

Disclaimer

The information in this presentation has been reviewed and approved for public dissemination in accordance with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the views or policies of the Agency. Any mention of trade names or commercial products does not constitute EPA endorsement or recommendation for use.



Classification model of blood-brain barrier development and toxicity

Katerine S. Saili, Todd J. Zurlinden, Thomas B. Knudsen

National Center for Computational Toxicology Office of Research and Development Research Triangle Park, NC

Horizons and Challenges in Organotypic Culture Models for Predictive Toxicology Society of Toxicology Satellite Session March 11, 2017



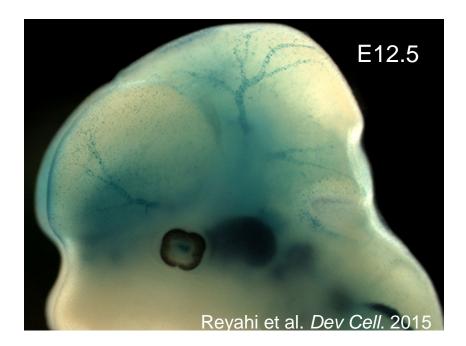
The views expressed in this presentation are those of the authors and may not reflect U.S. EPA policy

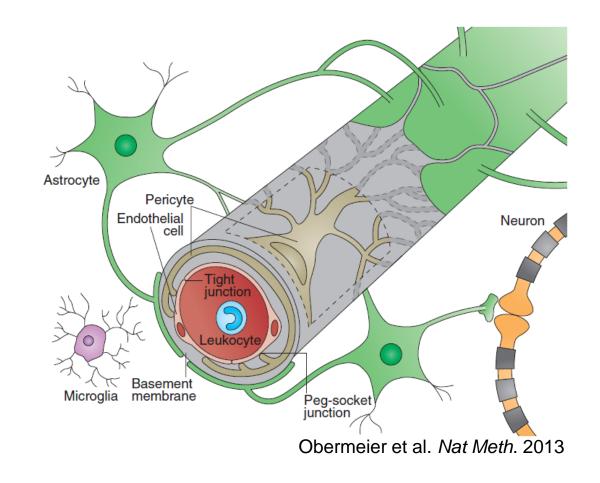
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

