



Regulated Emissions



- Currently regulated emissions include:
 - —Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx)
 - -Carbon Monoxide (CO)
 - -Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)
 - > Propane, Butane, Pentanes+

 State regulations require authorization for construction and operation of equipment that produces emissions



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Potential Regulated Emissions



- Greenhouse Gases (GHG)
 - Include methane (CH₄) and carbon dioxide (CO₂)
 - Expect to be included under Cap & Trade
 - A "Carbon price" will be placed on emissions of methane and carbon dioxide
- Methane has a global warming potential twentythree (23) times that of carbon dioxide
 - Results:
 - One (1) ton of methane emitted is equivalent to twentythree (23) tons of carbon dioxide emitted
 - Places a premium on methane emissions



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Natural Gas Components







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Natural Gas Components

- Methane (CH₄)
- Ethane (C₂H₆)
- Propane (C₃H₈)
- Butane, (C₄H₁₀)
- Pentane + (C_5H_{12})

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Emission Strategies





Current emission strategy

- Capture flash emissions
 - Comply with volatile organic compound regulations
 - Cost recovery
- Reduce Fugitive natural gas emissions
 - Cost recovery

Anticipate Cap & Trade

- Reduce fugitive natural gas emissions
 - > Monetary value of methane
 - ➤ Monetary value of carbon

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Emission Reductions





Control Options

- Vapor Recovery Units
- Flash Gas Compression
- Directed Inspection and Maintenance Programs

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New Legislation in the News





Mandatory Reporting Rule

• Emission Inventory versus Carbon Footprint

Cap and Trade

•25,000 metric ton threshold and 10,000 metric ton threshold

EPA Proposed Endangerment Finding

•Clean Air Act Amendments would result in regulation of GHGS under the Clean Air Act

Note: 1 metric ton = 2,205 pounds

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