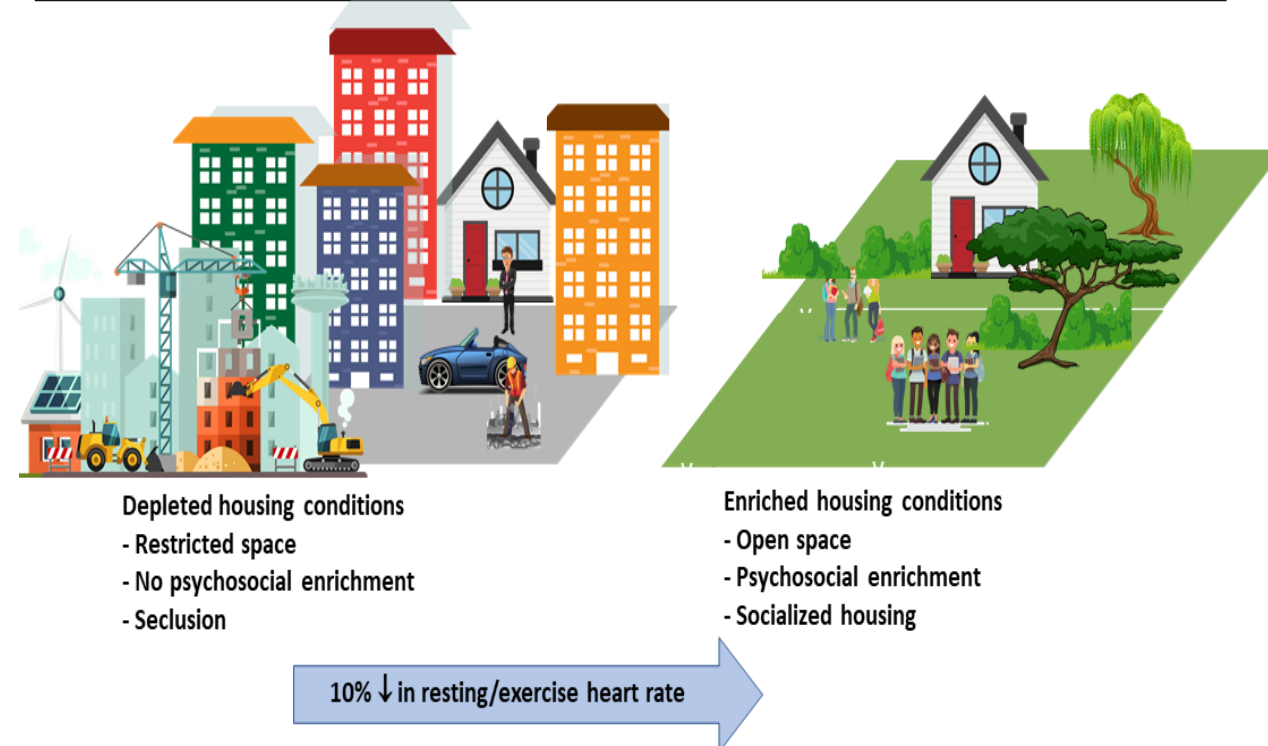
Short-term Goal

- Evaluate cardiometabolic benefits of environmental rejuvenation

Partner Impact

- Provides key information on the benefits of environmental rejuvenation

Environmental/housing enrichment improves cardiovascular function and response to exercise



R2R2R as a Natural Experiment for Human Health and Well-being

Addressing the Challenge

- Natural experiments using completed site rejuvenation

Short-term Goal

- Select initial study areas and analytic methods

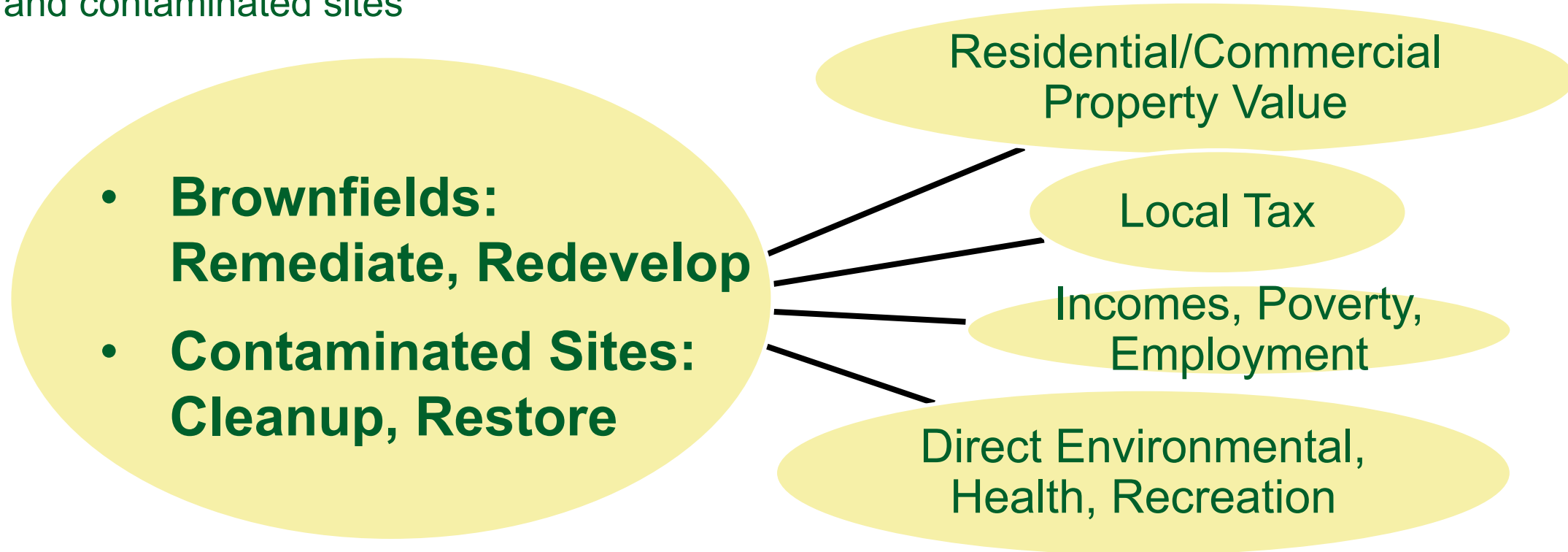
Partner Impact

- Improved data on benefits and impacts of clean-up processes



Economic Evaluation of Contaminated Site and Brownfields Remediation (SHC 9.3.4)

Partner Challenge: Estimate the economic impacts of remediation and restoration of brownfields and contaminated sites



Region 4: Interested in demonstrating the economic impacts of land cleanup

Addressing the Challenge

- Quantitatively evaluate the economic impacts of brownfield and/or superfund cleanup and restoration (market and non-market valuation)
- Region 4 potential study sites: Atlanta, GA; Orlando, FL; Tampa, FL; Gainesville, FL
- Output: Presentations, data, models, peer-reviewed publications, report

Short-term Goal

- Identify case study site



Gainesville, FL Depot Park brownfield project

GLNPO: Interested in the economic impact of remediation and restoration of Great Lakes Areas of Concern (AOCs)

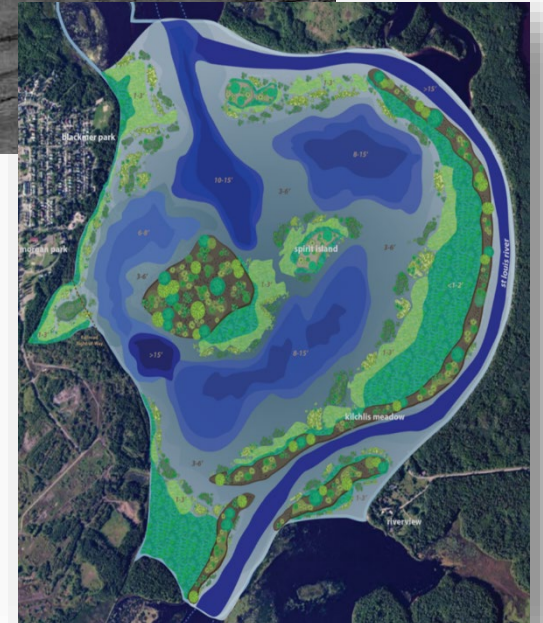
Addressing the Challenge

- Quantify the economic benefits of remediation and restoration (removal of Beneficial Use Impairments)
- Spatial and panel data will be collected at active clean-ups and de-listed AOCs
- Research Output: Data, maps, report, and peer-reviewed publications

Short-term Goal

- Identify prospective and retrospective study sites

US Steel Superfund and Legacy Act Site
Duluth, MN

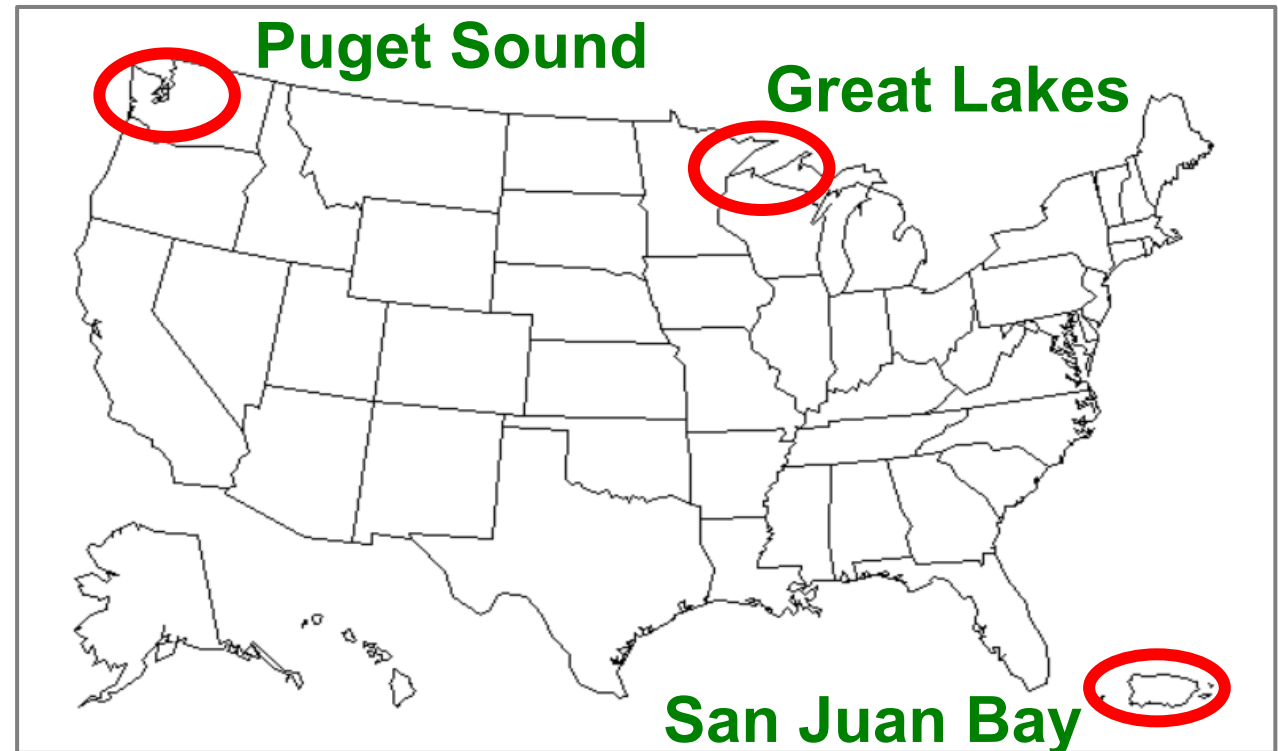


Where to work? Development of Remediation and Restoration Strategies (SHC 9.3.5)

Goal: Demonstrate watershed-scale strategies for determining where and how to implement contaminated site remediation and restoration practices

- Great Lakes communities
- Puget Sound communities
- San Juan Bay, Puerto Rico

Work with long-standing partners (federal, state, tribal, community)



Partner Challenge

- Spatial distribution of contaminant-related risks
- Watershed strategies to protect remediation, restoration progress

Addressing the Challenge

- Implement hydro-biogeochemical models of contaminant fate, transport, and bioaccumulation
- Identify land-use strategies for reducing contaminant impacts

Short-term Goal

- Test strategy for bioaccumulation-related risk (based on a recently completed model)

Great Lakes Communities

Contaminated Sites

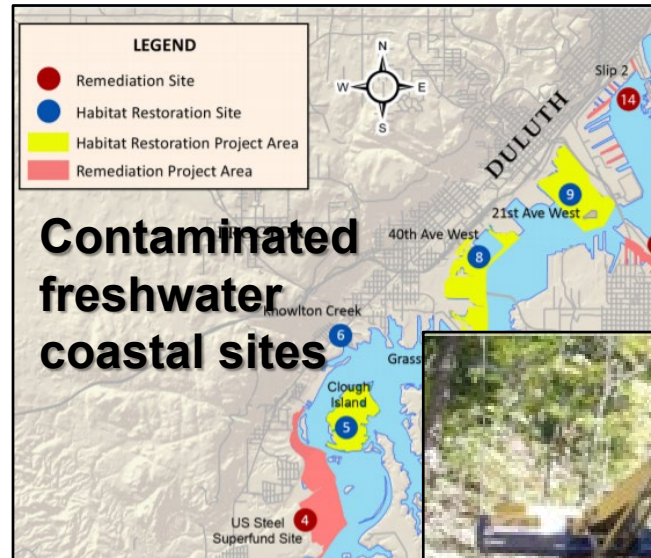
- Brownfields
- Superfund
- Stormwater runoff

R2R2R

Remediation
Restoration
Revitalization
Methods

Revitalized communities

- Improved ecosystem services
- Improved human health



Puget Sound Communities

Contaminated Sites

- Brownfields
- Superfund
- Stormwater runoff

R2R2R

Remediation
Restoration
Revitalization
Methods

Revitalized communities

- Improved ecosystem services
- Improved human health

Partner Challenge

- Reducing contaminant loads in urban stormwater
- Quantify link between condition (toxics in fish) and human health

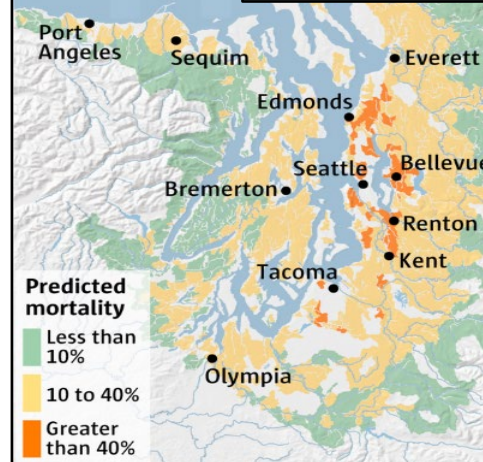
Addressing the Challenge

- Identify green and gray infrastructure best practices (VELMA, Aquatox)
- Provide partners science-based strategies to mitigate stormwater

Short-term Goals

- Green infrastructure modeling demos for Seattle area communities
- Begin partner and community outreach workshops (DASEES)

Product 5



Green Infrastructure



Healthier Ecosystem and Communities

Toxic Stormwater, Fish and Shellfish



Partner Challenge

- identify areas most vulnerable to flooding with contaminated water
- Spatial patterns of emerging contaminants and ecological impairment

Addressing the Challenge

- Database: frequency, duration, and extent of neighborhood flooding
- Identify hot-spots

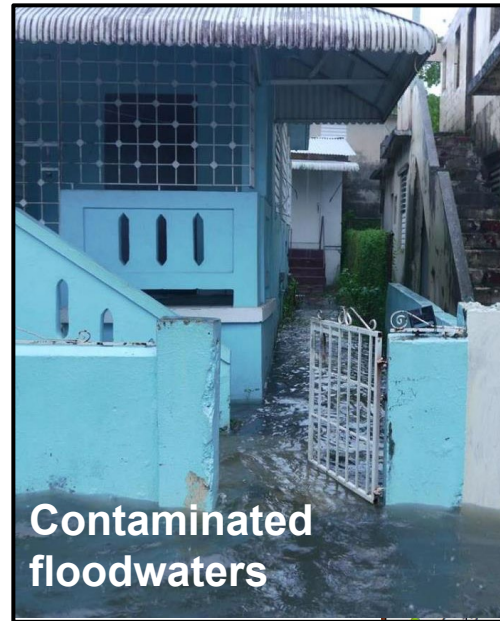
Short-term Goals

- Develop community flood maps
- Identify emerging contaminants of greatest concern

San Juan Bay, Puerto Rico

Contaminated Sites

- Brownfields
- Superfund
- Stormwater runoff



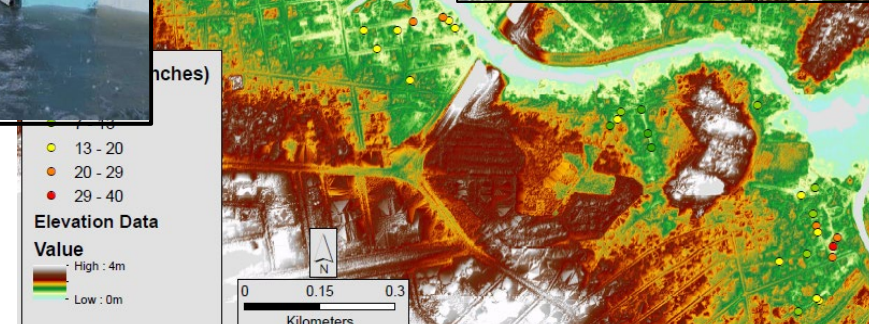
R2R2R

Remediation
Restoration
Revitalization
Methods

Revitalized communities

- Improved ecosystem services
- Improved human health

Communication and education



Identify vulnerable urban neighborhood and fishing areas

Thank you

Product Leads

9.3.1 Ted Angradi, Tammy Newcomer-Johnson

9.3.2 Kevin Summers, Kyle Buck, Andrea Lamper

9.3.3 Cavin Ward-Caviness

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