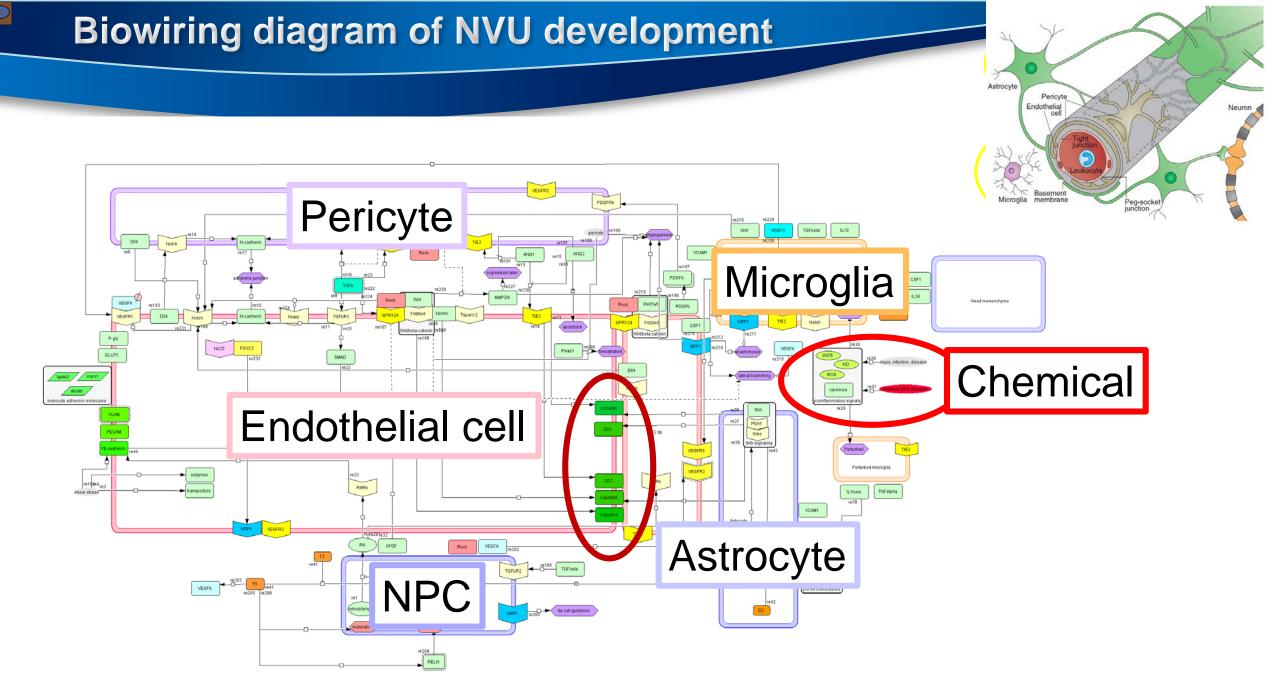


Neurovascular unit (NVU)

Hypothesis: Chemical disruption of NVU development will adversely impact bloodbrain barrier (BBB) formation, and lead to abnormal brain development and function







Saili, et al., Blood-brain barrier development: Systems modeling and predictive toxicology (Review; *in prep*)

Overview

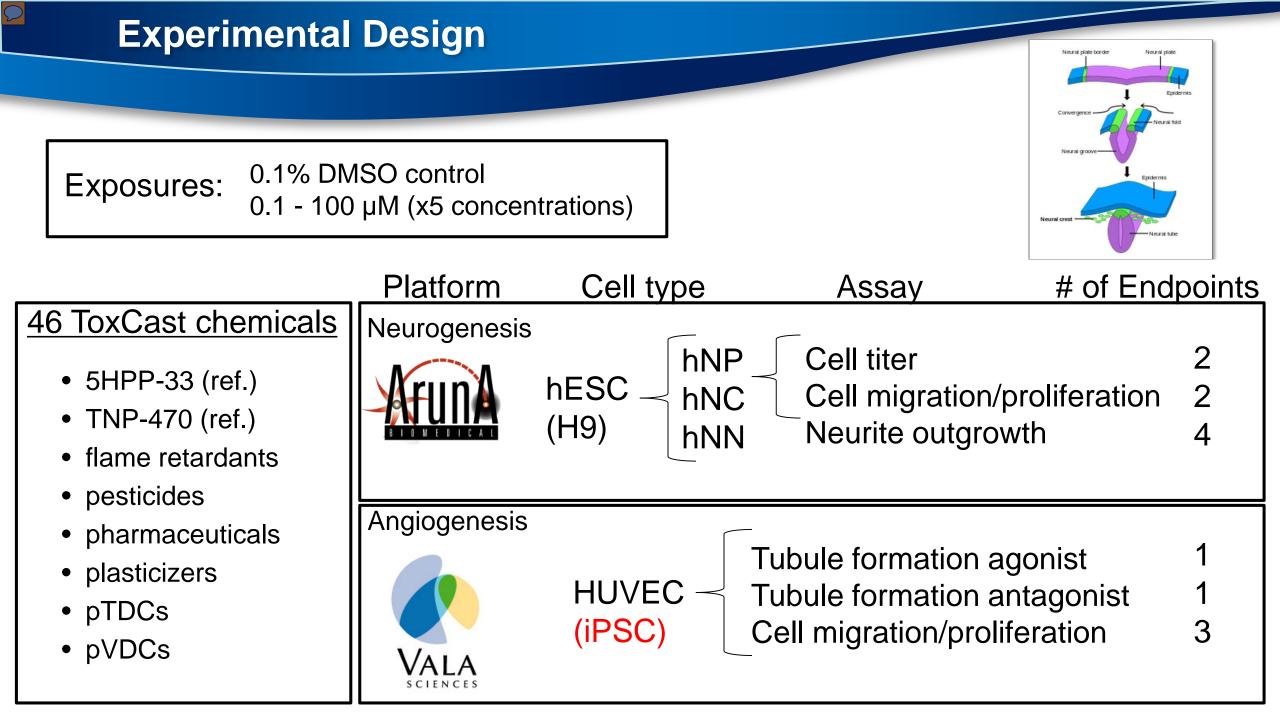
• Objective:

