



SEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

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> [Presenter] [Date] [insert logo]

A WORKSHOP

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### Workshop Purpose

# Examine the issue of wasted food, including:

- How much goes to waste
- Why waste happens
- Why waste matters
- Strategies to reduce waste

# Food IS Too Good to Waste!

By making small shifts in how we shop, store and prepare food...

...we can toss less, eat well, simplify our lives, save money...

...and keep the valuable resources used to produce and distribute food from going to waste.

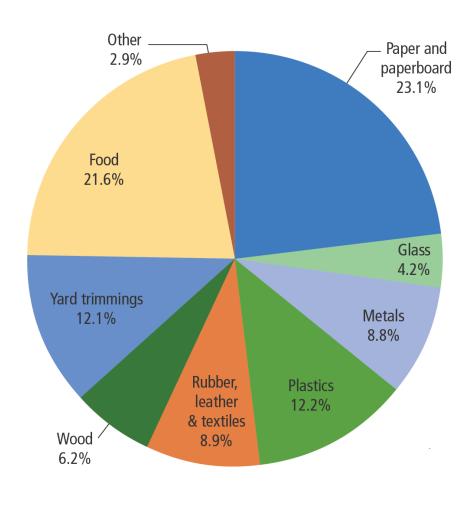
#### Introduce yourself by:

### Introductions

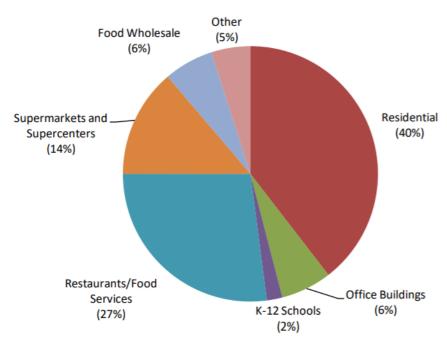
- Giving your name
- Telling a short story that illustrates why you care about wasted food

# How Much Food is Wasted?

## Food accounts for over 21% of the municipal solid waste we generate...



Figures from U.S. EPA



... and 40% of wasted food in the U.S. comes from households

## Why Waste Happens



In one month, a family of 4 wastes ...

### Of the food waste we throw away...



## Why are we tossing food?

#### % of Wasted Edible Food

Household Loss Reason	Oregon Wasted Food Study Diary (2017)	NRDC Diary (2015/16)
Moldy/Spoiled	32.1%	36%
Don't like/tired of eating	16.4%	9%
Not good as leftovers	14.1%	20%
Other	10.2%	4%
Past date	8.4%	7%
Too little to save	7.8%	7%
Worry about illness	7.4%	n/a
Contaminated <sup>1</sup>	1.4%	n/a
Damaged (stale, soggy, freezer burned	)¹ 1.1%	n/a
Improperly cooked	1.0%	<1%
Unrefrigerated too long <sup>1</sup>	<0.1%	13%



Yet ... we all hate waste



### Brain on automatic



## Dynamic lifestyles

## Complexity of Change

#### **Additional Barriers:**

- Not enough information
- Time needed to learn new skills
- Time needed to prepare fresh food
- Preference for one food type versus another

# Why Wasting Food Matters

By Keeping Good Food from Going to Waste ...

#### We can:

- Toss less
- Eat well
- Simplify our lives
- Save money



What it costs us in \$

The estimated total value of food loss at the retail and consumer levels in United States:

\$161.6 BILLION in 2010

## Wasted Food = Wasted Resources

- Food loss and waste in the U.S. consumes considerable resources annually, including:
  - 5.9 trillion gallons freshwater and 665 billion KWH of energy, equivalent to the amount of water and electricity used by 50 million households each year;
  - 139 million acres of land, equivalent to the area of Florida, Georgia and the Carolinas; and
  - 14.3 billion pounds of fertilizer.



### Climate Consequences

- Food loss and waste accounts for 8% of global anthropogenic GHG emissions.
- More than 85% of GHG emissions from landfilled food waste result from activities prior to disposal, including the production, transport, processing, and distribution of food.
- Food waste is the single most common material landfilled in the U.S., comprising 24% of landfilled municipal solid waste.
- This large volume of disposed food is a main contributor to the roughly 17% of total U.S. anthropogenic methane emissions that come from landfills.

What would keeping food from going to waste:

### Discussion

- Do for you?
- Do for the environment?
- Do for your community?



# Strategies to Reduce Wasted Food

## SMART SHOPPING:

## BUY WHAT YOU NEED

#### **SMART STRATEGY:**

### Make a Shopping List with Meals in Mind

- Think about how many meals you'll eat at home this week and how long before your next shopping trip.
- Next to fresh items on the list, note the quantity you need or number of meals you're buying for.
- Shop your kitchen first and note items you already have.

FOOD ITEM	AMOUNT NEEDED	ALREADY HAVE
Salad greens	Lunch for a week	Enough for one lunch
2% milk	Gallon	None
	a ha h-a ha h-a ha h-a ha h-a ha h-a ha h-a h	

#### SMART STORAGE:

### KEEP FRUITS & VEGETABLES FRESH

#### FRUIT AND VEGETABLE STORAGE GUIDE

#### INSIDE THE FRIDGE

- · Apples, berries, and cherries
- . Grapes, kiwi, lemons, and oranges
- Meloris, nectarines, apricots, peaches, and plums (after ripening at room temperature)
- Avocados, pears, tomatoes (after ripening at room temperature)
- · Almost all vegetables and herbs

#### **OUTSIDE THE FRIDGE**

- Bananas, mangos, papayas, and pineapples: store in a cool place
- Potatoes / onions: store in a cool, dark place
- Basil and winter squashes: store at room temperature once cut, store squashes in fridge

#### MORE STORAGE TIPS

- . If you like your fruit at room temperature, take what you will eat for the day out of the fridge in the morning.
- Many fruits give off natural gases that hasten the spoilage of other nearby produce. Store bananas, applies, and tomatoes by themselves and store fruits and vegetables in different bins.
- Consider storage bags and containers designed to help extend the life of your produce.
- To prevent mold, wash berries just before eating.



Image courtesy of Grant Cochrane/FreeDisitalPhotos.net

SMART SAVING:

EAT WHAT YOU BUY



DISCUSSION: What other strategies can you recommend?

# Food: Too Good to Waste *Challenge*





➤ Record the amount of household wasted food before and after adopting one (or more) of the four strategies.

## Take the Food: Too Good to Waste Challenge!



I would like to take the Challenge!



Name:



Email:



Today's date: