

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Natural Gas STAR Program

Optimize Separator Operating Pressures to Reduce Flash Losses SPE Paper 94373



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Outline

Introduction
Flash Losses
Opportunity
Methods Used
Conclusions



Introduction

STAR BMPs examples of Optimization
 Many opportunities exist
 Many solutions needed
 Flash gas from separators and storage tanks are natural gas product

Flashing Losses

★ Flashing losses result from oil pressure drops during the separation process + Flash gas routinely vented to the atmosphere or burned in a flare **+** Sources of flash to atmosphere include separators, heater treaters, storage tanks + Higher BTU gas from storage tanks

Flashing Losses

- ★ Intermediate flash
 - Intermediate pressure separators that send oil to low pressure separator or heater treater
- Computer simulations
- **+** Fixed roof atmospheric storage tanks
- Pipeline pigging operations
- Gas plant inlet separators dumping to storage tanks

Typical Flash Destination



Optimization Opportunity

 Minimize operating pressure of lowpressure separators that dump to storage tanks to reduce flash losses
 Results in decreased gas vented by storage tanks and increased gas to sales
 Minimal cost to implement with immediate payback

Why Optimize Separators?

Easy, inexpensive to increase profits
 Gas STAR Program reporting
 Conserves natural resources
 Greenhouse Gas emission credits
 Reduce volatile organic compounds (VOC)
 Reduce benzene and other hazardous air pollutant emissions

Devon Energy Corp. Case Study

Surveyed facilities
 Chose G.A. Ray No. 93 Facility
 Optimize separator pressures to increase gas to sales minimal costs
 Field cooperation – sampling, optimization options, implementation

Method

Step1. Choose Flowrate Estimation Method ★ Step 2 – Collect Process Data ★ Step 3 – Determine existing GOR and flash rate **★** Step 4 – Determine and implement optimal operating pressures **+** Step 5 – Determine new GOR and flash rate after lowering operating pressures Step 6 – Calculate the reduction in vent gas and the monetary value of the vent gas





Sales

Atmos.

Oil Storage

Tanks (Atmos.)

-∽∽-□ Loading

Additional Solution

 Install vapor recovery after optimization when adequate amount of gas vented
 See Natural Gas STAR's Lessons Learned document: "Installing Vapor Recovery Units on Crude Oil Storage Tanks" (www.epa.gov/gasstar)

Conclusions

★ Methane emissions



Before optimization = 653,000 scf/year
 After optimization = 317,000 scf/year
 Increased potential net to sales = 336,000 scf/year
 Increase profits to approx. \$7000/year
 Devon reporting this data to Gas STAR Program