- Identify putative biomarkers of developmental NVU disruption among ToxCast HTS assays
- Build a pathway based predictive signature to identify putative NVU disrupting ToxCast chemicals (Neuro, Angio, both, or neither)
- Approach: Increase the diversity of ToxCast assays to include DevTox assessments that may represent developmental processes or toxicities

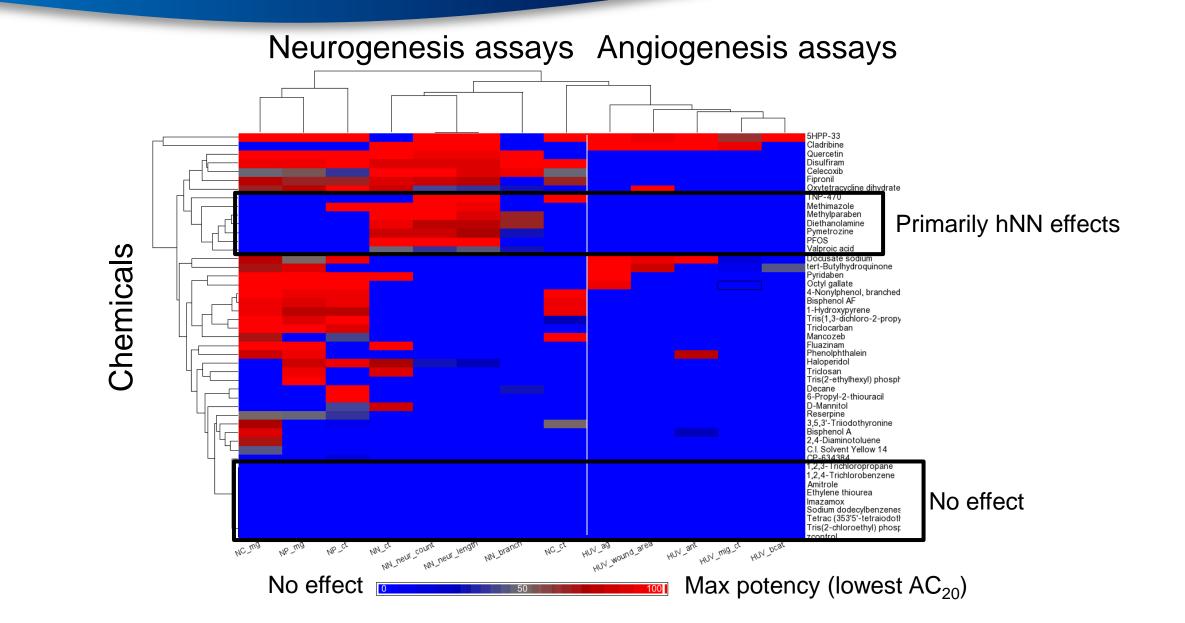
NVU

ArunA (neurogenic), Vala (angiogenic), STEMINA (hESC), OT (endogenesis)

Early development

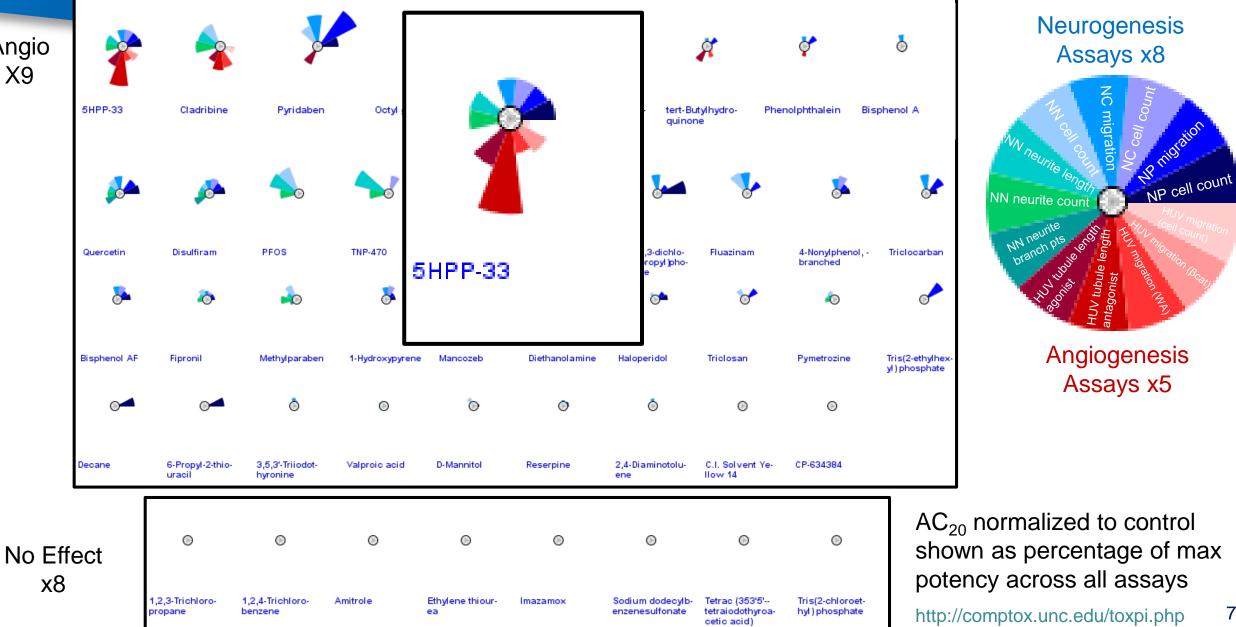


Positive 'hits' across 13 assays



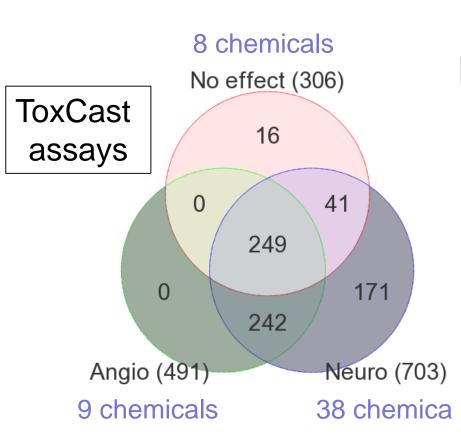
ToxPi ranking of 46 Aruna/Vala chemicals

