
START 3

Superfund Technical Assessment and Response Team 3 –
Region 8



**United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Contract No. EP-W-05-050**

**WATER QUALITY REPORT
Four Mines Within Cement Creek Watershed**

Silverton, San Juan County, Colorado

TDD No. 1008-01

August 27, 2012



URS
OPERATING SERVICES, INC.

In association with:

**Garry Struthers Associates, Inc.
LT Environmental, Inc.
TechLaw, Inc.
Tetra Tech EMI
TN & Associates, Inc.**


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1.0 INTRODUCTION

URS Operating Services, Inc. (UOS), was tasked by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), under Superfund Technical Assessment and Response Team 3 (START) contract # EP-W-05-050 Technical Direction Document (TDD) No. 1008-01, to provide technical support to the Region 8 On-Scene Coordinator (OSC) at an abandoned mine site near Silverton, San Juan County, Colorado. Specifically, START was tasked to review mine adit discharge data that had been obtained during several sampling events and to compile the data for review and analysis. This report focuses on four mine adits located in the headwaters of Cement Creek: the Red and Bonita, Mogul, Gold King 7 Level, and the American Tunnel. The flows from these adits have been substantially altered since the plugging of the American Tunnel, thus the reason for the focus on these adits. Another adit exists at the Grand Mogul mine upstream from the Mogul in the Cement Creek drainage above the other mines. However, it is not visible other than evidence of a waste dump, and there is no observable surface discharge.

Field data were obtained beginning in May 2009 and ending in October 2011. The mines are located within the Cement Creek drainage, approximately 10 miles north of the town of Silverton, Colorado (Figure 1). This information is intended to summarize several years of information regarding the flow and water quality for these major discharging adits and provide a base of comparison for potential changes resulting from actions that may be implemented.

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

Cement Creek originates high in the rugged San Juan Mountains of southwestern Colorado near the San Juan County and Ouray County line below the south flank of Brown Mountain, and southeast of Red Mountain Number 1. Cement Creek begins at an elevation of 13,000 feet above mean sea level (AMSL) and flows 7 miles southward to an elevation of 9,305 feet AMSL at its confluence with the Animas River at Silverton, Colorado (Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment [CDPHE] 1998). The name Cement Creek probably refers to the iron rich precipitates (ferricrete) that coat the stream bed materials (U. S. Geological Survey [USGS] 2007a). The Cement Creek watershed is a major tributary of the upper Animas River watershed. These watersheds were the focus of both large- and small-scale mining operations that flourished beginning in 1871 and lasting until as late as 1991.

Road access is via County Road (CR) 110 from the town of Silverton to CR53, accessed at the abandoned town site of Gladstone. CR53 continues northward up the Cement Creek valley to individual mine access

points. The mines are accessible during non-snow months of the year, typically late June through early October.

2.1 GEOLOGY

The Cement Creek basin is located within the volcanic terrain of the San Juan Mountains. The area was a late Oligocene volcanic center where the eruption of many cubic miles of lava and volcanic tuffs covered the area to a depth of more than a mile (USGS 1969). The Cement Creek basin is composed of predominately intermediate to silicic composition lava flows. The flows include three distinct units: the upper-most crystalline rock Pyroxene Andesite Member – a porphyritic andesite; the Burns Member – a crystalline rock porphyritic andesite and rhyolite sequence that inter-fingers locally with the upper pyroxene andesite member; and the lower-most Henson Member – volcanoclastic sedimentary rocks that inter-finger with the Burns Member and the upper Pyroxene Andesite Member (USGS 2007a). The formation of the 10-mile diameter Silverton caldera produced faults that are generally circular and concentric. The caldera collapse was followed by multiple episodes of hydrothermal activity that produced widespread alteration and mineralization of the rocks (USGS 2007b). Three major areas of post-caldera collapse mineralization and alteration have been identified in the Cement Creek drainage. One of them is the Eureka Graben area on the upper northeast side of the Cement Creek drainage, which is the site of 10- to 18-million-year-old emplacement of northeast-trending polymetallic veins of silver, lead, zinc, copper, and often gold that formed as fracture or fissure filling material (USGS 2007c).

Major faults in the area of interest are those that bound the Eureka Graben, a predominantly northeast to southwest oriented rectangular-shaped downthrown block approximately 1.5 miles wide and 4 miles long, located predominantly northeast of the mines discussed in this report. A northwestern-extending leg of the graben is indicated on Figure 2, and is formed by the Bonita and Ross Basin Faults. The Bonita Fault is east of and sub-parallel to Cement Creek and curves westward at the northern reaches of Cement Creek to form the western extent of the graben and its northwestern-extending leg. The American Tunnel, Red and Bonita, and Upper Gold King mines are respectively located within approximately 5,000, 4,000, and 3,000 feet west of this fault. The target of those mines was likely minor/normal faulting associated with the Bonita Fault. The Mogul and Grand Mogul mines are located along the upper reaches of Cement Creek within approximately 2,000 feet northeast of the Bonita Fault where it curves westward and, respectively, 600 to 400 feet south of the Ross Basin Fault, which forms the northern edge of the

Eureka Graben (USGS 2007a). Mineralization associated with the Ross Basin fault was likely the target of the Mogul and Grand Mogul mines.

Joints and flow structure (crude bedding) were identified and measured at surface on cliff faces and at the portals of prospects and mines adjacent to the Red & Bonita mine. The structural data was analyzed using Rock Pack III software at the Colorado Geological Survey. Two preferential joint trends were detected: a joint set trending roughly east-west, with dips of 60 to 89 degrees to the north; and a joint set striking roughly northeast-southwest, dipping steeply southeast (Colorado Division of Reclamation, Mining and Safety [DRMS] 2007). These orientations are similar to the dominant northeast-southwest anisotropy observed at the Sunnyside mine located 2 miles west. Permeability was observed at the Sunnyside mine to be greater in the northeast-southwest direction due to the dominant fracture orientation within that section of the Eureka Graben. Also, the structural discontinuities measured by the DRMS tend to agree with the direction of structural anisotropy as shown on published geologic maps and reports for this area near the Eureka Graben. Flow structure (crude bedding) in the andesite strikes southeast and dips gently southwest (DRMS 2007).

2.2 HYDROLOGY

The drainage area of Cement Creek is 20.1 square miles (USGS 2007d). Cement Creek flows through the middle of the caldera, with the period of high flow being May, June, and July in response to snowmelt in the San Juan Mountains. Periods of low flow occur in late summer and winter. The average annual flow measured by the USGS on Cement Creek at Silverton before the confluence with the Animas River (station number 09358550, also known as CC48) between 1992 and 2008 (excluding 1994) was 38.3 cubic feet per second (cfs) (17,190 gallons per minute [gpm]). The highest average annual flow on Cement Creek was 56.3 cfs (25,269 gpm) during 1995, and the lowest was 17 cfs (7,630 gpm) during the drought of 2002 (USGS 2009).

Groundwater occurs in the bedrock formations that underlie the Cement Creek watershed. Groundwater occurrence and flow is controlled by the distribution and orientation of secondary porosity and permeability associated with fractures, faults, and zones of highly altered rock. Groundwater discharge to Cement Creek accounts for the base flow in the stream. Groundwater recharge is primarily from infiltration of rain and snow, but also includes infiltration of mine waters.

Rock exposed in adjacent mine workings and prospect adits is highly jointed near the portals, becoming tighter with increased distance from the surface. This is common in hard rock workings in the San Juan Mountains and effects groundwater flow through the rock. Rock near the surface is subjected to severe chemical and physical weathering (freeze-thaw, surface infiltration). Release of overburden pressure through erosion, coupled with glacial scouring effects, normally increases fracturing and jointing of the rock mass near the ground surface. As distance from the ground surface increases, joints generally become fewer and tighter due to overburden pressure (DRMS 2007).

2.3 MINE SITES

This report is focused on four mine sites determined to be major sources of water contamination within the Cement Creek watershed. The mines are accessed by four wheel drive roads. Road access to the Gold King Mine has been truncated by drainage from the North Fork stream which has eroded the road immediately below the mine, making it impassable by vehicle at that point.

2.3.1 American Tunnel

The American Tunnel is the lower-most mine. The portal is located in the abandoned town site of Gladstone at 10,540 feet AMSL. A series of three concrete bulkhead plugs were installed in the tunnel in 1997, 2001, and 2002. However, discharge still occurs from the tunnel via a culvert near the adit location. This discharge flows into a lined channel, through a flume, and into Cement Creek. Since 2009, flow rates have been observed to range from 80 to 143 gpm. The pH range of the discharge is 4.5 to 5.4 standard units (SU). The discharge contributes significant amounts of metals to Cement Creek that include aluminum, iron, manganese, and zinc.

2.3.2 Gold King Mine - 7 Level

The Gold King 7 Level portal is located approximately 0.75 mile northeast of Gladstone in the watershed of the North Fork of Cement Creek at 11,386 feet AMSL. Adit discharge is channeled into a cement culvert, through a flume, and into the North Fork of Cement Creek. The North Fork of Cement Creek joins with the main stem of Cement Creek downstream of the Red and Bonita Mine. Since 2009, discharge rates from the adit have been observed to range from 134 to 252 gpm. The discharge water pH ranges from

2.3 to 5.1 SU. Discharge from the Gold King adit contains high concentrations of copper, aluminum, iron, manganese, and zinc.

2.3.3 Mogul Mine

The Mogul mine portal is located approximately 1.5 miles north of Gladstone at an elevation of 11,376 feet AMSL. Adit discharge from the Mogul Mine passes through a weir located at the portal inside the adit, then through a wetland area before it enters Cement Creek. A concrete bulkhead was installed in the adit in 2003. Since 2009, flow rates from the adit have been observed to range from 40 to 116 gpm. The pH range of the adit discharge water is 3.1 to 3.7 SU. The adit discharge contains high concentrations of aluminum, iron, manganese, and zinc.

2.3.4 Red and Bonita Mine

The Red and Bonita mine portal is approximately 0.5 mile north of Gladstone at 10,893 feet AMSL. Adit discharge was through a collapsed portal until a new portal structure was installed in October 2011. Initial breach of the portal collapse into the adit occurred on September 15, 2011. The adit has been exposed to ambient conditions since that time, although air flow was blocked by a brattice cloth that was placed over the portal during the 2011-2012 winter months to inhibit freezing effects in the adit. Adit discharge flows overland approximately 200 feet across and down a mine dump face before being channelized at the toe of the dump. The channel directs flow into an iron bog en route to Cement Creek approximately 500 feet down gradient from the toe of the dump. Since 2009, adit discharge rates have been observed to range from 181 to 336 gpm. The pH range of portal discharge water is 5.4 to 6.5 SU. The adit discharge water contains high concentrations of aluminum, iron, manganese, and zinc. Because of diffused flow through the portal collapse, field observations included in this report are primarily based upon sampling performed at the toe of the dump within the channelized flow, with the exception of isotope samples obtained at the mine adit.

3.0 SAMPLING ACTIVITIES

Water quality sampling was performed on 17 occasions during a 28-month period. Not all locations were accessible for each sampling event. Sample collection for metals analysis, field parameter measurements, and stream gauging was performed by the EPA, with laboratory analysis performed by the EPA Region 8

Laboratory in Golden, Colorado. Sample collection for stable water isotope and tritium analysis was performed by START. Tritium laboratory analysis was performed at the USGS Stable Isotope and Tritium Laboratory in Menlo Park, California (tritium analysis), and stable water isotope analysis was performed at the Institute of Arctic and Alpine Research Laboratory in Boulder, Colorado (oxygen-18 and deuterium). An attempt to obtain automated field parameter data was pursued through the deployment of dedicated probes within stilling wells attached to flumes at each mine adit. At the Red and Bonita mine the probe was deployed in a well which was completed within the mine adit behind the collapsed portal. All resulting data is of poor quality due to freezing conditions, animal interference, and precipitation of yellowboy (ferric iron hydroxide) onto the probes. This data is displayed in Appendix B.

4.0 OBSERVATIONS

4.1 MINE ADIT FLOW RATES

Table A below presents mine adit discharge rates for individual months in 2005 and 2006, and average discharge rates for the years 2010 (five to seven measurements) and 2011 (five to six measurements). Discharge rates since 2009 are also presented on Figure A. Flow from the American Tunnel appears to have remained stable since 2005. Note that it received three bulkheads that influence flow from the adit; one each in 1997, 2001, and 2002 (Animas River Stakeholders Group [ARSG] 2003). Flow from the Mogul has essentially doubled since 2005. Flow from the Red and Bonita mine appears to have increased by 1/3 since 2005. Adit discharge from the Gold King 7 Level appears to be somewhat erratic, however predictable in the fact that flow appears to have increased since 2005, although additional data would be warranted.

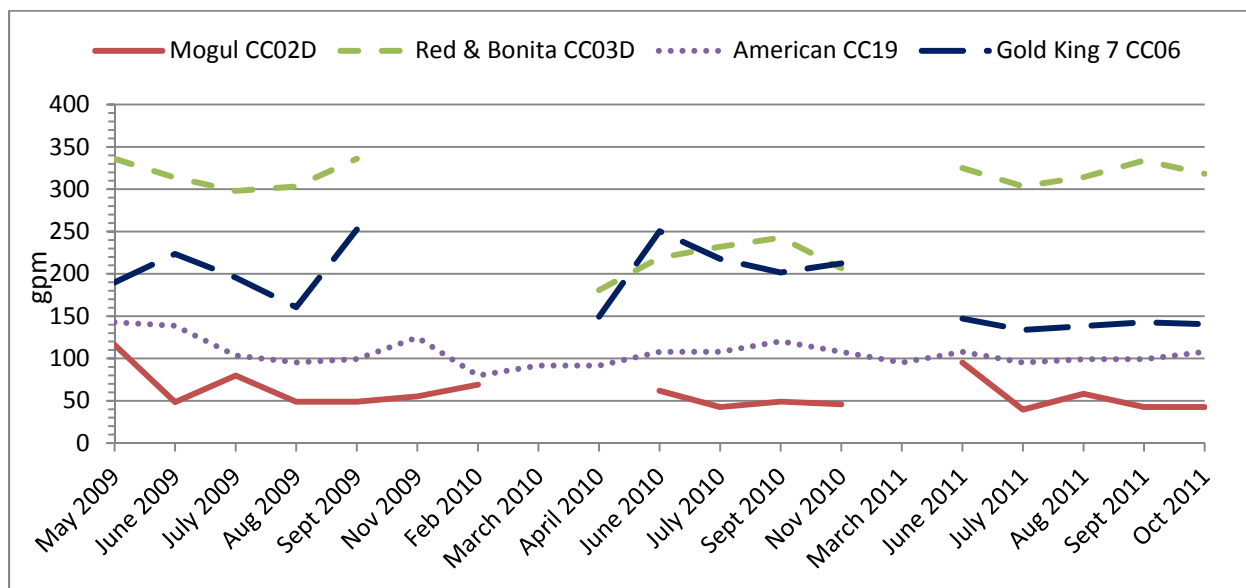
TABLE A
Mine Adit Discharge 2005 to 2011

| Mine | Elevation (feet AMSL) | Bulkhead Install | Flow Rate (gpm) | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | | July 2005 | September 2005 | October 2006 | Average 2010 | Average 2011 |
| Mogul | 11,376 | 2003 | 21 | 27 | 11 | 54 | 56 |
| Gold King 7 Level | 11,386 | None | 42 | 135 | 314 | 206 | 140 |
| Red & Bonita | 10,893 | None | 210 | 224 | 233 | 216 | 319 |
| American Tunnel | 10,540 | 1997 2001 2002 | 95 | 90 | 84 | 101 | 101 |

gpm – Gallons per minute.
 AMSL – Above mean sea level.

Mine portal discharge rates appear to be fairly consistent during the observation period of May 2009 to August 2011 (Figure A). Due to extreme winter conditions it is not possible to obtain flow measurements during the December to March period. As shown in Figure A, the Mogul mine exhibited the lowest discharge rate of approximately 50 gpm, while the Red and Bonita exhibited the greatest flow volume at approximately 330 gpm. Flow from the Red and Bonita portal was significantly lower in 2010 when compared to 2009 and 2011.

Figure A
Mine Discharge Rates in Gallons per Minute (gpm)

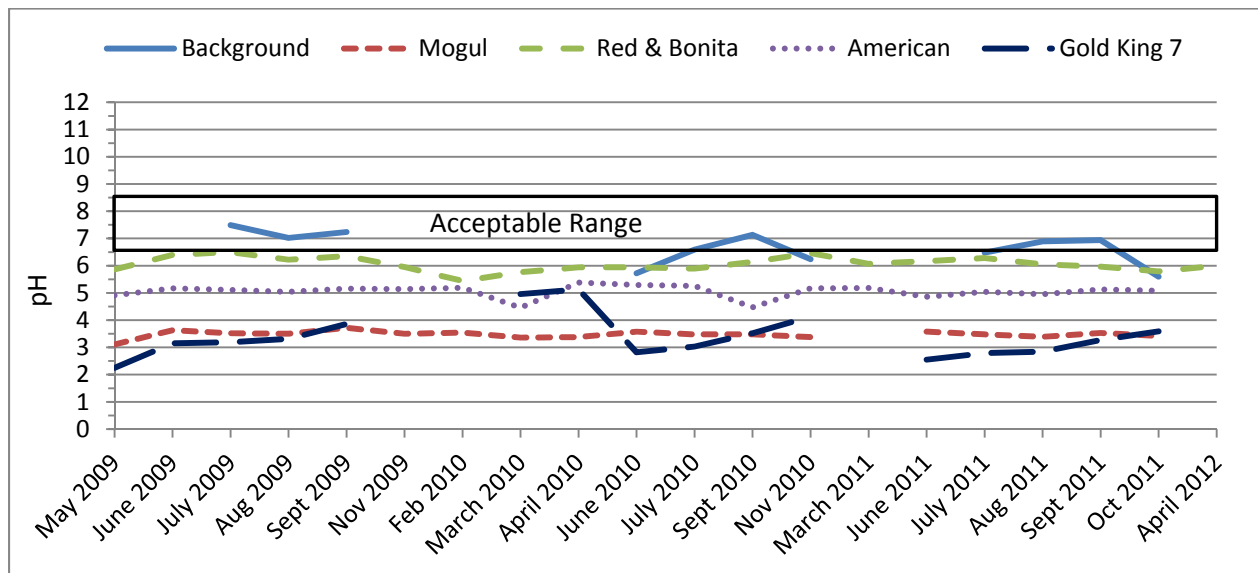


4.2 ACIDITY pH

Mine discharge water exhibited varying pH levels (Figure B). The pH values for samples collected from the American Tunnel were consistent and averaged 5 SU. Samples from the Mogul and the Gold King had lower pH values, each averaging 3.5 and 3.4 SU, respectively; however, the pH range at the Mogul is observed to be relatively narrow, between 3.1 to 3.72 SU, while the range observed at the Gold King varied more widely between 2.3 to 5.1 SU. The Red and Bonita exhibited a fairly consistent pH averaging 6.1 SU. Note that an independent pH measurement of 6.0 SU was obtained at the Red & Bonita in April 2012 when a light yellow-orange precipitate was observed to be releasing from the adit drainage (Sorenson 2012). A red-colored precipitate has been typical during site activities, although some lighter-colored precipitate is observed on the adit walls and on the mine dump.

All pH measurements from the adits were below an acceptable range of approximately 6.5 to 8.5 SU required for aquatic organisms to thrive. For comparison, results from a background sample (sample location CC01F) located above the Grand Mogul mine in upper Ross Basin was included on Figure B. Samples from that location averaged 6.7, within the acceptable pH range.

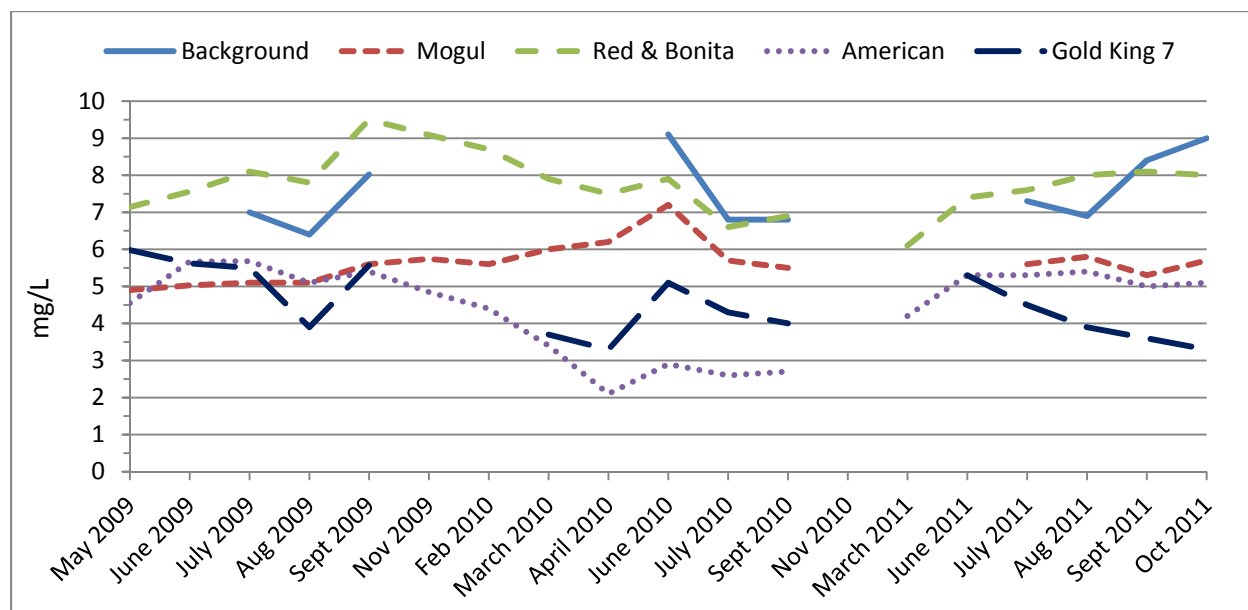
Figure B
Mine Discharge pH Values



4.3 DISSOLVED OXYGEN

Concentrations of dissolved oxygen (DO) from mine discharge water are shown in Figure C. It is important to note that DO was measured in channels near the mine adits that transport the mine discharge to Cement Creek. The mine discharge water will mix with air along the channel route to Cement Creek, thus the values are not representative of in situ conditions. The distance traveled and the amount of turbulence will vary for each site. This makes it difficult to interpret the data. However it should be noted that the four different mine discharges do vary in concentration of DO. Also, for illustration, a healthy stream will typically have a minimum DO amount of 4 to 5 milligrams per liter (mg/L) and, as shown in Figure C, the DO values are below 5 mg/L for the American Tunnel and Gold King 7 Level discharge. The “background” sample is location CC01F located above the Grand Mogul mine in upper Ross Basin.

Figure C
Dissolved Oxygen in Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)



4.4 METALS LOADING RATES

Metal loading from mine discharge waters into Cement Creek is presented in charts included in Appendix A. Loading charts for aluminum, cadmium, copper, iron, lead, manganese, nickel, and zinc were prepared, as these appeared to be the most egregious metals within the data sets provided for this investigation. Common among the charts is the observation that the Upper Gold King 7 Level mine appears to contribute the most metals overall to the Cement Creek drainage. However, the Red and Bonita mine contributes more lead and manganese than the Gold King.

4.5 STABLE WATER ISOTOPE AND TRITIUM ANALYSIS

Stable water isotope and tritium analysis was performed on mine discharge and Cement Creek samples to help characterize the sources of water and the flow paths, and provide an estimation of the age of the water. Isotopes are atoms of the same chemical element having the same number of protons but differing numbers of neutrons. They are alike chemically, but differ in mass. For this study, 30 water samples were analyzed for the presence of tritium (³H), and stable water isotopes [oxygen-18 (¹⁸O), and deuterium (²H)]. These samples were collected from five different mine discharges (American Tunnel, Red and Bonita, Gold King 7 Level, Mogul, and Grand Mogul) and five different Cement Creek locations (Figure 2). Samples were collected in October 2010, March 2011, June 2011, September 2011 and October 2011.

4.5.1 Oxygen 18 (^{18}O), and Deuterium (^2H)

Analysis of ^{18}O and ^2H involves measuring the fractionation (isotope partitioning) of these stable isotopes that has occurred as a result of natural meteorological processes. The meteoric relationship of ^{18}O and ^2H arises from fractionation during condensation from the vapor mass. During phase changes of water between liquid and gas, the heavier water molecules tend to concentrate in the liquid phase, which fractionates the hydrogen and oxygen isotopes. Water that evaporates from the ocean, for example, is isotopically lighter than the water remaining behind. And precipitation is isotopically heavier; i.e., it contains more ^2H and ^{18}O than the vapor left behind in the atmosphere (Fetter 1988). Isotope ratios are expressed in delta units (δ) as *per mille* (parts per thousand, or ‰) differences relative to a standard. Fresh waters correlate on a global scale; therefore, a global meteoric water line (GMWL) or “standard mean ocean water line” was developed (Figure D). Continental precipitation will tend to group close to the GMWL while oceanic water will fall below the GMWL, as it is isotopically enriched. Figure D illustrates tight groupings of water samples from the collective mine adits, as well as a tight grouping of individual mines, with the exception of the Mogul mine.

The ^{18}O values observed at the site indicate that the mine adit discharges are very similar and dominated by infiltrated snowmelt that has been in residence in the subsurface for 5-15 years. The ^{18}O values for the Mogul were more enriched, suggesting some rain input. Water samples from Cement Creek vary widely in ^{18}O values, suggesting poorly mixed waters that are probably affected by the time of year the samples were obtained. Samples collected in June are more depleted in ^{18}O than samples collected in March, September and October, probably indicating a significant snowmelt component, which could be due to a recharge from infiltration of current years’ snowmelt forcing older more depleted (-17δ to -18δ) water out into the stream; i.e., a “piston flow” concept that is common in the mountains. The more enriched values of ^{18}O (-14δ to -16δ) may indicate some contribution from monsoon rain. Samples collected in October are more enriched, perhaps indicating a large amount of rain input.

4.5.2 Tritium (^3H)

Tritium, ^3H , is an unstable isotope of hydrogen with a half-life of 12.4 years. Tritium within the atmosphere enters the groundwater as recharging precipitation. Beginning in

1953, the manufacturing and testing of nuclear weapons increased the amount of ^3H in the atmosphere, resulting in an increase of ^3H in the groundwater. Therefore ^3H can be used to approximate ages of groundwater, although age predictions are not precise due to temporal and spatial variations in ^3H injected into the atmosphere since 1953 (Fetter 1988). Per Clark and Fritz (1997), tritium values between 5 and 15 are representative of residence times of 5 to 15 years, commonly thought of as modern or “new” water. Tritium values in new precipitation in the San Juan Mountains are currently about 6 to 7 tritium units (TU). In general, snow typically has a lower ^3H concentration than spring or summer rain.

Amounts of ^3H in waters sampled at the site area range from 4.4 TU to 9.7 TU (Table 3). Only two values at the site were below 5 TU; one from the Mogul and one from the American Tunnel. Both of those samples were collected during base flow (October). Those two samples may indicate some small amount of older water, although still less than a 50-year residence time. Figure E is a plot of ^3H vs. delta ^{18}O . The five samples in the upper left corner on Figure E are from stream locations in upper Cement Creek. Tritium values for these samples indicate that these waters may be older (probably have some nuclear weapon-spiked water) than the other samples which mostly fall between 6 and 8 TU, indicating newer water. However ^{18}O values for the five samples indicate that the water is mostly snowmelt. Overall, the adit discharge values are all similar and are lower in tritium than surface waters. The higher values for surface water probably indicate that Cement Creek has a significant amount of very recent water; i.e., from the last few years.

Figure D
Stable Isotope Comparison in Mine Discharge and Surface Waters

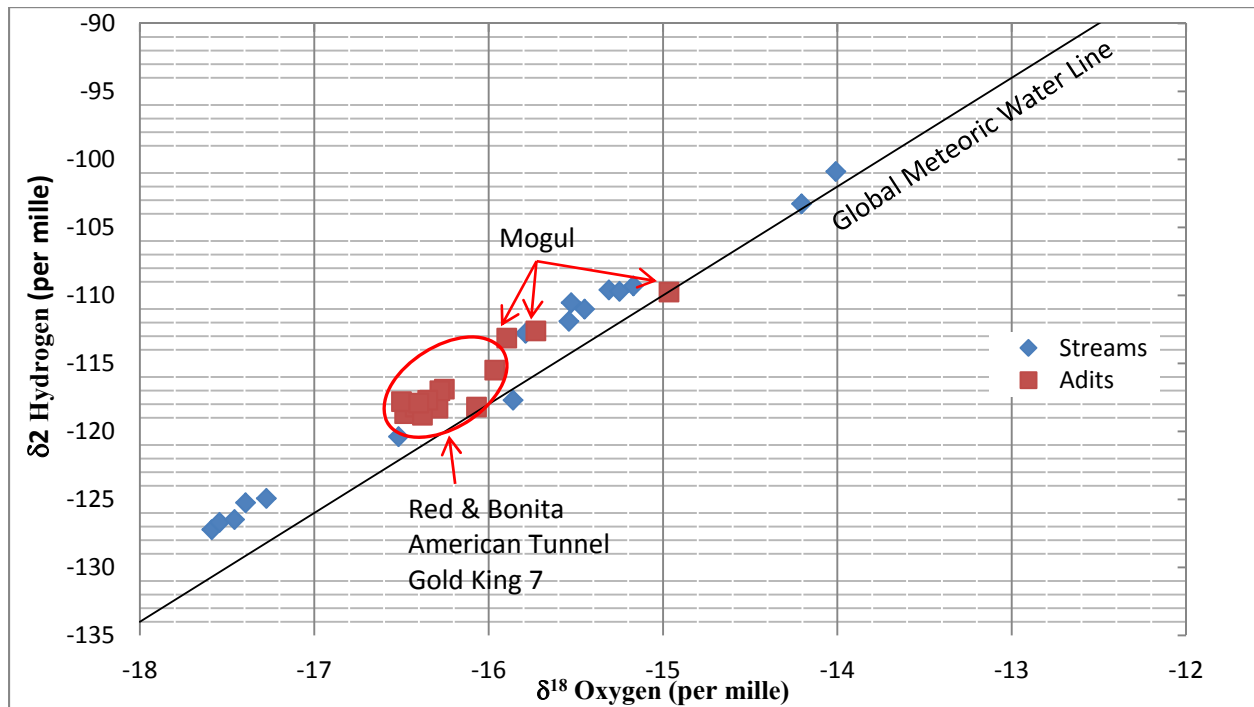
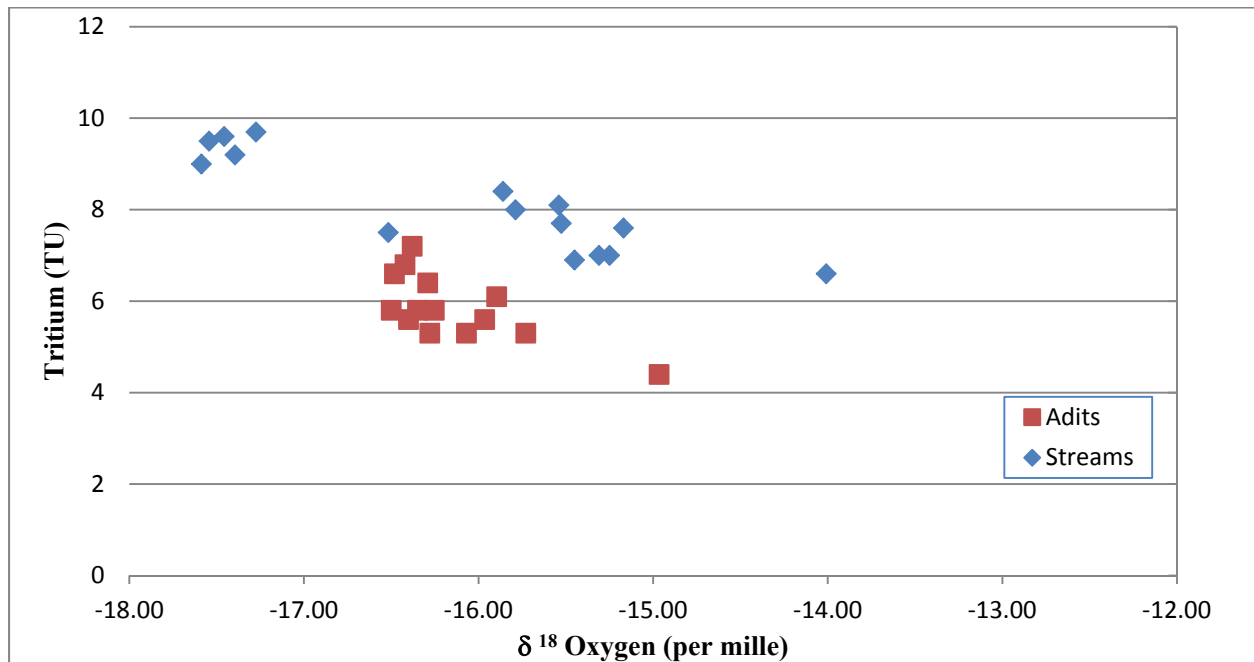


Figure E
Tritium vs. δ^{18} Oxygen – Mine Discharge and Cement Creek Waters



5.0 SUMMARY AND OBSERVATIONS

Infiltration of rain and snow are the primary sources of recharge in the upper Cement Creek watershed, with snowmelt being dominant over a multiple season basis. The late summer monsoon rains do provide recharge but not as much as snowmelt. As shown on Figures D and E, the samples from the American Tunnel, Red and Bonita, and the Gold King are tightly clustered, suggesting that they are similar and dominated by snowmelt. The samples from the Mogul are more enriched, suggesting more of a rain input. The residence time of water in the subsurface, from the time it enters as infiltrated snow/rain to the time it discharges via mine adits or to Cement Creek, is from 5 to 15 years. Water discharge from the adits is well-mixed, has a consistent signature, and is on average older than the water in Cement Creek, which indicates that the adit discharge water is from a mine pool and not from recent precipitation.

The period of greatest water flow at the site appears to be occurring during the May/June months when snow melt is most prevalent. The low flow period of the year appears to be around the month of August (Figures F and G). Metals loading to Cement Creek correlate with water flow amounts; i.e., as the water volume within Cement Creek changes, so does the relative amount of metals within the water. Therefore, a dilution effect does not seem to be occurring during high flow periods.

