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Engineering a human organotypic model of osteogenesis and morphogenetic fusion

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Embryonic Tissues Undergo Fusion Events During Development



Image Credit: Thomas Knudsen, from Synthetic Biology: 'flipping the switch' on opportunities and challenges with virtual tissues. Presented at CompuCell3D Workshop

Central Research Goal: Develop a model *in vitro* system that could be used to predict chemical effects on developmental fusion events using human cells



Mesenchyme

Morphogenetic Fusion Events in the Embryo Depend on Epithelial-Stromal Interactions

Secondary Palate



Neural Tube



Non-Neural Ectoderm Notochord Mesoderm



The Need for Fusion-Competent Models of Epithelial-Stromal Interactions

Global incidence of orofacial clefting: 0.12%



The Royal Children's Hospital Melbourne Cleft Lip and Palate - an overview



Relevance

The Need for Fusion-Competent Models of Epithelial-Stromal Interactions

Global incidence of orofacial clefting: 0.12%



The Royal Children's Hospital Melbourne Cleft Lip and Palate – an overview

Existing methods for studying palate fusion use animal models, tissue explants, or primary twodimensional tissue cultures that exhibit a tradeoff between throughput and developmental relevance



In Vitro Palatal Cell Culture



Nawshad et al. J Cell Sci. 2007





Pathology of Palate Fusion and Cleft Palate





Bush et al. Development 2012



Pathology of Palate Fusion and Cleft Palate





Bush et al. Development 2012



Growth/Elevation Defects

Adhesion/Fusion Defect

Etiology of cleft palate involves genetic, environmental, and genetic x environmental factors



In Vitro Organotypic Model to Examine Morphogenetic Fusion



In Vitro Fusion



Bring Spheroids Into Contact





Monitor Adhesion and Fusion Mesenchymal/Epithelial Tissu





In Vitro Organotypic Model to Examine Morphogenetic Fusion



Mesenchymal/Epithelial Tissues



In Vitro Organotypic Model to Examine Morphogenetic Fusion





Generating Spheroids of Human Wharton's Jelly Stromal Cells (HWJSCs)







OM: Osteo-induction Medium **GM:** Mesenchymal Growth Medium

HWJSC spheroid size is dependent on

- i. culture conditions
- ii. cell seeding density

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HWJSC Spheroid Osteogenesis Over Time in Culture



Spheroid culture in osteo-induction medium by day 7 elicits

- i. Down-regulation of mesenchymal markers
- ii. Up-regulation of osteogenic differentiation markers
- iii. Increased alkaline phosphatase activity



Phenotypic Characterization of Mesenchymal Cell Spheroids





Establishing Epithelial-Stromal Co-Culture



Representative maximum intensity projections



Epithelial attachment to osteogenic HWJSC spheroids is maximal at an epithelial/mesenchymal (E/M) ratio of 0.8



Fusion of Epithelial-Stromal Spheroids



Representative z-slices over time (60 µm from bottom)



HWJSC/HPEKp spheroids in culture exhibit fusion behavior reminiscent of palatal tissue fusion over 2 days (removal of epithelial cells from seams) that is complete by day 4



Spheroid Fusion is Dependent on EGF and FGF Signaling



Representative z-slices over time (60 µm from bottom)

Fibroblast growth factor (FGF) and epidermal growth factor (EGF) signaling inhibition interferes with *in vitro* fusion progression in culture



Co-culture Spheroid Fusion Distinct from Mono-culture Spheroid Fusion

HWJSC/HPEKp spheroid fusion d4 d2 = PC2 (14.19%) d2 d1 d0 **d**1 \succ d0 HWJSC spheroid fusion € Z = PC1/(18.74%)





Future Directions

Study Epithelial Morphogenesis in Real-Time



Cross-Validate In Vitro Fusion Model with In Silico Palatogenesis Model



Hutson et al. Chem. Res. Toxicol. 2017

Explore Chemical Effects on *In Vitro* Fusion





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Transcriptomics Analysis of Day 7 HWJSC Spheroids

