## DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION Interim Final 2/5/99 RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725) Current Human Exposures Under Control

Facility Name:	W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc. Paper Mill West Facility
Facility Address:	555 Paper Mill Road, Newark, DE 19714
Facility EPA ID #:	DED002331536

- 1. Has all available relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil, groundwater, surface water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste Management Units (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in this EI determination?
  - If yes check here and continue with #2 below.
  - If no re-evaluate existing data, or
  - If data are not available, skip to #6 and enter "IN" (more information needed) status code.

## BACKGROUND

### Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

#### Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" El

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate riskbased levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

#### Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

#### **Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations**

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

2. Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air media known or reasonably suspected to be "contaminated"<sup>1</sup> above appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs, RUs or AOCs)?

	Yes	<u>No</u>	?	Rationale / Key Contaminants
Groundwater		x		
Air (indoors) <sup>2</sup>	Х			Tetrachloroethylene (PCE) (indoor air sampling)
Surface Soil (e.g., <2 ft)		Х		
Surface Water		х		
Sediment		Х		
Subsurf. Soil (e.g., >2 ft)		Х		
Air (soil gas)	Х			Tetrachloroethylene (PCE), Trichloroethylene (TCE) (sub-slab soil gas sampling)

- If no (for all media) skip to #6, and enter "YE," status code after providing or citing appropriate "levels," and referencing sufficient supporting documentation demonstrating that these "levels" are not exceeded.
- If yes (for any media) continue after identifying key contaminants in each "contaminated" medium, citing appropriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the determination that the medium could pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing supporting documentation.
  - If unknown (for any media) skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code.

Rationale and Reference(s):

See the April 1, 2010 RCRA Facility Investigation Report and the November 2, 2010 RCRA Facility Supplemental Addendum Report, and #4 rational below.

Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup> "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

 $^2$  Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

3. Are there complete pathways between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

# Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table

## Potential Human Receptors (Under Current Conditions)

"Contaminated" Media	Residents	Workers	Day-Care	Construction	Trespassers	Recreation	Food <sup>3</sup>
Groundwater							
Air (indoors)	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No
Soil (surface, e.g., <2 ft)							
Surface Water							
Sediment							
Soil (subsurface e.g., >2 ft)							
Air (outdoors)							

Instructions for Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table:

1. Strike-out specific Media including Human Receptors' spaces for Media, which are not "contaminated" as identified in #2 above.

2. Enter "yes" or "no" for potential "completeness" under each "Contaminated" Media -- Human Receptor combination (Pathway).

Note: In order to focus the evaluation to the most probable combinations some potential "Contaminated" Media -Human Receptor combinations (Pathways) do not have check spaces ("\_\_\_\_"). While these combinations may not be probable in most situations they may be possible in some settings and should be added as necessary.

- If no (pathways are not complete for any contaminated media-receptor combination) skip to #6, and enter "YE" status code, after explaining and/or referencing condition(s) in-place, whether natural or manmade, preventing a complete exposure pathway from each contaminated medium (e.g., use optional Pathway Evaluation Work Sheet to analyze major pathways).
- If yes (pathways are complete for any "Contaminated" Media Human Receptor combination) continue after providing supporting explanation.
- If unknown (for any "Contaminated" Media Human Receptor combination) skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code.

Rationale and Reference(s):

See the April 1, 2010 RCRA Facility Investigation Report and the November 2, 2010 RCRA Facility Supplemental Addendum Report, and #4 rational below.

<sup>3</sup> Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

- 4. Can the **exposures** from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be "**significant**"<sup>4</sup> (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps even though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?
  - If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."
  - If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."
  - If unknown (for any complete pathway) skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code

Rationale and Reference(s):

As reported in the April 1, 2010 RCRA Facility Investigation Report and the November 2, 2010 RCRA Facility Supplemental Addendum Report, both PCE and TCE were detected in sub-slab soil gas vapors beneath the building slabs in the SWMU 6/Tank 4 area and the "Shed Building" next to the Impoundment area. Concentrations of PCE and TCE exceeded Delaware's Target Shallow Soil Gas Concentrations which assumes a 1x10<sup>-6</sup> Risk Level and Hazard Index of 1. In accordance with DNREC's Vapor Intrusion Guidance (March 2007), additional sub-slab soil gas sampling, indoor air sampling, and a Site Specific Risk Analysis (SSRA) were performed. The results of these activities were reported in the Air Pathway Analysis Report submitted to DNREC on September 1, 2011.

The results of the air pathway analysis concluded that there were no detectable concentrations of chemicals of concern (through indoor air sampling) in the occupied floor of the lower shed building. Furthermore, there were no chemicals of concern detected above regulatory criteria in sub slab samples collected beneath the building in the SWMU 6/Tank 4 area.

The lower level (basement/storage area) of the shed building contained concentrations of PCE in indoor air above residential standards corresponding to a  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  risk factor and slightly exceeded the  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  risk factor. As a result, a SSRA was performed to evaluate the level of risk based on actual usage of this area. The risk assessment concluded that the actual risk to human health in this room was  $6.6 \times 10^{-7}$  with a hazard index of .0011. This indicates that the risk associated with the current use of the Shed Basement should be well below both the EPA residential target level, and the required DNREC level, as long as the building use remains the same.

<sup>4</sup> If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

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5.	Can the "significant" exposures (identified in #4) be shown to be within acceptable limits?
	If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).
	If no - (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable") - continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.
	If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" status code.

Rationale and Reference(s):

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- 6. Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Current Human Exposures Under Control EI (event code CA725), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination below (attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility).
  - $\square$ YE - Yes, "Current Human Exposures Under Control" has been verified. Based on a review of the information contained in this El Determination, "Current Human Exposures" are expected to be "Under Control" at the W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc., Paper Mill West Facility, Newark, DE, EPA ID# DED002331536.
  - NO - "Current Human Exposures" are NOT "Under Control."
- IN More information is needed to make a determination.

Completed by

Zeiter ct Officer Environmental Program Administrator- DNREC

Date <u>9/29/11</u>

Supervisor

Locations where References may be found:

Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control Solid and Hazardous Waste Management Section 89 Kings Highway Dover, DE 19901

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