The aquifer at the site area is a fracture-controlled system that has been widely affected by mining activities during the past 141 years. Mine influences such as adits, tunnels, pits, etc., have provided preferential pathways for groundwater migration and have exposed minerals that chemically react with oxygen and water to produce acid mine drainage. A primary source for metals contamination in Cement Creek appears to occur via mine adit discharge while associated mine features, such as mine dumps, appear to contribute lesser amounts of metals loading. This scenario is observed at the Mogul Mine where water sampling indicated that contributions to the metals load in Cement Creek from the associated mine waste rock dump was small. As much as 95 percent of the load observed below the Mogul Mine appeared to be derived from the mine adit discharge (EPA 2012).

Chemical signatures among mine adit discharges sampled for this report varied with regard to the amount of metals being released; however, similar metals were observed at each adit. Metals loading graphs are included in Appendix A.

Mineralization that is present within typical mining regions promotes a commonly occurring red-colored ferric iron hydroxide and/or iron oxide precipitate known as “yellowboy.” Yellowboy is dropped from solution with pH changes, and as oxygen-deprived acidic water, rich in iron, oxidizes with newly

available oxygen when exposed to atmospheric conditions. Red-colored yellowboy is observed at the Red and Bonita mine and, over many years, accumulated to an approximate 8-inch thickness on the top of the mine dump and precipitated onto the dump face. However, the yellowboy precipitate that was observed releasing from the adit drainage onto the mine dump face in the Spring of 2012 (post adit opening) had altered to a distinct light yellow-orange color. The Red and Bonita mine discharge water chemistry, however, appears to be consistent with prior years' observations (Tables 1 and 2). The reason for the color change is not fully understood at this time. Note, however, that iron hydroxide and iron oxide can be observed in color combinations of black, brown, red, and yellow varieties. Also of note is the presence of similar light yellow-orange colored precipitate observed by START on the dump face and within the adit, which was deposited prior to current activities at the site.

Typical red-colored yellowboy accumulation was observed to be as thick as approximately 3 feet within the mine adit as far back as 680 feet inby on June 6, 2012, the maximum adit distance explored by personnel to date. The adit was observed to continue for an undermined distance beyond 680 feet inby, and only one water inflow source was observed: 10 gpm at 283 feet inby. Therefore, the adit water chemistry does indicate a propensity to oxidize and precipitate available iron deep within the adit.

Figure F
Metals Loading & Flow Rate – Sample Location CC02D:
Mogul Mine Discharge Water

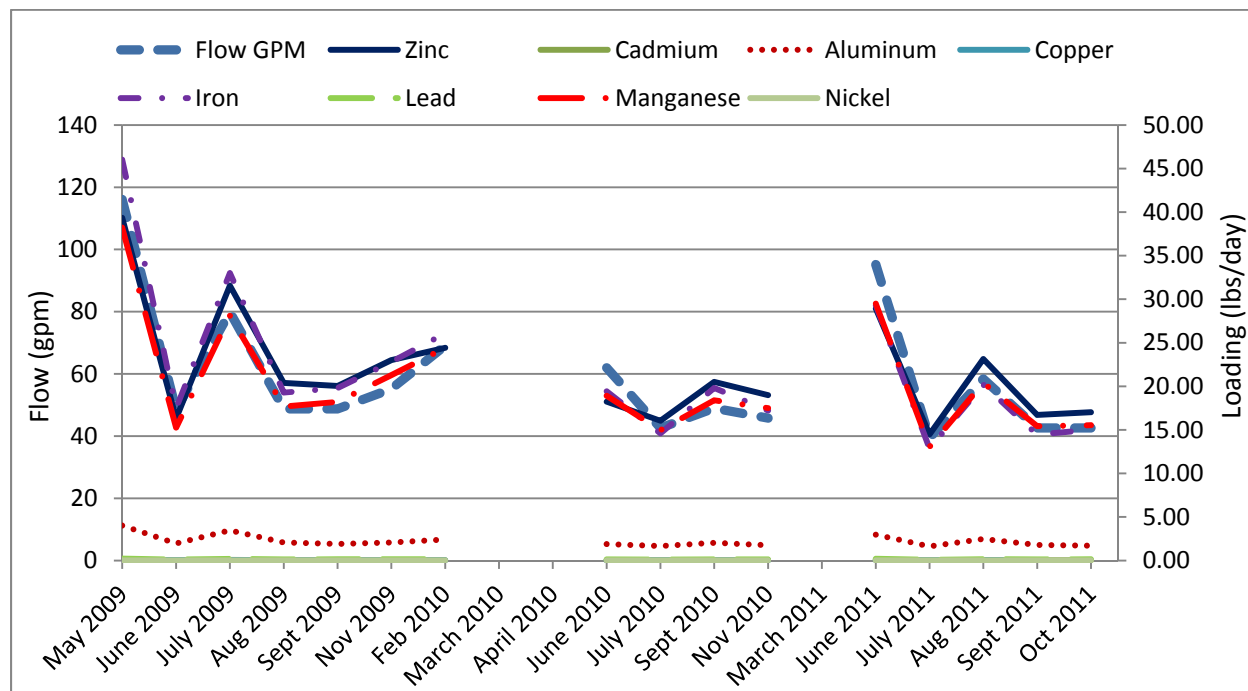
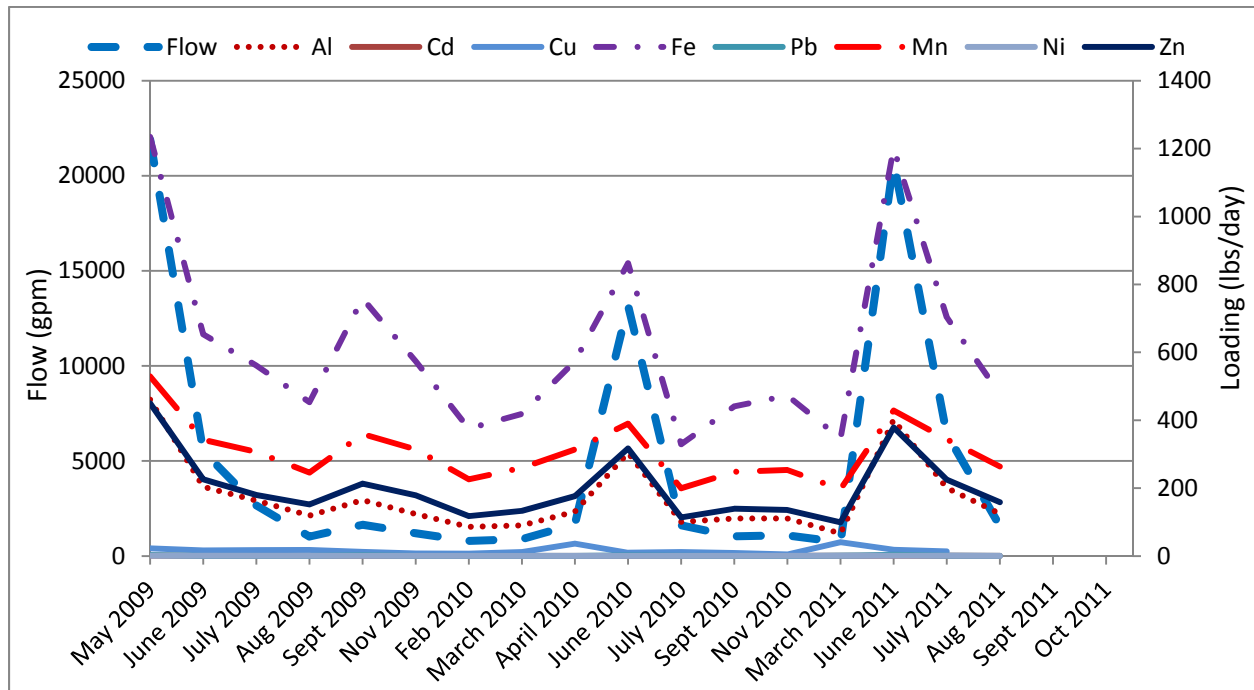


Figure G
Metals Loading & Flow Rate – Sample Location CC18:
Cement Creek above the South Fork Tributary, Below the Mine Site Area



6.0 REFERENCES

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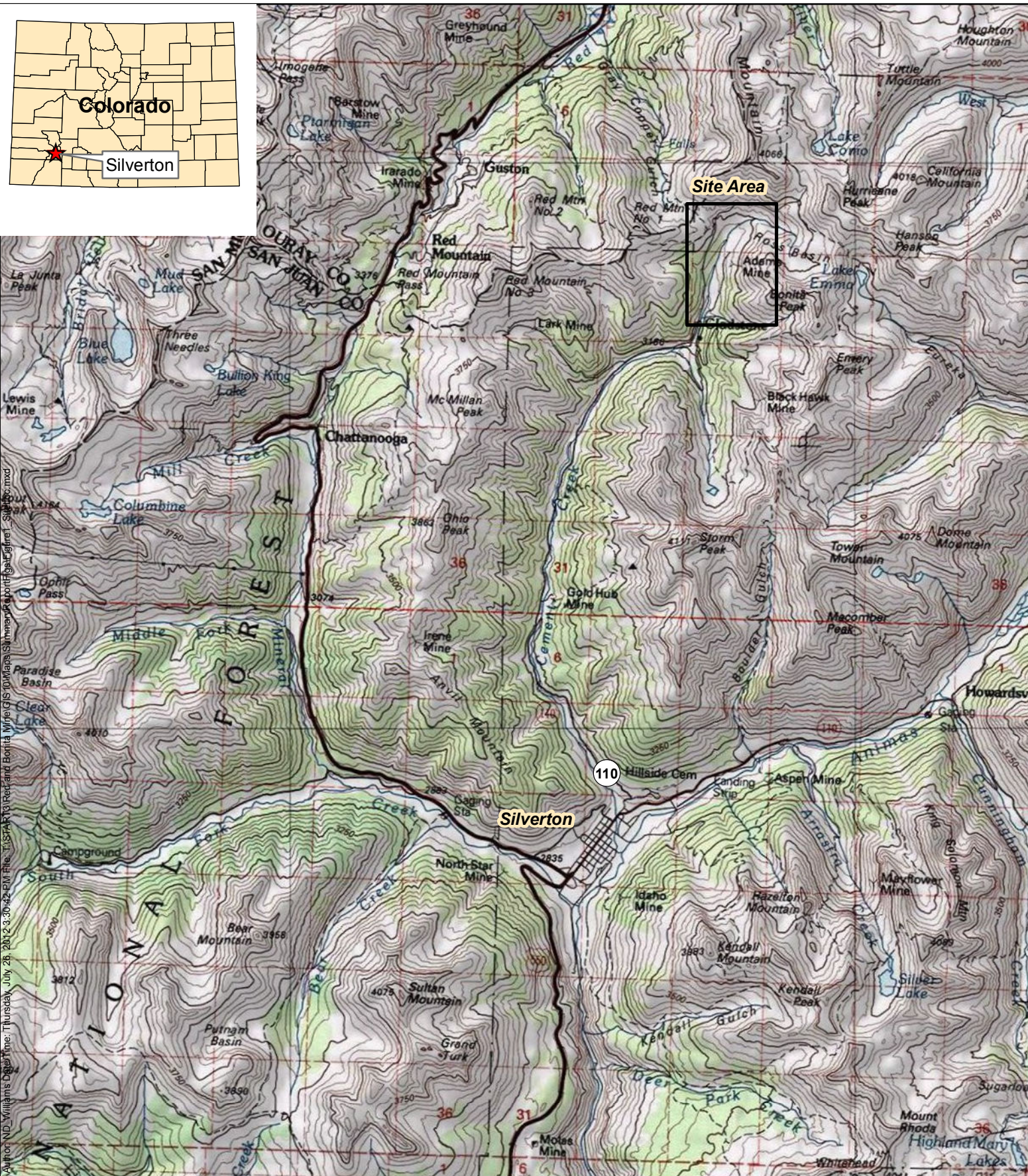
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Projection System:
 Universal Transverse
 Mercator Zone 13 North
 North American Datum 1983


NORTH

Miles





TDD Title: **Water Quality Report
 For Mines Within
 Cement Creek Watershed**

Figure: **1**

Figure Title: **Site Location Map**

TDD County: **San Juan** TDD: **1008-01**
 TDD State: **CO** Date: **08/2012**

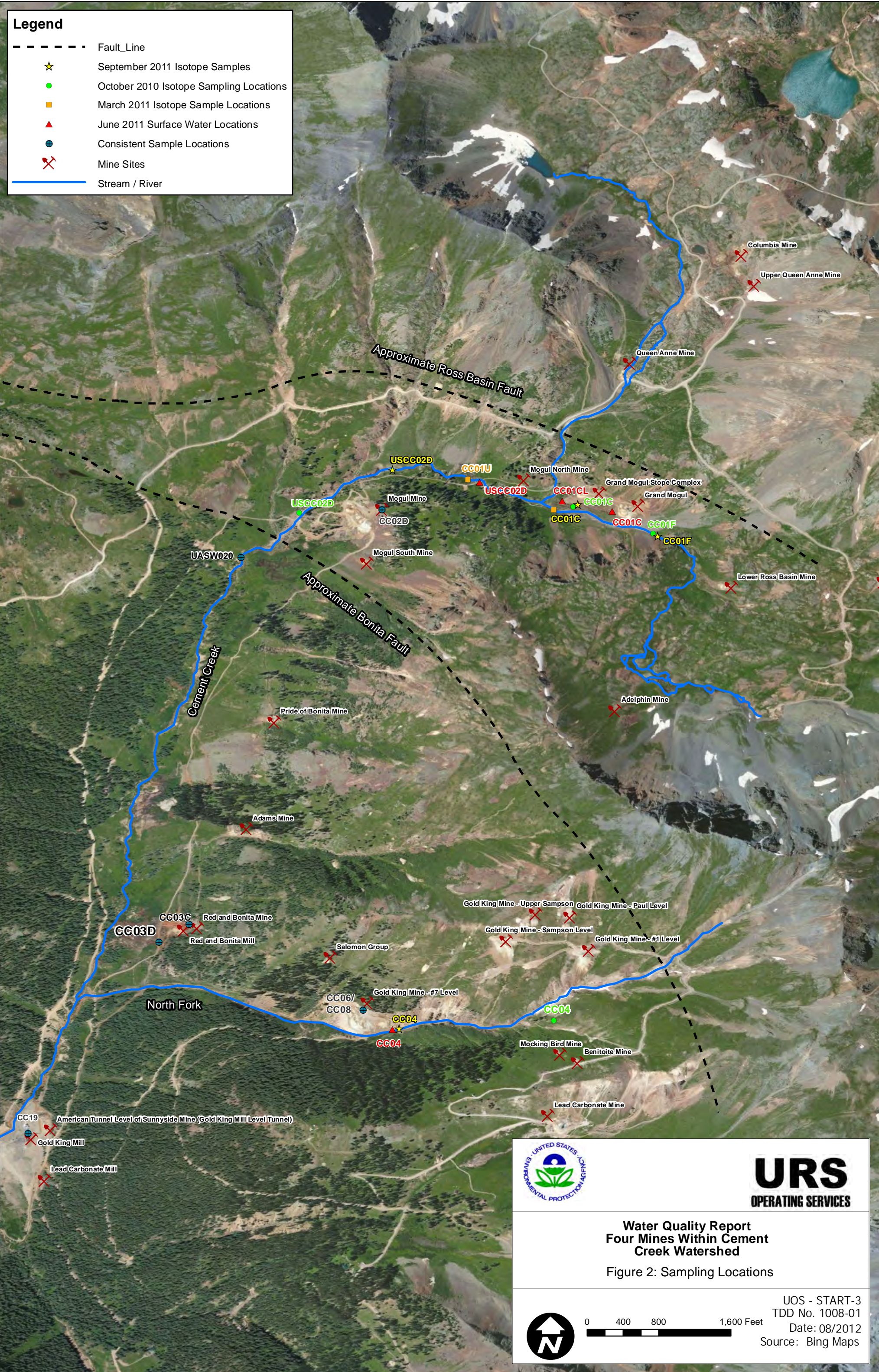

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Sources:
 Arcservices World Topmap


Legend

- Fault_Line
- ★ September 2011 Isotope Samples
- October 2010 Isotope Sampling Locations
- March 2011 Isotope Sample Locations
- ▲ June 2011 Surface Water Locations
- ⊕ Consistent Sample Locations
- ⛏ Mine Sites
- Stream / River






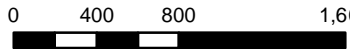
UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



URS
OPERATING SERVICES

Water Quality Report
Four Mines Within Cement Creek Watershed
 Figure 2: Sampling Locations





UOS - START-3
 TDD No. 1008-01
 Date: 08/2012
 Source: Bing Maps

TABLE 1
Field Data Parameters

| | May 2009 | Jun 2009 | Jul 2009 | Aug 2009 | Sep 2009 | Nov 2009 | Feb 2010 | Mar 2010 | Apr 2010 | Jun 2010 | Jul 2010 | Sep 2010 | Nov 2010 | Mar 2011 | Jun 2011 | Jul 2011 | Aug 16 2011 | Sep 13 2011 | Oct 16 2011 | May 16 2012 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Background Station CC01F: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cement Creek upstream of Grand Mogul adit and tailings. Sample at start of steep uphill where grass border meets the scree of the Grand Mogul Mine. Called CCOPP-08 by EPA during July 2009 sampling event. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Flow (cfs) | -- | -- | 1.11 | 0.101 | 0.200 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 4.61 | 0.389 | 0.075 | -- | -- | -- | 3.6 | 0.384 | 0.110 | 0.101 | -- |
| Flow (gpm) | -- | -- | 496.37 | 45.18 | 89.71 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 2068.97 | 174.58 | 33.66 | -- | -- | -- | 1615.68 | 172.34 | 49.37 | 45.33 | -- |
| Temp (°C) | -- | -- | 12.70 | 14.20 | 6.19 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 0.31 | 12.45 | 12.3 | 1.1 | -- | -- | 10.51 | 13.58 | 2.8 | 1.62 | -- |
| Cond (µS/cm) | -- | -- | 257 | 365 | 327 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 129 | 282 | 332 | 276 | -- | -- | 221 | 362 | 365 | 293.2 | -- |
| pH (su) | -- | -- | 7.49 | 7.02 | 7.24 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 5.72 | 6.59 | 7.13 | 6.24 | -- | -- | 6.48 | 6.89 | 6.94 | 5.6 | -- |
| DO (mg/l) | -- | -- | 7.0 | 6.4 | 8.0 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 9.1 | 6.8 | 6.8 | -- | -- | -- | 7.3 | 6.9 | 8.4 | 9 | -- |
| Acidity (mg/l) | -- | -- | <10 | <10 | <10 | -- | -- | -- | -- | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | -- | -- | <10 | <10 | <10 | <10 | -- |
| TSS (mg/l) | -- | -- | <20 | <20 | <20 | -- | -- | -- | -- | <20 | <20 | <20 | <20 | -- | -- | <20 | <20 | <20 | <20 | -- |
| TDS (mg/l) | -- | -- | 44 | 250 | 220 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 85 | 190 | 200 | 180 | -- | -- | 150 | 270 | 240 | 190 | -- |
| Mogul Mine Adit Station CC02D: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mogul Mine adit. Collect sample downstream of the mine pool at the 3-inch Parshall Flume. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Flow (cfs) | 0.259 | 0.108 | 0.178 | 0.109 | 0.109 | 0.123 | 0.154 | -- | -- | 0.138 | 0.095 | 0.109 | 0.102 | -- | 0.212 | 0.088 | 0.13 | 0.095 | 0.095 | 0.231 |
| Flow (gpm) | 116.06 | 48.47 | 79.84 | 48.74 | 48.74 | 55.16 | 69.12 | -- | -- | 61.93 | 42.64 | 48.92 | 45.78 | -- | 95.15 | 39.49 | 58.34 | 42.64 | 42.64 | 103.67 |
| Temp (°C) | 5.19 | 4.92 | 5.31 | 5.23 | 4.95 | 4.86 | 4.76 | 5.13 | 5.08 | 4.38 | 5.33 | 5.3 | 5.1 | -- | 4.99 | 5.42 | 5.3 | 5.26 | 5.11 | 4.58 |
| Cond (µS/cm) | 1,274 | 1,254 | 1,296 | 1,344 | 1,347 | 1,365 | 1,345 | 1,327 | 1,322 | 785 | 1,315 | 1,357 | 1,364 | -- | 1,172 | 1,255 | 1,338 | 1,419 | 1,388 | 1,113 |
| pH (su) | 3.11 | 3.63 | 3.52 | 3.50 | 3.72 | 3.50 | 3.54 | 3.36 | 3.38 | 3.58 | 3.48 | 3.48 | 3.38 | -- | 3.58 | 3.48 | 3.39 | 3.53 | 3.42 | 3.53 |
| DO (mg/l) | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 6 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 5.7 | 5.5 | -- | -- | -- | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 6.5 |
| Acidity (mg/l) | -- | 130 | 160 | 170 | 150 | 140 | 130 | 160 | -- | 140 | 140 | 160 | 140 | -- | 120 | 130 | 150 | 170 | 150 | -- |
| TSS (mg/l) | -- | 22 | 26 | <20 | 25 | <20 | <20 | <20 | -- | <20 | <20 | 24 | <20 | -- | <20 | <20 | <20 | <20 | <20 | -- |
| TDS (mg/l) | -- | 1,100 | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,100 | 1,100 | -- | 1,000 | 1,300 | 1,100 | 1,000 | -- | 960 | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 1,200 | -- |
| Red & Bonita Culvert Station CC03D: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Red and Bonita mine adit. Collect sample at culvert that goes under the road. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Flow (cfs) | 0.749 | 0.699 | 0.664 | 0.676 | 0.749 | -- | -- | -- | 0.403 | 0.488 | 0.517 | 0.541 | 0.46 | -- | 0.724 | 0.676 | 0.7 | 0.744 | 0.709 | -- |
| Flow (gpm) | 336.06 | 313.71 | 298.00 | 303.30 | 336.06 | -- | -- | -- | 180.87 | 219.01 | 232.03 | 242.80 | 206.45 | -- | 324.93 | 303.39 | 314.16 | 333.91 | 318.20 | -- |
| Temp (°C) | 9.17 | 8.28 | 8.15 | 6.08 | 3.89 | 2.09 | 3.22 | 6.85 | 9.4 | 6.83 | 16.78 | 14.2 | 6.4 | 8.94 | 8.06 | 9.59 | 8.26 | -- | -- | 8.40 |
| Cond (µS/cm) | 2,074 | 2,051 | 2,090 | 2,098 | 2,114 | 2,169 | 2,181 | 2,207 | 2,288 | 2,207 | 2,173 | 2,188 | 2,164 | 2,244 | 2,026 | 2,028 | 2,076 | -- | -- | 2,220 |
| pH (su) | 5.86 | 6.40 | 6.50 | 6.22 | 6.35 | 5.95 | 5.44 | 5.76 | 5.94 | 5.94 | 5.89 | 6.14 | 6.46 | 6.07 | 6.17 | 6.28 | 6.05 | 5.96 | 5.79 | 6.23 |
| DO (mg/l) | 7.1 | 7.6 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 8.7 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 6.6 | 6.9 | -- | 6.1 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 8 | 8.1 | 8 | 7.9 |
| Acidity (mg/l) | -- | 200 | 220 | 233 | 250 | 210 | 200 | 240 | -- | 240 | 230 | 190 | 220 | 250 | 230 | 170 | 190 | 180 | 180 | -- |
| TSS (mg/l) | -- | 33 | 23 | 27 | 28 | 23 | 22 | 22 | -- | 28 | 24 | 25 | 27 | 33 | 25 | 32 | 110 | 54 | 51 | -- |
| TDS (mg/l) | -- | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,000 | 2,100 | 2,200 | -- | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,100 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,200 | -- |

TABLE 1, cont.
Field Data Parameters

| | May 2009 | Jun 2009 | Jul 2009 | Aug 2009 | Sep 2009 | Nov 2009 | Feb 2010 | Mar 2010 | Apr 2010 | Jun 2010 | Jul 2010 | Sep 2010 | Nov 2010 | Mar 2011 | Jun 2011 | Jul 2011 | Aug 16 2011 | Sep 13 2011 | Oct 16 2011 | May 16 2012 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| American Tunnel Station CC19: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| American Tunnel mine adit. Sample where flow comes out of the ground. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Flow (cfs) | 0.318 | 0.309 | 0.231 | 0.212 | 0.221 | 0.278 | 0.178 | 0.204 | 0.204 | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0.268 | 0.24 | 0.212 | 0.24 | 0.212 | 0.221 | 0.221 | 0.24 | -- |
| Flow (gpm) | 142.72 | 138.68 | 103.45 | 95.33 | 99.36 | 124.72 | 79.89 | 91.56 | 91.56 | 107.71 | 107.71 | 120.28 | 107.71 | 95.15 | 107.71 | 95.15 | 99.18 | 99.18 | 107.71 | -- |
| Temp (°C) | 7.56 | 7.66 | 7.71 | 7.70 | 7.69 | 7.65 | 7.63 | 7.62 | 7.61 | 7.52 | 7.78 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.63 | 7.48 | 7.65 | 7.68 | 7.68 | 7.69 | 8.86 |
| Cond (µS/cm) | 2,338 | 2,426 | 2,445 | 2,425 | 2,409 | 2,511 | 1,957 | 2,428 | 2,450 | 1,430 | 2,352 | 2,451 | 2,386 | 2,395 | 2,308 | 2,389 | 2,409 | 2,379 | 2,385 | 2,399 |
| pH (su) | 4.91 | 5.17 | 5.11 | 5.04 | 5.16 | 5.14 | 5.19 | 4.46 | 5.38 | 5.29 | 5.26 | 4.47 | 5.17 | 5.18 | 4.86 | 5.04 | 4.95 | 5.13 | 5.08 | 5.01 |
| DO (mg/l) | 4.6 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 3.4 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.7 | -- | 4.2 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5 | 5.1 | 6.8 |
| Acidity (mg/l) | -- | 360 | 380 | 390 | 380 | 350 | 360 | 380 | -- | 380 | 380 | 360 | 340 | 350 | 330 | 360 | 320 | 320 | 350 | -- |
| TSS (mg/l) | -- | 24 | 26 | <20 | <20 | <20 | <20 | <20 | -- | <20 | <20 | <20 | 27 | <20 | 28 | 31 | 82 | <20 | 28 | -- |
| TDS (mg/l) | -- | 2,600 | 2,900 | 2,400 | 2,600 | 2,400 | 2,300 | 2,300 | -- | 2,400 | 2,500 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,100 | 2,500 | 2,600 | -- |
| Upper Gold King 7-Level Adit Station CC06: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7-Level mine adit upstream of the confluence with the North Fork of Cement Creek. Sample where flow comes out of the mine tunnel. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Flow (cfs) | 0.423 | 0.498 | 0.436 | 0.358 | 0.562 | -- | -- | -- | 0.333 | 0.558 | 0.485 | 0.449 | 0.473 | -- | 0.328 | 0.298 | 0.308 | 0.318 | 0.313 | 0.278 |
| Flow (gpm) | 189.80 | 223.50 | 195.49 | 160.51 | 252.42 | -- | -- | -- | 149.45 | 250.43 | 217.67 | 201.51 | 212.28 | -- | 147.21 | 133.74 | 138.23 | 142.72 | 140.47 | 124.76 |
| Temp (°C) | 8.76 | 8.24 | 8.20 | 8.11 | 8.04 | -- | -- | 7.96 | 7.98 | 8.5 | 8.19 | 8 | 8 | -- | 8.56 | 8.42 | 8.13 | 8.02 | 7.95 | 7.96 |
| Cond (µS/cm) | 3,076 | 2,481 | 2,476 | 2,381 | 2,175 | -- | -- | 1,953 | 1,955 | 3,084 | 2,443 | 2,250 | 2,064 | -- | 3,060 | 2,835 | 2,546 | 2,326 | 2,147 | 2,116 |
| pH (su) | 2.25 | 3.15 | 3.19 | 3.31 | 3.86 | -- | -- | 4.96 | 5.13 | 2.82 | 3.03 | 3.52 | 4.13 | -- | 2.55 | 2.79 | 2.84 | 3.27 | 3.59 | 3.25 |
| DO (mg/l) | 6.0 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 3.9 ** | 5.6 | -- | -- | 3.7 | 3.3 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 4 | -- | -- | 5.3 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 4.8 |
| Acidity (mg/l) | -- | 470 | 440 | 410 | 330 | -- | -- | 170 | -- | 1,000 | 420 | 310 | 250 | -- | 1,100 | 850 | 550 | 410 | 320 | -- |
| TSS (mg/l) | -- | 29 | 30 | <20 | 20 | -- | -- | <20 | -- | <20 | 26 | 23 | <20 | -- | <20 | 28 | <20 | <20 | 28 | -- |
| TDS (mg/l) | -- | 2,300 | 2,200 | 2,300 | 2,100 | -- | -- | 1,700 | -- | 3,100 | 2,500 | 1,900 | 1,900 | -- | 3,500 | 2,900 | 2,500 | 2,300 | 2,200 | -- |
| Red & Bonita Adit Station CC03C: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Red and Bonita mine adit at the portal. Do not take flow measurements at this site. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Flow (cfs) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Temp (°C) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 6.2 | 5.9 | -- | -- | 6.05 | 6.15 | 6.12 | 6.05 | 6.08 |
| Cond (µS/cm) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 2,201 | 1,578 | -- | -- | 2,069 | 2,083 | 2,088 | 2,104 | 2,235 |
| pH (su) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 5.97 | 5.86 | -- | -- | 6.06 | 5.99 | 5.73 | 5.65 | 5.68 |
| DO (mg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 6.9 | -- | -- | -- | 7 | 7 | 3.7 | 6.9 | 6.6 |
| Acidity (mg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 210 | 220 | -- | -- | 200 | 200 | 210 | 180 | -- |
| TSS (mg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | <20 | <20 | -- | -- | <20 | <20 | 21 | 51 | -- |
| TDS (mg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 2,000 | 2,000 | -- | -- | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,200 | 2,200 | -- |

cfs – cubic feet per second
 °C – degrees centigrade
 su – standard units
 < - less than
 gpm – gallons per minute
 µS/cm – microsiemens per centimeter
 mg/l – milligrams per liter
 -- - no sample data

TABLE 2
Laboratory Metals Sample Data

| | May 2009 | Jun 2009 | Jul 2009 | Aug 2009 | Sep 2009 | Nov 2009 | Feb 2010 | Mar 2010 | Apr 2010 | Jun 2010 | Jul 2010 | Sep 2010 | Nov 2010 | Mar 2011 | Jun 2011 | Jul 2011 | Aug 16 2011 | Sep 13 2011 | Oct 16 2011 | May 16 2012 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Background Station CC01F: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cement Creek upstream of Grand Mogul adit and tailings. Sample at start of steep uphill where grass border meets the scree of the Grand Mogul Mine. Called CCOPP-08 by EPA during July 2009 sampling event. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Al (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | 204 | 226 | 243 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 248 | 154 | 261 | 294 | -- | -- | 166 | 179 | 151 | 224 | -- |
| Al (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | 180 | 204 | 181 | -- | -- | -- | -- | <100 | 137 | 151 | <25.0 | -- | -- | <100 | 116 | <100 | <100 | -- |
| Al Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | 1.22 | 0.123 | 0.262 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 6.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | -- | -- | -- | 3.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- |
| Cd (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | 1 | 1.2 | 1.5 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 2.1 | 1 | 1.6 | 3.1 | -- | -- | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 2.6 | -- |
| Cd (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.6 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 1.9 | 1 | 1.7 | 3.2 | -- | -- | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 2.7 | -- |
| Cd Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | 0.01 | 0.001 | 0.002 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 0.1 | 0.002 | 0.001 | -- | -- | -- | 0.02 | 0.002 | 0.00 | 0.001 | -- |
| Cu (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | 25.4 | 25.6 | 28.3 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 44.2 | 24.4 | 34.4 | 46.4 | -- | -- | 26.1 | 23.5 | 20.4 | 36.5 | -- |
| Cu (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | 19.7 | 20.4 | 18 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 27.2 | 17.1 | 19.8 | 26.8 | -- | -- | <20.0 | <20.0 | <20.0 | 22.9 | -- |
| Cu Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | 0.15 | 0.014 | 0.031 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 1.1 | 0.1 | 0.01 | -- | -- | -- | 0.5 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.02 | -- |
| Fe (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | <100 | <100 | <100 | -- | -- | -- | -- | <100 | <100 | <10.0 | <10.0 | -- | -- | <100 | <100 | <100 | <100 | -- |
| Fe (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | <100 | <100 | <100 | -- | -- | -- | -- | <100 | <100 | <10.0 | <10.0 | -- | -- | <100 | <100 | <100 | <100 | -- |
| Fe Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Pb (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | 3.3 | 1.5 | 1.9 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 11.5 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.4 | -- | -- | 7.1 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.5 | -- |
| Pb (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | 2.3 | <1.0 | <1.0 | -- | -- | -- | -- | <1.0 | 1.2 | <0.2 | <0.2 | -- | -- | 3.5 | <1.0 | <1.0 | <1.0 | -- |
| Pb Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | 0.02 | 0.001 | 0.002 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 0.3 | 0.01 | 0.001 | -- | -- | -- | 0.1 | 0.004 | 0.001 | 0.001 | -- |
| Mn (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | 48 | 36.1 | 66 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 157 | 42 | 72.1 | 132 | -- | -- | 75.8 | 45.4 | 50 | 121 | -- |
| Mn (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | 47.0 | 35.6 | 66.1 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 148 | 40.5 | 73 | 125 | -- | -- | 73.6 | 45.1 | 55.9 | 120 | -- |
| Mn Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | 0.29 | 0.020 | 0.071 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 3.9 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -- | -- | 1.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -- |
| Ni (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | <2 | <2.0 | <2.0 | -- | -- | -- | -- | <4.0 | <4.0 | <0.7 | <0.7 | -- | -- | <4.0 | <4.0 | <4.0 | <4.0 | -- |
| Ni (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | <2.00 | <2.0 | <2.0 | -- | -- | -- | -- | <4.0 | <4.0 | <0.7 | <0.7 | -- | -- | <4.0 | <4.0 | <4.0 | <4.0 | -- |
| Ni Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Zn (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | 193 | 185 | 279 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 379 | 180 | 262 | 661 | -- | -- | 238 | 179 | 188 | 505 | -- |
| Zn (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | 175 | 179 | 259 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 370 | 179 | 276 | 604 | -- | -- | 233 | 177 | 196 | 492 | -- |
| Zn Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | 1.15 | 0.100 | 0.301 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 9.4 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -- | -- | 4.6 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.3 | -- |
| Mogul Mine Adit Station CC02D: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mogul Mine adit. Collect sample downstream of the mine pool at the 3-inch Parshall Flume. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Al (T) (µg/l) | 2,880 | 3,360 | 3,610 | 3,530 | 3,250 | 3,130 | 2,910 | 2,720 | 2,420 | 2,520 | 3,250 | 3,440 | 3,180 | -- | 2,600 | 3,420 | 3,530 | 3,490 | 3,330 | 2,960 |
| Al (D) (µg/l) | 2,850 | 3,150 | 3,630 | 3,580 | 3,320 | 3,140 | 2,910 | 2,610 | 2,510 | 2,390 | 3,110 | 3,700 | 3,230 | -- | 2,610 | 3,400 | 3,690 | 3,480 | 3,340 | 2,840 |
| Al Load (lb/day) | 4.02 | 1.96 | 3.46 | 2.07 | 1.90 | 2.07 | 2.4 | -- | -- | 1.9 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.7 | -- | 3.0 | 1.6 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.7 | -- |
| Cd (T) (µg/l) | 41.3 | 57.2 | 62.1 | 60.8 | 58.4 | 50.1 | 43.2 | 40.8 | 41.4 | 40.3 | 54.3 | 57.6 | 54 | -- | 36.8 | 50.1 | 60.4 | 58.4 | 54.1 | 35.5 |
| Cd (D) (µg/l) | 40.6 | 51.8 | 63 | 61.8 | 58.5 | 52.5 | 43.5 | 39.3 | 41 | 38.9 | 56.3 | 55.7 | 54.2 | -- | 37.5 | 51.7 | 63.6 | 60.3 | 51.4 | 36.9 |
| Cd Load (lb/day) | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.0 | -- | -- | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | -- | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.03 | -- |
| Cu (T) (µg/l) | 33.9 | 50.4 | 45.5 | 31.4 | 30.9 | 21.6 | 16.9 | 17.9 | 19.7 | 22.6 | 31.6 | 23.8 | 14.7 | -- | 24.6 | 35.2 | 29.9 | 29.5 | <20.0 | 19.2 |

TABLE 2, cont.
Laboratory Metals Sample Data

| | May 2009 | Jun 2009 | Jul 2009 | Aug 2009 | Sep 2009 | Nov 2009 | Feb 2010 | Mar 2010 | Apr 2010 | Jun 2010 | Jul 2010 | Sep 2010 | Nov 2010 | Mar 2011 | Jun 2011 | Jul 2011 | Aug 16 2011 | Sep 13 2011 | Oct 16 2011 | May 16 2012 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Cu (D) (µg/l) | 32.5 | 54.2 | 44.1 | 31.7 | 29.1 | 24 | 16.2 | 18.3 | 19.9 | 22.3 | 32.2 | 22.1 | 14.5 | -- | 24.3 | 33.3 | 30.8 | 30.4 | <20.0 | 22.1 |
| Cu Load (lb/day) | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.0 | -- | -- | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | -- | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | -- | -- |
| Fe (T) (µg/l) | 33,000 | 30,000 | 34,400 | 32,900 | 33,800 | 34,400 | 31,400 | 33,000 | 29,500 | 26,100 | 28,500 | 33,700 | 31,300 | -- | 25,600 | 27,100 | 28,800 | 28,200 | 29,300 | 29,700 |
| Fe (D) (µg/l) | 28,800 | 24,800 | 29,200 | 30,100 | 31,000 | 30,300 | 30,800 | 27,500 | 27,400 | 22,000 | 26,000 | 30,200 | 29,600 | -- | 23,700 | 24,700 | 27,000 | 26,200 | 27,700 | 23,200 |
| Fe Load (lb/day) | 46.03 | 17.48 | 33.01 | 19.27 | 19.80 | 22.80 | 26.1 | -- | -- | 19.4 | 14.6 | 19.8 | 17.2 | -- | 29.3 | 12.9 | 20.2 | 14.4 | 15.0 | -- |
| Pb (T) (µg/l) | 147 | 174 | 202 | 212 | 238 | 213 | 184 | 189 | 181 | 168 | 193 | 232 | 231 | -- | 170 | 189 | 229 | 235 | 254 | 188 |
| Pb (D) (µg/l) | 142 | 160 | 207 | 227 | 241 | 219 | 189 | 182 | 178 | 153 | 186 | 219 | 238 | -- | 174 | 186 | 228 | 236 | 242 | 179 |
| Pb Load (lb/day) | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.19 | 0.12 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.2 | -- | -- | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- |
| Mn (T) (µg/l) | 27,400 | 26,200 | 29,300 | 30,200 | 31,100 | 32,100 | 29,400 | 30,800 | 29,200 | 25,400 | 29,200 | 31,300 | 31,800 | -- | 25,800 | 27,500 | 29,100 | 30,100 | 30,300 | 24,500 |
| Mn (D) (µg/l) | 26,700 | 24,200 | 28,200 | 30,300 | 31,600 | 31,000 | 31,100 | 29,100 | 29,100 | 24,100 | 28,500 | 33,100 | 32,900 | -- | 26,000 | 27,200 | 29,100 | 29,900 | 30,700 | 24,500 |
| Mn Load (lb/day) | 38.22 | 15.26 | 28.11 | 17.69 | 18.22 | 21.28 | 24.4 | -- | -- | 18.9 | 15.0 | 18.4 | 17.5 | -- | 29.5 | 13.1 | 20.4 | 15.4 | 15.5 | -- |
| Ni (T) (µg/l) | 12 | 13.3 | 14 | 13.7 | 14.5 | 14.5 | 14.2 | 12.9 | 11.9 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 12.8 | 13.7 | -- | 11.2 | 12 | 12.2 | 13 | 12 | 10.5 |
| Ni (D) (µg/l) | 11.8 | 11 | 13.2 | 13.5 | 15.1 | 14.2 | 14.7 | 13.3 | 12.4 | 8.8 | 10.2 | 14.1 | 13.1 | -- | 10.8 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 12.5 | 12.3 | 9.36 |
| Ni Load (lb/day) | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.0 | -- | -- | 0.0 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | -- | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.009 | 0.007 | 0.006 | -- |
| Zn (T) (µg/l) | 28,200 | 28,000 | 32,900 | 34,800 | 34,200 | 34,700 | 29,400 | 29,200 | 27,800 | 24,500 | 31,300 | 34,900 | 34,500 | -- | 25,300 | 30,500 | 33,000 | 32,600 | 33,200 | 28,100 |
| Zn (D) (µg/l) | 26,400 | 25,100 | 31,600 | 33,600 | 34,700 | 32,200 | 31,200 | 28,500 | 25,800 | 22,900 | 29,800 | 36,700 | 37,800 | -- | 25,600 | 29,800 | 32,800 | 32,900 | 33,700 | 28,800 |
| Zn Load (lb/day) | 39.33 | 16.31 | 31.57 | 20.38 | 20.03 | 23.00 | 24.4 | -- | -- | 18.2 | 16.0 | 20.5 | 19.0 | -- | 28.9 | 14.5 | 23.1 | 16.7 | 17.0 | -- |
| Red & Bonita Culvert Station CC03D: Red and Bonita mine adit. Collect sample at culvert that goes under the road. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Al (T) (µg/l) | 4,030 | 3,040 | 3,380 | 3,500 | 3,520 | 3,780 | 4,410 | 3,960 | 3,820 | 3,890 | 4,050 | 3,920 | 3,990 | 3,790 | 4,130 | 3,750 | 3,360 | -- | -- | 4,800 |
| Al (D) (µg/l) | 3,320 | 1,840 | 2,000 | 2,640 | 2,440 | 3,270 | 3,920 | 2,690 | 2,280 | 2,770 | 4,050 | 2,970 | 2,000 | 2,440 | 2,890 | 2,240 | 2,450 | -- | -- | 2,750 |
| Al Load (lb/day) | 16.3 | 11.5 | 12.1 | 12.8 | 14.2 | No Flow | -- | -- | 8.3 | 10.2 | 11.3 | 11.4 | 9.9 | -- | 16.1 | 13.7 | 12.7 | -- | -- | -- |
| Cd (T) (µg/l) | 33.3 | 34.8 | 34.9 | 34.6 | 35.9 | 37.7 | 37.5 | 37.6 | 37.3 | 40.4 | 35.5 | 35.5 | 38 | 33 | 31.8 | 30 | 29 | -- | -- | 14.7 |
| Cd (D) (µg/l) | 33.1 | 34.4 | 34.5 | 34.5 | 37.5 | 37.3 | 38.1 | 36.5 | 40.9 | 39.3 | 37.2 | 34.1 | 38 | 34 | 33.2 | 28.6 | 29.6 | -- | -- | 33.2 |
| Cd Load (lb/day) | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | No Flow | -- | -- | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- | -- | -- |
| Cu (T) (µg/l) | 50.6 | 4.5 | 6.2 | 6.9 | 4.1 | 8.6 | 47.1 | 14.2 | 18 | 14.3 | <10.0 | 17.8 | 11.3 | 16.7 | 38.2 | <20.0 | <20.0 | -- | -- | <5.00 |
| Cu (D) (µg/l) | 41.1 | <3.0 | 3.5 | 4.5 | <3.0 | 8.9 | 41.8 | 11.2 | 13.8 | 11.4 | <10.0 | 13.6 | <4.0 | 11.5 | 30.3 | <20.0 | <20.0 | -- | -- | <5.00 |
| Cu Load (lb/day) | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | No Flow | -- | -- | 0.04 | 0.04 | -- | 0.1 | 0.03 | -- | 0.1 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Fe (T) (µg/l) | 86,700 | 76,700 | 87,700 | 88,000 | 96,700 | 96,100 | 82,300 | 93,500 | 97,600 | 89,400 | 79,900 | 81,600 | 96,500 | 87,400 | 88,000 | 84,200 | 78,800 | -- | -- | 96,800 |
| Fe (D) (µg/l) | 80,500 | 81,200 | 85,800 | 85,800 | 94,100 | 91,600 | 83,100 | 85,600 | 87,100 | 83,100 | 84,000 | 86,100 | 92,700 | 88,800 | 82,800 | 76,900 | 82,300 | -- | -- | 87,900 |
| Fe Load (lb/day) | 350.2 | 289.2 | 314.1 | 320.8 | 390.6 | No Flow | -- | -- | 212.2 | 235.3 | 222.8 | 238.1 | 239.4 | -- | 343.6 | 307.0 | 297.5 | -- | -- | -- |
| Pb (T) (µg/l) | 71.2 | 39.5 | 36.5 | 34 | 41.4 | 37.2 | 47.2 | 58.7 | 55.3 | 57.7 | 40 | 38.4 | 60.7 | 63.2 | 76.8 | 46.2 | 36.7 | -- | -- | 88.7 |
| Pb (D) (µg/l) | 8.1 | 4.1 | 7.6 | 9.1 | 15.4 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 9 | 10.7 | 6.2 | 7.9 | 3.9 | 7.3 | 5.3 | 6.9 | -- | -- | 5.05 |
| Pb Load (lb/day) | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | No Flow | -- | -- | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | -- | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -- | -- | -- |
| Mn (T) (µg/l) | 33,200 | 27,900 | 32,300 | 32,500 | 34,600 | 35,700 | 34,100 | 35,100 | 36,300 | 33,200 | 31,500 | 32,700 | 35,300 | 32,900 | 31,800 | 31,400 | 29,900 | -- | -- | 36,300 |
| Mn (D) (µg/l) | 32,300 | 30,800 | 32,100 | 32,700 | 33,700 | 35,000 | 35,200 | 32,900 | 32,500 | 31,700 | 32,900 | 35,700 | 34,100 | 34,400 | 31,700 | 30,400 | 30,500 | -- | -- | 34,200 |

TABLE 2, cont.
Laboratory Metals Sample Data

| | May 2009 | Jun 2009 | Jul 2009 | Aug 2009 | Sep 2009 | Nov 2009 | Feb 2010 | Mar 2010 | Apr 2010 | Jun 2010 | Jul 2010 | Sep 2010 | Nov 2010 | Mar 2011 | Jun 2011 | Jul 2011 | Aug 16 2011 | Sep 13 2011 | Oct 16 2011 | May 16 2012 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Mn Load (lb/day) | 134.1 | 105.2 | 115.7 | 118.5 | 139.7 | No Flow | -- | -- | 78.9 | 87.4 | 87.8 | 95.4 | 87.6 | -- | 124.2 | 114.5 | 112.9 | -- | -- | -- |
| Ni (T) (µg/l) | 52 | 44.1 | 50 | 52.5 | 53.8 | 57.1 | 56.9 | 59.1 | 56.5 | 55.1 | 52.3 | 53.2 | 56.9 | 55.4 | 51.3 | 50.6 | 48.9 | -- | -- | 51 |
| Ni (D) (µg/l) | 51.9 | 47.7 | 47.9 | 50.4 | 55.5 | 57.3 | 59.4 | 55.9 | 54.7 | 52 | 49.5 | 56.6 | 57.1 | 56 | 50.9 | 49.2 | 49.5 | -- | -- | 52.1 |
| Ni Load (lb/day) | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | No Flow | -- | -- | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.15 | 0.16 | 0.14 | -- | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | -- | -- | -- |
| Zn (T) (µg/l) | 15,600 | 13,600 | 15,500 | 15,800 | 16,400 | 17,400 | 16,000 | 16,500 | 17,500 | 15,500 | 14,500 | 15,300 | 16,600 | 15,500 | 14,800 | 14,500 | 13,400 | -- | -- | 17,900 |
| Zn (D) (µg/l) | 14,300 | 13,600 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 16,100 | 16,400 | 16,900 | 15,500 | 14,200 | 14,900 | 14,800 | 16,500 | 17,200 | 15,500 | 14,600 | 13,600 | 14,200 | -- | -- | 16,800 |
| Zn Load (lb/day) | 63.0 | 51.3 | 55.5 | 57.6 | 66.2 | No Flow | -- | -- | 38.0 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 44.6 | 41.2 | 0.0 | 57.8 | 52.9 | 50.6 | -- | -- | -- |
| American Tunnel Station CC19: American Tunnel mine adit. Sample where flow comes out of the ground. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Al (T) (µg/l) | 5,680 | 5,520 | 5,510 | 5,380 | 5,510 | 5,470 | 5,480 | 4,960 | 5,100 | 5,070 | 5,310 | 4,970 | 5,360 | 4,840 | 5,160 | 5,180 | 4,850 | 4,750 | 4,690 | 5,350 |
| Al (D) (µg/l) | 5,360 | 5,530 | 5,250 | 5,240 | 5,280 | 4,830 | 5,180 | 4,810 | 4,710 | 4,200 | 5,310 | 4,930 | 4,660 | 4,870 | 4,810 | 4,900 | 4,870 | 4,680 | 4,660 | 4,890 |
| Al Load (lb/day) | 9.74 | 9.20 | 6.85 | 6.16 | 6.58 | 8.20 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 6.1 | -- |
| Cd (T) (µg/l) | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.14 |
| Cd (D) (µg/l) | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2 | 2.55 |
| Cd Load (lb/day) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.003 | -- |
| Cu (T) (µg/l) | 7.9 | 7 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 8.9 | 6.6 | <10.0 | <10.0 | <4.0 | <4.0 | <10.0 | <10.0 | <20.0 | <20.0 | <20.0 | <20.0 | <5.00 |
| Cu (D) (µg/l) | 7.3 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 6 | 6.6 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 8.3 | 6.2 | <10.0 | <10.0 | <4.0 | <4.0 | <10.0 | <10.0 | <20.0 | <20.0 | <20.0 | <20.0 | <5.00 |
| Cu Load (lb/day) | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Fe (T) (µg/l) | 142,000 | 133,000 | 144,000 | 141,000 | 152,000 | 155,000 | 143,000 | 143,000 | 161,000 | 150,000 | 148,000 | 147,000 | 148,000 | 144,000 | 141,000 | 138,000 | 138,000 | 132,000 | 142,000 | 140,000 |
| Fe (D) (µg/l) | 139,000 | 135,000 | 143,000 | 141,000 | 144,000 | 129,000 | 148,000 | 145,000 | 159,000 | 136,000 | 157,000 | 164,000 | 142,000 | 135,000 | 134,000 | 135,000 | 139,000 | 129,000 | 136,000 | 134,000 |
| Fe Load (lb/day) | 243.56 | 221.67 | 179.03 | 161.53 | 181.52 | 232.33 | 137.3 | 157.3 | 177.2 | 194.2 | 191.6 | 212.5 | 191.6 | 164.7 | 182.5 | 157.8 | 164.5 | 157.3 | 183.8 | -- |
| Pb (T) (µg/l) | 4.7 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 5.4 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4 | 3.6 | 3 | 3 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.51 |
| Pb (D) (µg/l) | 2.3 | 1.9 | 2 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 2 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.26 |
| Pb Load (lb/day) | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.004 | 0.003 | 0.005 | 0.004 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.004 | -- |
| Mn (T) (µg/l) | 49,400 | 46,600 | 49,800 | 52,000 | 50,700 | 52,000 | 46,400 | 48,300 | 50,400 | 47,800 | 47,800 | 47,400 | 50,400 | 48,800 | 48,400 | 49,500 | 47,000 | 46,900 | 49,000 | 47,800 |
| Mn (D) (µg/l) | 48,900 | 47,200 | 49,200 | 48,800 | 49,200 | 44,900 | 49,500 | 50,300 | 49,700 | 44,500 | 49,900 | 51,400 | 49,100 | 47,500 | 47,700 | 47,800 | 47,600 | 47,200 | 46,500 | 47,200 |
| Mn Load (lb/day) | 84.73 | 77.67 | 61.91 | 59.57 | 60.55 | 77.94 | 44.5 | 53.1 | 55.5 | 61.9 | 61.9 | 68.5 | 65.2 | 55.8 | 62.7 | 56.6 | 56.0 | 55.9 | 63.4 | -- |
| Ni (T) (µg/l) | 66 | 61.7 | 66 | 70.4 | 69.1 | 69.7 | 67.7 | 60.8 | 66.4 | 63.5 | 66.4 | 64.1 | 69.6 | 68 | 62.7 | 67.4 | 65.7 | 64.3 | 63.1 | 57.9 |
| Ni (D) (µg/l) | 64.1 | 61.5 | 64.6 | 63.2 | 69 | 60 | 69.7 | 67.2 | 67.8 | 56.7 | 65.2 | 71.5 | 66.8 | 64.4 | 62.6 | 66.5 | 63.2 | 62.8 | 60.9 | 58.8 |
| Ni Load (lb/day) | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- |
| Zn (T) (µg/l) | 19,200 | 17,900 | 19,900 | 19,600 | 20,500 | 21,400 | 19,000 | 19,700 | 20,600 | 18,700 | 18,300 | 17,800 | 21,000 | 20,500 | 19,100 | 19,700 | 19,000 | 18,500 | 20,800 | 20,900 |
| Zn (D) (µg/l) | 19,500 | 17,800 | 20,000 | 19,500 | 20,100 | 17,400 | 19,900 | 20,600 | 18,400 | 17,600 | 19,700 | 20,400 | 21,400 | 18,500 | 18,900 | 19,900 | 19,500 | 18,200 | 19,300 | 20,800 |
| Zn Load (lb/day) | 32.93 | 29.83 | 24.74 | 22.45 | 24.48 | 32.08 | 18.2 | 21.7 | 22.7 | 24.2 | 23.7 | 25.7 | 27.2 | 23.4 | 24.7 | 22.5 | 22.6 | 22.1 | 26.9 | -- |

TABLE 2, cont.
Laboratory Metals Sample Data

| | May 2009 | Jun 2009 | Jul 2009 | Aug 2009 | Sep 2009 | Nov 2009 | Feb 2010 | Mar 2010 | Apr 2010 | Jun 2010 | Jul 2010 | Sep 2010 | Nov 2010 | Mar 2011 | Jun 2011 | Jul 2011 | Aug 16 2011 | Sep 13 2011 | Oct 16 2011 | May 16 2012 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Upper Gold King 7-Level Adit Station CC06: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7-Level mine adit upstream of the confluence with the North Fork of Cement Creek. Sample where flow comes out of the mine tunnel. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Al (T) (µg/l) | 58,300 | 32,900 | 31,800 | 28,500 | 21,500 | -- | 8,310 | 8,240 | 7,840 | 61,600 | 30,200 | 24,200 | 18,600 | -- | 57,400 | 53,500 | 36,700 | 28,700 | 21,000 | 21,200 |
| Al (D) (µg/l) | 59,000 | 33,400 | 31,900 | 28,600 | 21,600 | -- | 7,670 | 8,040 | 7,220 | 57,700 | 30,200 | 25,700 | 17,300 | -- | 60,000 | 52,200 | 39,200 | 28,300 | 21,700 | 21,000 |
| Al Load (lb/day) | 133.0 | 88.4 | 74.7 | 55.0 | 65.2 | -- | -- | -- | 14.1 | 185.4 | 79.0 | 58.6 | 47.5 | -- | 101.5 | 86.0 | 61.0 | 49.2 | 35.5 | -- |
| Cd (T) (µg/l) | 111 | 59.9 | 61.4 | 66.2 | 64.4 | -- | 38.3 | 37.7 | 41.4 | 136 | 61.5 | 57.5 | 52.9 | -- | 136 | 61.1 | 69.3 | 55.7 | 58.7 | 56.4 |
| Cd (D) (µg/l) | 110 | 71.6 | 60.8 | 66.6 | 62.7 | -- | 35.9 | 36.1 | 41 | 133 | 63.2 | 56.9 | 53.3 | -- | 138 | 62.2 | 72.2 | 60.3 | 58.8 | 57.1 |
| Cd Load (lb/day) | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | -- | -- | -- | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- | 0.241 | 0.098 | 0.115 | 0.096 | 0.099 | -- |
| Cu (T) (µg/l) | 10,600 | 5,680 | 5,710 | 7,150 | 5,630 | -- | 2,430 | 2,410 | 4,060 | 12,300 | 5,360 | 5,480 | 4,020 | -- | 12,400 | 9,930 | 8,330 | 6,420 | 5,220 | 3,730 |
| Cu (D) (µg/l) | 10,100 | 5,520 | 5,520 | 7,310 | 5,440 | -- | 2,450 | 2,620 | 2,690 | 12,100 | 4,970 | 5,540 | 3,900 | -- | 11,900 | 9,490 | 8,370 | 6,350 | 4,950 | 3,800 |
| Cu Load (lb/day) | 24.2 | 15.3 | 13.4 | 13.8 | 17.1 | -- | -- | -- | 7.3 | 37.0 | 14.0 | 13.3 | 10.3 | -- | 21.9 | 16.0 | 13.8 | 11.0 | 8.8 | -- |
| Fe (T) (µg/l) | 244,000 | 107,000 | 101,000 | 96,700 | 86,000 | -- | 55,300 | 56,200 | 54,000 | 243,000 | 87,400 | 72,100 | 67,600 | -- | 254,000 | 188,000 | 123,000 | 89,200 | 81,200 | 50,300 |
| Fe (D) (µg/l) | 240,000 | 102,000 | 91,900 | 90,400 | 80,800 | -- | 52,300 | 54,000 | 47,400 | 213,000 | 81,900 | 75,200 | 65,800 | -- | 257,000 | 175,000 | 123,000 | 83,800 | 72,500 | 46,800 |
| Fe Load (lb/day) | 556.6 | 287.4 | 237.3 | 186.5 | 260.9 | -- | -- | -- | 97.0 | 731.4 | 228.6 | 174.6 | 172.5 | -- | -- | -- | -- | 153.0 | 137.1 | -- |
| Pb (T) (µg/l) | 24.7 | 18.1 | 21.5 | 24.9 | 16.3 | -- | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 21.3 | 19.6 | 21.8 | 6.9 | -- | 23.6 | 19.1 | 29.1 | 23.2 | 17.1 | 15.1 |
| Pb (D) (µg/l) | 25.3 | 19.7 | 22.6 | 26.1 | 14.6 | -- | 1 | 1 | <1.0 | 20.7 | 18.9 | 21.1 | 6.5 | -- | 23.7 | 18.1 | 29 | 23.9 | 15 | 14.9 |
| Pb Load (lb/day) | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -- | -- | -- | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.02 | -- | | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.03 | -- |
| Mn (T) (µg/l) | 30,200 | 28,700 | 32,200 | 34,400 | 34,900 | -- | 28,000 | 28,400 | 26,700 | 29,500 | 29,500 | 29,300 | 31,000 | -- | 27,000 | 29,500 | 31,600 | 34,400 | 33,500 | 26,900 |
| Mn (D) (µg/l) | 30,200 | 27,700 | 31,800 | 34,200 | 33,900 | -- | 26,500 | 27,400 | 26,200 | 27,100 | 29,600 | 31,700 | 30,700 | -- | 28,100 | 28,900 | 30,900 | 33,600 | 32,000 | 26,000 |
| Mn Load (lb/day) | 68.9 | 77.1 | 75.7 | 66.4 | 105.9 | -- | -- | -- | 48.0 | 88.8 | 77.2 | 71.0 | 79.1 | -- | 47.8 | 47.4 | 52.5 | 59.0 | 56.6 | -- |
| Ni (T) (µg/l) | 90 | 60.8 | 65 | 59.1 | 55.5 | -- | 38 | 37.1 | 35 | 95.1 | 57.6 | 52.6 | 46.7 | -- | 94.1 | 85.8 | 68.5 | 60 | 51.9 | 37.3 |
| Ni (D) (µg/l) | 91.1 | 57.6 | 63.8 | 59.9 | 55.6 | -- | 36.4 | 38.1 | 37.4 | 94 | 53.7 | 55.2 | 47.7 | -- | 93.2 | 86.2 | 68.2 | 59.6 | 49.9 | 39.7 |
| Ni Load (lb/day) | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | -- | -- | -- | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- |
| Zn (T) (µg/l) | 40,300 | 23,800 | 24,800 | 26,300 | 23,000 | -- | 15,200 | 16,000 | 14,500 | 44,700 | 23,500 | 19,500 | 20,000 | -- | 40,200 | 33,400 | 27,500 | 24,600 | 24,400 | 19,700 |
| Zn (D) (µg/l) | 40,200 | 21,900 | 24,000 | 24,800 | 22,400 | -- | 15,500 | 15,600 | 13,000 | 39,300 | 22,500 | 21,700 | 20,700 | -- | 41,900 | 32,900 | 28,600 | 23,900 | 21,100 | 19,100 |
| Zn Load (lb/day) | 91.9 | 63.9 | 58.3 | 50.7 | 69.8 | -- | -- | -- | 26.0 | 134.5 | 61.5 | 47.2 | 51.0 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Red & Bonita Adit Station CC03C: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Red and Bonita mine adit at the portal. Do not take flow measurements at this site. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Al (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 3,310 | 3,130 | -- | -- | 4,170 | 3,290 | 4,040 | 4,010 | 4,750 |
| Al (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 3,470 | 3,060 | -- | -- | 4,080 | 3,480 | 3,840 | 4,050 | 4,370 |
| Al Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Cd (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 31.3 | 32.3 | -- | -- | 32.7 | 28 | 32.9 | 50.6 | 32.1 |
| Cd (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 30.2 | 32.3 | -- | -- | 32.8 | 28.2 | 33.9 | 50.3 | 33.6 |
| Cd Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Cu (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | <4.0 | <4.0 | -- | -- | <20.0 | <20.0 | <20.0 | 29.6 | <5.00 |

TABLE 2, cont.
Laboratory Metals Sample Data

| | May 2009 | Jun 2009 | Jul 2009 | Aug 2009 | Sep 2009 | Nov 2009 | Feb 2010 | Mar 2010 | Apr 2010 | Jun 2010 | Jul 2010 | Sep 2010 | Nov 2010 | Mar 2011 | Jun 2011 | Jul 2011 | Aug 16 2011 | Sep 13 2011 | Oct 16 2011 | May 16 2012 |
|------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Cu (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | <4.0 | <4.0 | -- | -- | <20.0 | <20.0 | <20.0 | 29.9 | <5.00 |
| Cu Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | | | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Fe (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 106,000 | 98,700 | -- | -- | 93,000 | 89,100 | 97,400 | 84,100 | 96,100 |
| Fe (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 106,000 | 103,000 | -- | -- | 91,400 | 93,500 | 89,900 | 78,200 | 88,700 |
| Fe Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | | | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Pb (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 86 | 88.1 | -- | -- | 84.2 | 163 | 101 | 134 | 79.8 |
| Pb (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 71.1 | 88.5 | -- | -- | 75.9 | 75.7 | 34.9 | 38.8 | 19.8 |
| Pb Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | | | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Mn (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 35,900 | 33,800 | -- | -- | 31,100 | 29,800 | 31,200 | 32,300 | 35,900 |
| Mn (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 36,200 | 35,000 | -- | -- | 30,600 | 31,400 | 30,800 | 31,500 | 33,100 |
| Mn Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 0.0 | 0.0 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Ni (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 54.1 | 56.4 | -- | -- | 51.5 | 51.5 | 51.4 | 52.2 | 48.2 |
| Ni (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 55.9 | 55.5 | -- | -- | 51.3 | 49.4 | 51.3 | 50.9 | 51.3 |
| Ni Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 0.00 | 0.00 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Zn (T) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 16,600 | 15,200 | -- | -- | 14,800 | 13,400 | 14,600 | 16,100 | 17,900 |
| Zn (D) (µg/l) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 16,300 | 16,800 | -- | -- | 14,700 | 14,200 | 14,000 | 14,600 | 16,300 |
| Zn Load (lb/day) | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 0.0 | 0.0 | -- | -- | 0.0 | 0.0 | -- | -- | -- |

Portal collapse opened 9-15-11

-- - data not available or not sampled.
 µg/l – micrograms per liter.
 lb/day – pounds per day

TABLE 3
Water Stable Isotope and Tritium Sample Data
18-Oxygen and 2-Hydrogen (deuterium)

| Sample ID | Description | October 2010 | | | March 2011 | | | June 2011 | | | September 2011 | | | October 2011 | | |
|---|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| | | $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ per mille | $\delta^2\text{H}$ per mille | D-excess | $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ per mille | $\delta^2\text{H}$ per mille | D-excess | $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ per mille | $\delta^2\text{H}$ per mille | D-excess | $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ per mille | $\delta^2\text{H}$ per mille | D-excess | $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ per mille | $\delta^2\text{H}$ per mille | D-excess |
| CC01F | Ross Basin drainage above Grand Mogul | -15.31 | -109.6 | 12.9 | Snow - No Sample | | | Too much snow - No Sample | | | -15.45 | -111.0 | 12.5 | Not Sampled | | |
| CC01C | Stream at toe of Grand Mogul pile | -16.52 | -120.4 | 11.8 | Snow - No Sample | | | -17.59 | -127.2 | 13.5 | -15.86 | -- | -- | Not Sampled | | |
| CC01CL | Stream location below toe of Grand Mogul pile | Not Sampled | | | Not Sampled | | | -17.54 | -126.7 | 13.7 | Not Sampled | | | Not Sampled | | |
| USCC02D CC01U (CC01U was obtained in March 2011) | Cement Creek above Mogul Mine | -14.21 | -103.3 | 10.4 | -15.53 | -110.5 | 13.7 | -17.39 | -125.2 | -- | -- | -- | 12.4 | Not Sampled | | |
| CC02D | Mogul Mine adit | -14.97 | -109.8 | 10.0 | No Access | | | -15.90 | -113.1 | 14.0 | -15.73 | -- | -- | Not Sampled | | |
| UASW020 | Cement Creek below Mogul Mine and Mogul Mine wetlands | Not Sampled | | | -15.79 | -112.8 | 13.5 | -17.46 | -126.5 | 13.2 | -15.25 | -- | -- | Not Sampled | | |
| CC03C | Red and Bonita adit | -16.29 | -118.3 | 12.0 | -16.48 | -118.7 | 13.2 | -16.42 | -118.2 | 13.2 | -16.38 | -118.8 | 12.2 | Data Pending | | |
| CC04 | Stream above Gold King #7 | -14.01 | -100.9 | 11.2 | No Access | | | -17.28 | -124.9 | 13.3 | -15.17 | -109.3 | 12.1 | Not Sampled | | |
| CC08/CC06 | Gold King #7 adit | -15.97 | -115.5 | 12.2 | No Access | | | -16.25 | -116.9 | 13.1 | -16.28 | -117.0 | 13.2 | Not Sampled | | |
| CC19 | American Tunnel adit | -16.07 | -118.2 | 10.3 | -16.40 | -117.9 | 13.3 | -16.5/-16.4 dup. | -117.8/- 118.0 dup. | 13.9/12.8 dup. | -16.35 | -- | -- | Not Sampled | | |

$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ per mille – Difference of ^{18}O per thousand.
 $\delta^2\text{H}$ per mille – Difference of ^2H per thousand.

TABLE 3, cont.
Water Stable Isotope and Tritium Sample Data
3-Hydrogen (tritium)

| Sample ID | Description | October 2010 | | March 2011 | | June 2011 | | September 2011 | | October 2011 | |
|--|--|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | | TU | Error +/- | TU | Error +/- | TU | Error +/- | TU | Error +/- | TU | Error +/- |
| CC01F | Ross Basin drainage above Grand Mogul | 7 | 0.4 | -- | -- | | -- | 6.9 | 0.4 | Not Sampled | |
| CC01C | Stream at toe of Grand Mogul pile | 7.5 | -- | | -- | 9 | -- | 8.4 | 0.4 | Not Sampled | |
| CC01CL | Stream location below toe of Grand Mogul pile | Not Sampled | | -- | | -- | | -- | -- | Not Sampled | |
| USCC02D CC01U (CC01U was obtained in March 2011) | Cement Creek above Mogul Mine | No results/not analyzed | | 7.7 | | -- | | -- | 0.4 | Not Sampled | |
| CC02D | Mogul Mine adit at Portal | 4.4 | 0.3 | -- | -- | 6.1 | -- | 5.3 | 0.4 | Not Sampled | |
| UASW020 | Cement Creek below Mogul Mine and Mogul Mine wetlands. | Not Sampled | | 8 | | -- | | -- | 0.4 | Not Sampled | |
| CC03C | Red and Bonita adit at (collapsed) portal | 6.4 | 0.4 | 6.6 | -- | 6.8 | -- | 7.2 | 0.4 | 6.2 | 0.4 |
| CC04 | Stream above Gold King #7 | 6.6 | 0.4 | -- | -- | 9.7 | -- | 7.6 | 0.4 | Not Sampled | |
| CC08/CC06 | Gold King #7 adit at Portal | 5.6 | 0.4 | -- | -- | 5.8 | -- | 5.3 | 0.6 | Not Sampled | |
| CC19 | American Tunnel adit at Portal | 5.3 (dupe = 4.9) | 0.3 | 5.6 (dupe = 6.3) | -- | 5.8 | -- | 5.8 (dupe = 5.9) | 0.4 | Not Sampled | |

TU – Tritium units

TABLE 4
Sample Locations

| Sampling Location Upper to Lower | Latitude | Longitude | Elevation (HAE) | Description |
|---|---------------|----------------|--------------------|---|
| CC01F | 37 54 33.64 N | 107 37 47.46 W | 11781 | Cement Creek upstream of Grand Mogul adit and tailings. Sample at start of steep uphill where grass border meets the scree of the Grand Mogul Mine. Called CCOPP-08 by EPA during July 2009 sampling event. |
| CC01C | 37 54 35.72 N | 107 37 51.66 W | 11682 | Grand Mogul adit at toe of waste pile. Take flow measurements further downstream and just upstream of confluence with Cement Creek. |
| CC01CL | | | | Stream location below toe of Grand Mogul pile |
| USCC02D / CC01U (labeled CC01U for March 2011) | | | | Cement Creek above Mogul Mine |
| CC02D | 37 54 36.14 N | 107 38 17.26 W | 11376 | Mogul Mine adit. Collect sample downstream of the mine pool at the 3-inch Parshall Flume. |
| UASW020 | | | | Cement Creek below Mogul Mine and Mogul Mine wetlands. |
| CC03C | 37 53 50.16 N | 107 38 37.90 W | 10893 | Red and Bonita mine adit at the portal. Do not take flow measurements at this site. |
| CC03D | 37 53 48.46 N | 107 38 41.61 W | 10776 | Red and Bonita mine adit. Collect sample at culvert that goes under CR53. |
| CC04 | 37 53 38.82 N | 107 38 15.42 W | 11313 | North Fork of Cement Creek upstream of confluence with the 7-Level mine adit. Sample upstream of the road switchback and upstream of the 7-Level flow that comes down the hill. Site was called CCOPP02 by EPA during May, June, and July 2009 sampling events. |
| CC06 / CC08 | 37 53 40.50 N | 107 38 18.09 W | 11386 | 7-Level mine adit upstream of the confluence with the North Fork of Cement Creek. Sample where flow comes out of the mine tunnel. |
| CC19 | 37 53 27.50 N | 107 38 54.39 W | 10540 | American Tunnel mine adit. Sample where flow comes out of the ground. |
| CC-18 | 37 53 28.57 N | 107 38 57.07 W | 10514 | Cement Creek upstream of South Fork but downstream of American Tunnel confluence. Sample upstream of road crossing in Gladstone. Site was called CCOPP-01 by EPA in May, June, and July 2009 sampling events. |

APPENDIX A
Metals Loading Charts

Figure A-1
Aluminum Loading (pounds per day)

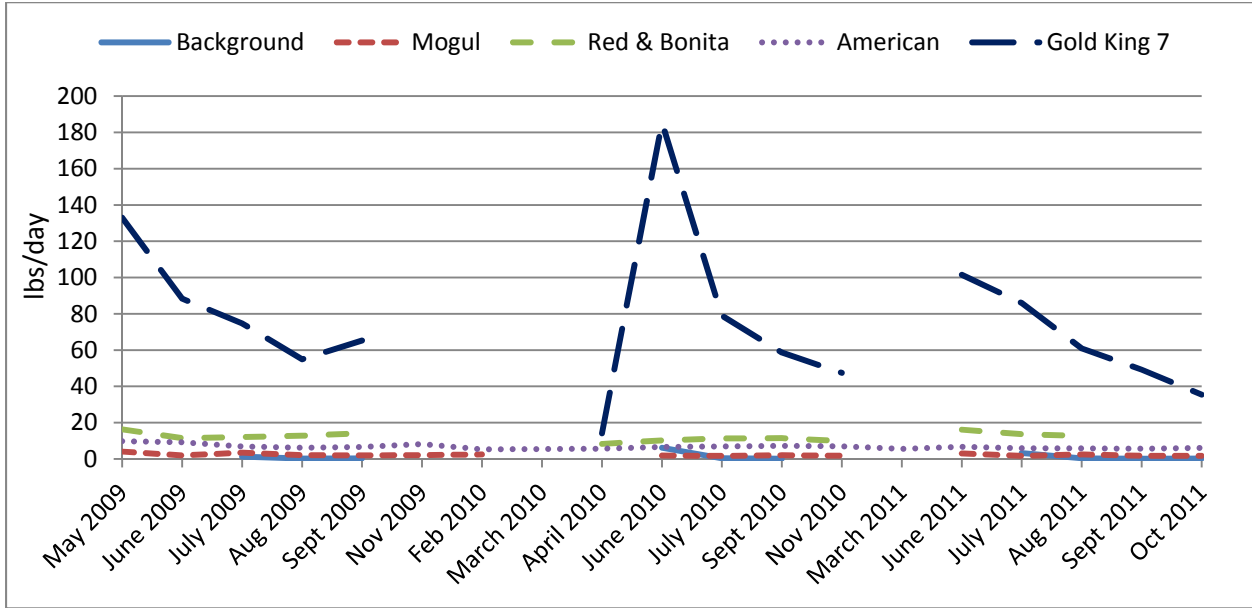
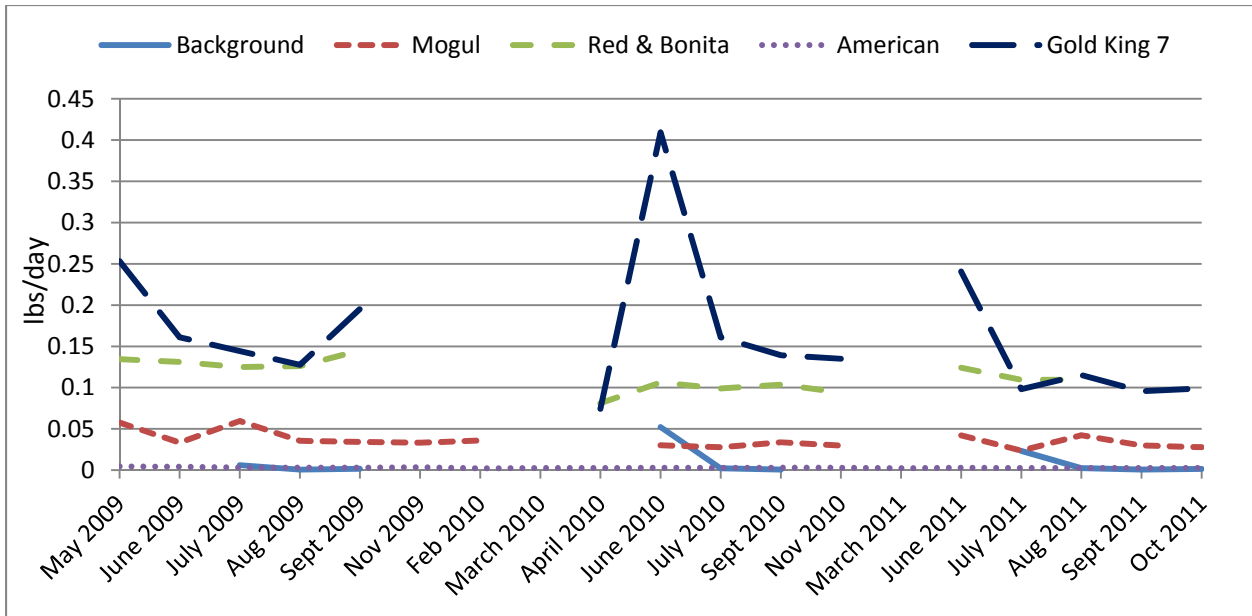
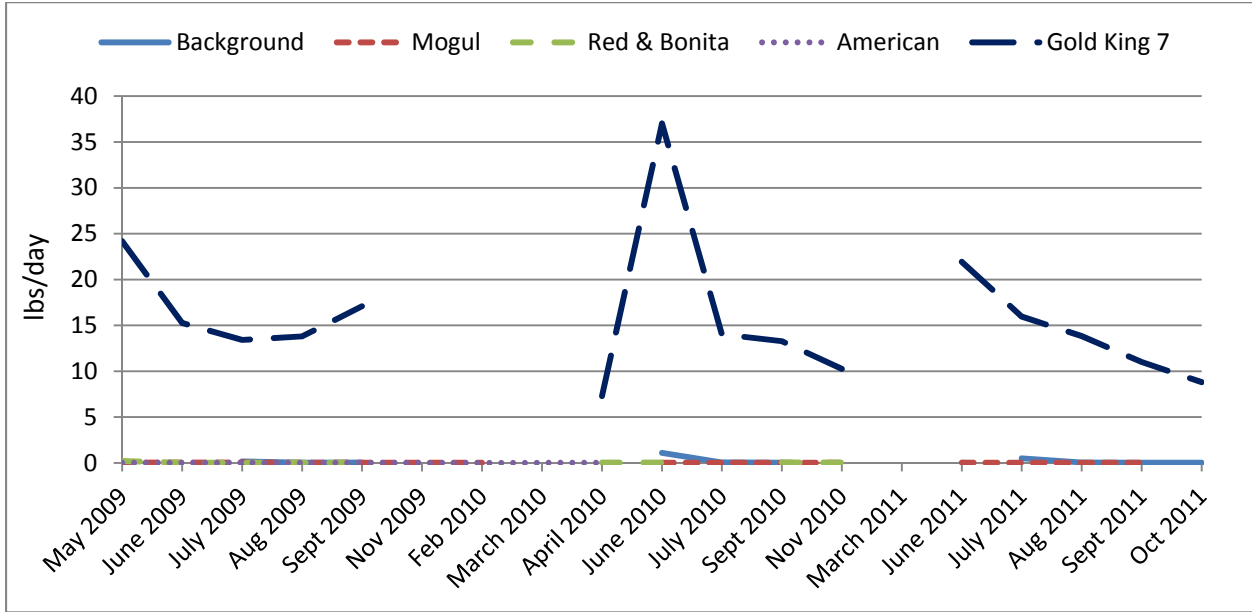


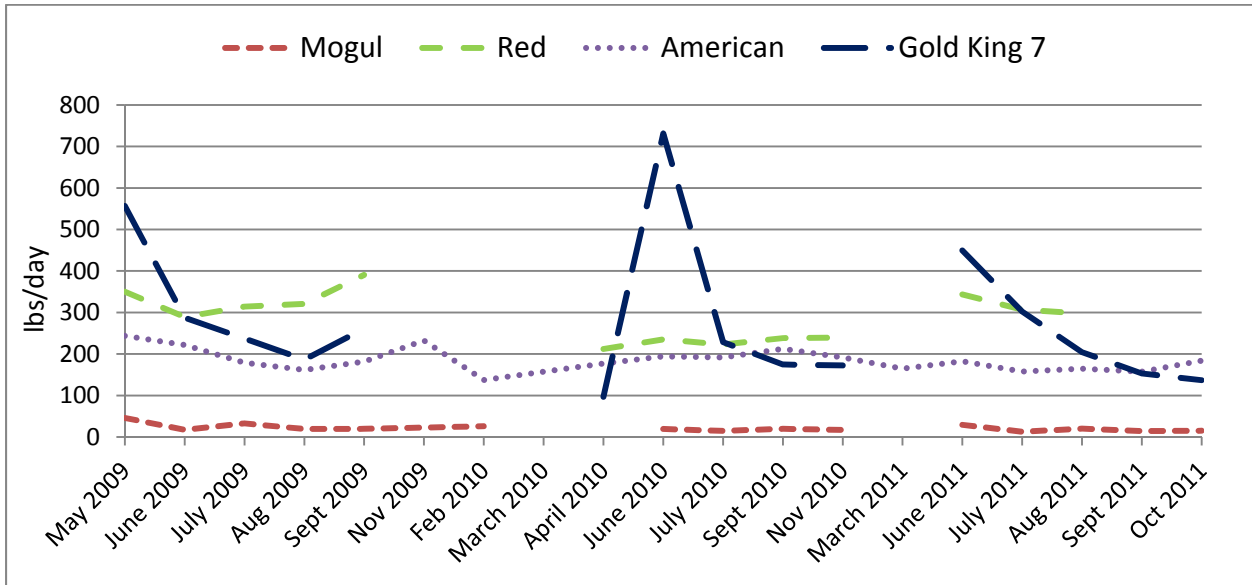
Figure A-2
Cadmium Loading (pounds per day)



**Figure A-3
Copper Loading (pounds per day)**



**Figure A-4
Iron Loading (pounds per day)**



Background graph is not included because content was below laboratory detection limit.

Figure A-5
Lead Loading (pounds per day)

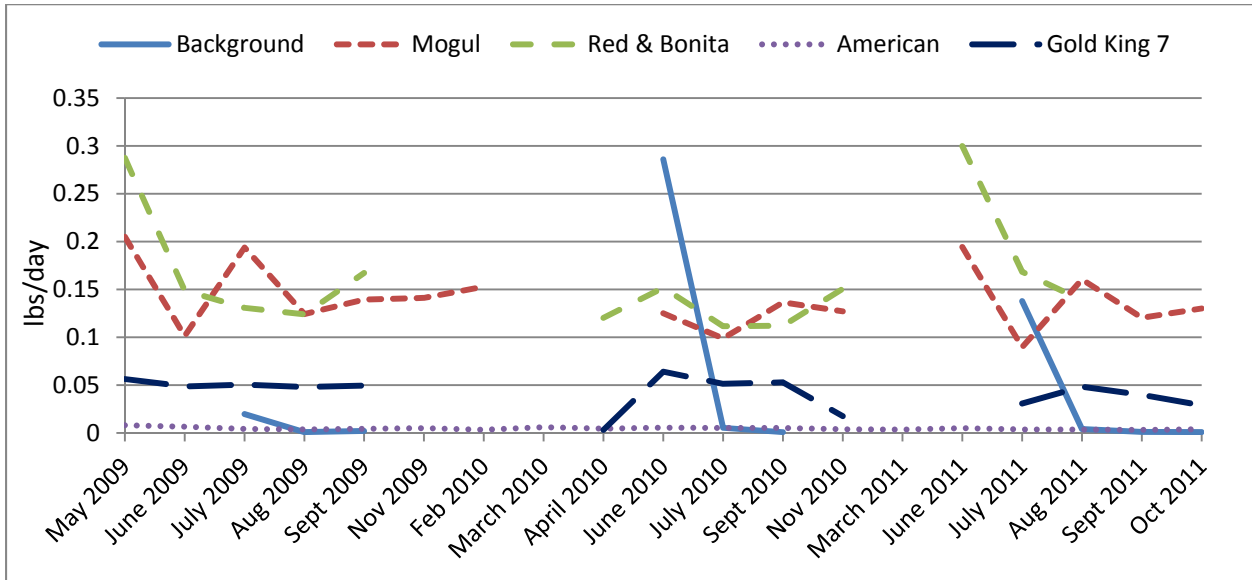
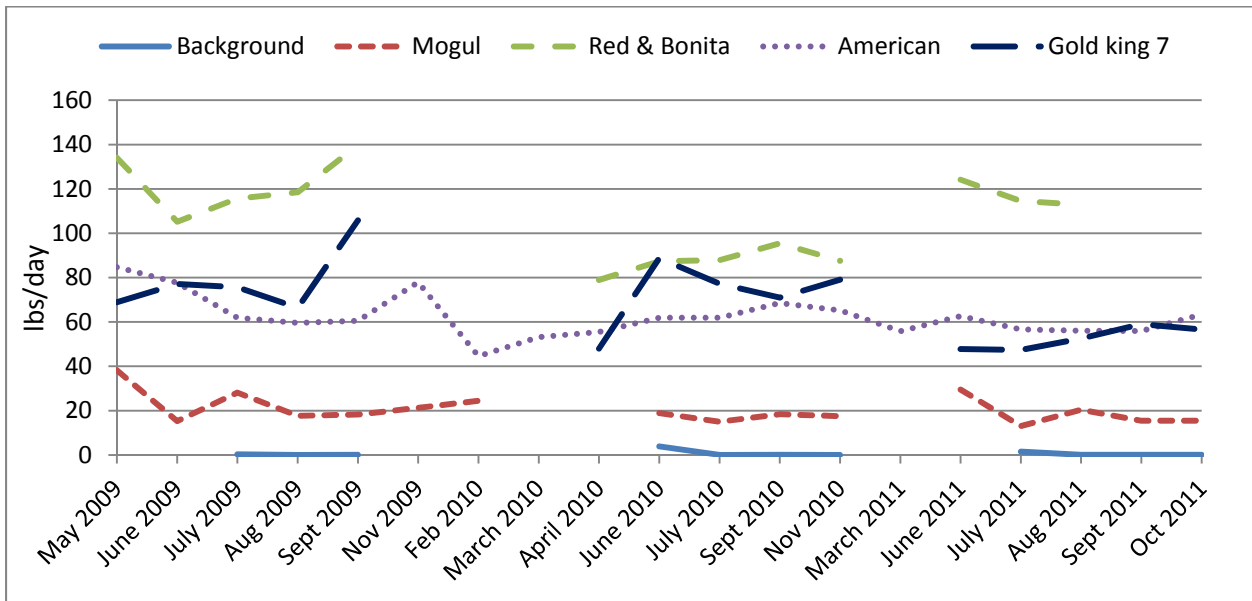
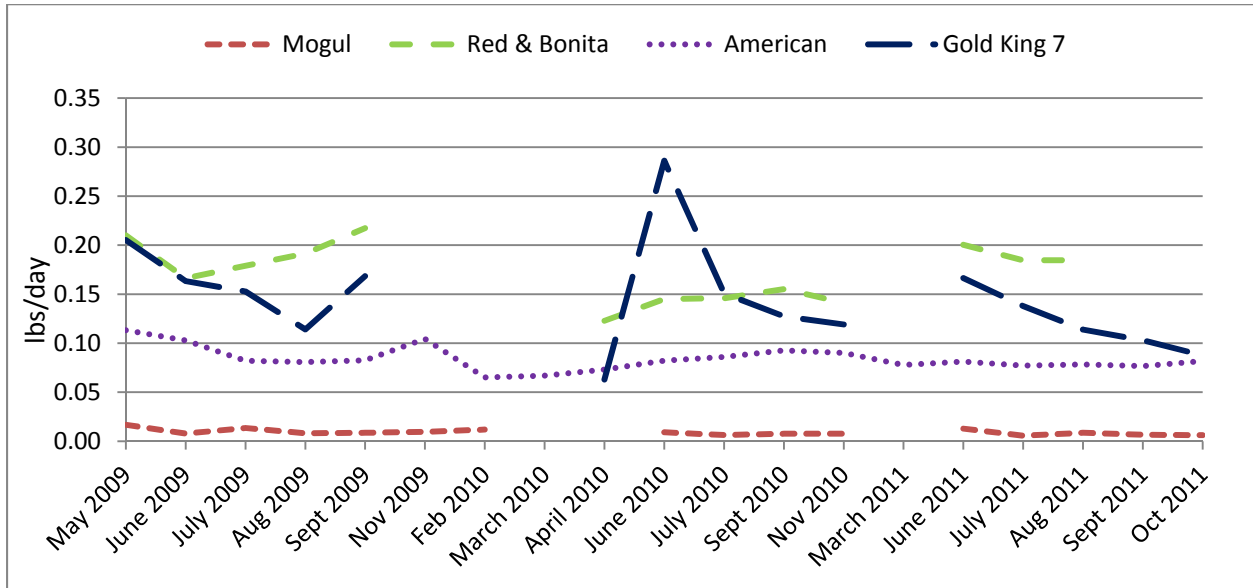


Figure A-6
Manganese Loading (pounds per day)

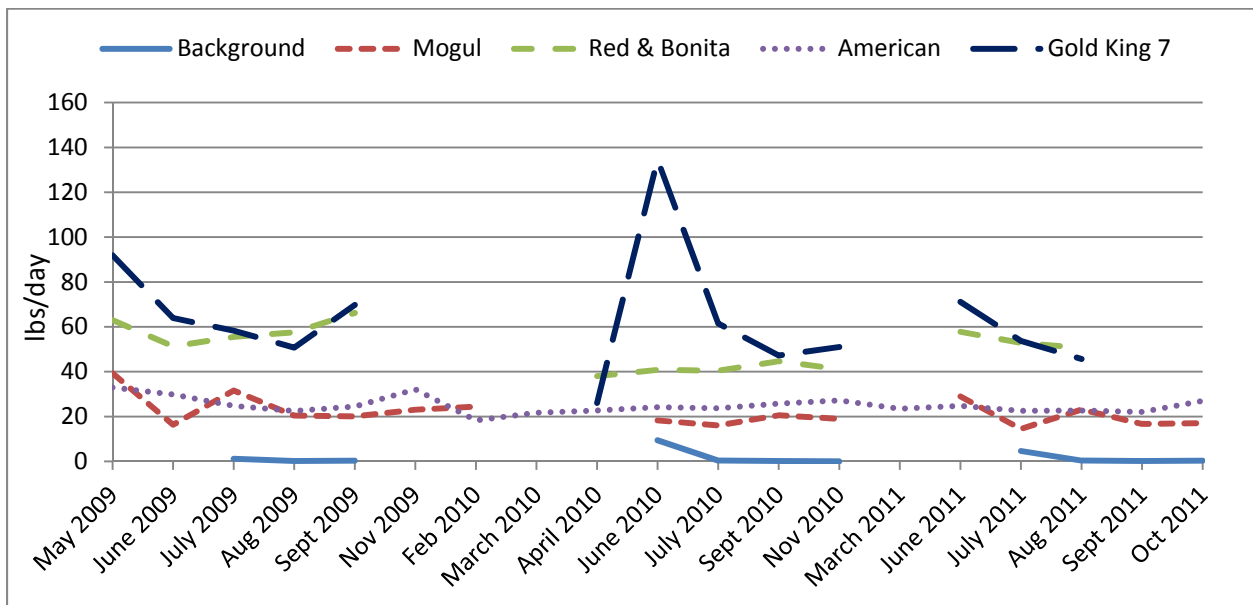


**Figure A-7
Nickel Loading (pounds per day)**



Background graph is not included because content was below laboratory detection limit.

**Figure A-8
Zinc Loading (pounds per day)**



APPENDIX B

Data Charts of Mine Adit Effluent from Pressure Transducer and Water Parameter Probes

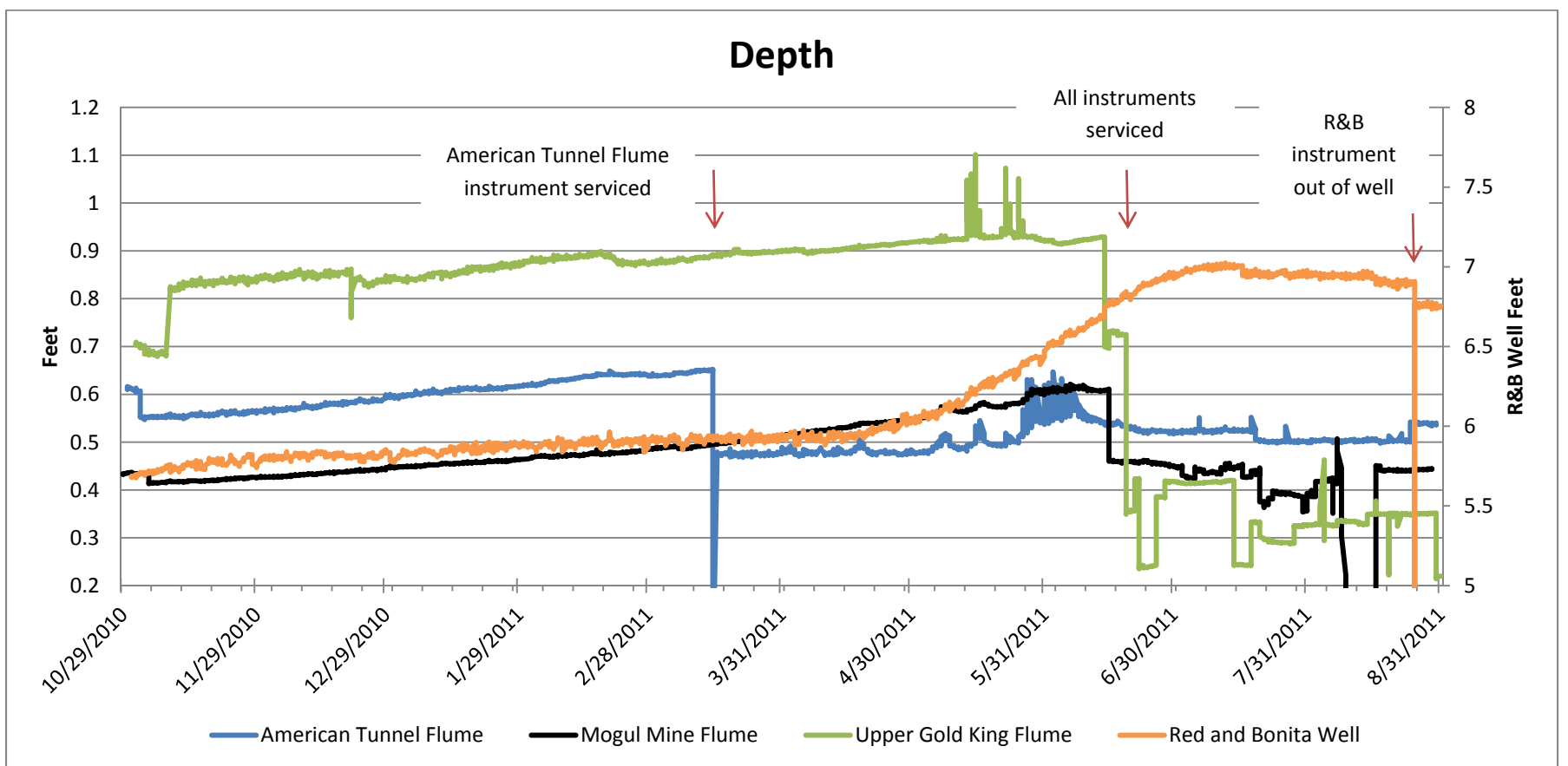
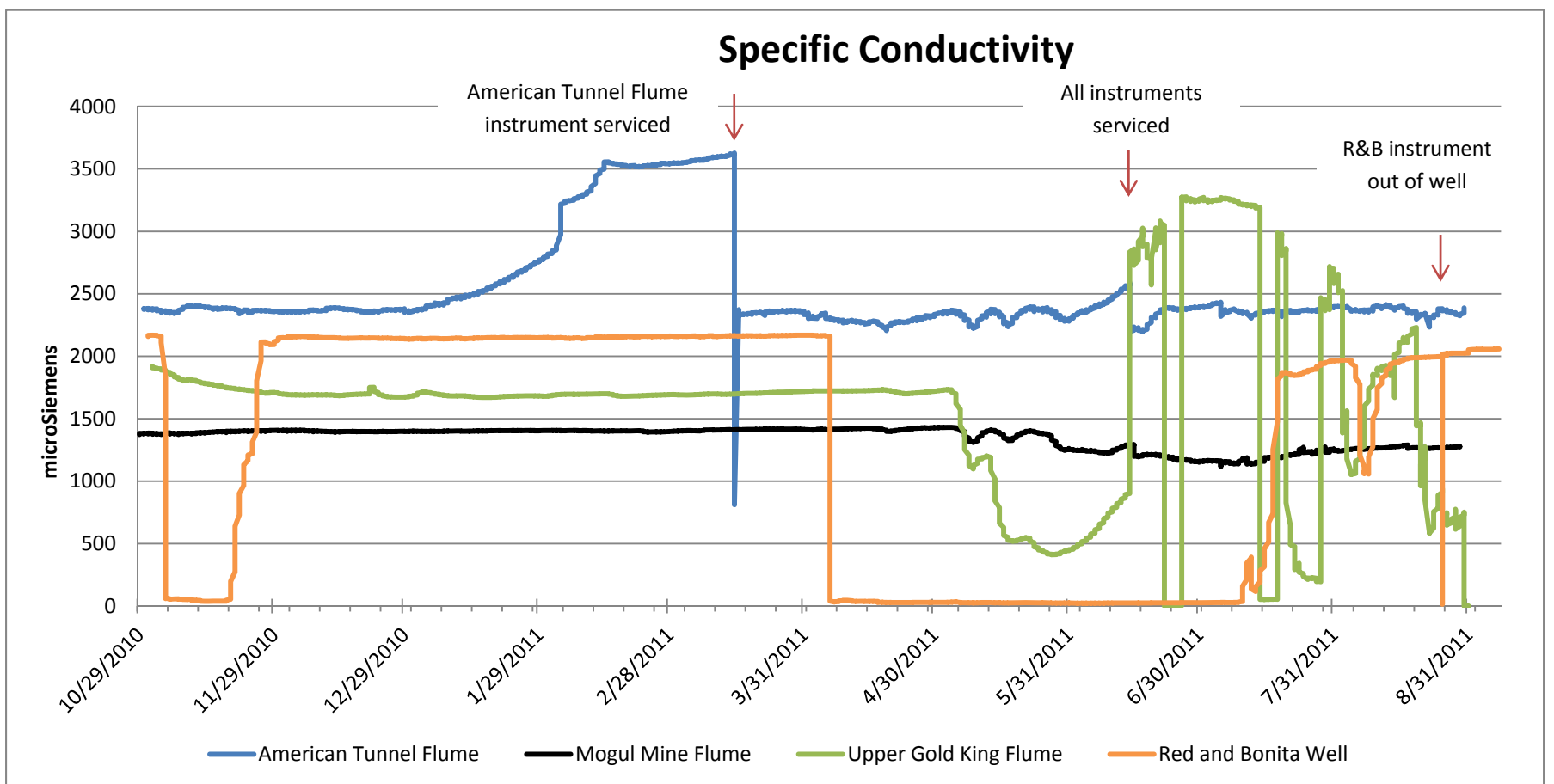
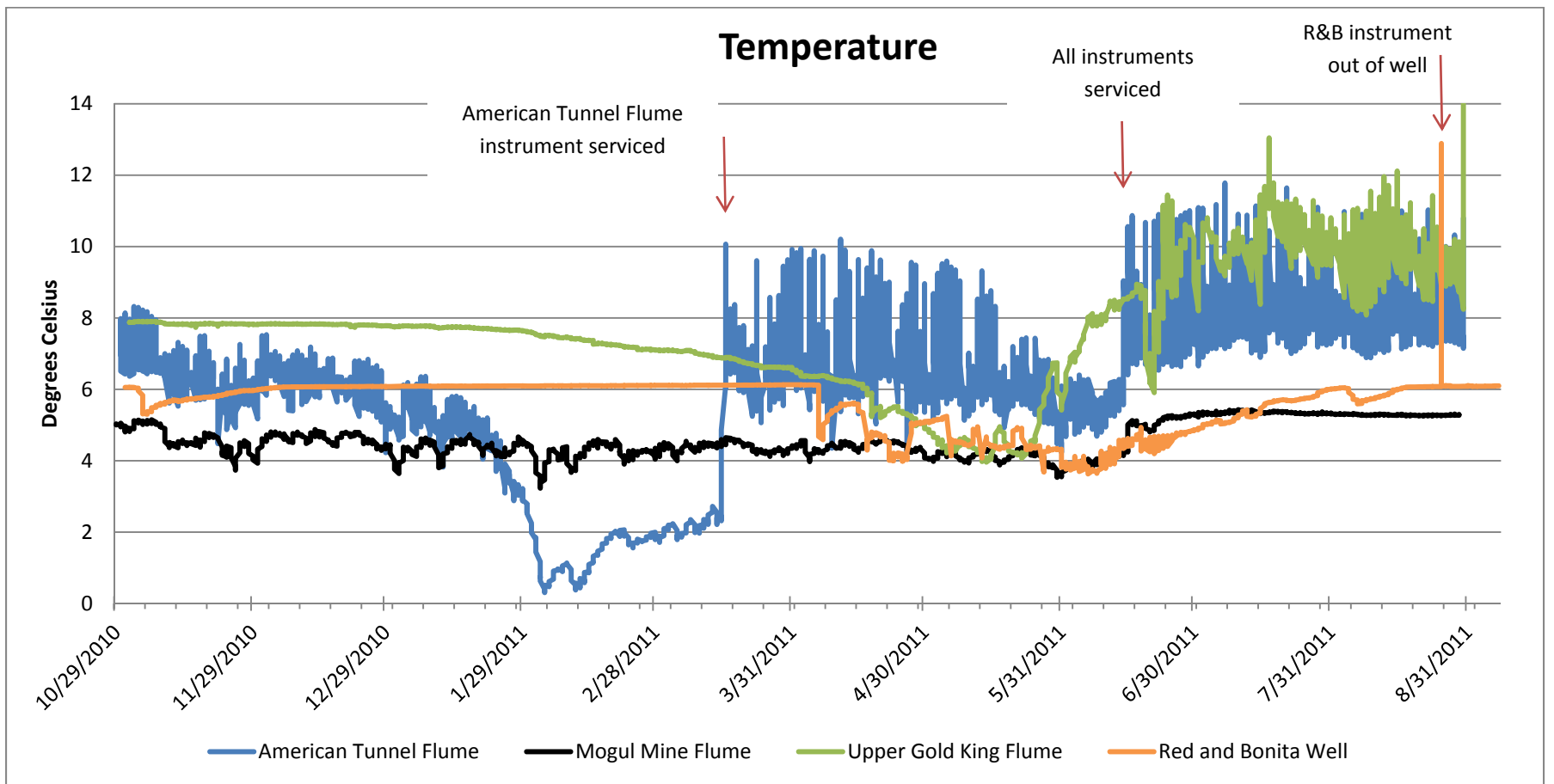


CHART 1
 Upper Animas River, Cement Creek Watershed Mine Adit Effluent
 October 29, 2010 to September 7, 2011