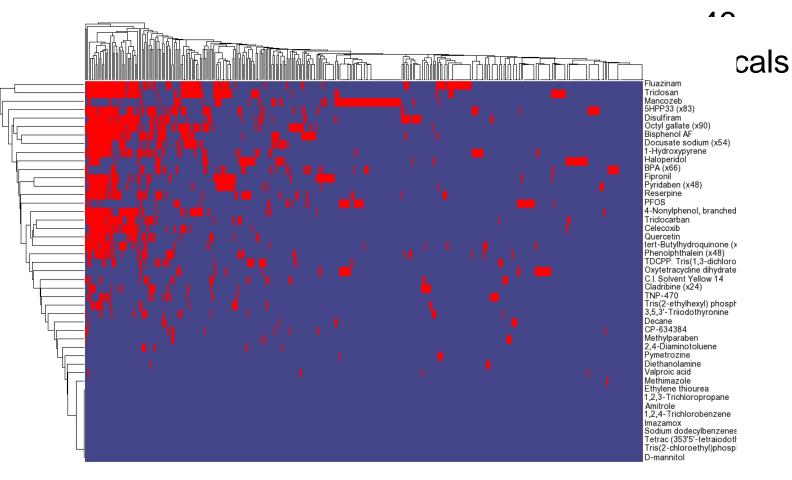
Angio X9



7

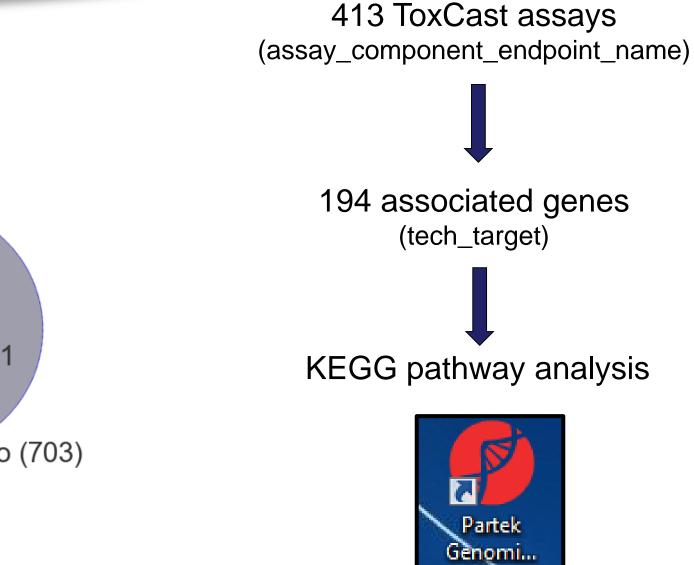
Building a pathway-based prediction model of NVU toxicity

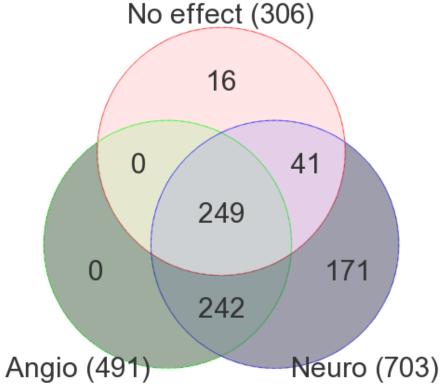




8

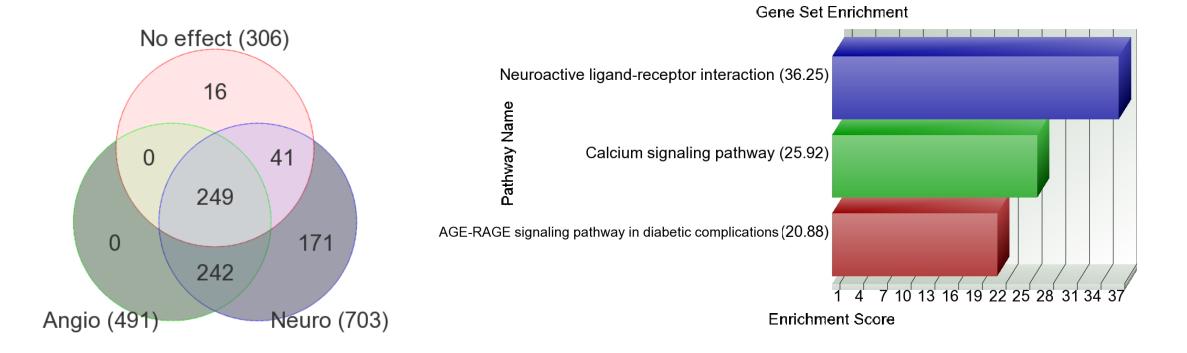
Identifying signaling pathways that may mediate toxic effects on the NVU





Signaling pathways that may mediate toxic effects on the NVU

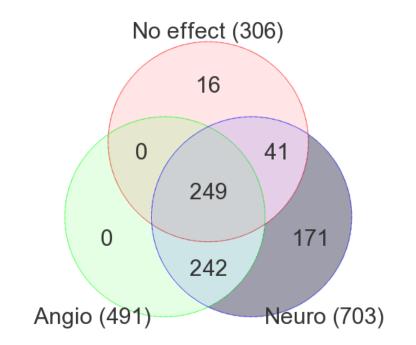
Angiogenesis and/or neurogenesis

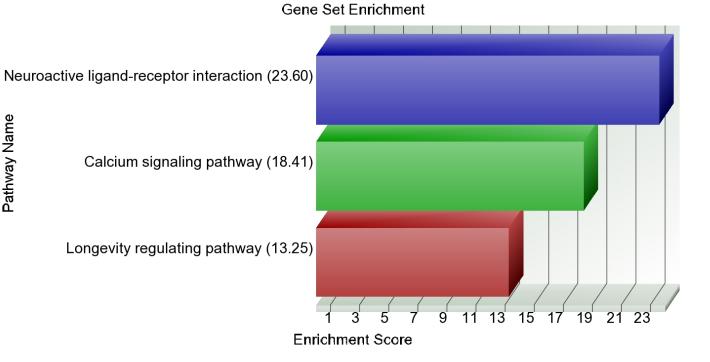


Signaling pathways that may mediate toxic effects on the NVU



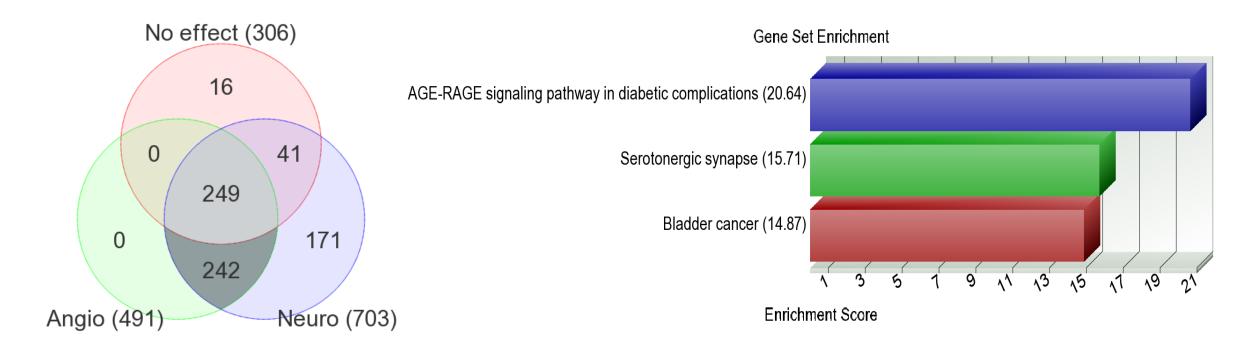
Pathway Name





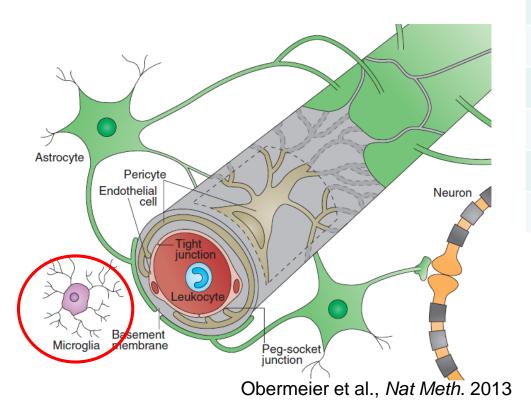
Signaling pathways that may mediate toxic effects on the NVU

