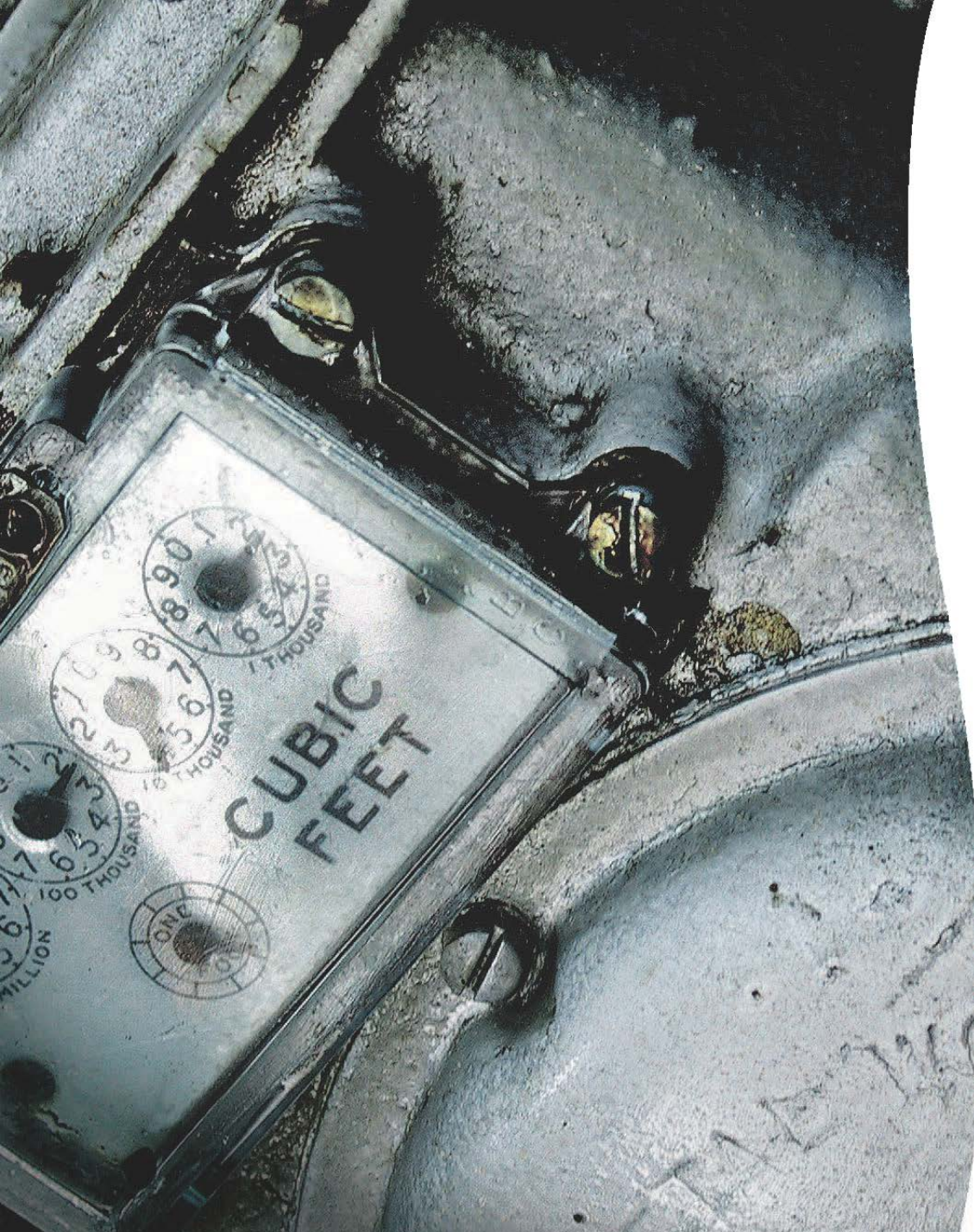


The American Gas Association, founded in 1918, represents more than 200 local energy companies that deliver clean natural gas throughout the United States.

AGA represents 100% of the investor-owned gas utilities in the country.

There are more than 72 million residential, commercial and industrial natural gas customers in the U.S., of which 94 percent — over 68 million customers — receive their gas from AGA members.





1. **How to measure emissions – Hint: Not with LAUF.**
2. **Pipeline safety -- driving infrastructure replacement and lower emissions**
3. **Key requirement: Utility rate cost recovery to accelerate pipe replacement**

- What is **Lost and Unaccounted For (LAUF) Gas**?
- LAUF is mainly a metering and accounting adjustment.
- LAUF includes small amounts for gas theft and emissions, but *there is no correlation between LAUF and emissions.*
- EPA has long recognized the limitations of LAUF and **rejected idea of using LAUF** to measure or estimate methane emissions.

*LAUF is
Not a
Good
Measure
of
Emissions*

A Better Way to Measure Emissions

Go to representative facilities...

And measure flow rates.



How to measure emissions from buried pipe...



Lamb, Washington State University Multi-City Distribution Study (March 31, 2015):

- 1. Map surface area of a leak using a portable sniffer*
- 2. Use a flexible surface enclosure to capture the leak*
- 3. Measure emissions using a calibrated high-flow sampler*



DOT Pipeline Safety Action Plan

- Raises the bar on pipeline safety
- Accelerates rehabilitation, repair and replacement programs for high risk pipelines
- *Focuses on cast iron, bare steel, older plastic*
- *AGA Supports the Action Plan and “Smart Modernization” of infrastructure that is no longer fit for service*



Natural Gas Distribution:

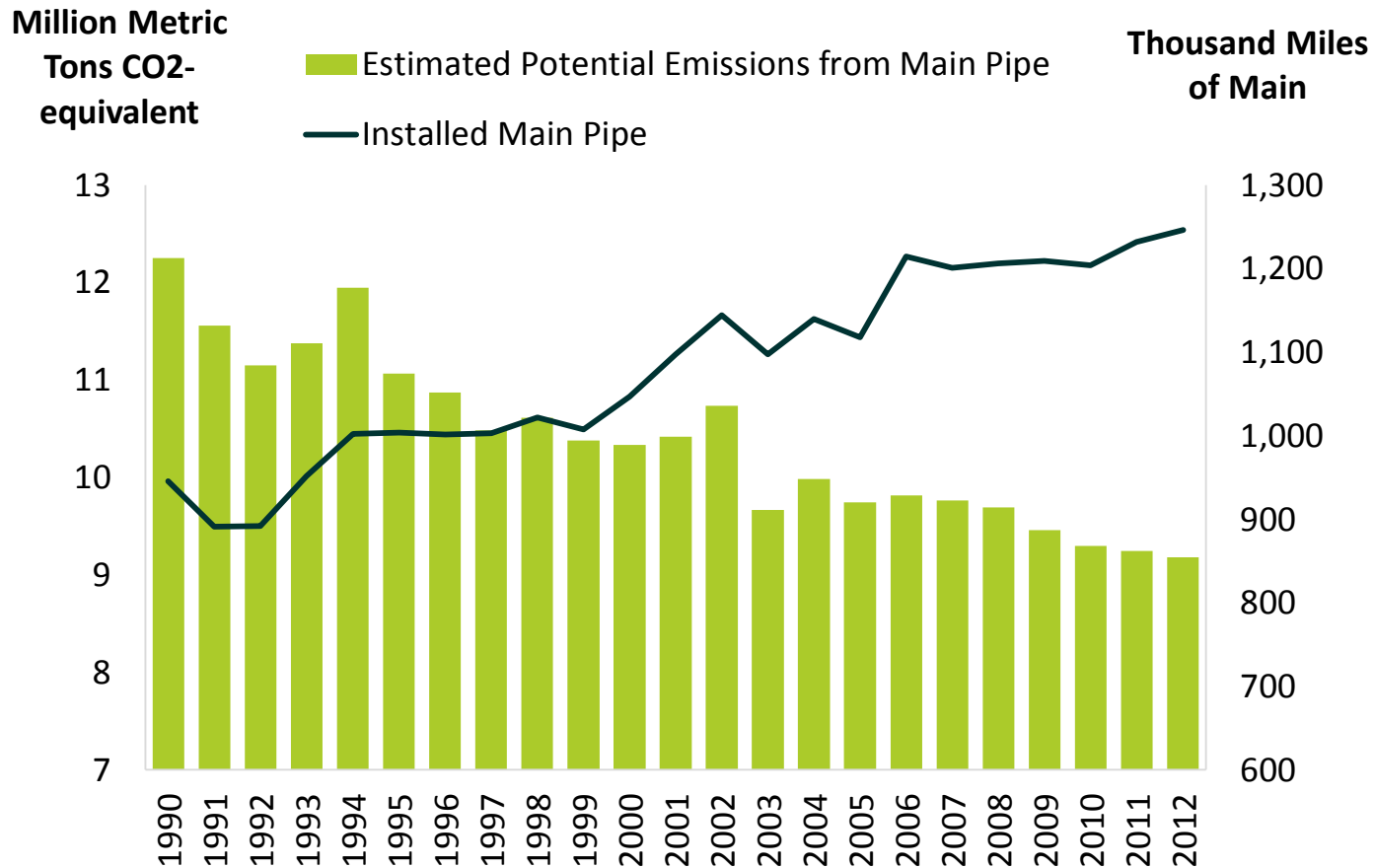
Focus on Safety

Side Benefit → **Emissions Shrinking**

- Emissions from distribution **shrank 17 percent** since 1990 ...
- even though we added over **300,000 (30 percent more)** miles of distribution mains ...
- to serve **17 million (30 percent)** more customers
- Why? Because we **replaced thousands of miles** of existing cast iron and bare steel pipe with **modern PE plastic pipe**
- Result: EPA estimates distribution systems emitted **0.24%** of produced natural gas in 2013

Emissions Have Declined Even as Pipeline Miles Have Grown

Pipeline Replacement Lowers Emissions



Source: AGA Analysis based on Department of Transportation data and EPA *Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks 1990-2012*

State Utility Commissions Balance Costs to Ratepayers

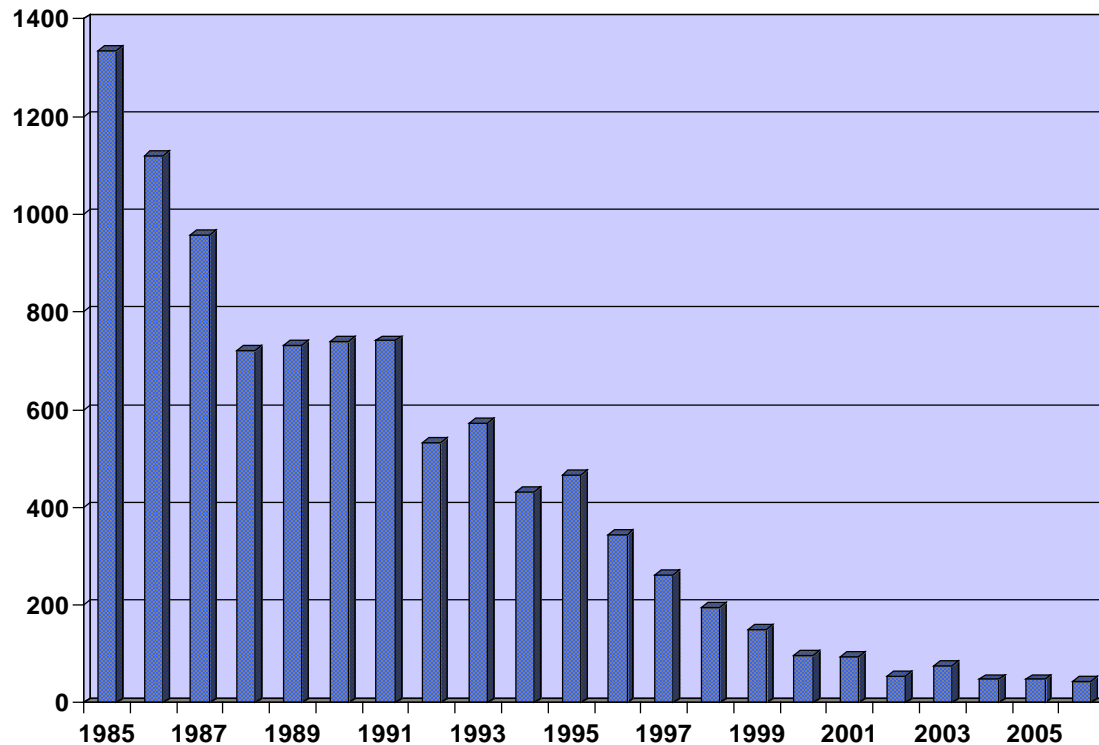
- **How fast can infrastructure be replaced?**
- May depend on
 - miles of pipe, and
 - how many customers would share cost
- **State Utility Commissions must:**
 - 1. Consider cost impacts to consumers, and**
 - 2. Allow utilities to recover costs, and**
 - 3. Allow a just and reasonable return on equity (ROE) to attract capital.**

Regulatory Lag

- The utility's cost of service is based on *historical* amounts from a "test year."
- Leads to "regulatory lag"
- Like being told by your boss –

‘Go travel on business for 5 to 10 years, save your receipts, and at the end, I’ll let you know whether I’ll reimburse you for any of it...’
- Need more timely and reliable cost recovery for major infrastructure replacement projects – e.g. trackers and surcharges

Low Grade Leak Declines – NW Natural Cast Iron Main Replacement – with Cost Recovery



Pamela A. Lacey
Chief Regulatory Counsel,
Environment
placey@aga.org
202.824.7340



Find Us Online



www.aga.org



www.truebluenaturalgas.org



http://twitter.com/AGA_naturalgas



www.facebook.com/naturalgas



www.linkedin.com/company/50905?trk=tyah