Angiogenesis and neurogenesis



Top Pathway – Top Chemical

Hypothesis: Chemical disruption of NVU development will adversely impact blood-brain barrier (BBB) formation, and lead to abnormal brain development and function



AGE-RAGE signaling pathway in diabetic complications

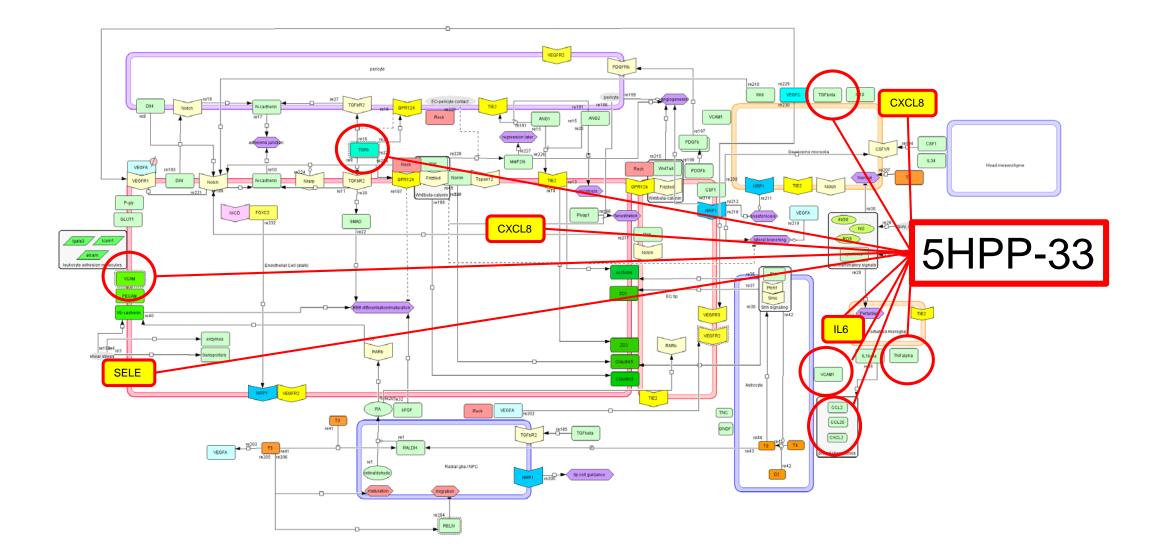
Immune response	Adhesion	Cell growth/ survival	Coagulation	ECM remodeling
CCL2	SELE	JUN	F 3	MMP2
CXCL8	VCAM1	PI3CA	THBD	
IL6	ICAM1	MAPK1		
TNF				
TGFB1				
NFKB1				

(genes from list in pathway)

5HPP-33 gene targets based on ToxCast assay hits

How might microglia mediate impacts on BBB development and function?

 \bigcirc



Future work

- Focus on role of microglia
 - Cell transducers of inflammatory signals
 - Role in remodeling/anastomosis during angiogenesis
- Test more ToxCast chemicals in these platforms
- Prioritize chemicals for OCM in vitro testing

Acknowledgements

- Tom Knudsen (mentor)
- Todd Zurlinden (NCCT)
- Sid Hunter (NHEERL-ISTD)
- Andrew Schwab (NHEERL-ISTD)
- Nancy Baker (Leidos)
- Virtual Tissue Modeling Group
- Florent Ginhoux (A*STAR)
- Aymeric Silvan (A*STAR)
- Dan Rines (Vala Sciences)
- Bei Bei Cai (Vala Sciences)
- Steve Stice (Aruna Biomedical)
- Tracey Worthington Stice (Aruna Biomedical)







Virtual Tissue Models: Predicting How Chemicals Impact Human Development



http://www2.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2015-08/documents/virtual_tissue_models_fact_sheat_final.pdf



Thank You

Questions?

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency