

Technical Support Document for the 2008 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan



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August 2008

EPA-821-R-08-015

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CONTENTS

Page

PART I: INTRODUCTION.....	I
1.0 BACKGROUND.....	1-1
1.1 EPA’s Clean Water Act Program	1-1
1.2 Background on the Effluent Guidelines Program.....	1-1
1.3 What Are Effluent Guidelines and Pretreatment Standards?.....	1-2
1.3.1 Best Practicable Control Technology Currently Available (BPT) — CWA Sections 301(b)(1)(A) and 304(b)(1).....	1-3
1.3.2 Best Conventional Pollutant Control Technology (BCT) — CWA Sections 301(b)(2)(E) and 304(b)(4)	1-4
1.3.3 Best Available Technology Economically Achievable (BAT) — CWA Sections 301(b)(2)(A) and 304(b)(2).....	1-4
1.3.4 New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) — CWA Section 306	1-4
1.3.5 Pretreatment Standards for Existing Sources (PSES) — CWA Section 307(b).....	1-4
1.3.6 Pretreatment Standards for New Sources (PSNS) — CWA Section 307(c).....	1-5
1.4 Success of EPA’s Effluent Guidelines Program.....	1-5
1.5 What Are EPA’s Effluent Guidelines Planning and Review Requirements?.....	1-5
1.6 Background References	1-6
2.0 PUBLIC COMMENTS ON THE FINAL EFFLUENT GUIDELINES PROGRAM PLAN FOR 2006 AND PRELIMINARY EFFLUENT GUIDELINES PROGRAM PLAN FOR 2008	2-1
3.0 THE EFFLUENT GUIDELINES PLANNING PROCESS	3-1
3.1 Goals of the ELG Planning Process.....	3-1
3.2 Annual Review of Existing Effluent Guidelines and Pretreatment Standards	3-1
3.2.1 Factors Considered in Review of Existing Effluent Guidelines and Pretreatment Standards	3-1
3.2.2 Overview: Review of Existing Point Source Categories	3-5
3.3 Identification of New Categories of Direct Dischargers for Possible Effluent Guidelines Development.....	3-7
3.4 Identification of New Categories of Indirect Dischargers for Possible Effluent Guidelines Development.....	3-8
3.5 Stakeholder Involvement and Schedule.....	3-8
3.6 The Effluent Guidelines Planning Process References.....	3-9
4.0 METHODOLOGY, DATA SOURCES, AND LIMITATIONS	4-1
4.1 Data Sources and Limitations	4-1
4.1.1 SIC Codes	4-2
4.1.2 Toxic Weighting Factors.....	4-3
4.1.3 Calculation of TWPE.....	4-4
4.1.4 Data from TRI.....	4-4
4.1.5 Data from PCS	4-6

CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page
4.2	Methodology Corrections Affecting Both Screening-Level Review Databases . 4-9
4.3	Corrections to the <i>TRIRelases2004</i> Database 4-9
4.4	Corrections to the <i>PCSLoads2004</i> Database 4-9
4.5	Corrections to the <i>TRIRelases2005</i> Database 4-9
4.5.1	TRIRelases2005: Categorization of Discharges 4-9
4.5.2	TRIRelases2005: Pollutant Corrections 4-11
4.5.3	TRIRelases2005: Data Quality Review 4-12
4.5.4	TRIRelases2005: Facility Reviews 4-13
4.6	<i>TRIRelases2004</i> and <i>TRIRelases2005</i> Rankings and <i>PCSLoads2004</i> Rankings 4-13
4.7	Methodology, Data Sources, and Limitations References 4-17
PART II:	RESULTS OF THE 2008 ANNUAL REVIEW OF INDUSTRIAL CATEGORIES WITH EXISTING ELGs II
5.0	2008 ANNUAL REVIEW OF EXISTING EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS AND RANKING OF POINT SOURCE CATEGORIES 5-1
5.1	Summary of the Results from the 2007 Annual Review 5-1
5.2	Results of the 2008 Screening-Level Review 5-1
5.2.1	Facilities for Which EPA Is Currently Developing or Revising ELGs ... 5-2
5.2.2	Categories for Which EPA Recently Promulgated or Revised ELGs 5-2
5.2.3	Categories with One Facility Dominating the TWPE 5-3
5.2.4	Results of the 2008 Screening-Level Review 5-5
5.3	Prioritization of Categories for the 2008 Annual Review 5-5
5.3.1	Detailed Study of Existing ELGs 5-11
5.3.2	Preliminary Review 5-11
5.4	2008 Annual Review of Existing Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards and Ranking of Point Source Categories References 5-13
6.0	CENTRALIZED WASTE TREATMENT (40 CFR PART 437) 6-1
6.1	CWT Category Background 6-1
6.1.1	CWT Industry Profile 6-1
6.1.2	40 CFR Part 437 6-2
6.2	CWT Category 2004 Through 2008 Screening-Level Reviews 6-3
6.3	CWT Category 2004 through 2008 Pollutants of Concern 6-4
6.4	CWT Category Pesticide Discharges 6-4
6.4.1	Pesticide Discharges for Vopak Logistics Services — Deer Park, TX ... 6-8
6.4.2	Pesticides Discharges for DuPont Chambers Works — Deepwater, NJ . 6-8
6.5	CWT Category Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds Discharges 6-10
6.6	CWT Category Conclusions 6-11
6.7	CWT Category References 6-12

CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page
7.0	ORGANIC CHEMICALS PLASTICS AND SYNTHETIC FIBERS (40 CFR PART 414)..... 7-1
7.1	OCPSF Category Background 7-1
7.1.1	OCPSF Industry Profile 7-1
7.1.2	40 CFR Part 414..... 7-4
7.2	OCPSF Category 2004 Through 2008 Screening-Level Reviews..... 7-5
7.3	OCPSF Category 2004 Through 2008 Pollutants of Concern 7-5
7.4	OCPSF Category Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges in TRI..... 7-8
7.5	OCPSF Category Hexachlorobenzene Discharges in TRI and PCS..... 7-12
7.6	OCPSF Category Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds Discharges in TRI 7-14
7.7	OCPSF Category Aluminum Discharges in PCS 7-15
7.8	OCPSF Category Benzidine Discharges in PCS 7-16
7.9	OCPSF Category Conclusions..... 7-17
7.10	OCPSF Category References..... 7-18
8.0	ORE MINING AND DRESSING (40 CFR PART 440)..... 8-1
8.1	Ore Mining Category Background..... 8-1
8.1.1	Ore Mining Industry Profile..... 8-1
8.1.2	40 CFR Part 440..... 8-4
8.2	Ore Mining Category 2004 Through 2008 Screening-Level Reviews 8-5
8.3	Ore Mining Category 2004 Through 2008 Pollutants of Concern 8-6
8.4	Ore Mining Category Mercury Compounds Discharges 8-9
8.5	Ore Mining Category Arsenic Compounds Discharges..... 8-9
8.6	Ore Mining Category Facility Identification 8-10
8.7	Comparison of Discharges to Part 440 ELGs and Permit Limits 8-13
8.8	Permit Analysis..... 8-15
8.8.1	Effluent Limits Comparison 8-15
8.8.2	Review of Permit Monitoring Data..... 8-16
8.9	Ore Mining Category Conclusions 8-18
8.10	Ore Mining Category References 8-18
9.0	PETROLEUM REFINING (40 CFR PART 419)..... 9-1
9.1	Petroleum Refining Category Background..... 9-1
9.1.1	Petroleum Refining Industry Profile..... 9-1
9.1.2	40 CFR Part 419..... 9-4
9.2	Petroleum Refining Category 2004 Through 2008 Screening-Level Reviews ... 9-4
9.3	Petroleum Refining Category 2004 Through 2008 Pollutants of Concern..... 9-5
9.4	Petroleum Refining Category Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges 9-5
9.4.1	Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compounds Discharges for Chevron — Richmond, CA 9-8
9.4.2	Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compounds Discharges for Hovensa — Christiansted, VI 9-9
9.4.3	Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compounds Discharges for Tesoro — Anacortes, WA..... 9-10
9.4.4	Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compounds Discharges for Tesoro — Martinez, CA..... 9-11
9.5	Petroleum Refining Category Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds Discharges ... 9-11

CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page
9.6	Petroleum Refining Category Conclusions..... 9-12
9.7	Petroleum Refining Category References..... 9-16
10.0	PULP, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD (40 CFR PART 430) 10-1
10.1	Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Category Background..... 10-1
10.1.1	Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Industry Profile..... 10-1
10.1.2	40 CFR Part 430..... 10-4
10.2	Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Category 2005 Through 2008 Screening-Level Reviews..... 10-5
10.3	Pulp and Paper Category 2004 Through 2008 Pollutants of Concern 10-6
10.4	Pulp and Paper Category Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges 10-9
10.5	Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Category Metals Discharges..... 10-10
10.6	Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Category Conclusions..... 10-10
10.7	Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Category References..... 10-11
11.0	WASTE COMBUSTORS (40 CFR PART 444) 11-1
11.1	Waste Combustors Category Background..... 11-1
11.1.1	Waste Combustors Industry Profile..... 11-1
11.1.2	40 CFR Part 444..... 11-2
11.2	Waste Combustors Category 2004 Through 2008 Screening-Level Reviews... 11-3
11.3	Waste Combustors Category 2004 Through 2008 Pollutants of Concern..... 11-3
11.4	Waste Combustors Category Pesticide Discharges 11-6
11.4.1	Pesticide Discharges for Clean Harbors — Deer Park, TX..... 11-7
11.4.2	Pesticides Management at Von Roll America – East Liverpool, OH.... 11-9
11.4.3	Pesticides Management at Ross Incineration Services – Grafton, OH 11-10
11.5	Waste Combustors Category Conclusions..... 11-10
11.6	Waste Combustors Category References..... 11-11
PART III: DETAILED STUDIES III	
12.0	COAL MINING CATEGORY (PART 434)..... 12-1
12.1	Summary of Public Comments 12-1
12.2	Key Definitions..... 12-2
12.3	Applicability of 40 CFR Part 434 Manganese Effluent Limits 12-2
12.4	Key Findings Concerning Public Comments..... 12-3
12.4.1	Bond Forfeitures 12-3
12.4.2	Potential Environmental Impacts..... 12-4
12.4.3	Surrogate Removal of Metals through Manganese Treatment 12-4
12.4.4	Effectiveness of Passive Treatment Systems..... 12-4
12.5	EPA 2008 Decision on Revising Part 434 Effluent Guidelines..... 12-5
12.6	Introduction References 12-5
13.0	HEALTH SERVICES INDUSTRY AND HOSPITALS CATEGORY (PART 460) 13-1
13.1	Dental Mercury 13-2
13.2	Unused Pharmaceuticals 13-4
13.3	Health Services Industry and Hospitals Category References..... 13-9

CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page
14.0 OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION CATEGORY (PART 435)	14-1
14.1 Oil and Gas Extraction Category References	14-2
15.0 STEAM ELECTRIC POWER GENERATING CATEGORY (PART 423)	15-1
15.1 Steam Electric Power Generating Category References.....	15-3
Appendix A: SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIALS FOR EAD’S SCREENING-LEVEL ANALYSIS	
Appendix B: SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIALS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF <i>TRIRELEASES2005</i>	
Appendix C: RESULTS OF <i>TRIRELEASES2004_V3</i> , <i>TRIRELEASES2005_V2</i> , AND <i>PCSLOADS2004_V4</i>	

LIST OF TABLES

		Page
2-1	Comments on the Preliminary 2008 and Final 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plans EPA Docket Number: EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771	2-2
4-1	Newly Developed TWFs in 2007	4-4
4-2	Summary of <i>TRIReleases2005</i> Facility Review	4-14
5-1	Point Source Categories That Have Undergone a Recent Rulemaking or Review	5-3
5-2	Point Source Categories with One Facility Dominating the TWPE Discharges	5-4
5-3	Final PCS 2004 and TRI 2004 Combined Point Source Category Rankings	5-6
5-4	Final TRI 2005 Rankings	5-8
5-5	2008 Annual Review of Categories with Existing ELGs: Level of Review	5-9
5-6	Previous Reviews for Point Source Categories Reviewed as Part of the 2008 Annual Review	5-12
6-1	Number of Facilities Identified as CWTs	6-1
6-2	Centralized Waste Treatment Category Facilities by Type of Discharge Reported in TRI 2004 and 2005	6-2
6-3	Part 437 Subcategories and Regulated Pollutants	6-2
6-4	CWT Category Screening-Level Results	6-3
6-5	2008 Review: CWT Category Pollutants of Concern	6-5
6-6	Summary of CWT Pesticide Facility Contacts	6-7
6-7	Pesticide Discharges from Vopak Logistics Services Reported to TRI	6-8
6-8	Pesticide Discharges from DuPont Chambers Works Reported to TRI	6-9
6-9	Estimates of Pesticide Discharges from DuPont Chambers Works Based on Sampling Data	6-10
6-10	PAC Discharges from LNVA North Regional Treatment Plant Reported to TRI	6-10
6-11	Pesticides Treatability Data	6-14
7-1	Number of Facilities in OCPSF SIC Codes	7-2
7-2	OCPSF Category Facilities by Type of Discharge Reported in TRI 2004 and 2005	7-3

LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

	Page
7-3	Applicability of Subcategories in the OCPSF Category..... 7-4
7-4	OCPSF Screening-Level Results 7-5
7-5	2008 Review: OCPSF Category Pollutants of Concern 7-6
7-6	2006 Review: OCPSF Category Pollutants of Concern 7-7
7-7	OCPSF Facilities Reporting Dioxin Releases to TRI..... 7-9
7-8	OCPSF Facilities Reporting HCB Releases to TRI..... 7-12
7-9	OCPSF Facilities Reporting Discharges of HCB to PCS in 2002 or 2004..... 7-13
7-10	OCPSF Facilities Reporting PAC Releases to TRI 7-15
7-11	OCPSF Facilities Reporting Aluminum to PCS 7-16
7-12	Monthly Benzidine Concentrations and Loads for Rohm & Haas, Bristol, PA 7-16
8-1	Number of Facilities in Ore Mining SIC Codes 8-2
8-2	Ore Mining Category Facilities by Type of Discharge Reported in TRI 2004 and 2005 8-3
8-3	Ore Mining Category Subcategory Applicability 8-4
8-4	Ore Mining Category Screening-Level Results 8-6
8-5	2008 Review: Ore Mining Category Pollutants of Concern..... 8-7
8-6	2006 Review: Ore Mining Category Pollutants of Concern..... 8-8
8-7	Flow and Mercury Concentrations for Northshore Mining Company..... 8-9
8-8	2006 Review: Arsenic Discharges in <i>PCSLoads2004_v4</i> and <i>PCSLoads2002_v4</i> from Facilities in the Ore Mining Category 8-11
8-9	2006 Review: Arsenic Discharges Reported to TRI from Facilities in the Ore Mining Category 8-12
8-10	Compliance Status of High TWPE Discharges 8-14
8-11	NPDES Permits by Mine Type..... 8-15
8-12	Average Metals Concentrations (in mg/L) for Ore Mines with Self-Monitoring Data . 8-17
8-13	Summary Statistics of Effluent Limits for Ore Mining Facilities..... 8-20
8-14	Ore Mining Category Master Facility List..... 8-25

LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

	Page
9-1	Number of Facilities in Petroleum Refining SIC Codes..... 9-2
9-2	Petroleum Refining Category Facilities by Type of Discharge Reported in TRI 2004 and 2005..... 9-3
9-3	Petroleum Refining Category Screening-Level Results 9-4
9-4	2008 Review: Petroleum Refining Category Pollutants of Concern 9-6
9-5	2006 Review: Petroleum Refining Category Pollutants of Concern 9-7
9-6	Detected Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compound Congeners for Chevron 9-9
9-7	TCDD Equivalents Monitored in 2004..... 9-11
9-8	Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges from Petroleum Refineries Reported to TRI in 2002–2005..... 9-14
9-9	PAC Discharges from Petroleum Refineries Reported to TRI in 2002–2005 9-17
10-1	Number of Facilities in Pulp and Paper SIC Codes..... 10-2
10-2	Pulp and Paper Category Facilities by Type of Discharge Reported in TRI 2004 and 2005..... 10-3
10-3	Relationship Between Pulp and Paper Regulatory Phases and Subcategories 10-5
10-4	Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Screening-Level Results..... 10-6
10-5	2008 Review: Pulp and Paper Category Pollutants of Concern 10-7
10-6	2006 Review: Pulp and Paper Category Pollutants of Concern 10-8
10-7	Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges from Pulp and Paper Mills Reported to TRI in 2002–2005..... 10-12
11-1	Number of Facilities in Waste Combustors Category 11-2
11-2	Waste Combustors by Type of Discharge Reported in TRI 2004 and 2005 11-2
11-3	Applicability of Subcategories in the Waste Combustor Category 11-3
11-4	Waste Combustors Category Screening-Level Results 11-3
11-5	2008 Review: Waste Combustors Category Pollutants of Concern 11-5
11-6	Sampling Data Summary from Waste Combustors Rulemaking 11-6
11-7	Clean Harbors — Deer Park, TX TRI-Reported Pesticide Discharge..... 11-7

LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

	Page
11-8 Clean Harbors — Deer Park, TX Wastewater Sampling Data	11-8
11-9 Clean Harbors — Deer Park, TX 2006 Discharges Estimated from Sampling Data for Toxaphene and Hexachlorobenzene	11-9
11-10 Summary of Waste Combustor Pesticide Facility Contacts	11-13

LIST OF FIGURES

	Page
1-1 Regulations of Direct and Indirect Wastewater Discharges Under NPDES.....	1-3
3-1 Flow Chart of Annual Review of Existing ELGs	3-2
3-2 Flow Chart of Further Review of Existing ELGs	3-3
3-3 Flow Chart of Identification of Possible New ELGs	3-4

PART I: INTRODUCTION

This document supports the Final 2008 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan. It presents the methodology used to perform the annual reviews of industrial discharges required by the Clean Water Act and the results of the reviews.

1.0 BACKGROUND

This section explains how the Effluent Guidelines Program fits into the Clean Water Act (CWA) Program, describes the general and legal background of the Effluent Guidelines Program, and describes EPA’s process for making effluent guidelines revision and development decisions (i.e., effluent guideline planning).

1.1 EPA’s Clean Water Act Program

EPA’s Office of Water is responsible for developing the programs and tools authorized under the CWA, which provides EPA and the states with a variety of programs and tools to protect and restore the Nation’s waters. These programs and tools generally rely either on water quality-based controls, such as water quality standards and water quality-based effluent limitations, or technology-based controls such as effluent guidelines and technology-based effluent limitations.

The CWA gives states the primary responsibility for establishing, reviewing, and revising water quality standards. These consist of designated uses for each water body (e.g., fishing, swimming, supporting aquatic life), numeric pollutant concentration limits (“criteria”) to protect those uses, and an antidegradation policy. EPA develops national criteria for many pollutants, which states may adopt or modify as appropriate to reflect local conditions. In a parallel track to water quality standards, EPA also develops technology-based effluent limitation guidelines and standards, which are factor-based regulations that provide effluent limits based on current available technologies. These limitations and standards are then incorporated into discharge permits as technology-based effluent limitations (U.S. EPA, 1996). While technology-based effluent limitations in discharge permits may be as stringent as or more stringent than water quality-based effluent limits, the effluent guidelines program is not specifically designed to ensure that the discharge from each facility meets the water quality standards for that particular water body. For this reason, the CWA also requires states to establish water quality-based permit limitations, where necessary to attain and maintain water quality standards that require industrial facilities to meet requirements that are more stringent than those in a national effluent guideline regulation. EPA notes that the various components of water quality-based permitting (water quality standards, water quality-based effluent limits, and total maximum daily loads) are in different stages of development nationally and by state, which may result in different levels of protection across states. Therefore, national categorical effluent limitations and standards remain a critical component of EPA’s CWA Program. Consequently, in the overall context of the CWA, effluent guidelines must be viewed as one tool in the broad arsenal of tools Congress provided to EPA and the states to protect and restore the Nation’s water quality.

1.2 Background on the Effluent Guidelines Program

The 1972 CWA marked a distinct change in Congress’s efforts “to restore and maintain the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the Nation’s waters.” See CWA § 101(a), 33 U.S.C. § 1251(a). Prior to 1972, the CWA relied on “water quality standards.” This approach

was challenging, however, because it was very difficult to prove that a specific discharger was responsible for decreasing the water quality of its receiving stream.

Since 1972, the CWA has directed EPA to promulgate effluent guidelines that reflect pollutant reductions that can be achieved by categories or subcategories of industrial point sources. The effluent guidelines are based on specific technologies (including process changes) that EPA identifies as meeting the statutorily prescribed level of control. See CWA sections 301(b)(2), 304(b), 306, 307(b), and 307(c). Unlike other CWA tools, effluent guidelines are national in scope and establish pollution control obligations for all facilities that discharge wastewater within an industrial category or subcategory. In establishing these controls, EPA assesses: (1) the performance and availability of the best pollution control technologies or pollution prevention practices that are available for an industrial category or subcategory as a whole; (2) the economic achievability of those technologies, which can include consideration of costs, effluent reduction benefits, and affordability of achieving the reduction in pollutant discharge; (3) non-water-quality environmental impacts (including energy requirements); and (4) such other factors as the Administrator deems appropriate.

Creating a single national pollution control requirement for each industrial category based on the best technology the industry could afford was seen by Congress as a way to reduce the potential creation of “pollution havens” and to set the Nation’s sights on attaining the highest possible level of water quality. Consequently, EPA’s goal in establishing national effluent guidelines is to assure that industrial facilities with similar characteristics, regardless of their location or the nature of their receiving water, will at a minimum meet similar effluent limitations representing the performance of the best pollution control technologies or pollution prevention practices.

Unlike other CWA tools, effluent guidelines also provide the opportunity to promote pollution prevention and water conservation. This may be particularly important in controlling persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic pollutants discharged in concentrations below analytic detection levels. Effluent guidelines also control pollutant discharges at the point of discharge from industrial facilities and cover discharges directly to surface water (direct discharges) and discharges to publicly-owned treatment works (POTWs) (indirect discharges). For industrial dischargers to POTWs, this can have the added benefit of preventing the untreated discharge of pollutants to groundwater from leaking sewer pipes or to surface waters due to combined sewer overflows.

1.3 What Are Effluent Guidelines and Pretreatment Standards?

The national clean water industrial regulatory program is authorized under sections 301, 304, 306 and 307 of the CWA.

The CWA directs EPA to promulgate effluent limitations guidelines and standards through six levels of control: BPT, BAT, BCT, NSPS, PSES, and PSNS. For point sources that discharge pollutants directly into the waters of the United States (direct dischargers), the limitations and standards promulgated by EPA are implemented through National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permits. See CWA sections 301(a), 301(b), and 402. For sources that discharge to POTWs (indirect dischargers), EPA promulgates pretreatment standards that apply directly to those sources and are enforced by POTWs and state and federal

authorities. See CWA sections 307(b) and (c). Figure 1-1 illustrates the relationship between the regulation of direct and indirect dischargers.

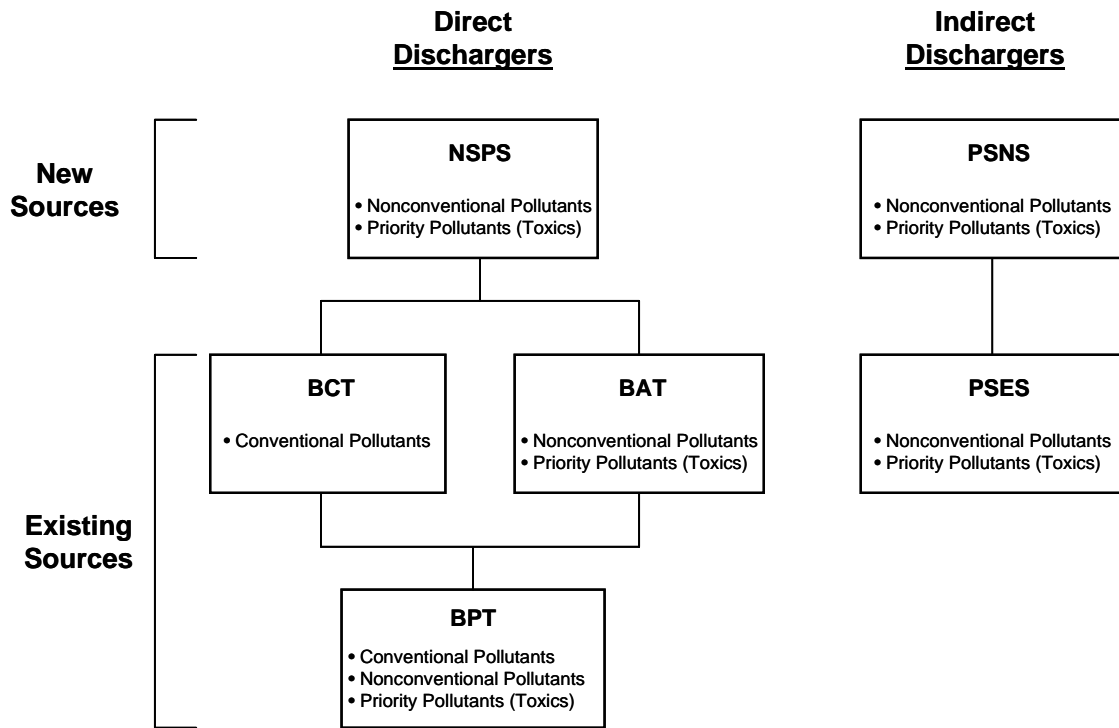


Figure 1-1. Regulations of Direct and Indirect Wastewater Discharges Under NPDES

1.3.1 *Best Practicable Control Technology Currently Available (BPT) — CWA Sections 301(b)(1)(A) and 304(b)(1)*

EPA develops effluent limitations based on BPT for conventional, toxic, and nonconventional pollutants. Section 304(a)(4) designates the following as conventional pollutants: biochemical oxygen demand (BOD₅), total suspended solids, fecal coliform, pH, and any additional pollutants defined by the Administrator as conventional. The Administrator designated oil and grease as an additional conventional pollutant on July 30, 1979. See 44 FR 44501 (July 30, 1979). EPA has identified 65 pollutants and classes of pollutants as toxic pollutants, of which 126 specific substances have been designated priority toxic pollutants. See Appendix A to Part 423, reprinted after 40 CFR Part 423.17. All other pollutants are considered to be nonconventional.

In specifying BPT, EPA looks at a number of factors. EPA first considers the total cost of applying the control technology in relation to the effluent reduction benefits. The Agency also considers the age of the equipment and facilities, the processes employed and any required process changes, engineering aspects of the control technologies, non-water-quality environmental impacts (including energy requirements), and such other factors as the EPA Administrator deems appropriate. See CWA section 304(b)(1)(B). Traditionally, EPA establishes BPT effluent limitations based on the average of the best performances of facilities within the industry of various ages, sizes, processes or other common characteristics. Where existing performance is uniformly inadequate, BPT may reflect higher levels of control than currently in

place in an industrial category if the Agency determines that the technology can be practically applied.

1.3.2 Best Conventional Pollutant Control Technology (BCT) — CWA Sections 301(b)(2)(E) and 304(b)(4)

The 1977 amendments to the CWA required EPA to identify effluent reduction levels for conventional pollutants associated with BCT for discharges from existing industrial point sources. In addition to the other factors specified in section 304(b)(4)(B), the CWA requires that EPA establish BCT limitations after consideration of a two-part “cost-reasonableness” test. EPA explained its methodology for the development of BCT limitations in 1986. See 51 FR 24974 (July 9, 1986).

1.3.3 Best Available Technology Economically Achievable (BAT) — CWA Sections 301(b)(2)(A) and 304(b)(2)

For toxic pollutants and nonconventional pollutants, EPA promulgates effluent guidelines based on BAT. See CWA sections 301(b)(2)(C), (D), and (F). The factors considered in assessing BAT include the cost of achieving BAT effluent reductions, the age of equipment and facilities involved, the process employed, potential process changes, non-water-quality environmental impacts, including energy requirements, and other such factors as the EPA Administrator deems appropriate. See CWA section 304(b)(2)(B). The technology must also be economically achievable. See CWA section 301(b)(2)(A). The Agency retains considerable discretion in assigning the weight it accords to these factors. BAT limitations may be based on effluent reductions attainable through changes in a facility’s processes and operations. Where existing performance is uniformly inadequate, BAT may reflect a higher level of performance than is currently being achieved within a particular subcategory based on technology transferred from a different subcategory or category. BAT may be based upon process changes or internal controls, even when these technologies are not common industry practice.

1.3.4 New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) — CWA Section 306

NSPS reflect effluent reductions that are achievable based on the best available demonstrated control technology. New sources have the opportunity to install the best and most efficient production processes and wastewater treatment technologies. As a result, NSPS should represent the most stringent controls attainable through the application of the best available demonstrated control technology for all pollutants (i.e., conventional, nonconventional, and priority pollutants). In establishing NSPS, EPA is directed to take into consideration the cost of achieving the effluent reduction and any non-water-quality environmental impacts and energy requirements.

1.3.5 Pretreatment Standards for Existing Sources (PSES) — CWA Section 307(b)

PSES apply to indirect dischargers, and are designed to prevent the discharge of pollutants that pass through, interfere with, or are otherwise incompatible with the operation of POTWs, including sludge disposal methods at POTWs. Pretreatment standards are technology-based and are analogous to BAT effluent limitations guidelines.

The General Pretreatment Regulations, which set forth the framework for implementing national pretreatment standards, are found at 40 CFR Part 403.

1.3.6 Pretreatment Standards for New Sources (PSNS) — CWA Section 307(c)

Like PSES, PSNS apply to indirect dischargers, and are designed to prevent the discharges of pollutants that pass through, interfere with, or are otherwise incompatible with the operation of POTWs. PSNS are to be issued at the same time as NSPS. New indirect dischargers have the opportunity to incorporate into their plants the best available demonstrated technologies. The Agency considers the same factors in promulgating PSNS as it considers in promulgating NSPS.

1.4 Success of EPA’s Effluent Guidelines Program

The effluent guidelines program has helped reverse the water quality degradation that accompanied industrialization in this country. Permits developed using the technology-based industrial regulations are a critical element of the Nation’s clean water program and reduce the discharge of pollutants that have serious environmental impacts, including pollutants that:

- Kill or impair fish and other aquatic organisms;
- Cause human health problems through contaminated water, fish, or shellfish; and
- Degrade aquatic ecosystems.

EPA has issued effluent guidelines for 56 industrial categories and these regulations apply to between 35,000 and 45,000 facilities that discharge directly to the Nation’s waters, as well as another 12,000 facilities that discharge to POTWs. These regulations have prevented the discharge of more than 1.2 billion pounds of toxic pollutants each year.

1.5 What Are EPA’s Effluent Guidelines Planning and Review Requirements?

The CWA also requires EPA to annually review existing effluent guidelines. EPA reviews all point source categories subject to existing effluent guidelines and pretreatment standards to identify potential candidates for revision, as required by CWA sections 304(b), 301(d), 304(g), and 307(b). EPA also reviews industries consisting of direct discharging facilities not currently subject to effluent guidelines to identify potential candidates for effluent guidelines rulemakings, as required by CWA section 304(m)(1)(B). Finally, EPA reviews industries consisting entirely or almost entirely of indirect discharging facilities that are not currently subject to pretreatment standards to identify potential candidates for pretreatment standards development, as required by CWA sections 304(g) and 307(b). CWA section 304(m) requires EPA to publish an effluent guidelines program plan every two years. As part of the development of this plan, the public is provided an opportunity to comment on a “preliminary” plan before it is finalized. EPA publishes the preliminary plan on a two-year schedule followed by the final effluent guidelines program plan in the succeeding years. The preliminary plan is published in odd-numbered years and the final plan is published in even-numbered years.

1.6 Background References

1. U.S. EPA. 1996. *U.S. EPA NPDES Permit Writers' Manual*. Washington, DC. (December). EPA-833-B-96-003. Available online at: http://cfpub.epa.gov/npdes/writermanual.cfm?program_id=45.

2.0 PUBLIC COMMENTS ON THE FINAL EFFLUENT GUIDELINES PROGRAM PLAN FOR 2006 AND PRELIMINARY EFFLUENT GUIDELINES PROGRAM PLAN FOR 2008

EPA published its Preliminary 2008 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan (2008 Preliminary Plan) on October 30, 2007 (72 FRN 61335) and requested comments on various aspects of its analyses, data, and information to inform its 2008 annual review and four detailed studies.

Comments EPA received on the 2006 Final Plan and on the 2008 Preliminary Plan are located in EPA Docket Number EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 (available at <http://www.regulations.gov>). Commenters' names and issues they raised during these comment periods are listed in this section.

The Agency received 36 comments on the 2006 Final Plan and 2008 Preliminary Plan from a variety of commenters including industry and industry trade associations, municipalities and sewerage agencies, environmental groups, and other advocacy groups, private citizens, federal agencies, and state government agencies. Stakeholders' suggestions played a significant role in both the 2007 and 2008 annual reviews. Table 2-1 lists all the commenters as well as a synopsis of the comments.

**Table 2-1. Comments on the Preliminary 2008 and Final 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plans
EPA Docket Number: EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771**

No.	Commenter Name	EPA E-Docket No.	Comment Summary
1	Gregory E. Conrad Interstate Mining Compact Commission (IMCC)	0002	General comments in favor of the Coal Mining Detailed Study. Recommends that EPA focus on a review of manganese effluent guidelines and not focus on those pollutants not currently regulated by the Coal Mining Effluent Guidelines (e.g., sulfates, chlorides and TDS).
2	William J. Walsh Pepper Hamilton, LLP (American Dental Association)	0003 (also see 0837)	General comments on the Health Services Detailed Study. Recommends that EPA collect more data and conduct additional analyses before requiring the universal and mandatory use of amalgam separators.
3	Beverly B. Head Metropolitan Sewer District of Greater Cincinnati, Ohio	0004	Provides information for the Health Services Detailed Study. States that, “the District's history with the Health Services Industry is that this group generally complies with all local limits for metals and organics. However, pH noncompliance does occur and appears to be tied to integrated laundries and laboratories serving the industry.”
4	Joseph Pizarchik, Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Mining and Reclamation	0005	General comments in favor of the Coal Mining Detailed Study. States that, “if the current standards are not necessary for protection of public health and the environment, they are posing an undue burden on The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and anyone else who is responsible for treating mine drainage.”
5	David J. Knight P.E., Southwest Regional Office, Water Quality Program, Washington State Department of Ecology	0823	General comments providing data and recommendations for multiple industrial categories. Recommends the review of discharges from the following industries: boilers and cooling towers, food processing (brewing beer and wine), petroleum refining, steam electric and electrical and electronics. Recommends using WET testing instead of TWFs and supports pretreatment standards for hospitals.
6	Allen Gilliam, Pretreatment Coordinator, Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality	0824	Provided information on an alternative pharmaceuticals disposal technology: non-incineration pyrolysis technology for destruction of unused pharmaceuticals in Western Canada (vendor is Phase Separation Solutions Inc.).
7	Nancy Busen, City of Bentonville, AR Lab/Pretreatment Supervisor	0825	Expressed need for hospice and home health care disposal programs.
8	Elizabeth Aldridge and Donna Hill, UWAG	0826	Requested extension to comment period.

**Table 2-1. Comments on the Preliminary 2008 and Final 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plans
EPA Docket Number: EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771**

No.	Commenter Name	EPA E-Docket No.	Comment Summary
9	Gus Changaris, EXP Unused Pharmaceuticals Corp.	0827	Provided information on pharmaceutical return-for-credit programs, waste disposal needs of pharmacy facilities, the need to remove unused pharmaceuticals from waste streams, example BMPs, and controlled substance/reverse distribution problems.
10	Martina Nelson, P.E. and Leo Hermes, P.E., Metropolitan Council Environmental Services (MCES)	0828	Provided data on wastewater for several industries, including: dental, healthcare, and CWT. Recommended that EPA consider: eliminating Part 413 (Electroplating) and regulate under Part 433 (Metal Finishing); revise Part 403 so that Non Significant Categorical Industrial Users (NSCIUs) are subject to POTW Local Limits only (exempt from categorical pretreatment standards), establish PSES for Metal Molding and Casting (Zinc Category). Provided general comments on plan approach: prefer guidance over new ELGs. Recommends no review of indirect discharges (which are covered by local limits); recommends focusing on non-point sources.
11	Bruce E. Cunha RN MS COHN-S, Manager, Employee Health, Safety, and Infection Prevention/Control, Marshfield Clinic, Marshfield, WI	0829	Provided data related to unused pharmaceutical disposal: costs, BMPs, take-back programs, community "clean sweep" programs, and state regulations.
12	Roger E. Claff, P.E., American Petroleum Institute (API)	0831	Provides several recommendations: commends use of QAPP for TRI and PCS databases; recommends assessment and documentation of treatment technologies; study, not regulation of, industries with high TWPE; consideration of concentrations in addition to loading, in terms of TWPE; minimization of workload for CBM questionnaire.
13	Louis Kollias, Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago	0832	Provides information on their history of unused pharmaceutical disposal.
14	Donna Hill, UWAG	0833	Requested extension to comment period.
15	Linda Eichmiller, ASIWPCA	0834	Recommends considering the effects of nutrients and treatment technologies.
16	Mark Taratoot, Corvallis, OR Public Works Department	0835	Provides feedback on how the DEA and law enforcement affect disposal practices.
17	Thomas W. Curtis, AWWA	0836	Recommends how to identify new industries for pretreatment regulations: focus on nutrients and pathogens and clarify role of planning process.

**Table 2-1. Comments on the Preliminary 2008 and Final 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plans
EPA Docket Number: EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771**

No.	Commenter Name	EPA E-Docket No.	Comment Summary
18	William Walsh, Pepper Hamilton LLP (American Dental Association)	0837 (also see 0003)	Provides information from the ADA on dental amalgam: BMPs, regulations, history, voluntary programs, industry profile, costs and effectiveness of technologies, and amalgam separator effectiveness and use.
19	Stan Dempsey, Jr., Colorado Petroleum Association (CPA)	0840, 0842, 0858	Recommends that EPA “right size” the CBM survey to reduce burden, involve and collect data from state agencies, and consider basin-specific differences in technology and reuse.
20	Michael P. Walls	0843, 0859	Provided recommendations on EPA’s review methodology and specific comments on industries: support continued evaluation of TWF determination; TRI/PCS databases overestimate discharges from OCPSF; no further review needed for CWTs/Waste Combustors; and no regulation is needed for co-generation facilities.
21	Will Perry and Kathleen Klein, Public Health/Seattle & King County	0844	Provided data on unused pharmaceuticals: generation rates, disposal methods, hazardous waste management, leachate, return/take-back programs, and residential consumer issues.
22	Janet Gillaspie — Executive Director, Oregon Association of Clean Water Agencies (ACWA)	0845	Provided data on dental amalgam and unused pharmaceuticals: BMPs, state/local regulations, voluntary programs, effectiveness, pass through, pharmaceutical disposal concerns, and disposal methods.
23	Beryl B. Fletcher, Oregon Dental Association	0846	Provided data on dental amalgam: BMPs, performance of BMPs, recycling resources, and mercury collection events.
24	Christopher Sproul, Attorney for Ecological Rights Foundation and Our Children’s Earth Foundation	0847, 0854	Restated issues in the ongoing litigation of <i>Our Children’s Earth Foundation, et al. v. U.S. EPA</i> .
25	Christopher Sproul, Environmental Advocates	0848	Concurred with Ecological Rights Foundation and Our Children’s Earth Foundation comments.
26	Cynthia A. Finley, NACWA	0849	Provided data on dental mercury: removals at POTWs, content in effluent/biosolids, technology effectiveness, and cost/benefits. Also commented that pretreatment standards are not preferred.
27	Paul Chu, EPRI	0850	Provided data related to discharges from steam electric facilities: IGCC facilities information, environmental assessments/inputs information (TRUE Model), TRUE multimedia risk assessment model, and case studies.

**Table 2-1. Comments on the Preliminary 2008 and Final 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plans
EPA Docket Number: EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771**

No.	Commenter Name	EPA E-Docket No.	Comment Summary
28	Michael Garvin, PhRMA	0851	Provided data on unused pharmaceuticals: disposal practices, barriers preventing the reduction of unused pharmaceuticals to POTWs or surface water, efforts with the DEA, BMPs, and fate of unused pharmaceuticals that go to landfills.
29	Charlotte A. Smith, PharmEcology Associates, LLC	0852	Provided data on the driving force of disposal practices in hospitals, state regulations and programs, work with the DEA, and BMPs.
30	Liz Aldridge, UWAG	0853, 0862	Provided comments on EPA's ongoing detailed study of the steam electric industry.
31	Sheila Lockwood, Environmental Health and Safety Coordinator University of Washington Seattle, WA	0855	Provided data on dental amalgam: links to regulations, data on mercury reductions in biosolids from amalgam separators, and education and outreach materials. Also provided data on unused pharmaceuticals: links to guidance, BMPs, discharge authorization programs, and trial medicine take-back programs.
32	Diana Klemans, The Michigan Department of Environmental Quality	0856	Recommended regulation of phosphorus discharges from POTWs and national categorical pretreatment standards for unused pharmaceuticals and other personal care products.
33	Larry Lamperti, City of Corvallis, OR	0857	Provided data on BMPs: City's effluent mercury before and after BMPs, POTW implementation costs, and example BMPs.
34	Christie True, King County Water Treatment Division	0860	Provided comments on dental amalgam and unused pharmaceuticals: does not support national pretreatment standards; supports voluntary initiatives; and provides data on success of their programs.
35	Thomas P. Uva, Narragansett Bay Commission (NBC)	0861	Provided data on dental amalgam BMPs. Also does not recommend any new federal categorical pretreatment standards because local limits suffice.
36	Paul Martyn, LA County	1059	Supported EPA studying health services dental amalgam and unused pharmaceuticals: need for amalgam separators and take-back programs for unused pharmaceuticals.

3.0 THE EFFLUENT GUIDELINES PLANNING PROCESS

This section provides a general overview of the process EPA uses to identify industrial categories for potential development of new or revised effluent limitations guidelines and pretreatment standards (ELGs) in 2007 and 2008. This process consists of: (1) annual review of existing ELGs to identify candidates for revision; (2) identification of new categories of direct dischargers for possible development of effluent guidelines; and (3) identification of new categories of indirect dischargers for possible development of pretreatment standards. Each of these components is illustrated in Figures 3-1 through 3-3 and discussed below.

3.1 Goals of the ELG Planning Process

In the effluent guideline planning process, EPA is guided by the following goals:

- Restore and maintain the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the Nation's waters; and
- Provide transparent decision-making and involve stakeholders early and often during the planning process.

3.2 Annual Review of Existing Effluent Guidelines and Pretreatment Standards

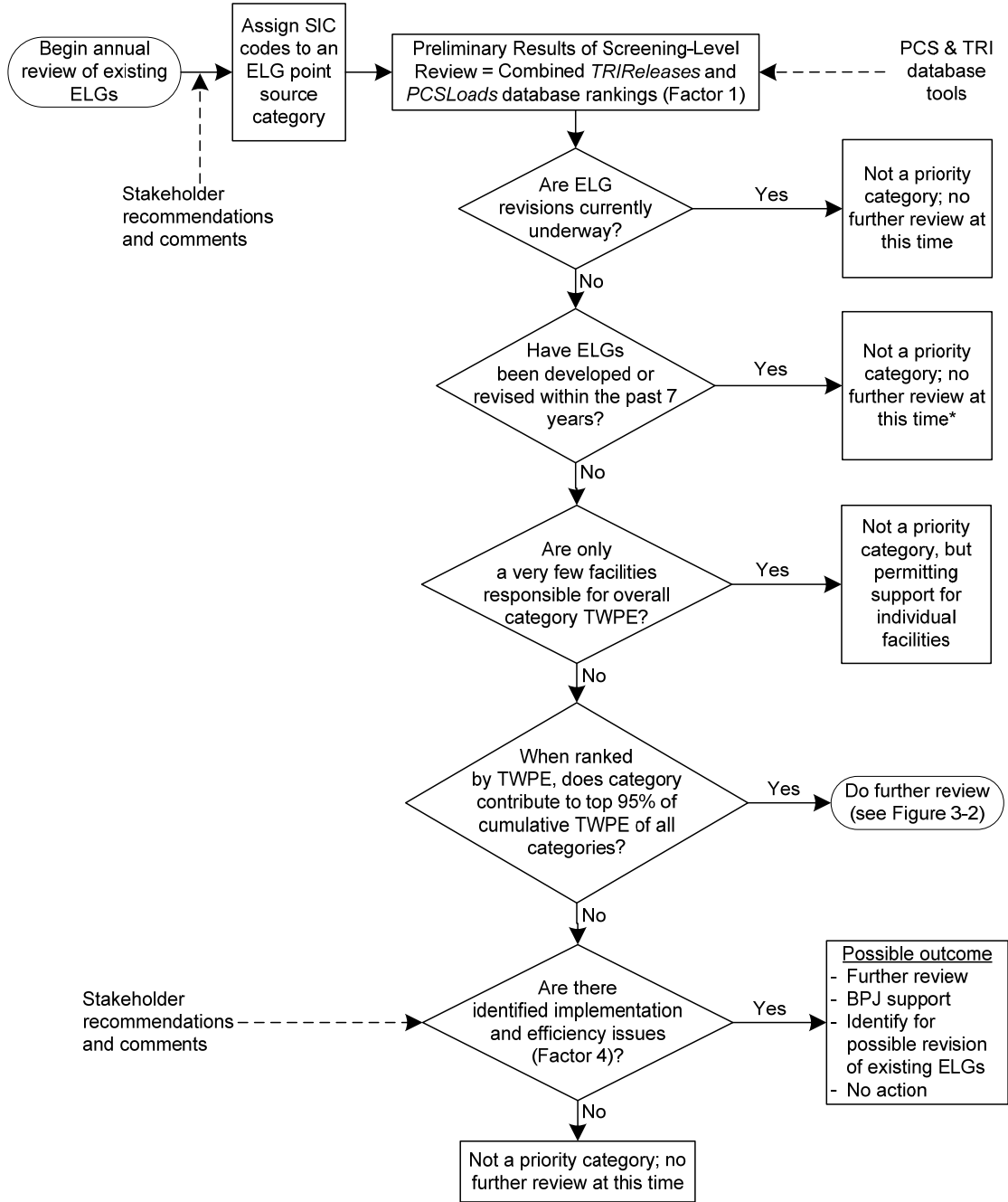
This section describes the four factors used (Section 3.2.1) and how they are used (Section 3.2.2) in the annual review of existing effluent guidelines and pretreatment standards.

3.2.1 *Factors Considered in Review of Existing Effluent Guidelines and Pretreatment Standards*

EPA uses four major factors in prioritizing existing effluent guidelines or pretreatment standards for possible revision.

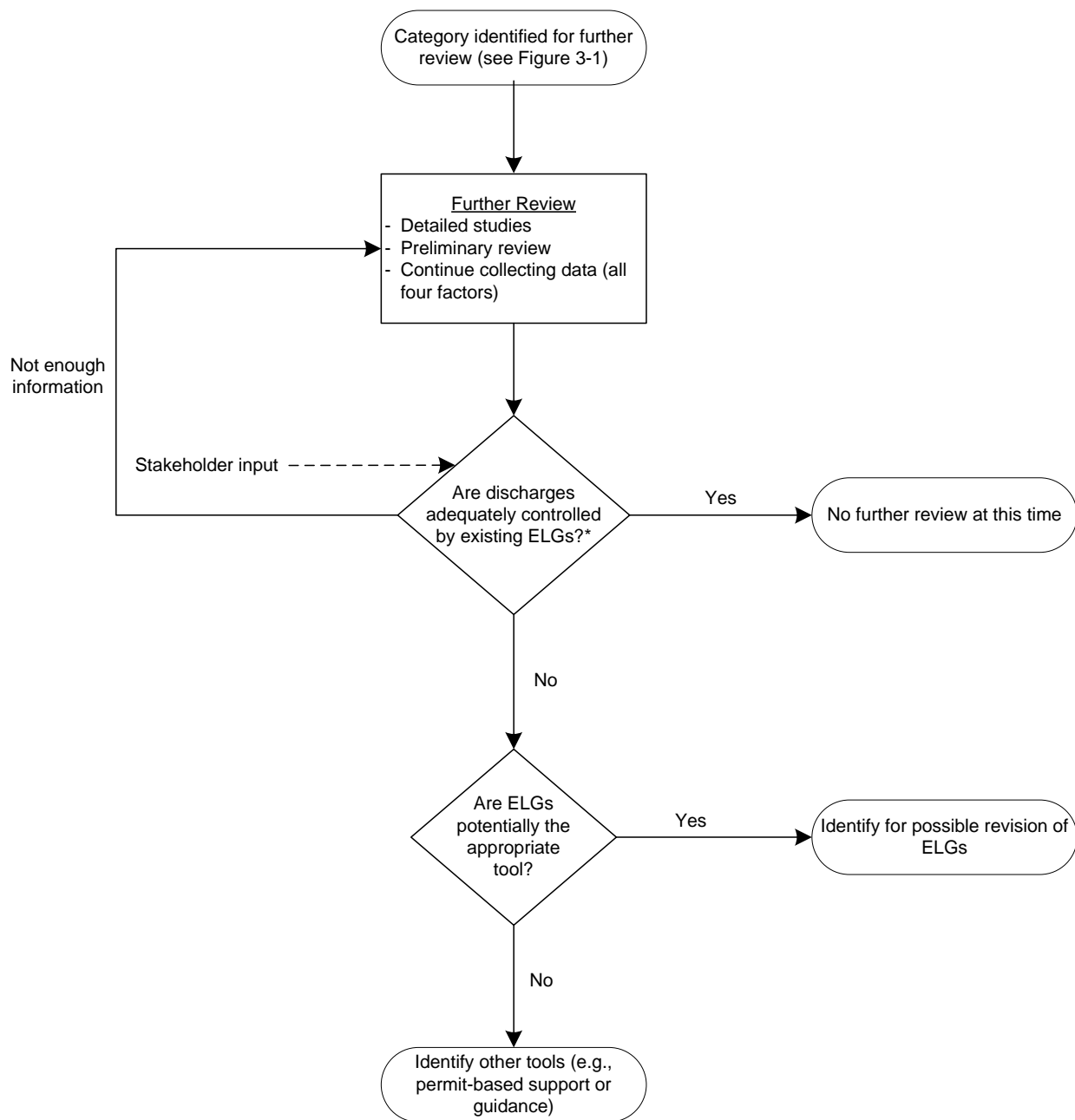
The first factor EPA considers is the amount and type of pollutants in an industrial category's discharge, and the relative hazard posed by that discharge. This enables the Agency to set priorities for rulemaking to achieve the greatest environmental and health benefits. EPA estimates the toxicity of pollutant discharges in terms of toxic-weighted pound equivalents (TWPE), discussed in detail in Section 4.1.3. To assess the effectiveness of pollution control, EPA examines the removal of pollutants, in terms of pounds and TWPE.

The second factor EPA considers is the performance and cost of applicable and demonstrated wastewater treatment technologies, process changes, or pollution prevention alternatives that could effectively reduce the pollutants in the industrial category's wastewater and, consequently, reduce the hazard to human health or the environment associated with these pollutant discharges.



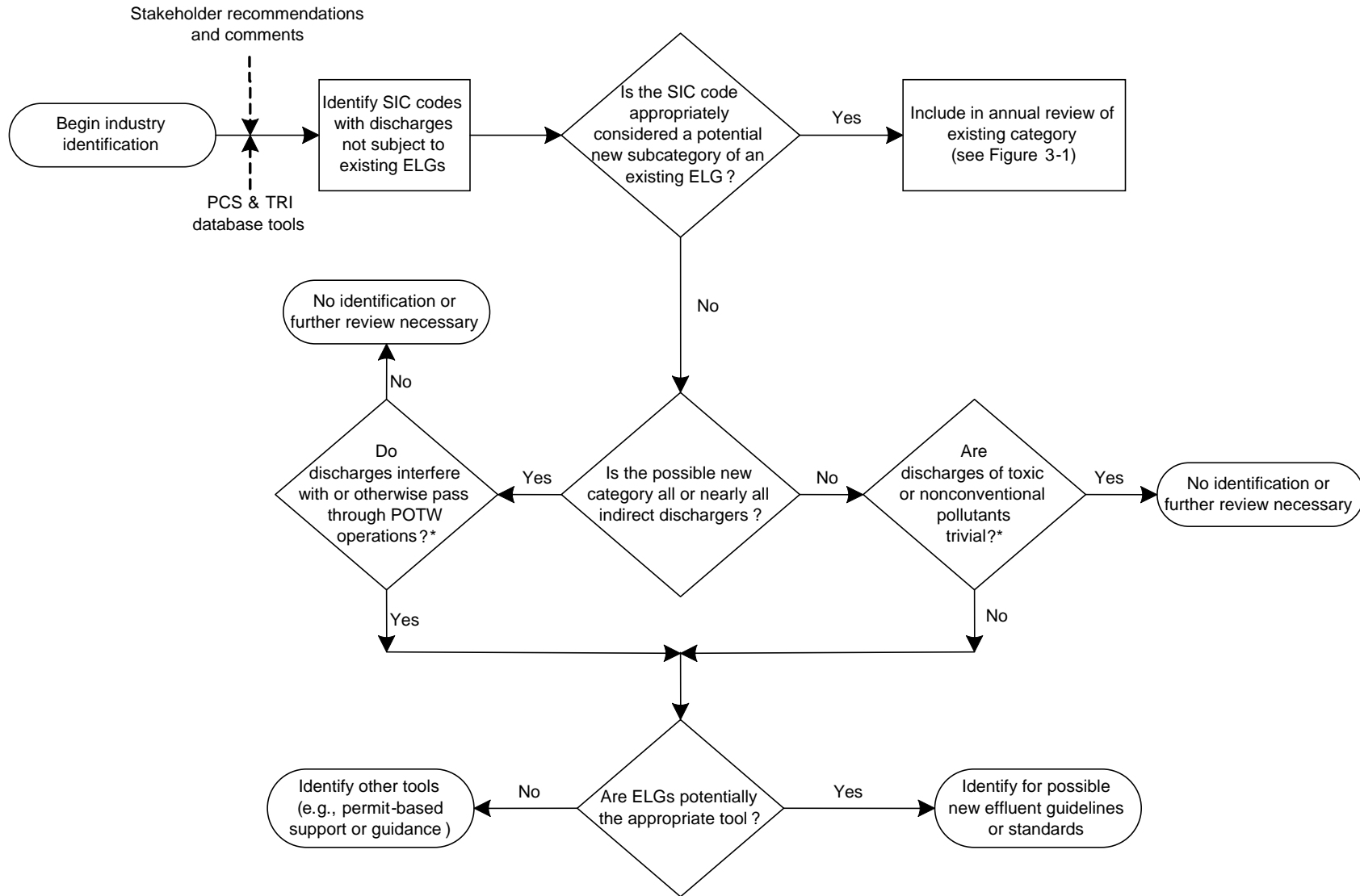
*If EPA is aware of new segment growth within such a category or new concerns are identified, EPA may do further review.

Figure 3-1. Flow Chart of Annual Review of Existing ELGs



*Continue further review if not enough data.

Figure 3-2. Flow Chart of Further Review of Existing ELGs



*Continue further review if not enough data.

Figure 3-3. Flow Chart of Identification of Possible New ELGs

The third factor EPA considers is the affordability or economic achievability of the wastewater treatment technology, process change, or pollution prevention measures identified using the second factor. If the financial condition of the industry indicates that it would be difficult to implement new requirements, EPA might conclude that it would be more cost-effective to develop less expensive approaches to reducing pollutant loadings that would better satisfy applicable statutory requirements.

The fourth factor EPA considers is an opportunity to eliminate inefficiencies or impediments to pollution prevention or technological innovation, or opportunities to promote innovative approaches such as water quality trading, including within-plant trading. This factor might also prompt EPA, during an annual review, to decide against identifying an existing set of effluent guidelines or pretreatment standards for revision where the pollutant source is already efficiently and effectively controlled by other regulatory or nonregulatory programs.

3.2.2 Overview: Review of Existing Point Source Categories

EPA has established ELGs to regulate wastewater discharges from 56 point source categories. EPA must annually review the ELGs for all of these categories. EPA first does a screening-level review of all categories subject to existing ELGs. EPA then conducts further review of categories prioritized as a result of the screening-level review. This further review consists of either an in-depth “detailed study” or a somewhat less detailed “preliminary category review.” Based on this further review, EPA identifies existing categories for potential ELGs revision.

3.2.2.1 Screening-Level Review

The screening-level review is the first step in EPA’s annual review. Section 4.0 provides details on the database methodology used in the screening-level review. EPA uses this step to prioritize categories for further review. In conducting the screening-level review, EPA considers the amount and toxicity of the pollutants in a category’s discharge and the extent to which these pollutants pose a hazard to human health or the environment (Factor 1).

EPA conducts its screening-level review with data from the Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) and Permit Compliance System (PCS). The *Quality Assurance Project Plan for the 2007 Annual Screening-Level Analysis of TRI and PCS Industrial Category Discharge Data* describes the quality objectives EPA used with the TRI and PCS data in more detail (ERG, 2007a). TRI and PCS do not list the effluent guideline(s) applicable to a particular facility. However, they both include information on a facility’s Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code. Therefore, the first step in EPA’s screening-level review is to assign each SIC code to an industrial category.¹ EPA then uses the information reported in TRI and PCS, for a specified year, in combination with toxic weighting factors (TWFs)² to calculate the total discharge of toxic and nonconventional pollutants (reported in units of toxic-weighted pound equivalent or TWPE) for each facility in a category for that year. For indirect dischargers, EPA adjusts this facility-specific value to account for removals at the POTW. EPA then sums the TWPE for each facility

¹ For more information on EPA’s assignment of each SIC code to an industrial category, see Section 5.0 of the *2005 Annual Screening-Level Analysis Report* (U.S. EPA, 2005).

² For more information on Toxic Weighting Factors, see *Toxic Weighting Factor Development in Support of CWA 304(m) Planning Process* (U.S. EPA, 2006).

in a category to calculate a total TWPE per category for that year. EPA calculates two TWPE estimates for each category: one based on data in TRI and one based on data in PCS. EPA combined the estimated discharges of toxic and nonconventional pollutants calculated from the TRI and PCS databases to estimate a single TWPE value for each industrial category. EPA took this approach because it found that combining the TWPE estimates from the TRI and PCS databases into a single TWPE number offered a clearer perspective of the industries with the most toxic pollution.³

EPA then ranks point source categories according to their total TWPE discharges. In identifying categories for further review, EPA prioritizes categories accounting for 95 percent of the cumulative TWPE from the combined databases (see Section 5.3). EPA also excludes from further review categories for which effluent guidelines had been recently promulgated or revised (within the past seven years), or for which an effluent guidelines rulemaking is currently underway. EPA chose seven years because this is the time it customarily takes for the effects of effluent guidelines or pretreatment standards to be fully reflected in pollutant loading data and TRI reports. EPA also considers the number of facilities responsible for the majority of the estimated toxic-weighted pollutant discharges associated with an industrial activity. Where only a few facilities in a category account for the vast majority of toxic-weighted pollutant discharges, EPA typically does not prioritize the category for additional review. In this case, EPA believes that revising individual permits may be more effective in addressing the toxic-weighted pollutant discharges than a national effluent guidelines rulemaking because requirements can be better tailored to these few facilities, and because individual permitting actions may take considerably less time than a national rulemaking.

3.2.2.2 Further Review

Following its screening-level review of all point source categories, EPA prioritizes certain categories for further review. The purpose of the further review is to determine whether it would be appropriate for EPA to identify in the final plan a point source category for potential effluent guidelines revision. EPA typically conducts two types of further review: detailed studies and preliminary reviews. EPA selects categories for further review based on the screening-level review and/or stakeholder input.

EPA's detailed studies generally examine the following: (1) wastewater characteristics and pollutant sources; (2) the pollutants driving the toxic-weighted pollutant discharges; (3) availability of pollution prevention and treatment; (4) the geographic distribution of facilities in the industry; (5) any pollutant discharge trends within the industry; and (6) any relevant economic factors. First, EPA attempts to verify the screening-level results and to fill in data gaps (Factor 1). Next, EPA considers costs and performance of applicable and demonstrated technologies, process changes, or pollution prevention alternatives that can effectively reduce the pollutants remaining in the point source category's wastewater (Factor 2). Last, EPA considers

³ Different pollutants may dominate the TRI and PCS TWPE estimates for an industrial category due to the differences in pollutant reporting requirements between the TRI and PCS databases. The single TWPE number for each category highlights those industries with the most toxic discharge data in both TRI and PCS. Although this approach could have theoretically led to double-counting, EPA's review of the data indicates that because the two databases focus on different pollutants, double-counting was minimal and did not affect the ranking of the top ranked industrial categories.

the affordability or economic achievability of the technology, process change, or pollution prevention measures identified using the second factor (Factor 3).

Types of data sources that EPA may consult in conducting its detailed studies include, but are not limited to: (1) U.S. Economic Census; (2) TRI and PCS data; (3) trade associations and reporting facilities to verify reported releases and facility categorization; (4) regulatory authorities (states and EPA regions) to understand how category facilities are permitted; (5) NPDES permits and their supporting fact sheets; (6) EPA effluent guidelines technical development documents; (7) relevant EPA preliminary data summaries or study reports; and (8) technical literature on pollutant sources and control technologies.

Preliminary reviews are similar to detailed studies and have the same purpose. During preliminary reviews, EPA generally examines the same factors and data sources listed above for detailed studies. However, in a preliminary review, EPA's examination of a point source category and available pollution prevention and treatment options is less rigorous than in its detailed studies. While EPA collects and analyzes hazard and technology performance and cost information on categories undergoing preliminary review, it assigns a higher priority to investigating categories undergoing detailed studies.

3.3 Identification of New Categories of Direct Dischargers for Possible Effluent Guidelines Development

Concurrent with its review of existing point source categories, EPA also reviews industries not currently subject to effluent guidelines to identify potential new point source categories. To identify possible new categories, EPA conducts a "crosswalk" analysis based on data in PCS and TRI. Facilities with data in PCS and TRI are identified by a four-digit SIC code (Section 4.1.1 provides more details on SIC codes). As with existing sources, EPA links each four-digit SIC code to an appropriate industrial category (i.e., "the crosswalk").⁴ This crosswalk identifies SIC codes that EPA associated with industries subject to an existing guideline. The crosswalk also identifies SIC codes not associated with an existing guideline. In addition to the crosswalk analysis, EPA relies on stakeholder comments and data in identifying potential new point sources categories. TRI and PCS have only limited data on discharges on potential new categories or subcategories. Section 4.1 discusses the utility and limitations of TRI and PCS in detail.

For each industry identified through the crosswalk analysis or stakeholder comments, EPA evaluates whether it constitutes a potential new *category* subject to identification in the plan or whether it is properly considered a potential new *subcategory* of an existing point source category. To make this determination, EPA generally looks at whether the industry produces a similar product or performs a similar service as an existing category. If so, EPA generally considers the industry to be a potential new subcategory of that category. If, however, the industry is significantly different from existing categories in terms of products or services provided, EPA considers the industry as a potential new stand-alone category subject to identification in the plan.

⁴ For additional information on "the crosswalk," see Section 5.0 of the *2005 Annual Screening-Level Analysis Report* (U.S. EPA, 2005).

Because the CWA specifies different requirements for potential new categories of direct and indirect dischargers, EPA examines potential new categories to determine if the category comprises mostly indirect dischargers or if it comprises both direct and indirect dischargers. If a category consists largely of indirect dischargers, EPA evaluates the pass-through and interference potential of the category (see Section 3.4). If a category includes direct dischargers, EPA evaluates the type of pollutants discharged by the category.

EPA does not identify in the plan industries for which conventional pollutants, rather than toxic or nonconventional pollutants, are the pollutants of concern. Also, even where toxic and non-conventional pollutants are present in the discharge, EPA does not identify the industry in the plan if such pollutants are present only in trivial amounts and thereby present an insignificant hazard to human health and the environment.

Further, EPA would likely not identify an industrial sector as a candidate point source category for an effluent guidelines rulemaking when: (1) the industrial category is currently the subject of an effluent guidelines rulemaking effort (e.g., Airport Deicing Operations, Drinking Water Treatment Facilities); or (2) direct discharges from point sources within the industrial sector are not subject to the CWA permitting requirements (e.g., direct discharges from silviculture operations).

Finally, EPA does not necessarily identify in the plan all potential new categories subject to identification. Rather, EPA may exercise its discretion to identify only those potential new categories for which it believes an ELG would be an appropriate tool — and rely on other CWA tools (e.g., water quality-based effluent limitations or assistance to permit writers in establishing site-specific technology-based effluent limitations) when such other mechanisms would be more effective and efficient.

3.4 Identification of New Categories of Indirect Dischargers for Possible Effluent Guidelines Development

For potential new categories with primarily indirect discharges, EPA evaluates the potential for the wastewater to “interfere with, pass through, or [be] otherwise incompatible with” the operation of POTWs. See 33 U.S.C. § 1371(b)(1). Using available data, EPA reviews the types of pollutants in an industry’s wastewater. Then, EPA reviews the likelihood of those pollutants to pass through a POTW. For most categories, EPA evaluated the “pass through potential” as measured by: (1) the total annual TWPE discharged by the industrial sector; and (2) the average TWPE discharge among facilities that discharge to POTWs. EPA also assesses the interference potential of the discharge. Finally, EPA considers whether the pollutant discharges are already adequately controlled by general pretreatment standards and/or local pretreatment limits. In particular, EPA reviewed the pollutant discharges and potential technology options for dental amalgam and unused pharmaceutical management in the Health Services Industry, which is composed of nearly all indirect dischargers (see Section 12.2).

3.5 Stakeholder Involvement and Schedule

EPA’s goal is to involve stakeholders early and often during its annual reviews of existing effluent guidelines and the development of the biennial plans. This will likely maximize

collection of data to inform EPA’s analyses and provide additional transparency and understanding of EPA’s effluent guidelines priorities identified in the biennial plans.

EPA’s annual reviews build on reviews from previous years, and reflect a lengthy outreach effort to involve stakeholders in the review process. In performing its annual reviews, EPA considers all public comments, information, and data submitted to EPA as part of its outreach activities. EPA solicits public comment at the beginning of each annual review of effluent guidelines and on the preliminary biennial plan. In each Federal Register Notice, EPA requests stakeholder comments on specific industries and discharges as well as any general comments.

EPA completes an annual review of industrial discharges each year, upon publication of the Preliminary and Final Effluent Guidelines Program Plans. In odd-numbered years, EPA publishes its preliminary plan that EPA must publish for public review and comment under CWA section 304(m)(2). In even-numbered years, EPA publishes its final plan that incorporates the comments received on the preliminary plan.

EPA intends that these coincident reviews will provide meaningful insight into EPA’s effluent guidelines and pretreatment standards program decision-making. Additionally, EPA is using an annual publication schedule to most efficiently serve the public as these annual notices will serve as the “one-stop shop” source of information on the Agency’s current and future effluent guidelines and pretreatment standards program.

3.6 The Effluent Guidelines Planning Process References

1. ERG. 2007. Quality Assurance Project Plan for 2007 Annual Screening-Level Analysis of TRI and PCS Industrial Category Discharge Data. (March 19). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771-0208.
2. U.S. EPA. 2005. 2005 Annual Screening-Level Analysis: Supporting the Annual Review of Existing Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards and Identification of New Point Source Categories for Effluent Limitations and Standards. EPA-821-B-05-003. Washington, DC. (August). EPA-HQ-OW-2004-0032-0901.
3. U.S. EPA. 2006. Toxic Weighting Factor Development in Support of CWA 304(m) Planning Process. Washington, DC. (June). EPA-HQ-OW-2004-0032-1634.

4.0 METHODOLOGY, DATA SOURCES, AND LIMITATIONS

As discussed in Section 1.0, the CWA requires EPA to conduct an annual review of existing effluent limitations guidelines and standards (ELGs). It also requires EPA to identify unregulated industrial categories. EPA's methodology for this annual review and unregulated category identification involves several components, as discussed in Section 3.0.

First, EPA performs a screening-level review of all point source categories subject to existing ELGs to identify categories discharging high levels of toxic and nonconventional pollutants relative to other categories. Using the results of the screening-level review, EPA continues its annual review of priority categories to identify candidate ELGs for revision, as required by CWA sections 304(b), 301(d), 304(g), and 307(b). The findings of EPA's 2008 annual review are discussed in Part II (Sections 5.0 to 11.0). Second, EPA reviews indirect discharging industries not currently subject to pretreatment standards to identify potential candidates for pretreatment standards development, as required by CWA section 307(b). Finally, EPA reviews direct discharging industries not currently subject to ELGs to identify potential candidates for ELG development, as required by section 304(m)(1)(B) of the CWA. EPA did not identify for rulemaking any indirect or direct discharging industries not currently subject to pretreatment standards or ELGs in the 2008 annual review.

In performing the screening-level reviews of existing ELGs and identifying unregulated industrial categories, EPA relies on data from the Permit Compliance System (PCS) and Toxics Release Inventory (TRI). This section discusses these databases, related data sources, and their limitations.

EPA has developed two screening-level tools, the *TRIRelases* and *PCSLoads* databases, to facilitate analysis of TRI and PCS. EPA previously explained the creation of these screening-level analysis tools in the *2005 Annual Screening-Level Analysis: Supporting the Annual Review of Existing Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards and Identification of Potential New Categories for Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards* (2005 SLA Report), dated August 2005 (U.S. EPA, 2005b). Additionally, the *Technical Support Document for the Preliminary 2008 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan* (2008 Preliminary Plan TSD), dated October 2007 (U.S. EPA, 2007), describes updated methodology for the development of the *TRIRelases* and *PCSLoads* databases. The 2005 SLA Report and 2008 Preliminary Plan TSD provide the detailed methodology used to process thousands of data records and generate national estimates of industrial effluent discharges. This section does not revisit the details of creating the database tools. Instead, it lists the methodology corrections made to the PCS and TRI databases after EPA's 2007 annual review. It also presents the preliminary category rankings from *TRIRelases2004_v3*, *TRIRelases2005_v2*, and *PCSLoads2004_v4*.

4.1 Data Sources and Limitations

This subsection provides general information on the use of SIC codes, TWFs, TRI data, and PCS data. The following reports supplement this section and discuss EPA's methodology for developing and using these tools:

- *2005 Annual Screening-Level Analysis: Supporting the Annual Review of Existing Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards and Identification of New Point Source Categories for Effluent Limitations and Standards* (2005 SLA Report), dated August 2005 (U.S. EPA, 2005b). Documents the methodology and development of the *PCSLoads2002* and *TRIRelases2002* databases, including (but not limited to) matching SIC codes to point source categories and using TWFs to estimate TWPE.
- *Technical Support Document for the 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan* (2006 TSD), dated December 2006 (U.S. EPA, 2006b). Explains and documents methodology corrections made to the TRI and PCS databases after EPA's 2005 and 2006 annual reviews.
- *Technical Support Document for the Preliminary 2008 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan* (2008 Preliminary Plan TSD), dated October 2007 (U.S. EPA, 2007). Explains and documents methodology corrections made to the TRI and PCS databases for EPA's 2007 annual review.
- *Draft Toxic Weighting Factor Development in Support of the CWA 304(m) Planning Process* (Draft TWF Development Document), dated July 2005 (U.S. EPA, 2005a). Explains how EPA developed its TWFs.
- *Toxic Weighting Factor Development in Support of the CWA 304(m) Planning Process* (Final TWF Development Document) (U.S. EPA, 2006a). Explains how EPA developed the April 2006 TWFs.

4.1.1 SIC Codes

The SIC system was developed to help with the collection, aggregation, presentation, and analysis of data from the U.S. economy (OMB, 1987). The SIC code is formatted in the following way:

- The first two digits represent the major industry group;
- The third digit represents the industry group; and
- The fourth digit represents the industry.

For example, major SIC code 10: Metal Mining, includes all metal mining operations. Within SIC code 10, four-digit SIC codes are used to separate mines by metal type: 1011 for iron ore mining, 1021 for copper ore mining, etc.

The SIC system is used by many government agencies, including EPA, to promote data comparability. In the SIC system, each establishment is classified according to its primary economic activity, which is determined by its principal product or group of products. An establishment may have activities in more than one SIC code. Some data collection organizations (e.g., the economic census) track only the primary SIC code for each establishment. TRI allows reporting facilities to identify their primary SIC code and up to five additional SIC codes. PCS includes one four-digit SIC code, reflecting the principal activity causing the discharge at each facility. For a given facility, the SIC code in PCS may differ from the primary SIC code identified in TRI.

Regulations for an individual point source category may apply to one SIC code, multiple SIC codes, or a portion of the facilities in an SIC code. Therefore, to use databases that identify

facilities by SIC code, EPA linked each four-digit SIC code to an appropriate point source category, as summarized in the “SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk” table (Table A-1 in Appendix A).

There are some SIC codes for which EPA has not established national ELGs. Some of these SIC codes were reviewed because they were identified through stakeholder comments or other factors. Table A-2 in Appendix A lists the SIC codes for which facility discharge data are available in TRI and/or PCS, but for which EPA could not identify an applicable point source category. For a more detailed discussion, see Section 5.5 of the 2005 SLA Report (U.S. EPA, 2005b).

4.1.2 Toxic Weighting Factors

In developing ELGs, EPA developed a variety of tools and methodologies to evaluate effluent discharges. Within EPA’s Office of Water, the Engineering and Analysis Division (EAD) maintains a Toxics Database, compiled from over 100 references, that contain aquatic life and human health toxicity data, as well as physical/chemical property data, for more than 1,900 pollutants. The pollutants in this database are identified by a unique Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) number. EPA calculates TWFs from these data to account for differences in toxicity across pollutants and to provide the means to compare mass loadings of different pollutants on the basis of their toxic potential. In its analyses, EPA multiplies a mass loading of a pollutant in pounds per year (lb/yr) by a pollutant-specific weighting factor to derive a “toxic-equivalent” loading (lb-equivalent/yr). The development of TWFs is discussed in detail in the Draft and Final TWF Development Documents (U.S. EPA, 2005a; U.S. EPA, 2006a).

EPA derives TWFs from chronic aquatic life criteria (or toxic effect levels) and human health criteria (or toxic effect levels) established for the consumption of fish. In the establishment of 304(a) water quality criteria for carcinogenic substances, EPA's goal is to set the human health risk level at 10^{-6} (i.e., protective to a level allowing 1 in 1,000,000 excess lifetime cancer cases over background). In the TWF method for assessing water-based effects, these toxicity levels are compared to benchmark values. EPA selected copper, a toxic metal commonly detected and removed from industry effluent, as the benchmark pollutant. The Final TWF Development Document contains details on how EPA developed its TWFs (U.S. EPA, 2006a). Table A-3 in Appendix A lists the TWFs for those chemicals in the *TRIReleases* and *PCSLoads* databases for which EPA has developed TWFs.

4.1.2.1 New Toxic Weighting Factors Developed During the 2007 Annual Review

During the 2007 annual review, EPA revised the TWF for one chemical (reflecting updated information on the underlying data) and developed new TWFs for chemicals that had not previously had TWFs. Table 4-1 lists the newly developed TWFs. The only pollutants with new TWFs in EPA’s databases (*TRIReleases* and *PCSLoads*) are picloram acid (TGAI) and potassium picloram (K-salt). However, only one facility reports picloram acid (TGAI) and potassium picloram (K-salt) in *TRIReleases2005*, while these pollutants are not in the *PCSLoads2004* database.

Table 4-1. Newly Developed TWFs in 2007

Pollutant	CAS Number	TWF
Picloram triisopropanolamine salt (TIPA)	6753475	0.00285
Nonylphenol	25154-52-3	0.848
Octylphenol	27193-28-8	0.295
Alky phenol ethoxylates	68987-90-6	2.80
Picloram acid (TGAI)	1918-02-01	0.0103
Potassium picloram (K-salt)	2545-60-0	0.00436

Source: Toxic Weighting Factors Developed for the Proposed 2008 Effluent Guidelines Plan (ERG, 2007b).

4.1.3 Calculation of TWPE

EPA weighted the annual pollutant discharges calculated from the TRI (see Section 4.1.4) and PCS (see Section 4.1.5) databases using EAD's TWFs to calculate TWPE for each reported discharge. EPA summed the estimated TWPE discharged by each facility in a point source category to understand the potential hazard of the discharges from each category. The following subsections discuss the calculation of TWPE.

4.1.4 Data from TRI

TRI is the common name for Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA). Each year, facilities that meet certain thresholds must report their releases and other waste management activities for listed toxic chemicals. Facilities must report the quantities of toxic chemicals recycled, collected and combusted for energy recovery, treated for destruction, or disposed of. A separate report must be filed for each chemical that exceeds the reporting threshold. The TRI list of chemicals for reporting years 2004 and 2005 includes more than 600 chemicals and chemical categories. For the 2007 and 2008 screening-level reviews, EPA used data for reporting years 2004 and 2005, because they were the most recent available at the time the review began.

A facility must meet the following three criteria to be required to submit a TRI report for a given reporting year:

1. *SIC Code Determination.* Facilities in SIC codes 20 through 39, facilities in 16 additional SIC codes outside that range,⁵ and federal facilities are subject to TRI reporting. EPA generally relies on facility claims regarding the SIC code identification. The primary SIC code determines TRI reporting.
2. *Number of Employees.* Facilities must have 10 or more full-time employees or their equivalent. EPA defines a "full-time equivalent" as a person that works 2,000 hours in the reporting year (there are several exceptions and special circumstances that are well-defined in the TRI reporting instructions).
3. *Activity Thresholds.* If the facility is in a covered SIC code and has 10 or more full-time employee equivalents, it must conduct an activity threshold analysis for

⁵ The 16 additional SIC codes are 1021, 1031, 1041, 1044, 1061, 1099, 1221, 1222, 1231, 4911, 4931, 4939, 4953, 5169, 5171, and 7389.

every chemical and chemical category on the current TRI list. The facility must determine whether it manufactures, processes, *or* otherwise uses each chemical at or above the appropriate activity threshold. Reporting thresholds are *not* based on the amount of release. All TRI thresholds are based on mass, not concentration. Different thresholds apply for persistent bioaccumulative toxic (PBT) chemicals than for non-PBT chemicals. Generally, threshold quantities are 25,000 pounds for manufacturing and processing activities and 10,000 pounds for other use activities. All thresholds are determined per chemical over the calendar year. For example, dioxin and dioxin-like compounds are considered PBT chemicals. The TRI reporting guidance requires any facility that manufactures, processes, or otherwise uses 0.1 grams of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds to report it to TRI (U.S. EPA, 2000).

In TRI, facilities report annual loads released to the environment of each toxic chemical or chemical category that meets reporting requirements. They must report onsite releases or disposal to air, receiving streams, land, underground wells, and several other categories. They must also report the amount of toxic chemicals in wastes transferred to offsite locations, (e.g., POTWs, commercial waste disposal facilities).

For its screening-level reviews, EPA focused on the amount of chemicals facilities reported either discharging directly to a receiving stream or transferring to a POTW. For facilities discharging directly to a stream, EPA took the annual loads directly from the reported TRI data for calendar years 2004 and 2005. For facilities transferring to POTWs, EPA first adjusted the TRI pollutant loads reported to be transferred to POTWs to account for pollutant removal that occurs at the POTWs prior to discharge to the receiving stream. Table A-4 in Appendix A lists the POTW removals used for all TRI chemicals reported as transferred to POTWs.

Facilities reporting to TRI are not required to sample and analyze waste streams to determine the quantities of toxic chemicals released. They may estimate releases based on mass balance calculations, published emission factors, site-specific emission factors, or other approaches. Facilities are required to indicate, by a reporting code, the basis of their release estimate. TRI's reporting guidance is that, for most chemicals reasonably expected to be present but measured below the detection limit, facilities should use half the detection limit to estimate the mass released. However, for dioxins and dioxin-like compounds, non-detects should be treated as zero.

TRI allows facilities to report releases as specific numbers or as ranges, if appropriate. Specific estimates are encouraged if data are available to ensure the accuracy; however, EPA allows facilities to report releases in the following ranges: 1 to 10 pounds, 11 to 499 pounds, and 500 to 999 pounds. For its screening-level reviews, EPA used the midpoint of each reported range to represent a facility's releases, as applicable.

4.1.4.1 Utility of TRI Data

The data collected in TRI are particularly useful for ELG planning for the following reasons:

- TRI is national in scope, including data from all 50 states and U.S. territories;
- TRI includes releases to POTWs, not just direct discharges to surface water;
- TRI includes discharge data from manufacturing SIC codes and some other industrial categories; and
- TRI includes releases of many toxic chemicals, not just those in facility discharge permits.

4.1.4.2 Limitations of TRI

For purposes of ELG planning, limitations of the data collected in TRI include the following:

- Small establishments (less than 10 employees) are not required to report, nor are facilities that don't meet the reporting thresholds. Thus, facilities reporting to TRI may be a subset of an industry.
- Release reports are, in part, based on estimates, not measurements, and, due to TRI guidance, may overstate releases, especially at facilities with large wastewater flows.
- Certain chemicals (polycyclic aromatic compounds [PACs], dioxin and dioxin-like compounds, metal compounds) are reported as a class, not as individual compounds. Because the individual compounds in most classes have widely varying toxic effects, the potential toxicity of chemical releases can be inaccurately estimated.
- Facilities are identified by SIC code, not point source category. For some SIC codes, it may be difficult or impossible to identify the point source category that is the source of the toxic wastewater releases.

Despite these limitations, EPA determined that the data summarized in *TRIRelases2004* and *TRIRelases2005* were usable for the 2007 and 2008 screening-level reviews and prioritization of the toxic-weighted pollutant loadings discharged by industrial categories. The TRI database remains the only data source for national estimates of industrial wastewater discharges of unregulated pollutants.

4.1.5 Data from PCS

PCS is a computerized information management system maintained by EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance (OECA). It was created to track permit, compliance, and enforcement status of facilities regulated by the NPDES program under the CWA. Among other things, PCS houses discharge data for these facilities.

More than 65,000 industrial facilities and wastewater treatment plants have permits for wastewater discharges to waters of the United States. To provide an initial framework for setting permitting priorities, EPA developed a major/minor classification system for industrial and municipal wastewater discharges. Major discharges almost always have the capability to impact receiving waters if not controlled and, therefore, have received more regulatory attention than minor discharges. There are approximately 6,400 facilities (including sewerage systems) with major discharges for which PCS has extensive records. Permitting authorities classify discharges as major based on an assessment of six characteristics:

4. Toxic pollutant potential;
5. Discharge flow: stream flow ratio;
6. Conventional pollutant loading;
7. Public health impact;
8. Water quality factors; and
9. Proximity to coastal waters.

Facilities with major discharges must report compliance with NPDES permit limits via monthly Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) submitted to the permitting authority. The permitting authority enters the reported DMR data into PCS, including pollutant concentration and quantity values and identification of any types of permit violations.

Minor discharges may, or may not, adversely impact receiving water if not controlled. Therefore, EPA does not require DMRs for facilities with minor discharges. For this reason, the PCS database includes data only for a limited set of minor dischargers when the states choose to include these data.

Parameters in PCS include water quality parameters (such as pH and temperature), specific chemicals, conventional parameters (such as BOD₅ and total suspended solids [TSS]), and flow rates. Although other pollutants may be discharged, PCS contains only data for the parameters identified in the facility's NPDES permit. Facilities typically report monthly average pounds per day discharged, but also report daily maxima and average pollutant concentrations.

For the 2007 annual review, EPA used data for reporting year 2004, to correspond to the data obtained from TRI. For the 2008 annual review, EPA corrected certain aspects of the 2004 data in response to comments (see Section 4.2). EPA did not use data for reporting year 2005 because, based on comparisons of 2000, 2001, and 2002 PCS data for certain industrial categories, 2005 discharges were not likely to change significantly from 2004, and also because the creation of the *PCSLoads* database is labor-intensive. EPA used a mainframe computer program, called the Effluent Data Statistics (EDS) System, to calculate annual loads using PCS data for 2000 and 2002 discharges. For the 2007 annual review, however, EPA used the *PCSLoadCalculator* instead of EDS to calculate annual loads using PCS data for 2004 discharges. EPA used the *PCSLoadCalculator* because it allows EPA more flexibility and control over the annual load calculations and provides more transparent documentation of the calculation routine. Section 6.0 of the 2008 Preliminary Plan TSD provides details on the methodology and development of *PCSLoads2004* (U.S. EPA, 2007).

4.1.5.1 Utility of PCS

The data collected in PCS are particularly useful for the ELG planning process for the following reasons:

- PCS is national in scope, including data from all 50 states and U.S. territories.
- Discharge reports included in PCS are based on effluent chemical analysis and metered flows.
- PCS includes facilities in all SIC codes.

- PCS includes data on conventional pollutants for most facilities and for the nutrients nitrogen and phosphorus for many facilities. However, EPA did not use the nutrient data because of data quality concerns.

4.1.5.2 Limitations of PCS

Limitations of the data collected in PCS include the following:

- PCS contains data only for pollutants a facility is required by permit to monitor; the facility is not required to monitor or report all pollutants actually discharged.
- Some states do not submit all DMR data to PCS, or do not submit the data in a timely fashion.
- PCS includes very limited discharge monitoring data from minor dischargers.
- PCS does not include data characterizing indirect discharges from industrial facilities to POTWs.
- Some of the pollutant parameters included in PCS are reported as a group parameter and not as individual compounds (e.g., “Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen,” “oil and grease”). Because the individual compounds in the group parameter may have widely varying toxic effects, the potential toxicity of chemical releases can be inaccurately estimated.
- In some cases, the PCS database identifies the type of wastewater (e.g., process wastewater, stormwater, noncontact cooling water) being discharged; however, most do not and, therefore, total flow rates reported to PCS may include stormwater and noncontact cooling water, as well as process wastewater.
- Pipe identification is not always clear. For some facilities, internal monitoring points are labeled as outfalls, and PCS may double-count a facility’s discharge. In other cases, an outfall may be labeled as an internal monitoring point, and PCS may not account for all of a facility’s discharge.
- Facilities provide SIC code information for only the primary operations, even though data may represent other operations as well. In addition, some facilities do not provide information on applicable SIC codes.
- Facilities are identified by SIC code, not point source category. For some SIC codes, it may be difficult or impossible to identify the point source category that is the source of the reported wastewater discharges.
- PCS was designed as a permit compliance tracking system and does not contain production information.
- PCS data may be entered into the database manually, which leads to data-entry errors.
- In PCS, data may be reported as an average quantity, maximum quantity, average concentration, maximum concentration, and/or minimum concentration. For many facilities and/or pollutants, average quantity values are not provided. In these cases, EPA is limited to estimating facility loads based on the maximum quantity. Section 4.4.2 discusses the maximum quantity issue in detail.

Despite these limitations, EPA determined that the data summarized in *PCSLoads2004* were usable for the 2007 and 2008 screening-level reviews and prioritizations of the toxic-weighted pollutant loadings discharged by industrial facilities. The PCS database remains the

only data source quantifying the pounds of regulated pollutants discharged directly to surface waters of the United States.

4.2 Methodology Corrections Affecting Both Screening-Level Review Databases

EPA did not make any methodological changes to the screening-level review databases, *TRIRelases2004*, *PCSLoads2004*, and *TRIRelases2005*, as part of the 2008 annual review.

4.3 Corrections to the *TRIRelases2004* Database

EPA did not make any corrections to the *TRIRelases2004_v3* database as part of the 2008 annual review.

4.4 Corrections to the *PCSLoads2004* Database

For the 2008 annual review, EPA updated the *PCSLoads2004* database. The 2008 Preliminary Plan TSD provides details on the methodology for developing the *PCSLoads2004* database (U.S. EPA, 2007). This section describes the changes made to the *PCSLoads2004* database after publication of the 2007 Preliminary Plan.

EPA identified only one correction to the database during the 2008 annual review. The discharges of hexachlorobenzene were incorrectly classified as BHC, another pollutant, and linked to the TWF for BHC. The *PCSLoads2004_v3* database corrects this error.

4.5 Corrections to the *TRIRelases2005* Database

EPA developed the *TRIRelases2005* database as part of the 2008 annual review using the methodology explained in the 2005 SLA Report and 2008 Preliminary Plan TSD (U.S. EPA, 2005b; U.S. EPA, 2007).

During previous screening-level analyses, EPA identified numerous facility-specific corrections for TRI data reported for calendar years 2002, 2003, and 2004. Several of these corrections similarly apply to the 2005 TRI data. In addition, EPA reviewed the quality of the 2005 TRI data and discharges from facilities with discharges that have the greatest impact on total category loads and category rankings. Table B-1 in Appendix B of this report lists all corrections made to the 2005 TRI data.

4.5.1 TRIRelases2005: Categorization of Discharges

This section describes database corrections to categorization of facilities and pollutant discharges in *TRIRelases2005*. Section 5 of the 2005 SLA Report describes the development of the SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk, which EPA uses to link between facility SIC codes and categories with existing ELGs (U.S. EPA, 2005). Because most point source categories are not defined by SIC code, the relationship between SIC code and point source category is not a one-to-one correlation. A single SIC code may include facilities in more than one point source category, so associating an SIC code with only one category may be an over simplification. Also, many facilities have operations subject to more than one point source category. Further, facilities in some categories cannot be identified by SIC code (e.g., Centralized Waste Treatment

facilities). The database changes, summarized below, are described in detail in Section 5 of the 2005 SLA Report (U.S. EPA, 2005b):

- *Facility-Level Point Source Category Assignment.* For some SIC codes that include facilities subject to guidelines from more than one point source category, EPA was able to assign each facility to the category that best applied to the majority of its discharges. EPA reviewed information available about each facility to determine which point source category applied to the facility's operations. EPA assigned the following SIC codes to point source categories at the facility level:
 - SIC 2048 (Prepared Feed and Feed Ingredients for Animals and Fowl, Except Dogs and Cats). Facility discharges are assigned to either the Grain Mills Manufacturing, Meat and Poultry Products, or Pharmaceutical Manufacturing point source categories.
 - SIC 2819 (Industrial Inorganic Chemicals, NEC). Facility discharges are assigned to either the Inorganic Chemicals Manufacturing, Nonferrous Metals Manufacturing, or Phosphate Manufacturing point source categories.
 - SIC 2874 (Phosphatic Fertilizers). Facility discharges are assigned to either the Phosphate Manufacturing or Fertilizer Manufacturing point source categories.
 - SIC code changes for specific industries. Facility discharges are assigned to the following point source categories:
 - Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Point Source Category phases (see the 2005 SLA Report [U.S. EPA, 2005b]);
 - Chlorine or chlorinate hydrocarbon (CCH) manufacturing facilities in the Organic Chemicals, Plastics, and Synthetic Fibers or Inorganic Chemicals Manufacturing Point Source Categories (see the 2005 SLA Report [U.S. EPA, 2005b]); and
 - Porcelain Enameling Point Source Category (see the 2006 TSD [U.S. EPA, 2006b]).

- *Pollutant-Level Point Source Category Assignment.* Many facilities have operations subject to more than one point source category. For most of these facilities, EPA cannot divide the pollutant discharges among the applicable point source categories. Two exceptions where EPA was able to assign wastewater discharges of certain chemicals to the appropriate point source category include Organic Chemicals, Plastics, and Synthetic Fibers (OCPSF)/Pesticides and MP&M/Metal Finishing:
 - OCPSF/Pesticides. EPA removed all pesticide discharges from OCPSF and counted them as discharges from the Pesticides Chemicals Point Source Category.
 - MP&M/Metal Finishing. EPA used the methodologies described in Section 5 of the SLA Report to apportion pollutant loads between the MP&M and Metal Finishing Point Source Categories.

- *Categories Not Identified by SIC Code (e.g., Centralized Waste Treatment, Waste Combustor, and Landfills).* The SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk does not assign any SIC codes to the Centralized Waste Treatment (CWT) Point Source

Category (40 CFR Part 437), Waste Combustor Point Source Category (30 CFR Part 444), or Landfills Category (40 CFR Part 445). Furthermore, the applicability of these three regulations is not defined by SIC codes and no SIC code properly describes the CWT, waste combustor, or landfill services. However, some facilities in these categories report under SIC 4953: Refuse Systems. EPA identified specific facilities as CWTs during previous category reviews and assigned these CWT facilities a placeholder SIC code of “CWT,” putting them in the CWT Point Source Category. EPA also identified specific facilities as waste combustors during previous category reviews and assigned these waste combustor facilities a placeholder SIC code of “WC,” putting them in the Waste Combustor Point Source Category. The remaining facilities were categorized as the Landfills Point Source Category. In addition, for the *TRIReleases2005* database, EPA categorized the facilities reporting SIC code 4953 into the CWT, Landfills, or Waste Combustors Point Source Categories based on the specific operations at the facility.

4.5.2 *TRIReleases2005: Pollutant Corrections*

This section describes database corrections made to discharges of specific pollutants reported to the TRI for EPA’s 2008 screening-level review in the *TRIReleases2005* database.

- *Metal Compounds.* For TRI reporting, facilities may be required to report discharges of a metal (e.g., zinc) and its compounds (e.g., zinc compounds) on a single reporting form. Because the release quantity for the metal compound reporting is based on the mass of the parent metal, EPA uses the parent metal TWF to calculate TWPE for the metal and metal compound discharges. For ranking purposes, EPA combined the TWPEs for the metal and metal compounds (i.e., TWPE reported for “zinc and zinc compounds”). For more details on this correction, see Section 3.4.4 of the 2005 SLA Report (U.S. EPA, 2005b).
- *Sodium Nitrite.* For TRI reporting, sodium nitrite release quantities are reported as the mass of the sodium nitrite. Sodium nitrite is an ionic salt that will fully dissociate into nitrite and sodium ions in aqueous solutions. In addition, the nitrite ions are unstable in water and will oxidize to nitrate. Therefore, EPA converted the pounds of TRI-reported sodium nitrite discharges to pounds of nitrogen in the discharge and used the TWF for “nitrate as N” (0.0032) to calculate TWPE for sodium nitrite. In addition, EPA also used the POTW removal for nitrate to account for the removal of sodium nitrite in POTWs.
- *Phosphorus (Yellow or White).* Yellow and white phosphorus, both allotropes of elemental phosphorus, are hazardous chemicals that spontaneously ignite in air. During the 2006 screening-level review, EPA determined that facilities were incorrectly reporting discharges of total phosphorus (i.e., the phosphorus portion of phosphorus-containing compounds) as phosphorus (yellow or white). Therefore, EPA deleted all phosphorus (yellow or white) discharges reported to TRI for the 2008 screening-level review.

4.5.3 *TRIReleases2005: Data Quality Review*

EPA evaluated the quality of TRI data for use in the 2008 screening-level review and prioritization of loadings of toxic and non-conventional pollutants discharged by industrial categories based on completeness, accuracy, reasonableness, and comparability. The *Quality Assurance Project Plan for the 2007 Annual Screening-Level Analysis of TRI and PCS Industrial Category Discharge Data* describes the quality objectives in more detail (ERG, 2007a). The following discussion provides an overview of the quality review steps:

- *Completeness Checks.* EPA compared counts of facilities in *TRIReleases2005* to *TRIReleases2004*, *TRIReleases2003*, and *TRIReleases2002* to describe the completeness of the database. The comparison showed that for 74 percent of the SIC codes, the number of facilities reporting wastewater discharges changed by less than 25 percent from 2004 to 2005. EPA also determined that most SIC codes exhibiting a large percentage change did so because only a few facilities in these SIC codes reported discharges (e.g., a change from one facility to three facilities is equivalent to a 200 percent increase).
- *Accuracy of Facility Discharges.* EPA identified facilities with the highest TWPE loadings. EPA identified facilities for review whose pollutant discharges accounted for more than 95 percent of the TWPE for their point source category. EPA compared 2005 TRI data to other available information, such as PCS, information from EPA's Envirofacts Web page, the facilities' NPDES permits, and discussion with facility contacts.
- *Accuracy of Category Discharges.* EPA reviewed the accuracy of category discharges by verifying that pollutant discharges in TRI were assigned to the appropriate point source category. EPA used engineering judgment to determine if pollutant discharges were reasonably associated with the point source category.
- *Accuracy of Database Queries.* EPA's quality review for the development of *TRIReleases2005* included accuracy checks for database queries in *TRICalculations2005* and *TRIReleases2005*. Documentation of accuracy checks is provided in a QC table in each Microsoft Access database.
- *Comparability.* EPA compared *TRIReleases2005* to *TRIReleases2004*, *TRIReleases2003*, and *TRIReleases2002* to identify pollutant discharges that differ more than the year-to-year variation of other chemicals and facilities. From the comparison, EPA determined that 59 percent of the pollutants discharged in both 2005 and 2004 had a change of less than 50 percent in the quantity discharged. EPA also determined that most of the large percentage change reflected initial discharges of small quantities. In addition, most of these pollutant discharges resulted in small TWPEs.

4.5.4 *TRIReleases2005: Facility Reviews*

Table 4-2 presents EPA's TRI facility review and corrections made to the *TRIReleases2005* database. EPA reviewed the accuracy of calculated discharges from facilities with discharges that have the greatest impact on total category loads and category rankings. EPA used the following criteria to select facilities for review:

- Facilities with the highest toxic-weighted discharges of all facilities reporting to TRI for reporting year 2005;
- Facilities with the highest toxic-weighted discharges of individual chemicals that contribute the majority of the toxic-weighted discharges for all categories; and
- Facilities with the highest toxic-weighted discharges from categories that contribute the majority of the toxic-weighted discharges for all categories.

For the identified facilities, EPA used the following steps to review the accuracy of the loads calculated from TRI data.

1. Review database corrections for *TRIReleases2004*, *TRIReleases2003*, *TRIReleases2002*, and *TRIReleases2000* to determine whether corrections were made during previous reviews and evaluate whether these corrections should be applied to *TRIReleases2005*.
2. Review discharges reported to TRI for other reporting years (i.e., 2000, 2002, 2003, and 2004) and compare to discharges reported to TRI for reporting year 2005.
3. Review 2005 discharge monitoring report data in PCS, if available, to hand-calculate annual pollutant loads and compare to discharges reported to TRI for reporting year 2005.
4. Contact the facility to verify whether the pollutant discharges are reported correctly.

4.6 ***TRIReleases2004 and TRIReleases2005 Rankings and PCSLoads2004 Rankings***

After incorporating the changes discussed in Sections 4.3, 4.4, and 4.5, EPA generated the final versions of the TRI and PCS databases used for the 2008 screening-level review: *TRIReleases2004_v3*, *PCSLoads2004_v4*, and *TRIReleases2005_v2*. Tables C-1, C-2, and C-3 in Appendix C present the category rankings by TWPE from the *TRIReleases2004_v3*, *TRIReleases2005_v2*, and *PCSLoads2003_v4* databases, respectively. The category rankings presented in these tables reflect all the corrections made during the 2007 and 2008 screening-level reviews. Tables C-4 through C-6 in Appendix C present the four-digit SIC code rankings by TWPE from the *TRIReleases2004_v3*, *TRIReleases2005_v2*, and *PCSLoads2004_v4* databases, respectively. Tables C-7 through C-9 in Appendix C present the chemical rankings by TWPE from the *TRIReleases2004_v3*, *TRIReleases2005_v2*, *PCSLoads2004_v4* databases, respectively.

Table 4-2. Summary of *TRIRelases2005* Facility Review

Facility Name	Facility Location	Point Source Category	Chemical(s) in Question	Review Findings	Actions Taken/Database Correction
ADM	Decatur, IL	Grain Mills	Chlorine	Facility reported discharging 61,099 TWPE of chlorine. Facility reported that the chlorine discharge in TRI is erroneous, and the facility is currently working to re-submit their Form R for chlorine.	No changes made
Cahaba Pressure Treated Forest Products	Brierfield, AL	Timber	Dioxin	Facility reported a dioxin congener distribution using outdated industry guidance. Based on information collected in 2008.	Changed dioxin distribution to the industry-provided dioxin distribution for SIC code 2491.
Dow Chemical Co Freeport Facility	Freeport, TX	Pesticide Chemicals	Picloram	Facility reported picloram load to be 99% picloram salt and 1% picloram acid. Based on information collected in 2006.	Changed the picloram TWPE from 333,000 to 700, using TWFs for the two forms of picloram.
Du Pont Memphis Plant	Shelby, TN	Inorganic Chemicals	Dioxin And Dioxin-Like Compounds	The facility provided the dioxin and dioxin-like compounds analytical data, which included measurements in a blank sample with greater than or equal values for several congeners. Contacts made during the 2006 category review.	Changed the dioxin and dioxin-like compound load and distribution based on the revised measurement data.

Table 4-2. Summary of *TRIRelases2005* Facility Review

Facility Name	Facility Location	Point Source Category	Chemical(s) in Question	Review Findings	Actions Taken/Database Correction
DuPont Chambers Works	Deepwater, NJ	Pesticide Chemicals	Hexachlorobenzene	Based on contact regarding 2005 data, over 99% of hexachlorobenzene on site comes from outside contracts associated with the CWT.	Changed the SIC code for the hexachlorobenzene discharge to CWT.
Eastman Kodak Co Kodak Park	Rochester, NY	Metal Finishing	Dioxin And Dioxin-Like Compounds	The facility calculates the dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharge based on the measured concentration in the effluent from the treatment plant and the total plant flow rate. In 2005, the facility detected only one congener (octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin) three times in their wastewater effluent. Based on contact made in 2008.	Changed the dioxin distribution to reflect detection of octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin only.
ExxonMobil Chemical Baton Rouge Chemical Plant	Baton Rouge, LA	OCPSF	Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds	Facility used 1/2 the detection limit for PACs in their 2000 TRI estimate. ERG contacted the facility about the TRI 2004 PACs discharge. Facility stated that it measured for all PACs every month and all were less than detection limit.	Changed the PACs load to zero.
International Paper Co Camden Complex	Camden, TX	Timber	Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compounds	Facility reported an erroneous dioxin congener distribution originating from a spreadsheet error. Based on information collected in 2008.	Changed dioxin distribution based on a facility-guided revision of the dioxin calculations.
Tronox Pigments Inc (Formerly Kerr-McGee)	Savannah, GA	Inorganic Chemicals	Dioxin And Dioxin-Like Compounds	The facility provided data that shows all concentrations of dioxins and furan congeners in the water were below detection limit. Based on communications with facility for 2006 review.	Changed dioxin and dioxin-like compounds load to zero.

Table 4-2. Summary of *TRIRelases2005* Facility Review

Facility Name	Facility Location	Point Source Category	Chemical(s) in Question	Review Findings	Actions Taken/Database Correction
Tronox Pigments Inc (formerly Kerr-McGee)	Savannah, GA	Inorganic Chemicals	Manganese	Facility reported discharge of manganese based on sampling data from 2002 and the total plant flow rate in 2005. However, as a result of ceasing operation of the sulfate process mid-year in 2005, manganese discharges were expected to decrease significantly.	No changes made.
Various facilities		Various categories	Phosphorus (Yellow Or White)	Elemental phosphorus is not likely to be discharged by facilities, and is likely reported incorrectly. Based on calls to a couple of facilities regarding 2002 data.	Changed phosphorus yellow and white load to zero.
Viskase Corp	Loudon, TN	Plastics	Carbon Disulfide	Facility reported a carbon disulfide discharge using an anomalous data point collected in 2004. Based on information collected from pretreatment coordinator in 2008.	Changed the carbon disulfide load based on monitoring data for 2005.

4.7 Methodology, Data Sources, and Limitations References

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2. ERG. 2007b. Eastern Research Group, Inc. Toxic Weighting Factors Developed for the Proposed 2008 Effluent Guidelines Plan. Chantilly, VA. (September). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771-0781.
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4. U.S. EPA. 2000. EPCRA Section 313 Guidance for Reporting Toxic Chemicals Within the Dioxins and Dioxin-Like Compounds Category. EPA-745-B-00-021. Washington, DC. (December). EPA-HQ-OW-2003-0074-1150.
5. U.S. EPA. 2005a. Draft Toxic Weighting Factor Development in Support of CWA 304(m) Planning Process. Washington, DC. June. EPA-HQ-OW-2004-0032-0857.
6. U.S. EPA. 2005b. 2005 Annual Screening-Level Analysis: Supporting the Annual Review of Existing Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards and Identification of New Point Source Categories for Effluent Limitations and Standards. EPA-821-B-05-003. Washington, DC. (August). EPA-HQ-OW-2004-0032-0901.
7. U.S. EPA. 2006a. Toxic Weighting Factor Development in Support of CWA 304(m) Planning Process. Washington, DC. (June). EPA-HQ-OW-2004-0032-1634.
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9. U.S. EPA. 2007. Technical Support Document for the Preliminary 2008 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan. EPA-821-R-07-007. Washington, DC. (October). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771-0819.

**PART II: RESULTS OF THE 2008 ANNUAL REVIEW OF
INDUSTRIAL CATEGORIES WITH EXISTING ELGS**

5.0 2008 ANNUAL REVIEW OF EXISTING EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS AND RANKING OF POINT SOURCE CATEGORIES

For the 2008 annual review, EPA conducted the following activities:

- Updated the reviews from previous years (i.e., revised the 2007 annual review results with new or corrected data);
- Performed new research: contacted industry to verify discharges, conducted literature searches, and collected additional data; and
- Solicited information from stakeholders through comment response and other stakeholder outreach (e.g., meetings with industry trade groups).

This section summarizes the results from the 2008 annual review (Section 5.1), presents the results of the 2008 screening-level review (Section 5.2), and presents the prioritization of categories for the 2008 annual review (Section 5.3).

5.1 Summary of the Results from the 2007 Annual Review

EPA published its 2007 annual review of existing ELGs as part of the Preliminary 2008 Plan on October 30, 2007 (72 FR 61335). In the 2007 annual review, EPA identified 12 point source categories that represent the bulk of the estimated toxic discharges (as measured by TWPE) from existing industrial point source categories. EPA ranked each point source category by the amount of toxic pollutants in its discharge (as measured by TWPE) and identified the CWT and Steam Electric Power Generating (Steam Electric) Categories as the two categories with the highest TWPE (accounting for more than 50 percent of the total TWPE). EPA identified nine additional categories with potentially high TWPE discharge estimates (accounting for more than 45 percent of existing point source category TWPE). EPA conducted a “detailed study” of the Steam Electric Category and “preliminary category reviews” of the 11 other categories based on the results of the 2007 screening-level review and stakeholder comments. Based on the findings from the detailed studies and preliminary category reviews, EPA identified four categories for detailed study in 2008: Steam Electric (Part 423), Coal Mining (Part 434), Oil and Gas Extraction (Part 435) (to assess whether to revise the limits to include Coal Bed Methane extraction as a new subcategory), and the Health Care Industry (including Hospitals (Part 460)).

In view of the annual nature of its reviews of existing ELGs, EPA believes that each annual review can and should influence succeeding annual reviews (e.g., by indicating data gaps, identifying new pollutants or pollution reduction technologies, or otherwise highlighting industrial categories for more detailed scrutiny in subsequent years). EPA used the findings, data and comments on the 2007 annual review to inform its 2008 annual review. The 2007 review built on the previous reviews by continuing to use the screening methodology and incorporating some refinements to assigning discharges to categories. EPA made similar refinements to assigning discharges to categories for the 2008 annual review.

5.2 Results of the 2008 Screening-Level Review

For the 2008 screening-level review, EPA used the combined results of the *TRIRelases2004_v3* and the *PCSLoads2004_v4* databases and the results of the *TRIRelases2005_v2* database, discussed in Section 4.6 of this document. When combining the

results of the 2004 databases, EPA adjusted the rankings for the following: discharges from industrial categories for which EPA is currently developing or revising ELGs, discharges from point source categories for which EPA has recently promulgated or revised ELGs, and discharges from facilities determined not to be representative of their categories. Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 discuss the rationale for these decisions. EPA made the same adjustments to the final ranking using the *TRIRelases2005_v2* database. The final combined database rankings represent the results of the 2008 screening-level review and are presented in Section 5.2.4.

5.2.1 Facilities for Which EPA Is Currently Developing or Revising ELGs

EPA is currently considering revisions to ELGs for OCPSF (40 CFR 414) and the Inorganic Chemicals Manufacturing (40 CFR 415) Point Source Categories for facilities that produce CCH.⁶ Because the CCH rulemaking is underway, EPA excluded discharges from these facilities from further consideration under the current planning cycle. EPA subtracted the TWPE loads from facilities that produce chlorine or chlorinated hydrocarbons from the OCPSF and Inorganic Chemicals Manufacturing Point Source Category loads. Because facilities that produce chlorine and chlorinated hydrocarbons are only a subset of the OCPSF and Inorganic Chemicals Manufacturing Categories, EPA included loads for all other facilities in these two categories in its prioritization of categories for further review.

5.2.2 Categories for Which EPA Recently Promulgated or Revised ELGs

For the 2008 annual review and development of category rankings, EPA excluded point source categories for which ELGs were recently established or revised but not yet fully implemented, or were recently reviewed in a rulemaking context, but EPA decided to withdraw the proposal or select the “no action” option. This seven-year period allows time for the ELGs to be incorporated into NPDES permits. In general, EPA removed an industrial point source category from further consideration during the current review cycle if EPA had established, revised, or reviewed the category’s effluent guidelines after August 2001 (i.e., seven years prior to August 2008, the expected publication of the Final 2008 Plan). For the 2009 and 2010 annual reviews EPA will exclude any categories with ELGs established or revised after August 2002 and August 2003, respectively. Table 5-1 lists these categories.

Removing a point source category from further consideration in the development of the rankings does not mean that EPA eliminates the category from annual review. In cases where EPA is aware of the growth of a new segment within such category, or where new concerns are identified for previously unevaluated pollutants discharged by facilities in the category, EPA would apply closer scrutiny to the discharges from the category in deciding whether to consider it further during the current review cycle. For example, EPA conducted the detailed study of the coal mining industry based on comments received on the 2006 Preliminary Plan, although the coal mining ELGs were revised in January 2002.

⁶ EPA is also currently revising ELGs for the following industries: Concentration Animal Feeding Operations and Construction and Development; however, the TWPE associated with these categories is low and does not affect the prioritization of categories based on TWPE. For more information on industries currently undergoing rulemakings, see <http://www.epa.gov/guide/industry.html>.

Table 5-1. Point Source Categories That Have Undergone a Recent Rulemaking or Review

40 CFR Part Number	Point Source Category	Date of Rulemaking
451	Concentrated Aquatic Animal Production (or Aquaculture)	August 23, 2004
432	Meat and Poultry Products	September 8, 2004
413, 433, and 438	Metal Products and Machinery (including Metal Finishing and Electroplating)	May 13, 2003
122, 123, and 412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFOs)	February 12, 2003
420	Iron and Steel Manufacturing	October 17, 2002
434	Coal Mining (Coal Remining and Western Alkaline Coal Mining)	January 23, 2002

Source: “Guidelines: Final, Proposed, and Under Development” at <http://www.epa.gov/waterscience/guide> (U.S. EPA, 2006a).

5.2.3 Categories with One Facility Dominating the TWPE

EPA identified point source categories with significant TWPE where only one facility was responsible for most of the TWPE reported to be discharged (i.e., where one facility’s TWPE accounted for more than 95 percent of the category TWPE, but was not the only facility reporting discharges for the category). Table 5-2 lists these categories. EPA identified seven facilities that dominated the TWPE in the category to which they belonged. EPA investigated these facilities to determine if their discharges were representative of the category. If they were not, EPA subtracted the facility’s TWPE from the total category TWPE and recalculated the category’s ranking. EPA performed this analysis separately for each of the three databases.

Three facilities in the TRI 2004 and TRI 2005 databases accounted for more than 95 percent of the category TWPE for the categories with significant TWPE:

- Vopak Logistics Services USA Inc.;
- Clean Harbors Deer Park LP; and
- Dow Freeport Co., Freeport Facility.

EPA reviewed these facilities’ discharges and determined that they are representative of the respective categories and should be included in the category totals.

Table 5-2. Point Source Categories with One Facility Dominating the TWPE Discharges

Point Source Category	Facility with Over 95% of Category TWPE	City, State	Data Source	Pollutant Driving TWPE	Facility TWPE	% of Total Category TWPE	Action
Centralized Waste Treaters (Part 437)	Vopak Logistics Services USA Inc.	Deer Park, TX	TRI 2004	Diazinon	7,029,354	94.2%	Did not remove load from category TWPE
Pesticide Chemicals (Part 455)	Dow Freeport Co., Freeport Facility	Freeport, TX	TRI 2004	Picloram	492,108	94.9%	Did not remove load from category TWPE
Waste Combustors (Commercial Incinerators Combusting Hazardous Waste) (Part 444)	Clean Harbors Deer Park LP	Deer Park, TX	TRI 2004	Benzidine	242,547	99.9%	Did not remove load from category TWPE
			TRI 2005	Toxaphene	51,859	99.3%	Did not remove load from category TWPE

Source: *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

5.2.4 Results of the 2008 Screening-Level Review

After adjusting the category TWPE totals and rankings as described in Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3, EPA consolidated the 2004 PCS and TRI rankings into one set using the following steps:

- EPA combined the two lists of point source categories by adding each category's PCS TWPE and TRI TWPE. EPA noted that this may result in “double-counting” of chemicals a facility reported to both PCS and TRI, and “single-counting” of chemicals reported in only one of the databases. The combined databases do not count chemicals that may be discharged but are not reported to PCS or TRI.
- EPA then ranked the point source categories based on total PCS and TRI TWPE.

Table 5-3 presents the combined PCS 2004 and TRI 2004 rankings. These are the final category rankings accounting for all corrections made to the databases during the 2007 and 2008 annual reviews and removal of any categories and discharges as discussed in Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3.

Table 5-4 presents the final rankings for TRI 2005 excluding the categories for which EPA is currently developing or revising ELGs, categories for which EPA recently promulgated or revised ELGs, and discharges from facilities that dominate the category TWPE, but are not representative of the category. Four of the top five categories by TWPE from the combined TRI and PCS 2004 data (Table 5-3) are in the top five categories from the TRI 2005 data (Table 5-4), with only the Fertilizer Category not represented at the top of TRI 2005 rankings.

5.3 Prioritization of Categories for the 2008 Annual Review

Based on its screening-level review, EPA was able to prioritize for further review (i.e., a detailed study or preliminary category review) those industrial categories whose pollutant discharges potentially pose the greatest hazards to human health or the environment because of their toxicity (i.e., categories that collectively discharge over 95 percent of the total TWPE). EPA also considered efficiency and implementation issues raised by stakeholders in identifying candidates for further review. By using this multilayered screening approach, the Agency concentrated its resources on those point source categories with the highest estimates of toxic-weighted pollutant discharges (based on best available data), while assigning a lower priority to categories that the Agency believes are not good candidates for ELGs revision at this time.

Table 5-5 lists the point source categories with existing ELGs, the level of review EPA performed as part of the 2008 annual review, and how the category was identified for further review, if applicable.

Table 5-3. Final PCS 2004 and TRI 2004 Combined Point Source Category Rankings

40 CFR Part	Point Source Category	TRI 2004 TWPE	PCS 2004 TWPE	Total TWPE	Cumulative Percent of Total TWPE	Rank
437	Centralized Waste Treaters	7,460,703	8,731	7,469,434	39.9%	1
423	Steam Electric Power Generation	791,179	2,410,093	3,201,272	57.0%	2
419	Petroleum Refining	669,434	818,705	1,488,139	64.9%	3
414	Organic Chemicals, Plastics and Synthetic Fibers	957,134	490,290	1,447,424	72.7%	4
418	Fertilizer Manufacturing	10,843	1,168,160	1,179,003	79.0%	5
430	Pulp, Paper and Paperboard	668,518	164,787	833,306	83.4%	6
440	Ore Mining and Dressing	88,001	580,831	668,832	87.0%	7
455	Pesticide Chemicals Manufacturing	518,385	102,256	620,641	90.3%	8
415	Inorganic Chemicals	122,514	309,022	431,536	92.6%	9
421	Nonferrous Metals Manufacturing	52,599	321,299	373,898	94.6%	10
444	Waste Combustors (Commercial Incinerators Combusting Hazardous Waste)	242,888	9,087	251,975	95.9%	11
410	Textile Mills	3,043	123,392	126,435	96.6%	12
463	Plastic Molding and Forming	72,657	10,766	83,423	97.1%	13
422	Phosphate Manufacturing	1,064	74,218	75,282	97.5%	14
429	Timber Products Processing	63,885	443	64,328	97.8%	15
436	Mineral Mining and Processing	5,387	49,315	54,702	98.1%	16
454	Gum And Wood Chemicals	6,311	46,446	52,757	98.4%	17
458	Carbon Black Manufacturing	48,603		48,603	98.6%	18
467	Aluminum Forming	3,318	27,580	30,897	98.8%	19
439	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing	10,706	13,255	23,962	98.9%	20
464	Metal Molding and Casting (Foundries)	19,147	4,746	23,893	99.1%	21
471	Nonferrous Metals Forming and Metal Powders	10,033	11,599	21,632	99.2%	22
411	Cement Manufacturing	898	17,461	18,359	99.3%	23
424	Ferroalloy Manufacturing	11,327	6,431	17,758	99.4%	24
468	Copper Forming	10,573	3,644	14,217	99.4%	25
469	Electrical and Electronic Components	7,693	4,890	12,583	99.5%	26

Table 5-3. Final PCS 2004 and TRI 2004 Combined Point Source Category Rankings

40 CFR Part	Point Source Category	TRI 2004 TWPE	PCS 2004 TWPE	Total TWPE	Cumulative Percent of Total TWPE	Rank
409	Sugar Processing	200	11,919	12,118	99.6%	27
425	Leather Tanning and Finishing	8,832	705	9,537	99.6%	28
445	Landfills	152	9,087	9,239	99.7%	29
407	Fruits and Vegetable Processing	6,392	2,457	8,849	99.7%	30
461	Battery Manufacturing	2,441	5,169	7,610	99.8%	31
428	Rubber Manufacturing	5,695	1,667	7,362	99.8%	32
406	Grain Mills Manufacturing	4,336	2,427	6,763	99.8%	33
417	Soaps and Detergents Manufacturing	6,156	80	6,236	99.9%	34
426	Glass Manufacturing	2,822	2,707	5,529	99.9%	35
NA	Tobacco Products	5,159	2	5,161	99.9%	36
405	Dairy Products Processing	3,710	41	3,751	99.9%	37
NA	Printing and Publishing	177	2,190	2,367	100.0%	38
457	Explosives	93	2,273	2,366	100.0%	39
443	Paving and Roofing Materials (Tars and Asphalt)	612	1,313	1,924	100.0%	40
408	Canned and Preserved Seafood	198	828	1,027	100.0%	41
435	Oil and Gas Extraction	596	18	613	100.0%	42
NA	Independent and Stand Alone Labs	205	269	474	100.0%	43
466	Porcelain Enameling	247	7	254	100.0%	44
NA	Construction and Development	—	231	231	100.0%	45
446	Paint Formulating	210	—	210	100.0%	46
465	Coil Coating	167	—	167	100.0%	47
447	Ink Formulating	42	—	42	100.0%	48
460	Hospital	—	14	14	100.0%	49
	Total	11,905,285	6,820,849	18,726,133		

Source: TRIRelases2004_v3; PCSLoads2004_v4.

NA — Not applicable; no existing ELGs apply to discharges.

Table 5-4. Final TRI 2005 Rankings

40 CFR Part	Point Source Category	Total Pounds Released, all Chemicals	TWPE
437	Centralized Waste Treatment	724,164	4,282,304
423	Steam Electric Power Generating	2,880,742	851,876
414	Organic Chemicals, Plastics and Synthetic Fibers	35,350,810	758,964
430	Pulp, Paper and Paperboard	22,479,514	639,419
419	Petroleum Refining	17,930,959	627,618
415	Inorganic Chemicals Manufacturing	7,795,516	92,146
440	Ore Mining and Dressing	399,164	76,673
444	Waste Combustors	4,541	52,251
429	Timber Products Processing	50,751	51,469
458	Carbon Black Manufacturing	509	47,095
421	Nonferrous Metals Manufacturing	3,892,225	41,771
455	Pesticide Chemicals	1,416,983	31,417
454	Gum and Wood Chemicals Manufacturing	14,807	24,746
463	Plastics Molding and Forming	1,759,032	22,294
464	Metal Molding and Casting (Foundries)	238,902	13,814
471	Nonferrous Metals Forming and Metal Powders	1,476,557	13,058
425	Leather Tanning and Finishing	410,478	12,240
439	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing	1,930,453	11,849
468	Copper Forming	99,219	9,728
424	Ferroalloy Manufacturing	205,459	8,353
418	Fertilizer Manufacturing	4,972,723	7,307
503	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages	5,851,557	6,670
436	Mineral Mining and Processing	2,414,860	6,262
NA	Tobacco Products	181,818	5,836
469	Electrical and Electronic Components	4,728,033	5,766
407	Canned and Preserved Fruits and Vegetables Processing	4,728,033	5,766
406	Grain Mills	6,186,932	5,139
405	Dairy Products Processing	1,721,519	4,877
428	Rubber Manufacturing	5,754,217	4,344
467	Aluminum Forming	677,583	4,305
410	Textile Mills	556,449	3,256
461	Battery Manufacturing	754,748	3,037
417	Soap and Detergent Manufacturing	54,406	2,578
501	Drinking Water Treatment	105,492	2,155
426	Glass Manufacturing	28,622	1,987
411	Cement Manufacturing	186,900	958
435	Oil and Gas Extraction	62,242	802
443	Paving and Roofing Materials (Tars and Asphalt)	4,351	677
422	Phosphate Manufacturing	269	515

Table 5-4. Final TRI 2005 Rankings

40 CFR Part	Point Source Category	Total Pounds Released, all Chemicals	TWPE
446	Paint Formulating	36,345	368
465	Coil Coating	124,571	331
409	Sugar Processing	5,333	181
408	Canned and Preserved Seafood Processing	205,929	180
NA	Printing and Publishing	190,618	145

Source: *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

NA — Not applicable; no existing ELGs apply to discharges.

Table 5-5. 2008 Annual Review of Categories with Existing ELGs: Level of Review

40 CFR Part	Point Source Category	Level of Review	Source of Identification for Further Review
405	Dairy Products Processing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
406	Grain Mills Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
407	Fruits and Vegetable Processing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
408	Canned and Preserved Seafood	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
409	Sugar Processing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
410	Textile Mills	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
411	Cement Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
413	Electroplating	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
414	Organic Chemicals, Plastics and Synthetic Fibers	Preliminary Review	TWPE
415	Inorganic Chemicals	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
417	Soaps and Detergents Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
418	Fertilizer Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
419	Petroleum Refining	Preliminary Review	TWPE
420	Iron and Steel Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
421	Nonferrous Metals Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
422	Phosphate Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
423	Steam Electric Power Generation	Detailed Study	TWPE
424	Ferroalloy Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
425	Leather Tanning and Finishing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
426	Glass Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
427	Asbestos Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
428	Rubber Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
429	Timber Products Processing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
430	Pulp, Paper and Paperboard	Preliminary Review	TWPE
432	Meat and Poultry Products	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a

Table 5-5. 2008 Annual Review of Categories with Existing ELGs: Level of Review

40 CFR Part	Point Source Category	Level of Review	Source of Identification for Further Review
433	Metal Finishing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
434	Coal Mining	Detailed Study	Comments
435	Oil and Gas Extraction	Detailed Study (of Coal Bed Methane Operations)	Comments
436	Mineral Mining and Processing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
437	Centralized Waste Treaters	Preliminary Review	TWPE
438	Metal Products and Machinery	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
439	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
440	Ore Mining and Dressing	Preliminary Review	TWPE
442	Transportation Equipment Cleaning	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
443	Paving and Roofing Materials (Tars and Asphalt)	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
444	Waste Combustors (Commercial Incinerators Combusting Hazardous Waste)	Preliminary Review	TWPE
445	Landfills	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
446	Paint Formulating	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
447	Ink Formulating	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
451	Aquatic Animal Production Industry	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
454	Gum and Wood Chemicals	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
455	Pesticide Chemicals Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
457	Explosives	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
458	Carbon Black Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
459	Photographic	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
460	Hospital	Detailed Study (of Health Care Industry)	Comments
461	Battery Manufacturing	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
463	Plastic Molding and Forming	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
464	Metal Molding and Casting (Foundries)	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
465	Coil Coating	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
466	Porcelain Enameling	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
467	Aluminum Forming	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
468	Copper Forming	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
469	Electrical and Electronic Components	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a
471	Nonferrous Metals Forming and Metal Powders	Screening-Level Review	NA ^a

a — For categories with only a screening-level review, the source of identification is not applicable, as EPA conducts a screening-level review of all categories subject to existing effluent guidelines. The “source of identification” is only applicable for those industries selected for further review.

NA — Not available.

5.3.1 Detailed Study of Existing ELGs

EPA performed detailed studies on four point source categories as part of its 2008 annual review based on the results of its 2007 screening-level review. EPA continued a detailed study of the Steam Electric Category (Part 423) because EPA data collection is not complete. Also, the Steam Electric Category ranked second in combined TWPE rankings. EPA also identified Coal Mining (Part 434), Oil and Gas Extraction (Part 435) (to assess whether to revise the limits to include coalbed methane extraction as a new subcategory), and the Health Services Industry (includes Hospitals (Part 460)) as detailed studies for the 2007 and 2008 annual reviews based on comments on the 2006 Preliminary Plan.

EPA did not select the CWT Category (Part 437) as a detailed study because the category had been excluded from previous screening-level reviews due to the ELG being recently promulgated (December 22, 2000). EPA determined it would conduct a preliminary review of the CWT Category before to conducting a detailed study.

EPA's detailed studies generally examine the following: (1) wastewater characteristics and pollutant sources; (2) the pollutants driving the toxic-weighted pollutant discharges; (3) availability of pollution prevention and treatment; (4) the geographic distribution of facilities in the industry; (5) any pollutant discharge trends within the industry; and (6) any relevant economic factors. First, EPA attempts to verify the screening-level results and fill in data gaps. Next, EPA considers costs and performance of applicable and demonstrated technology, process change, or pollution prevention alternatives that can effectively reduce the pollutants remaining in the industrial category's wastewater. Last, EPA considers the affordability or economic achievability of the technology, process change, or pollution prevention measures identified above.

Types of data sources that EPA may consult in conducting its detailed studies include, but are not limited to: (1) the U.S. Economic Census; (2) TRI and PCS data; (3) trade associations and reporting facilities to verify reported releases and facility categorization; (4) regulatory authorities (states and EPA regions) to understand how category facilities are permitted; (5) NPDES permits and their supporting fact sheets; (6) EPA effluent guidelines technical development documents; (7) relevant EPA preliminary data summaries or study reports; and (8) technical literature on pollutant sources and control technologies.

For more information about the Steam Electric Detailed Study, Coal Mining Detailed Study, Oil and Gas Extraction Detailed Study (Coalbed Methane Industry), and Health Services Industry Detailed Study, see Part III of this report (U.S. EPA, 2008a; U.S. EPA, 2008b; U.S. EPA, 2008c; U.S. EPA, 2008d).

5.3.2 Preliminary Review

Preliminary reviews are similar to detailed studies and have the same purpose. During preliminary reviews, EPA generally examines the same items listed above for detailed studies. However, EPA's preliminary review of a category and available pollution prevention and treatment options is less rigorous than its detailed studies. While EPA collects and analyzes hazard and technology-based information on categories undergoing preliminary review, it assigns a higher priority to investigating categories undergoing detailed studies.

For its 2008 annual review, EPA selected categories for preliminary review based on TWPE in the 2004 PCS and TRI and 2005 TRI databases. In 2007, EPA reviewed the categories accounting for the top 95 percent of total PCS 2004 and TRI 2004 combined TWPE, and identified 11 point source categories for preliminary review (U.S. EPA, 2007). Of those 11 point source categories, EPA identified six for continued preliminary review as part of the 2008 annual review (72 FRN 61335).⁷ These categories account for approximately 64 percent of the cumulative PCS 2004 and TRI 2004 combined TWPE. The six preliminary reviews identified are listed below, along with a reference to where they are discussed in this report:

- CWT (Section 6.0);
- OCPSF(Section 7.0);
- Ore Mining and Dressing (Section 8.0);
- Petroleum Refining (Section 9.0);
- Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard (Section 10.0); and
- Waste Combustors (Section 11.0).

EPA recently conducted detailed studies or preliminary reviews of many of the categories listed above. Table 5-6 lists these categories and the level of review EPA performed for its 2003 through 2006 annual reviews. For each of these categories, because EPA’s annual review builds on previous reviews, EPA primarily looked at the pollutants reported in 2004 and 2005 and their contribution to their category’s TWPE. EPA then compared these more recent results to its previous studies and reviews. EPA excluded CWT (40 CFR Part 437) and Waste Combustors (40 CFR Part 444) from further review in 2003 through 2006, because EPA applies less scrutiny to industrial categories with promulgated effluent guidelines or pretreatment standards within the past seven years (see Section 5.2.2).

Table 5-6. Previous Reviews for Point Source Categories Reviewed as Part of the 2008 Annual Review

40 CFR Part	Point Source Category	Level of Review for 2003/2004	Level of Review for 2005/2006	Level of Review for 2007/2008
423	Steam Electric	Preliminary Category Review	Detailed Study	Detailed Study
434	Coal Mining	NA	Preliminary Category Review	Detailed Study
435	Oil and Gas Extraction (Coalbed Methane)	NA	Preliminary Category Review	Detailed Study
460	Hospitals (Health Services)	NA	Preliminary Category Review	Detailed Study
419	Petroleum Refining	Detailed Study	Preliminary Category Review	Preliminary Category Review
414	OCPSF	Detailed Study	Preliminary Category Review	Preliminary Category Review
430	Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard	Preliminary Category Review	Detailed Study	Preliminary Category Review

⁷ EPA has identified that no further review is necessary at this time (72 FRN 61335).

Table 5-6. Previous Reviews for Point Source Categories Reviewed as Part of the 2008 Annual Review

40 CFR Part	Point Source Category	Level of Review for 2003/2004	Level of Review for 2005/2006	Level of Review for 2007/2008
440	Ore Mining and Dressing	Preliminary Category Review	Preliminary Category Review	Preliminary Category Review
437	Centralized Waste Treaters	NA ^a	NA ^a	Preliminary Category Review
444	Waste Combustors	NA ^a	NA ^a	Preliminary Category Review

a — Centralized Waste Treaters and Waste Combustors were not reviewed in 2003 through 2006 because the regulations were promulgated in 2000.

NA — Not applicable.

5.4 2008 Annual Review of Existing Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards and Ranking of Point Source Categories References

1. U.S. EPA. 2006a. Guidelines: Final, Proposed, and Under Development. “Industrial Waters Pollution Control.” Available online at: <http://www.epa.gov/waterscience/guide>.
2. U.S. EPA. 2006. *Technical Support Document for the 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan*. EPA-821R-06-018. Washington, DC. (December). EPA-HQ-OW-2004-0032-2782.
3. U.S. EPA. 2007. *Technical Support Document for the Preliminary 2008 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan*. EPA-821-R-07-007. Washington, DC. (October). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771-0819.
4. U.S. EPA. 2008a. *Coal Mining Detailed Study*. EPA-821-R-08-012 Washington, DC. (August). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05517.
5. U.S. EPA. 2008b. *Health Services Industry Detailed Study: Dental Amalgam*. EPA-821-R-08-014 Washington, DC. (August). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05518.
6. U.S. EPA. 2008c. *Health Services Industry Detailed Study: Management and Disposal of Unused Pharmaceuticals (Interim Technical Report)*. EPA-821-R-08-013 Washington, DC. (August). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05519.
7. U.S. EPA. 2008d. *Steam Electric Power Generating Point Source Category: 2007/2008 Detailed Study Report*. EPA-821-R-08-011 Washington, DC. (August). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05516.

6.0 CENTRALIZED WASTE TREATMENT (40 CFR PART 437)

EPA selected the Centralized Waste Treatment (CWT) Category for a preliminary review from its 2007 annual review because it ranked high, in terms of TWPE, in point source category rankings (see Tables 5-3 and 5-4 for the most recent point source category rankings). EPA began the preliminary review of this industry in 2007 and published the results as part of the 2008 Preliminary ELG Plan (72 FR 61335). As part of the 2008 annual review, EPA continued the preliminary review by investigating possible pesticide discharges from the CWT Category. EPA has determined that no further review of pesticide discharges from the CWT Category is necessary at this time.

6.1 CWT Category Background

This subsection provides background on the CWT Category, including a brief profile of the CWT industry and background on 40 CFR Part 437.

6.1.1 *CWT Industry Profile*

The CWT industry includes facilities that treat and/or recover hazardous or non-hazardous industrial waste, wastewater, or used material from other manufacturing facilities. Many of the wastes received by CWT facilities contain very high pollutant concentrations compared to manufacturing facilities' wastes and can often be difficult to treat. EPA identified CWT facilities by the primary SIC codes in the PCS and TRI databases, as described in Section 4.5 of this document. The SIC code 4953, Refuse Systems, includes CWT facilities but also includes landfills and commercial waste combustors, whose wastewater discharges are regulated by 40 CFR Parts 444 and 445 (the Waste Combustors and Landfills Categories, respectively).

EPA reviewed all of the facilities reporting SIC code 4953 to identify the facilities that are in the CWT Category rather than the Waste Combustors and Landfills Categories. Table 6-1 presents the number of facilities identified as CWTs during its review of other categories.

Table 6-1. Number of Facilities Identified as CWTs

2004 PCS ^a	2004 TRI ^b	2005 TRI ^b
4	36 ^c	36 ^c

Source: PCSLoads2004_v4; TRIRelases2004_v3; TRIRelases2005_v2.

a — Major and minor dischargers.

b — Releases to any media.

c — These counts include two waste combustor facilities, which will be corrected in future TRI databases. EPA contacted facilities and found that two facilities initially identified as CWT facilities are actually waste combustors. These facilities contribute negligible TWPE (approximately 95 TWPE for 2005) and therefore, have no impact on the overall category TWPE or rankings. These changes are further discussed in Section 11.0, "Waste Combustors".

CWTs discharge directly to surface water as well as to POTWs. Table 6-2 presents the types of discharges reported by facilities in the 2004 and 2005 TRI databases. The majority of CWTs reporting to TRI reported discharging indirectly.

Table 6-2. Centralized Waste Treatment Category Facilities by Type of Discharge Reported in TRI 2004 and 2005

TRI 2004 ^a				TRI 2005 ^a			
Reported Only Direct Discharges	Reported Only Indirect Discharges	Reported Both Direct and Indirect Discharges	Reported No Water Discharges	Reported Only Direct Discharges	Reported Only Indirect Discharges	Reported Both Direct and Indirect Discharges	Reported No Water Discharges
8	17	6	5	7	18	5	6

Source: *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — These counts include two waste combustor facilities, which will be corrected in future TRI databases. EPA contacted facilities and found that two facilities initially identified as CWT facilities are actually waste combustors. These facilities contribute negligible TWPE (approximately 95 TWPE for 2005) and therefore, have no impact on the overall category TWPE or rankings. These changes are further discussed in Section 11.0, “Waste Combustors”.

6.1.2 40 CFR Part 437

EPA first promulgated ELGs for the CWT Category (40 CFR Part 437) in 2000 (65 FR 81241), with amendments made in 2003 (68 FR 71014). This category is divided into four subcategories based on type of waste received, shown in Table 6-3. The technology basis for the final rule varies by type of waste the facility is treating:

- Two-stage chemical precipitation and filtration for metal-bearing wastes;
- Emulsion breaking, two-stage gravity separation and dissolved air flotation for oily wastes; and
- Equalization and biological treatment for organic wastes.

To ensure that combined wastes are treated, not simply co-diluted, facilities that elect to comply with Subpart D, Multiple Wastestreams, must certify that an equivalent treatment system is installed and properly designed, maintained, and operated.

Table 6-3 lists the pollutants regulated by Part 437. Pesticides are not regulated in any subcategory, as discussed in Section 6-4 of this document.

Table 6-3. Part 437 Subcategories and Regulated Pollutants

Subpart Name	Subpart Applicability	Regulated Pollutants
A: Metals Treatment and Recovery	The discharge of wastewater from a CWT facility that results from the treatment of, or recovery of metals from, both metal-bearing wastes received from off-site and other CWT wastewater associated with the treatment of, or recovery of metal-bearing wastes.	Oil and Grease, pH, TSS, Antimony, Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper, Lead, Mercury, Nickel, Silver, Tin, Titanium, Vanadium, and Zinc
B: Oils Treatment and Recovery	The discharge of wastewater from a CWT facility that results from the treatment or recovery of oil from both oily wastes received from off-site and other CWT wastewater associated with the treatment of, or recovery of oily wastes.	Oil and Grease, pH, TSS, Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper, Lead, Mercury, Tin, Zinc, Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate, Butylbenzyl Phthalate, Carbazole, n-Decane, Flouranthene, and n-Octadecane

Table 6-3. Part 437 Subcategories and Regulated Pollutants

Subpart Name	Subpart Applicability	Regulated Pollutants
C: Organics Treatment and Recovery	The discharge of wastewater from a CWT facility that results from the treatment of, or recovery of organic material from both organic wastes received from off-site and other CWT wastewater associated with the treatment of, or recovery of organic wastes.	BOD5, pH, TSS, Copper, Zinc, Acetone, Acetophenone, 2-Butanone, o-Cresol, p-Cresol, Phenol, Pyridine, and 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol
D: Multiple Wastestreams	The discharges of wastewater from a CWT facility that treats wastes subject to more than one of the previous Subparts must comply with either provisions of this subpart or the applicable provisions of Subpart A, B, or C. The provisions of this subpart are applicable to that portion of wastewater discharges from a centralized waste treatment facility that results from mixing any combination of treated or untreated waste otherwise subject to Subpart A, Subpart B, or Subpart C of this part only if a facility requests the permit writer or control authority to develop Subpart D limitations (or standards) and establishes that it provides equivalent treatment as defined in §437.2(h).	BOD5, Oil and Grease, pH, TSS, Antimony, Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper, Cyanide, Lead, Mercury, Nickel, Silver, Tin, Titanium, Vanadium, and Zinc, Acetone, Acetophenone, Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, 2-Butanone, Carbazole, o-Cresol, p-Cresol, n-Decane, Flouranthene, n-Octadecane, Phenol, Pyridine, and 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol

Source: 40 CFR Part 437; *Development Document for Final Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards for the Centralized Waste Treatment Industry* (U.S. EPA, 2000).

6.2 CWT Category 2004 Through 2008 Screening-Level Reviews

The CWT Category was excluded from previous annual reviews because the ELG had been promulgated recently (December 22, 2000). Table 6-4 shows the screening-level results for the CWT Category from the TRI and PCS databases composed between 2002 and 2005. Both the 2004 TRI and PCS TWPEs increased compared to previous years. However, the 2005 TRI TWPE decreased compared to the 2004 TRI TWPE. The increase in TWPE from the 2002 and 2003 data sources to the 2004 and 2005 data sources could result from permit modifications that incorporate the limitations from the promulgated ELGs.

Table 6-4. CWT Category Screening-Level Results

Year of Review	Year of Data Source	Centralized Waste Treatment Category ^a	
		TRI TWPE ^b	PCS TWPE
2005	2002	38,123	3,423
2006	2003	65,250	NA
2007	2004	7,460,703	8,731
2008	2005	4,282,304	NA

Source: *PCSLoads2002_v4*; *TRIReleases2002_v4*; *TRIReleases2003_v2*; *PCSLoads2004_v4*; *TRIReleases2004_v3*; *TRIReleases2005_v2*.

a — Direct and indirect water releases only.

b — This table includes the TWPE from two waste combustor facilities, which will be corrected in future databases. EPA contacted facilities and found that two facilities initially identified as CWT facilities are actually waste combustors. These facilities contribute negligible TWPE and therefore, have no impact on the overall category TWPE or rankings. These changes are further discussed in Section 11.0, Waste Combustors.

NA — Not applicable. EPA did not evaluate PCS data for 2003 and 2005.

6.3 CWT Category 2004 through 2008 Pollutants of Concern

Table 6-5 shows the five pollutants with the highest TWPE in *TRIReleases2004_v3*, *TRIReleases2005_v2*, and *PCSLoads2004_v3* for the CWT Category. Because EPA did not conduct preliminary reviews of the CWT Category in 2005 and 2006, EPA did not identify the pollutants with the highest TWPE from the 2002 and 2003 TRI databases or the 2002 PCS database.

The CWT Category TWPE in 2004 PCS are significantly lower than the TRI 2004 or 2005 TWPE. Therefore, EPA focused the additional review on the TRI-reported pollutants that account for the majority of the category TWPE.

Pesticides, including diazinon, malathion, and heptachlor, are the top TRI-reported pollutants in 2004 and 2005, contributing more than 92 percent of the total category TWPE for both 2004 and 2005. Polycyclic aromatic compounds (PACs) in TRI are the pollutant with the third highest TWPE in TRI 2004 and TRI 2005. EPA's additional review for the pollutants of concern is presented in the following sections:

- Section 6.4: Pesticides from TRI; and
- Section 6.5: PACs from TRI.

6.4 CWT Category Pesticide Discharges

EPA reviewed discharges of pesticides from CWTs because they ranked high, in terms of TWPE, in the PCS and TRI databases. For the 2008 preliminary review, EPA contacted facilities and collected additional discharge data to determine the following:

1. That pesticide discharges were based on actual discharges, not estimated based on concentrations of pesticides below analytical minimum levels.
2. Whether CWTs had an increased receipt of pesticide waste as a result of regulation of wastewater from the pesticides formulating, packaging, and repackaging (PFPR) industry (U.S. EPA, 1996).
3. Pesticide treatment effectiveness, using data from EPA's Pesticides Chemicals ELG rulemaking (U.S. EPA, 1996). Table 6-10 at the end of this section summarizes EPA's treatment efficiency data from the Pesticides Formulators, Packagers, and Re-packagers (PFPR) rulemaking.

Table 6-5. 2008 Review: CWT Category Pollutants of Concern

Pollutant	PCS 2004 ^a			TRI 2004 ^{b, d}			TRI 2005 ^b		
	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE
Zinc	3	103,596	4,857	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2004 reported pollutants.			Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2005 reported pollutants.		
Sulfide	2	912	2,555						
Cadmium	1	21	493						
Barium	2	155,451	309						
Arsenic	2	44	176						
Diazinon	Pollutants are not in the top five PCS 2004 reported pollutants.			1	10,282	6,398,170	1	5,841	3,634,709
Malathion				1	10,283	575,931	1	5,840	327,077
PACs				1	2,600	261,716	1	2,400	241,584
Heptachlor				1	9	76,767	1	2.4	20,471
Chlordane				1	35	69,763	Pollutant is not in the top five TRI 2005 reported pollutants		
Acrylonitrile				Pollutant is not in the top five TRI 2004 reported pollutants			1	16,289	37,126
CWT Category Total	4 ^c	10,465,007,382	8,730	5 ^c	18,835,213	7,460,703	5 ^c	724,164	4,282,304

Source: PCSLoads2004_v4; TRIReleases2004_v3; TRIReleases2005_v2.

a — Discharges include only major dischargers.

b — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

c — Number of facilities reporting TWPE greater than zero.

d — This table includes the TWPE from two waste combustor facilities, which will be corrected in future databases. EPA contacted facilities and found that two facilities initially identified as CWT facilities are actually waste combustors. These facilities contribute negligible TWPE and therefore, have no impact on the overall category TWPE or rankings. These changes are further discussed in Section 11.0, “Waste Combustors”.

PACs — Polycyclic aromatic compounds.

40 CFR Part 437 does not include limitations or standards for pesticides. At the time of the rulemaking, EPA collected samples at two CWT facilities and analyzed the samples for the entire spectrum of chemical compounds for which EPA had approved analytical methods. This included pesticides and herbicides. EPA found that pesticides/herbicides were only found in low concentrations (U.S. EPA, 1994). However, EPA did not analyze the samples for diazinon or malathion — the two pesticides with the highest TWPE in the 2004 and 2005 TRI databases for the CWT Category. As of December 31, 2004, it is unlawful to sell outdoor, non-agricultural diazinon products in the United States. It is, however, legal for consumers to use diazinon products, provided they follow all label directions and precautions (U.S. EPA, 2007). Because some CWT facilities are permitted to accept hazardous waste, CWT facilities may receive waste diazinon for some time even though it is no longer sold in the United States.

Discharges of pesticide chemicals in the TRI 2004 and 2005 databases account for the majority of the total category's TWPE. EPA examined discharges of pesticides from CWTs for the preliminary review of this category. EPA contacted five facilities about their pesticide discharges reported to TRI in 2004 and 2005, presented in Table 6-6. EPA identified two facilities for additional review of their TRI-reported pesticide discharges because they account for all of the CWT Category pesticide TWPE:

- Vopak Logistics Services — Deer Park, TX (Section 6.4.1); and
- DuPont Chambers Works — Deepwater, NJ (Section 6.4.2).

Table 6-6 summarizes findings from EPA's contacts to CWTs regarding pesticides reports to TRI. EPA found that only one CWT facility, DuPont Chambers Works, detected pesticides in water discharges from CWT operations.

EPA found that CWTs report pesticide releases to TRI based on waste characterization reports provided by their clients rather than wastewater monitoring data. Waste characterization reports include a list of all possible contaminants in a delivered waste stream with an estimated concentration range for each contaminant. Some CWTs require testing of a fraction of influent wastes (e.g., 10 percent of all influent wastewater) to verify the accuracy of waste characterization reports.

CWTs use either the midpoint or the maximum concentration of each constituent in their waste characterization reports to estimate what is being treated at the facility. The facility may calculate a pollutant loading which is then reduced by a removal efficiency or destruction efficiency to account for the pollutants removed during treatment. Although this method of estimation is appropriate for TRI reporting, it does not accurately reflect wastewater discharges. Of the facilities contacted, four facilities had tested for pesticides in their wastewater. Only one of these facilities reported detecting pesticides during sampling.

Table 6-6. Summary of CWT Pesticide Facility Contacts

Facility Name	City	Facility TWPE from TRI 2005	Facility Receives Pesticides?	Facility Detected Pesticides?	Comments
Vopak Logistics Services USA Inc.	Deer Park, TX	4,000,309	Yes	No	Vopak reports releases of a variety of pesticides, including diazinon (3,634,700 TWPE). Facility contact believes that diazinon and malathion were incorrectly reported on Form Rs for 2004 and 2005. Contact believes these wastes went to the injection facility, but their manifests were labeled improperly. Form 2c of the NPDES Permit Application (submitted by facility) indicates that the facility did not sample for pesticides. Facility stopped receiving outside waste shipments in June 2006 (Krejci, 2008b).
LNVA — North Regional Treatment Plant	Beaumont, TX	245,555	No	No	Facility does not receive pesticides from any of its clients. Facility estimates pesticide discharges based on quarterly SARA sampling data, which is non-detect for all PACs according to EPA Test Method SW846 8270C (Krejci, 2008a).
Dupont Chambers Works	Deepwater, NJ	26,129	Yes	No	Facility submitted eight or nine Form R's for pesticides for 2001 to 2004 and submitted 14 in 2005. Facility detected both endrin and heptachlor once from 2004 to 2007 (Krejci, 2008c).
CWM Chemical Services LLC	Model City, NY	9,193	Yes	No	Facility reported one pesticide to TRI which was sent to the on-site landfill. The facility has tested landfill leachate in the past and has not detected the chemical of concern. No other pesticides have been received at the facility (Krejci, 2008e).
Clean Harbors Baton Rouge LLC	Baton Rouge, LA	0 ^a	Yes	No	The facility does comprehensive pesticides sampling every six months and has never detected any pesticide above the detection limit. The facility does not currently receive any known pesticides (Krejci, 2008d).

Source: *TRIRelases2005_v2*; E-mail communication with Jesse Eastep, LNVA – North Regional Treatment Plant, Beaumont, TX (Krejci, 2008a); Notes from telephone conversation between Christopher Krejci, Eastern Research Group, Inc. and Rino Wong and Tony Vundick, Vopak Logistics Services, Deer Park, TX (Krejci, 2008b); E-mail communication with Scott Northey, DuPont Chambers Works, Deepwater, NJ (Krejci, 2008c); Notes from telephone conversation between Christopher Krejci, Eastern Research Group, Inc. and Bill Clark, Clean Harbors, Baton Rouge, LA (Krejci, 2008d); Notes from telephone conversation between Christopher Krejci, Eastern Research Group, Inc. and Jill Banaszak, CWM Chemical Services, Model City, NY (Krejci, 2008e).

a — Facility reports zero pounds released or transferred to surface water in the TRI.

6.4.1 Pesticide Discharges for Vopak Logistics Services — Deer Park, TX

The pesticide discharges from Vopak Logistics Services (Vopak) in Deer Park, TX, contribute approximately 6,970,000 TWPE to TRI 2004 and 6,980,000 TWPE to TRI 2005. Table 6-7 shows pesticide discharges reported to TRI from Vopak for 2002 through 2005.

Table 6-7. Pesticide Discharges from Vopak Logistics Services Reported to TRI

Pollutant	2004		2005	
	Total Pounds	TWPE	Total Pounds	TWPE
Diazinon	10,281.9	6,398,170	5,841	3,634,708
Malathion	10,283.3	575,931	5,840	327,078
Total		6,970,000		3,960,000

Source: *TRIRelases2005_v2*; *TRIRelases2004_v3*.

Based on information provided by the facility, EPA believes that Vopak is not discharging pesticides to surface water. EPA contacted Vopak as part of the 2007 and 2008 annual reviews to verify the company's estimation methodology for TRI and inquire about pesticides sampling data (MacQueen, 2007; Krejci, 2008b). EPA will correct future versions of its *TRIRelases* databases to reflect the findings that the Vopak facility is not discharging pesticides to surface water.

Vopak estimates pesticide discharges for TRI based on client-provided waste characterization reports and removal efficiency estimates for its wastewater treatment system, following TRI guidelines. Vopak has not analyzed for pesticides in its wastewater. In June 2006, Vopak stopped receiving commercial waste shipments and currently only treats wastes from the co-located Vopak Terminal facility. The Vopak Terminal facility is a storage warehouse for bulk chemical products and generates wash down water that the CWT treats. Because Vopak stopped receiving outside waste shipments at the CWT facility, the facility no longer receives pesticides. Vopak expects that they will likely not report pesticide releases to TRI in the future (Krejci, 2008b).

Furthermore, Vopak identified a possible error in how pesticide releases were reported. Vopak disposes of wastewater either by injection into a deep well or through a biological wastewater treatment train that discharges to surface water. After EPA contacts, the facility examined its estimates and found that pesticide wastes were likely sent to the deep well injection facility, not discharged to surface water. The facility concluded that pesticide discharges were mistakenly reported as surface water releases instead of deep well injections in TRI since 2004 (Krejci, 2008b).

6.4.2 Pesticides Discharges for DuPont Chambers Works — Deepwater, NJ

The pesticide discharges from the DuPont Chambers Works facility, in Deepwater, NJ, contribute approximately 918,320 TWPE (2004) and 26,160 TWPE⁸ (2005) in the TRI

⁸ EPA changed reported hexachlorobenzene discharges from 80,923 to 0 TWPE based on non-detect results from sampling episode.

databases. Table 6-8 shows pesticide discharges reported to TRI from the DuPont Chambers Works facility for 2002 through 2005.

Table 6-8. Pesticide Discharges from DuPont Chambers Works Reported to TRI

Pollutant	2002		2003		2004		2005	
	Total Pounds	TWPE	Total Pounds	TWPE	Total Pounds	TWPE	Total Pounds	TWPE
Atrazine	NA	NA	2,709	2,820	4,340	4,520	3,521	3,670
Chlordane	13	20,300	14	27,900	35	69,800	1	1,990
Heptachlor	1	4,090	4	34,100	9	76,800	2.4	20,500
Hexachlorobenzene	25	18,100	25	48,700	39	76,000	0 ^a	0
Total		42,500		114,000		227,000		26,100

Source: *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — EPA changed value based on non-detect results from sampling episode.

NA — Not applicable.

EPA contacted DuPont Chambers Works as part of the 2005 annual review regarding chlordane, heptachlor, and pendimethalin discharges (Johnston, 2005), and as part of the 2008 annual review regarding hexachlorobenzene discharges (Krejci, 2008c). Discharges of pesticide chemicals in the TRI 2004 and 2005 databases account for the majority of the total CWT Category's TWPE. DuPont Chambers Works indicated that the pesticide discharges result from the treatment of wastewater from outside facilities at the DuPont Chambers Works wastewater treatment plant (Johnston, 2005). This contact prompted EPA to reclassify the pesticide discharges from the facility as regulated by the CWT ELGs.

DuPont Chambers Works estimates pesticide discharges for TRI based on the maximum concentration in client-provided waste characterization reports and its estimated treatment removals. The facility has analyzed untreated and treated wastewater for pesticides in the following events (Krejci, 2008c):

- In 2006, DuPont Chambers Works analyzed the untreated wastewater from three delivery trucks. Hexachlorobenzene was not detected in these samples.
- In 2005, the facility analyzed wastewater at an internal monitoring point prior to tertiary treatment system. Hexachlorobenzene was not detected.

For the 2005 TRI, the facility reported 18 pounds of hexachlorobenzene based on the client-provided waste characterization reports (Krejci, 2008c). Because the only sampling event for hexachlorobenzene in 2005 returned a non-detect result, EPA corrected the *TRIRelases2005_v02* database, denoting the hexachlorobenzene release as zero pounds per year.

Based on information provided by the facility, EPA believes that DuPont Chambers Works is overestimating the pesticide releases it reported to TRI. In calculating these releases, DuPont Chambers Works assumes that pesticides are present in its influent at the maximum possible concentration, and that some fraction of the pesticide waste is discharged (based on destruction efficiencies). According to DMR data for reporting years 2004 to 2007 (available through the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection [NJ DEP] Web-site), the

facility has detected both endrin and heptachlor in its wastewater at least once (NJDMR, 2008). The facility had not detected any of the other pesticides it reports to TRI (chlordane, pendamethalin, and hexachlorobenzene) from 2004 through 2007. Table 6-9 shows EPA's estimates of annual loads based on sampling data from DMRs that DuPont Chambers Works submitted to NJ DEP. Based on the annual loads calculated using the sampling data, EPA estimates discharges of zero TWPE for chlordane and hexachlorobenzene and 508 TWPE for heptachlor. For future versions of the *TRIReleases* databases, EPA will consider these data and may make additional database changes to accurately reflect the DuPont Chambers Works discharges.

Table 6-9. Estimates of Pesticide Discharges from DuPont Chambers Works Based on Sampling Data

Pollutant	Total Pounds Reported to TRI	TWPE	Conc. Range in Residual Sludge (mg/kg)	Annual Load (lb/yr) ^a			Revised TWPE ^b
				Assuming Conc. BDL Is 0	Assuming Conc. BDL Is ½ DL	Assuming Conc. BDL Is DL	
Atrazine ^c	3,521	3,670	NR	NA	NA	NA	3,670
Chlordane	1	1,990	<0.00035 — <1.6	0.000	0.332	0.665	0
Heptachlor	2.4	20,500	<.000010 — 0.159	0.046	0.060	0.073	508
Hexachlorobenzene	0	0	<0.38 — <0.84	0.000	0.038	0.762	0

Source: *TRIReleases2005_v2*; Discharge Monitoring Report Data for DuPont Chambers Works, Deepwater, NJ downloaded from the NJ DMR data system (NJDMR, 2008).

a — EPA used the quarterly pesticide residual sludge load (mg/kg) and the total suspended solids load (kg/day) to determine the annual pesticide load.

b — Revised TWPE uses EPA's methodology. When all the concentrations are reported below the detection limit the annual pounds are zero. When one or more concentrations are above the detection limit the annual pounds assume the concentration is half the detection limit for the non-detect concentrations.

c — EPA has not estimated the revised TWPE for atrazine due to a lack of sampling data.

BDL — Below detection limit.

Conc. — Concentration.

DL — Detection limit.

NR — Not reported.

6.5 CWT Category Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds Discharges

After pesticide chemicals, PACs are the largest contributor to the TWPE discharges from TRI 2004 and 2005 for the CWT Category. The PAC discharges are reported by one facility, LNVA North Regional Treatment Plant (LNVA) in Beaumont, TX. Table 6-10 shows PAC discharges reported to TRI from LNVA for 2004 through 2005. No PAC discharges were reported from this facility prior to 2004.

Table 6-10. PAC Discharges from LNVA North Regional Treatment Plant Reported to TRI

Pollutants	2004		2005	
	Total Pounds	TWPE	Total Pounds	TWPE
PACs	2,600	261,176	2,400	241,584

Source: *TRIReleases2005_v2*; *TRIReleases2004_v3*.

EPA contacted LNVA in 2005 regarding the facility's PAC discharges. LNVA treats industrial waste from the ExxonMobil refinery and chemical plant, PD Glycol, Peak Sulfur, and Elf Atochem. The facility stated that it had never detected any PACs above detection limits in its wastewater and that it currently uses half the detection limit multiplied by total plant flow for TRI reporting (Wolford, 2005). EPA contacted LNVA again in 2008; the facility reported that it had still not detected any PACs in its effluent above the method detection limit for EPA Method SW846 8270C (Krejci, 2008). In future versions of the TRI database, EPA will correct the discharges of PACs from this facility to denote zero pounds per year.

6.6 CWT Category Conclusions

During the 2008 Annual Review, EPA used information gathered from TRI and PCS databases and facility contacts to conclude that no further review of discharges from CWTs is necessary at this time. The conclusions of the CWT Category review are as follows:

- TRI-reported discharges of pesticides account for the majority of the CWT Category's TWPE. EPA determined that pesticide releases from the CWT facilities contributing significant portions of the category TWPE (Vopak and DuPont Chambers Works) are estimated using waste characterization reports from clients and treatment efficiencies, rather than actual sampling data.
- Only one CWT facility that EPA contacted detected pesticides in its discharges: DuPont Chambers Works, which detected endrin and heptachlor at least once in its effluent between 2004 and 2007. Based on the information collected from DuPont Chambers Works, the amount of pesticides discharged to surface water is less than the amounts reported to TRI. Instead of the 26,129 TWPE⁹ for TRI 2005, EPA believes the actual pesticide discharges from DuPont Chambers Works were approximately 4,178 TWPE.
- TRI-reported discharges of PACs are the third highest ranking pollutant in terms of TWPE in the TRI 2004 and 2005 databases, which all result from reports by one CWT facility, LNVA. LNVA estimates PAC discharges based on half the detection limit multiplied by the flow. The facility has never detected PACs in its discharges above the detection limit. In future versions of the *TRIRelases* databases, EPA will correct the TRI databases, denoting the discharge as zero pounds per year.
- EPA prioritizes point source categories with existing regulations for potential revision based on the greatest estimated toxicity to human health and the environment, measured as toxic-weighted equivalents (or TWPE). Based on the above conclusions, EPA is assigning this category a lower priority for revision (i.e., this category is marked with "(3)" in the "Findings" column in Table V-1 in the accompanying Federal Register notice that presents the 2008 annual review of effluent guidelines and pretreatment standards).

⁹ EPA changed reported DuPont Chambers Works hexachlorobenzene discharges from 80,923 to 0 TWPE based on non-detect results from sampling episode in *TRIRelases2005*. This TWPE includes the revisions to the hexachlorobenzene.

6.7 CWT Category References

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Table 6-11. Pesticides Treatability Data

Pesticide	Structural Group	Pesticide Mfr BAT Technology	Hydrolysis Half-Life (Min.) or % Rem.	Source	Carbon Saturation Loading (g/g) or % Rem.	Source	Chemical Oxidation % Rem.	Source
Atrazine	S-Triazine	HD, BO	65.5% (b,d)	EPA Sampling	86.2% (d)	Other	14.80%	EPA Sampling
			4800 (b)	Other	0.2159 (e)	Other		
			17,700 (b)	Other	0.04 (c)	EPA Bench Study		
			2760 (b)	EPA Bench Study	99.99% (d)	EPA Sampling		
			731	Extrapolated	0.168 (d)	EPA Bench Study		
					0.014, 0.13 (g)	EPA Bench Study		
Chlordane	Tricyclic	NM86	>5,000,000 (b)	Other	99.9% (c)	Other		
					>99.5%	Other		
					0.25,0.38 (g)	Other		
					0.065	Other		
Diazinon	Phosphorothioate	AC	5	EPA Bench Study	95.2% (d)	EPA Sampling		
			706 (b)	Other	93.2% (d)	EPA Sampling		
			706 (b)	EPA Bench Study	0.14,0.49 (g)	EPA Bench Study		
					0.147 (c)	EPA Bench Study		
					84.8% (d)	EPA Sampling		
Heptachlor	Tricyclic	RA	1400 (b)	Other	1.22, 0.95 (g)	Other	65%	EPA Bench Study
					0.014	Other		
					>70%	EPA Bench Study		
					>99.5%	Other		
Haxachlorobenzene ^a	Lindane	AC	300,000 (b)	Other	0.26,0.49 (g)	Other		
					>99.5% (f)	Other		
					>99%	Other		
					0.0195 (c)	Other		

Table 6-11. Pesticides Treatability Data

Pesticide	Structural Group	Pesticide Mfr BAT Technology	Hydrolysis Half-Life (Min.) or % Rem.	Source	Carbon Saturation Loading (g/g) or % Rem.	Source	Chemical Oxidation % Rem.	Source
					0.257	Other		
					0.025	Other		
Malathion	Phosphorodithioate	HD	60 (b)	EPA Bench Study	>98.8% (f)	Graph		
			<30	EPA Bench Study	>98.3% (d)	EPA Sampling		
					99.90%	Other		
					0.26, 0.22 (g)	EPA Bench Study		
					87.5% (f)	Other		
Toxaphene	Bicyclic	AC	5,000,000 (b)	Other	0.0034,0.399 (g)	90th		
					0.042	Other		

Source: Draft Pesticides Formulators, Packagers, and Repackagers Treatability Database Report (U.S. EPA, 1994).

a — Transferred from Lindane based on experimental data.

b — Hydrolysis conditions other than pH 12 and 60°C

c — Data include multiple runs at varying design and operating conditions; value given is for best treatability performance

d — Data include multiple runs at similar design and operating conditions; average performance value is given.

e — Value given is for total chlorotriazine pesticides. Data for individual pesticides are not available.

f — Multiple data points from the document listed in table for the same PAI because document provided data from different sources.

g — Values given are Freundlich isotherm parameters K in grams PAI per gram carbon and 1/n (unitless).

NM86 — Not produced in United States in 1986.

RA — Rain adsorption.

AC — Activated carbon.

HD — Hydrolysis.

BO — Biological oxidation.

7.0 ORGANIC CHEMICALS PLASTICS AND SYNTHETIC FIBERS (40 CFR PART 414)

EPA selected the OCPSF Category (40 CFR Part 414) for preliminary review because it continues to rank high, in terms of TWPE, in point source category rankings (see Tables 5-3 and 5-4 for the point source category rankings). EPA previously performed a detailed study of this industry, published as part of the 2004 Final ELG Plan (69 FR 53705). EPA has also reviewed discharges from OCPSF facilities as part of its annual reviews since 2004. Each year, including this year of review, EPA has concluded that wastewater from OCPSF facilities does not warrant a more detailed review at this time.

EPA is currently reviewing discharges from the Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Manufacturing Segment of the OCPSF Category as part of the CCH effluent guidelines rulemaking. Because a rulemaking for this segment of the OCPSF Category is underway, EPA excluded discharges from these facilities from further consideration in this review (see Table V-1, 70 FR 61335, October 30, 2007).

7.1 OCPSF Category Background

This subsection provides background on the OCPSF Category, including a brief profile of the OCPSF industry and background on 40 CFR Part 414.

7.1.1 *OCPSF Industry Profile*

The OCPSF Category includes many chemical industries producing a wide variety of end products, such as polypropylene, vinyl chloride and polyvinyl chloride (PVC), chlorinated solvents, rubber precursors, styrofoam additives, and polyester. Some OCPSF facilities are extremely complex and produce hundreds of chemicals, while others are simpler, producing one or two end products. Facilities in the following five SIC codes could perform operations covered by the OCPSF ELGs:

- 2821: Plastic Materials, Synthetic Resins, and Nonvulcanizable Elastomers;
- 2823: Cellulosic and Other Man-Made Fibers;
- 2824: Synthetic Organic Fibers, Except Cellulose;
- 2865: Cyclic Crudes and Intermediates, and Organic Dyes and Pigments; and
- 2869: Industrial Organic Chemicals, Not Elsewhere Classified (NEC).

In addition, EPA is considering including operations from five other SIC codes as potential new subcategories of the OCPSF Category.¹⁰

Table 7-1 presents the number of facilities in the five SIC codes that compose the OCPSF industry. Because the U.S. Economic Census reports data by NAICS code, and TRI and PCS

¹⁰ EPA reviews industries with SIC codes not clearly subject to existing ELGs. EPA concluded that the processes, operations, wastewaters, and pollutants of facilities in the SIC codes 2842, 2844, 2891, 2899, and 5169 (listed in Table 7-1) are similar to those of the OCPSF Category (U.S. EPA, 2004). The tables in this section include discharge information from the potential new subcategories; however, these facilities contribute negligible amounts of TWPE. Consistent with the conclusions drawn during the 2004 detailed study (U.S. EPA, 2004) and 2006 review (U.S. EPA, 2006), EPA found that large numbers of these facilities discharge no wastewater and only a small number of facilities discharge TWPE greater than zero.

report data by SIC code, EPA reclassified the 2002 U.S. Economic Census by the equivalent SIC code.

OCPSF facilities discharge directly to surface water as well as to POTWs. Table 7-2 presents the types of discharges reported by facilities in the 2004 and 2005 TRI databases. The majority of facilities reporting to TRI reported no water discharges, but facilities may be discharging pollutants in wastewater at levels below the TRI-reporting thresholds.

Table 7-1. Number of Facilities in OCPSF SIC Codes

SIC	2002 U.S. Economic Census	2004 PCS ^a	2004 TRI ^b	2005 TRI ^b
2821: Plastic Materials, Synthetic Resins, and Nonvulcanizable Elastomers	688	144	383	380
2823: Cellulosic and Other Man-Made Fibers	8	3	4	5
2824: Synthetic Organic Fibers, Except Cellulosic	94	10	38	35
2865: Cyclic Crudes and Intermediates, and Organic Dyes and Pigments	217	36	87	84
2869: Industrial Organic Chemicals, NEC	3,215	219	471	476
OCPSF Category Total ^c	4,222	412	983	980
Potential New Subcategories				
2842: Specialty Cleaning, Polishing, and Sanitation Preparations	604	0	137	455
2844: Perfumes, Cosmetics, and Other Toilet Preparations	1,586	11	39	138
2891: Adhesives and Sealants	585	14	174	38
2899: Chemicals and Chemical Preparations, NEC	3,582	56	329	173
5169: Chemicals and Allied Products	54,314	0	444	327
Potential New Subcategories Total	60,671	81	1,123	1,131

Source: U.S. Economic Census, 2002 (U.S. Census, 2002); *PCSLoads2004_v4*; *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — Major and minor dischargers.

b — Releases to any media.

c — Excludes the potential new subcategories.

NEC — Not elsewhere classified.

Table 7-2. OCPSF Category Facilities by Type of Discharge Reported in TRI 2004 and 2005

SIC Code	TRI 2004				TRI 2005			
	Reported Only Direct Discharges	Reported Only Indirect Discharges	Reported Both Direct and Indirect Discharges	Reported No Water Discharges	Reported Only Direct Discharges	Reported Only Indirect Discharges	Reported Both Direct and Indirect Discharges	Reported No Water Discharges
2821: Plastic Materials, Synthetic Resins, and Nonvulcanizable Elastomers	62	92	18	211	65	92	16	207
2823: Cellulosic and Other Man-Made Fibers	2	0	1	1	3	0	1	1
2824: Synthetic Organic Fibers, Except Cellulosic	9	14	2	13	7	12	4	12
2865: Cyclic Crudes and Intermediates, and Organic Dyes and Pigments	19	28	4	36	18	28	5	33
2869: Industrial Organic Chemicals, NEC	106	128	26	211	106	118	28	224
OCPSF Category Total ^a	198	262	51	472	199	250	54	477
Potential New Subcategories								
2842: Specialty Cleaning, Polishing, and Sanitation Preparations	1	38	0	98	9	34	1	411
2844: Perfumes, Cosmetics, and Other Toilet Preparations	0	23	0	16	1	39	0	98
2891: Adhesives and Sealants	3	22	1	148	0	20	0	18
2899: Chemicals and Chemical Preparations, NEC	14	88	8	219	4	24	0	145
5169: Chemicals and Allied Products	8	36	1	399	15	83	9	220
Potential New Subcategories Total	26	207	10	880	29	200	10	892

Source: *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — Excludes the potential new subcategories.

NEC — Not elsewhere classified.

7.1.2 40 CFR Part 414

EPA first promulgated ELGs for the OCPSF Category (40 CFR Part 414) on November 5, 1987 (52 FR 42568). This category consists of eight subcategories that apply to the manufacture of products and product groups, as shown in Table 7-3 with the corresponding SIC codes and applicability. Subparts B through H have limitations for BOD₅, TSS, and pH. The regulation also includes limitations and/or pretreatment standards for certain toxic pollutants in three additional subparts:

- Subpart I — Direct Discharge Point Sources That Use End-of-Pipe Biological Treatment;
- Subpart J — Direct Discharge Point Sources That Do Not Use End-of-Pipe Biological Treatment; and
- Subpart K — Indirect Discharge Point Sources.

Table 7-3. Applicability of Subcategories in the OCPSF Category

Subpart	Subpart Name	Applicable SIC Code(s)	Subpart Applicability
B	Rayon Fibers	2823: Cellulosic Manmade Fibers	Cellulosic manmade fiber (Rayon) manufactured by the Viscose process.
C	Other Fibers	2823: Cellulosic Manmade Fibers 2824: Synthetic Organic Fibers, Except Cellulosic	All other synthetic fibers (except Rayon) including, but not limited to, products listed in Section 414.30.
D	Thermoplastic Resins	28213: Thermoplastic Resins	Any plastic product classified as a thermoplastic resin including, but not limited to, products listed in Section 414.40.
E	Thermosetting Resins	28214: Thermosetting Resins	Any plastic product classified as a thermosetting resin including, but not limited to, products listed in Section 414.50.
F	Commodity Organic Chemicals	2865: Cyclic Crudes and Intermediates, Dyes and Organic Pigments 2869: Industrial Organic Chemicals, NEC	Commodity organic chemicals and commodity organic chemical groups including, but not limited to, products listed in Section 414.60.
G	Bulk Organic Chemicals	2865: Cyclic Crudes and Intermediates, Dyes and Organic Pigments 2869: Industrial Organic Chemicals, NEC	Bulk organic chemicals and bulk organic chemical groups including, but not limited to, products listed in Section 414.70.
H	Specialty Organic Chemicals	2865: Cyclic Crudes and Intermediates, Dyes and Organic Pigments 2869: Industrial Organic Chemicals, NEC	All other organic chemicals and organic chemical groups including, but not limited to, products listed in the OCPSF Development Document (Vol. II, Appendix II-A, Table VII).

Source: *Product and Product Group Discharges Subject to Effluent Limitations and Standards for the Organic Chemicals, Plastics, and Synthetic Fibers Point Source Category — 40 CFR 414*, Table 2-2 (U.S. EPA, 2005).
NEC — Not elsewhere classified.

7.2 OCPSF Category 2004 Through 2008 Screening-Level Reviews

Over the years of EPA review, from 2004 through 2008, the TWPE associated with OCPSF facilities has increased. Table 7-4 shows the screening-level results for the OCPSF industry from the 2002 through 2005 TRI and PCS databases. The TRI TWPE increased significantly from 2002 to 2003 and then decreased from 2003 to 2005. However, the 2005 TRI TWPE is still more than double the TRI TWPE for 2002. The PCS TWPE has increased about 23 percent from 2002 to 2004.

Table 7-4. OCPSF Screening-Level Results

Year of Review	Year of Data Source	OCPSF Category ^a		Potential New Subcategory for the OCPSF Category ^d	
		TRI TWPE ^b	PCS TWPE ^c	TRI TWPE ^b	PCS TWPE ^c
2005	2002	349,429	397,951	12,153	17,252
2006	2003	1,021,401	NA	4,161	NA
2007 ^e	2004	957,134	608,394	3,578	3,121
2008	2005	758,964	NA	19,215	NA

Source: *PCSLoads2002_v4*; *TRIRelases2002_v4*; *TRIRelases2003_v2*; *PCSLoads2004_v4*; *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — Includes TWPE from the potential new subcategory.

b — Direct and indirect water releases only.

c — Major dischargers only.

d — EPA reviews industries with SIC codes not clearly subject to existing ELGs. EPA concluded that the processes, operations, wastewaters, and pollutants of facilities in the SIC codes 2842, 2844, 2891, 2899, and 5169 (listed in Table 7-1) are similar to those of the OCPSF Category (U.S. EPA, 2004). The tables in this section include discharge information from the potential new subcategories; however, these facilities contribute negligible amounts of TWPE. Consistent with the conclusions drawn during the 2004 detailed study (U.S. EPA, 2004) and 2006 review (U.S. EPA, 2006), EPA found that large numbers of these facilities discharge no wastewater and only a small number of facilities discharge TWPE greater than zero.

e — EPA corrected the PCS TWPE during the 2008 annual review because EPA determined that hexachlorobenzene (HCB) loads were linked to the incorrect pollutant TWF in *PCSLoads2004_v3*. As a result, the OCPSF Category TWPE increased from 490,000 to 608,000 lb-eq/yr from the 2007 annual review to the 2008 annual review.

NA — Not applicable. EPA did not evaluate PCS data for 2003 and 2005.

7.3 OCPSF Category 2004 Through 2008 Pollutants of Concern

Table 7-5 shows the five pollutants with the highest TWPE in *TRIRelases2004*, *TRIRelases2005*, and *PCSLoads2004*. For comparison purposes, Table 7-6 provides similar information from the 2006 Final ELG Plan (71 FR 76644) using *TRIRelases2002*, *TRIRelases2003*, and *PCSLoads2002*.

Table 7-5. 2008 Review: OCPSF Category Pollutants of Concern ^a

Pollutant	PCS 2004 ^b			TRI 2004 ^c			TRI 2005 ^c		
	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE
Hexachlorobezene ^d	13	62.9	122,529	4	43	84,480	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2005 reported pollutants.		
Aluminum	20	3,233,568	209,183	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2004 reported pollutants.					
Benzidine	1	23	63,844				20	59,391	30,240
Chlorine	46	74,952	38,162	21	45,018	22,921			
Fluoride	12	806,793	28,238	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2004 reported pollutants.			Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2005 reported pollutants.		
Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compounds	Pollutants are not in the top five PCS 2004 reported pollutants.			8	0.527	693,358	7	0.388	503,240
Hydroquinone				6	13,383	17,051	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2005 reported pollutants.		
Nitrate Compounds				130	21,719,795	16,217	128	26,662,576	19,908
PACs				Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2004 reported pollutants.			10	463	46,620
Acrylonitrile							28	8,491	19,353
OCPSF Category Total				228 ^e	3,800,000,000	608,000	754 ^e	35,300,000	957,000

Source: *PCSLoads2004_v4*; *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — This table presents the top five pollutants composing the category TWPE, including the potential new subcategory SIC codes. However, the potential new subcategories contribute negligible pounds and TWPE.

b — Discharges include only major dischargers.

c — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

d — EPA corrected the PCS TWPE during the 2008 annual review because EPA determined that hexachlorobenzene (HCB) loads were linked to the incorrect pollutant TWF in *PCSLoads2004_v3*. As a result, the OCPSF Category TWPE increased from 490,000 to 608,000 lb-eq/yr from the 2007 annual review to the 2008 annual review.

e — Number of facilities reporting TWPE greater than zero.

PACs — Polycyclic aromatic compounds.

Table 7-6. 2006 Review: OCPSF Category Pollutants of Concern ^a

Pollutant	PCS 2002 ^b			TRI 2002 ^c			TRI 2003 ^c		
	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE
Hexachlorobenzene	13	53	103,420	4	30	59,272	4	32	61,656
Chlorine	58	106,278	54,113	25	56,954	28,999	22	55,810	28,416
Fluoride	14	910,270	31,859	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2002 reported pollutants.			Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2003 reported pollutants.		
Benzo(a)pyrene	16	288	28,990						
Copper	100	33,629	21,348						
Dioxin and Dioxin-like Compounds	Pollutants are not in the top five PCS 2002 reported pollutants.			8	0.019	115,132	6	0.440	703,572
Nitrate Compounds				131	44,533,702	33,252	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2003 reported pollutants.		
Hydroquinone				6	13,513	17,217			
PACs				Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2002 reported pollutants.			10	675	67,964
PCBs							2	0.812	27,627
OCPSF Category Total	232 ^d	978,243,371	397,951	791 ^d	53,973,135	349,429	762 ^d	37,904,315	1,021,401

Source: PCSLoads2002_v4; TRIReleases2002_v4; TRIReleases2003_v2.

a — This table presents the top five pollutants composing the category TWPE, including the potential new subcategory SIC codes. However, the potential new subcategories contribute negligible pounds and TWPE.

b — Discharges include only major dischargers.

c — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

d — Number of facilities reporting TWPE greater than zero.

PACs — Polycyclic aromatic compounds.

PCBs — Polychlorinated biphenyls.

EPA identified the OCPSF pollutants of concern based on relative TWPE. Dioxin and dioxin-like compounds have the highest TWPE in the TRI databases from 2002 to 2005, contributing more than 65 percent of the total category TWPE for both 2004 and 2005. The TRI-reported discharges of hexachlorobenzene (HCB) decreased from 2004 to 2005; in 2005, HCB was no longer a top pollutant in terms of TWPE. However, the TRI-reported discharges of PACs increased from 2004 to 2005 in TRI. For PCS, HCB is the top pollutant discharged in terms of TWPE in 2002 and 2004. Other top pollutants in 2004 are aluminum and benzidine. Aluminum and benzidine were not listed top pollutants in 2002. EPA performed additional review for the pollutants of concern:

- Dioxin and dioxin-like compounds from TRI (Section 7.8);
- PACs from TRI (Section 7.9);
- HCB from TRI and PCS (Section 7.10);
- Aluminum from PCS (Section 7.11); and
- Benzidine from PCS (Section 7.12).

EPA did not perform additional review of other top TRI pollutants because their relative contributions in the 2004 and 2005 databases account for less than 34 percent of the combined OCPSF Category TWPE. EPA did not perform additional review of the other top PCS pollutants because TRI TWPE dominates the PCS TWPE for the OCPSF Category.

7.4 OCPSF Category Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges in TRI

EPA has reviewed discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds each year for the OCPSF Category since 2004. For the 2008 annual review, EPA reviewed information about facilities that reported discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds to TRI to determine potential process sources and methods used to estimate reported discharges. The results of the 2008 annual review show that dioxin and dioxin-like compounds continue to rank high in terms of TRI TWPE. PCS dioxin and dioxin-like compounds TWPE, however, has decreased significantly from the 2005 annual review.

Table 7-7 shows the OCPSF facilities that reported discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds to TRI from 2002 to 2005 and how the facilities estimated discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds (based on contact with the facilities) (ERG, 2006). One facility, BP Solvay Polyethylene in Deer Park, TX contributes more than 95 percent of the total dioxin and dioxin-like compound TRI TWPE for the OCSPF Category from 2003 to 2005. In addition to the facilities presented in Table 7-7, EPA identified two new facilities reporting wastewater releases of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds for 2004 and 2005:

- CIBA Specialty Chemicals Corp, St. Gabriel, LA; and
- Nation Ford Chemical Co, Fort Mill, SC.

Combined, these two facilities contribute less than 200 TWPE (<0.05 percent) of the OCPSF Category total TWPE for dioxin and dioxin-like compounds. Therefore, EPA did not contact these facilities to gather information on their basis of estimate or process sources of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds for the 2008 annual review.

Table 7-7. OCPSF Facilities Reporting Dioxin Releases to TRI

Facility Name (Facility Location)	TRI 2002 Dioxin TWPE	TRI 2003 Dioxin TWPE	TRI 2004 Dioxin TWPE	TRI 2005 Dioxin TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Was Dioxin Detected?	Findings
Atofina (Total) Petrochemicals Inc. (La Porte, TX)	57,489	799	799	799	TCEQ sampling episode in 1999	TCEQ detected 1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDD, OCDD, and OCDF (TCEQ, 2003)	TCEQ sampled at the final outfall for the facility's NPDES permit and provided one concentration that represented a mixture of dioxin congeners. Facility multiplies this concentration by the total wastewater flow for the outfall. Facility continues to use the TCEQ dioxin number every year for their TRI reports.
BP Solvay Polyethylene N.A. (Innovene) (Deer Park, TX)	NR	678,344	657,253	480,414	TCEQ sampling episode in 2002	TCEQ detected 1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDD, OCDD, and 1,2,3,4,7,8- HxCDF (TCEQ, 2003)	TCEQ sampled at the final outfall for the facility's NPDES permit and provided one concentration that represented a mixture of dioxin congeners. Facility multiplies this concentration by the total wastewater flow for the outfall. Facility continues to use the TCEQ dioxin number every year for their TRI reports.
Celanese Acetate Celco Plant (Narrows, VA)	941	NR	NR	NR	Worst-case scenario engineering estimate	No	Facility uses dissolving-grade wood pulp as a raw material. Celanese had reviewed a study that looked at the dioxin content of wood pulp and its potential to end up in stormwater. Wastewater monitoring data for Celanese's Form 2C application shows all nondetects for dioxin. Celanese stopped reporting water releases of dioxin to TRI in 2004.
Cytec Industries Inc. (Wallingford, CT)	13,460	5,982	8,973	NR	Engineering estimate	Not monitored	Dioxin water release was based on an engineering estimate for the operation of an incinerator that was used to dry out biosolids. This incinerator is no longer in operation and site did not report dioxin to TRI for 2005.
Dow Chemical Co. Midland Ops. (Midland, MI)	25,502	NR	6,542	6,852	Routine monitoring conducted by facility	Yes — Reported all congeners except 1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDF, and 1,2,3,6,7,8- HxCDD to TRI for 2002/2003.	Dioxin sources include historical process and waste management units no longer in operation at the site. A very small amount may also come from an on-site incinerator. The TRI dioxin water release is a TM 17 value that sums the average congener concentrations from samples collected throughout the year. Dow uses EPA Method 1613B to analyze for dioxin and sets all concentrations that are below the detection limit to zero.
DuPont Chambers Works (Deepwater, NJ)	334	0.580	NR	NR	Engineering estimate	Not monitored	A contaminated ferric chloride additive used for solids settling in the wastewater treatment plant was the dioxin source. Du Pont used information from the vendor on the dioxin composition of the contaminated ferric chloride to estimate their TRI releases. The site has since stopped using ferric chloride for settling. The dioxin release included in the TRI 2004 database will be zero.

Table 7-7. OCPSF Facilities Reporting Dioxin Releases to TRI

Facility Name (Facility Location)	TRI 2002 Dioxin TWPE	TRI 2003 Dioxin TWPE	TRI 2004 Dioxin TWPE	TRI 2005 Dioxin TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Was Dioxin Detected?	Findings
Lyondell Chemical Co. (Westlake, LA)	219	NR	NR	NR	Routine monitoring conducted by facility	Yes – Did not report a distribution to TRI for 2002.	A small amount of dioxin is produced by an on-site hazardous waste incinerator scrubber. The bulk of the dioxin enters the plant with the source water from the Sabine River. The site monitors the intake and final effluent for dioxin, then calculates a balance to report what is discharged. The balance is reported to TRI.
Sasol N.A. Inc. (Baltimore, MD)	3.26	NR	NR	NR	Routine monitoring conducted by facility	Yes – Reported 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD and OCDD to TRI for 2002.	Facility formerly operated a chlorination process that generated dioxin. They began sampling process wastewater and final effluent in 2001 and detected trace amounts of OCDD. The dioxin release reported to TRI was based on this single detected congener (concentration was just above the detection limit). The site stopped monitoring for dioxin in 2003 when the chlorination process was shut down. They no longer report dioxin water releases to TRI.
Sasol N.A. Inc. Lake Charles Chemical Complex (Westlake, LA)	17,183	4,479	4,479	4,479	Sampling results from studies conducted over the years	Yes — Reported 17 congeners to TRI for 2002/2003.	Facility receives wastewater from the Georgia Gulf Lake Charles VCM plant. The VCM process wastewater is the source of dioxin.
Shell Chemical Co. Deer Park (Deer Park, TX)	NR	13,967	15,152	10,529	TCEQ sampling episode in 2003	TCEQ detected 10 dioxin congeners (TCEQ, 2003)	TCEQ sampled at the outfall for the facility's chemical plant and provided dioxin congener concentration data for 17 dioxin congeners. Facility multiplies this concentration by the total wastewater flow for the outfall. Facility continues to use the TCEQ dioxin number every year for their TRI reports. Facility treats wastewater for an OxyVinyls EDC/VCM plant, which is a large source of dioxins in their wastewater. Facility has also identified other process sources that are small contributors of dioxin.
OCPSF Category Total	115,132	703,572	693,358	503,240			

Source: *TRIRelases2002_v4*; *TRIRelases2003_v2*; Telephone conversations with various OCPSF facility representatives and Meghan Kandle of Eastern Research Group, Inc. (ERG, 2006).

NR – Not reported.

TCEQ – Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

TM-17 – Total mass of 17 dioxin and dioxin-like congeners.

EDC – Ethylene dichloride.

VCM – Vinyl chlorine monomer.

According to Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) sampling at three facilities, dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges contribute 99 percent of the dioxin and dioxin-like compounds TWPE for 2002. TCEQ conducted the sampling to support the total maximum daily load (TMDL) study for the Houston Ship Channel, which was placed on the Section 303(d) list after the Texas Department of Health issued a seafood consumption advisory for catfish and blue crabs in the upper portion of the Galveston Bay and Houston Ship Channel in September 1990. The purpose of the study is to develop a TMDL for dioxin in the Houston Ship Channel, including upper Galveston Bay, and to develop a plan for managing dioxin and dioxin-like compounds to correct existing water quality impairments and maintain good water quality. TCEQ analyzed effluent from the following facilities for dioxin and dioxin-like compounds: Albermarle, Atofina, Beechnut MUD, BP Solvay, Clean Harbors, Dow DP, DuPont, Equistar, Exxon, GB Biosciences, Newport MUD, OxyVinyls Battleground, OxyVinyls Deer Park, OxyVinyls La Porte, Rohm & Haas, Shell Chemical, Shell Refinery, Valero, Vopak, and several POTWs.

From 1999 to 2003 TCEQ conducted sampling at the facilities' outfalls at Atofina, Shell, and BP Solvay and detected dioxin and dioxin-like compounds. The facilities use the dioxin congener concentrations measured by TCEQ to estimate the releases of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds that they report to TRI. Each facility updates its TRI releases each year by multiplying the same dioxin concentration by the facility's annual flow. Therefore, increases in TRI-reported releases of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds from year to year reflect increases in wastewater flow and not necessarily increases in dioxin discharges.

Based on the information in Table 7-7, EPA identified the following sources of dioxin in OCPSF wastewater:

- *Historical Processes.* Three facilities, Cytec Industries, Dow Chemical, and Sasol Baltimore, MD, reported dioxin to TRI based on processes that are no longer in operation. Sasol Baltimore has not reported discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds to TRI since 2002.
- *Raw Materials.* Two facilities, DuPont Chambers Works and Celanese Acetate, estimated discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds based on contamination of raw materials. Celanese's estimate was based on theoretical contamination of wood pulp, and DuPont's estimate was based on actual contamination of ferric chloride. Celanese stopped reporting discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds to TRI in 2003, and DuPont stopped reporting dioxin and dioxin-like compounds to TRI in 2004 (U.S. EPA, 2006).
- *Vinyl Chloride Wastewater.* Two facilities, Sasol Lake Charles, LA and Shell Deer Park, TX, treat wastewater from nearby vinyl chloride monomer plants, which are the major source of the dioxin and dioxin-like compounds that the facility reports to TRI. EPA is reviewing production of vinyl chloride monomer as part of the CCH rulemaking effort.
- *Wet Air Pollution Controls.* One facility, Lyondell, stated that an onsite incinerator is the source of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds that was reported to TRI for 2002. The facility stated that the amount of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds discharged by the incinerator scrubber is small (only 219 TWPE in Table 7-7). Lyondell has not reported discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds to TRI since 2002 (U.S. EPA, 2006).

- *No Process Source Identified.* Facility contacts at Atofina and BP Solvay could not identify a potential process source for the dioxin and dioxin-like compounds that TCEQ detected at their outfalls.

7.5 **OCPSF Category Hexachlorobenzene Discharges in TRI and PCS**

EPA reviewed TRI and PCS data on HCB discharges from OCPSF facilities for the 2008 annual review: four facilities in TRI and 14 facilities in PCS. Tables 7-8 and 7-9 list the HCB data for the TRI (2004 and 2005) and PCS (2002 and 2004) databases.

Table 7-8 presents the facilities that reported wastewater releases of HCB to TRI for 2004 or 2005. HCB discharges ranked second in terms of 2004 TRI TWPE for the OCPSF Category. One facility, DuPont Chambers Works, contributed 90 percent of the total HCB TWPE for the OCPSF Category. EPA contacted the facility and determined that the HCB discharges were from CWT operations at the plant. Therefore, EPA categorized DuPont Chambers Works' HCB discharges in the CWT Category. As a result, HCB discharges decreased 98 percent from 2004 to 2005. Based on TRI data, HCB is not discharged at significant TWPE as a result of OCPSF operations.

Table 7-8. OCPSF Facilities Reporting HCB Releases to TRI

Facility Name	Location	2004		2005	
		Total Pounds Released ^a	TWPE	Total Pounds Released ^a	TWPE
Clariant Lsm Florida Inc	Gainesville, FL	0.0157	30.6	NR	NR
DuPont Chambers Works	Deepwater, NJ	39.0	75,961	NR	NR
Solutia Inc Delaware River Plant	Bridgeport, NJ	4.00	7,791	0.500	974
Sun Chemical Corp.	Cincinnati, OH	0.358	697	0.371	722
Total		43.4	84,480	0.871	1,696

Source: *TRIRelases2002_v4; TRIRelases2003_v2.*

a — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

Table 7-9 shows the OCPSF facilities with HCB discharges in PCS for 2002 or 2004. The HCB TWPE is evenly distributed across facilities in the 2002 PCS database for the OCPSF Category. In the 2004 PCS database, DuPont de Nemours, Carneys Point, NJ, accounts for 60 percent of the HCB TWPE for the OCPSF Category.

EPA reviewed monthly DMR data for 2002 and 2004 and calculated the average detected HCB concentration for each facility. Based on this review, EPA believes that HCB loads in PCS may be calculated from concentrations that are below the detection limit. According to EPA Method 1625, the method detection limit for HCB is 10 µg/L. Concentrations for HCB range from 0.04 to 12, and all but one are less than or equal to the method detection limit.

Table 7-9. OCPSF Facilities Reporting Discharges of HCB to PCS in 2002 or 2004

NPDES ID	Facility Name	Facility Location	Average 2002 HCB Concentration (µg/L)	2002 Pounds of HCB Discharged	2002 HCB TWPE	Average 2004 HCB Concentration (µg/L)	2004 Pounds of HCB Discharged	2004 HCB TWPE
NJ0005100	E I Dupont De Nemours & Co	Carneys Point	NR	NR	NR	0.670 ^a	38	74,728
WV0000868	Flexsys America LP	Nitro	2.5	10	19,537	2.50	7.51	14,620
WV0002496	Ripplewood Phosphorus U.S. LLC	Gallipolis Ferry	4.13 ^a	7.2	14,024	5.00	7.20	14,024
WV0001112	Sunoco, Inc. (R & M)	Kenova	10	5.4	10,518	5.00	3.60	7,012
DE0020001	Metachem Products, LLC ^b	Delaware City	3.18	3.25	6,335	10.0	1.68	3,272
NJ0005045	FERRO CORP	Logan Twp	NR	NR	NR	0.683 ^a	1.67	3,246
AL0002097	Honeywell International Inc	Fairfield	4.01 ^a	0.5	982	12.7 ^a	1.08	2,104
PA0012769	Rohm and Haas Company	Bristol Boro	NR	NR	NR	0.800	0.920	1,791
WV0004740	Crompton Corporation	Morgantown	0.55	0.36	701	0.550	0.540	1,052
WV0022047	Crompton Corporation	Morgantown	0.55	0.036	70.1	0.500	0.180	351
FL0002313	Air Prod & Chem Escam Pensacol	Santa Rosa County	NR	NR	NR	NC	0.0900	175
WV0000841	GE Plastics	Washington	NR	NR	NR	0.00750	0.0540	105
WV0004588	Koppers Industries Inc	Follansbee	0.5	0.36	701	0.050	0.0257	50
LA0038890	Nalco Company	Garyville	4.75 ^a	6.48	12,621	NR	NR	NR
SC0002798	Invista S.A.R.L./Spartanburg	Spartanburg	10	7.95	15,493	NR	NR	NR
SC0003557	Honeywell Nylon LLC/ Columbia	Columbia	5.00 ^a	8.28	16,127	NR	NR	NR
WV0001279	E I Dupont De Nemours & Co	Parkersburg	0.04	2.88	5,609	NR	NR	NR
WV0005169	Bayer Materialscience, LLC	New Martinsville	0.05	0.36	701	NR	NR	NR
OCPSF Category Total				53.1	103,420		63	122,529

a — Concentration was back-calculated using monthly mass and flow data.

b — Facility is no longer active.

NR — Not Reported. HCB discharges were not included in PCS for the reporting year.

NC — Not Calculated. No flow information was included in PCS to back calculate the concentration.

7.6 OCPSF Category Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds Discharges in TRI

EPA has reviewed wastewater releases of PACs as part of the OCPSF Category since 2004, with the exception of the 2007 annual review because of TWPE in the TRI databases. PACs were not identified as a pollutant of concern during the 2007 annual review based on the 2004 TRI and PCS databases. Table 7-10 lists the OCPSF facilities that reported discharges of PACs to TRI from 2002 to 2005.

In 2004, EPA reviewed the coal tar refining sector of the OCPSF Category based on discharges of PACs reported to TRI for 2000. EPA identified three U.S. coal tar refining companies (10 facilities) operating in 2000: Honeywell International, Inc., Koppers Industries, Inc., and Reilly Industries, Inc. Seven of these facilities continue to report discharges of PACs to TRI and are listed in Table 7-10. Since 2000, Honeywell, Inc. has closed all three of its coal tar refining operations, and Reilly Tar & Chemical Company has closed its Cleveland, OH facility. As of 2004, six facilities owned by two companies continued to refine coal tar in the United States. EPA's review of the coal tar industry concluded that the industry was declining, and that the PAC discharges were at concentrations near or at treatable levels. As a result, EPA determined that, based on the information available in 2004, it was not appropriate to select coal tar refining sector of the OCPSF Category for possible effluent guidelines revision.

In addition to coal tar refiners, Table 7-10 lists five facilities that reported releases of PACs to TRI from 2002 to 2005:

- DSM Chemicals in Augusta, GA, produces caprolactam — a raw material for the production of nylon-6, cyclohexanone, ammonium sulphate for fertilizer use, and polyester resins for the powder coating industry (DSM, 2006);
- DuPont Chambers Works in Deep Water, NJ produces fluorochemicals, elastomers, and hytel polyester elastomer (U.S. EPA, 2004);
- DuPont Washington Works in Washington, WV produces polymer products for the automotive industry including Delrin®, Crastin®, Rynite®, Zytel®, Butacite®, Dymetrol®, Hytel® and Teflon® (DuPont, 2008);
- Neutrogena in Los Angeles, CA packages toiletries and soaps (Food & Drug Packaging, 2004); and
- Sasol NA in Baltimore, MD produces commodity and specialty chemicals for soaps, detergents and personal care products (Sasol, 2006).

DSM Chemicals in Augusta, GA, contributed more than 90 percent of the PACs TWPE for 2003, but did not report PAC discharges for 2002. The PAC discharges from DSM chemicals have decreased from 2003 to 2005. EPA contacted DSM Chemicals to discuss the basis of estimate for the 2003 TRI-reported PAC discharges (Connell, 2006). DSM confirmed that the TRI-reported discharge is based on measured concentrations of three PACs congeners: benzo(a)pyrene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, and indeno-1,2,3-c-pyrene. The facility samples for PACs and other priority pollutants once per year. Prior to 2003, the sampling did not include data on PACs concentrations. DSM suspects that the Number 2 fuel oil used at the site is the source of PACs in their wastewater.

The large increase in PAC releases from 2004 to 2005 results from increased releases reported by DuPont Chambers Works and new releases reported by DuPont Washington Works.

Combined, these facilities contribute more than 80 percent of the 2005 PACs TWPE for the OCPSF Category (but less than 5 percent of the OCPSF Category's total TWPE). EPA obtained 2006 TRI data to review the trends in PAC discharges from the two DuPont facilities. EPA found that DuPont Chambers Works' PAC releases decrease by 87 percent and DuPont Washington Works' PAC releases decreased by 52 percent from 2005 to 2006. EPA will continue to monitor increased reports of PAC discharges from these and other OCPSF facilities, but EPA concludes that no further review is warranted at this time.

Table 7-10. OCPSF Facilities Reporting PAC Releases to TRI

Facility Name	Facility Location	2002	2003	2004	2005
		PAC TWPE ^a	PAC TWPE ^a	PAC TWPE ^a	PAC TWPE ^a
DSM Chemicals North America Inc.	Augusta, GA	NR	61,503	3,359	3,331
DuPont Chambers Works	Deepwater, NJ	1,510	3,221	6,100	17,414
DuPont Washington Works	Washington, WV	NR	NR	NR	20,233
<i>Honeywell International, Inc.</i> ^b	<i>Birmingham, AL</i>	<i>604</i>	<i>604</i>	<i>101</i>	<i>40</i>
<i>Honeywell International, Inc.</i> ^b	<i>Ironton, OH</i>	<i>705</i>	<i>NR</i>	<i>NR</i>	<i>NR</i>
Koppers Inc. ^b	Cicero, IL	4.22	4.45	3.48	227
Koppers Industries, Inc. Follansbee Tar Plant ^b	Follansbee, WV	403	403	1,309	5,234
Koppers Industries, Inc. Woodward Tar Plant ^b	Dolomite, AL	1,268	2,013	NR	NR
Neutrogena Corp.	Los Angeles, CA	0.963	0.0741	0.148	0.148
Reilly Industries, Inc. ^b	Granite City, IL	119	148	148	133
Reilly Industries, Inc. ^b	Lone Star, TX	NR	37.0	7.41	7.41
Sasol N.A., Inc.	Baltimore, MD	NR	30.2	NR	NR
Total		4,613	67,964	11,027	46,620

Source: *TRIRelases2002_v4*; *TRIRelases2003_v2*.

Italics denote facilities no longer in operation.

a — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

b — Facility is a coal tar refiner and was included in EPA's detailed study of the OCPSF Category for the 2004 Plan.

NR — Not reported. Facility did not report PAC releases for reporting year.

7.7 OCPSF Category Aluminum Discharges in PCS

Aluminum was the top PCS pollutant in terms of TWPE for the OCPSF Category based on 2004 data. EPA had not identified aluminum as a top pollutant for the OCPSF Category in previous reviews. Table 7-11 presents the facilities that reported discharges of aluminum to PCS for 2004. As shown in the table, one facility, GE Silicones LLC, contributes 98 percent of the aluminum TWPE for the OCPSF Category. EPA obtained GE Silicones' permit information to verify reporting units for total recoverable aluminum and flow. GE Silicones' permit includes only monitoring requirements for aluminum and does not have a permit limit. EPA will monitor this facility's aluminum discharges during future OCPSF Category reviews.

Table 7-11. OCPSF Facilities Reporting Aluminum to PCS

NPID	Name	City	Total Pounds	2005 TWPE
WV0000094	GE Silicones LLC	Friendly	3,183,201	205,925
AL0000205	3M Co Decatur Plant	Decatur	10,421	674
WV0022047	Crompton Corporation	Morgantown	8,850	572
SC0001783	Celanese Acetate LLC/Celriver	Rock Hill	7,467	483
TX0006033	BP Solvay Polyethylene North A	Deer Park	5,267	341
TX0005061	Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Th	Beaumont	4,023	260
WV0004740	Crompton Corporation	Morgantown	3,268	211
WV0000787	Cytec Industries	Willow Island	2,871	186
WV0001279	E I DuPont De Nemours & Co	Washington	2,130	138
TX0007048	Lubrizol Corporation, The	Deer Park	1,689	109
AR0035386	Eastman Chemical Company, Arka	Batesville	1,470	95.1
TX0069493	Lyondell Chemical Company	Channelview	724	46.8
SC0003581	Milliken/Dewey Plant	Inman	465	30.1
PA0000507	Eastman Chemical Resins Inc	Jefferson	435	28.2
TX0119792	Equistar Chemicals, L.P.	Deer Park	398	25.7
MI0000761	Flint Ink-Cdr-Holland	Holland	348	22.5
NY0005801	Schenectady International, Inc	Rotterdam Junction	306	19.8
TX0074276	Sunoco, Inc. (R&M)	Houston	104	6.71
NY0002470	Buffalo Color Corp	Buffalo /C/	78	5.08
WV0004588	Koppers Industries Inc	Follansbee	54.0	3.49
Total			3,233,568	209,183

Source: PCSLoads2004_v03.

7.8 OCPSF Category Benzidine Discharges in PCS

Benzidine discharges ranked second in terms of TWPE for PCS pollutants for the OCPSF Category. EPA reviewed the benzidine discharges and found that they were reported by one facility, Rohm & Haas, Bristol, PA. Table 7-12 presents the monthly concentration and load data for benzidine that EPA used to calculate the annual load of 23 pounds per year. As shown in the table, all reported benzidine measurements were nondetect except for March 2004. For this month, the benzidine concentration is the same as for other months that were reported as nondetects. Therefore, EPA believes that the single benzidine detect for 2004 may be a data-entry error and that the total benzidine load for 2004 should be zero.

Table 7-12. Monthly Benzidine Concentrations and Loads for Rohm & Haas, Bristol, PA

Month	Average Load (kg/day)	Maximum Load (kg/day)	Average Concentration (mg/L)	Maximum Concentration (mg/L)	Average Flow (MGD)	Maximum Flow (MGD)
1/31/2004	<0.0120	<0.0200	<0.005	<0.005	0.993	1.446
2/29/2004	<0.0179	<0.0179	<0.0054	<0.0054	0.984	1.312
3/31/2004	0.0220	0.0220	0.0055	0.0055	0.989	1.144
4/30/2004	<0.0196	<0.0196	<0.0055	<0.0055	0.94	1.148

Table 7-12. Monthly Benzidine Concentrations and Loads for Rohm & Haas, Bristol, PA

Month	Average Load (kg/day)	Maximum Load (kg/day)	Average Concentration (mg/L)	Maximum Concentration (mg/L)	Average Flow (MGD)	Maximum Flow (MGD)
5/31/2004	<0.0177	<0.0177	<0.0055	<0.0055	0.974	1.144
6/30/2004	<0.0153	<0.0153	<0.0054	<0.0054	0.93	1.147
7/31/2004	<0.0567	<0.0567	<0.013	<0.013	1.019	1.551
8/31/2004	<0.0459	<0.0459	<0.013	<0.013	0.886	1.047
9/30/2004	<0.0161	<0.0161	<0.0054	<0.0054	0.894	1.65
10/31/2004	<0.0543	<0.0543	<0.013	<0.013	0.826	1.164
11/30/2004	<0.330	<0.0330	<0.013	<0.013	0.778	1.028
12/31/2004	<0.0474	<0.0474	<0.013	<0.013	0.775	1.097

Source: *PCSLoadCalculator2004*.

7.9 OCPSF Category Conclusions

During the 2008 Annual Review, EPA did not obtain any information to change its conclusions that have previously been made regarding the wastewater discharges from the OCPSF facilities. Therefore, the conclusions of the OCPSF category review are as follows:

- The OCPSF Category was selected for detailed review because of high TWPE in the 2005, 2006, 2007, and 2008 annual reviews.
- Dioxin and dioxin-like compounds is the highest ranking pollutant in terms of TWPE in the TRI databases from 2002 to 2005. EPA contacted the facilities that reported discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds in previous reviews, and maintains its findings from these reviews: none of these facilities operate a manufacturing process that is a major source of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds. Facilities that did identify a process source of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds have stopped operating the dioxin-generating process.
- Ninety percent of the HCB TWPE in *TRIReleases2004_v3* result from one facility, DuPont Chambers Works. This facility stated that the HCB discharges were related to CWT operations at the facility. EPA classified the discharges in the CWT Category. As a result, the HCB TRI TWPE decreased 98 percent from 2004 to 2005.
- HCB is the top pollutant, in terms of TWPE, in PCS for the OCPSF Category for the 2005 annual review. EPA reviewed monthly concentrations of HCB in PCS for 2004 and 2002 and found that almost all concentrations were equal to or below the method detection limit for HCB. Therefore, EPA believes that the PCS HCB loads are based on non-detects, and will follow up with any necessary corrections in future PCS databases.
- PACs also rank high in terms of TRI TWPE for the OCSPF Category. The majority of the TRI TWPE for 2005 is from two facilities. Future OCPSF category review by EPA could focus on verification of PAC releases reported to TRI, including method of estimation, effluent concentrations, and review of process sources.
- Aluminum is the top pollutant, in terms of TWPE, in *PCSLoads2004_v4*. One facility contributes 98 percent of the aluminum TWPE for 2005. EPA verified the

annual load calculation and reporting units for the aluminum discharges, and EPA will continue to monitor this facility's aluminum discharges during future OCPSF Category reviews.

- Benzidine is the second highest pollutant in *PCSLoads2004_v4* based on TWPE. The sole benzidine discharge in *PCSLoads2004_v4* is reported by one facility. EPA believes that the PCS loads are based on nondetect values and should be zero. EPA will follow up with any necessary corrections in future PCS databases.
- EPA prioritizes point source categories with existing regulations for potential revision based on the greatest estimated toxicity to human health and the environment, measured as TWPE. Based on the above conclusions, EPA is assigning this category with a lower priority for revision (i.e., this category is marked with "(3)" in the "Findings" column in Table V-1 in the accompanying Federal Register notice that presents the 2008 annual review of effluent guidelines and pretreatment standards).

7.10 OCPSF Category References

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8.0 ORE MINING AND DRESSING (40 CFR PART 440)

EPA selected the Ore Mining and Dressing Point Source Category (40 CFR Part 440) for preliminary review because it continues to rank high, in terms of TWPE, in point source category rankings (see Tables 5-3 and 5-4 for the point source category rankings). EPA has reviewed discharges from ore mining facilities as part of its annual reviews since 2004. Each year, EPA has concluded that there is not sufficient data available to determine whether wastewater discharges from the Ore Mining and Dressing (Ore Mining) Category warrant a detailed study. EPA plans to continue reviewing the Ore Mining Category during the 2009 Annual Review and collect additional data from state and regional contacts.

8.1 Ore Mining Category Background

This subsection provides background on the Ore Mining Category, including a brief profile of the ore mining industry and background on 40 CFR Part 440.

8.1.1 *Ore Mining Industry Profile*

The ore mining and dressing industry includes facilities that mine, mill, or prepare 23 separate metal ores (U.S. EPA, 2005). This industry is divided into nine SIC codes, as shown in Table 8-1. The following SIC codes are not required to report discharges to TRI:

- 1011: Iron Ores;
- 1081: Metal Mining Services; and
- 1094: Uranium-Radium-Vanadium Ores.

Because the U.S. Economic Census reports data by NAICS code, and TRI and PCS report data by SIC code, EPA reclassified the 2002 U.S. Economic Census data by equivalent SIC code. The facilities in SIC code 1081 subject to the Ore Mining ELGs do not translate directly to a NAICS code, and EPA could not determine the number of facilities in the 2002 U.S. Economic Census for SIC code 1081.

Of the almost 400 ore mines in the 2002 U.S. Economic Census, only 73 (18 percent) reported to TRI in 2005, because facilities in SIC codes 1011, 1081, and 1094 are not required to report discharges to TRI.

Of the 35 ore mines reporting wastewater discharges in TRI, only one mine (a gold mine) reported having indirect discharges. Table 8-2 presents the types of discharges reported by facilities in the 2004 and 2005 TRI databases.

Table 8-1. Number of Facilities in Ore Mining SIC Codes

SIC Code	2002 U.S. Economic Census	2004 PCS ^a	2004 TRI ^b	2005 TRI ^b
1011: Iron Ores	24	8	NR ^d	NR ^d
1021: Copper Ores	33	15	20	22
1031: Lead and Zinc Ores	22	28	11	9
1041: Gold Ores	180	25	30	28
1044: Silver Ores	11	5	3	2
1061: Ferroalloy Ores, Except Vanadium	72	6	7	5
1081: Metal Mining Services	NA ^c	NR	NR ^d	NR ^d
1094: Uranium-Radium-Vanadium Ores	17	17	NR ^d	NR ^d
1099: Miscellaneous Metal Ores, NEC	39	11	7	7
Total	>398	92	78	73

Source: U.S. Economic Census, 2002 (U.S. Census, 2002); *PCSLoads2004_v4*; *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — Major and minor dischargers.

b — Releases to any media.

c — Poor bridging between SIC codes and NAICS codes. Number of facilities could not be determined.

d — Facilities in this SIC code are not required to report to TRI.

NR — Not reported.

NA — Not applicable.

NEC — Not elsewhere classified.

Table 8-2. Ore Mining Category Facilities by Type of Discharge Reported in TRI 2004 and 2005

SIC Code	TRI 2004				TRI 2005			
	Reported Only Direct Discharges	Reported Only Indirect Discharges	Reported Both Direct and Indirect Discharges	Reported No Water Discharges	Reported Only Direct Discharges	Reported Only Indirect Discharges	Reported Both Direct and Indirect Discharges	Reported No Water Discharges
1011: Iron Ores	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a
1021: Copper Ores	5	0	0	15	6	0	0	16
1031: Lead and Zinc Ores	9	0	0	2	8	0	0	1
1041: Gold Ores	7	1	0	22	6	0	0	22
1044: Silver Ores	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	1
1061: Ferroalloy Ores, Except Vanadium	3	0	0	4	3	0	0	2
1081: Metal Mining Services	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a
1094: Uranium-Radium-Vanadium Ores	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a	NR ^a
1099: Miscellaneous Metal Ores, NEC	3	0	0	4	3	0	0	4
Total	28	1	0	49	27	0	0	46

Source: *TRIReleases2004_v3*; *TRIReleases2005_v2*.

a — Facilities in this SIC code are not required to report to TRI.

NR — Not reported.

NEC — Not elsewhere classified.

8.1.2 40 CFR Part 440

EPA first promulgated ELGs for the Ore Mining Category (40 CFR Part 440) on December 3, 1982 (47 FR 54609). This category consists of 12 subcategories, as shown in Table 8-3 with the related SIC codes and descriptions of the subcategories' applicability (U.S. EPA, 1982; U.S. EPA, 1988). BAT limitations are set equal to BPT levels for priority pollutants for this category. The priority pollutants arsenic, cadmium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, and zinc are regulated in at least one subcategory (U.S. EPA, 2005). None of the subcategories include PSES or PSNS limitations.

Table 8-3. Ore Mining Category Subcategory Applicability

Subpart	Subcategory Title	Related SIC Code(s)	Subcategory Applicability
A	Iron Ore	1011: Iron Ores	Iron ore mines and mills using physical or chemical separation or magnetic and physical separation in the Megabit Range
B	Aluminum Ore	1099: Miscellaneous Metal Ores, NEC	Bauxite mines producing aluminum ore
C	Uranium, Radium, and Vanadium Ores	1094: Uranium-Radium-Vanadium Ores	Open-pit or underground mines and mills using acid leach, alkaline leach, or combined acid and alkaline leach to produce uranium, radium, and byproduct vanadium
D	Mercury Ore	1099: Miscellaneous Metal Ores, NEC	Open-pit or underground mercury ore mines and mills using gravity separation or froth-flotation
E	Titanium Ores	1099: Miscellaneous Metal Ores, NEC	Titanium ore mines from lode deposits and mills using electrostatic, magnetic, and physical separation or flotation; dredge mines and mills for placer deposits of rutile, ilmenite, leucoxene, monazite, zircon, and other heavy metals
F	Tungsten Ore	1061: Ferroalloy Ores, Except Vanadium	Tungsten mines and mills using gravity separation or froth-flotation
G	Nickel Ore	1061: Ferroalloy Ores, Except Vanadium	Nickel ore mines and mills
H	Vanadium Ore (Mined Alone, not as By-product)	1094: Uranium-Radium-Vanadium Ores	Vanadium ore mines and mills
I	Antimony Ore	1099: Miscellaneous Metal Ores, NEC	Antimony ore mines and mills
J	Copper, Lead, Zinc, Gold, Silver, and Molybdenum Ores	1021: Copper Ores 1031: Lead and Zinc Ores 1041: Gold Ores 1044: Silver Ores 1061: Ferroalloy Ores, Except Vanadium	Copper, lead, zinc, gold, silver, and molybdenum ore open-pit or underground mines, except for placer deposits, and mills using froth-flotation and/or other separation techniques; mines and mills using dump, heap, in situ leach, or vat-leach to extract copper from ores or ore waste materials; gold or silver mills using cyanidation; except for mines and mills from the Quartz Hill Molybdenum Project in the Tongass National Forest, Alaska
K	Platinum Ore	1099: Miscellaneous Metal Ores, NEC	Platinum ore mines and mills

Table 8-3. Ore Mining Category Subcategory Applicability

Subpart	Subcategory Title	Related SIC Code(s)	Subcategory Applicability
M	Gold Placer Mine	1041: Gold Ores	Placer deposit gold ore mines, dredges, and mills using gravity separation

Source: *Development Document for Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards for the Ore Mining and Dressing Point Source Category* (U.S. EPA, 1982); *Development Document for Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards for the Ore Mining and Dressing Point Source Category Gold Placer Mine Subcategory* (U.S. EPA, 1988).

NEC — Not elsewhere classified.

Runoff from waste rock and overburden piles is not subject to effluent guidelines unless it naturally drains (or is intentionally diverted) to a point source and combines with “mine drainage” that is otherwise subject to the effluent guidelines (65 FR 64774, October 30, 2000). These discharges are controlled by the Storm Water Multi-Sector General Permits (MSGP).¹¹ (See 65 FR 64746, Oct. 30, 2000, and 70 FR 72116, December 1, 2005.) The MSGP includes very general benchmark values for sampling and general requirements to develop a stormwater pollution prevention plan, but does not establish numeric limits or stormwater containment/treatment requirements. The MSGP establishes benchmark monitoring for pollutants including TSS, pH, hardness, arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, copper, iron, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, selenium, silver, zinc, and uranium.¹²

Commenters on previous effluent guidelines program plans have requested that EPA reverse its decision to exclude discharges from waste rock and overburden piles from the Part 440 applicability definition of “mine drainage.” Specifically, commenters suggested that EPA conduct a rulemaking to address discharges from waste rock piles, overburden piles, and other sources of water pollution at mine sites that are not currently covered by Part 440. See 63 FR 47285 (September 4, 1998).

8.2 Ore Mining Category 2004 Through 2008 Screening-Level Reviews

Over the years of EPA review, from 2004 through 2008, the TWPE associated with facilities in the Ore Mining Category has increased slightly. Table 8-4 shows the screening-level results for the Ore Mining Category from the 2002 through 2005 TRI and PCS databases. Both the 2004 TRI and PCS TWPEs increased compared to previous years. Also, the 2005 TRI TWPE increased compared to 2002, but decreased compared to 2003 and 2004.

¹¹ Mine sites not regulated by the MSGP include: (1) sites with their stormwater discharges regulated by an individual permit; and (2) sites without any discharge of stormwater. A facility has the option of obtaining an individual permit for stormwater discharges instead of requesting coverage under the MSGP; however, in practice this is seldom done. The current MSGP expires this year, but EPA intends to reissue it. Almost all mine sites discharge stormwater (e.g., from haul roads, process areas, equipment storage areas, mine waste rock).

¹² Table G-4 of the MSGP lists what wastewaters from mining activities are covered by Part 440 and what wastewaters are to be covered by the industrial MSGP. In response to litigation from the National Mining Association, EPA revised its interpretation of applicability for wastewaters from hard rock mining operations. Under the revised interpretation, runoff from waste rock and overburden piles is not subject to effluent guidelines unless it naturally drains (or is intentionally diverted) to a point source and combines with “mine drainage” that is otherwise subject to the effluent guidelines (65 FR 64774, October 30, 2000).

Table 8-4. Ore Mining Category Screening-Level Results

Year of Review	Year of Discharge	Ore Mining Category	
		TRI TWPE ^a	PCS TWPE ^b
2005	2002	70,214	410,266
2006	2003	77,649	NA
2007	2004	88,001	580,831
2008	2005	76,673	NA

Source: *PCSLoads2002_v4*; *TRIReleases2002_v4*; *TRIReleases2003_v2*; *PCSLoads2004_v4*; *TRIReleases2004_v3*; *TRIReleases2005_v2*.

a – Direct and indirect water releases only.

b – Major and minor dischargers.

NA – Not applicable. EPA did not evaluate PCS data for 2003 and 2005.

8.3 Ore Mining Category 2004 Through 2008 Pollutants of Concern

Table 8-5 shows the five pollutants with the highest TWPE in *TRIReleases2004_v3*, *TRIReleases2005_v2*, and *PCSLoads2004_v4* for the Ore Mining Category. For comparison purposes, Table 8-6 provides similar information from the 2006 Final ELG Plan (71 FR 76644) using *TRIReleases2002_v4*, *TRIReleases2003_v2*, and *PCSLoads2002_v4*.

EPA identified the ore mining pollutants of concern based on relative TWPE. Mercury is the pollutant with the highest TWPE in the PCS database from 2004, contributing more than 65 percent of the total category TWPE for 2004. Arsenic TWPE increased by more than 50 percent in *PCSLoads* and *TRIReleases* from 2002 to 2004. However, the cadmium, cyanide, and molybdenum TWPE decreased from 2002 to 2004 and 2005. The decrease in the cyanide TWPE for the Ore Mining Category between 2002 and 2004 is also the result one facility, Zortman Mining Inc. in Zortman, MT. The decreases in the cadmium and molybdenum TWPE for the Ore Mining Category between 2005 and 2006 annual reviews and the 2007 and 2008 annual reviews are also the result of one facility for each pollutant. EPA performed additional review for the pollutants of concern:

- Mercury from PCS (Section 8.4); and
- Arsenic from PCS and TRI (Section 8.5).

EPA did not perform additional review of other top pollutants because their relative contributions in the 2004 and 2005 databases account for less than 25 percent of the combined Ore Mining Category TWPE.

To evaluate pollutants of concern, EPA also reviewed ore mining PCS and TRI data for completeness. As seen in Table 1, the TRI and PCS databases contain discharge data for less than 25 percent of ore mines in the U.S. Census. EPA collected data to supplement the TRI and PCS data, estimating pollutant discharges for the portion of the ore mining industry that is not included in the PCS and TRI databases (Section 8.7).

Table 8-5. 2008 Review: Ore Mining Category Pollutants of Concern

Pollutant	PCS 2004 ^a			TRI 2004 ^b			TRI 2005 ^b		
	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE
Mercury	28	3,768	441,338	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2004 reported pollutants.			Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2005 reported pollutants.		
Arsenic and Arsenic Compounds	10	7,651	30,921	5	7,532	30,439	6	6,582	26,600
Cadmium and Cadmium Compounds	38	911	21,052	6	512	11,840	6	515	11,905
Lead and Lead Compounds	40	8,523	19,091	21	9,344	20,930	21	7,273	16,291
Molybdenum	4	93,117	18,757	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2004 reported pollutants.			Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2005 reported pollutants.		
Silver And Silver Compounds	Pollutants are not in the top five PCS 2004 reported pollutants.			2	500	8,235	2	500	8,235
Vanadium And Vanadium Compounds				3	205,500	7,193	3	110,500	3,868
Ore Mining Category Total	49 ^c	2,158,293,854	580,831	29 ^c	550,088	88,001	27 ^c	399,163	76,673

Source: PCSLoads2004_v4; TRIRelases2004_v3; TRIRelases2005_v2.

a — Discharges include only major dischargers.

b — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

c — Number of facilities reporting TWPE greater than zero.

Table 8-6. 2006 Review: Ore Mining Category Pollutants of Concern

Pollutant	2002 PCS ^a			2002 TRI ^b			2003 TRI ^b		
	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds Released	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds Released	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds Released	TWPE
Molybdenum	4	770,329	155,174	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2002 reported pollutants.			Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2003 reported pollutants.		
Cyanide	7	109,018	121,764						
Cadmium and Cadmium Compounds	26	2,360	54,556	10	848	19,603	9	642	14,878
Lead and Lead Compounds	30	10,406	23,309	25	5,526	12,378	23	5,153	11,542
Arsenic and Arsenic Compounds	11	3,143	12,701	9	3,312	13,383	8	5,882	23,770
Silver and Silver Compounds	Pollutants are not in the top five PCS 2002 reported pollutants.			2	500	8,235	2	500	8,235
Vanadium and Vanadium Compounds				3	147,310	5,156	3	240,200	8,407
Ore Mining Category Total	50 ^c	702,310,349	410,266	35 ^c	462,061	70,214	32 ^c	597,196	77,649

Source: PCSLoads2002_v4; TRIRelases2002_v4; TRIRelases2003_v2.

a — Discharges include only major dischargers.

b — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

c — Number of facilities reporting TWPE greater than zero.

8.4 Ore Mining Category Mercury Compounds Discharges

EPA reviewed discharges of mercury in *PCSLoads2004_v4* because mercury accounts for over 75 percent of the category TWPE from that database. EPA determined that over 99 percent (441,093 TWPE) of the mercury in *PCSLoads2004_v4* results from Northshore Mining Company in Silver Bay, MN.

EPA collected additional information on this facility’s discharges, including the facility’s NPDES permit and available discharge information. The facility’s permit does not set limits for mercury discharges, and Part 440 Subpart A (Iron Ore mines) set ELGs for only iron, total suspended solids, and pH. The permit does require that mercury be monitored in the facility’s wastewater. Table 8-7 shows the mine’s flow rates and mercury concentrations from *PCSLoads2004_v4*.

Table 8-7. Flow and Mercury Concentrations for Northshore Mining Company

Date	Flow (MGD)	Total Mercury Concentration (mg/L)	Permit Limit
March 31, 2004	3.26	Non-detect	Monitoring Only
June 30, 2004	3.56	Non-detect	
September 30, 2004	4.13	0.0005	
December 31, 2004	3.58	0.7	

Source: *PCSLoads200_v4*.

Northshore Mining Company mines and processes taconite (iron ore) to produce iron (Northshore Mining Company, 2006). The Minnesota Department of Natural Resources has linked the processing of taconite to elevated mercury levels in Minnesota’s surface waters (MDNR, 2003). Possible sources of mercury in wastewater discharges from taconite processing include the following (U.S. EPA, 1995):

- Blowdown from wet air pollution control equipment controlling emissions from crushing and beneficiation;
- Blowdown from wet air pollution control equipment controlling emissions from induration furnaces;
- Blowdown from wet air pollution control equipment controlling emissions from the top gas stack; and
- Mine drainage.

EPA plans to contact this facility as part of the 2009 Annual Review to review the facility’s mercury discharges.

8.5 Ore Mining Category Arsenic Compounds Discharges

The arsenic TWPE for the Ore Mining Category increased over the years of EPA’s review in both PCS and TRI, although the TRI TWPE decreased slightly between 2004 and 2005. The increases in arsenic discharges do not result from newly reported discharges, but rather increased discharges from the same facilities.

Table 8-8 shows arsenic discharges by facility reported in *PCSLoads2002_v4* and *PCSLoads2004_v4*. In *PCSLoads2004_v4*, arsenic discharges from the Ore Mining Category are dominated by two facilities: Kennecott Utah Copper Mine in Salt Lake City, UT, and Lac Minerals (USA) Gold Mine in Lead, SD. Although eight of the 10 facilities reporting arsenic discharges to PCS during years of review are gold mining facilities, the top arsenic discharge in the Ore Mining Category comes from Kennecott Copper Mine in Salt Lake City, UT. Arsenic discharges from this facility contributed 85 and 66 percent of the category arsenic TWPE in *PCSLoads2002_v4* and *PCSLoads2004_v4*, respectively.

Table 8-9 shows arsenic discharges by facility reported to TRI from 2002 through 2005. In TRI, arsenic discharges from the Ore Mining Category are dominated by three facilities: the Newmont Lone Tree Mine in Valmy, NV, the Kennecott Utah Copper Mine in Salt Lake City, UT, and the Kennecott Utah Copper Smelter and Refinery in Magna, UT. Of the 11 facilities reporting arsenic discharges to TRI from 2002 through 2005, six are gold mining facilities.

Based on the results shown in Tables 8-8 and 8-9, EPA intends to review arsenic discharges as part of the 2009 annual review. EPA plans to review discharges from facilities with the majority of the TWPE: copper mines. EPA also plans to review gold mine arsenic discharges, because the majority of facilities with arsenic discharges are gold mines.

8.6 Ore Mining Category Facility Identification

EPA received comments on previous effluent guidelines program plans stating that discharges from facilities in the Ore Mining Category may not be adequately quantified in the PCS and TRI databases and that these discharges can significantly affect water quality (Johnston, 2003). As part of the 2007 review, EPA reviewed facility information to better understand the portion of the industry that is not included in the PCS and TRI databases.

EPA compared the facilities in the PCS and TRI databases to the USGS Mineral Yearbook to identify facilities that could be discharging but are not in EPA's databases. Because facilities in Subparts A (Iron Ore) and J (Copper, Lead, Zinc, Gold, Silver, and Molybdenum Ores) contribute the majority of the category TWPE, EPA focused on identifying facilities in these subcategories. Table 8-14 at the end of this section lists all of the facilities that EPA identified during the 2007 category review with discharges applicable to 40 CFR Part 440. EPA identified 57 facilities that are not included in the PCS and TRI databases but are in the USGS Mineral Yearbook.

Table 8-8. 2006 Review: Arsenic Discharges in *PCSLoads2004_v4* and *PCSLoads2002_v4* from Facilities in the Ore Mining Category ^a

Type of Mine	Facility Name	Location	Maximum Arsenic Concentration in <i>PCSLoads2004_v4</i> (mg/L)	2004		2002	
				Total Pounds Released	TWPE	Total Pounds Released	TWPE
Copper	Kennecott Copper Co	Salt Lake City, UT	0.726	5,051	20,414	2,660	10,750
Gold	Lac Minerals (USA) Inc	Lead, SD	0.007	2,512	10,153	7	27
Gold	Wharf Resources (USA), Inc.	Lead, SD	0.136	41	166	113	455
Gold	Golden Reward Mining Co	Lead, SD	0.021	27	108	30	121
Gold	Homestake Mining Co-Gold Div	Lead, SD	0.011	17	70	212	856
Silver	Platoro Mining Co & Union Gold	Conejos County, CO	0.092	3	10	1	4
Gold	Zortman Mining Inc.	Zortman, MT	NR	NR	NR	76	307
Gold	Zortman Mining Inc.	Zortman, MT	NR	NR	NR	34	138
Gold	Hecla Mining Co	Stanley, ID	NR	NR	NR	9	36
Copper	Phelps Dodge Corp	Cottonwood, AZ	NR	NR	NR	2	7
Total				7,651	30,921	3,143	12,700

Source: *PCSLoads2004_v4*; *PCSLoads2002_v4*.

a — Includes only discharges greater than one TWPE from PCS Majors.

NR — Not reported

Table 8-9. 2006 Review: Arsenic Discharges Reported to TRI from Facilities in the Ore Mining Category ^a

Type of Mine	Facility Name	Location	2005		2004		2003		2002	
			Total Pounds Released	TWPE	Total Pounds Released	TWPE	Total Pounds Released	TWPE	Total Pounds Released	TWPE
Gold	Newmont Mining Corp. Lone Tree Mine	Valmy, NV	3,400	13,741	3,000	12,124	2,900	11,720	2,000	8,083
Copper	Kennecott Utah Copper Smelter & Refy.	Magna, UT	2,400	9,699	3,400	13,741	2,100	8,487	750	3,031
Copper	Kennecott Utah Copper Mine Concentrators & Power Plant	Salt Lake City, UT	750	3,031	1,100	4,445	750	3,031	250	1,010
Ferroalloy	Thompson Creek Mining Co.	Clayton, ID	15	61	15	61	15	61	15	61
Lead/Zinc	Pend Oreille	Metaline Falls, WA	12	48	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
Gold	Pogo Mine	Pogo Mine, AK	5	20	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
Lead/Zinc	Kennecott Greens Creek Mining Co.	Juneau, AK	NR	NR	NR	NR	7	28	10	40
Gold	Barrick Goldstrike Mines Inc.	Elko, NV	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	19	77
Gold	Newmont Mining Corp. Twin Creeks Mine	Golconda, NV	NR	NR	17	69	9	36	52	210
Gold	Getchell Gold Corp.	Golconda, NV	NR	NR	NR	NR	1	3	0.3	1
Gold	Homestake Mine	Lead, SD	NR	NR	NR	NR	100	404	215	869
Total			6,582	26,600	7,532	30,440	5,882	23,770	3,312	13,383

Source: *TRIRelases2005_v2*; *TRIRelease2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2003_v2*; *TRIRelases2002_v4*.

a — Does not include facilities reporting to SIC Codes 1011, 1081, and 1094. Facilities classified under these SIC codes are not required to report to TRI.

NR — Not reported.

EPA reviewed technical reports on the ore mining industry collected by the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assistance to determine if any large ore mines with a history of non-compliance are not reporting to PCS and TRI databases. These reports contain a variety of sampling data for groundwater and surface water near ore mine sites, but do not provide wastewater discharge data. EPA verified that all of the major sites identified in the technical reports as currently operational are included in PCS and TRI databases.

EPA also reviewed why some facilities in the PCS databases do not report to TRI (Section 8.7.1). EPA compared the discharges in the PCS databases to the threshold reporting values for TRI. From this analysis, some ore mines that meet threshold reporting requirements are not reporting to TRI (Krejci, 2008a).

8.7 Comparison of Discharges to Part 440 ELGs and Permit Limits

EPA analyzed top pollutant discharges (larger than 4,000 TWPE) in *PCSLoads2004_v4* and compared them to permit limits for the appropriate outfalls the in permits gathered through OTIS.¹³ Table 8-10 lists the discharges analyzed and the applicable permit limit for each discharge. EPA analyzed seven discharges from three facilities and found the following:

- EPA reviewed the Northshore mercury discharges separately (see Table 8-7). These discharges contribute 76 percent of the category TWPE. The facility's permit requires that mercury be monitored in the wastewater but does not set a numerical limit.
- None of the discharges reviewed by EPA exceeded effluent limits; however, the facilities were only required to monitor for the pollutants (i.e., the permit did not require numerical limitations for the pollutants). These discharges accounted for 27 percent¹⁴ of the category TWPE in *PCSLoads2004_v4*.
- Three of the 11 pollutant discharges reviewed by EPA were reported in concentrations above the detection limit but below the permit limit.
- One of the 11 pollutant discharges reviewed by EPA did not exceed effluent limits because the pollutant of concern was not detected in the facility's wastewater.

¹³ EPA has not obtained a permit for Kennecott Copper in Salt Lake City, Utah.

¹⁴ Including the mercury discharges from Northshore Mining Company, pollutant discharges where a facility was only required to monitor for the pollutant in question represent 85 percent of the Ore Mining Category TWPE.

Table 8-10. Compliance Status of High TWPE Discharges

Name	Location	Parameter	Outfall(s)	Max. Conc. In PCSLoads2004_v4 (mg/L)	Permitted Limit (mg/L)	Total TWPE	Cumulative TWPE	Compliance Status
Climax Molybdenum Company	Summit County, CO	Fluoride, Total	1	6.7	Monitor Only	8,526	8,526	Monitor Only
		Molybdenum, Total	1	2.42	Monitor Only	18,229	18,229	Monitor Only
Doe Run, Viburnum Mine #35	Viburnum, MO	Cadmium, Total Recoverable	1,2,3,4	BDL ^a	Monitor Only	5,080	5,080	BDL
		Lead, Total Recoverable	1	0.207	0.264	2,667	8,644	In Compliance
			3	0.304	Monitor Only	5,732		Monitor Only
			4	0.005	Monitor Only	245		Monitor Only
Lac Minerals (USA) Inc	Lead, SD	Aluminum, Total Recoverable	1,2,3,4,STR	1.27 ^a	Monitor Only	10,852	10,852	Monitor Only
		Arsenic, Total Recoverable	3	0.005	Monitor Only	10,119	10,153	Monitor Only
			STR	0.005	Monitor Only	34		Monitor Only
		Copper, Total Recoverable	2	0.005	0.3	2,782	4,769	In Compliance
			3	0.005	0.3	1,987		In Compliance

Source: PCSLoads2004_v4; NPDES Permits (Krejci, 2008b).

a — Maximum concentration reported at any of the permitted outfalls.

BDL — Below Detection Limit

8.8 Permit Analysis

EPA reviewed permits downloaded from the Online Tracking Information System (OTIS) and compared effluent limits across states for similar mine types. OTIS is a data system developed by EPA to monitor compliance with permits under multiple EPA programs. OTIS also contains electronic permits for 28 of the 115 ore mining facilities that EPA identified as having NPDES permits. EPA compared permit limits for the 28 permits and analyzed the self-monitoring data included with 16 of the permits. For facilities with available permits, Table 8-11 lists the mine type and associated permit ID.

EPA analyzed the permits to determine the basis for effluent limits used by permitting authorities and to evaluate the level of control of ore mining discharges provided by NPDES (Section 8.8.1). EPA analyzed the available monitoring data to investigate any trends in reported discharges (Section 8.8.2).

Table 8-11. NPDES Permits by Mine Type

Type of Mine	Permit ID	Type of Mine	Permit ID
Bauxite	AR0000582	Lead	MO0001848
Copper	AZ0000035	Lead, Zinc	AK0038652
	UT0022403		CO0041467
Gold	AK0049514		ID0000175
	AK0050571	MO0100226	
	AK0053341	AK0043206	
	CO0024562	Lead, Zinc, Silver, Gold	ID0025402
	CO0038954	Molybdenum	WY0026689
	CO0043648	Uranium	TN0001732
	ID0026468	Zinc	TN0001759
	ID0027022		TN0004227
	SD0025852		TN0027677
	SD0025933		TN0060127
	SD0026883		
SD0026905			

8.8.1 Effluent Limits Comparison

Table 8-12 at the end of this section summarizes effluent limits for wastewater from the Ore Mining Category. The table presents minimum, average, and maximum effluent limits for monthly average and daily maximum concentrations, summarized by mine type. All of the data in the tables below were gathered from the 28 permits and associated permit fact sheets that EPA compiled during the category review.

In addition to compiling permit limits, EPA used information from permit fact sheets to determine the basis for each permit limit. Permit writers based some limits on ELGs set by EPA, and others on water quality. For metals discharges, EPA found that water quality-based limits are typically set for the following parameters:

- Total mercury;
- Total recoverable lead;
- Total recoverable copper;
- Total recoverable cadmium; and
- Total recoverable zinc.

8.8.2 Review of Permit Monitoring Data

EPA compiled data from the 12 permits that included self-monitoring data in the permit facts sheets. These data included various metals concentrations and other conventional pollutants as well as flow data. EPA analyzed the monitoring data to analyze trends in metals concentrations by type of mine. EPA identified mine type by the information in the permit fact sheets. Table 8-13 summarizes the data by maximum and average metals concentrations for each mine type. Gold mines monitored for the most analytes; EPA focused the analysis on the gold mine discharges, finding that:

- Only one gold mine (City and Borough of Juneau Mine in Juneau, AK) detected mercury (<0.00006 mg/L, which is below the Subpart J ELGs of 0.001 mg/L monthly average, 0.002 mg/L daily maximum).
- Four of the five gold mines with monitoring data measured arsenic at concentrations above detection (on average). Part 440 Subpart J does not limit arsenic.
- Four of the five gold mines monitoring for cadmium detect it above the lower detection limit. For these four facilities, maximum recorded concentrations range from 0.00026 to 0.0031 mg/L, which is below the Subpart J ELGs (0.05 mg/L monthly average, 0.1 mg/L daily maximum).
- Cyanide, which contributed 122,000 to the Ore Mining Category TWPE in *PCSLoads2004_v4*, is only monitored at one of the 12 mines reviewed — a molybdenum mine. It was detected at concentrations from 0.00524 to 0.04 mg/L. Part 440 Subpart J does not limit cyanide.
- Molybdenum, which contributed 155,000 to the Ore Mining Category TWPE in *PCSLoads2002_v4*, is only monitored at two of the 12 mines reviewed (one copper and one molybdenum). It was detected from 1.313 to 2.76 mg/L. Part 440 Subpart J does not limit molybdenum.
- All of the five mines monitoring lead (four gold mines and one lead/zinc mine) detected it above the detection limit on average. Part 440 Subpart J limits lead concentrations in wastewater discharges to 0.3 mg/L monthly average and 0.6 mg/L daily maximum. One mine detected lead at 3.59 mg/L, but all other mines detected it at less than 0.385 mg/L.

Table 8-12. Average Metals Concentrations (in mg/L) for Ore Mines with Self-Monitoring Data ^{a, b}

Parameter	Copper Mines (1)		Gold Mines (5)		Lead, Zinc Mines (2)		Molybdenum Mines (1)		Zinc Mines (3)	
	Avg Conc	Max Conc	Avg Conc	Max Conc	Avg Conc	Max Conc	Avg Conc	Max Conc	Avg Conc	Max Conc
Aluminum	NR	28	1.9	19	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
Arsenic	ND	ND	0.037	0.22	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
Cadmium	NR	ND	0.00094	0.0080	0.00050	0.00080	NR	NR	NR	NR
Copper	NR	0.53	0.20	12	0.0040	0.0090	0.0035	0.060	0.0057	0.018
Cyanide	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	.00524	0.040	NR	NR
Iron	NR	33	0.035	1.37	0.030	0.46	NR	NR	NR	NR
Fluoride	NR	3.0	NR	NR	NR	NR	4.4	9.2	NR	NR
Lead	NR	ND	0.00047	0.003	0.001	0.00040	NR	NR	NR	NR
Magnesium	NR	360	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
Manganese	NR	3.0	0.68	5.55	0.65	1.56	0.75	2.7	NR	NR
Mercury	NR	ND	ND	0.00060	ND	ND	NR	NR	ND	ND
Molybdenum	NR	0.050	NR	NR	NR	NR	1.31	2.8	NR	NR
Nickel	NR	ND	0.013975	0.064	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
Silver	NR	NR	0.00034	0.00050	ND	0.00013	0	0.000070	NR	NR
Zinc	NR	0.28	0.010	0.040	0.11	0.14	0.071	0.90	0.25	1.1

Source: NPDES Permit Fact Sheets (Krejci, 2008b).

a — EPA determined the type of ore being mined or processed using information from permit fact sheets.

b — Concentrations below the detection limit are specified at the detection limit for summarization.

() — Number of similar mines.

ND — Non-detect.

NR — Not reported.

8.9 Ore Mining Category Conclusions

The conclusions of the Ore Mining Category review are as follows:

- The high TWPE ranking for the Ore Mining Category in the 2008 annual review was due to discharges of mercury from one facility: Northshore Mining Company in Silver Bay, MN. The facility's NPDES permit does not set limits for mercury, but requires quarterly monitoring, which shows detections of mercury at 0.005 and 0.7 mg/L (*PCSLoads2004_v4*). The facility mines and processes taconite, which can be associated with mercury discharges (MDNR, 2003). In addition, the facility generates power in a co-located power plant.
- Pollutants without effluent limits for which ore mining facilities are only required to monitor contributed approximately 85 percent of the category TWPE: 76 percent of TWPE from mercury discharges from Northshore and 9 percent of the category TWPE from other facilities in *PCSLoads2004_v4*.
- EPA obtained facility information for 398 facilities. *PCSLoads2004_v4* and *TRIRelases2004_v3* represent only 73 facilities (18 percent).
- EPA intends to continue its review of arsenic discharges from copper and gold mines in the 2009 annual review.

8.10 Ore Mining Category References

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Table 8-13. Summary Statistics of Effluent Limits for Ore Mining Facilities

Type of Mine ^a	Regulated Parameter	ELG Monthly Average (mg/L)	Average Monthly Concentration (mg/L)			ELG Daily Maximum (mg/L)	Maximum Daily Concentration (mg/L)		
			Min	Avg	Max		Min	Avg	Max
Bauxite	Aluminum, Total	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
	Iron, Total	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1	1	1	1
Copper	Aluminum, Total Recoverable	NA	0.98	0.98	0.98	NA	0.75	0.75	0.75
	Lead, Total Recoverable	0.3	0.029	0.029	0.029	0.6	0.01	0.03	0.05
	Mercury, Total Recoverable	0.001	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002
	Zinc, Total Recoverable	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	1.5	0.38	0.94	1.5
Gold	Aluminum, Total Recoverable	NA	0.071	0.071	0.071	NA	0.14	0.14	0.14
	Arsenic, Total Recoverable	NA	0.05	0.63	4.4	NA	0.1	1.2	8.8
	Cadmium, Dissolved	0.05	0.0062	0.024	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Cadmium, Total Recoverable		0.0001	0.026	0.05				
	Chromium, Total Recoverable	NA	0.008	0.0093	0.011	NA	0.0016	0.014	0.016
	Copper, Dissolved	0.15	0.029	0.073	0.15	0.3	0.05	0.14	0.3
	Copper, Potentially Dissolved		0.0036	0.031	0.059		0.0048	0.051	0.098
	Copper, Total Recoverable		0.0019	0.082	0.15		0.0038	0.16	0.3
	Iron, Total Recoverable	NA	0.8	6.4	23	NA	1.6	13	46
Lead, Dissolved	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	

Table 8-13. Summary Statistics of Effluent Limits for Ore Mining Facilities

Type of Mine ^a	Regulated Parameter	ELG Monthly Average (mg/L)	Average Monthly Concentration (mg/L)			ELG Daily Maximum (mg/L)	Maximum Daily Concentration (mg/L)		
			Min	Avg	Max		Min	Avg	Max
Gold	Lead, Potentially Dissolved	0.3	0.00055	0.015	0.03	0.6	0.01	0.47	0.92
	Lead, Total Recoverable		0.0005	0.15	0.3		0.0009	0.32	0.6
	Manganese, Dissolved	NA	3.8	3.8	3.8	NA	5.9	5.9	5.9
	Manganese, Total Recoverable	NA	0.05	0.05	0.05	NA	0.073	0.073	0.073
	Mercury, Total	0.001	9.8E-06	0.00024	0.001	0.002	0.00002	0.00055	0.002
	Mercury, Total Recoverable		0.000012	0.00078	0.001		0.0014	0.0019	0.002
	Nickel, Total Recoverable	NA	0.013	0.28	1.5	NA	0.026	0.56	3
	Silver, Potentially Dissolved	NA	6.9E-06	0.0004	0.0008	NA	0.00019	0.011	0.021
	Silver, Total Recoverable	NA	0.0002	0.0036	0.02	NA	0.0004	0.003	0.013
	WAD Cyanide	NA	0.0043	0.026	0.08	NA	0.0081	0.025	0.066
	Zinc, Dissolved	0.75	0.6	0.68	0.75	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
	Zinc, Potentially Dissolved		0.54	0.54	0.54		0.6	0.6	0.6
	Zinc, Total		0.00033	0.00033	0.00033		0.00036	0.00036	0.00036
Zinc, Total Recoverable	0.018		0.42	0.75	0.037		0.84	1.5	
Lead	Cadmium, Dissolved	0.05	0.057	0.057	0.057	0.1	0.094	0.094	0.094
	Cadmium, Total Recoverable		0.012	0.012	0.012		0.019	0.019	0.019
	Chromium, Dissolved	NA	0.17	0.17	0.17	NA	0.28	0.28	0.28

Table 8-13. Summary Statistics of Effluent Limits for Ore Mining Facilities

Type of Mine ^a	Regulated Parameter	ELG Monthly Average (mg/L)	Average Monthly Concentration (mg/L)			ELG Daily Maximum (mg/L)	Maximum Daily Concentration (mg/L)		
			Min	Avg	Max		Min	Avg	Max
Lead	Copper, Total Recoverable	0.15	0.029	0.07	0.084	0.3	0.047	0.05	0.051
	Cyanide, amen. to chlorination	NA	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	NA	0.022	0.022	0.022
	Lead, Total Recoverable	0.3	0.18	0.2	0.26	0.6	0.3	0.33	0.42
	Mercury, Total	0.001	1.2E-06	1.2E-06	1.2E-06	0.002	2.4E-06	2.4E-06	2.4E-06
	Zinc, Dissolved	0.75	0.99	0.99	0.99	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6
	Zinc, Total Recoverable		0.34	0.34	0.34		0.56	0.56	0.56
Lead, Zinc	Cadmium, Dissolved	NA	0.016	0.043	0.057	NA	0.025	0.071	0.094
	Cadmium, Total Recoverable	NA	0.0007	0.0011	0.002	NA	0.0018	0.0022	0.0034
	Chlorine, Total Residual	NA	2.2	2.2	2.2	NA	3.6	3.6	3.6
	Copper, Dissolved	0.15	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.3	0.056	0.056	0.056
	Copper, Potentially Dissolved		0.0086	0.018	0.028		0.013	0.027	0.044
	Copper, Total Recoverable		0.000021	0.015	0.051		0.000042	0.033	0.084
	Cyanide, Total	NA	0.004	0.004	0.004	NA	0.009	0.009	0.009
	Lead, Dissolved	0.3	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.6	0.037	0.037	0.037
	Lead, Potentially Dissolved		0.0026	0.0055	0.009		0.067	0.14	0.23
	Lead, Total Recoverable	0.3	0.0081	0.098	0.26	0.6	0.02	0.16	0.43
	Mercury, Total	0.001	0.00001	0.00022	0.001	0.002	0.00002	0.00064	0.002

Table 8-13. Summary Statistics of Effluent Limits for Ore Mining Facilities

Type of Mine ^a	Regulated Parameter	ELG Monthly Average (mg/L)	Average Monthly Concentration (mg/L)			ELG Daily Maximum (mg/L)	Maximum Daily Concentration (mg/L)		
			Min	Avg	Max		Min	Avg	Max
Lead, Zinc	Silver, Total Recoverable	NA	0.0016	0.0023	0.0033	NA	0.0027	0.0039	0.0056
	Zinc, Potentially Dissolved	0.75	0.15	0.26	0.38	1.5	0.15	0.26	0.38
	Zinc, Total Recoverable		0.071	0.29	0.75		0.19	0.59	1.5
Lead, Zinc, Silver, Gold	Cadmium, Total Recoverable	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Copper, Total Recoverable	0.15	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
	Lead, Total Recoverable	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
	Mercury, Total	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002
	Zinc, Total Recoverable	0.75	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5	1	1	1
Molybdenum	Cadmium, Total Recoverable	0.05	0.0035	0.0093	0.024	0.1	0.0052	0.015	0.035
	Chromium, Total Recoverable	NA	0.02	0.02	0.02	NA	0.04	0.04	0.04
	Copper, Total Recoverable	0.15	0.015	0.052	0.15	0.3	0.022	0.099	0.3
	Lead, Total Recoverable	0.3	0.0083	0.021	0.064	0.6	0.012	0.034	0.094
	Mercury, Total	NA	0.000018	0.00012	0.00032	NA	0.000037	0.00022	0.00061
	Selenium, Total Recoverable	NA	0.011	0.042	0.11	NA	0.017	0.058	0.15
	Silver, Total Recoverable	NA	0.006	0.006	0.006	NA	0.012	0.012	0.012
Molybdenum	Zinc, Total Recoverable	0.5	0.14	0.33	0.75	1	0.21	0.62	1.5
Uranium	Uranium, Total	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4
	Zinc, Total	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1	1	1	1

Table 8-13. Summary Statistics of Effluent Limits for Ore Mining Facilities

Type of Mine ^a	Regulated Parameter	ELG Monthly Average (mg/L)	Average Monthly Concentration (mg/L)			ELG Daily Maximum (mg/L)	Maximum Daily Concentration (mg/L)		
			Min	Avg	Max		Min	Avg	Max
Zinc	Cadmium, Total	0.05	0.007	0.025	0.05	0.1	0.033	0.077	0.1
	Copper, Total	0.15	0.062	0.12	0.15	0.3	0.1	0.23	0.3
	Lead, Total	0.3	0.024	0.12	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
	Mercury, Total	0.001		0.00057	0.001	0.002	0.0016	0.0019	0.002
	Zinc, Total	0.75	0.5	0.66	0.75	1.5	0.76	1.2	1.5

Source: NPDES Permits (Krejci, 2008b).

a — EPA determined the type of ore being mined or processed at the facilities above using information from permit fact sheets.

Table 8-14. Ore Mining Category Master Facility List

SIC Code(s) ^a	NPDES ID	TRI ID	Name	City	State	Zip	In USGS 2005?	PCS 2004		In TRI 2004?
								In DB	Major?	
1031 1044	AK0038652	99752-RDDGP-90MIL	Teck Cominco Alaska Inc	Kotzebue	AK	49920	Y	Y	Y	Y
1031	AK0043206	99801-KNNCT-13401	Kennecott Greens Crk Mining Co	Juneau	AK	41730	Y	Y	Y	Y
1041	AK0049514		Juneau, City & Borough Of	Juneau	AK	41730		Y	Y	
1041	AK0050571		Coeur Alaska Inc	Juneau	AK	41730		Y	Y	
1041	AK0053341		Teck-Pogo Inc	Delta Junction	AK	22650		Y	Y	
1011	AL0071111		Tuscaloosa Steel Mobile Dri	Mobile	AL	56000		Y	N	
1021	AZ0000035	85237-SRCNC-HWY17	Asarco, Inc	Hayden	AZ	37370		Y	Y	Y
1021	AZ0020389		Resolution Copper	Superior	AZ	83250		Y	Y	
1021	AZ0020401	85539-BHPCP-HWY60 85539-BHPCP-HWY6A	BHP Copper	Miami	AZ	52540	Y	Y	Y	Y
1021	AZ0020516		Phelps Dodge	Christmas	AZ	16320		Y	Y	
1021 1061	AZ0022268	86321-CYPRS-1MAIN	Phelps Dodge Bagdad, Inc	Bagdad	AZ	05550	Y	Y	Y	Y
1021	AZ0022705	85540-PHLPS-4521U	Phelps Dodge Morenci, Inc	Morenci	AZ	54020	Y	Y	Y	Y
1021	AZ0024112		Carlota Copper Company	Miami /T/	AZ	52540		Y	Y	
1021	AZ0024546		Phelps Dodge Corp	Yavapai County	AZ	97100		Y	Y	
1021	CA0081876		Mining Remedial Recovery Co	Redding	CA	63540		Y	Y	
1061	CO0000230	80468-CLMXM-19302	Climax Molybdenum Company	Grand County	CO	38210		Y	Y	Y
1061	CO0000248		Climax Molybdenum Company	Summit County	CO	86960		Y	Y	
1031	CO0000591		Res-Asarco Joint Venture	Lake County	CO	53110		Y	Y	
1044	CO0000710		Homestake Mining Company	Mineral County	CO	62350		Y	Y	
1041	CO0024562	80860-CRPPPL-2755S	Cripple Crk&Victor Gold Mining	Teller County	CO	87510		Y	Y	
1041	CO0027529		Gold King Mines Corporation	San Juan County	CO	80310		Y	Y	

Table 8-14. Ore Mining Category Master Facility List

SIC Code(s) ^a	NPDES ID	TRI ID	Name	City	State	Zip	In USGS 2005?	PCS 2004		In TRI 2004?
								In DB	Major?	
1041	CO0032751		Calais Resources Colorado, Inc	Boulder	CO	08820		Y		
1031	CO0035394		Climax Molybdenum Company	Gunnison County	CO	40870		Y	Y	
1041	CO0037206		Walker Ruby Trust Mining Co.	Ouray County	CO	68050		Y		
1041	CO0038334		London Mine Llc	Park County	CO	69950		Y	Y	
1044	CO0038954		Platoro Mining Co&Union Gold	Conejos County	CO	18750		Y	Y	
1061	CO0041467	80438-CLMXM-9MILE	Climax Molybdenum Co.	Clear Creek County	CO	16580		Y	Y	Y
1041	CO0043168		Hunter Gold Mining, Inc.	Gilpin County	CO	36210		Y		
1041	CO0043648		Cripple Creek & Victor Gold	Teller County	CO	87510	Y	Y	Y	
1041	CO0045756		Specie Ridge Holding Co., Inc.	Dolores County	CO	24490		Y		
1041	CO0046167		New Cardinal Llc	Boulder County	CO	08830		Y		
1031	ID0000027		Coeur Silver Valley Inc	Osburn	ID	67500		Y	Y	
1044	ID0000159		Sunshine Precious Metals Inc	Osburn	ID	67500		Y		
1031	ID0000167		Hecla Mining Co	Mullan	ID	61750		Y		
1031	ID0000175		Hecla Mining Co	Mullan	ID	61750		Y	Y	
1061	ID0025259		Noranda Mining Inc	Cobalt	ID	18700		Y		
1061	ID0025402	83227-THMPS-SQUAW	Thompson Creek Mining Co	Clayton	ID	17750	Y	Y	Y	Y
1044	ID0025429		Coeur Silver Valley Inc	Wallace	ID	93750		Y		
1041	ID0026468		Hecla Mining Co	Stanley	ID	85500		Y	Y	
1041	ID0027022		Meridian Beartrack Co	Salmon	ID	80250		Y	Y	
1011	LA0103284		American Iron Reduction	Convent	LA	70723		N	N	
1011	MI0000094		Empire Iron Mining Partnership	Palmer	MI	72900		Y	Y	
1021	MI0006114		Copper Range Co	White Pine	MI	98830		Y	N	
1011	MI0038369		Tilden Mining Co	Ishpeming	MI	47700		Y	Y	

Table 8-14. Ore Mining Category Master Facility List

SIC Code(s) ^a	NPDES ID	TRI ID	Name	City	State	Zip	In USGS 2005?	PCS 2004		In TRI 2004?
								In DB	Major?	
1011	MI0045063		National Steel-Dober Mine Cpx	Stambaugh Twp	MI	89350		Y	N	
1011	MN0046981		Northshore Mining Co;Cliffs Mn	Babbitt	MN	05000		Y	Y	
1011	MN0055301		Northshore Mining/Silver Bay P	Silver Bay	MN	86750		Y	Y	
1031	MO0000086		Doe Run, Viburnum Div	Viburnum	MO	81260		Y	Y	
1011	MO0000574		Upland Wings	Sullivan	MO	77100		Y	Y	
1031	MO0001848	63629-BRSHY-HWYKK	Doe Run, Brushy Cr Mine/M	Viburnum	MO	81260	Y	Y	Y	Y
1031	MO0001856	63629-FLTCH-HWYTT	Doe Run,Fletcher Mine/Mil	Viburnum	MO	81260	Y	Y	Y	Y
1031	MO0001872		Cominco, Magmont Mine	Bixby	MO	06780		Y	Y	
1031	MO0100218		Doe Run, West Fork Unit	Bunker	MO	11280		Y	Y	
1031	MO0100226		Doe Run,Viburnum Mine #35	Viburnum	MO	81260		Y	Y	
1021 1061	MT0000191	59701-MNTNR-600SH	Montana Resources	Butte	MT	12240	Y	Y	Y	
1021	MT0024716		Stillwater Mining Company	Nye	MT	61920		Y	N	
1041	MT0025020		Montana Gold & Sapphires Inc	Lewis And Clark Coun	MT	49400		Y	Y	
1041	MT0030015		M & W Milling & Refining Inc	Virginia City	MT	88020		Y		
1031	MT0030031		Asarco Inc (Mike Horse)	Lewis And Clark Coun	MT	49400		Y		
1041	MT0030252		Tvx Mineral Hill Mine	Jardine	MT	43920		Y		
1044	MT0030279		Noranda Minerals Corp	Lincoln County	MT	50300		Y		
1021	MT0030287		Revet Silver Company	Noxon	MT	61740		Y	N	
1021	NM0020435	88043-CHNMN-210CO	Chino Mines Co-Hurley	Hurley	NM	42000		Y	Y	Y
1061	NM0022306		Molycorp Inc - Questa	Questa	NM	69930	Y	Y	Y	
1041	NM0028711		Pegasus Gold Corporation	Santa Fe County	NM	78970		Y		
1031	NY0001791		Balmat Mines & Mill	Balmat N Y	NY	04600		Y	Y	

Table 8-14. Ore Mining Category Master Facility List

SIC Code(s) ^a	NPDES ID	TRI ID	Name	City	State	Zip	In USGS 2005?	PCS 2004		In TRI 2004?
								In DB	Major?	
1031	NY0109126		Pierrepont Mine	Pierrepont Manor	NY	65400		Y		
1041	SC0040479		Haile Gold Mine	Kershaw	SC	45300		Y		
1041	SC0041378		Kennecott/Ridgeway Gold Mine	Ridgeway	SC	74400		Y		
1041	SD0000043 SD0025933	57754-HMSTK-630ES	Homestake Mining Co-Gold Div	Lead	SD	49680		Y	Y	
1041	SD0025852	57754-WHRFR-TROJA	Wharf Resources (Usa), Inc.	Lead	SD	49680	Y	Y	Y	Y
1041	SD0026883		Lac Minerals (Usa) Inc	Lead	SD	49680		Y	Y	
1041	SD0026905		Golden Reward Mining Co	Lead	SD	49680		Y	Y	
1031	TN0001732		Asarco, Inc., Tn Mines Div.	Jefferson City	TN	44400		Y	Y	
1031	TN0001741		Asarco, Inc., Tn Mines Div.	New Market	TN	62160		Y	Y	
1031	TN0001759		Asarco, Inc., Tn Mines Div.	Mascot	TN	55560		Y	Y	
1031	TN0004227		Mossy Creek Mining, Llc	Elmwood	TN	28440		Y	Y	
1031	TN0027677		Asarco, Inc., Tn Mines Div.	Jefferson County	TN	44410		Y	Y	
1031	TN0029360		Mossy Creek Mining, Llc	Gordonsville	TN	36120		Y	Y	
1031	TN0057029		Mossy Creek Mining, Llc	New Market	TN	62160		Y	Y	
1031	TN0060127	37881-SVGZN-RTE13	Mossy Creek Mining, Llc	Thorn Hill	TN	85200		Y	Y	Y
1031	TN0061468		Asarco, Inc. Tn Mines Div.	Jefferson City	TN	44400		Y	Y	
1031	TN0064289		Mossy Creek Mining, Llc	Carthage	TN	13920		Y		
1021	UT0000051	84006-KNNCT-8362W	Kennecott Copper Co	Salt Lake City	UT	77880	Y	Y	Y	Y
1031	UT0022403		Jordanelle Special Service Dis	Heber /City/	UT	35360		Y	Y	
1031	UT0025259		Lexco, Inc. (E)	Vernal	UT	91800		Y		
1011	WV0044903		Reiss Viking	Fairmont	WV	26940		Y	N	
1031		08857-BLNDR-1JAKE	Blonder Tongue Labs	Old Bridge	NJ					Y
1061		19720-MRCNM-301PI	American Minerals Inc.	New Castle	DE					Y
1021		44095-SKLDLDC-34580	Skrl Die Casting Inc	Eastlake	OH					Y
1041		59638-MNTNT-5MILE	Apollo Gold Corp. Montana Tunnels	Jefferson City	MT		Y			Y

Table 8-14. Ore Mining Category Master Facility List

SIC Code(s) ^a	NPDES ID	TRI ID	Name	City	State	Zip	In USGS 2005?	PCS 2004		In TRI 2004?
								In DB	Major?	
1041		59759-GLDNS-453MO	Golden Sunlight Mines Inc	Whitehall	MT					Y
1061		62982-MRCNM-FERRE	American Minerals Inc.	Rosiclare	IL					Y
1031		63638-SWTMM-HIGHW	Doe Run Resources Corp. Sweetwater Mine/Mill	Ellington	MO		Y			Y
1031		65440-BCKMN-HWYKK	Buick Mine/Mill	Boss	MO					Y
1061		79922-MRCNM-3666D	American Minerals Inc	El Paso	TX					Y
1044		83846-LCKYF-190EX	Hecla Mining Co Lucky Friday Mine Unit	Mullan	ID		Y			Y
1021		83873-SLVRV-LAKEG	Coeur Silver Valley Inc	Wallace	ID					Y
1021		84006-KNNCT-12300	Kennecott Utah Copper Mine Concentrators & Power Plant	Copperton	UT					Y
1041		84006-KNNCT-8200S	Kennecott Barneys Canyon Mining Co	Bingham Canyon	UT		Y			Y
1021		85532-NSPRT-POBOX	Phelps Dodge Miami Inc	Claypool	AZ		Y			Y
1021		85603-PHLPS-36WHW	Phelps Dodge Mining Co Copper Queen Branch	Bisbee	AZ	2004				Y
1021 1061		85614-CYPRS-6200W	Phelps Dodge Sierrita Inc	Green Valley	AZ	2004	Y			Y
1021		85629-SRCNC-4201W	Asarco Inc. Mission Complex	Pima County	AZ		Y			Y
1021		85653-SLVRB-25000	Silver Bell Mining Llc	Marana	AZ	2004				Y
1021		86401-QTRLM-16MIL	Equatorial Mineral Park Inc	Kingman	AZ	2004				Y
1061		88031-MRCNM-2010F	American Minerals Inc	Deming	NM					Y
1021		88065-PHLPS-HWY90	Phelps Dodge Tyrone Inc	Tyrone	NM		Y			Y
1041		89045-SMKYV-1SMOK	Smoky Valley Common Operation	Round Mountain	NV					Y
1041		89316-RBYHL-INTER	Ruby Hill Mine	Eureka	NV					Y
1021		89319-BHPCP-7MILE	Robinson Nevada Mining Co	Ruth	NV					Y
1041		89406-KNNCT-55MIL	Kennecott Rawhide Mining Co	Fallon	NV		Y			Y
1041		89414-GTCHL-28MIN	Placer Turquoise Ridge Inc	Golconda	NV					Y

Table 8-14. Ore Mining Category Master Facility List

SIC Code(s) ^a	NPDES ID	TRI ID	Name	City	State	Zip	In USGS 2005?	PCS 2004		In TRI 2004?
								In DB	Major?	
1041		89414-KNSNY-60MIL	Newmont Midas Operations	Midas	NV		Y			Y
1041		89414-NWMNT-35MIL	Newmont Mining Corp Twin Creeks Mine	Golconda	NV		Y			Y
1041		89415-SMRLD-28LUC	Esmeralda Mine	Hawthorne	NV					Y
1041		89418-FLRDC-EXIT1	Florida Canyon Mining Inc	Imlay	NV					Y
1044		89419-CRRCH-180EX	Coeur Rochester Inc	Lovelock	NV		Y			Y
1041		89438-GLMSM-3MILE	Glamis Marigold Mining Co	Valmy	NV		Y			Y
1041		89438-NWMNT-EIGHT	Newmont Mining Corp Trenton Canyon Mine	Valmy	NV					Y
1041		89438-NWMNT-STONE	Newmont Mining Corp Lone Tree Mine	Valmy	NV		Y			Y
1041		89801-JRRTT-50MIL	Queenstake Resources Ltd. Jerritt Canyon Mine	Elko	NV		Y			Y
1041		89803-BLDMN-70MIL	Placer Dome Inc. Bald Mountain Mine	Elko	NV		Y			Y
1041		89803-BRRCK-27MIL	Barrick Goldstrike Mines Inc	Elko	NV					Y
1041		89820-BTTLM-COPPE	Newmont Mining Corporation-Copper Canyon Facility	Battle Mountain	NV					Y
1044		89820-CHBYM-1MCCO	Newmont Mining Corp Mccoy/Cove Mine	Battle Mountain	NV					Y
1041		89821-CRTZG-STARA	Cortez Gold Mines	Crescent Valley	NV					Y
1041		89822-NWMNT-25MIL	Newmont Mining Corp Carlin North Area	Carlin	NV					Y
1041		89822-NWMNT-6MAIL	Newmont Mining Corp Carlin South Area	Carlin	NV					Y
1041		92227-NWMNT-6502E	Western Mesquite Mines Inc	Brawley	CA		Y			Y
1041		93554-GLMSR-27850	Glamis Rand Mine	Randsburg	CA					Y
1041		93562-CRBRG-WINGA	Cr Briggs Corp	Trona	CA		Y			Y
1021		97828-PRKSB-331GO	Parks Bronze	Enterprise	OR					Y

Table 8-14. Ore Mining Category Master Facility List

SIC Code(s) ^a	NPDES ID	TRI ID	Name	City	State	Zip	In USGS 2005?	PCS 2004		In TRI 2004?
								In DB	Major?	
1041		99118-CHBYN-2400W	K2 Mine	Curlew	WA					Y
1031		99153-PNDRL-1382P	Teck Cominco American Inc. Pend Oreille	Metaline Falls	WA		Y			Y
1041		99166-KTTLR-363FI	Kinross Gold Corp. KETTLE RIVER OPERATIONS MILL	Republic	WA		Y			Y
1041		99707-FRTRN-1FORA	FORT KNOX MINE	Fairbanks	AK					Y
1041		99712-TRNRT-1TWIN	TRUE NORTH MINE	Fairbanks	AK					Y
1031		99752-RDDGP-13MIL	DELONG MOUNTAIN TRANSPORTATION FACILITY PORT SITE	Kotzebue	AK					Y
1041			Kinross Gold Corp. Fort Knox	Fairbanks County	AK		Y			
1021			ASARCO Inc. Ray	Pinal County	AZ		Y			
1021			ASARCO Inc. Silver Bell	Pima County	AZ		Y			
1021			BHP Copper Co. Pinto Valley	Gila County	AZ		Y			
1041			LKA International Golden Wonder	Hinsdale County	CO		Y			
1061			Phelps Dodge Corp. Henderson	Cleak Creek County	CO		Y			
1044			Silver Valley Resources Corp. Galena	Shoshone County	ID		Y			
1031			Doe Run Resources Corp. Buick	Iron County	MO		Y			
1031			Doe Run Resources Corp. Viburnum (#29 and #35)	Iron County	MO		Y			
1031			Doe Run Resources Corp. Viburnum (#38 and #35)	Iron County	MO		Y			
1041			Placer Dome Inc. Golden Sunlight	Jefferson County	MT		Y			

Table 8-14. Ore Mining Category Master Facility List

SIC Code(s) ^a	NPDES ID	TRI ID	Name	City	State	Zip	In USGS 2005?	PCS 2004		In TRI 2004?
								In DB	Major?	
1021 1061			Phelps Dodge Corp. Chino	Grant County	NM		Y			
1041			Barrick Gold Corp. Betze- Post	Eureka County	NV		Y			
1041			Barrick Gold Corp. Meikle	Elko County	NV		Y			
1041			Jipangu Inc. Florida Canyon	Pershing County	NV		Y			
1041			Jipangu Inc. Standard	Pershing County	NV		Y			
1041			Kinross Gold Corp. Smoky Valley Common Operation	Nye County	NV		Y			
1041			Newmont Mining Corp. Mule Canyon	Lander County	NV		Y			
1041			Newmont Mining Corp. Turquoise Ridge	Humboldt County	NV		Y			
1041			Placer Dome Inc. Cortez	Lander County	NV		Y			
1044			Kinross Gold Corp. Round Mountain	Nye County	NV		Y			
1044			Newmont Mining Corp. Eastern Nevada Operations	Elko County	NV		Y			
1021 1061			Quadra Mining Ltd. Robinson	White Pine County	NV		Y			
1021 1061			Kennecott Utah Copper Corp. Bingham Canyon	Salt Lake County	UT		Y			

Source: PCSLoads2004_v3; TRIReleases2004_v4.

a — EPA determined SIC codes by the mineral type listed in the USGS Minerals Yearbook.

9.0 PETROLEUM REFINING (40 CFR PART 419)

EPA selected the Petroleum Refining Category (40 CFR Part 419) for preliminary review because it continues to rank high, in terms of TWPE, in point source category rankings (see Tables 5-3 and 5-4 for the point source category rankings). EPA previously performed a detailed study of this industry, published as part of the 2004 Final ELG Plan (69 FR 53705). EPA has also reviewed discharges from petroleum refineries as part of its annual reviews since 2004. Each year, including this year of review, EPA has concluded that wastewater from petroleum refiners is not a hazard priority at this time.

9.1 Petroleum Refining Category Background

This subsection provides background on the Petroleum Refining Category including a brief profile of the petroleum refining industry and background on 40 CFR Part 419.

9.1.1 *Petroleum Refining Industry Profile*

The petroleum refining industry includes facilities that produce gasoline, kerosene, distillate fuel oils, residual fuel oils, and lubricants through fractionation or straight distillation of crude oil, redistillation of unfinished petroleum derivatives, cracking, or other processes. This industry is represented by one SIC code 2911, Petroleum Refining; however, EPA includes operations from four other SIC codes as part of the review of the Petroleum Refining Category, considered potential new subcategories.¹⁵

Table 9-1 presents the number of facilities in the SIC codes that compose the petroleum refining industry. Because the U.S. Economic Census reports data by NAICS code, and TRI and PCS report data by SIC code, EPA reclassified the 2002 U.S. Economic Census by the equivalent SIC code. The facilities in SIC code 5171 do not correlate directly to a NAICS code and therefore EPA could not determine the number of facilities in the 2002 U.S. Economic Census for SIC code 5171.

Petroleum refineries discharge directly to surface water as well as to POTWs. Table 9-2 presents the types of discharges reported by facilities in the 2004 and 2005 TRI database. The majority of petroleum refineries reporting to TRI reported discharging directly. The majority of facilities reporting to TRI in SIC codes classified as potential new subcategories reported no water discharges, but facilities may be discharging pollutants in wastewater at levels below the TRI-reporting threshold.

¹⁵ EPA reviews industries with SIC codes not clearly subject to existing ELGs. EPA concluded that the processes, operations, wastewaters, and pollutants of facilities in the SIC codes 2992, 2999, 4612, and 5171 (listed in Table 9-1) are similar to those of the Petroleum Refining Category (U.S. EPA, 2004). The tables in this section include discharge information from the potential new subcategories; however, these facilities contribute negligible amounts of TWPE. Consistent with the conclusions drawn during the 2004 detailed study (U.S. EPA, 2004) and 2006 review (U.S. EPA, 2006), EPA found that large numbers of these facilities discharge no wastewater and only a small number of facilities discharge TWPE greater than zero.

Table 9-1. Number of Facilities in Petroleum Refining SIC Codes

SIC	2002 U.S. Economic Census	2004 PCS ^a	2004 TRI ^b	2005 TRI ^b
2911: Petroleum Refining	199	144	164	159
Potential New Subcategories				
2992: Lubricating Oils and Greases	407	21	130	129
2999: Products of Petroleum and Coal, NEC	74	22	30	35
4612: Crude Petroleum Pipelines	271	28	0	0
5171: Petroleum Bulk Stations and Terminals	NA ^c	481	540	523
Potential New Subcategories Total	>752	552	700	687

Source: U.S. Economic Census, 2002 (U.S. Census, 2002); *PCSLoads2004_v4*; *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — Major and minor dischargers.

b — Releases to any media.

c — Poor bridging between SIC codes and NAICS codes. Number of facilities could not be determined.

NA — Not applicable.

NEC — Not elsewhere classified.

Table 9-2. Petroleum Refining Category Facilities by Type of Discharge Reported in TRI 2004 and 2005

SIC Code	TRI 2004				TRI 2005			
	Reported Only Direct Discharges	Reported Only Indirect Discharges	Reported Both Direct and Indirect Discharges	Reported No Water Discharges	Reported Only Direct Discharges	Reported Only Indirect Discharges	Reported Both Direct and Indirect Discharges	Reported No Water Discharges
2911: Petroleum Refining	92	21	16	35	90	23	16	30
Potential New Subcategories								
2992: Lubricating Oils and Greases	7	16	5	102	7	16	6	100
2999: Products of Petroleum and Coal, NEC	6	0	0	24	7	0	0	28
4612: Crude Petroleum Pipelines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5171: Petroleum Bulk Stations and Terminals	129	20	13	378	134	19	13	357
Potential New Subcategories Total	142	36	18	504	148	35	19	485

Source: *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

NEC — Not elsewhere classified.

9.1.2 40 CFR Part 419

EPA first promulgated ELGs for the Petroleum Refining Category (40 CFR Part 419) on October 18, 1982 (47 FR 46446). The five subcategories established all have limitations or standards set for BPT, BAT, BCT, PSES, NSPS, and PSNS. EPA established numerical limitations for ammonia as nitrogen, hexavalent chromium, phenolic compounds, sulfide, and total chromium in at least one subcategory. Section 7 of the 2004 TSD provides more information on the existing regulations for the Petroleum Refining Category (U.S. EPA, 2004).

9.2 Petroleum Refining Category 2004 Through 2008 Screening-Level Reviews

Over the years of EPA review, from 2004 through 2008, the TWPE associated with petroleum refineries has increased. Table 9-3 shows the screening-level results for the Petroleum Refining Category including the potential new subcategory SIC codes from the 2002 through 2005 TRI and PCS databases. Both the 2004 TRI and PCS TWPEs have increased compared to previous years. Also, the 2005 TRI TWPE increased compared to 2002 and 2003, but decreased compared to 2004. However, the largest increase in TWPE is in PCS from 2002 to 2004.

Table 9-3. Petroleum Refining Category Screening-Level Results

Year of Review	Year of Data Source	Petroleum Refining Category ^a		Potential New Subcategory for the Petroleum Refining Category ^d	
		TRI TWPE ^b	PCS TWPE ^c	TRI TWPE ^b	PCS TWPE ^c
2005	2002	467,009	165,076	3,922	445
2006	2003	498,367	NA	2,570	NA
2007	2004	669,434	818,705	2,592	7,944
2008	2005	627,618	NA	3,116	NA

Source: *PCSLoads2002_v4*; *TRIReleases2002_v4*; *TRIReleases2003_v2*; *PCSLoads2004_v4*; *TRIReleases2004_v3*; *TRIReleases2005_v2*.

a — Includes TWPE from the potential new subcategory.

b — Direct and indirect water releases only.

c — Major and minor dischargers.

d — EPA reviews industries with SIC codes not clearly subject to existing ELGs. EPA concluded that the processes, operations, wastewaters, and pollutants of facilities in the SIC codes 2992, 2999, 4612, and 5171 (listed in Table 9-1) are similar to those of the Petroleum Refining Category (U.S. EPA, 2004). The tables in this section include discharge information from the potential new subcategories; however, these facilities contribute negligible amounts of TWPE. Consistent with the conclusions drawn during the 2004 detailed study (U.S. EPA, 2004) and 2006 review (U.S. EPA, 2006), EPA found that large numbers of these facilities discharge no wastewater and only a small number of facilities discharge TWPE greater than zero.

NA — Not applicable. EPA did not evaluate PCS data for 2003 and 2005.

9.3 Petroleum Refining Category 2004 Through 2008 Pollutants of Concern

Table 9-4 shows the five pollutants with the highest TWPE in *TRIRelases2004_v3*, *TRIRelases2005_v2*, and *PCSLoads2004_v3* for the Petroleum Refining Category. For comparison purposes, Table 9-5 provides similar information from the 2006 Final ELG Plan (71 FR 76644) using *TRIRelases2002_v4*, *TRIRelases2003_v2*, and *PCSLoads2002_v4*. With the exception of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds, the pollutants of concern and their relative contribution to the category's total TWPE remain the same. That is, the TWPE from the top pollutants in *TRIRelases* and *PCSLoads* from 2002 through 2005 generally remain the same, except for dioxin and dioxin-like compounds. The 2004 and 2006 TSDs discuss EPA's conclusions for pollutants other than dioxin and dioxin-like compounds (U.S. EPA, 2004; U.S. EPA, 2006). Section 9.4 discusses EPA's review of discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds from petroleum refineries, while section 9.5 discusses EPA's review of discharges of polycyclic aromatic compounds (PACs) from petroleum refineries.

9.4 Petroleum Refining Category Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges

The increase in the overall TWPE for the Petroleum Refining Category is largely due to increases of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds, as reflected in the TRI and PCS databases. The discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds are from the petroleum refineries (SIC code 2911), not facilities in the potential new subcategories of the Petroleum Refining Category. Therefore, this section focuses on discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds from petroleum refineries only.

EPA examined discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds from petroleum refineries extensively for its detailed and previous preliminary studies. From these studies, EPA concluded that (U.S. EPA, 2004):

Dioxin and dioxin like compounds are produced during catalytic reforming and catalyst regeneration operations at petroleum refineries. Of the 163 petroleum refineries, 17 reported discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds to TRI. Of the 17 refineries reported discharges in 2002, only five reported discharges based on analytical measurements. Only two of these facilities detected dioxin and dioxin-like compounds above the Method 1613B minimum level and both of these facilities measured dioxin at the point immediately following catalytic regeneration and prior to wastewater treatment.

Table 9-4. 2008 Review: Petroleum Refining Category Pollutants of Concern ^a

Pollutant	PCS 2004 ^b			TRI 2004 ^c			TRI 2005 ^c		
	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE
Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compounds	1	0.000761	535,673	17	0.0157	558,877	15	0.0148	516,064
Sulfide	71	41,309	115,724	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2004 reported pollutants.			Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2005 reported pollutants.		
Chlorine	16	100,888	51,368						
Aluminum	9	530,616	34,326						
Fluoride	11	432,123	15,124						
PACs	Pollutants are not in the top five PCS 2004 reported pollutants.			65	1,027	26,110	63	1,351	34,343
Lead and Lead Compounds				108	8,905	19,947	120	7,502	16,803
Nitrate Compounds				63	16,737,280	12,497	61	16,308,453	12,177
Mercury and Mercury Compounds				61	102	11,978	67	100	11,715
Petroleum Refining Category Total	113 ^d	1,717,808,018	818,705	325 ^d	18,835,213	669,434	331 ^d	17,930,959	627,618

Source: PCSLoads2004_v4; TRIRelases2004_v3; TRIRelases2005_v2.

a — This table presents the top five pollutants composing the category TWPE, including the potential new subcategory SIC codes. However, the potential new subcategories contribute negligible pounds and TWPE.

b — Discharges include only major dischargers.

c — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

d — Number of facilities reporting TWPE greater than zero.

PACs — Polycyclic aromatic compounds.

Table 9-5. 2006 Review: Petroleum Refining Category Pollutants of Concern ^a

Pollutant	PCS 2002 ^b			TRI 2002 ^c			TRI 2003 ^c		
	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE
Sulfide	77	29,851	83,626	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2002 reported pollutants			Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2003 reported pollutants		
Chlorine	17	45,011	22,918						
Fluoride	12	406,609	14,231						
Silver	7	769	12,669						
Selenium	17	7,560	8,477						
Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compounds	Pollutants are not in the top five PCS 2002 reported pollutants			16	0.0114	296,024	18	0.0123	374,030
PACs				61	3,309	85,642	59	1,291	32,825
Mercury and Mercury Compounds				68	124	14,465	66	110	12,912
Lead and Lead Compounds				97	5,644	12,643	116	9,882	22,136
Nitrate Compounds				62	16,796,417	12,541	61	15,706,670	11,728
Petroleum Refining Category Total	118 ^d	7,606,670,158	165,076	352 ^d	18,412,828	467,009	343 ^d	17,314,282	498,367

Source: PCSLoads2002_v4; TRIRelases2002_v4; TRIRelases2003_v2.

a — This table presents the top five pollutants composing the category TWPE, including the potential new subcategory SIC codes. However, the potential new subcategories contribute negligible pounds and TWPE.

b — Discharges include only major dischargers.

c — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

d — Number of facilities reporting TWPE greater than zero.

PACs — Polycyclic aromatic compounds.

Table 9-8, at the end of this section, lists all of the dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges reported to TRI from 2002 to 2005. The 2004 and 2005 data show the same trend that was seen in the previous reviews. Seventeen facilities reported discharges of dioxin or dioxin-like compounds to TRI in 2004 and 15 facilities reported discharges of dioxin or dioxin-like compounds to TRI in 2005. The 2004 PCS data include dioxin discharges from one facility, Tesoro in Martinez, CA. EPA reviewed the dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges in the TRI and PCS databases for the following four facilities, with newly reported, increased, and/or high TWPE associated with discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds:

- Chevron – Richmond, CA;
- Hovensa LLC – Christiansted, VI;
- Tesoro – Anacortes, WA; and
- Tesoro – Martinez, CA.

For discharges reported to TRI, as with the previous detailed and preliminary study, new or increased dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges are based on estimates rather than wastewater monitoring data. The dioxin and dioxin-like discharges in the *PCSLoads2004_v3* database from the Tesoro refinery in Martinez, CA, are from stormwater sources, not petroleum refining processes, and are being investigated by the San Francisco Region Water Quality Control Board (SF RWQCB). In the following subsections, EPA discusses its findings on the four facilities listed above.

9.4.1 Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compounds Discharges for Chevron — Richmond, CA

The dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges from Chevron Products, in Richmond, CA, contribute approximately 140,000 TWPE to TRI 2004 and 120,000 TWPE to TRI 2005. EPA contacted Chevron, which estimated discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds based on semi-annual analysis of its effluent discharge. Table 9-6 presents the concentrations of the dioxin and dioxin-like compounds that were detected, with the lower calibration limit (LCL), for the 2003 and 2004 samples. In the four sampling episodes the following dioxin and dioxin-like congeners were detected above the LCL: octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (OCDD): 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-heptachlorodibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF): and octachlorodibenzofuran (OCDF). The facility measured most dioxin and dioxin-like compounds at concentrations below the method detection limit (DL) and LCL. The DL and LCL can change with instrument, analyst, and matrix, and therefore may vary for each sample. The DL and LCL are different from the Method 1613B minimum level (ML). EPA sets the ML as the lowest concentration of an analyte that can be reliably measured within specified limits of precision and accuracy during routine laboratory operating conditions. The ML is always greater than the DL and LCL. Chevron calculated the quantities (g/year) of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds reported to TRI, by using half the DL for sample concentrations measured below the DL and half of the LCL for sample concentrations measured above the DL but below the LCL, based on EPA's TRI guidance (Lizarraga, 2007).

Of the TWPE from dioxin and dioxin-like compounds in the Chevron Richmond wastewater discharges, the detected congeners accounted for 350 of the 37,000 TWPE in *TRIRelases2003* and 69,000 of the 141,000 TWPE in *TRIRelases2004*. In 2004, Chevron detected 2,3,4,7,8-pentachlorodibenzofuran (not detected in 2003), which accounted for most of the increase in TWPE from 2003 to 2004. The TWPE from dioxin and dioxin-like compounds in *TRIRelases2005* decreased compared to the 2004 TWPE; however, the 2005 TWPE is still

larger than the 2002 and 2003 TWPEs. Chevron noted that the only process identified where conditions exist for dioxin formation and subsequent capture in the process wastewater is regeneration of two semi-regenerative catalytic reformers' catalyst (Lizarraga, 2007).

Table 9-6. Detected Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compound Congeners for Chevron

Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compound Congener	Method 1613B Minimum Level (pg/L)	Sample Date	Concentration (pg/L)	Lower Calibration Limit (pg/L)	Comments
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	50	5/6/03	5.88	23	
		11/10/03	4.17	26	Also detected in the Method Blank
		5/5/04	3.29	23	
		11/5/04	12.3	23	
OCDD	100	5/6/03	24.8	17	Above the LCL
		11/10/03	23.8	26	Also detected in the Method Blank; Above the LCL
		5/5/04	22.6	17	Above the LCL
		11/5/04	31.3	17	Above the LCL
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	50	11/5/04	8.34	24	
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	50	11/5/04	5.68	21	
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	50	11/10/03	1.11	19	
		11/5/04	23.2	26	
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	50	5/6/03	1.76	26	
		11/5/04	12.7	26	
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	50	11/5/04	3.81	29	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	50	5/6/03	6.10	28	
		5/5/04	1.12	28	
		11/5/04	34.4	28	Above the LCL
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	50	11/5/04	11.6	26	
OCDF	100	5/6/03	10.0	17	
		5/5/04	4.42	17	
		11/5/04	30.2	17	Above the LCL

Source: Letter to Jan Matuszko of U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, from Tery A. Lizarraga, Chevron Products Company, Richmond, CA (Lizarraga, 2007).

LCL — Lower calibration limit.

9.4.2 Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compounds Discharges for Hovensa — Christiansted, VI

The dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges from Hovensa LLC, in Christiansted, VI, contribute approximately 149,000 TWPE (2004) and 180,000 TWPE (2005) in the TRI databases. These values are approximately two orders of magnitude larger than the facility TWPE from *TRIRelases2002*. Hovensa has not analyzed their wastewater for dioxin and dioxin-like compounds.

Hovensa is reporting increased discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds in part because they changed how they estimate dioxin formation (U.S. EPA, 2004). Prior to 2003, Hovensa estimated dioxin and dioxin-like compound emissions to air based on an EPA factor of 136 ng/(bbl/yr × catalytic reforming regeneration events). Hovensa then multiplied the estimated air emissions by a factor of 101.01 to estimate the dioxin and dioxin-like compounds discharges to water. After attending a TRI workshop in 2003 which presented a case study of a petroleum refinery, Hovensa began reporting 0.55 grams of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds for each regeneration event during the year (U.S. EPA, 2004).

The increase in estimated dioxin likely resulted from the change in how discharges are estimated, as well as an increased number of regenerations. Based on the facility's reported 2.2 grams of dioxin and dioxin-like discharges reported to TRI in 2005, EPA assumes that the facility performed four regenerations during 2005 (Antoine, 2007). Similarly, based on the 1.7 grams of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds reported to TRI in 2004, EPA assumes that the facility performed three regenerations during 2005. The increased numbers of regeneration events are likely due to increased production.

9.4.3 Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compounds Discharges for Tesoro — Anacortes, WA

The dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges from Tesoro Northwest, in Anacortes, WA, contribute approximately 54,000 TWPE to TRI 2004 and 55,000 TWPE to TRI 2005. These values reflect about a 15 percent increase over the discharges contained in the 2002 and 2003 TRI databases. EPA analyzed and studied dioxin discharge data from this facility as part of its previous detailed study and found the following information (U.S. EPA, 2004):

The Tesoro Northwest Refinery (Anacortes, WA) sampled its effluent on two occasions, during batch discharges of treated wastewater generated during the regeneration of catalytic reformer spent catalyst. Each sample was analyzed by two independent analytical laboratories. Tesoro Northwest detected between 6 and 11 dioxin congeners in its final effluent. However, two compounds were present in the corresponding laboratory blank. Several other compounds were detected below the lower calibration limit (LCL). OCDF and 1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDF were detected at about the method minimum level by both laboratories and in both samples. The most toxic dioxin forms (2,3,7,8 -TCDD and 2,3,7,8-TCDF) were not detected in any samples. The refinery has not done an additional study to identify the sources of dioxin in its final effluent. At this point, because the dioxin concentrations in the upstream source (catalytic reformer regeneration wastewaters) are also high, EPA assumes the spent caustic/wash water from catalytic reformer regeneration is the source of the dioxins in the final effluent. These effluent measurements equate to 29.9 to 196 TWPE (low value assumes nondetects equal zero and high value assumes nondetects equal the detection limit).

EPA believes that the discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds continue to increase due to increases in production, and that the majority of the TWPE reported to TRI is based on values below the LCL and/or minimum level.

9.4.4 Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Compounds Discharges for Tesoro — Martinez, CA

The dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges from the Tesoro refinery in Martinez, CA, contribute approximately 535,000 TWPE in *PCSLoads2004_v3*. The 2000 and 2002 versions of the *PCSLoads* databases, do not include discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds from Tesoro Martinez (i.e., no discharges greater than zero). Tesoro Martinez reports monitors TCDD equivalents rather than dioxin and dioxin-like compounds. Table 9-7 presents the monitoring data for 2004.

Table 9-7. TCDD Equivalents Monitored in 2004

Sample Date	Concentration Reported (pg/L)
7/31/2004	140.0 ^a

Source: PCSLoadCalculator2004_AK_DC.

a — The Method 1613b method limit for 2,3,7,8-TCDD is 10 pg/L.

EPA analyzed and studied dioxin discharge data from this facility as part of its previous detailed study (U.S. EPA, 2004):

In 1997, the Tesoro (Martinez, CA) refinery completed an extensive study to find the source of dioxin in its wastewaters. The study determined that stormwater is the largest source of dioxin in the final effluent (50 percent) with the coke pond and clean canal forebay as the second largest (45 percent). The refinery reported that the wastewater treatment plant (i.e., treated process wastewater) contributed 2 percent of the dioxins in the final effluent. The facility collected and analyzed two samples of fully treated process wastewater for this study. The analytical results were 0.000 pg/L TCDD-equivalents and 0.012 pg/L TCDD-equivalents. These concentrations equate to 12.8 lb-equivalents. In comparison, the calculated TCDD-equivalents of the concentrations detected in the final effluent in 2000 were 0.00028, 0.30, and 0.09 pg/L.

The majority of the refinery's discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds result from stormwater because the soil at the refinery is contaminated with dioxin and dioxin-like compounds. The SF RWQCB is working with Tesoro to reduce dioxin discharges to the San Francisco Bay (SF RWQCB, 2005).

EPA believes that because the discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds are from stormwater, not a petroleum refining process, and the SF RWQCB are working with Tesoro, the discharges do not warrant additional review.

9.5 Petroleum Refining Category Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds Discharges

PACs are the second largest contributor to the TWPE discharges from TRI 2004 and 2005 for the Petroleum Refining Category. The PAC discharges contained in PCS are reported as individual compounds, and therefore, are not a combined category of pollutants. None of the individual PACs were among the top pollutants discharged from petroleum refineries in PCS 2004. EPA examined reported PAC discharges from petroleum refining facilities extensively for its detailed and previous preliminary studies. From these previous studies, EPA concluded that (U.S. EPA, 2004):

Petroleum refineries report PACs discharges to TRI; however, these discharges are either based on one-half the detection limit multiplied by the flow or are estimated using emission factors. Out of 39 dischargers that reported PACs, EPA has verified only three petroleum refineries that measured PACs in their final effluent. Of these, two discharge indirectly to POTWs and receive additional treatment prior to discharge to surface waters and the third reported PAC discharges representing 81 TWPE. Therefore, this is little evidence that PACs are being discharged to surface waters in concentrations above the detection limit.

Table 9-9, at the end of this section, lists the PACs reported to TRI from 2002 to 2005. The PACs in the TRI databases increased from 26,000 TWPE in 2004 to 34,000 TWPE in 2005; however, the TWPE in *TRIRelases2005* is still lower than the TWPE from *TRIRelases2002*. Thirty-eight facilities reported PAC discharges to TRI in 2004 and 39 facilities reported PAC discharges to TRI in 2005. Using the 2004 and 2005 TRI-reported data, EPA did not identify any additional petroleum refineries that measured PACs in their final effluent; therefore, EPA draws the same conclusion that was reached in the previous studies.

9.6 Petroleum Refining Category Conclusions

During the 2008 Annual Review, EPA did not obtain any information to change the conclusions that have previously been made regarding the wastewater discharges from the petroleum refineries. Therefore, the conclusions of the petroleum refining category review are as follows:

- EPA previously determined that dioxin and dioxin-like compounds are produced during catalytic reforming and catalyst regeneration operations at petroleum refineries. Most facilities never detected dioxin and dioxin-like compounds in their process wastewater effluent.

Of the 164 identified U.S. petroleum refineries (SIC code 2911) in TRI 2004, 17 report discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds to TRI in 2004 and 15 report discharge of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds to TRI in 2005. Of the 17 refineries reporting discharges in 2004 and 2005, only seven of these refineries reported dioxin discharges based on analytical measurements (i.e., see the “Basis of Estimate” field noted as “M” in Table 9-8). Only three of these facilities detected dioxin and dioxin-like compounds above the Method 1613B minimum level and two of these facilities measured dioxin at the point immediately following catalytic regeneration and prior to wastewater treatment.

- In *PCSLoads2004_v3*, one facility had measurable discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds: the Tesoro refinery in Martinez, CA. The majority of the dioxin discharge, in terms of TWPE, results from stormwater runoff from an area with contaminated soil. The facility’s dioxin discharges are not representative of petroleum refining process wastewater. In addition, the SF RWQCB is working with the facility to reduce the dioxin discharged from this facility.

- Petroleum refineries report PAC discharges to TRI; however, these discharges are either based on half the detection limit multiplied by the flow or estimated using emission factors. Out of 39 dischargers that reported PACs to TRI in 2005, EPA has verified only three petroleum refineries that measured PACs in their final effluent. Of these, two discharge indirectly to POTWs and receive additional treatment prior to discharge to surface waters and the third reported PAC discharges representing 81 TWPE. Therefore, there is little evidence that PACs are being discharged to surface waters in concentrations above the detection limit.
- EPA prioritizes point source categories with existing regulations for potential revision based on the greatest estimated toxicity to human health and the environment, measured as TWPE. Based on the above conclusions, EPA is assigning this category with a lower priority for revision (i.e., this category is marked with “(3)” in the “Findings” column in Table V-1 in the accompanying Federal Register notice that presents the 2008 annual review of effluent guidelines and pretreatment standards).

Table 9-8. Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges from Petroleum Refineries Reported to TRI in 2002–2005

TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	2005			2004			2003			2002		
			Grams Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate
00851-HSSLV-LIMET	Hovensa LLC	Christiansted, VI	2.2	180,442	E	1.7	148,653	C	1.1	85,167	C	0.034	2,342	C
94802-CHVRN-841ST	Chevron Products Co. Richmond Refinery (a,b)	Richmond, CA	0.94	121,521	M	1.35	141,106	O	0.68	36,798	O	0.76	19,229	O
98221-SHLLL-WESTM	Tesoro Refining & Marketing Co	Anacortes, WA	1.94	55,248	M	1.95	54,406	M	1.7	47,382	M	1.6	45,504	M
70669-CNCLK-OLDSP	Conocophillips Lake Charles Refinery	Westlake, LA	0.539	48,580	O	0.54	48,580	O	0.54	48,580	O	0.54	48,580	O
43616-SHLCM-4001C	Bp Products North America Inc Toledo Refinery	Oregon, OH	0.331	47,084	O	0.34	47,795	M	0.38	54,054	M	0.36	51,209	M
90245-CHVRN-324WE	Chevron Products Co. Div Of Chevron USA Inc.	El Segundo, CA	0.158	16,221	M	0.2	20,533	M	0.34	35,317	M	0.11	11,191	M
74603-CNCPN-1000S	Conocophillips Ponca City Refinery	Ponca City, OK	0.141	11,601	O	0.28	25,485	O	0.28	21,901	O	0.44	31,071	O
77536-DRPRK-5900H	Shell Oil Co - Deer Park Refining LP	Deer Park, TX	0.114	10,850	M	0.16	15,477	M	0.15	14,581	O	NR	NR	NR
80022-CNCDN-5801B	Suncor Energy Commerce City Refinery	Commerce City, CO	0.111	9,104	M	0.037	3,333	M	0.074	5,729	E	0.095	6,640	E
08066-MBLLC-BILLI	Valero Refining Co New Jersey	Paulsboro, NJ	0.0879	7,209	O	0.18	15,838	O	0.088	6,813	O	0.088	6,151	O
39567-CHVRN-POBOX	Chevron Products Co Pascagoula Refinery	Pascagoula, MS	0.099	4,234	O	0.12	5,217	O	0.099	4,234	O	0.086	3,678	O
62454-MRTHN-MARAT	Marathon Ashland Petroleum LLC Illinois Refining Div	Robinson, IL	0.0404	3,314	O	0.04	3,604	O	0.0404	3,128	O	0.04	2,796	O
00654-PHLLS-PHILI	Chevron Phillips Chemical Puerto Rico Core Inc.	Guayama, PR	0.0054	443	E	0.0035	318	E	0.00596	461	E	NR	NR	NR
70602-CTGPT-HIGHW	Citgo Petroleum Corp	Westlake, LA	0.00256	210	E	0.0026	231	E	0.0026	199	E	0.0026	179	E
19706-TXCDL-2000W	Premcor Refining Group Inc	Delaware City, DE	0.0000965	2	O	0.022	559	O	0.022	559	O	NR	NR	NR
46394-MCLC - 2815I	Bp Products North America Whiting Business Unit	Whiting, IN	NR	NR	NR	0.000011	1.8	O	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

Table 9-8. Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges from Petroleum Refineries Reported to TRI in 2002–2005

TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	2005			2004			2003			2002		
			Grams Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate
60434-MBLJL-INTER	ExxonMobil Oil Corp Joliet Refinery	Channahon, IL	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.0007	64	O	0.43	39,602	O
99611-TSRLS-MILE2	Tesoro Alaska - Kenai Refinery (a,b)	Kenai, AK	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.0006	46	M	NR	NR	NR
07036-XXN - 1400P	Conocophillips Co. Bayway Refinery	Linden, NJ	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.25	5,229	M
77590-MRTHN-FOOTO	Marathon Ashland Petroleum L.L.C.	Texas City, TX	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.0044	304	O
Indirect														
90748-NCLLS-1660W	Conocophillips Co La Refinery Wilmington Plant (a)	Wilmington, CA	NR	NR	NR	0.27	27,738	M	0.088	9,015	M	0.28	22,320	M

Source: *TRIReleases2005_v2*; *TRIReleases2004_v3*; *TRIReleases2003_v2*; *TRIReleases2002_v4*; Memorandum: Revisions to TWFs for Dioxin and its Congeners and Recalculated TWPEs for OCPSF and Petroleum Refining (Zipf, 2004).

a — Dioxin and dioxin-like compounds were detected above the Method 1613B minimum level.

b — Dioxin and dioxin-like compounds were sampled after the catalytic regeneration and prior to the wastewater treatment plant.

NR — Not reported.

For indirect discharges, the mass shown is the mass transferred to the POTW that is ultimately discharged to surface waters, accounting for an estimated 83% removal of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds by the POTW.

The TWPEs in this table were calculated using the 2006 TWFs (the 2006 dioxin and dioxin-like compound TWFs did not change from the August or December 2004 TWFs).

Refineries reported basis of estimate in TRI as: M — Monitoring data/measurements; C — Mass balance calculations; E — Published emission factors; and O — Other approaches (e.g., engineering calculations).

9.7 Petroleum Refining Category References

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Table 9-9. PAC Discharges from Petroleum Refineries Reported to TRI in 2002–2005

TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	2005			2004			2003			2002		
			Pounds Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Pounds Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Pounds Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Pounds Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate
96707CHVRN91480	Chevron Products Co - Hawaii Refinery	Kapolei, HI	270.0	6862.6	M	270.0	6863.0	M	261	6629.0	M	277	7041.0	M
44711SHLND2408G	Marathon Petroleum Co LLC Ohio Refining Div	Canton, OH	149.0	3787.1	M	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
90245CHVRN324WE	Chevron Products Co Div of Chevron USA Inc	El Segundo, CA	137.4	3492.3	M	113.0	2882.0	M	117	2974.0	M	287	7287.0	M
39567CHVRNPOBOX	Chevron Products Co Pascagoula Refinery	Pascagoula, MS	126.1	3205.1	O	115.0	2923.0	O	115	2923.0	O	110	2796.0	O
55071SHLND100WT	Marathon Petroleum Co LLC Saint Paul Park Refiner	Saint Paul Park, MN	95.7	2431.1	M	24.0	616.0	M	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
70075MRPHY2500E	Murphy Oil USA Inc Meraux Refinery	Meraux, LA	66.0	1677.5	O	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
84116CHVRN2351N	Chevron Products Co Salt Lake Refinery	Salt Lake City, UT	60.0	1525.0	M	59.0	1500.0	M	59	1500.0	M	59	1500.0	M
70037LLNCRHIGHW	ConocoPhillips Co - Alliance Refinery	Belle Chasse, LA	43.8	1114.3	M	49.0	1233.0	M	34.9	887	M	31	788	M
70669CNCLKOLDSP	ConocoPhillips Co Lake Charles Refinery	Westlake, LA	41.0	1042.1	O	43.0	1093.0	O	51	1296.0	O	31	788	O
79008PHLLPSTATE	ConocoPhillips Co	Borger, TX	39.0	991.3	M	43.0	1093.0	M	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
77590MRTHNFOOTO	Marathon Petroleum Co LLC	Texas City, TX	34.6	879.4	M	29.0	742.0	M	30	768	M	93	2369	M
60439NCLCR135TH	PDV Midwest Refining LLC Lemont Refinery	Lemont, IL	32.1	814.9	M	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
62454MRTHNMARAT	Marathon Ashland Petroleum LLC Illinois Refining Div	Robinson, IL	24.0	610.0	O	28.0	712.0	O	1	25	O	21	534	O
70750HLLPTHWY10	Valero Refining Co Louisiana	Krotz Springs, LA	23.0	584.6	O	22.0	567.0	O	19	483	O	19	483	O
80022CNCDN5801B	Suncor Energy Commerce City Refinery	Commerce City, CO	19.0	482.9	O	28.0	712.0	O	53	1347.0	O	9	229	O
94802CHVRN841ST	Chevron Products Co Richmond Refinery	Richmond, CA	19.0	482.9	M	19.3	491.0	M	15	376	M	14	351	M
99611TSRSLSMILE2	Tesoro Alaska - Kenai Refinery	Kenai, AK	19.0	482.9	O	18.9	480.0	O	19	480	O	19	480	O

Table 9-9. PAC Discharges from Petroleum Refineries Reported to TRI in 2002–2005

TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	2005			2004			2003			2002		
			Pounds Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Pounds Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Pounds Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Pounds Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate
62084SHLLLRTE11	ConocoPhillips Co Wood River Refinery	Roxana, IL	11.0	279.6	O	11.0	280.0	O	10	254	O	8.9	226	O
78410KCHRFSUNTI	Flint Hills Resources LP - West Plant	Corpus Christi, TX	10.6	269.4	M	16.0	412.0	M	8	203	M	1771.0	45014.0	M
70047TRNSM14902	Valero Refining New Orleans LLC	New Sarpy, LA	9.0	228.8	O	9.0	229.0	O	9	229	O	9	229	O
74603CNCNP1000S	ConocoPhillips Co Ponca City Refinery	Ponca City, OK	8.0	203.3	O	8.0	203.0	O	8	203	O	8	203	O
70051MRTHNHWY61	Marathon Petroleum Corp Garyville	Garyville, LA	5.0	127.1	C	5.0	127.0	C	5	127	C	NR	NR	NR
46394MCLC 28151	BP Products North America Whiting	Whiting, IN	3.6	91.5	O	1.0	25.0	O	1	25	O	NR	NR	NR
19706TXCDL2000W	Premcor Refining Group Inc	Delaware City, DE	3.4	86.4	O	4.0	102.0	O	3.2	81	O	1.4	36	O
77017LYNDL12000	Lyondell-Citgo Refining LP	Houston, TX	3.0	76.3	M	0.0	0.0	M	NR	NR	NR	17	429	M
93420NCLSN2555W	ConocoPhillips Co Santa Maria Refinery	Arroyo Grande, CA	2.0	50.8	O	2.0	51.0	O	2	51	O	0.8	20	O
70079MTVNR15536	Motiva Enterprises LLC Convent Refinery	Norco, LA	1.4	35.6	O	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
98221PGTSN600ST	Shell Oil Products US Puget Sound Refinery	Anacortes, WA	1.0	25.4	O	1.0	25.0	O	0.9	23	O	1.08	27	O
08861CHVRN1200S	Chevron Products Co	Perth Amboy, NJ	0.6	15.3	O	0.9	23.0	O	0.6	15	O	0.8	20	O
94553TSCCRAVONR	Tesoro Refining and Marketing Co	Martinez, CA	0.6	15.3	M	0.5	13.0	M	0.6	15	M	1.3	33	M
77592TXSCTLOOP1	Valero Refining - Texas LP	Texas City, TX	0.5	12.7	M	0.2	5.0	M	NR	NR	NR	69	1754.0	M
78408STHWS1700N	Flint Hills Resources LP - East Plant	Corpus Christi, TX	0.5	12.7	M	0.6	15.0	M	1	25	M	NR	NR	NR
19061BPLCMPOSTR	ConocoPhillips Co. Trainer Refinery	Trainer, PA	0.1	3.6	O	0.2	5.0	O	0.2	5	O	0.41	10	O
90749RCPRD1801E	BP West Coast Products LLC Carson	Carson, CA	0.1	2.5	M	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
42501THSMR501RE	Somerset Refinery Inc	Somerset, KY	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.08	2	M	0.01	0	M
59101CNCBL401SO	ConocoPhillips Co Billings Refinery	Billings, MT	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.4	10	M	8	203	M
67042TXCRF1401S	Frontier El Dorado Refining Co	El Dorado, KS	NR	NR	NR	0.7	18.0	O	0.7	18	O	1	25	O

Table 9-9. PAC Discharges from Petroleum Refineries Reported to TRI in 2002–2005

TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	2005			2004			2003			2002		
			Pounds Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Pounds Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Pounds Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Pounds Released	TWPE	Basis of Estimate
70143TNNCL500WE	Chalmette Refining Co	Chalmette, LA	NR	NR	NR	1.0	25.0	O	11	280	O	NR	NR	NR
70606CLCSRWESTE	Calcasieu Refining Co	Lake Charles, LA	NR	NR	NR	2.0	51.0	O	182	4626.0	O	191	4855.0	O
70723TXCRFFOOTO	Motiva Enterprises LLC Convent Refinery	Convent, LA	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	2	51	O	2.3	59	O
73098KRRMC906SO	Wynnewood Refining Co	Wynnewood, OK	NR	NR	NR	10.0	254.0	O	10	254	O	10	254	O
74107SNCLR902W2	Sinclair Oil Corp Tulsa Refinery	Tulsa, OK	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	18	450	M	17	437	M
82701WYMNG740WE	Wyoming Refining Co	Newcastle, WY	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	1.06	27	E
94572NCLSNOLDHI	ConocoPhillips San Francisco Refinery	Rodeo, CA	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	8	203	M
Indirect														
48217MRTHN1300S	Marathon Petroleum Co LLC Michigan Refining Div	Detroit, MI	94.0	175.8	M	98.0	184.0	M	92	172	M	93	174	M
79905LPSRF6500T	Western Refining Co El Paso Refinery	El Paso, TX	54.0	101.0	O	51.0	95.0	O	55	102	O	24	45	O
90744TXCRF2101E	Shell Oil Products US Los Angeles Refinery	Wilmington, CA	7.3	13.7	M	7.6	14.0	M	13	24	M	43	80	M
93307KRNLRRR677	Kern Oil Refining Co	Bakersfield, CA	0.3	0.5	O	0.3	1.0	O	0.28	1	M	0.28	1	M
36611BLCHRVIADU	Gulf Atlantic Operations LLC	Chickasaw, AL	0.0	0.0	M	0.0	0.0	C	0.009	0	C	NR	NR	NR
77506CRWNC111RE	Crown Central Petroleum Corp Houston Refinery	Pasadena, TX	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	4.6	117	O
77017LYNDL12000	Lyondell-Citgo Refining LP	Houston, TX	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	155	3928.0	O	146	3718.0	M
79905CHVRN6501T	Chevron El Paso Refinery	El Paso, TX	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	1.8	45	O

Source: TRIReleases2005_v2; TRIReleases2004_v3; TRIReleases2003_v2; TRIReleases2002_v4.

NR — Not reported.

For indirect dischargers, the mass shown is the mass transferred to the POTW that is ultimately discharged to surface waters, accounting for an estimated 92.64% removal of PACs by the POTW.

Refineries reported basis of estimate in TRI as: M — Monitoring data/measurements; C — Mass balance calculations; E — Published emission factors; and O — Other approaches (e.g., engineering calculations).

The 2002 TWPE was calculated using the December 2004 TWFs.

The 2003 TWPE was calculated using the April 2006 TWFs.

10.0 PULP, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD (40 CFR PART 430)

EPA selected the Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard (Pulp and Paper) Category (40 CFR Part 430) for preliminary review because it continues to rank high, in terms of TWPE, in the point source category rankings (see Tables 5-3 and 5-4 for the point source category rankings). EPA conducted a detailed study of this industry in support of the 2006 Final ELG Plan (71 FR 76644). EPA has also reviewed discharges from pulp and paper mills as part of its annual reviews since 2004. Each year, including this year of review, EPA has concluded that wastewater from pulp and paper mills does not warrant a more detailed review at this time.

10.1 Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Category Background

This subsection provides background on the Pulp and Paper Category including a brief profile of the industry and background on 40 CFR Part 430.

10.1.1 Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Industry Profile

The pulp and paper industry includes facilities that manufacture pulp from wood and other fibers, produce paper and paperboard from pulp, or convert it from paper products. Facilities in the following three SIC codes could perform operations covered by existing regulations for the Pulp and Paper Category:

- 2611: Pulp Mills;
- 2621: Paper Mills; and
- 2631: Paperboard Mills.

A facility may be identified under more than one SIC code, such as integrated facilities that manufacture pulp on site for the production of paper products. In addition, EPA is considering including operations from five other SIC codes as potential new subcategories of the Pulp and Paper Category.¹⁶

Table 10-1 presents the number of facilities in the SIC codes that compose the pulp and paper industry. Because the U.S. Economic Census reports data by NAICS code, and TRI and PCS report data by SIC code, EPA reclassified the 2002 U.S. Economic Census by the equivalent SIC code.

Pulp and paper manufacturers discharge wastewater directly to surface water as well as to POTWs. Table 10-2 presents the types of discharges reported by facilities in the 2004 and 2005 TRI databases. The majority of pulp and paper manufacturers reporting to TRI reported discharging directly. The majority of facilities reporting to TRI in SIC codes classified as potential new subcategories reported no water discharges.

¹⁶ EPA reviews industries with SIC codes not clearly subject to existing ELGs. EPA concluded that the processes, operations, wastewaters, and pollutants of facilities in the SIC codes 2653, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2671, 2672, 2674, and 2679 (listed in Table 10-1) are similar to those of the Pulp and Paper Category (U.S. EPA, 2004). The tables in this section include discharge information from the potential new subcategories; however, these facilities contribute negligible amounts of TWPE. Consistent with the conclusions drawn during the 2004 detailed study (U.S. EPA, 2004) and 2006 review (U.S. EPA, 2006a), EPA found that large numbers of these facilities discharge no wastewater and only a small number of facilities discharge TWPE greater than zero.

Table 10-1. Number of Facilities in Pulp and Paper SIC Codes

SIC Code	2002 U.S. Economic Census	2004 PCS ^a	2004 TRI ^b	2005 TRI ^b
2611: Pulp Mills	32	84	73	73
2621: Paper Mills	329	133	140	140
2631: Paperboard Mills	199	55	96	96
Pulp and Paper Category Total ^c	560	272	309	309
Potential New Subcategories				
2653: Corrugated and Solid Fiber Boxes	1,719	7	18	16
2655: Fiber Cans, Tubes, Drums, and Similar Products	261	2	1	0
2656: Sanitary Food Containers, Except Folding	72	3	2	2
2657: Folding Paperboard Boxes, Including Sanitary	490	1	5	2
2671: Packaging Paper and Plastics Film, Coated and Laminated	391	7	44	44
2672: Coated and Laminated Paper, NEC	541	0	87	79
2674: Uncoated Paper and Multiwall Bags	123	0	3	2
2679: Converted Paper and Paperboard Products, NEC	869	4	25	27
Potential New Subcategories Total	4,466	24	185	172

Source: U.S. Economic Census, 2002 (U.S. Census, 2002); *PCSLoads2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — Major and minor dischargers.

b — Releases to any media.

c — Excludes the potential new subcategories.

NEC — Not elsewhere classified.

Table 10-2. Pulp and Paper Category Facilities by Type of Discharge Reported in TRI 2004 and 2005

SIC Code	TRI 2004				TRI 2005			
	Reported Only Direct Discharges	Reported Only Indirect Discharges	Reported Both Direct and Indirect Discharges	Reported No Water Discharges ^a	Reported Only Direct Discharges	Reported Only Indirect Discharges	Reported Both Direct and Indirect Discharges	Reported No Water Discharges ^a
2611: Pulp Mills	65	4	1	3	66	3	0	4
2621: Paper Mills	78	22	7	33	74	18	8	40
2631: Paperboard Mills	47	27	3	19	50	30	2	14
2653: Corrugated and Solid Fiber Boxes	0	1	0	17	0	2	0	14
2655: Fiber Cans, Tubes, Drums, and Similar Products	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2656: Sanitary Food Containers, Except Folding	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0
2657: Folding Paperboard Boxes, Including Sanitary	0	2	0	3	0	1	0	1
2671: Packaging Paper and Plastic Film, Coated and Laminated	0	1	0	43	0	1	0	43
2672: Coated and Laminated Paper, Not Elsewhere	1	17	0	69	1	15	0	63
2674: Unciated Paper and Multiwall Bags	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	0
2679: Converted Paper and Paperboard Products, Not Elsewhere Classified	0	3	0	22	0	2	0	25
Potential New Subcategories Total	191	81	11	210	191	75	11	204

Source: *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — Facilities reporting no wastewater discharges may be discharging chemicals to water that do not meet TRI reporting thresholds. TRI thresholds are based on the amount of chemical used or manufactured at the site.

10.1.2 40 CFR Part 430

Between 1974 and 1986, EPA promulgated ELGs for the Pulp and Paper Category. For these regulations, EPA divided the industry into 25 subcategories, based on the products made and processes used at the mills.

A 1988 legal suit obligated EPA to address discharges of polychlorinated dibenzo-(p)-dioxins and polychlorinated dibenzofurans¹⁷ from 104 bleaching pulp mills, including nine dissolving pulp mills. While meeting that obligation, EPA also reviewed ELGs for the entire Pulp and Paper Category. As part of that review, EPA reorganized the category into 12 subcategories. Although the Pulp and Paper Category regulations apply to all facilities in SIC codes 2611, 2621, and 2631, the 12 subcategories are organized by process used and product produced and do not correspond to SIC codes.

During its response to the 1988 legal suit, EPA decided to review and revise the Pulp and Paper Category regulations in three phases. Table 10-3 presents these three phases and the subcategories EPA planned to address in each phase.

In revising the Pulp and Paper Category regulations, EPA first addressed two subcategories, Subpart B (Bleached Papergrade Kraft and Soda) and Subpart E (Papergrade Sulfite), because these subparts applied to the majority of the 104 mills identified in the 1988 suit.¹⁸ Subparts B and E became known as Phase I; EPA promulgated revised ELGs for these subparts on April 15, 1998 (63 FR 18504). EPA promulgated the Phase I ELGs at the same time as it promulgated National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs) for kraft and sulfite pulp mills. Because these water and air regulations were developed, analyzed, and promulgated jointly, they are called the Cluster Rules.

¹⁷ Polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins (CDDs) and polychlorinated dibenzofurans (CDFs) constitute a group of persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic chemicals. Facilities are required to report to EPA's TRI the total mass of 17 of these CDDs and CDFs released to the environment every year. In this report, EPA uses the term "dioxin and dioxin-like compounds" to refer to the total mass of the 17 CDDs and CDFs, as reported to TRI. For discharges from certain mills in the Pulp and Paper Category, EPA promulgated ELGs for two specific dioxins: 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin and 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzofuran. In this report, these compounds are referred to as TCDD and TCDF, respectively. See Section 3.2 of the detailed study report (71 FR 76644) for a discussion of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds.

¹⁸ The remainder of the 104 mills identified in the 1988 suit were in Subpart A, Dissolving Kraft, and Subpart D, Dissolving Sulfite. These two subparts became known as Phase III.

Table 10-3. Relationship Between Pulp and Paper Regulatory Phases and Subcategories

Phase	Subpart	Subcategory
I	B	Bleached Papergrade Kraft and Soda
	E	Papergrade Sulfite
II	C	Unbleached Kraft
	F	Semi-Chemical
	G	Groundwood, Chemi-Mechanical, and Chemi-Thermo-Mechanical
	H	Non-Wood Chemical Pulp
	I	Secondary Fiber Deink
	J	Secondary Fiber Non-Deink
	K	Fine and Lightweight Papers from Purchased Pulp
	L	Tissue, Filter, Non-Woven and Paperboard from Purchased Pulp
III	A	Dissolving Kraft
	D	Dissolving Sulfite

Note: EPA promulgated revised ELGs for Phase I, known as the Cluster Rules on April 15, 1998. EPA has not promulgated revised ELGs for Phase II or Phase III.

Eight subcategories are known as Phase II and are listed in Table 10-3. EPA has not revised the ELGs for these subcategories, which were promulgated between 1974 and 1986.

Phase III affected the two dissolving pulp subcategories (Subpart A, Dissolving Kraft, and Subpart D, Dissolving Sulfite). EPA did not promulgate revised ELGs addressing TCDD and TCDF for Phase III in 1998, because the affected companies were undertaking a multiyear laboratory study and mill trial to develop alternative bleaching technologies. EPA anticipated that final ELGs would be based on different technologies than those that served as the basis for the Phase I regulations. As of August 2006, there were only three operating mills in these two subcategories. As part of its 2004 and 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plans, EPA determined that rather than promulgate revised ELGs for Phase III mills (see 58 FR 44078, December 17, 1993), EPA would support NPDES permit writers individually in developing permit-specific effluent limitations to control TCDD and TCDF releases from these three mills (see 69 FR 53716, September 2, 2004; 71 FR 76651–76652, December 21, 2006). In 2007, EPA developed and distributed to Georgia and Florida state regulatory agencies a technical document for NPDES permit writers in order to support the development of effluent limitations for facilities in the Dissolving Kraft (Subpart A) and Dissolving Sulfite (Subpart D) subcategories of the Pulp and Paper Category (40 CFR Part 430) (see EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771-0774). In future annual reviews, EPA intends to re-evaluate each category based on the information available at the time and to evaluate the effectiveness of this BPJ permit-based support.

10.2 Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Category 2005 Through 2008 Screening-Level Reviews

Over the years of EPA review, from 2004 through 2008, the TWPE associated with wastewater discharges from pulp and paper mills has decreased. Table 10-4 shows the screening-level results for the pulp and paper industry from the 2002 through 2005 TRI and PCS databases. The TRI TWPE increased from 2002 to 2003 and then decreased significantly from 2003 to 2004. The PCS TWPE has decreased by 88 percent from 2002 to 2004.

Table 10-4. Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Screening-Level Results

Year of Review	Year of Pollutant Discharge	Pulp and Paper Category ^a		Potential New Subcategories for the Pulp and Paper Category ^d	
		TRI TWPE ^b	PCS TWPE ^c	TRI TWPE ^b	PCS TWPE ^c
2005	2002	1,950,000	1,540,000	563	0
2006	2003	2,880,000	NA	865	NA
2007	2004	669,000	165,000	73.3	0
2008	2005	639,000	NA	39.2	NA

Source: *PCSLoads2002_v4*; *TRIRelases2002_v4*; *TRIRelases2003_v2*; *PCSLoads2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — Includes TWPE from the potential new subcategories.

b — Direct and indirect water releases only.

c — Major and minor dischargers.

d — EPA reviews industries with SIC codes not clearly subject to existing ELGs. EPA concluded that the processes, operations, wastewaters, and pollutants of facilities in the SIC codes 2653, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2671, 2672, 2674, and 2679 (listed in Table 9-1) are similar to those of the Pulp and Paper Category (U.S. EPA, 2006b). The tables in this section include discharge information from the potential new subcategories; however, these facilities contribute negligible amounts of TWPE.

NA — Not applicable. EPA did not evaluate PCS data for 2003 and 2005.

10.3 Pulp and Paper Category 2004 Through 2008 Pollutants of Concern

Table 10-5 shows the five pollutants with the highest TWPE in *TRIRelases2004*, *TRIRelases2005*, and *PCSLoads2004*. For comparison purposes, Table 10-6 provides similar information from the 2006 Final ELG Plan (71 FR 76644) using *TRIRelases2002*, *TRIRelases2003*, and *PCSLoads2002*. With the exception of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds, the TWPE from the top pollutants in *TRIRelases* and *PCSLoads* from 2002 through 2005 and their relative contribution to the category's total TWPE generally remain the same. The Pulp and Paper Final Detailed Study Report discusses EPA's conclusions about discharges of manganese and aluminum (U.S. EPA, 2006a).

Table 10-5. 2008 Review: Pulp and Paper Category Pollutants of Concern ^a

Pollutant	PCS 2004 ^b			TRI 2004 ^c			TRI 2005 ^c		
	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE
Manganese And Manganese Compounds	Pollutants are not in the top five PCS 2004 reported pollutants.			117	4,490,000	316,000	117	4,470,000	315,000
Dioxin And Dioxin-Like Compounds	1	0.011	8,640	64	0.219	178,000	57	0.181	147,000
Aluminum	26	993,000	64,300	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2004 reported pollutants.			Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2005 reported pollutants.		
Chlorine	22	55,200	28,100						
Sulfide	1	5,020	14,100						
Iron	12	1,380,000	7,740						
Lead And Lead Compounds	Pollutants are not in the top five PCS 2004 reported pollutants.			189	27,500	61,600	196	27,300	61,200
Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds				77	1,270	42,600	76	1,190	40,100
Zinc And Zinc Compounds				83	346,000	16,200	88	371,000	17,400
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Category Total	150 ^d	2,340,000,000	165,000	282 ^d	23,200,000	669,000	276 ^d	22,500,000	639,000

Source: PCSLoads2004_v3; TRIReleases2004_v3; TRIReleases2005_v2.

a — This table presents the top five pollutants composing the category TWPE, including the potential new subcategory SIC codes. However, the potential new subcategories contribute negligible pounds and TWPE.

b — Discharges include only major dischargers.

c — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

d — Number of facilities reporting TWPE greater than zero.

Table 10-6. 2006 Review: Pulp and Paper Category Pollutants of Concern ^a

Pollutant	2002 PCS ^b			2002 TRI ^c			2003 TRI ^c		
	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds Released	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds Released	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds Released	TWPE
Dioxin and Dioxin-like Compounds	1	0.002	1,366,677	61	0.145	1,469,101	60	0.216	2,387,924
Aluminum	29	1,425,308	92,205	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2002 reported pollutants.			Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2003 reported pollutants.		
Chlorine	25	47,105	23,984	12	34,442	17,537	11	28,555	14,539
Sulfide	1	2,442	6,841	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2002 reported pollutants.			Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2003 reported pollutants.		
Mercury	15	58	6,838	74	62	7,251	77	61	7,196
Copper	44	8,657	5,496	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2002 reported pollutants.			11	4,590	2,914
Manganese and Manganese Compounds	Pollutants are not in the top five PCS 2002 reported pollutants.			112	4,312,307	303,729	113	4,317,774	304,114
Lead and Lead Compounds				186	29,571	66,240	180	25,449	57,006
Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds				79	1,341	45,146	76	1,313	44,190
Zinc				72	309,694	14,520	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2003 reported pollutants.		
Pulp and Paper Category Total	181 ^d	3,980,000,000	1,537,056	293 ^d	19,399,504	1,952,130	281 ^d	21,105,926	2,879,522

Source: PCSLoads2002_v4; TRIReleases2002_v4; TRIReleases2003_v2.

a — This table presents the top five pollutants composing the category TWPE, including the potential new subcategory SIC codes. However, the potential new subcategories contribute negligible pounds and TWPE.

b — Discharges include only major dischargers.

c — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

d — Number of facilities reporting TWPE greater than zero.

10.4 Pulp and Paper Category Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges

The decrease in the overall TWPE for the Pulp and Paper Category is due to a recent decrease in reported discharges of the most toxic of the dioxin and dioxin-like congeners. However, according to PCS and TRI data, the total quantity of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds released from the industry has not decreased in recent years.

The decrease in TWPE is related to the differences in toxicity of the dioxin congeners. EPA accounts for the differences in the relative toxicity of each congener by using a standard congener distribution developed by the National Council for Air and Stream Improvement from mill effluent sampling data (Matuszko, 2006). EPA uses the congener distribution to calculate the TWF applied to dioxin and dioxin-like compound releases in the pulp and paper category.

EPA examined discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds from pulp and paper manufacturers extensively during the detailed study (2005–2006) and previous preliminary studies. EPA determined that the dioxin and dioxin-like compounds discharges reported to TRI did not reflect the actual quantity discharged, because the majority of the estimated releases of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds reported to TRI were based on pollutant concentrations below the Method 1613B minimum levels (MLs), including the congener-specific measurement data that NCASI used to develop an emission factor for wastewater discharges (U.S. EPA, 2006b).

Table 10-7, at the end of this section, lists all mills that reported dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges to TRI from 2002 to 2005. The 2004 and 2005 data show the same trend that was seen in previous reviews. Forty-seven facilities reported discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds to TRI in 2004 and 59 facilities that reported discharges of dioxin or dioxin-like compounds to TRI in 2005. Although the TWPE of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds discharges decreased from 1,470,000 in 2002 to 147,000 in 2005, the total quantity of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds discharged increased from 65.77 to 82.10 grams. The decrease in TWPE is a direct result of lower reported discharges for the more toxic congeners. One facility, Weyerhaeuser Co. in Bennettsville, SC, reported discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds (0.956 grams) to TRI in 2005 but did not previously report discharges.

The 2004 PCS data include dioxin discharges from only one facility, Bowater Newsprint Calhoun Operations in McMinn County, TN. In addition to reporting 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzofuran (TCDF) and 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD) the facility reports “dioxin” discharges to the state of Tennessee. None of the reported parameters representing dioxin and dioxin-like compounds were detected in 2004 except “dioxin,” which was detected only once.

Due to its large TWPE, EPA reviewed the dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges in the TRI database for Domtar Industries in Ashdown, AR. In 2005, discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds from this mill contributed more than 10 percent of the Pulp and Paper Category’s TRI TWPE. EPA contacted the facility in 2005 to verify the increase in dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges in TRI 2002 and TRI 2003 (1.8 grams to 40 grams) (Lange, 2005). The TRI 2004 and TRI 2005 reported dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges are similar to the TRI 2003 data.

EPA determined that Domtar reported increased discharges of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds in 2003 because they changed how they estimate dioxin discharges. Prior to 2003, Domtar estimated dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges based on total plant flow rate and NCASI emission factor of 105.7 picograms (pg) of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds per liter. In 2003, the mill sampled for dioxins and dioxin-like compounds at the bleach plant monitoring location and used the measured concentration (506.5 pg of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds per liter) in place of the NCASI emission factor. Domtar also said that significant change in plant flow rate occurred between 2002 and 2003. EPA assumes Domtar is using the same method to report dioxin and dioxin-like compound discharges in TRI 2004 and TRI 2005. EPA concluded that the new method of estimating releases of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds from Domtar Ashdown is likely more accurate, and therefore made no changes to the facility's releases.

Despite the increase in dioxin and dioxin-like compounds discharged from Domtar Ashdown, TWPE associated with dioxin and dioxin-like compounds for the entire Pulp and Paper Category has decreased. This decrease is due to lower reported discharges of the more toxic congeners.

10.5 Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Category Metals Discharges

Metals are the second largest contributor to Pulp and Paper Category TWPE discharges from TRI 2004 and 2005. Of the 639,000 TWPE reported to TRI in 2005, manganese contributes 147,000 TWPE and lead contributes 61,200 TWPE. These releases are similar to those observed in TRI 2002 to 2004.

Aluminum contributes 64,300 of the 165,000 TWPE reported to PCS in 2004 and 92,200 TWPE of the 1,537,076 TWPE reported to PCS in 2002.

EPA examined reported metals discharges from pulp and paper facilities during the Pulp and Paper Detailed Study (2005–2006) and its previous preliminary studies. EPA obtained discharge data in Form 2c of NPDES permit applications for 40 mills. EPA concluded that typical metals discharges from pulp and paper mills were at concentrations too low to be treatable using end-of-pipe treatment technologies for large plant flow rates (U.S. EPA, 2006a). The data from the current review do not lead to any new conclusions.

10.6 Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Category Conclusions

During the 2008 Annual Review, EPA did not obtain any information to change the conclusions that have previously been made regarding the wastewater discharges from the pulp and paper mills. Therefore, the conclusions of the Pulp and Paper Category review are as follows:

- EPA previously determined that dioxin and dioxin-like compounds are produced during bleaching of papergrade chemical pulp using chlorine and chlorine containing compounds.
- EPA has observed a decrease in the TWPE discharged of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds in PCS and TRI databases. This decrease is due to reductions in the reported discharges of the most toxic dioxin and dioxin-like compounds.

- Based on the findings of the detailed study, aluminum and manganese are not currently pollutants of concern because they were detected at concentrations not considered treatable with end-of-pipe treatment technologies suitable for large effluent flows.
- EPA prioritizes point source categories with existing regulations for potential revision based on the greatest estimated toxicity to human health and the environment, measured as TWPE. Based on the above conclusions, EPA is assigning this category with a lower priority for revision (i.e., this category is marked with “(3)” in the “Findings” column in Table V-1 in the accompanying Federal Register notice that presents the 2008 annual review of effluent guidelines and pretreatment standards).

10.7 **Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Category References**

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Table 10-7. Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges from Pulp and Paper Mills Reported to TRI in 2002–2005

TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	2005			2004			2003			2002		
			Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate
71822-NKSPP-HIGHW	Domtar Industries Inc Ashdown Mill	Ashdown, AR	38.4	69,000	M	40.96	73,494	M	40	1,511,611	M	1.8	3,203	E
71635-GRGPC-PAPER	Georgia-Pacific Crossett Ops.	Crossett, AR	4.87	8,740	E	5.49	9,850	E	5.49	9,850	E	4.9	8,867	E
71611-NTRNT-FAIRF	International Paper	Pine Bluff, AR	3.7	6,640	O	3.6	6,459	O	0.018	32	E	0.018	32	E
36916-JMSRV-ROUTE	Fort James Operating Co	Pennington, AL	3.6	6,460	M	3.3	5,921	M	5.32	9,551	M	5.3	9,555	M
37662-MDPPR-POBOX	Weyerhaeuser Co Kingsport Paper Mill	Kingsport, TN	3.45	6,190	M	3.4	6,101	M	2.5	4,486	M	2.2	3,894	M
36769-MCMLL-HIGHW	Weyerhaeuser USA Inc Pine Hill Operations	Pine Hill, AL	3.36	6,020	E	2.43	4,369	E	2.34	4,197	E	NR	NR	NR
70791-GRGPC-ZACHA	Georgia-Pacific Corp Port Hudson Operations	Zachary, LA	2.77	4,970	E	2.77	4,974	E	3.32	63,803	E	3.3	63,803	E
36545-BSCSC-307WE	Boise White Paper LLC	Jackson, AL	2.1	3,770	E	2.1	3,768	E	1.98	3,553	E	2.01	3,615	E
28560-WYRHS-STREE	Weyerhaeuser	Vanceboro, NC	1.7	3,050	E	1.74	3,119	E	1.82	3,257	E	1.6	2,924	E
98201-SCTTP-2600F	Kimberly-Clark Worldwide	Everett, WA	1.33	2,380	C	2.7	4,846	C	3	472,778	C	8.2	1,104,866	C
32347-BCKYC-ROUTE	Buckeye Florida Lp	Perry, FL	1.32	2,380	M	1.3	2,330	M	1.27	2,282	M	1.3	2,303	M
27962-WYRHS-TROWB	Weyerhaeuser Co Plymouth	Plymouth, NC	0.989	1,770	E	0.91	1,638	E	0.82	1,470	E	0.74	1,334	E
29512-WLLMT-HWY91	Weyerhaeuser Co	Bennettsville, SC	0.9563	1,715	O	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
17362-PHGLT-228SO	P. H. Glatfelter Co Spring Grove Mill	Spring Grove, PA	0.946	1,700	E	0.9	1,616	E	0.92	1,653	E	0.86	1,549	E
98362-DSHWM-MARIN	Nippon Paper Industries USA Co. Ltd.	Port Angeles, WA	0.92	1,650	M	1.82	3,266	M	1.8	282	M	1.8	290	M

Table 10-7. Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges from Pulp and Paper Mills Reported to TRI in 2002–2005

TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	2005			2004			2003			2002		
			Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate
37309-BWTRS-ROUTE	Bowater Newsprint Calhoun Operations	Calhoun, TN	0.87	1,560	M	0.94	1,690	M	0.91	1,626	M	0.85	1,528	M
32533-CHMPN-375MU	International Paper Pensacola Mill	Cantonment, FL	0.8	1,440	E	0.93	1,669	E	0.93	1,669	E	0.8	1,435	E
29442-NTRNT-KAMIN	International Paper Georgetown Mill	Georgetown, SC	0.753	1,350	C	0.75	1,351	C	0.77	1,380	C	0.78	1,395	C
75504-NTRNT-POBOX	International Paper Texarkana Mill	Queen City, TX	0.68	1,220	M	3.87	6,944	M	2.36	4,235	M	0.11	197	M
31407-STNCN-1BONN	Weyerhaeuser Co	Port Wentworth, GA	0.679	1,220	E	0.69	1,239	E	0.72	1,284	E	NR	NR	NR
04694-GRGPC-MILLA	Domtar Maine Corp	Baileyville, ME	0.615	1,100	M	0.82	1,463	M	NR	NR	NR	3.15	5,654	E
32034-TTRYN-FOOTO	Rayonier Performance Fibers LLC	Fernandina Beach, FL	0.56	1,000	M	1	1,794	M	NR	NR	NR	0.14	251	M
70775-JMSRV-ENDOF	Tembec USA LLC	Saint Francisville, LA	0.48	861	E	0.502	901	E	0.5	899	E	0.49	873	E
12883-NTRNT-SHORE	International Paper	Ticonderoga, NY	0.46	826	E	0.46	834	E	0.46	817	E	0.46	820	E
83501-PTLTC-805MI	Potlatch Corp Idaho Pulp & Paperboard & Cpd	Lewiston, ID	0.441	792	E	4.18	7,501	E	4.18	7,505	E	4.3	7,657	E
36732-GLFST-HIGHW	Rock-Tenn Mill Co LLC	Demopolis, AL	0.292	524	E	0.32	575	E	0.23	416	E	0.23	410	E
71654-PTLTC-HIGHW	Potlatch Corp	Arkansas City, AR	0.204	365	O	0.97	1,737	O	0.92	1,646	O	0.57	1,026	O
70634-BSSTH-USHIG	Boise Packaging & Newsprint LLC	Deridder, LA	0.19	341	E	0.22	395	E	0.26	467	E	0.31	556	E
31521-BRNSW-14W9T	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	Brunswick, GA	0.186	335	E	0.19	335	E	0.19	335	E	NR	NR	NR

Table 10-7. Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges from Pulp and Paper Mills Reported to TRI in 2002–2005

TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	2005			2004			2003			2002		
			Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate
29044-NNCMP-ROUTE	International Paper	Eastover, SC	0.183	328	O	0.16	282	O	0.16	290	O	0.16	281	O
71220-NTRNT-705CO	International Paper Co Louisiana Mill	Bastrop, LA	0.175	314	E	0.16	280	E	0.22	399	M	0.21	380	M
04976-SDWRR-RFD3U	S.D. Warren Co Sappi Fine Paper N.A.	Skowhegan, ME	0.168	302	O	0.17	305	O	0.18	323	O	0.18	329	O
01238-KMBRL-GREYL	Schweitzer Mauduit International Inc	Lee, MA	0.156	280	O	0.17	303	O	0.153	275	O	0.15	269	O
98421-SMPSN-801PO	Simpson Tacoma Kraft Co.	Tacoma, WA	0.154	277	E	0.135	242	E	0.13	240	E	0.13	232	E
98550-GRYSH-23RDR	Grays Harbor Paper Lp	Hoquiam, WA	0.142	255	C	0.012	22	C	0.012	21	C	0.016	29	C
18629-PRCTR-ROUTE	Procter & Gamble Paper Products Co	Mehoopany, PA	0.087	156	E	0.012	22	C	0.018	33	O	0.0195	35	O
99363-BSCSC-POBOX	Boise White Paper LLC	Wallula, WA	0.083	149	O	0.83	1,496	O	0.14	242	O	0.13	235	O
45601-MDCRP-401SP	Mw Custom Papers LLC	Chillicothe, OH	0.0554	99	M	0.082	147	M	0.0858	154	M	0.099	178	M
54474-WYRHS-200GR	Weyerhaeuser	Rothschild, WI	0.042	75	M	0.048	86	M	0.12	206	M	0.152	273	M
28456-FDRLP-RIEGE	International Paper Riegelwood Mill	Riegelwood, NC	0.0304	55	E	0.0305	55	E	0.0304	55	E	0.03	54	E
98537-WYRHS-700EA	Weyerhaeuser Pulp Mill	Cosmopolis, WA	0.01	18	O	0.01	18	O	0.0093	17	O	0.014	25	O
63702-PRCTR-POBOX	Procter & Gamble Paper Products Co	Jackson, MO	0.0042	8	O	0.0051	9.2	O	0.0047	8.4	O	0.0059	11	O
12502-SCHWT-2424R	Schweitzer-Mauduit International Inc	Ancram, NY	0.004	7	E	0.008	14	E	0.02	36	O	0.02	36	O
31068-BCKYC-OLDST	Weyerhaeuser Co	Oglethorpe, GA	0.001	2	O	0.0005	0.9	O	0.0005	0.9	O	0.0006	1.1	O

Table 10-7. Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges from Pulp and Paper Mills Reported to TRI in 2002–2005

TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	2005			2004			2003			2002		
			Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate
39703-CLMBS-CARSO	Columbus Pulp & Paper Complex	Columbus, MS	0.0007	1	M	0.0007	1.3	M	0.0018	3.2	M	0.0017	3.1	M
54308-THPRC-501EA	Procter & Gamble Paper Products Co	Green Bay, WI	0.0003	1	C	0.0005	0.9	C	0.0006	1.1	C	0.0007	1.3	C
98632-WYRHS-3401I	Weyerhaeuser Co	Longview, WA	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.025	45	O	0.02	36	O
98607-JMSRV-NE4TH	Fort James Camas LLC	Camas, WA	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	1.06	1,902	E	3.58	6,427	E
97068-JMSRV-4800M	West Linn Paper Co	West Linn, OR	NR	NR	NR	0.006	11	C	0.35	4,139	C	0.502	7.2	C
39120-NTRNT-312LO	International Paper - Natchez	Natchez, MS	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	1.17	2,099	E	0.81	1,453	E
36701-HMMRM-RIVER	International Paper Riverdale Mill	Selma, AL	NR	NR	NR	0.108	194	E	0.12	208	E	0.12	210	E
36426-CNTNR-HIGHW	Smurfit-Stone Container Enterprises Inc	Brewton, AL	NR	NR	NR	2.5	4,486	E	2.2	3,947	E	2.4	4,306	E
35618-CHMPN-POBOX	International Paper Courtland Mill	Courtland, AL	NR	NR	NR	0.094	168	E	0.088	158	E	0.072	130	E
31558-GLMNP-1000O	Durango-Georgia Paper Co.	Saint Marys, GA	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	3.4	6,062	O
31520-BRNSW-WEST9	Georgia-Pacific Corp. Brunswick Ops.	Brunswick, GA	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.2	360	E
29704-BWTRC-5300C	Bowater Coated & Specialty Papers Div	Catawba, SC	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	5.58	261,826	M	3.7	217,867	M
28358-LPHCL-1000E	Buckeye Lumberton Inc.	Lumberton, NC	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.1	1,525	M
23851-NNCMP-HIGHW	International Paper-Franklin Mill	Franklin, VA	NR	NR	NR	2.28	4,086	E	2.27	4,066	E	2.1	3,760	E

Table 10-7. Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges from Pulp and Paper Mills Reported to TRI in 2002–2005

TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	2005			2004			2003			2002		
			Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate
13142-SCHLL-CENTE	Felix Schoeller Technical Papers Inc.	Pulaski, NY	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.0011	26	C
04462-GRNTR-1KATA	Great Northern Paper Inc.	Millinocket, ME	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	0.037	66	O
04239-NTRNT-RILEY	International Paper	Jay, ME	NR	NR	NR	0.002	3.6	M	0.02	36	M	0.021	38	M
Indirect														
55744-BLNDN-115SW	Upm Blandin Paper Co	Grand Rapids, MN	2.261	4,060	M	2	3,599	M	2.21	60	M	3.2	86	M
52402-CDRRV-4600C	Cedar River Paper A Weyerhaeuser Business	Cedar Rapids, IA	0.46631	837	O	0.35	636	O	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
23860-STNHP-910IN	Smurfit-Stone Container Corp	Hopewell, VA	0.221	397	O	0.21	378	O	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
32401-STNCN-1EVER	Smurfit-Stone Container Corp	Panama City, FL	0.0782	140	E	0.078	140	E	0.066	119	E	0.078	140	E
55720-PTLTC-NORTH	Sappi Cloquet LLC	Cloquet, MN	0.04811	86	E	0.044	78	E	0.041	0.18	E	0.041	0.18	E
07407-MRCLP-1MARK	Marcal Paper Mills Inc.	Elmwood Park, NJ	0.02499	45	M	0.00799	14	M	0.014	26	M	0.012	22	M
49443-SDWRR-2400L	S. D. Warren Co	Muskegon, MI	0.023945	43	E	0.042	75	E	0.05	90	E	0.03	54	E
01236-FXRVR-295PA	Fox River Paper Co Rising Paper Div	Housatonic, MA	0.00697	13	O	0.0073	13	O	0.012	22	O	NR	NR	NR
31702-THPRC-USROU	Procter & Gamble Paper Pro Ducts Co	Albany, GA	0.001989	4	O	0.0036	6.4	O	0.0032	5.7	O	0.004	7.1	O
54308-THPRC-501EA	Procter & Gamble Paper Products Co	Green Bay, WI	0.00034	1	C	0.00051	0.9	C	0.00068	1.2	C	0.00085	1.5	C

Table 10-7. Dioxin and Dioxin-Like Discharges from Pulp and Paper Mills Reported to TRI in 2002–2005

TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	2005			2004			2003			2002		
			Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate	Grams Discharged	TWPE	Basis of Estimate
93030-PRCTR-800NO	Procter & Gamble Paper Products Co	Oxnard, CA	0.0000214	0	C	0.0034	6.1	C	0.0002	0.43	C	0.00024	0.43	O

Source: *TRIReleases2005_v2*; *TRIReleases2004_v3*; *TRIReleases2003_v2*; *TRIReleases2002_v4*.

NR — Not reported.

For indirect discharges, the mass shown is the mass transferred to the POTW that is ultimately discharged to surface waters, accounting for an estimated 83 percent removal of dioxin and dioxin-like compounds by the POTW.

The TWPEs in this table were calculated using the 2006 TWFs (the 2006 dioxin and dioxin-like compound TWFs did not change from the August or December 2004 TWFs).

Facilities reported basis of estimate in TRI as: M — Monitoring data/measurements; C — Mass balance calculations; E — Published emission factors; and O — Other approaches (e.g., engineering calculations).

11.0 WASTE COMBUSTORS (40 CFR PART 444)

EPA selected the Waste Combustors Category (40 CFR Part 444) for preliminary review because it ranks high, in terms of TWPE, in point source category rankings (see Tables 5-3 and 5-4 for the point source category rankings). EPA previously performed a preliminary review of this industry, published as part of the 2008 Preliminary ELG Plan (72 FR 61335). As part of the 2008 annual review, EPA investigated possible pesticide discharges from the Waste Combustors Category. EPA has identified that no further review of pesticide discharges from the CWT Category is necessary at this time.

11.1 Waste Combustors Category Background

This subsection provides background on the Waste Combustors Category including a brief profile of the waste combustors industry and background on 40 CFR Part 444.

11.1.1 Waste Combustors Industry Profile

The waste combustors industry includes facilities that recover energy from or dispose of wastes (both hazardous and non-hazardous) by incineration. This industry is represented by one SIC code: 4953 Refuse Systems. However, this SIC code also includes operations from the Centralized Waste Treatment (CWT) Category, regulated under 40 CFR Part 437 (see Section 6.0) and the Landfill Category, regulated under 40 CFR Part 445.

EPA reviewed all of the facilities reporting SIC code 4953 to identify those that are in the Waste Combustors Category rather than the CWT and Landfill Categories. Using information from other preliminary studies, Internet searches, and company Web sites, EPA identified facilities reporting a primary SIC code of 4953 that should be classified in the Waste Combustors Category. Table 11-1 presents the number of facilities in the Waste Combustor Category based on EPA's review.

After finalizing its screening-level database *TRIRelases2005_v02*, EPA learned that two facilities in the CWT Category in *TRIRelases2005_v02* are actually waste combustors. These two facilities contribute less than 0.2 percent of either category's total TWPE in *TRIRelases2005_v02*. Therefore, in the *TRIRelases2005_v02* database, the discharges from these facilities are included as part of the CWT Category; however, EPA included their discharge information in certain tables of this section to augment the 2008 review of waste combustors. For future versions of the *TRIRelases* databases, EPA will classify these facilities as part of the Waste Combustors Category.

Waste combustors discharge directly to surface water as well as to offsite wastewater treatment plants. EPA has identified two waste combustors that send wastewater to offsite wastewater treatment plants. Table 11-2 presents the types of discharges reported by facilities in the 2004 and 2005 TRI database. Table 11-2 includes the two facilities that are currently included in the CWT Category but are waste combustors.

Table 11-1. Number of Facilities in Waste Combustors Category

2004 PCS ^a	2004 TRI ^b	2005 TRI ^b
6	8 ^c	8 ^c

Source: *PCSLoads2004_v4*; *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — Major and minor dischargers.

b — Releases to any media.

c — After finalizing *TRIRelases2005_v02*, EPA identified two facilities in the CWT Category that are waste combustors. These two facilities contribute negligible TWPE and do not affect overall rankings. Therefore, EPA included these two facilities in the CWT Category in the *TRIRelases2005_v02* database; however, EPA included their discharge information in this table because they are waste combustors. For future versions of the *TRIRelases* databases, EPA will classify these facilities as part of the Waste Combustors Category.

Table 11-2. Waste Combustors by Type of Discharge Reported in TRI 2004 and 2005 ^a

TRI 2004				TRI 2005			
Reported Only Direct Discharges	Reported Only Indirect Discharges	Reported Both Direct and Indirect Discharges	Reported No Water Discharges	Reported Only Direct Discharges	Reported Only Indirect Discharges	Reported Both Direct and Indirect Discharges	Reported No Water Discharges
3	0	0	3	3	0	0	3 ^b
Additional Facilities Identified with Discharges Applicable to the Waste Combustors Category During the 2008 Preliminary Review ^a							
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0

Source: *TRIRelases2004_v3*; *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a — After finalizing *TRIRelases2005_v02*, EPA identified two facilities in the CWT Category that are waste combustors. These two facilities contribute negligible TWPE and do not affect overall rankings. Therefore, EPA included these two facilities in the CWT Category in the *TRIRelases2005_v02* database; however, EPA included their discharge information in this table because they are waste combustors. For future versions of the *TRIRelases* databases, EPA will classify these facilities as part of the Waste Combustors Category.

b — EPA identified one facility that sends wastewater to an off-site wastewater treatment plant, but reports null values to TRI for pollutants transferred off-site.

11.1.2 40 CFR Part 444

EPA first promulgated ELGs for the Waste Combustors Category (40 CFR Part 444) on January 27, 2000 (65 FR 4381). The Waste Combustors ELGs apply to wastewater discharges from hazardous waste combustors, except cement kilns, regulated as “incinerators” or “boilers and industrial furnaces” under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. The rule applies solely to commercial facilities (i.e., facilities that accept wastes from off-site for fee or remuneration). At the time of promulgation, EPA estimated that the rule would apply to eight facilities (U.S. EPA, 2000).

Table 11-3 lists the pollutants regulated by Part 444. Pesticides are not regulated in any subcategory, as discussed in Section 11-4.

Table 11-3. Applicability of Subcategories in the Waste Combustor Category

Subpart Name	Subpart Applicability	Regulated Pollutants
A: Commercial Hazardous Waste Combustor (CWHC)	The discharge of wastewater from a CHWC facility including any thermal unit, except a cement kiln, if the thermal unit burns RCRA hazardous wastes received from off-site for a fee or other remuneration in the following circumstances. The thermal unit is a commercial hazardous waste combustor if the off-site wastes are generated at a facility not under the same corporate structure or subject to the same ownership as the thermal unit.	TSS, pH, Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Lead, Mercury, Silver, Titanium, and Zinc

Source: 40 CFR Part 444; *Development Document for Final Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards for Commercial Hazardous Waste Combustors* (U.S. EPA, 2000).

11.2 Waste Combustors Category 2004 Through 2008 Screening-Level Reviews

The Waste Combustors Category was excluded from previous annual reviews because EPA recently promulgated the ELGs (January 27, 2000). Table 11-3 shows the screening-level results for the Waste Combustors Category from the 2002 through 2005 TRI and PCS databases. The TRI TWPE has increased significantly from 2002 to 2004 reporting years, although it decreased again from 2004 to 2005. The largest increase in TWPE is in TRI from 2003 to 2004.

Table 11-4. Waste Combustors Category Screening-Level Results

Year of Review	Year of Data Source	Waste Combustors Category ^{a,d}	
		TRI TWPE ^b	PCS TWPE ^c
2005	2002	179,672	170
2006	2003	78,705	NA
2007	2004	242,879	155
2008	2005	52,202	NA

Source: *PCSLoads2002_v4*; *TRIReleases2002_v4*; *TRIReleases2003_v2*; *PCSLoads2004_v4*; *TRIReleases2004_v3*; *TRIReleases2005_v2*.

a — After finalizing *TRIReleases2005_v02*, EPA identified two facilities included in the CWT Category that are waste combustors. These two facilities contribute negligible TWPE and are not included in this table. For future versions of the *TRIReleases* databases, EPA will classify these facilities as part of the Waste Combustors Category.

b — Direct and indirect water releases only.

c — Major and minor dischargers.

NA — Not applicable. EPA did not evaluate PCS data for 2003 and 2005.

11.3 Waste Combustors Category 2004 Through 2008 Pollutants of Concern

Table 11-5 shows the five pollutants with the highest TWPE in *TRIReleases2004_v3*, *TRIReleases2005_v2*, and *PCSLoads2004_v4* for the Waste Combustors Category. Because EPA did not conduct preliminary reviews of the Waste Combustors Category in 2005 and 2006, EPA did not identify the pollutants with the highest TWPE from the 2002 and 2003 TRI databases or the 2002 PCS database. The Waste Combustors Category TWPE in PCS for 2004 is significantly lower than the TRI TWPE for 2004 or 2005. Therefore, EPA focused the additional review on the TRI-reported pollutants.

Discharges of pesticide chemicals in *TRIRelases2004_v3* and *TRIRelases2005_v2* account for the majority of the total category's TWPE. The pesticide chemicals are benzidine, toxaphene, hexachlorobenzene, and chlordane. Benzidine is the most significant pesticide release reported to TRI, in terms of TWPE, by the Waste Combustors Category. Benzidine is reported by only one facility in 2004, Clean Harbors Deer Park, and no facilities in 2005. Relative contributions of other pesticides reported in 2004 and 2005 to TRI remain the same. Section 11.4 presents EPA's review of pesticide discharges from waste combustor facilities.

Table 11-5. 2008 Review: Waste Combustors Category Pollutants of Concern

Pollutant	PCS 2004 ^b			TRI 2004 ^c			TRI 2005 ^c					
	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant	Total Pounds	TWPE			
Copper	2	90	57	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2004 reported pollutants.			Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2005 reported pollutants.					
Nitrogen, Kjeldahl Total (As N)	1	8,622	20									
Zinc	2	408	19									
Nickel	1	162	18									
Chromium	1	173	13									
Benzidine	Pollutants are not in the top five PCS 2004 reported pollutants.			1	67	187,680	Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2005 reported pollutants.					
Toxaphene				1	1	34,520						
Hexachlorobenzene				1	6	11,901						
Cadmium and Cadmium Compounds				1	138	3,187						
Silver and Silver Compounds				2	140	2,304						
Mercury and Mercury Compounds				Pollutants are not in the top five TRI 2004 reported pollutants.						2	8.33	976
Chlordane										1	0.26	518
Waste Combustors Category Total				2 ^d	944,770	155				3 ^d	5,088	242,879

Source: *PCSLoads2004_v4*; *TRIReleases2004_v3*; *TRIReleases2005_v2*.

a — After finalizing *TRIReleases2005_v02*, EPA identified two facilities included in the CWT Category that are waste combustors. These two facilities contribute negligible TWPE and are not included in this table. For future versions of the *TRIReleases* databases, EPA will classify these facilities as part of the Waste Combustors Category.

b — Discharges include only major dischargers.

c — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

d — Number of facilities reporting TWPE greater than zero.

11.4 Waste Combustors Category Pesticide Discharges

EPA reviewed discharges of pesticides from waste combustors because they ranked high, in terms of TWPE, in the PCS and TRI databases. For the 2008 preliminary review, EPA contacted facilities and collected additional discharge data to determine the following:

1. Whether pesticide discharges reported to TRI were based on actual discharges, not estimated based on concentrations of pesticides below analytical minimum levels.
2. Whether waste combustors had an increased receipt of pesticide waste as a result of regulation of wastewater from the pesticides formulating, packaging, and repackaging (PFPR) industry.
3. Pesticides treatment effectiveness, using data from EPA's Pesticides Chemicals ELG rulemaking (U.S. EPA, 1996). Table 6-6 in Section 6 of this document summarizes EPA's treatment efficiency data from the PFPR rulemaking.

The Waste Combustors ELGs (40 CFR Part 444) do not include limitations or standards for pesticides. At the time of the rulemaking, EPA collected grab samples of untreated industrial waste combustor scrubber blowdown water at 12 hazardous waste combustor facilities (U.S. EPA, 2000). Table 11-6 summarizes pesticide sampling data from the Waste Combustors rulemaking. Among other pollutants, EPA analyzed these wastewater samples for pesticides and herbicides. EPA found that pesticides/herbicides were generally only found, if at all, in low concentrations. EPA analyzed the waste combustor samples for the top three pollutants driving the TWPE (benzidine, toxaphene, and hexachlorobenzene); none were detected.

Table 11-6. Sampling Data Summary from Waste Combustors Rulemaking

Pollutant	Minimum Level (µg/L)	Number of Observations	Number of Detects	Mean (µg/L)	Min. (µg/L)	Max. (µg/L)
Atrazine	10	14	1	13.8	8.9	35.6
Dichlorprop	1	11	5	7.2	1.0	47.0
Dinoseb	1	11	2	1.2	0.5	4.5
2,4-D	1	11	2	2.5	1.0	8.9
Non-Detects						
Benzidine	50	27	0	Not Applicable		
Diazinon	2	11	0			
Endrin	0	14	0			
Heptachlor	0	14	0			
Hexachlorobenzene	10	27	0			
Toxaphene	5	14	0			

Source: *Development Document for Final Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards for Commercial Hazardous Waste Combustors* (U.S. EPA, 2000).

Discharges of pesticide chemicals in the *TRI Releases* databases for 2004 and 2005 account for the majority of the total category TWPE. EPA examined discharges of pesticides from waste combustors extensively for the preliminary review of this category. EPA contacted

facilities that reported high-TWPE pesticide discharges (greater than 50,000 TWPE) or large quantities of pesticides treated on site (greater than 100,000 pounds). Table 11-7 at the end of this section summarizes EPA’s findings from each of these calls.

Overall, of the six facilities EPA contacted, five use waste characterization reports provided by offsite facilities delivering untreated waste for TRI reporting. These facilities use removal efficiency estimates to account for the quantity of pesticides removed by their treatment processes. Only one facility, Clean Harbors Deer Park, estimates pesticide discharges using monthly sampling data. This facility has no pesticide detections on record¹⁹ and estimates pesticide discharges using half of the method detection limit for non-detect values. In the following subsections, EPA discusses details of its findings on three facilities:

- Clean Harbors (formerly Safety Kleen) — Deer Park, TX;
- Von Roll America — East Liverpool, OH; and
- Ross Incineration Services — Grafton, OH.

Based on the information collected by contacting the facilities, the amount of pesticides discharged to surface water is less than the amounts reported to TRI and PCS. In addition, the pesticide discharges result from discharges from landfills, which will be corrected in future versions of the databases.

11.4.1 Pesticide Discharges for Clean Harbors — Deer Park, TX

The pesticide discharges from Clean Harbors in Deer Park, TX, contribute approximately 235,000 TWPE to TRI 2004 and 48,300 TWPE to TRI 2005. Table 11-7 shows pesticides discharges reported to TRI from the facility for 2004 to 2005.

Table 11-7. Clean Harbors — Deer Park, TX TRI-Reported Pesticide Discharge

Pollutant	TRIReleases2004		TRIReleases2005	
	Total Pounds Released ^a	TWPE	Total Pounds Released ^a	TWPE
Aldrin	0.02	223	0.02	223
Benzidine	66.61	187,680	NR	NR
Chlordane	0.26	518	0.26	518
Heptachlor	0.02	171	0.02	171
Hexachlorobenzene	6.11	11,901	6.63	12,913
Toxaphene	1.15	34,520	1.15	34,520

Source: *TRIReleases2004_v3*; *TRIReleases2005_v2*.

a — Discharges include transfers to POTWs and account for POTW removals.

EPA contacted Clean Harbors in 2007 and 2008 about their pesticide discharges reported to TRI (Finseth, 2007; Krejci, 2008a). Clean Harbors incinerates all of the waste they receive. They also have two onsite landfills where they dispose of ash from the incinerator, filter cake from the wastewater treatment plant, and construction debris. The landfills are permitted for

¹⁹ The facility contact stated that pesticides might have been detected in the past, and that any detections of pesticides in the facility’s wastewater would result from the leachate discharged from the onsite landfill.

direct disposal of offsite wastes, but Clean Harbors typically incinerates all of its wastes prior to sending waste to the landfill. The wastewater treatment plant treats quench water from the incinerators' venturi scrubbers and landfill leachate. Clean Harbors reports pesticide discharges using monthly wastewater sampling data from the onsite wastewater treatment plant. According to the point of contact, any pesticides detected in the facility's wastewater would depend on the type of waste being incinerated at that time.

EPA obtained wastewater sampling data for toxaphene and hexachlorobenzene for all of 2006 from Clean Harbors Deer Park. Neither toxaphene nor hexachlorobenzene was detected during the 12 months of sampling. For non-detect results, Clean Harbors Deer Park uses half of the detection limit for their TRI reporting. Table 11-8 presents the monitoring data provided by Clean Harbors.

Table 11-8. Clean Harbors — Deer Park, TX Wastewater Sampling Data

Sampling Date	Hexachlorobenzene		Toxaphene	
	Detected?	Concentration (µg/L)	Detected?	Concentration (µg/L)
January-06	N	1.5	N	0.26
February-06	N	1.5	N	0.26
March-06	N	1.5	N	0.26
April-06	N	1.5	N	0.26
May-06	N	1.5	N	0.26
June-06	N	1.5	N	0.26
July-06	N	1.5	N	0.26
August-06	N	1.5	N	0.26
September-06	N	1.5	N	0.26
October-06	N	1.5	N	0.26
November-06	N	1.5	N	0.26
December-06	N	1.5	N	0.26

Source: Notes from telephone conversation between Christopher Krejci, Eastern Research Group, Inc., and Kevin Honohan, Clean Harbors, Deer Park, TX (Krejci, 2008a).

The facility contact stated that pesticides have been detected in the facility's wastewater in the past; however, the facility does not have any record of these detections. Personnel believe that any detection of pesticides in the facility's wastewater would result from the leachate discharged from the onsite landfills. Therefore, the facility has no record of pesticide detection, and any pesticide discharges would be covered by Part 445, the Landfills Point Source Category effluent guidelines (Krejci, 2008a).

Table 11-9 shows estimated pesticide release amounts, based on the facility's sampling results in Table 11-8. EPA estimated the loads under three different scenarios:

1. Assuming non-detect concentrations are equal to the detection limit;
2. Assuming non-detect concentrations are equal to half the detection limit; and
3. Assuming non-detect concentrations are zero.

The table also shows the values reported to TRI, for comparison purposes. Based on the facility sampling data showing all concentrations below detection, the facility's 2006 loads were likely less than 5,500 TWPE (toxaphene) and 14,700 TWPE (hexachlorobenzene).

Table 11-9. Clean Harbors — Deer Park, TX 2006 Discharges Estimated from Sampling Data for Toxaphene and Hexachlorobenzene

Detection Limit Scenario	Hexachlorobenzene		Toxaphene	
	lbs/yr	TWPE/yr	lbs/yr	TWPE/yr
Value Reported to the 2006 TRI	5.7	11,099	1	30,017
Assume Non-Detects= MDL	5.63	10,963	0.98	29,417
Assume Non-Detects = ½ × MDL	2.82	5,491	0.49	14,709
Assume Non-Detects = 0	0	0	0	0

Source: Notes from telephone conversation between Christopher Krejci, Eastern Research Group, Inc., and Kevin Honohan, Clean Harbors, Deer Park, TX (Krejci, 2008a).

11.4.2 Pesticides Management at Von Roll America – East Liverpool, OH

The pesticide discharges from Von Roll America in East Liverpool, OH, contribute negligible pesticide TWPE to TRI in 2004 and 2005 (331 TWPE and 330 TWPE, respectively). However, the facility reported treating approximately 1,000,000 pounds of pesticide waste by incineration each year from 2003 to 2005.

EPA contacted the facility in 2008 to determine the source of the facility's wastewater discharges and to discuss pesticide management at the facility (Krejci, 2008b). According to the point of contact, blowdown from the incinerator's wet scrubber system is neutralized and recycled to the scrubber. Estimates of pesticide discharges reported to TRI are based on stormwater discharges, rather than process wastewater. In addition, the treatment process for the scrubber blowdown creates a powdered residual waste that the facility refers to as "ash." The ash is sent off site to landfill disposal, after being tested according to Land Disposal Restriction (LDR) standards (40 CFR Part 268). The LDR standards require that the facility test for all pollutants on the underlying hazardous constituents list, including a variety of pesticides. The facility has never detected any pesticides in its waste ash (Krejci, 2008b).

Von Roll America estimates the discharges reported to TRI using waste characterization reports submitted by clients in conjunction with periodic testing of waste received to verify the characterization reports. The facility has not tested its wastewater for pesticides (Krejci, 2008b).

EPA also collected information, where available, on increased receipt of pesticide waste receipt resulting from the PFPR ELGs. The PFPR ELGs, Part 455 Subpart C, was promulgated in 1996 and requires zero discharge of process wastewater from PFPR manufacturing (U.S. EPA, 1996). As a result of the zero discharge requirement, PFPR facilities may send their wastewater off site, including to incinerators. According to the point of contact, the facility received pesticides consistently until 2007, when the overall pesticide receipt increased by approximately 25 percent (Krejci, 2008b). Therefore, the increase in pesticides receipt does not appear to result from the PFPR ELGs.

11.4.3 Pesticides Management at Ross Incineration Services – Grafton, OH

Ross Incineration Services in Grafton, OH, reported treating over 120,000 pounds of pesticide wastes annually to TRI from 2003 to 2005. EPA contacted the facility in 2008 because of the large quantity of pesticides incinerated on site (Krejci, 2008c).

Ross Incineration Services operates an incinerator with a wet scrubber system for disposal of commercial wastes. The facility sends wastewater from the wet scrubber system to an offsite wastewater treatment plant. The facility tests the wastewater delivered to the treatment plant on a quarterly basis for a variety of pollutants, but has never detected any pesticides since it began sampling in the early 1990s (Krejci, 2008c).

EPA also collected information, where available, on increased receipt of pesticide waste resulting from the PFPR ELGs. The PFPR ELGs, Part 455 Subpart C, was promulgated in 1996 and requires zero discharge of process wastewater from PFPR manufacturing (U.S. EPA, 1996). As a result of the zero discharge requirements, PFPR facilities may send their wastewater off site, including to incinerators. According to the point of contact, Ross Incineration Services has seen a recent increase in pesticides receipt at the facility, although the increased pesticides receipt may result from an overall increase in total waste received (Krejci, 2008c).

11.5 Waste Combustors Category Conclusions

During the 2008 Annual Review, EPA used information gathered from TRI and PCS databases and facility contacts to conclude that no further review of the Waste Combustor Category is necessary at this time. The conclusions of the Waste Combustor Category review are as follows:

- TRI-reported discharges of pesticides account for the majority of the Waste Combustors Category's TWPE. EPA determined that pesticide releases from waste combustors (with the exception of Clean Harbors Deer Park) are generally estimated using waste characterization reports from clients and treatment efficiency data, rather than actual sampling data. Clean Harbors Deer Park estimates discharges based on sampling data, and no pesticides were detected in 2006. Based on the facility sampling data showing all concentrations below detection, the facility's 2006 loads were likely less than 5,500 TWPE (toxaphene) and 14,700 TWPE (hexachlorobenzene). In addition, the facility believes any pesticides detected in the wastewater result from landfill leachate, not incineration.
- EPA did not identify any facilities that detected pesticides in the wastewater from their waste combustion operations. The contact at Clean Harbors Deer Park, the highest ranking facility in terms of overall TWPE, stated that pesticides were detected in the past, but no records are available for those detections. The facility contact also stated that any pesticide discharge results from one of the onsite landfills. As a result, no pesticide discharge results would be regulated by Part 444, Waste Combustors. In future versions of the TRI databases, EPA will correct pesticide discharges from this facility, classifying the discharge under the Landfills Point Source Category.

- EPA contacted six waste combustor facilities. Of these, five used waste characterization reports provided by offsite facilities delivering untreated waste to estimate releases for TRI reporting. Two of the six facilities had tested for pesticides in their wastewater and one facility had tested for pesticides in its wastewater treatment residuals. None of the facilities had any detections of pesticides on record.
- EPA prioritizes point source categories with existing regulations for potential revision based on the greatest estimated toxicity to human health and the environment, measured as TWPE. Based on the above conclusions, EPA is assigning this category with a lower priority for revision (i.e., this category is marked with “(3)” in the “Findings” column in Table V-1 in the accompanying Federal Register notice that presents the 2008 annual review of effluent guidelines and pretreatment standards).

11.6 Waste Combustors Category References

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7. Krejci, Christopher. 2008f. Eastern Research Group, Inc. Notes from telephone conversation between Christopher Krejci, Eastern Research Group, Inc., and Dennis Warchol, ONYX Environmental Services Incineration Services (aka Veolia Environmental Services), Sauget, IL. “Pesticides Receipt and Possible Discharge at ONYX Sauget.” (March 27). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05945.
8. U.S. EPA. 1996. *Technical Development Document for the Pesticides Formulating, Packaging, and Re-packaging Effluent Limitations Guidelines, Pretreatment Standards, and New Source Performance Standards*. EPA-821-R-96-019. Washington, DC. (September 30).
9. U.S. EPA. 2000. *Development Document for Final Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards for Commercial Hazardous Waste Combustors*. EPA-821-R-99-020. Washington, DC. (January). Available online at: <http://epa.gov/guide/chwc/final/technical.html>.

Table 11-10. Summary of Waste Combustor Pesticide Facility Contacts

Facility Name	City	Facility TWPE from TRI 2005	Facility Receives Pesticides?	Pesticides Detected in Treated Wastewater?	Comments
Clean Harbors Deer Park LP	Deer Park, TX	51,858.58	Yes	Yes	Facility tests for a variety of pesticides as required by their Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) permit. Facility submitted sampling data for 2006 which does not reveal any pesticide detections. Facility contact believes pesticides have been detected in the past, but the contact has no record of this. Also, any pesticides detected at permitted outfalls result from landfill leachate (Krejci, 2008a).
Von Roll America Inc	East Liverpool, OH	329.95	Yes	No	Facility does not discharge process wastewater from incinerators — it is treated and recycled. Residuals are sent to an off-site landfill. Pesticides receipt at the facility in 2007 was approximately 25% above normal levels (Krejci, 2008b).
Onyx Environmental Services LLC ^a	Port Arthur, TX	94.51	Yes	No	Facility disposes of scrubber blowdown by deep-well injection. Facility has not seen a noticeable increase in pesticides receipt in recent years (Krejci, 2008d).
Teris LLC	El Dorado, AR	13.58	Yes	No	Facility samples approximately 10 percent of their influent for various chemicals, including pesticides. Facility frequently detects pesticides in the incoming waste shipments, but does not discharge any wastewater. Incinerator uses a dry emissions control system (baghouse). For TRI reporting, the facility uses waste characterization profiles provided by clients (Krejci, 2008e).
Onyx Environmental Services ^a	Sauget, IL	0.73	Yes	No	Facility does not generate wastewater (incinerator emissions flow through a dry scrubber). Facility has not seen an increase in pesticides receipt in recent years. Facility estimates the quantities reported to TRI based on waste characterization reports provided by clients (Krejci, 2008f).

Table 11-10. Summary of Waste Combustor Pesticide Facility Contacts

Facility Name	City	Facility TWPE from TRI 2005	Facility Receives Pesticides?	Pesticides Detected in Treated Wastewater?	Comments
Ross Incineration Services Inc	Grafton, OH	NA	Yes	No	Facility does not discharge process wastewater from incinerators. Scrubber blowdown is sent to an off-site wastewater treatment facility. The facility tests for a variety of pesticides on a quarterly basis, and has not detected any since they first began testing in the early 1990s. The facility generally uses waste characterization reports in conjunction with emissions factors to calculate releases for TRI reporting. Pesticides receipt at the facility has definitely increased in recent years, but total waste received has also increased. It is unclear how much the pesticides fraction of total waste has increased (Krejci, 2008c).

Source: Notes from telephone conversation between Christopher Krejci, Eastern Research Group, Inc., and Kevin Honohan, Clean Harbors, Deer Park, TX (Krejci, 2008a); Notes from telephone conversation between Christopher Krejci, Eastern Research Group, Inc., and Steve Lorah, Von Roll America, East Liverpool, OH (Krejci, 2008b); Notes from telephone conversation between Christopher Krejci, Eastern Research Group, Inc., and Jeffrey Lynch, Ross Incineration Services, Grafton, OH (Krejci, 2008c); Notes from telephone conversation between Christopher Krejci, Eastern Research Group, Inc., and Dan Duncan, ONYX Environmental Services (aka Veolia Environmental Services), Port Arthur, TX (Krejci, 2008d); Notes from telephone conversation between Christopher Krejci, Eastern Research Group, Inc., and Dan Robley, Terris, LLC (aka Clean Harbors El Dorado), El Dorado, AR (Krejci, 2008e); Notes from telephone conversation between Christopher Krejci, Eastern Research Group, Inc., and Dennis Warchol, ONYX Environmental Services Incineration Services (aka Veolia Environmental Services), Sauget, IL (Krejci, 2008f).

a — EPA included these two facilities in the CWT Category but learned from facility contacts that they are waste combustors. These two facilities are included in this table because they are waste combustors, but *TRIRelases2005_v02* classifies them as CWTs. They contribute negligible TWPE and do not affect overall rankings; therefore, EPA did not correct *TRIRelases_v02*. For future versions of the *TRIRelases* databases, EPA will classify these facilities as part of the Waste Combustor Category.

NA — Not applicable. Ross Incineration Services Inc does not report water discharges to TRI.

PART III: DETAILED STUDIES

12.0 COAL MINING CATEGORY (PART 434)

The purpose of this report is to summarize the analytical approach, research activities, and findings of the Coal Mining Detailed Study that EPA conducted to evaluate the comments received from a public interest group and from states and industry urging revisions to pollutant limitations in the Coal Mining Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards (ELGs) (40 CFR Part 434) (see 71 FR 76644-76667, December 21, 2006; 72 FR 61342-61343, October 30, 2007).

To facilitate this study, EPA identified data sources, developed a methodology for estimating treatment costs and discharge loads, and initiated data collection activities in consultation with the Interstate Mining Compact Commission, state agencies in West Virginia and Pennsylvania, and the Office of Surface Mining, Reclamation, and Enforcement within the U.S. Department of the Interior (U.S. EPA, 2007). EPA's analysis focused primarily on Pennsylvania and West Virginia because acid mine drainage (AMD) from coal mining, commonly containing manganese, is most prevalent in these two states.

EPA also evaluated the technology basis for the existing Coal Mining ELGs rulemakings: chemical precipitation and settling (U.S. EPA, 1976). EPA evaluated the current application of this technology, treatment costs, and pollutant discharge loads (see Sections 6.1, 7.0, and 8.0, respectively). EPA reviewed scientific literature and participated in discussions with state regulatory personnel in order to assess the potential effects of manganese discharges to surface water and to determine whether other pollutants in coal mining discharges are of concern (see Section 9.0). EPA also addressed the question of whether coal mining companies are forfeiting bonds because of the cost of manganese treatment by examining bonding requirements, past bond forfeiture rates, and future potential bond forfeiture rates (see Section 10.0).

12.1 Summary of Public Comments

The public interest group, the Environmental Law and Policy Center (ELPC), asked EPA to place more stringent controls on total dissolved solids (TDS) (e.g., sulfates and chlorides), mercury, cadmium, manganese, and selenium in coal mining discharges. ELPC referenced a study by EPA Region 5 on potential adverse impacts of the discharge of sulfates on aquatic life (EPA-HQ-OW-2004-0032-2614 through 2617).

The Interstate Mining Compact Commission, which represents mining regulatory agencies in 28 states, state mine permitting agencies in Pennsylvania and Virginia, two Pennsylvania coal mining companies, and a Pennsylvania coal mining trade association, asked EPA to remove the current manganese limitations stating:

1. Manganese treatment doubles or triples overall treatment costs resulting in the forfeiture of Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act (SMCRA) bonds;
2. Manganese treatment is unnecessary to protect aquatic life and there are no widespread toxicity problems from discharges of manganese;
3. Manganese treatment sometimes results in environmental harm because mining operators must add excessive chemicals to meet the discharge limits;
4. EPA should reconsider its rationale for setting manganese limits to ensure surrogate removal of other metals because data show that other metals occur only in low concentrations; and

5. Manganese limits discourage the use of passive treatment technologies which are more environmentally beneficial than active treatment because the limits are overly stringent.

Individual state and industry commenters cited the following factors in support of their comments:

1. States enacted more stringent coal mining reclamation bonding requirements after the promulgation of SMCRA to control water discharges from mines undergoing reclamation;
2. Studies support their contention that manganese is not harmful to aquatic life at levels above the current effluent limits; and
3. Active treatment with chemical additions is perceived to possibly complicate permit compliance and cause environmental harm.

12.2 Key Definitions

Proper understanding of the following terms is essential to understanding EPA's response to the public commenters. The following terms are from 40 CFR Part 434 Subpart A – General Provisions:

- Acid or ferruginous mine drainage. Mine drainage which, before any treatment, either has a pH of less than 6.0 or a total iron concentration equal to or greater than 10 mg/L (40 CFR 434.11(a)).
- Active mining area. The area, on and beneath land, used or disturbed in activity related to the extraction, removal, or recovery of coal from its natural deposits. This term excludes coal preparation plants, coal preparation plant associated areas and post-mining areas (40 CFR 434.11(b)).
- Alkaline, mine drainage. Mine drainage which, before any treatment, has a pH equal to or greater than 6.0 and total iron concentration of less than 10 mg/L (40 CFR 434.11(c)).
- Bond release. The time at which the appropriate regulatory authority returns a reclamation or performance bond based upon its determination that reclamation work (including, in the case of underground mines, mine sealing and abandonment procedures) has been satisfactorily completed (40 CFR 434.11(d)).
- Post-mining area. (1) A reclamation area or (2) The underground workings of an underground coal mine after the extraction, removal, or recovery of coal from its natural deposit has ceased and prior to bond release (40 CFR 434.11(k)).
- Reclamation area. The surface area of a coal mine which has been returned to required contour and on which re-vegetation (specifically, seeding or planting) work has commenced (40 CFR 434.11(l)).

12.3 Applicability of 40 CFR Part 434 Manganese Effluent Limits

It is important to note that EPA has promulgated manganese effluent limits only for the following subset of coal mining operations as codified in 40 CFR Part 434:

1. Active surface and underground mining areas with acid or ferruginous mine drainage discharges (Subpart C – Acid or Ferruginous Mine Drainage); and
2. Underground post-mining areas with acid or ferruginous mine drainage discharges (Subpart E – Post Mining Areas).

There are no national manganese effluent limits for surface post-mining areas with AMD, nor for any surface or underground alkaline mine drainage discharges. There are no national manganese effluent limits for AMD that may develop after SMCRA bond release has been granted, nor are there national manganese effluent limits for AMD from abandoned coal mines.

12.4 Key Findings Concerning Public Comments

The following is a summary of key findings of the Coal Mining Detailed Study in response to comments received from stakeholders. The findings are discussed in more detail throughout the remainder of the study.

12.4.1 *Bond Forfeitures*

EPA clarified states' comments regarding the costs of EPA's 40 CFR Part 434 manganese limits. In their initial public comments, state commenters did not distinguish the costs of manganese removal among the three phases of coal mining: active mining areas, post-mining areas, and post-bond release areas. This is important because the Part 434 manganese limits only apply to a subset of coal mining phases. EPA clarified through discussions with state agencies that states are most concerned about the cost of manganese treatment at post-mining areas where bonds cannot be released because effluent manganese concentrations in the discharges exceed the permit limits. States expressed a concern that operators at such mines may default on their bonds rather than renew their bonds as required every five years. States indicate that reduced manganese treatment costs at such mines may decrease the number of potential bond forfeitures (Coddling, 2006). EPA, however, is not able to address this issue through revisions to Part 434 because there are no manganese limits for surface post-mining areas. EPA's review of state data indicates that manganese limits in permits for discharges from surface post-mining areas are derived by state permit writers from state manganese water quality standards or from site specific best professional judgment (BPJ) technology-based effluent limits. There are, however, manganese limits for underground post-mining areas with AMD which are adequate and to which no changes are warranted at this time. See Section 4.1 for additional information on the applicability of Part 434 and water quality standards and Section 5.2.1 for additional information on the manganese water quality-based limits.

EPA found that manganese removal does double or triple treatment costs, but for active surface and underground mining areas with AMD (regulated by Part 434 Subpart C Acid or Ferruginous Mine Drainage) and post-mining areas of underground mines with AMD (regulated by Subpart E Post-Mining Areas) manganese treatment technology is available (see Section 6.0), economically achievable (see 42 FR 23180-21390, April 26, 1977), and compliance rates with permit limits derived from the Part 434 management limits are high (see Section 5.2).

Based on information received from Pennsylvania and West Virginia, EPA concluded that only a small percentage of coal mine bond forfeitures are due to the cost of manganese treatment. Overall, EPA found that there is little potential for future bond forfeitures on SMCRA

permits that have been granted during the past five years or will be granted in the future. Similarly, EPA believes that current trends will continue, making it unlikely that companies will forfeit bonds on permits that will be issued in the future. EPA's analysis indicates that forfeitures are largely a legacy of the first decade of SMCRA implementation during the 1980s and early 1990s. In particular, SMCRA requires a Probable Hydrologic Consequence (PHC) analysis prior to approval of the SMCRA permit in order to identify regional hydrologic impacts associated with the coal mining and reclamation operation. The PHC is a determination of baseline quality and quantity of ground water and surface water and the impact the proposed mining will have on these baseline conditions. When potential adverse impacts are identified (e.g., AMD) through use of the PHC, appropriate protection, mitigation, and rehabilitation plans are developed and included in mining and reclamation permit requirements. If the potential adverse impacts cannot be sufficiently mitigated the SMCRA permit may be denied. The ultimate goal of using the PHC in the SMCRA permit review is to prevent AMD after land reclamation is complete and the SMCRA bond is released. PHC analytical techniques have evolved over time due to increasing knowledge. The current methods for PHC analysis are more advanced and can adequately predict AMD formation, where as in the past predictions were not as accurate. Based on the advancements in the PHC analysis, Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection anticipates that less than one percent of recently SMCRA permitted mines will develop AMD after reclamation and bond release. See Section 10.0 for additional information on the reasons for bond forfeitures.

12.4.2 Potential Environmental Impacts

Due to data limitations, EPA was able to conduct only a very limited analysis of potential impacts from TDS (e.g., sulfates and chlorides), mercury, cadmium, manganese, and selenium in order to respond to comments that more stringent controls on these pollutants may be warranted. EPA reviewed readily available literature and analyzed mine drainage information provided by Pennsylvania and West Virginia in order to better understand the potential for human health and aquatic life effects of these pollutants. EPA found limited information concerning documented environmental impacts. The discharge data provided by OSMRE and the states was difficult to use for the purpose of assessing potential impacts because of the small sample sizes for certain pollutants and inconsistencies across data sets due to different collection purposes. EPA's review of potential impacts is discussed in Section 9.0 of this report.

12.4.3 Surrogate Removal of Metals through Manganese Treatment

EPA reviewed the technical development documents and federal register notices supporting the Coal Mining ELGs and did not identify any discussion regarding promulgating manganese effluent guidelines to ensure surrogate removal of other metals. EPA's review of these documents showed that EPA's rationale for requiring manganese control for a subset of coal mines was to address drinking water organoleptic effects (U.S. EPA, 1976).

12.4.4 Effectiveness of Passive Treatment Systems

EPA reviewed the cost and performance of passive treatment systems and concluded that they are less expensive than active treatment systems, but they generally do not perform as well as active treatment systems. See Section 6.2 for more information.

12.5 EPA 2008 Decision on Revising Part 434 Effluent Guidelines

Based on its review of the available data and the findings described above, EPA is not proposing revisions to the pollutant limitations in the coal mining effluent guidelines (40 CFR Part 434). As with all industrial discharges, EPA will continue to examine discharges from coal mines in future annual reviews to determine if existing effluent guidelines are appropriate and sufficient.

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13.0 HEALTH SERVICES INDUSTRY AND HOSPITALS CATEGORY (PART 460)

EPA identified the Health Services Industry as a candidate for a detailed study in the final 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan (71 FR 76656, December 21, 2006). The Health Services Industry includes establishments engaged in various aspects of human health (e.g., hospitals, hospices, long-term care facilities, dentists) and animal health (e.g., veterinarians). Health services establishments fall under SIC major group 80 “Health Services” and industry group 074 “Veterinary Services.” According to the 2002 U.S. Economic Census, there are over 475,000 facilities in the Health Services Industry (U.S. Census, 2005). EPA is including the following sectors within the Health Services Industry in its detailed study (70 FR 51054, August 29, 2005):

- Offices and Clinics of Dentists;
- Doctors and Mental Health Practitioners;
- Nursing and Personal Care Facilities (long-term care facilities);
- Hospitals, Hospices and Clinics;
- Medical Laboratories and Diagnostic Centers; and
- Veterinary Care Services.

As discussed below, EPA is focusing on two main issues for these sectors within this industry.

All these sectors require services to be delivered by trained professionals for the purpose of providing health care and social assistance for individuals or animals. These entities may be free standing or part of a hospital or health system and may be privately or publicly owned. The services can include diagnostic, preventative, cosmetic, and curative health services.

The vast majority of establishments in the health services industries are not subject to categorical limitations and standards. In 1976, EPA promulgated 40 CFR 460, which only applies to direct discharging hospitals. Part 460 did not establish pretreatment standards for indirect discharging facilities.

In evaluating the health services industries to date, EPA has found little readily available information from EPA databases. Both EPA’s Permit Compliance System (PCS) and Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) contain sparse information on health care service establishments. For 2002, PCS only has data for two facilities that are considered “major” sources of pollutants, and only Federal facilities in the healthcare industry are required to report to TRI.

Based on preliminary information, major pollutants of concern in discharges from health care service establishments include solvents, mercury, pharmaceuticals, and biohazards (e.g., items contaminated with blood) (U.S. EPA, 2005). The majority of the mercury originates from the following sources: amalgam used in dental facilities and medical equipment, laboratory reagents, and cleaning supplies used in healthcare facilities (Fairfax, 2006; Johnston, 2005). EPA found little to no quantitative information on wastewater discharges of pollutants of emerging concern such as pharmaceuticals but was able to identify some information on biohazards (OH EPA, 1993).

As described above, the Health Services Industry is expansive and contains approximately half a million facilities. Because of the size and diversity of this category and other resource constraints, EPA decided to focus its detailed study on certain types of

dischargers. EPA selected its focus areas, for the most part, to respond to stakeholder concerns. The focus areas are:

- *Dental mercury*: EPA focused its evaluation on mercury discharges from the offices and clinics of dentists due to the potential hazard and bioaccumulative properties associated with mercury.
- *Unused pharmaceuticals*: EPA is focusing its evaluation on the management of unused or leftover pharmaceuticals from health service facilities due to the growing concern over the discharge of pharmaceuticals into water and the potential environmental effects.

13.1 Dental Mercury

The Agency notes that it has an overall interest in mercury reduction and on July 5, 2006, issued a report titled, “EPA’s Roadmap for Mercury,” (U.S. EPA, 2006a). Among other things, EPA’s report highlights mercury sources and describes progress to date in addressing mercury sources. As part of the 2008 Health Services Industry detailed study, EPA researched the following questions/topics for the 2008 final plan as they relate to disposal of mercury into municipal sewer systems:

- What are current industry practices regarding the mercury disposal? To what extent are each of these practices applied? What factors drive current practices?
- Are there federal, state, or local requirements or guidance for disposal of mercury? What are these requirements?
- How are control authorities currently controlling (or not controlling) disposal of mercury via wastewater?
- To what extent do POTWs report pass through or interference problems related to mercury discharges?
- What technologies are available: (1) as alternatives to wastewater disposal; and (2) to control pollutant discharges. Is there any qualitative or quantitative information on their efficiency?
- What Best Management Practices (BMPs) are used as alternatives to wastewater disposal and/or to control discharges and is there any qualitative or quantitative information on their efficiency?
- Is there any quantitative or qualitative information on the costs associated with identified technologies and/or BMPs?

Across the United States, many States and municipal wastewater treatment plants (publicly owned treatment works [POTWs]) are working toward the goal of reducing discharges of mercury into collection systems. Many studies have been conducted in an attempt to identify the sources of mercury entering these collection systems. According to the 2002 Mercury Source Control and Pollution Prevention Program Final Report prepared for the National Association of Clean Water Agencies (NACWA), dental clinics are the main source of mercury discharges to POTWs. The American Dental Association (ADA) estimated in 2003 that up to 50 percent of mercury entering POTWs was contributed by dental offices (Vandeven, 2005).

EPA estimates there are approximately 160,000 dentists working in 120,000 dental offices that use or remove amalgam in the United States – almost all of which discharge their

wastewater exclusively to POTWs. Mercury in dental wastewater originates from waste particles associated with the placement and removal of amalgam fillings. Most dental offices currently use some type of basic filtration system to reduce the amount of mercury solids passing into the sewer system. However, BMPs and the installation of amalgam separators, which generally have a removal efficiency of 95 percent, have been shown to reduce discharges even further. A recent study funded by NACWA (Larry Walker Associates, 2002) concluded that the use of amalgam separators results in reductions in POTW influent concentrations and biosolids mercury concentrations. Use of amalgam separators does not always result in reductions in POTW effluent, however, since most amalgam particles are removed with biosolids. Mercury that partitions to wastewater sludge may be incinerated or disposed to a landfill.

States, Regions, and localities have implemented mandatory and voluntary programs to reduce dental mercury discharges. Specifically, 11 states and at least 19 localities have mandatory pretreatment programs that require the use of dental mercury amalgam separators (U.S. EPA, 2008a). Additionally, at least 20 POTWs have voluntary programs to reduce mercury discharges from dental offices. Success rates for these voluntary programs vary greatly, and are usually higher when there is a mandatory “second phase” to the voluntary program. EPA Region 5 published guidance for permitting dental mercury discharges (U.S. EPA, 2004). The ADA has also adopted and published BMPs for its members. On October 2, 2007, the ADA updated its BMPs to include the use of amalgam separators (ADA, 2007). The document titled *Health Services Industry Detailed Study: Dental Amalgam*, compiles the information EPA has collected to date on existing guidance and requirements for dental mercury (U.S. EPA, 2008a).

In 2007 and 2008, EPA focused its efforts on collecting and compiling information on current mercury discharges from dental offices, BMPs, and amalgam separators. For amalgam separators, EPA looked at the frequency with which they are currently used; their effectiveness in reducing discharges to POTWs; and the capital and annual costs associated with their installation and operation (U.S. EPA, 2008a). EPA also conducted a POTW pass-through analysis on mercury for the industry.

EPA received comments from 32 stakeholders on the preliminary 2008 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan. Most commenters were from pretreatment programs that provided useful information on their mandatory and voluntary pretreatment programs that include the use of amalgam separators. EPA used this information to update its final report on management and best practices for the control of dental mercury (U.S. EPA, 2008a). ADA and NACWA commented that although they do not support development of national pretreatment standards, they are willing to work with one another and EPA to increase the use of amalgam separators by dental facilities. EPA is exploring options with ADA and NACWA to promote the use of amalgam separators.

In response to mercury water quality and pollution prevention concerns, there is progress at the State and local level as amalgam separators and other BMPs are increasingly being mandated by States and local governments. ADA’s recently revised BMPs will likely help in convincing dentists to install amalgam separators and employ other BMPs to recover dental amalgam and prevent the discharge of mercury to POTWs. This will help POTWs reduce the amount of mercury in their biosolids and the potential for mercury emissions when biosolids are incinerated. Additionally, due to mercury-free fillings and improved overall dental health, the use of mercury in dentistry is decreasing in the U.S. (U.S. EPA, 2008a).

At this time EPA is not identifying this sector for an effluent guidelines rulemaking. As previously noted above, industrial categories demonstrating significant progress through voluntary efforts to reduce hazard to human health or the environment associated with their effluent discharges are a lower priority for effluent guidelines or pretreatment standards revision, particularly where such reductions are achieved by a significant majority of individual facilities in the industry. As an example, in the final 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan EPA relied on a national voluntary partnership program for the industrial laundries sector as a factor in not identifying the industrial laundries sector for an effluent guidelines rulemaking (Section 19.9 of U.S. EPA, 2006b). In future annual reviews, EPA will continue to examine the percentage of dentists using amalgam separators and their effectiveness at recovering dental amalgam and reducing mercury discharges to POTWs. EPA notes ADA's recent positive step in revising their BMPs to include the recommendation for dentists to use amalgam separators. In particular, EPA will examine whether a significant majority of dentists are utilizing amalgam separators. After such examination, EPA may re-evaluate its current view not to initiate an effluent guidelines rulemaking for this sector.

13.2 Unused Pharmaceuticals

To date, scientists have identified more than 160 pharmaceutical compounds at discernable concentrations in our nation's rivers, lakes, and streams (Section 3 of U.S. EPA, 2008b). EPA is very concerned about these findings. To address this issue at the source, EPA is studying how the drugs are entering our waterways and what factors contribute to the current situation. Towards this end, EPA initiated a study on pharmaceutical disposal practices at health care facilities, such as hospitals, hospices, long-term care facilities, and veterinary hospitals. Unused pharmaceuticals include dispensed prescriptions that patients do not use as well as materials that are beyond their expiration dates. Another potential source of unused pharmaceuticals is the residuals remaining in used and partially used dispensers, containers, and devices. Many of these dispensers, containers, and devices are bulky and are likely not disposed to the sewer as they could create blockages in the sewer; however, some might be sewerable (e.g., medical patches). As a point of clarification, the term "unused pharmaceuticals" does not include excreted pharmaceuticals.

For many years, a standard practice at many health care facilities was to dispose of unused pharmaceuticals by flushing them down the toilet or drain. Through this study, EPA seeks to investigate the following questions:

- What are the current industry practices for disposing of unused pharmaceuticals?
- Which pharmaceuticals are being disposed of and at what quantities?
- What are the options for disposing of unused pharmaceuticals other than down the drain or toilet?
- What factors influence disposal decisions?
- Do disposal practices differ within industry sectors?
- What BMPs could facilities implement to reduce the generation of unused pharmaceuticals?

- What reductions in the quantities of pharmaceuticals discharged to POTWs would be achieved by implementing BMPs or alternative disposal methods?
- What are the costs of current disposal practices compared to the costs of implementing BMPs or alternative disposal methods?

In a related effort, EPA also seeks to determine the effectiveness with which POTWs can remove pharmaceuticals from incoming sewage. Upon completion of the health services study, EPA hopes to understand what factors contribute to unused pharmaceutical disposal methods at health service facilities and which disposal methods represent best practices to minimize environmental impacts.

To date, EPA has completed an interim study of the health services industry (U.S. EPA, 2008b). To gather data for the study, EPA completed site visits to two hospitals and a pharmaceutical reverse distributor; investigated secondary data sources such as existing institutional surveys on disposal practices; and conducted a series of meetings and teleconferences with other Federal agencies and health care stakeholder groups.

The study focused on hospitals and long-term care facilities (LTCFs) because these facilities are likely responsible for the largest amounts of unused pharmaceuticals being disposed into sewage collection systems within this industry sector. In 2005, there were about 7,000 hospitals and 35,000 LTCFs in the United States (U.S. EPA, 2008b).

EPA's preliminary findings include:

- *Hospitals and long-term care facilities have limited disposal options for unused pharmaceuticals.* Limitations include Federal regulations, state regulations, non-regulatory factors such as ease of disposal and costs, and difficulties encountered during implementation of pharmaceutical take-back programs.
- *Some federal regulations may inadvertently encourage disposal of unused pharmaceuticals via the sewer.* The Controlled Substances Act (CSA), enforced by the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), establishes a closed distribution system for controlled substances. The CSA prohibits the return of controlled substances from end-users to any person except, in certain cases, a law-enforcement agent and CSA registrants. Disposal of controlled substances by CSA registrants is carefully regulated to ensure that the substance is destroyed or rendered unrecoverable. One acceptable method of destruction is witnessed disposal of controlled substances in a drain or toilet.
- *Some unused pharmaceuticals are regulated as hazardous wastes and subject to the nation's hazardous waste disposal requirements.* Pharmaceutical wastes may be hazardous waste (under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)) if they are: (1) the pharmaceutical or its sole active ingredient is specifically listed in 40 CFR part 261.33(e) or (f) (commonly referred to as the P or U lists, respectively); and/or (2) the waste exhibits one or more characteristics of hazardous waste (ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, or toxicity as defined in 40 CFR parts 261.21-24, respectively). Common pharmaceutical wastes that are RCRA hazardous waste when disposed of include epinephrine, nitroglycerin,

warfarin, nicotine, and some chemotherapeutic agents.²⁰ Healthcare facilities must determine if these wastes are RCRA hazardous wastes, and if so, must comply with all applicable RCRA Subtitle C requirements, including many special handling and transportation requirements.

- *State regulations vary widely and influence disposal practices.* State regulations of the disposal of unused pharmaceuticals and controlled substances vary widely (The Lewin Group, 2004; APhA, 2006). Many state regulations require both hospitals and LTCFs to destroy unused pharmaceuticals but often do not specify the process of destruction; however, many states (33 states according to APhA, 2006) have requirements for the types of facility personnel required to conduct and oversee the destruction. Some states have hazardous waste regulations that are more stringent than EPA (AAEVT, 2006). For example, some wastes are regulated as hazardous under state law but not RCRA (Table 4-1 of U.S. EPA, 2008b). State regulations for reuse of medications vary widely. Many states allow re-use of uncontaminated pharmaceuticals (excluding controlled substances) that have been in a controlled environment, such as an automatic dispensing system (The Lewin Group, 2004). At least five states strictly prohibit hospitals and LTCFs from reusing pharmaceuticals entirely. These states include Arizona, Kentucky, Mississippi, New Mexico, and Texas. California allows county health departments to collect unused pharmaceuticals from LTCFs, wholesalers, and manufacturers and redistribute them for dispensing to the uninsured poor. Some State Medicare and Medicaid requirements often deter LTCFs from donating or redistributing their unused medications (Hessanauer, 2007).
- *Medicare and Medicaid requirements also influence hospital disposal practices.* The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), the federal agency within the Department of Health and Human Services, administers the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Medicare provides health insurance to elderly and disabled Americans, while Medicaid provides health insurance for low income Americans, including long-term care coverage (CMS, Unknown). In a March 22, 2006 letter, CMS provided guidance to State Medicaid programs encouraging states to require LTCFs to return unused medications to pharmacies and to ensure Medicaid is repaid for unused treatments when nursing home patients die, are discharged, or have their prescriptions changed. In addition, some state Medicaid programs require LTC pharmacies to accept returned unused pharmaceuticals (excluding controlled substances) from LTCFs. The LTC pharmacy then credits Medicaid for the unused doses. However, LTC pharmacies typically receive little payment for these return services and have not found them to be cost effective. For example, when a pharmacy takes back a previously dispensed medication for disposal, it must pay to have the medication destroyed, but it is not compensated for this service (The Lewin Group, 2004). Therefore, few LTC pharmacies participate in these programs.
- *Organization size, ease of disposal and cost are also factors influencing the disposal of unused pharmaceuticals.* Some facilities use flushing to sewers as a primary means of disposal since it is both easy and complies with CSA

²⁰ The Agency clarified its regulation at 40 CFR 261.33, explaining that epinephrine salts are not included in the epinephrine P042 listing (since the listing only specifies epinephrine and not epinephrine salts); the salts, therefore, would be hazardous only if the waste epinephrine salt exhibited one or more of the hazardous waste characteristics (Hale, 2007).

requirements for destruction. Facilities are most likely to flush pharmaceuticals if they do not have an on-site pharmacy and/or do not have a pre-existing contract with a hazardous waste hauler to dispose of the pharmaceuticals. In the past, public health agencies and health-related non-government organizations guided the public to destroy unused medications by flushing them down the toilet. Many LTCFs have adopted this method for destruction of unused controlled substances. Many LTCFs have also extended this practice to include flushing all unused medications – controlled and non controlled substances (Garvin, 2007).

- *Logistics for disposing of unused pharmaceuticals at hospitals are different from long-term care facilities.* Hospitals typically have on-site pharmacies. It is common practice at hospitals to return some unused pharmaceuticals to the hospital pharmacy and then on to the manufacturer for credit or disposal. However, this option extends only to those pharmaceuticals for which the hospital can receive credit and does not include unused pharmaceuticals that are considered waste (e.g., pharmaceuticals in an intravenous bag, drug samples brought into the hospital). Also, hospitals typically do not prescribe medication far in advance or in large quantities. As a result, the potential for pharmaceuticals to be wasted is reduced. In addition, hospitals typically have pre-existing arrangements for disposal of unused pharmaceuticals as hazardous waste (Garvin, 2007).
- *Widespread implementation of best management practices may reduce the number and quantity of unused pharmaceuticals entering in our nation's waters from disposal.* Three organizations provide guidance in the form of BMPs to medical facilities on managing pharmaceutical waste: Hospitals for a Healthy Environment (H2E), Product Stewardship Institute (PSI), and Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO). The guidelines provided by these organizations all aim to reduce health and environmental impacts due to current disposal practices of pharmaceutical waste, as discussed in Section 5.2 of the *Health Services Industry Detailed Study: Management and Disposal of Unused Pharmaceuticals (Interim Technical Report)* (U.S. EPA, 2008b). Examples of model BMPs identified to date include waste minimization and reverse distribution systems used by hospitals in California, Minnesota, and Washington. Waste minimization techniques include maintaining inventories of high-use pharmaceuticals and identifying those that are close to expiring. Short-dated pharmaceuticals are redistributed to other areas of the hospitals where they are needed. Also, dispensed pharmaceuticals can go unused at a hospital or LTCF if the patient has an allergic or adverse reaction to the medication, no longer requires treatment, refuses treatment, or the medication expires. Hospitals and LTCFs can reduce the amount of pharmaceutical waste generated by limiting the amount of pharmaceuticals dispensed to patients and residents at one time. This can be accomplished by using unit dose packaging, limited quantity dispensing, automatic dispensing systems and standardized medication dosages, as discussed in Section 5.2 of the *Health Services Industry Detailed Study: Management and Disposal of Unused Pharmaceuticals (Interim Technical Report)* (U.S. EPA, 2008b). Hospitals and LTCFs have the option of hiring reverse distributors to manage their unused and/or expired medication that the facility believes could be returned to the manufacturer or wholesaler for credit. The reverse distributor determines which medications may be returned to the manufacturer or wholesaler

for credit and arranges for disposal of unused medications that are waste. However, there are CSA limitations for reverse distributors and controlled substances. In most cases, reverse distributors cannot handle controlled substances.

EPA is concerned about pharmaceuticals in the environment and is working on this issue in many different areas. Over the last few years, EPA has increased its work in a number of areas to better understand pharmaceuticals. EPA has an overall strategy to address the risks associated with emerging contaminants. This four-pronged strategy is aimed at improving science, improving public understanding, identifying partnership and stewardship opportunities, and taking regulatory action as appropriate. We are focused on learning more about the occurrence and health effects of pharmaceuticals in water. In addition, we are working to better understand what treatment technologies may remove them from wastewater and drinking water. We are developing analytical methods to improve detection capabilities. We are conducting national studies and surveys to help direct our course of action. We are also partnering with government agencies, stakeholders, and the private sector, and increasing public awareness about product stewardship and pollution prevention (Grumbles, 2008). Additionally, the Agency is considering amending its hazardous waste regulations to add hazardous pharmaceutical wastes to the universal waste system to facilitate its oversight of the disposal of pharmaceutical waste (40 CFR 273) (72 FR 23170, April 30, 2007). In addition, the inclusion of hazardous pharmaceutical wastes in the universal waste rule will also encourage health care facilities to manage all their pharmaceutical wastes as universal wastes, even wastes that are not regulated as hazardous but which nonetheless pose hazards. Finally, EPA has identified the issue of pharmaceuticals in wastewater is part of the Agency's Strategic Plan (2006-2011) to meet its goals of clean and safe water.²¹

EPA continues to study the issue of how health care facilities are managing and disposing of unused pharmaceuticals and POTW treatment effectiveness in an effort to identify the root cause and potential solutions to address the issue of pharmaceuticals in our waterways. Over the coming year, EPA will need to gather more technical and economic information on unused pharmaceutical management in the Health Services Industry. To aid its decision-making, EPA intends to submit an Information Collection Request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget for their review and approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act, 33 U.S.C. 3501, et seq., in the 2009 annual review. EPA will use this ICR to collect technical and economic information on unused pharmaceutical management and identify technologies and BMPs that reduce or eliminate the discharge of unused pharmaceuticals to POTWs. In designing this industry survey EPA expects to work closely with industry representatives from hospitals, hospices, long-term care facilities, veterinary hospitals and other affected stakeholders. EPA has published a separate Federal Register notice for this ICR and solicits comment on the potential scope of this ICR (73 FR 46903, August 12, 2008).

EPA also plans to conduct additional site visits to facilities to obtain more detailed information on how pharmaceuticals are managed, tracked, and disposed as well as influences on behavior. In addition, EPA is considering collecting data from other types of health care facilities (e.g., medical and dental offices, university and prison health clinics, and veterinary clinics).

²¹ See "2006 - 2011 EPA Strategic Plan," <http://www.epa.gov/ocfo/plan/plan.htm>.

EPA is also reviewing studies on POTW effectiveness. EPA remains very concerned about this issue and plans to expedite completion of this study.

13.3 Health Services Industry and Hospitals Category References

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14.0 OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION CATEGORY (PART 435)

EPA identified the coalbed methane (CBM) sector as a candidate for a detailed study in the final 2006 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan (71 FR 76656, December 21, 2006). As part of that announcement EPA made it clear that it would conduct data collection through an information collection request (ICR) to support this detailed study. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act EPA must seek Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval for an ICR. EPA also provided notice of this ICR in the preliminary 2008 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan (72 FR 61343, October 30, 2007) and in two separate Federal Register notices (73 FR 4556, January 25, 2008; 73 FR 40757, July 15, 2008). EPA is conducting this detailed study and data collection to determine whether it would be appropriate to initiate an effluent guidelines and limitations (ELGs) rulemaking to control pollutants discharged in coalbed methane (CBM) produced water.

CBM extraction requires removal of large amounts of water from underground coal seams before CBM can be released. CBM wells have a distinctive production history characterized by an early stage when large amounts of water are produced to reduce reservoir pressure which in turn encourages release of gas. This is followed by a stable stage when quantities of produced gas increase as the quantities of produced water decrease; and a late stage when the amount of gas produced declines and water production remains low (De Bruin, et al, 2001). The quantity and quality of water that is produced in association with CBM development varies from basin to basin, within a particular basin, from coal seam to coal seam, and over the lifetime of a CBM well.

Pollutants often found in these wastewaters include chloride, sodium, sulfate, bicarbonate, fluoride, iron, barium, magnesium, ammonia, and arsenic. Total dissolved solids (TDS) and electrical conductivity (EC) are bulk parameters that States typically use for quantifying and controlling the amount of pollutants in CBM produced waters.

Controlling the sodicity of the CBM produced waters is equally important in preventing environmental damage. Sodicity is often quantified as the sodium adsorption ratio (SAR), which is expressed as the ratio of sodium ions to calcium and magnesium ions. Sodicity is an important factor in controlling the produced water's suitability for irrigation as sodic soils are subject to severe structural degradation and restrict plant performance through poor soil-water and soil-air relations. All of these dissolved inorganic parameters can potentially affect environmental impacts as well as potential beneficial uses of CBM produced water.

Impacts to surface water from discharges of CBM produced waters can be severe depending upon the quality of the CBM produced waters. These discharges have variable effects depending on the biology of the receiving stream. Some waterbodies and watersheds may be able to absorb the discharged water while others are sensitive to CBM produced water discharges. For example, large lakes or rivers with sufficient dilution capacity or marine waters are less sensitive to saline discharges than smaller receiving water bodies. Discharge of these CBM produced waters may also cause erosion and in some cases irreversible soil damage from elevated TDS concentrations and SAR values. This may limit future agricultural and livestock uses of the water and watershed.

Currently, regulatory controls for CBM produced waters vary from State to State and permit to permit (De Bruin, et al, 2001). There is very limited permit information (e.g., effluent limits, restrictions) in EPA’s Permit Compliance System and Toxics Release Inventory for this industrial sector. Consequently, EPA is gathering additional information from State National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit programs and industry on the current regulatory controls across the different CBM basins.

CBM extraction activities accounted for about 10 percent of the total U.S. natural gas production in 2006 and are expanding in multiple basins across the United States. Currently, the Department of Energy’s Energy Information Administration expects CBM production to remain an important source of domestic natural gas over the next few decades.

As discussed in Section 3.2.1, EPA’s review of existing ELGs considers four factors:

1. Pollutants discharged in an industrial category’s effluent;
2. Current and potential pollution prevention and control technology options;
3. Category growth and economic considerations of technology options; and
4. Implementation and efficiency considerations of revising existing effluent guidelines or publishing new effluent guidelines.

EPA will use the CBM ICR to collect technical and economic information from a wide range of CBM operations to address these factors in greater detail (e.g., geographical and geologic differences in the characteristics of CBM produced waters, environmental data, current regulatory controls, availability and affordability of treatment technology options). Response to EPA’s questionnaire is mandatory for recipients and EPA will administer the questionnaire using its authority under Section 308 of the CWA, 33 U.S.C. 1318.

In 2007 and 2008, EPA worked with a range of stakeholders (e.g., industry representatives; Federal, State, and Tribal representatives; public interest groups and landowners; and water treatment experts) to obtain information on the industry and its CBM produced water management practices. EPA’s outreach started with teleconferences and then continued with a series of meetings and site visits in the major CBM basins. In total, EPA contacted over 700 people in eight states during more than 60 outreach and data collection activities in 2007 and 2008 (e.g., meetings, teleconferences, site visits) (Johnston, 2008; U.S. EPA, 2008a). EPA also solicited public comment through two separate Federal Register notices on the draft survey and supporting statement (73 FR 4556, January 25, 2008; 73 FR 40757, July 15, 2008). This outreach helped the development of the ICR as EPA incorporated data, comments, and suggestions from industry and other stakeholders into the questionnaire. EPA intends to distribute the two-phased questionnaire to industry within a few months of OMB approval (see Section 5(d) of U.S. EPA, 2008b). EPA will process the survey data it collects and plans to present preliminary results on available and affordable technology options in the preliminary 2010 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan.

14.1 Oil and Gas Extraction Category References

1. De Bruin, R.H. R.M. Lyman, R.W. Jones, and L.W. Cook. 2001. *Coalbed Methane in Wyoming Information Pamphlet 7 (revised)*. Wyoming State Geological Survey. EPA-HQ-OW-2004-0032-1904.

2. Johnston, Carey A. U.S. EPA. 2008. Memorandum to Public Record for the 2008 Effluent Guidelines Program Plan EPA Docket Number EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0661 (www.regulations.gov). “Index of Record Items Supporting Coalbed Methane Extraction Sector Survey: Updated [DCN 05768].” (June 27). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771-1124.
3. U.S. EPA. 2008a. *Coalbed Methane Detailed Study: 2007 Data Collection and Outreach*. (January 25). Washington, D.C. EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771-0977.
4. U.S. EPA. 2008b. Supporting Statement: Coalbed Methane Extraction Sector Questionnaire Information Collection Request Supporting the U.S. EPA Clean Water Act Section 304(b) Effluent Guidelines Annual Reviews. (June). Washington, D.C. EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771-1119.

15.0 STEAM ELECTRIC POWER GENERATING CATEGORY (PART 423)

The Steam Electric Power Generating Effluent Guidelines and Limitations (ELGs) (40 CFR 423) apply to a subset of the electric power industry, namely those facilities “primarily engaged in the generation of electricity for distribution and sale which results primarily from a process utilizing fossil-type fuel (coal, oil, or gas) or nuclear fuel in conjunction with a thermal cycle employing the steam water system as the thermodynamic medium” (see 40 CFR 423.10). EPA’s most recent revisions to the ELGs for this category were promulgated in 1982 (see 47 FR 52290, November 19, 1982).

EPA has focused efforts for the 2007/2008 Detailed Study for the Steam Electric Power Generating Category on certain discharges from coal-fired power plants. The study sought to:

1. Characterize the mass and concentrations of pollutants in wastewater discharges from coal-fired steam electric facilities; and
2. Identify the pollutants that comprise a significant portion of the category’s TWPE discharge estimate and the corresponding industrial operation.

EPA’s previous annual reviews have indicated that the toxic-weighted loadings for this category are predominantly driven by the metals present in wastewater discharges, and that the waste streams contributing the majority of these metals are associated with ash handling and wet flue gas desulfurization (FGD) systems (U.S. EPA, 2006). Other potential sources of metals include coal pile runoff, metal/chemical cleaning wastes, coal washing, and certain low volume wastes. EPA is continuing to collect data for the detailed study through facility inspections, wastewater sampling, a data request that was sent to a limited number of companies, and various secondary data sources (U.S. EPA, 2008c).

EPA’s data collection efforts are primarily focused on coal-fired power plants, with particular interest in FGD wastewater treatment, the management of ash sluice water, and water reuse opportunities. EPA’s site visit program gathers information on the types of wastewaters generated by coal-fired steam electric power plants, as well as the methods of managing these wastewaters to allow for recycle, reuse, or discharge. EPA conducted site visits at 16 coal-fired power plants and is continuing to identify potential site visit candidates to assess FGD systems using different scrubber designs or sorbents, and facilities operating or planning to install different types of treatment and water reuse options, including facilities achieving zero liquid discharge from their wet FGD operations.

Between July and October of 2007, EPA conducted five sampling episodes to characterize untreated wastewaters generated by coal-fired power plants, including FGD scrubber purge, fly ash sluice, bottom ash sluice, and combined fly- and bottom ash sluice. EPA also collected samples to assess the effluent quality from different types of treatment systems currently in place at these operations. Samples collected during the five episodes were analyzed for metals and other pollutants, such as total suspended solids and nitrogen. Site-specific sampling episode reports are in the docket for the 2008 Plan (ERG, 2008a; ERG, 2008b; ERG, 2008c; ERG, 2008d; ERG, 2008e). These reports discuss the specific sample points and analytes, the sample collection methods used, the field quality control samples collected, and the analytical results for the wastewater samples.

EPA is continuing to identify potential sampling candidates to evaluate additional types of FGD wastewater treatment systems, including advanced biological metals removal processes and chemical precipitation systems. EPA plans to conduct wastewater sampling at one or more additional plants in 2008 or early 2009.

EPA also collected facility-specific information using a data request conducted under authority of CWA Section 308 (U.S. EPA, 2007). In May 2007, EPA distributed this data request to nine companies that operate a number of coal-fired power plants with wet FGD systems. The data request complements the wastewater sampling effort as it requested facility-specific information about wastewaters, and identifies management practices, for facilities not included in EPA's sampling program. EPA received responses in August and October 2007 and characterized operations at 30 coal-fired power plants. EPA conducted technical reviews of the data received and resolved questions with the individual companies before entering the information into a database (U.S. EPA, 2008a; U.S. EPA, 2008c). The data request collected information on selected wastewater sources, air pollution controls, wastewater management and treatment practices, water reuse/recycle, and treatment system capital and operating costs.

The Utility Water Act Group (UWAG) provided EPA with a database that contains selected National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Form 2C data for 86 coal-fired plants operated by UWAG's member companies, namely those plants that operate wet FGD systems or wet fly ash sluice systems. The database provides facility information, data on facility outfalls, process flow diagrams, wastewater treatment information, and intake and effluent characteristics. Data are provided for the FGD, ash sluice, and coal pile runoff wastestreams (Aldridge, 2008; UWAG, 2008).

EPA is also in the process of contacting vendors and conducting literature searches to collect additional information on wastewater treatment technology options and wastewater reuse opportunities for particular waste streams. The Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) is conducting bench- and pilot-scale tests on FGD wastewater treatment technologies, including chemical precipitation, ion exchange, and biological metals removal.

EPA intends to continue its detailed review of the Steam Electric Power Generating Category in the 2009 and 2010 annual reviews of effluent guidelines. Wastewater sampling at a facility operating a treatment system of interest was delayed by nearly one year due to operational conditions at the plant. In addition, several other plants recently began operating a new generation of FGD wastewater treatment technology that promises to achieve substantially better pollutant reductions of metals and nutrients than EPA has evaluated to date. EPA believes it is important to evaluate the performance of these technologies, as well as the processes being investigated by EPRI, prior to concluding the detailed study. As noted above, EPA has not yet completed its wastewater sampling activities. The UWAG Form 2C database was recently delivered to EPA; however, EPA has not had sufficient time to fully evaluate this data. The database provides substantial information on wastewater generation and wastewater management and treatment practices for a large number of plants. EPA believes it is important to take additional time to evaluate the Form 2C data, in concert with EPA's sampling data and the responses to EPA's data request. EPA also intends to continue investigating water reuse opportunities to assess the degree to which they may yield pollutant reductions for discharges of ash sluice and FGD wastewater.

15.1 Steam Electric Power Generating Category References

1. Aldridge, Elizabeth. Hunton and Williams. 2008. Letter from Ms. Elizabeth Aldridge, Hunton and Williams, to Mr. Ron Jordan, U.S. EPA. RE: Completion of UWAG Form 2C Database. (June 6). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05861.
2. ERG. Eastern Research Group, Inc. 2008a. Final Sampling Episode Report, EME Homer City Generation L.P.'s Homer City Power Plant. (August). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05823.
3. ERG. Eastern Research Group, Inc. 2008b. Final Sampling Episode Report, Ohio Power Company's Cardinal Power Plant. (August). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05836.
4. ERG. Eastern Research Group, Inc. 2008c. Final Sampling Episode Report, Ohio Power Company's Mitchell Plant. (August). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05834.
5. ERG. Eastern Research Group, Inc. 2008d. Final Sampling Episode Report, Tampa Electric Company's Big Bend Station. (August). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05816.
6. ERG. Eastern Research Group, Inc. 2008e. Final Sampling Episode Report, Tennessee Valley Authority's Widows Creek Fossil Plant. (August). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05844.
7. U.S. EPA. 2008a. Confidential Business Information Version of the Data Request Database for the Steam Electric Power Generating Industry. (June 12). Washington, D.C. EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05755.
8. U.S. EPA. 2008b. Non-Confidential Business Information Version of the Data Request Database for the Steam Electric Power Generating Industry. (June 12). Washington, D.C. EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 5754.
9. U.S. EPA. 2008c. Steam Electric Power Generating Point Source Category: 2007/2008 Detailed Study Report. EPA-821-R-08-011. (August). Washington, D.C. EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05516.
10. U.S. EPA. 2007. Steam Electric Detailed Study: Summary Paper for the Preliminary 2008 Effluent Guidelines Plan. EPA-821-R-07-008. (October). Washington, D.C. EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771-0417.
11. U.S. EPA. 2006. Interim Detailed Study Report for the Steam Electric Power Generating Point Source Category. EPA-821-R-06-015. (November). Washington, D.C. EPA-HQ-OW-2004-0032-2781
12. UWAG. Utility Water Act Group. 2008. National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Form 2C Database, June 2008. (June). EPA-HQ-OW-2006-0771 DCN 05861A01.

Appendix A

SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIALS FOR EAD'S SCREENING-LEVEL ANALYSIS

Table A-1	SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk
Table A-2	SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category
Table A-3	TWFs for Chemicals in <i>TRIRelases2004</i> , <i>TRIRelases2005</i> , and <i>PCSLoads2004</i>
Table A-4	POTW Removals

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
0211	BEEF CATTLE FEEDLOTS	PSC	412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
0212	BEEF CATTLE, EXCEPT FEEDLOTS	PSC	412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
0213	HOGS	PSC	412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
0214	SHEEP AND GOATS	PSC	412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
0219	GENERAL LIVESTOCK, NEC	PSC	412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
0241	DAIRY FARMS	PSC	412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
0251	BROIL, FRY AND ROAST CHICKENS	PSC	412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
0252	CHICKEN EGGS	PSC	412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
0253	TURKEY AND TURKEY EGGS	PSC	412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
0254	POULTRY HATCHERIES	PSC	412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
0259	POULTRY AND EGGS, NEC	PSC	412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
0272	HORSES AND OTHER EQUINES	PSC	412	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO)
0273	ANIMAL AQUACULTURE	PSC	451	Aquatic Animal Production Industry
0741	VET SERVICES FOR LIVESTOCK	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
0742	VET SERV FOR ANIMAL SPECIALTY	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
0921	FISH HATCHERIES AND PRESERVES	PSC	451	Aquatic Animal Production Industry
1011	IRON ORES	PSC	440	Ore mining and dressing
1021	COPPER ORES	PSC	440	Ore mining and dressing
1031	LEAD AND ZINC ORES	PSC	440	Ore mining and dressing
1041	GOLD ORES	PSC	440	Ore mining and dressing
1044	SILVER ORES	PSC	440	Ore mining and dressing
1061	FERROALLOY ORES, EXCL VANADIUM	PSC	440	Ore mining and dressing
1081	METAL MINING SERVICES	PSC	440	Ore mining and dressing
1094	URANIUM-RADIUM-VANADIUM ORES	PSC	440	Ore mining and dressing
1099	METAL ORES, NEC	PSC	440	Ore mining and dressing
1221	BITUMINOUS COAL & LIG, SURFACE	PSC	434	Coal mining
1222	BITUMINOUS COAL & LIG, UNDERGR	PSC	434	Coal mining

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
1231	ANTHRACITE MINING	PSC	434	Coal mining
1311	CRUDE PETROLEUM & NATURAL GAS	PSC	435	Oil & Gas Extraction
1381	DRILLING OIL AND GAS WELLS	PSC	435	Oil & Gas Extraction
1382	OIL AND GAS FIELD EXPLORATION	PSC	435	Oil & Gas Extraction
1389	OIL AND & FIELD SERVICES, NEC	PSC	435	Oil & Gas Extraction
1411	DIMENSION STONE	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1422	CRUSHED AND BROKEN LIMESTONE	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1423	CRUSHED AND BROKEN GRANITE	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1429	CRUSHED AND BROKEN STONE, NEC	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1442	CONSTRUCTION SAND AND GRAVEL	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1446	INDUSTRIAL SAND	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1455	KAOLIN AND BALL CLAY	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1459	CLAY, CERAMIC & REFRAC MAT NEC	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1474	POTASH, SODA & BORATE MINERALS	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1475	PHOSPHATE ROCK	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1479	CHEM & FERT MINERA MINING, NEC	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1481	NONMETAL MINERAL (EXCEPT FUELS	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1499	MISC NONMETAL MINERALS, NEC	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
1629	HEAVY CONSTRUCTION, NEC	PNC	NA	Construction and Development
2011	MEAT PACKING PLANTS	PSC	432	Meat and Poultry Products
2013	SAUSAGES & PREPARED MEAT PROD	PSC	432	Meat and Poultry Products
2015	POULTRY SLAUGHTERING & PROCESS	PSC	432	Meat and Poultry Products
2021	CREAMERY BUTTER	PSC	405	Dairy products processing
2022	CHEESE, NATURAL AND PROCESSED	PSC	405	Dairy products processing
2023	CONDENSED AND EVAPORATED MILK	PSC	405	Dairy products processing
2024	ICE CREAM AND FROZEN DESSERTS	PSC	405	Dairy products processing
2026	FLUID MILK	PSC	405	Dairy products processing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
2032	CANNED SPECIALTIES	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2033	CANNED FRUITS, VEG, PRES, JAM	PSC	407	Fruits and vegetable processing
2034	DEHYDRATED FRUITS, VEG, SOUPS	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2035	PICKLED FRTS & VEG. SAUCES	PSC	407	Fruits and vegetable processing
2037	FROZEN FRTS, FRT JUICES & VEG	PSC	407	Fruits and vegetable processing
2038	FROZEN SPECIALTIES, NEC	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2041	FLOUR & OTHER GRAIN MILL PROD	PSC	406	Grain mills manufacturing
2043	CEREAL BREAKFAST FOODS	PSC	406	Grain mills manufacturing
2044	RICE MILLING	PSC	406	Grain mills manufacturing
2045	BLENDED AND PREPARED FLOUR	PSC	406	Grain mills manufacturing
2046	WET CORN MILLING	PSC	406	Grain mills manufacturing
2047	DOG AND CAT FOOD	PSC	406	Grain mills manufacturing
2051	BREAD & OTHER BAKERY PRODUCTS	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2052	COOKIES AND CRACKERS	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2053	FROZEN BAKERY PRODUCTS	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2061	CANE SUGAR, EXCEPT REFINE ONLY	PSC	409	Sugar processing
2062	CANE SUGAR REFINING	PSC	409	Sugar processing
2063	BEET SUGAR	PSC	409	Sugar processing
2064	CANDY & OTHER CONFECTION PROD	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2066	CHOCOLATE AND COCOA PRODUCTS	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2067	CHEWING GUM	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2068	SALTED & ROASTED NUTS & SEEDS	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2074	COTTONSEED OIL MILLS	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2075	SOYBEAN OIL MILLS	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2076	VEG. OIL MILLS, EXCEPT CORN	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2077	ANIMAL AND MARINE FATS & OILS	PSC	432	Meat and Poultry Products
2079	SHORT, TABLE OILS, MARGERINE	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
2082	MALT BEVERAGES	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2083	MALT	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2084	WINES, BRANDY & BRANDY SPIRIT	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2085	DIST, RECTIFIED & BLENDED LIQ	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2086	BOT & CAN SOFT DRNK & CARB WA	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2087	FLAV EXTR & FLAV SYRUPS, NEC	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2091	CANNED & CURED FISH & SEAFOOD	PSC	408	Canned and preserved seafood
2092	FRE OR FROZ PCK FISH, SEAFOOD	PSC	408	Canned and preserved seafood
2095	ROASTED COFFEE	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2096	POTATO CHIPS & SIMILAR SNACKS	PSC	407	Fruits and vegetable processing
2097	MANUFACTURED ICE	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2098	MACARONI, SPAGH, VERMI, NOODL	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2099	FOOD PREPARATIONS, NEC	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
2111	CIGARETTES	PNC	NA	Tobacco Products
2121	CIGARS	PNC	NA	Tobacco Products
2131	TOBACCO (CHEW & SMOK) & SNUFF	PNC	NA	Tobacco Products
2141	TOBACCO STEMMING AND REDRYING	PNC	NA	Tobacco Products
2211	BROAD WOVEN FABRIC MILLS, COTT	PSC	410	Textile mills
2221	BROAD WOVEN FABRIC MILLS, SYNT	PSC	410	Textile mills
2231	BROAD WOVEN FABRIC MILLS, WOOL	PSC	410	Textile mills
2241	NARROW FAB & OTHER SMALLWARES	PSC	410	Textile mills
2251	WOMEN'S FULL/KNEE LENGTH HOSRY	PSC	410	Textile mills
2252	HOSIERY, NEC	PSC	410	Textile mills
2253	KNIT OUTERWEAR MILLS	PSC	410	Textile mills
2254	KNIT UNDERWEAR MILLS	PSC	410	Textile mills
2257	CIRCULAR KNIT FABRIC MILLS	PSC	410	Textile mills
2258	WARP KNIT FABRIC MILLS	PSC	410	Textile mills

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
2259	KNITTING MILLS, NEC	PSC	410	Textile mills
2261	FINISH OF BRD WOV FAB OF COTTN	PSC	410	Textile mills
2262	FINISH OF BRD WOV FAB/MAN-MADE	PSC	410	Textile mills
2269	FINISHERS OF TEXTILES, NEC	PSC	410	Textile mills
2273	CARPETS AND RUGS, NEC	PSC	410	Textile mills
2281	YARN SPIN MILLS:COTTON, MM FIB	PSC	410	Textile mills
2282	YARN TEXT, THROW, TWIST & WIND	PSC	410	Textile mills
2284	THREAD MILLS	PSC	410	Textile mills
2295	COATED FABRICS, NOT RUBBERIZED	PSC	410	Textile mills
2296	TIRE CORD AND FABRIC	PSC	410	Textile mills
2297	NONWOVEN FABRICS	PSC	410	Textile mills
2298	CORDAGE AND TWINE	PSC	410	Textile mills
2299	TEXTILE GOODS, NEC	PSC	410	Textile mills
2322	MEN'S & BOYS UNDERWEAR & NIGHT	PSC	410	Textile mills
2396	AUTOMOTIVE TRIMMINGS, APPAREL	PSC	410	Textile mills
2399	FABRICATED TEXTILE PRODUCTS NEC	PSC	410	Textile mills
2421	SAWMILLS & PLANING MILLS, GEN	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2431	MILLWORK	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2434	WOOD KITCHEN CABINETS	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2435	HARDWOOD VENEER AND PLYWOOD	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2436	SOFTWOOD VENEER AND PLYWOOD	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2439	STRUCTURAL WOOD MEMBERS, NEC	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2491	WOOD PRESERVING	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2493	RECONSTITUTED WOOD PRODUCTS	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2499	WOOD PRODUCTS, NEC	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2511	WOOD HOUSEHOLD FURN, EXC UPHOL	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2512	WOOD HOUSEHOLD FURN, UPHOLSTER	PSC	429	Timber products processing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
2514	METAL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
2517	WOOD TV, RADIO, PHONO CABINET	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2521	WOOD OFFICE FURNITURE	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2522	METAL OFFICE FURNITURE	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
2531	PUBLIC BUILDING/RELATED FURNIT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
2541	WOOD PARTI,SHELF,LOCK,ETC	PSC	429	Timber products processing
2542	METAL PARTI,SHELF,LOCKERS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
2591	DRAPE HARDWARE/WINDOW BLINDS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
2599	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
2611	PULP MILLS	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2621	PAPER MILLS	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2631	PAPERBOARD MILLS	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2653	CORRUGATED/SOLID FIBER BOXES	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2655	FIBER CANS, TUBES,DRUMS & PROD	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2656	SANITARY FOOD CONTAINERS	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2657	FOLDING PAPERBOARD BOXES	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2671	COATED & LAMINATED PACKAGING	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2672	COATED & LAMINATED, NEC	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2674	BAGS,UNCOATD PAPER & MULTIWALL	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2679	CONV PAPER & PAPERBRD PRODUCTS	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2711	NEWSPAPERS: PUBLISHING & PRINT	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing
2721	PERIODICALS: PUBLISHING & PRIN	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing
2731	BOOKS: PUBLISHING & PRINTING	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing
2732	BOOK PRINTING	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing
2741	MISCELLANEOUS PUBLISHING	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing
2752	COMMERCIAL PRINT, LITHOGRAPHIC	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing
2754	COMMERCIAL PRINTING, GRAVURE	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
2759	COMMERCIAL PRINTING, NEC	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing
2761	MANIFOLD BUSINESS FORMS	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing
2771	GREETING CARD PUBLISHING	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing
2782	BLANKBOOKS,LOOSELEAF BINDERS	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing
2789	BOOKBINDING & RELATED WORK	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing
2791	TYPESETTING	PNC	NA	Printing & Publishing
2796	PLATEMAKING SERVICES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
2812	ALKALIES AND CHLORINE	PSC	415	Inorganic chemicals
2813	INDUSTRIAL GASES	PSC	415	Inorganic chemicals
2816	INORGANIC PIGMENTS	PSC	415	Inorganic chemicals
2819	INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS	PSC	415	Inorganic chemicals
2821	PLSTC MAT./SYN RESINS/NV ELAST	PSC	414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers
2822	SYN RUBBER (VULCAN ELASTOMERS)	PSC	428	Rubber Manufacturing
2823	CELLULOSIC MAN-MADE FIBERS	PSC	414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers
2824	SYN ORG FIBERS,EXCEPT CELLULOS	PSC	414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers
2833	MEDICINAL CHEM/BOTANICAL PRODU	PSC	439	Pharmaceutical manufacturing
2834	PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS	PSC	439	Pharmaceutical manufacturing
2835	DIAGNOSTIC SUBSTANCES	PSC	439	Pharmaceutical manufacturing
2836	BIOLOGCAL PROD, EXCEPT DIAGNOS	PSC	439	Pharmaceutical manufacturing
2841	SOAP/DETERG EXC SPECIAL CLEANR	PSC	417	Soaps and detergents manufacturing
2842	SPECIALTY CLEANING, POLISHING	PSC	414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers
2843	SURF ACTIVE AGENT, FIN AGENTS	PSC	417	Soaps and detergents manufacturing
2844	PERFUMES,COSMETICS,TOILET PREP	PSC	414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers
2851	PAINTS/VARNISH/LACQUERS/ENAMEL	PSC	446	Paint formulating
2861	GUM AND WOOD CHEMICALS	PSC	454	Gum and wood chemicals
2865	CYCLIC CRUDES INTERM., DYES	PSC	414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers
2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS NEC	PSC	414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
2873	NITROGEN FERTILIZERS	PSC	418	Fertilizer manufacturing
2874	PHOSPHATIC FERTILIZERS	PSC	422	Phosphate manufacturing
2875	FERTILIZERS, MIXING ONLY	PSC	418	Fertilizer manufacturing
2879	PESTICIDES & AGRICULTURAL CHEM	PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing
2891	ADHESIVES AND SEALANTS	PSC	414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers
2892	EXPLOSIVES	PSC	457	Explosives
2893	PRINTING INK	PSC	447	Ink formulating
2895	CARBON BLACK	PSC	458	Carbon black manufacturing
2899	CHEMICALS & CHEM PREP, NEC	PSC	414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers
2911	PETROLEUM REFINING	PSC	419	Petroleum refining
2951	PAVING MIXTURES AND BLOCKS	PSC	443	Paving and roofing materials (tars and asphalt)
2952	ASPHALT FELT AND COATINGS	PSC	443	Paving and roofing materials (tars and asphalt)
2992	LUBRICATING OILS AND GREASES	PSC	419	Petroleum refining
2999	PROD OF PETROLEUM & COAL, NEC	PSC	419	Petroleum refining
3011	TIRES AND INNER TUBES	PSC	428	Rubber Manufacturing
3021	RUBBER AND PLASTICS FOOTWEAR	PSC	428	Rubber Manufacturing
3052	RUBBER & PLASTICS HOSE & BELT	PSC	428	Rubber Manufacturing
3053	GASKETS, PACKING & SEALING DEV	PSC	428	Rubber Manufacturing
3061	MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS	PSC	428	Rubber Manufacturing
3069	FABRICATED RUBBER PRODUCTS,NEC	PSC	428	Rubber Manufacturing
3081	UNSUPPORTED PLSTICS FILM/SHEET	PSC	463	Plastic molding and forming
3082	UNSUPPORTED PLASTICS PROF SHAP	PSC	463	Plastic molding and forming
3083	LAMINATED PLASTICS PLATE/SHEET	PSC	463	Plastic molding and forming
3084	PLASTIC PIPE	PSC	463	Plastic molding and forming
3085	PLASTIC BOTTLES	PSC	463	Plastic molding and forming
3086	PLASTICS FOAM PRODUCTS	PSC	463	Plastic molding and forming
3087	CUSTOM COMPOUNDED PURCH. RESIN	PSC	463	Plastic molding and forming

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
3088	PLASTICS PLUMBING FIXTURES	PSC	463	Plastic molding and forming
3089	PLASTICS PRODUCTS, NEC	PSC	463	Plastic molding and forming
3111	LEATHER TANNING AND FINISHING	PSC	425	Leather tanning and finishing
3211	FLAT GLASS	PSC	426	Glass manufacturing
3221	GLASS CONTAINERS	PSC	426	Glass manufacturing
3229	PRESSED & BLOWN GLASS & GWARE	PSC	426	Glass manufacturing
3231	GLASS PROD MADE OF PURCH. GLAS	PSC	426	Glass manufacturing
3241	CEMENT, HYDRAULIC	PSC	411	Cement manufacturing
3251	BRICK AND STRUCTURAL CLAY TILE	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3253	CERAMIC WALL AND FLOOR TILE	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3255	CLAY REFRACTORIES	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3259	STRUCTURAL CLAY PRODUCTS NEC	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3261	VITREOUS CHINA PLUMBING FIXTUR	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3262	VIT CHINA TABLE & KTCHN ARTICL	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3263	FINE EARTHENWARE	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3264	PORCELAIN ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3269	POTTERY PRODUCTS, NEC	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3272	CONCRETE PROD EXC BLCK & BRICK	PSC	411	Cement manufacturing
3273	READY-MIXED CONCRETE	PSC	411	Cement manufacturing
3274	LIME	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3275	GYPSUM PRODUCTS	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3291	ABRASIVE PRODUCTS	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3292	ASBESTOS PRODUCTS	PSC	427	Asbestos manufacturing
3295	MINE & EARTHS, GROUND OR TREAT	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3296	MINERAL WOOL	PSC	426	Glass manufacturing
3297	NONCLAY REFRACTORIES	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
3299	NONMETALLIC MINERAL PROD, NEC	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
3312	BLAST FURN/STEEL WORKS/ROLLING	PSC	420	Iron and steel manufacturing
3313	ELECTROMETALLURGICAL PRODUCTS	PSC	424	Ferroalloy manufacturing
3315	STEEL WIRE DRAW & STEEL NAILS	PSC	420	Iron and steel manufacturing
3316	COLD ROLLED STEEL SHEET/STRIP	PSC	420	Iron and steel manufacturing
3317	STEEL PIPE AND TUBES	PSC	420	Iron and steel manufacturing
3321	GRAY IRON FOUNDRIES	PSC	464	Metal molding and casting (foundries)
3322	MALLEABLE IRON FOUNDRIES	PSC	464	Metal molding and casting (foundries)
3324	STEEL INVESTMENT FOUNDRIES	PSC	464	Metal molding and casting (foundries)
3325	STEEL FOUNDRIES, NEC	PSC	464	Metal molding and casting (foundries)
3331	PRIMARY SMELTING & COPPER REFIN	PSC	421	Nonferrous metals manufacturing
3334	PRIMARY PRODUCTION OF ALUMINUM	PSC	421	Nonferrous metals manufacturing
3339	PRMRY SMELT/NONFERROUS METALS	PSC	421	Nonferrous metals manufacturing
3341	2NDARY SMELT/NONFERROUS METALS	PSC	421	Nonferrous metals manufacturing
3351	ROLL/DRAW/EXTRUDING OF COPPER	PSC	468	Copper forming
3353	ALUMINUM SHEET, PLATE AND FOIL	PSC	467	Aluminum forming
3354	ALUMINUM EXTRUDED PRODUCTS	PSC	467	Aluminum forming
3355	ALUMINUM ROLLING & DRAWING NEC	PSC	467	Aluminum forming
3356	ROLL, DRAW & EXTRUD NONFERROUS	PSC	471	Nonferrous metals forming and metal powders
3357	DRAW/INSULAT OF NONFERROUS WIR	PSC	467	Aluminum forming
3357	DRAW/INSULAT OF NONFERROUS WIR	PSC	468	Copper forming
3357	DRAW/INSULAT OF NONFERROUS WIR	PSC	471	Nonferrous metals forming and metal powders
3363	ALUMINUM DIE CASTING	PSC	467	Aluminum forming
3363	ALUMINUM DIE CASTING	PSC	471	Nonferrous metals forming and metal powders
3364	NONFERROUS DIE CAST, EXC. ALUM	PSC	464	Metal molding and casting (foundries)
3365	ALUMINUM FOUNDRIES	PSC	464	Metal molding and casting (foundries)
3366	COPPER FOUNDRIES	PSC	464	Metal molding and casting (foundries)
3369	NONFERROUS FOUNDRIES, EXC ALUM	PSC	464	Metal molding and casting (foundries)

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
3398	METAL HEAT TREATING	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3399	PRIMARY METAL PRODUCTS, NEC	PSC	471	Nonferrous metals forming and metal powders
3411	METAL CANS	PSC	465	Coil coating
3412	METAL BARRELS, DRUMS AND PAILS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3421	CUTLERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3423	HAND AND EDGE TOOLS, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3425	HAND SAWS AND SAW BLADES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3429	HARDWARE, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3431	METAL SANITARY WARE	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3431	METAL SANITARY WARE	PSC	466	Porcelain Enameling
3432	PLUMB FIXTURE FITTINGS & TRIM	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3433	HEATING EQUIP, EXCEPT ELECTRIC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3441	FABRICATED STRUCTURAL METAL	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3442	METAL DOORS, SASH, AND TRIM	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3443	FAB PLATE WORK (BOILER SHOPS)	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3444	SHEET METAL WORK	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3446	ARCHITECTURAL METAL WORK	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3448	PREFABRICATED METAL BUILDINGS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3449	MISC. STRUCTUAL METAL WORK	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3451	SCREW MACHINE PRODUCTS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3452	BOLTS, NUTS, RIVETS & WASHERS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3462	IRON AND STEEL FORGINGS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3463	NONFERROUS FORGINGS	PSC	467	Aluminum forming
3463	NONFERROUS FORGINGS	PSC	468	Copper forming
3463	NONFERROUS FORGINGS	PSC	471	Nonferrous metals forming and metal powders
3465	AUTOMOTIVE STAMPINGS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3466	CROWNS AND CLOSURES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
3468		PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3469	METAL STAMPINGS, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3469	METAL STAMPINGS, NEC	PSC	466	Porcelain Enameling
3471	PLATING AND POLISHING	PSC	413	Electroplating
3479	METAL COATING & ALLIED SERVIC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3479	METAL COATING & ALLIED SERVIC	PSC	466	Porcelain Enameling
3482	SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3482	SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION	PSC	471	Nonferrous metals forming and metal powders
3483	AMMUNIT., EXC. FOR SMALL ARMS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3483	AMMUNIT., EXC. FOR SMALL ARMS	PSC	471	Nonferrous metals forming and metal powders
3484	SMALL ARMS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3489	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3491	INDUSTRIAL VALVES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3492	FLUID POWER VALVES & HOSE FITT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3493	STEEL SPRINGS, EXCEPT WIRE	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3494	VALVES AND PIPE FITTINGS, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3495	WIRE SPRINGS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3496	MISC. FABRICATED WIRE PRODUCTS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3497	METAL FOIL AND LEAF	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3498	FABRICATED PIPE AND FITTINGS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3499	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3511	TURBINES & TURBINE GENERATOR	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3519	INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES,	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3523	FARM MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3524	LAWN AND GARDEN EQUIPMENT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3531	CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3532	MINING MACHINERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
3533	OIL FIELD MACHINERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3534	ELEVATORS AND MOVING STAIRWAYS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3535	CONVEYORS & CONVEYING EQUIPMEN	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3536	CRANES/HOISTS/MONORAIL SYSTEMS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3537	INDUSTRIAL TRUCKS AND TRACTORS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3541	MACHINE TOOLS, METAL CUTTING	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3542	MACHINE TOOLS, METAL FORMING	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3543	INDUSTRIAL PATTERNS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3544	SPECIAL DIES/TOOLS/JIGS & FIXT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3545	MACHINE TOOL ACCESSORIES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3546	POWER DRIVEN HAND TOOLS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3547	ROLLING MILL MACHINERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3548	WELDING APPARATUS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3549	METALWORKING MACHINERY, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3552	TEXTILE MACHINERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3553	WOODWORKING MACHINERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3554	PAPER INDUSTRIES MACHINERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3555	PRINTING TRADES MACHINERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3556	FOOD PRODUCTS MACHINERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3559	SPECIAL INDUSTRY MACHINERY,NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3561	PUMPS AND PUMPING EQUIPMENT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3562	BALL AND ROLLER BEARINGS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3563	AIR AND GAS COMPRESSORS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3564	BLOWER AND FANS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3565	PACKAGING MACHINERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3566	SPEED CHANGERS, DRIVES & GEARS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3567	INDUSTRIAL FURNACES AND OVENS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
3568	POWER TRANSMISSION EQUIPMENT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3569	GENERAL INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3571	ELECTRONIC COMPUTERS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3572	COMPUTER STORAGE DEVICES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3575	COMPUTER TERMINALS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3577	COMPUTER PERIPHERAL EQUIP,NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3578	CALC & ACCOUNTING EQUIPMENT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3579	OFFICE MACHINES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3581	AUTOMATIC MERCHANDISING MACHIN	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3582	COMMERCIAL LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3585	REFRIGERATION & HEATING EQUIP	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3586	MEASURING & DISPENSING PUMPS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3589	SERVICE INDUSTRY MACHINERY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3592	CARBURETORS,PISTONS,RINGS,VALV	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3593	FLUID POWER CYLINDERS & ACTUAT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3594	FLUID POWER PUMPS AND MOTORS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3596	SCALES AND BALANCES, EXC. LAB	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3599	INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3612	TRANSFORMERS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3613	SWITCHGEAR & SWITCHBOARD APPAR	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3621	MOTORS AND GENERATORS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3624	CARBON AND GRAPHITE PRODUCTS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3625	RELAYS AND INDUSTRIAL CONTROLS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3629	ELECTRICAL INDUSTRIAL APPARATS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3631	HOUSEHOLD COOKING EQUIPMENT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3631	HOUSEHOLD COOKING EQUIPMENT	PSC	466	Porcelain Enameling
3632	HOUSEHOLD REFRIG. & FREEZERS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
3632	HOUSEHOLD REFRIG. & FREEZERS	PSC	466	Porcelain Enameling
3633	HOUSEHOLD LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3633	HOUSEHOLD LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT	PSC	466	Porcelain Enameling
3634	ELECTRIC HOUSEWARES AND FANS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3635	HOUSEHOLD VACUUM CLEANERS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3639	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3639	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES, NEC	PSC	466	Porcelain Enameling
3641	ELECTRIC LAMPS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3643	CURRENT-CARRYING WIRING DEVICE	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3644	NONCURRENT-CARRYING WIRING DEV	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3645	RESIDENTIAL LIGHTING FIXTURES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3646	COMMERCIAL LIGHTING FIXTURES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3647	VEHICULAR LIGHTING EQUIPMENT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3648	LIGHTING EQUIPMENT, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3651	RADIO AND TV RECEIVING SETS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3652	PHONOGRAPH RECORDS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3661	TELEPHONE/TELEGRAPH APPARATUS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3663	RADIO & TV COMMUNICATION EQUIP	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3669	COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT, NEC.	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3671	ELECTRON TUBES	PSC	469	Electrical and electronic components
3672	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3674	SEMICONDUCTORS & RELATED DEVIC	PSC	469	Electrical and electronic components
3675	ELECTRONIC CAPACITORS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3676	RESISTORS FOR ELEC APPLICATION	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3677	ELEC COILS, TRANSF. & INDUCTOR	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3678	CONNECTORS FOR ELEC APPLICATIO	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3679	ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
3691	STORAGE BATTERIES	PSC	461	Battery manufacturing
3692	PRIMARY BATTERIES, DRY & WET	PSC	461	Battery manufacturing
3694	ELEC EQUIP FOR INT COMBUS ENGI	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3695	MAG & OPTICAL RECORDING MEDIA	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3699	ELEC MACHINERY,EQUIP & SUPPLIE	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3711	MOTOR VEHICLES & CAR BODIES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3713	TRUCK & BUS BODIES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3714	MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS & ACCESSOR	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3715	TRUCK TRAILERS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3716	MOTOR HOMES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3721	AIRCRAFT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3724	AIRCRAFT ENGINES & ENGINE PART	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3728	AIRCRAFT PARTS AND EQUIP, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3731	SHIP BUILDING AND REPAIRING	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3732	BOAT BUILDING AND REPAIRING	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3743	RAILROAD EQUIPMENT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3751	MOTORCYCLES, BICYCLES AND PART	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3761	GUIDED MISSILES & SPACE VEHICL	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3764	SPACE PROPULSION UNITS & PARTS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3769	SPACE VEHICLE EQUIPMENT, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3792	TRAVEL TRAILERS AND CAMPERS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3795	TANKS AND TANK COMPONENTS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3799	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3812	SEARCH & NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3821	LAB APPARATUS & FURNITURE	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3822	ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3823	PROCESS CONTROL INSTRUMENTS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
3824	FLUID METERS & COUNTING DEVICE	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3825	INSTRUMENTS TO MEASURE ELECTRI	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3826	ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3827	OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS AND LENSES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3829	MEASURING & CONTROLLING DEVICE	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3841	SURGICAL & MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3842	SURGICAL APPLIANCES & SUPPLIES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3843	DENTAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3844	X-RAY APPARATUS AND TUBES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3845	ELECTROMEDICAL EQUIPMENT	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3851	OPHTHALMIC GOODS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3861	PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIP & SUPPLIES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3873	WATCHES, CLOCKS & WATCHCASES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3911	JEWELRY, PRECIOUS METAL	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3914	SILVERWARE AND PLATED WARE	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3915	JEWELERS' MATERIALS & LAPIDARY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3931	MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3944	GAMES, TOYS & CHILDREN'S VEHIC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3949	SPORTING & ATHLETIC GOODS, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3951	PENS & MECHANICAL PENCILS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3953	MARKING DEVICES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3961	COSTUME JEWELRY	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3965	FASTENERS, BUTTONS, NEEDLES	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3993	SIGNS AND ADVERTISING DISPLAYS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3995	BURIAL CASKETS	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
3996	HARD SURFACE FLOOR COVERINGS	PSC	443	Paving and roofing materials (tars and asphalt)
3999	MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, NEC	PSC	433	Metal Finishing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
4011	RAILROADS, LINE HAUL OPERATING	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
4013	RAILROAD SWITCHING & TERM ESTAB	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
4491	MARINE CARGO HANDLING	PSC	442	Transportation Equipment Cleaning
4499	WATER TRANSPORTATION SERVICES	PSC	442	Transportation Equipment Cleaning
4581	AIRPORTS, FLYING FIELDS & SER	PNC	NA	Airport Deicing
4612	CRUDE PETROLEUM PIPELINES	PSC	419	Petroleum refining
4741	RENTAL OF RAILROAD CARS	PSC	442	Transportation Equipment Cleaning
4911	ELECTRICAL SERVICES	PSC	423	Steam electric power generation
4925	MIXED, MANUFAC, OR LIQ GAS PROD	PSC	435	Oil & Gas Extraction
4931	ELEC & OTHER SERVICES COMBINED	PSC	423	Steam electric power generation
4939	COMBINATION UTILITIES, NEC	PSC	423	Steam electric power generation
4941	WATER SUPPLY	PNC	NA	Drinking Water Treatment
4953	REFUSE SYSTEMS	PSC	444	Waste combustors (commercial incinerators combusting hazardous waste)
4953	REFUSE SYSTEMS	PSC	445	Landfills
4961	STEAM & AIR-CONDITIONING SUP	PSC	423	Steam electric power generation
5032	BRICK, STONE & RELAT MATERIALS	PSC	436	Mineral Mining and Processing
5144	POULTRY AND POULTRY PRODUCTS	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
5159	FARM-PRODUCT RAW MATERIALS	PSC	406	Grain mills manufacturing
5169	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	PSC	414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers
5171	PETROLEUM BULK STATIONS & TERM	PSC	419	Petroleum refining
5182	WINE & DIST ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE	PNC	NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages
5812	EATING PLACES	PNC	NA	Food Service Establishments
7218	INDUSTRIAL LAUNDERERS	PNC	NA	Industrial Laundries
7221	PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIOS, POTRAIT	PNC	NA	Photo Processing
7221	PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIOS, POTRAIT	PSC	459	Photographic
7335	COMMERCIAL PHOTOGRAPHY	PNC	NA	Photo Processing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
7335	COMMERCIAL PHOTOGRAPHY	PSC	459	Photographic
7336	COMM ART & GRAPHIC DESIGN	PNC	NA	Photo Processing
7336	COMM ART & GRAPHIC DESIGN	PSC	459	Photographic
7384	PHOTOFINISHING LABORATORIES	PNC	NA	Photo Processing
7384	PHOTOFINISHING LABORATORIES	PSC	459	Photographic
7692	WELDING REPAIR	PSC	433	Metal Finishing
7699	REPAIR SHOPS & RELATED SERVICE	PSC	442	Transportation Equipment Cleaning
8011	OFFICES & CLINICS OF MED DOCT	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8021	OUTPATIENT CARE FACILITIES	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8031	OFFICES/CLINCS OF DOC OF OSTEO	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8041	OFFICES & CLINICS OF CHIROPAC	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8042	OFFICES & CLINICS OF OPTOMETRI	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8043	OFFICES & CLINICS OF PODIATRIS	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8049	OFFICES OF HEALTH PRACTITIONER	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8051	SKILLED NURSING CARE FACILITIE	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8052	INTERMEDIATE CARE FACILITIES	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8059	NURSING AND PERSONAL CARE, NEC	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8062	GEN. MEDICAL/SURGICAL HOSPITAL	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8063	PSYCHIATRIC HOSPITALS	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8069	SPECIALTY HOSPITALS	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8071	MEDICAL LABORATORIES	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8072	DENTAL LABORATORIES	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8082	HOME HEALTH CARE SERVICES	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8092	KIDNEY DIALYSIS CENTERS	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8093	SPECIALITY OUTPATIENT CLINICS	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8099	HEALTH & ALLIED SERVICES, NEC	PSC	460	Health Services Industries
8731	COMMERCIAL PHYSICAL RESEARCH	PNC	NA	Independent and Stand Alone Labs

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
8734	COMMERCIAL TESTING LABORATORY	PNC	NA	Independent and Stand Alone Labs
2048g		PSC	406	Grain mills manufacturing
2048m		PSC	432	Meat and Poultry Products
2048P		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing
2048ph		PSC	439	Pharmaceutical manufacturing
2611-1	PULP MILLS- Phase I	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2611-2	PULP MILLS- Phase II	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2611-3	PULP MILLS- Phase III	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2621-1	PAPER MILLS- Phase I	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2621-2	PAPER MILLS- Phase II	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2621-3	PAPER MILLS- Phase III	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2631-1	PAPERBOARD MILLS- Phase I	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2631-2	PAPERBOARD MILLS- Phase II	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2631-3	PAPERBOARD MILLS- Phase III	PSC	430	Pulp, paper and paperboard
2819N	INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS	PSC	421	Nonferrous metals manufacturing
2819Ph	INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS	PSC	422	Phosphate manufacturing
2821P		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing
2823P		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing
2824P		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing
2834P		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing
2842P		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing
2844P		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing
2865P		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing
2869P		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing
2874F	PHOSPHATIC FERTILIZERS	PSC	418	Fertilizer manufacturing
2891P		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing
2899P		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing

Table A-1. SIC/Point Source Category Crosswalk

SIC Code	SIC Description	Type of Grouping	40 CFR Part or SIC Group	Point Source Category
5169P		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing
CWT		PSC	437	Centralized Waste Treaters
MPM		PSC	438	Metal Products and Machinery
VCCA		REV	414.1	Chlorine and Chlorinated Hydrocarbons (CCH)
VCCAP		PSC	455	Pesticide chemicals manufacturing

PSC – Point Source Category.

PNC – Potential New Category.

REV – Potential Effluent Limitations Guidelines Revision.

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
0101	COCOA	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0111	WHEAT	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0112	RICE	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0115	CORN	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0116	SOYBEANS	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0119	CASH GRAINS, NEC	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0131	COTTON	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0132	TOBACCO	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0133	SUGARCANE AND SUGAR BEETS	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0134	IRISH POTATOES	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0139	CROPS, EXCEPT CASH GRAINS, NEC	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0161	VEGETABLES AND MELONS	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0171	BERRY CROPS	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0172	GRAPES	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0173	TREE NUTS	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0174	CITRUS FRUITS	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0175	DECIDUOUS TREE FRUITS	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0179	FRUITS AND TREE NUTS, NEC	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0181	ORNAMENTAL NURSERY PRODUCTS	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0182	FOOD CROPS GROWN UNDER COVER	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0191	GENERAL FARMS, PRIMARILY CROP	1	Agricultural Production - Crops
0271	FUR-BEARING ANIMALS & RABBITS	2	Agricultural Production - Livestock
0279	ANIMAL SPECIALTIES, NEC	2	Agricultural Production - Livestock
0291	FARMS, PRIMARILY LIVESTOCK	2	Agricultural Production - Livestock
0711	SOIL PREPARATION SERVICES	7	Agricultural Services
0721	CROP PLANTING & PROTECTION	7	Agricultural Services
0722	HARVESTING, PRIMARILY MACHINE	7	Agricultural Services
0723	CROP PREP SERVICES FOR MARKET	7	Agricultural Services

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
0724	COTTON GINNING	7	Agricultural Services
0751	LIVESTOCK SERVICES, EXCEPT VET	7	Agricultural Services
0752	ANIMAL SPECIAL SERV EXCEPT VET	7	Agricultural Services
0761	FARM LABOR CONTRACT & CREW	7	Agricultural Services
0762	FARM MANAGEMENT SERVICES	7	Agricultural Services
0781	LANDSCAPE COUNSELING AND PLAN	7	Agricultural Services
0782	LAWN AND GARDEN SERVICES	7	Agricultural Services
0783	ORNAMENTAL SHRUB AND TREE SERV	7	Agricultural Services
0811	TIMBER TRACTS	8	Forestry
0831	FOREST PRODUCTS	8	Forestry
0851	FORESTRY SERVICES	8	Forestry
0912	FINFISH	9	Fishing, Hunting, & Trapping
0913	SHELLFISH	9	Fishing, Hunting, & Trapping
0919	MISCELLANEOUS MARINE PRODUCTS	9	Fishing, Hunting, & Trapping
0971	HUNT & TRAP & GAME PROPOGATION	9	Fishing, Hunting, & Trapping
1241	COAL MINING SERVICE	12	Coal Mining - SIC 12
1321	NATURAL GAS LIQUIDS	13	Natural Gas Liquids
1521	CONTRACTORS-SINGLE FAMILY HOUS	15	General Building Contractors
1522	GEN CONTRACT-RES, NOT SINFA	15	General Building Contractors
1531	OPERATIVE BUILDERS	15	General Building Contractors
1541	GEN CONTRACT-INDUST. BLDGS.	15	General Building Contractors
1542	GEN CONTRACT, NON-RES BLDGS.	15	General Building Contractors
1611	HWY & ST CONST., EXC. ELEV HWY	16	Heavy Construction, Except Building
1622	BRIDGE, TUNNEL & ELEV HWY CONS	16	Heavy Construction, Except Building
1623	H2O, SEW, PIPE & COM. & POWR	16	Heavy Construction, Except Building
1711	PLUMB, HEAT & AIR CONDITIONING	17	Special Trade Contractors
1721	PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING	17	Special Trade Contractors
1731	ELECTRICAL WORK	17	Special Trade Contractors

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
1741	MASONRY, STONE SET, STONE WORK	17	Special Trade Contractors
1742	PLSTR, DRYWALL, ACOUS, & INSUL	17	Special Trade Contractors
1743	TERRAZZO,TILE,MARBLE, MOSAIC	17	Special Trade Contractors
1751	CARPENTRY WORK	17	Special Trade Contractors
1752	FLOOR LAY & OTHER FLOOR WORK	17	Special Trade Contractors
1761	ROOF, SIDE & SHEET METAL WORK	17	Special Trade Contractors
1771	CONCRETE WORK	17	Special Trade Contractors
1781	WATER WELL DRILLING	17	Special Trade Contractors
1791	STRUCTURAL STEEL ERECTION	17	Special Trade Contractors
1793	GLASS AND GLAZING WORK	17	Special Trade Contractors
1794	EXCAVATION WORK	17	Special Trade Contractors
1795	WRECKING AND DEMOLTION WORK	17	Special Trade Contractors
1796	INST OR ERECTION OF BLDG EQUIP	17	Special Trade Contractors
1799	SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS, NEC	17	Special Trade Contractors
2048	PREP FEEDS & INGRED FOR ANIMA	20	Food & Kindred Products
2080		20	Food & Kindred Products
2311	MEN'S & BOY'S SUITS, COATS	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2321	MEN'S, & BOY'S SHIRTS	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2323	MEN'S, YOUTH'S & BOYS NECKWEAR	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2325	MEN & BOY SEP TROUSERS & SLACK	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2326	MEN'S & BOY'S WORK CLOTHING	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2329	MEN'S, YOUTH'S & BOY'S CLOTHNG	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2331	WOMEN, MIS, JR' BLSES, WAISTS	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2335	WOMEN'S, MISSES' & JRS' DRESS	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2337	WOMEN, MIS', JRS' SUITS, SHIRT	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2339	WOMEN'S, MISS' & JR' OUTERWEAR	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2341	WOMENS,MIS',CHLD'S,INF UNDERWE	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2342	BRASSIERS,GIRDLES & ALLIED GAR	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
2353	HATS, CAPS AND MILLINERY	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2361	GIRLS, CHILDS & INFS OUTERWEAR	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2369	GIRLS, CHILDS & INFS OUTERWEAR	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2371	FUR GOODS	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2381	DRESS & WK GLOVE EXC KNIT/LEAT	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2384	ROBES & DRESSING GOWNS	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2385	RAINCOATS & RAINGEAR	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2386	LEATHER & SHEEP-LINED CLOTHING	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2387	APPAREL BELTS	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2389	APPAREL & ACCESSORIES, NEC	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2391	CURTAINS & DRAPERIES	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2392	HOUSEFURNISHINGS, EXC CURTAINS	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2393	TEXTILE BAGS	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2394	CANVAS & RELATED PRODUCTS	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2395	PLEATING, DECOR/NOVELTY STITCH	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2397	SCHIFFLI MACHINE EMBROIDERIES	23	Apparel & Other Textile Products
2411	LOGGING CAMPS/LOGGING CONTRACT	24	Lumber & Wood Products
2426	HARDWOOD DIMEN & FLOORING MILL	24	Lumber & Wood Products
2429	SPECIAL PRODUCT SAWMILLS NEC	24	Lumber & Wood Products
2441	NAILED/LOCK CORNER WOOD BOXES	24	Lumber & Wood Products
2448	WOOD PALLETS AND SKIDS	24	Lumber & Wood Products
2449	WOOD CONTAINERS NEC	24	Lumber & Wood Products
2451	MOBILE HOMES	24	Lumber & Wood Products
2452	PREFAB WOOD BLDGS & COMPONENTS	24	Lumber & Wood Products
2515	MATTRESSES AND BEDSPRINGS	25	Furniture & Fixtures
2519	HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, NEC	25	Furniture & Fixtures
2649		26	Paper & Allied Products
2652	SET-UP PAPERBOARD BOXES	26	Paper & Allied Products

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
2661		26	Paper & Allied Products
2673	BAGS, PLASTIC, LAMINA & COATED	26	Paper & Allied Products
2675	DIE-CUT PAPER,PAPERBRD/CARDBRD	26	Paper & Allied Products
2676	SANITARY PAPER PRODUCTS	26	Paper & Allied Products
2677	ENVELOPES	26	Paper & Allied Products
2678	STATIONERY, TABLETS & REL PROD	26	Paper & Allied Products
2800		28	Chemical & Allied Products
2810		28	Chemical & Allied Products
2831		28	Chemical & Allied Products
2840		28	Chemical & Allied Products
3050		30	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products
3131	BOOT & SHOE CUT STOCK & FINDNG	31	Leather & Leather Products
3142	HOUSE SLIPPERS	31	Leather & Leather Products
3143	MEN'S FOOTWEAR,EXCEPT ATHLETIC	31	Leather & Leather Products
3144	WOMEN'S FOOTWEAR,EXCEPT ATHLET	31	Leather & Leather Products
3149	FOOTWEAR, EXCEPT RUBBER NEC	31	Leather & Leather Products
3151	LEATHER GLOVES AND MITTENS	31	Leather & Leather Products
3161	LUGGAGE	31	Leather & Leather Products
3171	WOMEN'S HANDBAGS AND PURSES	31	Leather & Leather Products
3172	PERSONAL LEATHER GOODS,EXC HAN	31	Leather & Leather Products
3199	LEATHER GOODS NEC	31	Leather & Leather Products
3270		32	Stone, Clay, & Glass Products
3271	CONCRETE BLOCK & BRICK	32	Stone, Clay, & Glass Products
3281	CUT STONE & STONE PRODUCTS	32	Stone, Clay, & Glass Products
3490		24	Lumber & Wood Products
3942	DOLLS	39	Misc. Manuf. Industries
3952	LEAD PENCILS AND ART GOODS	39	Misc. Manuf. Industries
3955	CARBON PAPER AND INKED RIBBONS	39	Misc. Manuf. Industries

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
3991	BROOMS AND BRUSHES	39	Misc. Manuf. Industries
4111	LOCAL AND SUBURBAN TRANSIT	41	Local & Interurban Passenger Transit
4119	LOCAL PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION	41	Local & Interurban Passenger Transit
4121	TAXICABS	41	Local & Interurban Passenger Transit
4131	INTERCITY & RURAL BUS TRANSPOR	41	Local & Interurban Passenger Transit
4141	LOCAL BUS CHARTER SERVICE	41	Local & Interurban Passenger Transit
4142	BUS CHARTER SERVICE, EXC LOCAL	41	Local & Interurban Passenger Transit
4151	SCHOOL BUSES	41	Local & Interurban Passenger Transit
4173	BUS TERMINAL & SERVICE FACILIT	41	Local & Interurban Passenger Transit
4212	LOCAL TRUCKING WITHOUT STORAGE	42	Trucking & Warehousing
4213	TRUCKING, EXCEPT LOCAL	42	Trucking & Warehousing
4214	LOCAL TRUCKING WITH STORAGE	42	Trucking & Warehousing
4215	COURIER SERVICES, EXCEPT AIR	42	Trucking & Warehousing
4221	FARM PROD WAREHOUSING & STORAG	42	Trucking & Warehousing
4222	REFRIGERTAED WAREHOUSING & STO	42	Trucking & Warehousing
4225	GENERAL WAREHOUSING & STORAGE	42	Trucking & Warehousing
4226	SPECIAL WAREHOUSING & STORAGE	42	Trucking & Warehousing
4231	TRUCKING TERMINAL FACILITIES	42	Trucking & Warehousing
4311	UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE	43	U.S. Postal Service
4412	DEEP SEA FOREIGN TRANSP OF FRE	44	Water Transportation
4424	DEEP SEA DOMES TRANSP OF FREIG	44	Water Transportation
4432	FREIGHT TRANSP ON THE GR LAKES	44	Water Transportation
4449	WATER TRANSP OF FREIGHT, NEC	44	Water Transportation
4481	DEEP SEA PAS TRANSP, EXC FERRY	44	Water Transportation
4482	FERRIES	44	Water Transportation
4489	WATER PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION	44	Water Transportation
4492	TOWING AND TUGBOAT SERVICE	44	Water Transportation
4493	MARINAS	44	Water Transportation

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
4512	AIR TRANSPORTATION, SCHEDULED	45	Transportation by Air
4513	AIR COURIER SERVICES	45	Transportation by Air
4522	AIR TRANSP, NONSCHEDULED	45	Transportation by Air
4613	REFINED PETROLEUM PIPELINE	46	Pipelines, Except Natural Gas
4619	PIPELINES, NEC	46	Pipelines, Except Natural Gas
4724	TRAVEL AGENCIES	47	Transportation Services
4725	TOUR OPERATORS	47	Transportation Services
4729	PASSENGER TRANSP ARRANGEMENT	47	Transportation Services
4731	FREIGHT TRANSP ARRANGEMENT	47	Transportation Services
4783	PACKING AND CRATING	47	Transportation Services
4785	INSPECTION & FIXED FACILITIE	47	Transportation Services
4789	TRANSPORTATION SERVICES, NEC	47	Transportation Services
4812	RADIOTELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS	48	Communications
4813	TELEPHONE COM, EXCEPT RADIO	48	Communications
4822	TELEGRAPH & OTHER COMMUNICATI	48	Communications
4832	RADIO BROADCASTING, NEC	48	Communications
4833	TELEVISION BROADCASTING	48	Communications
4841	CABLE & OTHER PAY TV SERVICES	48	Communications
4899	COMMUNICATION SERVICES, NEC	48	Communications
4922	NATURAL GAS TRANSMISSION	49	Electric, Gas, & Sanitary Services
4923	NAT GAS TRANSMISSION & DISTRIB	49	Electric, Gas, & Sanitary Services
4924	NATURAL GAS DISTRIBUTION	49	Electric, Gas, & Sanitary Services
4932	GAS & OTHER SERVICES COMBINED	49	Electric, Gas, & Sanitary Services
4952	SEWERAGE SYSTEMS	4952	Sewerage Systems
4959	SANITARY SERVICES, NEC	4959	Sanitary Services
4971	IRRIGATION SYSTEMS	49	Electric, Gas, & Sanitary Services
5012	AUTOMOBILES AND OTHER VEHICLES	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5013	MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS & NEW SUP	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
5014	TIRES AND TUBES	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5015	MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS, USED	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5021	FURNITURE	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5023	HOMEFURNISHINGS	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5031	LUMBER,PLYWOOD,MILLWORK,& PANL	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5033	ROOFING, SIDING AND INSULATION	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5039	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, NEC	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5043	PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIP & SUPPLIES	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5044	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5045	COMPUTERS, PERIPHERALS, & SOFT	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5046	COMMERCIAL EQUIPMENT, NEC	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5047	MEDICAL AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5048	OPHTHALMIC GOODS	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5049	PROFESSIONAL EQUIPMENT, NEC	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5051	METAL SERVICE CENTERS & OFFICE	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5052	COAL & OTHER MINERALS & ORES	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5063	ELECTRICAL APPARATUS AND EQUIP	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5064	ELEC APPLIANCES/TV & RADIO SET	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5065	ELECTRONIC PARTS AND EQUIPMENT	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5072	HARDWARE	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5074	PLUMB & HEAT EQUIP & SUPPLIES	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5075	AIR HEAT & AIR-COND. EQUIP/SUP	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5078	REFRIGERATION EQUIP & SUPPLIES	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5082	CONST & MINING MACHINE & EQUIP	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5083	FARM & GARDEN MACHINE & EQUIP	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5084	INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIP	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5085	INDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5087	SERVICE ESTABLISH EQUIP & SUPP	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
5088	TRANS EQUIP & SUPP, EXC MOTOR	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5091	SPORTING & RECREATIONAL GOODS	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5092	TOYS & HOBBY GOODS & SUPPLIES	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5093	SCRAP & WASTE MATERIALS	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5094	JEWELRY, WATCHES, PRECIOUS STO	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5099	DURABLE GOODS, NEC	50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods
5111	PRINTING AND WRITING PAPER	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5112	STATIONERY AND OFFICE SUPPLIES	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5113	INDUST & PERSONAL PAPER SERVIC	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5122	DRUGS, DRUG PRPPRIE & SUNDRIES	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5131	PIECE GOODS AND NOTIONS	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5136	MALE'S CLOTHING & FURNISHINGS	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5137	WOMEN'S, CHILD & INF CLOTHING	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5139	FOOTWEAR	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5141	GROCERIES, GENERAL LINE	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5142	PACKAGED FROZEN FOODS	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5143	DAIRY PROD, EXC DRIED & CANNED	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5145	CONFECTIONERY	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5146	FISH AND SEAFOODS	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5147	MEATS AND MEAT PRODUCTS	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5148	FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5149	GROCERIES & RELATED PRODUCTS	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5153	GRAIN AND FIELD BEANS	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5154	LIVESTOCK	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5162	PLASTIC MATER & BASIC SHAPES	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5172	PETROL & PET PROD WHOLESALERS	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5181	BEER AND ALE	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5191	FARM SUPPLIES	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
5192	BOOKS, PERIODICALS & NEWSPAPER	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5193	FLOWERS AND FLORISTS' SUPPLIES	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5194	TOBACCO AND TOBACCO PRODUCTS	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5198	PAINTS, VARNISHES AND SUPPLIES	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5199	NONDURABLE GOODS, NEC	51	Wholesale Trade- Nondurable Goods
5211	LUMBER & BUILD MATERIAL DEALER	52	Building Materials& Gardening Supplies
5231	PAINT, GLASS & WALLPAPER STORE	52	Building Materials& Gardening Supplies
5251	HARDWARE STORES	52	Building Materials& Gardening Supplies
5261	RET NURSERIES,LAWN/GARDN STORE	52	Building Materials& Gardening Supplies
5271	MOBILE HOME DEALERS	52	Building Materials& Gardening Supplies
5311	DEPARTMENT STORES	53	General Merchandise Stores
5331	VARIETY STORES	53	General Merchandise Stores
5399	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL STORES	53	General Merchandise Stores
5411	GROCERY STORES	54	Food Stores
5421	MEAT AND FISH MARKETS	54	Food Stores
5431	FRUIT AND VEGETABLE MARKETS	54	Food Stores
5441	CANDY, NUT & CONFECTION STORES	54	Food Stores
5451	DAIRY PRODUCTS STORES	54	Food Stores
5461	RETAIL BAKERIES	54	Food Stores
5499	MISCELLANEOUS FOOD STORES	54	Food Stores
5511	MOTOR VEH. DEALERS (NEW/USED)	55	Automotive Dealers & Service Stations
5521	MOTOR VEH. DEALERS (USED ONLY)	55	Automotive Dealers & Service Stations
5531	AUTO AND HOME SUPPLY STORES	55	Automotive Dealers & Service Stations
5541	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	55	Automotive Dealers & Service Stations
5551	BOAT DEALERS	55	Automotive Dealers & Service Stations
5561	RECREATIONAL VEHICLE DEALERS	55	Automotive Dealers & Service Stations
5571	MOTORCYCLE DEALERS	55	Automotive Dealers & Service Stations
5599	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS, NEC	55	Automotive Dealers & Service Stations

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
5611	MALE'S CLOTHING & ACCESS STORE	56	Apparel & Accessory Stores
5621	WOMEN'S CLOTHING STORES	56	Apparel & Accessory Stores
5632	WOMEN'S ACCESS & SPEC STORES	56	Apparel & Accessory Stores
5641	CHILDREN'S & INF WEAR STORES	56	Apparel & Accessory Stores
5651	FAMILY CLOTHING STORES	56	Apparel & Accessory Stores
5661	SHOE STORES	56	Apparel & Accessory Stores
5699	MISC APPAREL & ACCESS STORES	56	Apparel & Accessory Stores
5712	FURNITURE STORES	57	Furniture & Homefurnishings Stores
5713	FLOOR COVERING STORES	57	Furniture & Homefurnishings Stores
5714	DRAPE, CURTAIN & UPHOL STORES	57	Furniture & Homefurnishings Stores
5719	MISC HOMEFURNISHINGS STORES	57	Furniture & Homefurnishings Stores
5722	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE STORES	57	Furniture & Homefurnishings Stores
5731	RADIO, TV & ELECTRONICS STORES	57	Furniture & Homefurnishings Stores
5734	COMPUTER AND SOFTWARE STORES	57	Furniture & Homefurnishings Stores
5735	RECORD & PRERECORDED TAPE STOR	57	Furniture & Homefurnishings Stores
5736	MUSICAL INSTRUMENT STORES	57	Furniture & Homefurnishings Stores
5813	DRINKING PLACES (ALCOHOLIC BEV	58	Eating & Drinking Places
5912	DRUG STORES & PROPRIETARY STOR	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5921	LIQUOR STORES	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5932	USED MERCHANDISE STORES	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5941	SPORTING GOODS/BICYCLE STORES	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5942	BOOK STORES	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5943	STATIONERY STORES	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5944	JEWELRY STORES	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5945	HOBBY, TOY AND GAME SHOPS	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5946	CAMERA & PHOTO SUPPLY STORES	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5947	GIFT, NOVELTY & SOUVENIR SHOPS	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5948	LUGGAGE & LEATHER GOODS STORES	59	Miscellaneous Retail

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
5949	SEW/NEEDLEWK/PIECE GOODS STORE	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5961	CATALOG AND MAIL-ORDER HOUSES	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5962	AUTO MERCHANDIS MACHINE OPERAT	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5963	DIRECT SELLING ESTABLISHMENTS	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5983	FUEL OIL DEALERS	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5984	LIQ PETROL GAS (BOT GAS) DEALR	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5989	FUEL DEALERS, NEC	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5992	FLORISTS	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5993	TOBACCO STORES AND STANDS	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5994	NEWS DEALERS AND NEWSSTANDS	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5995	OPTICAL GOODS STORES	59	Miscellaneous Retail
5999	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES	59	Miscellaneous Retail
6011	FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS	60	Depository Institutions
6019	CENTRAL RESERVE REPOSITORY	60	Depository Institutions
6021	NATIONAL COMMERCIAL BANKS	60	Depository Institutions
6022	STATE COMMERCIAL BANKS	60	Depository Institutions
6029	COMMERCIAL BANKS, NEC	60	Depository Institutions
6035	FEDERAL SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS	60	Depository Institutions
6036	SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS, EXC FED	60	Depository Institutions
6061	FEDERAL CREDIT UNIONS	60	Depository Institutions
6062	STATE CREDIT UNIONS	60	Depository Institutions
6081	FOREIGN BANK & BRANCHES & AGEN	60	Depository Institutions
6082	FOREIGN TRADE & INTERNAT BANKS	60	Depository Institutions
6091	NONDEPOSIT TRUST FACILTIES	60	Depository Institutions
6099	FUNCT RELATED TO DEP BANKING	60	Depository Institutions
6111	FEDERAL & FED-SPONSORED CREDIT	61	Nondepository Institutions
6141	PERSONAL CREDIT INSTITUTIONS	61	Nondepository Institutions
6153	SHORT-TERM BUS. CREDIT INSTITU	61	Nondepository Institutions

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
6159	MISC BUSINESS CREDIT INSTITUTI	61	Nondepository Institutions
6162	MORTG BANKERS & LOAN CORRESPON	61	Nondepository Institutions
6163	LOAN BROKERS	61	Nondepository Institutions
6211	SEC BROKERS/DEALERS/FLOTAT. CO	62	Security & Commodity Brokers
6221	COMMODITY CONTR BROKERS & DEAL	62	Security & Commodity Brokers
6231	SECURITY & COMMODITY EXCHANGES	62	Security & Commodity Brokers
6282	INVESTMENT ADVICE	62	Security & Commodity Brokers
6289	SECURITY & COMMODITY SERVICES	62	Security & Commodity Brokers
6311	LIFE INSURANCE	63	Insurance Carriers
6321	ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE	63	Insurance Carriers
6324	HOSPITAL & MEDICAL SERV PLANS	63	Insurance Carriers
6331	FIRE, MARINE & CASUALTY INSUR	63	Insurance Carriers
6351	SURETY INSURANCE	63	Insurance Carriers
6361	TITLE INSURANCE	63	Insurance Carriers
6371	PENSION, HEALTH & WELFARE FUND	63	Insurance Carriers
6399	INSURANCE CARRIERS, NEC	63	Insurance Carriers
6411	INSUR AGENTS, BROKERS, & SERVI	64	Insurance Agents, Brokers, & Service
6512	OPER OF NONRESIDENTIAL BLDGS	65	Real Estate
6513	OPERATORS OF APART BUILDINGS	65	Real Estate
6514	OPER OF DWELL OTHER THAN APART	65	Real Estate
6515	OPER OF RES MOBILE HOME SITES	65	Real Estate
6517	LESSORS OF RAILROAD PROPERTIES	65	Real Estate
6519	LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY, NEC	65	Real Estate
6531	REAL ESTATE AGENTS & MANAGERS	65	Real Estate
6541	TITLE ABSTRACT OFFICES	65	Real Estate
6552	LAND SUBDIVIDERS & DEV, EX CEM	65	Real Estate
6553	CEMETERY SUBDIVIDERS & DEVELOP	65	Real Estate
6712	BANK HOLDING COMPANIES	67	Holding & Other Investment Offices

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
6719	HOLDING COMPANIES, NEC	67	Holding & Other Investment Offices
6722	MGMT INVEST. OFFICES, OPEN END	67	Holding & Other Investment Offices
6726	INVESTMENT OFFICES, NEC	67	Holding & Other Investment Offices
6732	EDUCAT.,RELIG & CHARITY TRUSTS	67	Holding & Other Investment Offices
6733	TRUSTS,EXC EDUCAT,RELIG & CHAR	67	Holding & Other Investment Offices
6792	OIL ROYALTY TRADERS	67	Holding & Other Investment Offices
6794	PATENT OWNERS AND LESSORS	67	Holding & Other Investment Offices
6798	REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS	67	Holding & Other Investment Offices
6799	INVESTORS, NEC	67	Holding & Other Investment Offices
7011	HOTELS AND MOTELS	70	Hotels & Other Lodging Places
7021	ROOMING AND BOARDING HOUSES	70	Hotels & Other Lodging Places
7032	SPORTING & RECREATIONAL CAMPS	70	Hotels & Other Lodging Places
7033	REC VEHICLE PARKS & CAMPSITES	70	Hotels & Other Lodging Places
7041	ORG. HOTEL & LODG HSE, ON MEMB	70	Hotels & Other Lodging Places
7211	POWER LAUNDRIES, RES & COMMERC	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7212	GARM PRESSING/LAUNDRIES/DRYCLE	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7213	LINEN SUPPLY	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7215	COIN-OPERATED LAUNDRIES/DRYCLE	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7216	DRYCLEAN PLANTS, EXC RUG CLEAN	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7217	CARPET & UPHOLSTERY CLEANING	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7219	LAUNDRY & GARMENT SERVICES,NEC	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7231	BEAUTY SHOPS	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7241	BARBER SHOPS	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7251	SHOE REP SHOPS & SHOESHINE PAR	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7261	FUNERAL SERVICES & CREMATORIES	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7291	TAX AND PREPARATION SERVICES	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7299	MISCELLANEOUS PERSONAL SERVICE	72	Personal Services- SIC 72
7311	ADVERTISING AGENCIES	73	Business Services

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
7312	OUTDOOR ADVERTISING AGENCIES	73	Business Services
7313	RADIO, TV & PUBLISHERS AD REPS	73	Business Services
7319	ADVERTISING, NEC	73	Business Services
7322	ADJUSTMENT & COLLECT SERVICES	73	Business Services
7323	CREDIT REPORTING SERVICES	73	Business Services
7331	DIRECT MAIL ADVERTIS SERVICES	73	Business Services
7334	PHOTOCOPYING/DUPLICATING SERV	73	Business Services
7338	SECRETARIAL & COURT REPORTING	73	Business Services
7342	DISINFECTING & EXTERMINAT SERV	73	Business Services
7349	BUILDING MAINTNENANCE SERVICE	73	Business Services
7352	MEDICAL EQUIPMENT RENTAL	73	Business Services
7353	HEAVY CONSTRUCTON EQUIP RENTAL	73	Business Services
7359	EQUIPMENT RENTAL AND LEASING,	73	Business Services
7361	EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES	73	Business Services
7363	HELP SUPPLY SERVICES	73	Business Services
7371	CUSTOM COMPUTER PROG SERVICES	73	Business Services
7372	PREPACKAGED SOFTWARE	73	Business Services
7373	COMPUTER INTEGRATED SYS DESIGN	73	Business Services
7374	DATA PROCESSING & PREPARATION	73	Business Services
7375	INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SERVICES	73	Business Services
7376	COMPUTER FACILITIES MANAGEMENT	73	Business Services
7377	COMPUTER RENTAL AND LEASING	73	Business Services
7378	COMPUTER MAINTENANCE & REPAIR	73	Business Services
7379	COMPUTER RELATED SERVICES, NEC	73	Business Services
7381	DETECTIVE & ARMORED CAR SERVIC	73	Business Services
7382	SECURITY SYSTEMS SERVICES	73	Business Services
7383	NEWS SYNDICATES	73	Business Services
7389	BUSINESS SERVICES, NEC	73	Business Services

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
7513	TRUCK RENT & LEASE, NO DRIVERS	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7514	PASSENGER CAR RENTAL	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7515	PASSENGER CAR LEASING	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7519	UTILITY TRAILER & RV RENTAL	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7521	AUTOMOBILE PARKING	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7532	TOP & BODY REPAIR & PAINT SHOP	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7533	AUTO EXHAUST SYSTEM REP SHOPS	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7534	TIRE RETREADING & REPAIR SHOPS	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7536	AUTO GLASS REPLACEMENT SHOPS	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7537	AUTO TRANSMISSION REPAIR SHOPS	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7538	GENERAL AUTO REPAIR SHOPS	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7539	AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SHOPS, NEC	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7542	CAR WASHES	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7549	AUTO SERV, EXC REP & CARWASHES	75	Auto Repair, Services, & Parking
7622	RADIO & TELEVISION REPAIR SHOP	76	Miscellaneous Repair Services
7623	REFRIG & AC SERV & REP SHOPS	76	Miscellaneous Repair Services
7629	ELEC & ELECTRONIC REPAIR SHOPS	76	Miscellaneous Repair Services
7631	WATCH, CLOCK & JEWELRY REPAIR	76	Miscellaneous Repair Services
7641	REUPHOLSTERY & FURNITURE REP	76	Miscellaneous Repair Services
7694	ARMATURE REWINDING SHOPS	76	Miscellaneous Repair Services
7812	MOTION PICTURE & VIDEO PROD	78	Motion Pictures
7819	SERV. ALLIED TO MOTION PICTURE	78	Motion Pictures
7822	MOTION PICTURE & TAPE DISTRIB	78	Motion Pictures
7829	SERV ALLIED TO MOTION PIC DIST	78	Motion Pictures
7832	MOTION PIC THEA., EX DRIVE-IN	78	Motion Pictures
7833	DRIVE-IN MOTION PIC THEATRES	78	Motion Pictures
7841	VIDEO TAPE RENTAL	78	Motion Pictures
7911	DANCE STUDIOS, SCHOOLS & HALLS	79	Amusement & Recreation Services

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
7922	THEA. PROD (EXC MOTION PICTURE	79	Amusement & Recreation Services
7929	BANDS, ORCH, ACTORS & ENTERTAI	79	Amusement & Recreation Services
7933	BOWLING CENTERS	79	Amusement & Recreation Services
7941	PROF SPORTS CLUBS & PROMOTERS	79	Amusement & Recreation Services
7948	RACING, INCLUDING TRACK OPERA	79	Amusement & Recreation Services
7991	PHYSICAL FITNESS FACILITIES	79	Amusement & Recreation Services
7992	PUBLIC GOLF COURSES	79	Amusement & Recreation Services
7993	COIN OPERATED AMUSEMENT DEVI	79	Amusement & Recreation Services
7996	AMUSEMENT PARKS	79	Amusement & Recreation Services
7997	MEMBERSHIP SPORTS & REC CLUBS	79	Amusement & Recreation Services
7999	AMUSEMENT AND RECREATION, NEC	79	Amusement & Recreation Services
8111	LEGAL SERVICES	81	Legal Services
8211	ELEMENTARY & SECONDARY SCHOOLS	82	Educational Services
8221	COLLEGES, UNIV & PROF SCHOOLS	82	Educational Services
8222	JUNIOR COLLEGES & TECH INSTITU	82	Educational Services
8231	LIBRARIES	82	Educational Services
8243	DATA PROCESSING SCHOOLS	82	Educational Services
8244	BUSINESS & SECRETARIAL SCHOOLS	82	Educational Services
8249	VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS, NEC	82	Educational Services
8299	SCHOOLS & EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	82	Educational Services
8322	INDIVIDUAL AND FAMILY SERVICES	83	Social Services
8331	JOB TRAINING & VOC REHAB SERVI	83	Social Services
8351	CHILD DAY CARE SERVICES	83	Social Services
8361	RESIDENTIAL CARE	83	Social Services
8399	SOCIAL SERVICES, NEC	83	Social Services
8412	MUSEUMS AND ART GALLERIES	84	Museums, Botanical, Zoological Gardens
8422	BOTANICAL & ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS	84	Museums, Botanical, Zoological Gardens
8611	BUSINESS ASSOCIATIONS	86	Membership Organizations

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
8621	PROFESSIONAL MEMBERSHIP ORGAN	86	Membership Organizations
8631	LABOR UNIONS & LABOR ORGANIZA	86	Membership Organizations
8641	CIVIC, SOCIAL & FRATERNAL ASS.	86	Membership Organizations
8651	POLITICAL ORGANIZATIONS	86	Membership Organizations
8661	RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATIONS	86	Membership Organizations
8699	MEMBERSHIP ORGANIZATIONS, NEC	86	Membership Organizations
8711	ENGINEERING SERVICES	87	Engineering & Management Services
8712	ARCHITECTURAL SERVICES	87	Engineering & Management Services
8713	SURVEYING SERVICES	87	Engineering & Management Services
8721	ACC., AUDITING & BOOKKEEPING	87	Engineering & Management Services
8732	COMMERCIAL NONPHYSICAL RESEAR	87	Engineering & Management Services
8733	NONCOMMERCIAL RESEARCH ORGANI	87	Engineering & Management Services
8741	MANAGEMENT SERVICES	87	Engineering & Management Services
8742	MANAGEMENT CONSULTING SERVICE	87	Engineering & Management Services
8743	PUBLIC RELATIONS SERVICES	87	Engineering & Management Services
8744	FACILITIES SUPPORT SERVICES	87	Engineering & Management Services
8748	BUSINESS CONSULTING, NEC	87	Engineering & Management Services
8811	PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS	88	Private Households
8999	SERVICES, NEC	89	Services, Not Elsewhere Classified
9111	EXECUTIVE OFFICES	91	Executive, Legislative, & General
9121	LEGISLATIVE BODIES	91	Executive, Legislative, & General
9131	EXEC & LEGIS OFFICES COMBINED	91	Executive, Legislative, & General
9199	GENERAL GOVERNMENT, NEC	91	Executive, Legislative, & General
9211	COURTS	92	Justice, Public Order, & Safety
9221	POLICE PROTECTION	92	Justice, Public Order, & Safety
9222	LEGAL COUNSEL & PROSECUTION	92	Justice, Public Order, & Safety
9223	CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS	92	Justice, Public Order, & Safety
9224	FIRE PROTECTION	92	Justice, Public Order, & Safety

Table A-2. SIC Codes Not Assigned to a Point Source Category

4-Digit SIC Code	SIC Description	Major SIC Group	SIC Group Description
9229	PUBLIC ORDER AND SAFETY, NEC	92	Justice, Public Order, & Safety
9311	PUBLIC FINANCE	93	Finance, Taxation, & Monetary Policy
9411	ADMINISTRATION OF EDUCAT PROG	94	Administration of Human Resources
9431	ADMIN OF PUB HEALTH PROGRAMS	94	Administration of Human Resources
9441	ADM OF SOCIAL/HUMAN RESOURCE	94	Administration of Human Resources
9451	ADM OF VET AFFAIRS, EX HEA/INS	94	Administration of Human Resources
9511	AIR & WATER RES & SOL WSTE MGT	95	Environmental Quality & Housing
9512	LAND, MIN, WILDLIFE/FOREST CON	95	Environmental Quality & Housing
9531	ADMIN OF HOUSING PROGRAMS	95	Environmental Quality & Housing
9532	ADM OF URB PLAN/COMM/RURL DEV	95	Environmental Quality & Housing
9611	ADMIN OF GENERAL ECONOMIC PRO	96	Administration of Economic Programs
9621	REG & ADMIN OF TRANS PROGRAMS	96	Administration of Economic Programs
9631	REG & ADM OF COMMS, ELEC, GAS	96	Administration of Economic Programs
9641	REG OF AGRI MARKETING & COMMOD	96	Administration of Economic Programs
9651	REG, LIC & INSP OF COMM SECTOR	96	Administration of Economic Programs
9661	SPACE RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY	96	Administration of Economic Programs
9711	NATIONAL SECURITY	97	National Security & International Affairs
9721	INTERNATIONAL SECURITY	97	National Security & International Affairs
9999	NONCLASSIFIABLE ESTABLISHMENTS	99	Non classifiable Establishments

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
1,1'-oxybis-2-propanol	110985	1.70731E-06
1,3-Phenylenediamine	108452	0.000380667
1-nitropyrene	5522430	0.026046512
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-dioxolane	1193119	0.000125687
2,6-diethylaniline (alachlor degradation product)	579668	0.00537428
3,5,5-trimethylhexanoic Acid	3302101	0.00298826
3-Chloro-p-toluidine hydrochloride	7745893	0.035
4,4-Dimethyloxazolidine	51200874	0.001244444
4-Chloro-3,5-xyleneol	88040	0.155555556
5-methyl-1H-benzotriazole	136856	0.000338594
Acenaphthene	83329	0.032569744
Acenaphthylene	208968	0.008421053
Acephate	30560191	0.053971045
Acetaldehyde	75070	0.002204582
Acetamide	60355	4.21053E-06
Acetic acid	64197	0.000708861
Acetochlor	34256821	0.147438421
Acetone	67641	8.46107E-06
Acetonitrile	75058	0.000213039
Acetophenone	98862	0.000334099
Acetyl chloride	75365	0.001333333
Acetylamino fluorene, 2-	53963	0.006796117
Acid Yellow 17	6359984	0.000311111
Acifluorfen \ Blazer	50594664	0.003294118
Acrolein	107028	0.980567241
Acrylamide	79061	0.51912
Acrylic acid	79107	0.000152272
Acrylonitrile	107131	2.2792
Aflatoxins	4402682	17864
Alachlor / Lasso	15972608	1.5184
Aldicarb \ Temik	116063	0.604950538
Aldrin	309002	11140.05455
ALDRIN + DIELDRIN	900	10850.42727
Alkyl(amino)-3-aminopropane	61791637	1.09375
Alkyl(amino)-3-aminopropane dia	61791648	0.35
Allethrin	584792	21.53846154
Allyl alcohol	107186	0.084960485
Allyl chloride	107051	0.003352643
Allylamine	107119	0.002533937
alpha-chlordane; cis-chlordane	5103719	3868.525581

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Aluminum	7429905	0.064691216
Ametryn	834128	0.03514
Aminoacetophenone, m-	99036	0.000146597
Aminoanthraquinone, 2-	117793	0.002213439
Aminoazobenzene, p-	60093	0.004552846
Aminoazotoluene, o-	97563	0.0448
Aminobiphenyl, 4-	92671	0.010506567
Aminocarb \ Matacil	2032599	4.666666667
Amitraz	33089611	0.37954359
Amitrole	61825	0.003111111
Ammonia as N	-7664417	0.001349398
Ammonia as NH3	7664417	0.00111
Ammonium Hydroxide	1336216	0.003733333
Ammonium Nitrate	6484522	0.000934268
Ammonium Perchlorate as ClO4	7790989	0.009333333
Ammonium Sulfate	7783202	0.001525886
Amobam	3566107	0.003142536
Amyl Acetate, n-	628637	0.000861538
Ancymidol	12771685	0.00056
Anilazine \ Dyrene	101053	207.4093674
Aniline	62533	0.006858727
Anisidine, o-	90040	0.000967185
Anthracene	120127	2.545594545
Anthraquinone, 1-amino-2-methyl-	82280	0.004705882
Antimony	7440360	0.01225
Antimony compounds	N010	0.01225
Antimycin A	1397940	7000
Aramite	140578	0.933333333
Arsenic	7440382	4.041333333
Arsenic (III)	22541544	10.80947368
Arsenic (V)	17428410	10.84588235
Arsenic acid	7778394	0.004
Arsenic compounds	N020	4.041333333
Arsenic trioxide	1327533	0.000056
Arsenic trisulfide	1303339	0.000414815
Aspon	3244904	0.8
Atrazine	1912249	1.040953846
Azinphos ethyl	2642719	50.90909091
Azinphos methyl \ Guthion, methyl-	86500	56.07567778
Aziridine	151564	0.00754717

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIReleases2005*, *TRIReleases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Barium	7440393	0.001990757
Barium compounds	N040	0.001990757
Barium cyanide	542621	0.00000588
Barium metaborate	13701592	0.002758621
Belclene 310	22936750	0.018666667
Bendiocarb \ Ficam	22781233	0.121248936
Benfluralin/Benefin	1861401	0.203751515
Benomyl \ Benlate	17804352	10.001148
Bensulfuron Methyl	83055996	0.000233333
Bensulide \ Betesan	741582	0.08
Bentazon	25057890	0.005838455
Benzal chloride	98873	0.011914894
Benzaldehyde	100527	0.052445649
Benzamide	55210	8.47201E-05
Benzene	71432	0.031678038
Benzene & Ethylbenzene & Toluene & Xylene	902	0.010760738
Benzenesulfonyl chloride	98099	0.023045267
Benzenethiol	108985	6.721330798
Benzethonium chloride	121540	0.04
Benzidine	92875	2817.593333
Benzo(a)anthracene	56553	30.695
Benzo(a)pyrene	50328	100.66
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205992	30.66
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207089	30.66
Benzofluorene, 2,3-	243174	0.155555556
Benzofuran	271896	0.004
Benzoic acid	65850	0.000331248
Benzonitrile	100470	0.000207331
Benzophenone	119619	0.003943662
Benzoquinone, p-	106514	1.244444444
Benzotriazole	95147	0.00013912
Benzotrichloride	98077	178.361697
Benzoyl chloride	98884	0.001642229
Benzyl acetate	140114	0.00001232
Benzyl alcohol	100516	0.005618667
Benzyl benzoate	120514	0.024034335
Benzyl chloride	100447	0.7966
Beryllium	7440417	1.056603774
Beryllium compounds	N050	1.056603774
beta-chlordane; trans-chlordane; gamma-chlordane	5103742	1993.225581

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
BHC, alpha-	319846	114.7461538
BHC, beta-	319857	32.935
BHC, delta-	319868	0.035443038
BHC, gamma- \ Lindane	58899	70.32666667
BHC, technical grade	608731	38.98222222
Bifenox	42576023	0.119148936
Bifenthrin	82657043	2545.454545
Biphenyl	92524	0.036555826
Bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane	111911	0.000304348
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	111444	1.062894737
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	108601	0.025433263
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	117817	0.2548
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)adipate	103231	2.248995984
Bis(chloromethyl)ether	542881	19.404
Bis(trichloromethyl)Sulfone	3064708	1.931034483
Bolstar \ Sulprofos	35400432	0.010769231
Boric Acid	10043353	0.000600214
Boron	7440428	0.17721519
Bromacil	314409	0.0056
Bromine	7726956	0.012173913
Bromo-2-chlorobenzene, 1-	694804	0.004682274
Bromo-3-chlorobenzene, 1-	108372	0.008211144
Bromobenzene	108861	0.01658
Bromobutane, 1-	109659	0.001525886
Bromodichloromethane	75274	0.032918058
Bromomethane	74839	0.05975
Bromophenyl phenyl ether, 4-	101553	0.133333333
Bromoxynil	1689845	0.020911111
Bromoxynil octanoate	1689992	1.056603774
Bronopol	52517	0.001555556
Brucine	357573	0.001555556
Busamid \ Dazomet \ Mylone \ Nefusan	533744	0.009491525
Busan 72	21564170	0.933333333
Busan 77 \ PBED	31512740	0.56
Busan 85	128030	0.933333333
Busan 90	2491385	0.132701422
Butachlor	23184669	0.007368421
Butadiene, 1,3-	106990	4.829081594
Butanal	123728	0.004179104
Butanoic acid, n-	107926	0.000424242

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Butanol, 1-	71363	0.000102337
Butoxyethanol, 2-	111762	3.75839E-05
Butralin	33629479	0.151351351
Butyl acetate, n-	123864	0.003111111
Butyl acrylate	141322	0.012173913
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85687	0.024436462
Butylamine, n-	109739	7.90637E-05
Butylate	2008415	0.267128667
Butylbenzene, n-	104518	0.15449814
Butylbenzoic acid, p-tert-	98737	0.014
Butylphenol, p-tert- (in methanol)	98544	0.010873786
Butyltoluene, tert-	27138212	0.028282828
Butyne-1,4-diol	110656	0.001044776
C.I. Acid Green 25	4403901	0.009032258
C.I. Disperse Yellow 3	2832408	0.000311111
C.I. Food Red 15	81889	0.000960549
C.I. Solvent Orange 7	3118976	0.667461263
C.I. Solvent Yellow 14	842079	0.14893617
C.I. Vat Yellow 4	128665	0.023333333
Cadmium	7440439	23.1168
Cadmium compounds	N078	23.1168
Caffeine	58083	0.000370861
Calcium	7440702	0.000028
Calcium cyanide	592018	0.000555333
Calcium Magnesium Acetate	102	0.000056
Calcium polysulphide	1344816	0.007
Camphene	79925	0.000430769
Camphor	76222	0.000509091
Captafol \ Difolatan	2425061	2.668556667
Captan	133062	1.651067914
Carbam-S	128041	0.08358209
Carbaryl \ Sevin	63252	280.00364
Carbazole	86748	0.709070997
Carbofuran \ Furadan	1563662	0.060502857
Carbon disulfide	75150	2.800161
Carbophenothion \ Trithion	786196	0.662721893
Carbosulfan	55285148	3.871933333
Carboxin	5234684	0.046666667
Catechol	120809	0.016
Chloramben	133904	0.002768839

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIReleases2005*, *TRIReleases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Chlordane	57749	1993.225581
Chlordane, technical	12789036	3868.525581
Chlorfenvinphos \ Supona	470906	0.281607763
Chlorfluorenl	2536314	0.048275862
Chloride	16887006	2.43478E-05
Chlorimuron Ethyl	90982324	0.028
Chlorinated naphthalene, NOS	1067	0.018064516
Chlorinated Phenols	903	0.302745
Chlorine	7782505	0.509162182
Chlorine Dioxide	10049044	0.16
Chlormephos	24934916	0.0224
Chloro-3-nitrobenzene, 1-	121733	0.002978723
Chloroacetic acid	79118	0.000805
Chloroacetonitrile	107142	0.041481481
Chloroacetophenone, 2-	532274	0.361290323
Chloroaniline, o-	95512	0.009859155
Chloroaniline, p-	106478	0.028
Chlorobenzene	108907	0.002934467
Chlorobenzilate	510156	79.21721818
Chlorobenzoic acid, 3-	535808	0.000965517
Chlorobromomethane	74975	0.000113796
Chlorocatechol, 4-	2138229	0.035443038
Chloroethane	75003	0.003188993
Chloroethanol, 2-	107073	0.001513514
Chloroethene	75014	0.229626984
Chloroethylvinyl ether, 2-	110758	7.2732E-05
Chloroguaiacol, 4-	16766306	0.005
Chloromethane	74873	0.005359161
Chloromethylbenzene	25168052	0.0112
Chloronaphthalene, 1-	90131	0.032941176
Chloronaphthalene, 2-	91587	0.021599516
Chloroneb	2675776	0.004666667
Chlorophacinone	3691358	0.037333333
Chlorophenol, 2-	95578	0.056186667
Chlorophenol, 4-	106489	0.024690909
Chlorophenols	N084	0.055488559
Chlorophenoxyacetic acid (CPA)	122883	0.000448
Chlorophenylphenyl ether, 4-	7005723	0.12173913
Chloropicrin	76062	2.947368421
Chloroprene	126998	0.112172119

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Chlorosyringaldehyde	76341690	0.015135135
Chlorothalonil	1897456	7.386239234
Chlorotoluene, o-	95498	0.000756757
Chlorovanillin, 5-	19463480	0.005333333
Chlorovanillin, 6-	18268763	0.02629108
Chloroxuron	1982474	0.130232558
Chlorpropham	101213	0.008792745
Chlorpyrifos \ Dursban	2921882	137.8588992
Chlorpyrifos methyl	5598130	0.714
Chlorsulfuron	64902723	0.000116667
Chromic acid	7738945	0.073684211
Chromic sulfate	10101538	1.866666667
Chromium	7440473	0.075696709
Chromium compounds	N090	0.075696709
Chromium hexavalent	18540299	0.516557576
Chromium trivalent	16065831	0.075690609
Chrysene	218019	31.01
Cineole, 1,8-	470826	0.00054902
Clomazone	81777891	0.001702128
Clonitralid	1420048	0.000294737
Cloprop	101100	0.0007
Cobalt	7440484	0.114285714
Cobalt compounds	N096	0.114285714
Copper	7440508	0.634822222
Copper chloride (I)	7758896	0.589473684
Copper Chloride Hydroxide	1332656	0.057142857
Copper compounds	N100	0.634822222
Copper cyanide	544923	0.0070756
Copper Oxychloride Sulfate	8012699	0.014933333
Copper sulfate, anhydrous	7758987	1.12
Copper sulfate, pentahydrate	7758998	1.75
Coumaphos	56724	5600
Coumatetralyl	5836293	0.000056
Cresol, m-	108394	0.003047783
Cresol, o-	95487	0.002991783
Cresol, p-	106445	0.007106988
Cresols (mixed isomers)	1319773	0.004893
Crotonaldehyde	4170303	0.016
Crotoxyphos \ Ciodrin	7700176	5.090909091
Cryolite	15096523	0.0112

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Cumeme hydroperoxide	80159	0.006603774
Cumene	98828	0.003378846
Cupric sulfate, basic	1332145	0.28
Cyanazine	21725462	2.0704
Cyanide	57125	1.116923077
Cyanide compounds	N106	0.0054
Cyanogen	460195	2.28667E-07
Cyanogen bromide	506683	0.233333333
Cyanogen chloride	506774	0.0000441
Cyanophos \ Cyanox	2636262	0.01382716
Cycloate	1134232	0.012444444
Cyclohexane	110827	0.009003215
Cyclohexanol	108930	7.95455E-05
Cyclohexanone	108941	4.71759E-05
Cyclohexene	110838	0.007887324
Cycloheximide	66819	0.04
Cyclohexylamine	108918	0.000336
Cyclopentanone	120923	1.76835E-05
Cycloprate \ Zardex	54460467	12.96296296
Cyfluthrin	68359375	210.1073914
Cygon \ Dimethoate	60515	1.849492248
Cyhalothrin	68085858	311.1111111
Cymene, p-	99876	0.023628692
Dalapon	75990	0.005790909
Daminozide	1596845	0.001135903
DB, 2,4- salts and esters	94826	0.0483
DBNPA	10222012	0.031111111
DCEPA di-acid degradate	2136790	0.000410437
DCEPA/Dacthal	1861321	0.076232258
DDD	72548	1894.293333
DDE	72559	2553.11
DDT	50293	8151.36
DDT (from GLI)	33086189	8151.36
Decabromodiphenyl oxide	1163195	0.008588957
Decalactone, gamma-	706149	0.003111111
Decane, n-	124185	0.004307692
Deet	134623	0.000746667
DEF	78488	149.7017544
Dehydrabietic acid	1740198	0.026666667
Demeton \ Systox	8065483	71.925

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIReleases2005*, *TRIReleases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Demeton-O-methyl/Oxydemeton-methyl	301122	14.00093333
Demeton-S-methyl	919868	0.294736842
Desmedipham \ Betanex	13684565	0.093333333
Diallate	2303164	1.200928259
Diaminoanisole, 2,4-	615054	0.000206642
Diaminotoluene, 2,4-	95807	0.479399437
Diazinon \ Spectracide	333415	622.2751111
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	53703	30.772
Dibenzo(c,g)carbazole, 7H-	194592	0.03027027
Dibenzofuran	132649	0.49215
Dibenzothiophene	132650	0.045901639
Dibromo-3-chloropropane, 1,2-	96128	2.156357371
Dibromochloromethane	124481	0.044483378
Dibromodicyanobutane	35691657	0.032
Dibromomethane	74953	0.000112153
Dicamba	1918009	0.015012308
Dichlobenil	1194656	0.0056
Dichlofenthion	97176	13.65853659
Dichlone \ Phygon	117806	4
Dichloro-2-butene, trans-1,4-	110576	0.0014
Dichloro-2-propanol, 1,3-	96231	8.23529E-05
Dichloroaniline, 2,3-	608275	0.007810321
Dichloroaniline, 2,4-	554007	0.004786325
Dichloroaniline, 3,4-	95761	0.266666667
Dichlorobenzene	25321226	0.008204338
Dichlorobenzene, 1,2-	95501	0.010503063
Dichlorobenzene, 1,3-	541731	0.013794667
Dichlorobenzene, 1,4-	106467	0.07672825
Dichlorobenzidine, 3,3'-	91941	19.70933333
Dichlorocatechol, 3,4-	3978674	0.020664207
Dichlorocatechol, 3,5-	13673922	0.029258098
Dichlorocatechol, 3,6-	3938167	0.004827586
Dichlorocatechol, 4,5-	3428248	0.062921348
Dichlorocyclohexane, trans-1,2-	822866	0.003043478
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75718	0.000592527
Dichloroethane	1300216	0.000101818
Dichloroethane, 1,1-	75343	0.000513619
Dichloroethane, 1,2-	107062	0.015797091
Dichloroethene, 1,1-	75354	0.471495033
Dichloroethene, 1,2-	540590	0.001457

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Dichloroethene, trans-1,2-	156605	9.19891E-05
Dichloroethylene, cis-1,2-	156592	0.007328716
Dichloroguaiacol, 3,4-	77102944	0.009982175
Dichloroguaiacol, 4,5-	2460493	0.012527964
Dichloroguaiacol, 4,6-	16766317	0.009982175
Dichloromethane	75092	0.001012879
Dichloro-o-cresol, 4,6-	1570656	0.035
Dichlorophen	97234	0.015555556
Dichlorophenol, 2,4-	120832	0.098993333
Dichlorophenol, 2,6-	87650	0.017283951
Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, 2,4-	94757	0.007814754
Dichloropropane, 1,2-	78875	0.039391333
Dichloropropane, 1,3-	142289	0.00059448
Dichloropropane, NOS	26638197	0.0233536
Dichloropropene, 1,3-	542756	0.565061538
Dichloropropene, 2,3-	78886	0.00056
Dichloropropene, cis-1,3-	10061015	0.02295082
Dichloropropene, NOS	26952238	0.622222222
Dichloropropene, trans-1,3-	10061026	0.02295082
Dichlorosyringaldehyde, 2,6-	76330068	0.018983051
Dichlorotoluene, 2,4-	95738	0.012173913
Dichlorotoluene, 3,4-	95750	0.049557522
Dichlorovanillin, 5,6-	18268694	0.03255814
Dichlorprop	120365	0.093333333
Dichlorvos	62737	5601.2992
Diclofop-methyl	51338273	0.186666667
Dicloran \ Botran	99309	0.040148571
Dicofol \ Kelthane	115322	1540.266667
Dicrotophos \ Bidrin	141662	0.144232558
Dicyclopentadiene	77736	0.004666667
Dieldrin	60571	10560.8
Dienochlor \ Pentac	2227170	2800
Diethanolamine	111422	0.00175
Diethyl ether	60297	8.97464E-05
Diethyl malonate	105533	0.004745763
Diethyl phthalate	84662	0.00068775
Diethylamine	109897	0.00028
Diethylaniline	91667	0.004
Diethylbenzene, 1,3-	141935	0.013493976
Diethylene Glycol	111466	7.44681E-07

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Diethylsulfate	64675	6.82927E-05
Difenzoquat methyl sulfate	43222486	0.022134387
Diflubenzuron	35367385	3.5161
Dihydrobenzofuran, 2,3-	496162	0.000685435
Dihydroindene, 2,3-	496117	0.004
Dimethoxybenzene, 1,4-	150787	0.000254545
Dimethoxybenzidine, 3,3'-	119904	0.029227737
Dimethoxymethane	109875	4.99643E-06
Dimethyl phthalate	131113	0.003294118
Dimethyl sulfate	77781	0.007466667
Dimethyl sulfide	75183	7.91173E-05
Dimethyl sulfoxide	67685	1.64706E-06
Dimethyl-2,5-Heptadien-4-one, 2,6-	504201	0.000933333
Dimethylacetamide, N,N-	127195	2.08698E-06
Dimethylamine	124403	0.000622222
Dimethylaminoazobenzene, p-	60117	0.016519174
Dimethylformamide, N,N-	68122	7.95732E-06
Dimethylhydrazine, 1,1-	57147	0.014698163
Dimethylphenanthrene, 3,6-	1576676	0.266666667
Dimethylphenol, 2,4-	105679	0.00940864
Dimethylphenol, 2,6-	576261	0.280997151
Dimethylphenol, 3,5-	108689	0.002545455
Di-n-butyl phthalate	84742	0.012446
Dinitrobenzene, 1,2-	528290	0.093333333
Dinitrobenzene, 1,3-	99650	0.14175
Dinitrobenzene, 1,4-	100254	0.122733333
Dinitro-o-cresol, 4,6-	534521	0.107601093
Dinitrophenol, 2,4-	51285	0.008138608
Dinitrotoluene (mixed isomers)	25321146	0.043076923
Dinitrotoluene, 2,3-	602017	0.024347826
Dinitrotoluene, 2,4-	121142	0.445452
Dinitrotoluene, 2,5-	619158	0.043076923
Dinitrotoluene, 2,6-	606202	0.110133333
Dinitrotoluene, 3,4-	610399	0.037333333
Dinocap \ Karathane	39300453	3.733333333
Di-n-octyl phthalate	117840	0.46335942
Dinoseb \ DNBP	88857	3.228860759
Dioxane, 1,4-	123911	0.000619843
Dioxathion	78342	62.32022222
Dioxin and dioxin-like compounds	N150	10595840

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Diphacinone	82666	0.026666667
Diphenamid	957517	0.00189
Diphenyl ether	101848	0.02629108
Diphenylamine	122394	0.022693428
Diphenyldisulfide	882337	0.509090909
Diphenylhydrazine, 1,2-	122667	2.996207407
Diphenylmethane	101815	0.007466667
Diquat dibromide	85007	0.047863248
Direct Black 38	1937377	0.000311111
Direct Blue 6	2602462	0.000311111
Direct Brown 95	16071866	0.00691358
Disulfoton	298044	128.1
Di-tert-butyl-4-methyl phenol, 2,6-	128370	0.002436
Diuron / DCMU	330541	0.448
Docosane, n-	629970	8.23529E-05
Dodecane, n-	112403	0.004307692
Dodecylguanidine monoacetate	2439103	0.076275862
Dowicil 75	4080313	0.001333333
Edetic Acid	60004	0.000233333
Eicosane, n-	112958	0.004307692
Endosulfan mixed isomers	115297	100.063
Endosulfan sulfate	1031078	100.063
Endosulfan, alpha-	959988	100.063
Endosulfan, beta-	33213659	100.063
Endothall	145733	0.400175
Endrin	72208	162.436889
ENDRIN + ENDRIN ALDEHYDE (SUM)	901	168.2595556
Endrin aldehyde	7421934	174.0822222
Endrin ketone	53494705	109.4357576
Epichlorhydrin	106898	0.006946219
EPN \ Santox	2104645	1864
EPTC	759944	0.006067343
Erythritol anhydride	1464535	3.92
Ethalfuralin	55283686	7.466666667
Ethane, 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoro-	76131	0.005858526
Ethanediamine, 1,2-	107153	0.00030059
Ethanol	64175	0.000583333
Ethanol, 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-	112345	3.43807E-05
Ethanol, 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy)-	111900	2.11321E-06
Ethanol, 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-	111773	7.46667E-06

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Ethephon	16672870	0.000180064
Ethion \ Bladan	563122	284.2
Ethofumesate	26225796	0.0016
Ethoprophos	13194484	88.88888889
Ethoxyquin	91532	0.026415094
Ethyl acetate	141786	0.000583578
Ethyl acrylate	140885	0.051754713
Ethyl bromide	74964	0.00020838
Ethyl-1-hexanol, 2-	104767	0.001985816
Ethylamine	75047	1.53665E-05
Ethylbenzene	100414	0.001412391
Ethylene	74851	0.000365059
Ethylene dibromide	106934	119.0001578
Ethylene glycol	107211	0.001340333
Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether	110805	8.26633E-06
Ethylene oxide	75218	0.050646667
Ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid, salts and esters	N171	0.00875
Ethylenethiourea	96457	0.156121212
Ethylphenol, p-	123079	0.005384615
Ethylpyridine, 2-	100710	0.000135266
Etridiazole	2593159	0.046280992
Eugenol	97530	0.002333333
Famphur \ Famophos	52857	0.011546392
Fenac \ Chlorfenac	85347	0.050909091
Fenamiphos	22224926	0.592935354
Fenarimol \ Rubigan	60168889	0.061538462
Fenitrothion	122145	5.645733333
Fenoxaprop-Ethyl	66441234	0.180645161
Fenpropathrin	39515418	20
Fensulfothion \ Dasanit	115902	5.786666667
Fenthion \ Baytex	55389	936.5533333
Fenvalerate \ Pydrin	51630581	15.57771444
Ferbam	14484641	0.622240422
Fluazifop-p-butyl	69806504	0.00013579
Flucythrinate	70124775	80
Flumetralin	62924703	3.12849162
Fluometuron	2164172	0.097787879
Fluoranthene	206440	1.284694444
Fluorene	86737	0.70105
Fluoride	16984488	0.035

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIReleases2005*, *TRIReleases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Fluoroacetamide, 2-	640197	0.0014
Fluvalinate	69409945	164.7058824
Folpet	133073	1.738717436
Fomesagen	72178020	7.46667E-05
Fonofos	944229	28.105
Formaldehyde	50000	0.002330651
Formetanate hydrochloride	23422539	0.643678161
Formic acid	64186	0.00037051
Fosamine ammonium	25954136	0.000148541
Fosetyl-Al	39148248	0.000738786
Furan	110009	0.000918033
Furfural	98011	0.01370554
Furfuryl alcohol	98000	3.73333E-05
Gallium	7440553	0.134939759
gamma-chlordane	5566347	3868.525581
Germanium	7440564	18.66666667
Giv-gard	7166190	2.8
Glutaraldehyde	111308	0.074666667
Glycol ethers	N230	0.000106671
Glyphosate \ Roundup	1071836	0.045246923
HAE	34375285	1.31148E-07
Hexanedinitrile	111693	7.77778E-05
Heptachlor	76448	8529.684211
Heptachlor epoxide	1024573	15742.48421
Heptachlorodibenzofuran, 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	67562394	85760
Heptachlorodibenzofuran, 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	55673897	3033984
Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	35822469	411136
Heptane, n-	142825	0.061538462
Heptanone, 2-	110430	0.000433922
Hexachlorobenzene	118741	1947.726667
Hexachlorobutadiene	87683	0.632508138
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77474	1.07729921
Hexachlorodibenzofuran, 1,2,3,4,7,8-	70648269	5760000
Hexachlorodibenzofuran, 1,2,3,6,7,8-	57117449	14109440
Hexachlorodibenzofuran, 1,2,3,7,8,9-	72918219	47308800
Hexachlorodibenzofuran, 2,3,4,6,7,8-	60851345	51204160
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 1,2,3,4,7,8-	39227286	23498240
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 1,2,3,6,7,8-	57653857	9556480
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 1,2,3,7,8,9-	19408743	10595840
Hexachloroethane	67721	0.18069437

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Hexachlorophene	70304	1773.333333
Hexacosane, n-	630013	8.23529E-05
Hexadecane, n-	544763	0.004307692
Hexamethylphosphoramide	680319	7.50862E-06
Hexane, n-	110543	0.035239604
Hexanoic acid	142621	0.00036915
Hexanol, 1-	111273	0.000573183
Hexanone, 2-	591786	0.000375077
Hexazinone	51235042	0.000564242
HPTMS	29803574	0.005761317
Hyamine 2389	1399800	0.046666667
Hydrazine	302012	0.06272
Hydrochloric acid	7647010	2.43478E-05
Hydrofluoric acid	7664393	0.0000056
Hydrogen cyanide	74908	1.076949677
Hydrogen sulfide	7783064	2.801446667
Hydroquinone	123319	1.274120273
Hydroxy-3-methoxy benzaldehyde, 4-	121335	0.000982456
Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone, 4-	123422	0.000133333
Hydroxydimethylarsine oxide	75605	0.23212
Imazapyr	81334341	5.76725E-05
Imazaquin	81335377	0.0002
Imazethapyr(Acid)	81335775	0.000162791
Indene	95136	0.004
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193395	30.66
Iodomethane	74884	0.000121052
Iprodione	36734197	0.014
Iron	7439896	0.0056
Iron sulfate	7720787	0.0056
Isobutyl alcohol	78831	0.001410267
Isodrin (stereoisomer of Aldrin)	465736	14
Isofenphos	25311711	0.217
Isophorone	78591	0.001091631
Isopropalin	33820530	0.617866667
Isopropanol	67630	0.0056
Isopropyl Acetate	108214	6.89995E-05
Isopropyl Ether	108203	0.000610687
Isopropylidenediphenol, 4,4'-	80057	0.002354074
Isopropyl naphthalene, 2-	2027170	0.071794872
Isoquinoline	119653	0.002654028

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Isosafrole	120581	0.001392342
Karbutilate	4849325	0.000746667
Kepone	143500	4.666666667
Lactonitrile	78977	0.062222222
Landrin I	2686999	0.056
Landrin II / Trimethacarb	2655154	0.056
Lead	7439921	2.24
Lead acetate	301042	0.001284404
Lead compounds	N420	2.24
Lethane 384	112561	0.0175
Linuron	330552	0.080764444
Lithium	7439932	0.012068966
m,p'-DDD; 3,4'-DDD	4329128	1894.293333
Magnesium	7439954	0.000865533
Malachite green	569642	1.836065574
Malathion	121755	56.00644
Maleic anhydride	108316	0.000501026
Maleic hydrazide	123331	0.00056028
Mancozeb	8018017	0.12190713
Maneb \ Vancide	12427382	0.164706162
Manganese	7439965	0.07043299
Manganese compounds	N450	0.07043299
MCPA	94746	0.04022078
MCPB	94815	0.808516667
MCPP \ Mecoprop	93652	0.007972135
MCPP \ Mecoprop	7085190	0.001772713
Mefluidide	53780340	0.00056
Melamine	108781	0.000155556
Mepiquat chloride	24307264	3.5443E-05
Mercuric acetate	1600277	0.933333333
Mercury	7439976	117.1180233
Mercury chloride	7487947	1.866666667
Mercury compounds	N458	117.1180233
Mercury fulminate	628864	0.00735
Merphos \ Folex	150505	67.36481605
Metalaxyl	57837191	0.002871795
Metaldehyde	108623	0.000373832
Metam sodium	6734801	56
Methacrylonitrile	126987	0.001511332
Metham sodium \ Vapam	137428	2

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIReleases2005*, *TRIReleases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Methamidophos	10265926	0.003737391
Methanol	67561	1.45798E-05
Methiadathion \ Supracide	950378	25.51894545
Methiocarb	2032657	11.326
Methomyl \ Lannate	16752775	53.33338933
Methoprene	40596698	0.048075699
Methoxyaniline, 4-	104949	0.000967185
Methoxychlor	72435	198.3104667
Methoxyethanol, 2-	109864	0.000282671
Methoxyphenol, p-	150765	0.002947368
Methyl acrylate	96333	0.012173913
Methyl ethyl ketone	78933	2.63111E-05
Methyl formate	107313	8.90656E-06
Methyl heptyl ketone	821556	0.003684211
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108101	0.000153012
Methyl isothiocyanate	556616	1.018181818
Methyl methacrylate	80626	0.000299794
Methyl naphthalene	1321944	0.008235294
Methyl propanal, 2-	78842	0.002143951
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1634044	8.44595E-05
Methyl trithion	953173	9.032258065
Methyl-2,4-pentanediol, 2-	107415	5.23364E-05
Methyl-2-butanone, 3-	563804	6.48148E-05
Methyl-2-propanol, 2-	75650	3.16384E-05
Methyl-3-butyne-2-ol, 2-	115195	1.70213E-05
Methyl-5-ethylpyridine, 2-	104905	0.000690506
Methylamine	74895	0.000343558
Methylarsonic acid	124583	6.91358E-05
Methylaziridine, 2-	75558	4.74576E-06
Methylbutanal, 3-	590863	0.017230769
Methylcyclohexane	108872	0.001365854
Methylcyclopentane	96377	0.034146341
Methylene phenanthrene, 4,5-	203645	0.042424242
Methylenebis (N,N-dimethyl) aniline, 4,4'-	101611	0.026046512
Methylene-bis(2-chloroaniline), 4,4'-	101144	0.110891089
Methylenedianiline, 4,4'-	101779	0.001836066
Methylfluorene, 1-	1730376	0.048695652
Methylhydrazine	60344	0.057731959
Methylindole, 3-	83341	0.006334842
Methylmercury	22967926	23493.70685

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIReleases2005*, *TRIReleases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Methylnaphthalene, 1-	90120	0.006222222
Methylnaphthalene, 2-	91576	0.193049257
Methyl-o-anisidine, 5-	120718	0.002237315
Methylphenanthrene, 1-	832699	0.103703704
Metiram	9006422	0.00875
Metolachlor	51218452	0.028644
Metribuzin	21087649	0.001399356
Metsulfuron Methyl	74223646	0.000373333
Mevinphos \ Phosdrin	7786347	2800.000071
Mexacarbate \ Mexcarbole \ Zectran	315184	5.6
MGK 264	113484	0.021538462
MGK 326	136458	0.008408408
Michler's ketone	90948	0.014249364
Mirex \ Dechlorane	2385855	5614.98
Molinate	2212671	0.308666667
Molybdenum	7439987	0.201438849
Molybdenum trioxide	1313275	0.0008
Monocrotophos \ Azodrin	6923224	0.186666667
Monuron	150685	0.000628507
Monuron TCA	140410	0.00056
Myclobutanil	88671890	0.023333333
N,N-Dimethylaniline	121697	0.007813362
Nabam	142596	0.287179487
Nalco D-2303	6317186	0.8
Naled \ Dibrom	300765	1400.0049
Naphthalene	91203	0.015870135
Naphthol, 1-	90153	0.021538462
Naphthylamine, 1-	134327	0.00408461
Naphthylamine, 2-	91598	0.00408461
Napropamide	15299997	0.00761358
Naptalam	132661	0.000736842
Nickel	7440020	0.108914308
Nickel compounds	N495	0.108914308
Nicosulfuron	111991094	0.000056
Nicotine	54115	0.001604585
Nicotine sulfate	65305	0.004590164
Nitrapyrin	1929824	0.009655172
Nitrate	14797558	0.000746667
Nitrate (as N)	N	0.0032
Nitrate compounds	N511	0.000746667

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIReleases2005*, *TRIReleases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Nitric acid	7697372	0.000746667
Nitrilotriacetic acid	139139	0.000111221
Nitrites	14797650	0.0032
Nitroaniline, 2-	88744	0.000528302
Nitroaniline, 4-	100016	0.000550098
Nitrobenzene	98953	0.010245846
Nitrobiphenyl, 4-	92933	0.008818898
Nitrofen \ TOK	1836755	0.047822374
Nitrogen-total, K, organic (as N)	N_as_N	0.00228
Nitroglycerin	55630	0.04057971
Nitromethane	75525	8.61538E-05
Nitro-o-anisidine, 5-	99592	0.000102345
Nitro-o-toluidine, 5-	99558	0.000785414
Nitrophenol, 2-	88755	0.001622718
Nitrophenol, 4-	100027	0.004886942
Nitropropane, 2-	79469	0.000266667
Nitrosodiethylamine, N-	55185	4.20054902
Nitrosodimethylamine, N-	62759	0.18704
Nitrosodi-n-butylamine, N-	924163	2.55528
Nitrosodi-n-propylamine, N-	621647	1.1074
Nitrosodiphenylamine, N-	86306	0.098896
Nitrosomethylvinylamine, N-	4549400	0.006086957
Nitrosomorpholine, N-	59892	1.59433E-06
Nitroso-N-ethylurea, N-	759739	2.464
Nitroso-N-methylurea, N-	684935	101.92
Nitrosopiperidine, N-	100754	1.98166E-05
Nitrosopyrrolidine, N-	930552	0.01617
Nitrotoluene, 2-	88722	0.002947368
Nitrotoluene, 4-	99990	0.002947368
Nonane, n-	111842	0.4
Nonanoic acid	112050	0.000538462
Nonylphenol 12 Mole Ethoxylate	9016459	0.011914894
Nonylphenol, p-	104405	0.430769231
Norea \ Noruron	18530568	0.04
Norflurazon	27314132	0.00028
o,p'-DDD; 2,4'-DDD	53190	1894.293333
o,p'-DDE; 2,4'-DDE	3424826	2551.413333
o,p'-DDT; 2,4'-DDT	789026	8151.36
Octachlorodibenzofuran	39001020	2020.96
Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	3268879	6585.6

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Octachloronaphthalene	2234131	0.00010566
Octacosane, n-	630024	8.23529E-05
Octadecane, n-	593453	0.004307692
Octane, n-	111659	0.155555556
Octylphenol 3 Mole Ethoxylate	9036195	0.000982456
Oryzalin	19044883	0.296388842
Oxadiazon	19666309	0.046666667
Oxamyl \ Vydate	23135220	0.114830159
Oxydianiline, 4,4'-	101804	0.002797203
Oxyfluorofen	42874033	0.88516129
Ozone	10028156	0.448
PAH Compounds	1000	34.02
Parachlorometacresol	59507	1.331507692
Paraquat \ PP148 \ Gramoxone	1910425	0.046666667
Paraquat methosulfate	2074502	0.014
Parathion ethyl	56382	430.8695641
Parathion methyl	298000	0.415664516
PCB-1016	12674112	9136
PCB-1221	11104282	9136
PCB-1232	11141165	9136
PCB-1242	53469219	9136
PCB-1248	12672296	9136
PCB-1254	11097691	9136
PCB-1260	11096825	9136
Pebulate \ Tillam	1114712	0.007567568
Pendimethalin \ Prowl	40487421	0.175333333
Pentachlorobenzene	608935	3.769659091
Pentachlorodibenzofuran, 1,2,3,7,8-	57117416	7632640
Pentachlorodibenzofuran, 2,3,4,7,8-	57117314	557312000
Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 1,2,3,7,8-	40321764	692928000
Pentachloroethane	76017	0.007777778
Pentachloronitrobenzene \ Quintozene	82688	38.5252
Pentachlorophenol	87865	0.558133333
Pentachlorophenol, sodium salt	131522	1.513513514
Pentamethylbenzene	700129	0.054901961
Pentanal, n-	110623	0.004516129
Pentanol, 1-	71410	0.000155082
Pentanone, 2-	107879	4.51613E-05
Pentetic acid	67436	0.00056
Pentylbenzene	538681	0.032748538

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Peracetic acid	79210	1.77215E-06
Perchlorate	14797730	0.002056
Perfluidone	37924132	0.000179487
Permethrin \ Ambush \ Pounce	52645532	24.35132609
Permethrin I	61949766	6.3
Permethrin II	61949777	9.022222222
Perthane\Ethylan	72560	14
Petroleum Naptha	8030306	0.066666667
Phenanthrene	85018	0.294736842
Phenmedipham \ Bentanal	13684634	0.003393939
Phenobarbitol	50066	0.000115702
Phenol	108952	0.028003267
Phenothiazine	92842	0.028282828
Phenoxarsine, 10,10'-oxydi-	58366	31.11111111
Phenoxyethanol, 2-	122996	0.000414815
Phenylmercury acetate	62384	1.54618018
Phenylnaphthalene, 1-	605027	0.151351351
Phenylnaphthalene, 2-	612942	0.151351351
Phenylphenol, o-	90437	0.028248915
Phenylthiourea, N-	103855	0.0000147
PHMB	32289580	0.025454545
Phorate \ Famophos \ Thimet	298022	97.74333333
Phosalone \ Azofone	2310170	0.757633333
Phosmet \ Imidan	732116	28.00581
Phosphamidon \ Dimecron	13171216	20.0056
Phosphine	7803512	0.03577
Phosphorus (elemental)	7723140	21
Phosvel \ Leptophos	21609905	10.56603774
Phthalic anhydride	85449	0.000127964
Picloram	1918021	2.074128074
Picoline, 2-	109068	9.67235E-05
Picric acid	88891	0.012444444
Pindone	83261	0.000648899
Pinene, alpha-	80568	0.000636364
Piperonyl butoxide	51036	0.152444444
Piperonyl sulfoxide	120627	0.031638418
Pirimiphos-methyl	29232937	0.138613861
Polychlorinated biphenyls, NOS	1336363	34033.6
Polycyclic aromatic compounds	N590	100.66
Polyethylene Glycol 600	25322683	0.000056

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIReleases2005*, *TRIReleases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Polyphase \ Guardsan 388	55406536	0.000796586
Potassium	7440097	0.001052632
Potassium bichromate	7778509	0.003181818
Potassium chromate	7789006	0.00122807
Potassium cyanide	151508	0.16973127
Potassium silver cyanide	506616	0.00000588
p-Phenylenediamine	106503	0.000154702
Previcur N	25606411	0.000259298
Primisulfuron methyl	86209510	0.01037037
Profenofos \ Curacron	41198087	70
Prometon \ Pramitol	1610180	0.107333333
Prometyrn \ Caparol	7287196	0.087139013
Pronamide	23950585	0.00131089
Propachlor	1918167	0.330919457
Propanal	123386	0.000430769
Propanedinitrile	109773	0.1
Propanil	709988	0.055427826
Propanoic acid	79094	0.00112
Propanol, 1-	71238	2.72533E-05
Propargite/BPPS	2312358	0.562128
Propargyl alcohol	107197	0.038888889
Propazine	139402	0.007827005
Propetamphos	31218834	16.96969697
Propham	122429	0.011573333
Propiconazole	60207901	0.04
Propionamide, 2-(m-Chlorophenoxy)	5825876	0.002666667
Propoxur \ Baygon	114261	4.310985108
Propylamine, n-	107108	0.000181818
Propylene	115071	0.000703164
Propylene Glycol	57556	5.72129E-05
Propylene oxide	75569	0.021229163
Prothoate	2275185	0.0028
Pyrene	129000	0.093203279
Pyrethrin I	121211	40.06979
Pyrethrin II	121299	40.009625
Pyrethrins	8003347	40.0294
Pyridine	110861	0.003024
Pyrimidinone	67485294	0.622222222
Quinoline	91225	13.3462
Quinomethionate/Oxythioquinox	2439012	0.756756757

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Quizalofop,Ethyl	76578148	0.12173913
Radium 226	13982633	4135600
Radium 228	15262201	942368000
Resmethrin	10453868	10.28692909
Resorcinol	108463	0.000175
Ronnel	299843	0.56
Rotenone \ Mexide	83794	21.60514575
Ryanodine	15662336	0.0175
Saccharin	81072	1.66667E-05
Safrole	94597	0.000970537
Salicylaldehyde	90028	0.037333333
sec-Butyl alcohol	78922	1.32482E-05
Selenious acid	7783008	0.00833
Selenium	7782492	1.121344
Selenium compounds	N725	1.121344
Selenourea	630104	0.000294
Sethoxydim	74051802	0.046666667
Siduron	1982496	0.003111111
Silver	7440224	16.47072824
Silver compounds	N740	16.47072824
Silver cyanide (AgCN)	506649	0.01715
Simazine	122349	0.308
Sodium	7440235	5.4902E-06
Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole	2492264	0.076712329
Sodium 2-phenylphenate	132274	0.014736842
Sodium Acetate	127093	1.69697E-05
Sodium arsenate	7631892	0.075675676
Sodium arsenite	7784465	0.06370876
Sodium Benzoate	532321	0.000115702
Sodium bichromate	10588019	0.0056
Sodium chromate	7775113	0.000138272
Sodium cyanide	143339	0.373343133
Sodium Formate	141537	1.69697E-05
Sodium Hydroxide	1310732	0.00077886
Sodium hypochlorite	7681529	0.009491525
Sodium nitrite	7632000	0.373333333
Sodium Nitrite (as N)	N1000	0.0032
Sodium selenite	10102188	0.002066421
Sodium Sulfate	7757826	0.000394366
Streptomycin sequisulfate	3810740	0.003111111

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Strobane	8001501	112
Strontium	7440246	2.21667E-05
Strychnine	57249	0.147667816
Strychnine and salts	N746	0.095307816
Styrene	100425	0.014024848
Sulfallate \ CDEC	95067	0.048695652
Sulfate	14808798	0.0000056
Sulfide	18496258	2.801446667
Sulfometuron Methyl	74222972	4.59997E-06
Sulfur	7704349	0.0000056
Sulfuric acid	7664939	0.001333333
Sumithrin	26002802	42
Tantalum	7440257	0.059574468
Tebuthiuron	34014181	0.00058
Tefluthrin	79538322	350
Tellurium	13494809	0.0448
Temephos \ Abate	3383968	5.6
Terbacil	5902512	0.001136892
Terbufos \ Counter	13071799	13.74521212
Terbutylazine	5915413	0.035
Terbutryn	886500	0.642292683
Terephthalic acid	100210	0.000329412
Terpineol, alpha-	98555	0.001147776
Tetrachlorobenzene, 1,2,3,4-	634662	0.0175
Tetrachlorobenzene, 1,2,4,5-	95943	5.296666667
Tetrachlorocatechol, 3,4,5,6-	1198556	0.077134986
Tetrachlorodibenzofuran, 2,3,7,8-	51207319	43819553.68
Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, 2,3,7,8-	1746016	703584000
Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,1,2-	630206	0.06244
Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,2,2-	79345	0.140811594
Tetrachloroethane, NOS	25322207	0.140811594
Tetrachloroethene	127184	0.233748392
Tetrachloroguaiacol, 3,4,5,6-	2539175	0.175
Tetrachloromethane	56235	0.342897059
Tetrachlorophene	1940438	0.306010929
Tetrachlorophenol, 2,3,4,6-	58902	0.05479045
Tetrachlorophenol, 2,3,5,6-	935955	0.56
Tetrachlorvinphos \ Gardona \ Stirofos	961115	0.143485891
Tetrachlorvinphos \ Gardona \ Stirofos	22248799	0.143485891
Tetracosane, n-	646311	8.23529E-05

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIRelases2005*, *TRIRelases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Tetradecane, n-	629594	0.004307692
Tetraethyl lead	78002	21440.3
Tetraethyldithiopyrophosphate	3689245	35.0784
Tetraethylpyrophosphate	107493	1.435897436
Tetraethyltin	597648	5.090909091
Tetrahydrofuran	109999	9.05412E-05
Tetramethrin \ Neo-pyamin	7696120	15.13513514
Tetramethyl lead	75741	0.000666667
Thallic oxide	1314325	0.3724
Thallium	7440280	1.027058824
Thallium compounds	N760	1.027058824
Thallium sulfate	10031591	0.000466667
Thallium(I)acetate	563688	0.04165
Thallium(I)carbonate	6533739	0.005226667
Thallium(I)chloride	7791120	0.02254
Thallium(I)nitrate	10102451	0.00245
Thiabendazole \ Mertect	148798	0.007988566
Thianaphthene	95158	0.003918824
Thifensulfuron methyl	79277273	0.00056
Thioacetamide	62555	0.000207407
Thiocyanate	302045	0.12173913
Thiodianiline, 4,4'-	139651	0.001958042
Thiodicarb	59669260	2.074074074
Thiofanox	39196184	0.430769231
Thiometon \ Ekatin	640153	0.0175
Thiophanate ethyl	23564069	0.001131313
Thiophanate methyl	23564058	0.011612135
Thiourea	62566	0.031111111
Thiram	137268	0.565253333
Tin	7440315	0.301075269
Titanium	7440326	0.029319372
Tokuthion \ Prothiofos	34643464	0.009333333
Tolidine, o-	119937	0.035
Toluene	108883	0.00562782
Toluene diisocyanate, 2,4-	584849	0.000340426
Toluene diisocyanate, 2,6-	91087	0.000341463
Toluenediamine	25376458	0.3388
Toluidine hydrochloride, o-	636215	0.002153846
Toluidine, o-	95534	0.25424
Tolyltriazole	29385431	0.001806452

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIReleases2005*, *TRIReleases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	888	0.1
Toxaphene	8001352	30017.4
Tralomethrin	66841256	835.8208955
Tranid	15271417	0.013333333
Triacontane, n-	638686	8.23529E-05
Triadimefon	43121433	0.006013778
Tri-allate \ Far-Go	2303175	0.202375602
Triasulfuron	82097505	5.33333E-05
Triazines	Triazines	2.457803279
Triaziquone	68768	1.47757E-07
Triazofos	24017478	0.01
Tribenuron methyl	101200480	7.77778E-05
Tribromomethane	75252	0.004565848
Tributyltin (TBT)	688733	77.77777778
Tributyltin (TBT) (Organtins)	668733	77.77777778
Tributyltin benzoate	4342363	0.875
Tributyltin oxide	56359	51.21666667
Trichlorobenzene	12002481	0.354946667
Trichlorobenzene, 1,2,3-	87616	0.186666667
Trichlorobenzene, 1,2,4-	120821	0.02550842
Trichlorocatechol, 3,4,5-	56961207	0.031111111
Trichlorocatechol, 3,4,6-	32139723	0.014659686
Trichloroethane	25323891	0.000430769
Trichloroethane, 1,1,1-	71556	0.004699692
Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-	79005	0.036340769
Trichloroethene	79016	0.019075504
Trichlorofluoromethane	75694	0.001102029
Trichlorofon \ Dylox	52686	700.0002016
Trichloroguaiacol, 3,4,5-	57057837	0.074666667
Trichloroguaiacol, 3,4,6-	60712449	0.018543046
Trichloroguaiacol, 4,5,6-	2668248	0.182410423
Trichloromethane	67663	0.002078389
Trichloronate	327980	560
Trichlorophenol	25167822	0.655177778
Trichlorophenol, 2,3,6-	933755	0.016470588
Trichlorophenol, 2,4,5-	95954	0.01781907
Trichlorophenol, 2,4,6-	88062	0.497666667
Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid, 2,4,5-	93765	0.2891
Trichlorophenoxypropionic acid, 2,4,5-	93721	0.210730882
Trichloropropane, 1,2,3-	96184	5.264326721

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIReleases2005*, *TRIReleases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Trichloropropene	96195	0.00728
Trichlorosyringol, 3,4,5-	2539266	0.010606061
Triclopyr, triethylamine salt	57213691	5.09091E-05
Triclosan	3380345	0.224
Tricresylphosphate	78308	0.373333333
Tridecane	629505	0.004307692
Tridecanone, 2-	593088	0.155555556
Tridiphane	58138082	0.224
Triethanolamine	102716	0.00035
Triethylamine	121448	0.00014726
Trifluralin \ Treflan	1582098	6.553164872
Triforine	26644462	0.00224
Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	95636	0.027586207
Trimethylphenol, 2,4,6-	527606	0.004307692
Trimethylphosphate	512561	0.005187989
Tri-n-butyl phosphate	126738	0.0112
Trinitrotoluene	118967	0.021705426
Trinitro-triazine, hexahydro-/	121824	0.004148148
Trioxane, 1,3,5-	110883	9.41176E-06
Triphenyl phosphate	115866	0.03027027
Triphenylene	217594	0.35
Triphenylphosphine oxide	791286	0.001042831
Tripropyleneglycolmethylether	20324338	8.18869E-06
Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl)phosphate	126727	0.233333333
Trithiane, 1,3,5-	291214	1.99457E-05
Tungsten	7440337	0.005253283
Type I Ethylene Glycol Formulated Aircraft Deicing Fluid	103	1.51351E-05
Type I Propylene Glycol Formulated Aircraft Deicing Fluid	105	3.52645E-05
Type II Ethylene Glycol Formulated Aircraft Deicing Fluid	104	0.000466667
Type II Propylene Glycol Formulated Aircraft Deicing Fluid	106	0.003111111
Undecane, n-	1120214	0.004307692
Undecanone, 2-	112129	0.037333333
Urea	57136	0.000112
Urethane	51796	7.17652E-06
Valeric acid	109524	0.001244444
Vanadium	7440622	0.035
Vanadium compounds	N770	0.035

Table A-3. TWFs for Chemicals in *TRIReleases2005*, *TRIReleases2004*, and *PCSLoads2004*

Pollutant	CAS Number	04/06 TWF
Vancide TH	7779274	0.015258856
Vernolate	1929777	0.312078261
Vinclozolin	50471448	0.00056
Vinyl acetate	108054	0.0040028
Vinyl bromide	593602	0.000266667
Warfarin	81812	2.245153061
Warfarin and salts	N874	1.860153061
Xylene, m-	108383	0.001581497
Xylene, m- & p-	179601231	0.004792903
Xylene, o-	95476	0.004349804
Xylene, o- & p-	136777612	0.004792903
Xylene, p-	106423	0.004792903
Xylenes	1330207	0.004324704
Xylidine, 2,6-	87627	0.004444444
Zinc	7440666	0.046886
Zinc compounds	N982	0.046886
Zinc cyanide	557211	0.003724
Zineb \ Dithane Z	12122677	0.062491959
Ziram \ Cymate	137304	3.111111181
Zirconium	7440677	0.54368932

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
4080313	1-(3-chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane	45%
354110	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro-2-fluoroethane (HCFC-121a)	62%
630206	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	59%
71556	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	90%
354143	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro-1-fluoroethane (HCFC-121)	62%
79345	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	33%
79005	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	40%
13474889	1,1-Dichloro-1,2,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-22	100%
812044	1,1-Dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane (HCFC-123b)	97%
111512562	1,1-Dichloro-1,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-22	100%
1717006	1,1-Dichloro-1-fluoroethane	91%
57147	1,1-Dimethyl Hydrazine	75%
96184	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	52%
120821	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	86%
95636	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	94%
106887	1,2-Butylene oxide	76%
96128	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)	33%
106934	1,2-Dibromoethane	54%
124732	1,2-Dibromotetrafluoroethane	98%
422446	1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-22	100%
354234	1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	97%
431867	1,2-Dichloro-1,1,3,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-22	100%
1649087	1,2-Dichloro-1,1-difluoroethane	95%
95501	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	89%
107062	1,2-Dichloroethane	89%
540590	1,2-Dichloroethylene	72%
78875	1,2-Dichloropropane	68%
122667	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	62%
95545	1,2-Phenylenediamine	45%
615281	1,2-Phenylenediamine dihydrochloride	45%
106990	1,3-Butadiene	97%
507551	1,3-Dichloro-1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane	100%
136013791	1,3-Dichloro-1,1,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-22	100%
541731	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	77%
542756	1,3-Dichloropropylene	83%
108452	1,3-Phenylenediamine	45%
764410	1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	90%
106467	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	75%
624180	1,4-Phenylenediamine dihydrochloride	45%
82280	1-Amino-2-methyl-anthraquinone	86%
35691657	1-Bromo-1-(bromomethyl)-1,3-propanedicarbonitrile	46%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
354256	1-Chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane	100%
75683	1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane	97%
128903219	2,2-Dichloro-1,1,1,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-22	100%
306832	2,2-Dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane	97%
2655154	2,3,5-trimethylphenyl methylcarbamate	78%
422480	2,3-Dichloro-1,1,1,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-22	100%
78886	2,3-Dichloropropene	66%
95954	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	75%
88062	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	28%
94757	2,4-D ((2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetic acid)	49%
53404378	2,4-D 2-ethyl-4-methylpentyl ester	100%
1928434	2,4-D 2-ethylhexyl ester	100%
1929733	2,4-D butoxyethyl ester	99%
94804	2,4-D butyl ester	100%
2971382	2,4-D chlorocrotyl ester	100%
94111	2,4-D isopropyl ester	98%
2702729	2,4-D sodium salt	94%
1320189	2,4-D, propylene glycol butyl ether ester	100%
94826	2,4-DB	89%
615054	2,4-Diaminoanisole	45%
39156417	2,4-Diaminoanisole sulfate	45%
95807	2,4-Diaminotoluene	45%
120832	2,4-Dichlorophenol	95%
105679	2,4-Dimethylphenol	51%
51285	2,4-Dinitrophenol	78%
121142	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	47%
541537	2,4-Dithiobiuret	49%
120365	2,4-DP (Dichlorprop)	66%
606202	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	78%
87627	2,6-Xylidine	47%
53963	2-Acetylaminofluorene	58%
117793	2-Aminoanthraquinone	48%
2837890	2-Chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane	100%
75887	2-Chloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane	99%
532274	2-Chloroacetophenone	46%
110805	2-Ethoxyethanol	92%
149304	2-Mercaptobenzothiazole	48%
109864	2-Methoxyethanol	92%
75865	2-Methylactonitrile	100%
109068	2-Methylpyridine	92%
88755	2-Nitrophenol	27%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
79469	2-Nitropropane	76%
90437	2-Phenylphenol	95%
422560	3,3-Dichloro-1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-22	100%
91941	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	68%
612839	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine dihydrochloride	68%
64969342	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine sulfate	68%
119904	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	46%
20325400	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine dihydrochloride	46%
111984099	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine hydrochloride	46%
119937	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	77%
612828	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine dihydrochloride	55%
41766750	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine dihydrofluoride	48%
460355	3-Chloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane (HCFC-253fb)	99%
563473	3-Chloro-2-methyl-1-propene	96%
542767	3-Chloropropionitrile	46%
55406536	3-Iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	77%
101804	4,4'-Diaminodiphenylether	76%
101688	4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	100%
80057	4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol	86%
101144	4,4'-Methylenebis(2-chloroaniline)	82%
101611	4,4'-Methylenebis(N,N-dimethylbenzenamine)	93%
101779	4,4'-Methylenedianiline	75%
139651	4,4'-Thiodianiline	47%
534521	4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	47%
60093	4-Aminoazobenzene	65%
92671	4-Aminodiphenyl	53%
60117	4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	96%
92933	4-Nitrobiphenyl	93%
100027	4-Nitrophenol	78%
99592	5-Nitro-o-anisidine	46%
99558	5-Nitro-o-toluidine	46%
71751412	Abamectin	98%
30560191	Acephate	45%
75070	Acetaldehyde	92%
60355	Acetamide	92%
75058	Acetonitrile	75%
98862	Acetophenone	95%
62476599	Acifluorfen, sodium salt	75%
107028	Acrolein	78%
79061	Acrylamide	92%
79107	Acrylic acid	92%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
107131	Acrylonitrile	95%
15972608	Alachlor	89%
116063	Aldicarb	46%
309002	Aldrin	99%
107186	Allyl alcohol	92%
107051	Allyl chloride	84%
107119	Allylamine	75%
319846	alpha-Hexachlorocyclohexane	85%
134327	alpha-Naphthylamine	76%
7429905	Aluminum (fume or dust)	91%
1344281	Aluminum oxide (fibrous forms)	1.9%
20859738	Aluminum phosphide	1.9%
834128	Ametryn	55%
33089611	Amitraz	99%
61825	Amitrole	45%
7664417	Ammonia	39%
6484522	Ammonium nitrate (solution)	1.9%
7783202	Ammonium sulfate	1.9%
101053	Anilazine	81%
62533	Aniline	93%
120127	Anthracene	96%
7440360	Antimony	67%
N010	Antimony compounds	67%
7440382	Arsenic	66%
N020	Arsenic compounds	66%
1332214	Asbestos (friable)	0%
1912249	Atrazine	26%
492808	Auramine	50%
7440393	Barium	55%
N040	Barium compounds	55%
22781233	Bendiocarb	77%
1861401	Benfluralin	97%
17804352	Benomyl	51%
98873	Benzal chloride	100%
55210	Benzamide	92%
71432	Benzene	95%
92875	Benidine	75%
191242	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0%
98077	Benzotrichloride	100%
98884	Benzoyl chloride	100%
94360	Benzoyl peroxide	97%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
100447	Benzyl chloride	78%
7440417	Beryllium	61%
N050	Beryllium compounds	61%
91598	beta-Naphthylamine	77%
57578	beta-Propiolactone	96%
82657043	Bifenthrin	100%
92524	Biphenyl	96%
108601	Bis(2-chloro-1-methethyl)ether	50%
111911	Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	23%
111444	Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	23%
542881	Bis(chloromethyl)ether	100%
56359	Bis(tributyltin) oxide	91%
10294345	Boron trichloride	1.9%
7637072	Boron trifluoride	1.9%
314409	Bromacil	47%
53404196	Bromacil lithium salt	46%
7726956	Bromine	1.9%
353593	Bromochlorodifluoromethane	97%
75252	Bromoform (Tribromomethane)	55%
74839	Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	77%
75638	Bromotrifluoromethane (Halon 1301)	99%
1689845	Bromoxynil	87%
1689992	Bromoxynil octanoate	100%
357573	Brucine	46%
141322	Butyl acrylate	93%
123728	Butyraldehyde	92%
4680788	C.I. Acid Green 3	45%
6459945	C.I. Acid Red 114	100%
569642	C.I. Basic Green 4	45%
989388	C.I. Basic Red 1	100%
1937377	C.I. Direct Black 38	98%
28407376	C.I. Direct Blue 218	0%
2602462	C.I. Direct Blue 6	54%
16071866	C.I. Direct Brown 95	100%
2832408	C.I. Disperse Yellow 3	84%
81889	C.I. Food Red 15	46%
3761533	C.I. Food Red 5	49%
3118976	C.I. Solvent Orange 7	100%
842079	C.I. Solvent Yellow 14	99%
97563	C.I. Solvent Yellow 3	91%
128665	C.I. Vat Yellow 4	99%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
7440439	Cadmium	90%
N078	Cadmium compounds	90%
156627	Calcium cyanamide	1.9%
133062	Captan	77%
63252	Carbaryl	93%
1563662	Carbofuran	93%
75150	Carbon disulfide	84%
56235	Carbon tetrachloride	93%
463581	Carbonyl sulfide	96%
5234684	Carboxin	76%
120809	Catechol	92%
76142	CFC 114 (1,2-dichloro,1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane)	100%
76153	CFC 115 (chloropentafluoroethane)	100%
75694	CFC-11 (trichlorofluoromethane)	77%
75718	CFC-12 (dichlorodifluoromethane)	99%
2439012	Chinomethionat (6-methyl-1,3-dithiolo[4,5-b]quinox	77%
133904	Chloramben	46%
57749	Chlordane	99%
115286	Chlorendic acid	33%
90982324	Chlorimuron ethyl	77%
7782505	Chlorine	100%
10049044	Chlorine dioxide	1.9%
79118	Chloroacetic acid	92%
108907	Chlorobenzene	96%
510156	Chlorobenzilate	97%
75456	Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)	61%
75003	Chloroethane (Ethyl chloride)	78%
67663	Chloroform	73%
74873	Chloromethane	88%
107302	Chloromethyl methyl ether	100%
N084	Chlorophenols	96%
76062	Chloropicrin	62%
126998	Chloroprene	96%
63938103	Chlorotetrafluoroethane	100%
1897456	Chlorothalonil	82%
75729	Chlorotrifluoromethane	100%
5598130	Chlorpyrifos methyl	98%
64902723	Chlorsulfuron	47%
7440473	Chromium	80%
N090	Chromium compounds	80%
7440484	Cobalt	10%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
N096	Cobalt compounds	10%
7440508	Copper	84%
N100	Copper compounds	84%
8001589	Creosote, coal tar	0%
1319773	Cresol (mixed isomers)	92%
4170303	Crotonaldehyde	92%
98828	Cumene	98%
80159	Cumene hydroperoxide	76%
135206	Cupferron	22%
21725462	Cyanazine	24%
N106	Cyanide compounds	70%
1134232	Cycloate	94%
110827	Cyclohexane	89%
108930	Cyclohexanol	92%
68359375	Cyfluthrin	100%
68085858	Cyhalothrin	100%
533744	Dazomet	97%
53404607	Dazomet, sodium salt	46%
1163195	Decabromodiphenyl ether	99%
13684565	Desmedipham	91%
117817	Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	60%
2303164	Diallate	86%
25376458	Diaminotoluene (mixed isomers)	85%
333415	Diazinon	93%
334883	Diazomethane	92%
132649	Dibenzofuran	98%
84742	Dibutyl phthalate	85%
1918009	Dicamba	47%
99309	Dichloran	51%
90454185	Dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	97%
25321226	Dichlorobenzene (mixed isomers)	75%
75274	Dichlorobromomethane	64%
75434	Dichlorofluoromethane	71%
75092	Dichloromethane	54%
127564925	Dichloropentafluoropropane	100%
97234	Dichlorophene	78%
34077877	Dichlorotrifluoroethane	97%
62737	Dichlorvos	75%
51338273	Diclofop methyl	96%
115322	Dicofol	98%
77736	Dicyclopentadiene	97%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
1464535	Diepoxybutane	75%
111422	Diethanolamine	92%
38727558	Diethyl ethyl	90%
64675	Diethyl sulfate	95%
35367385	Diflubenzuron	94%
101906	Diglycidyl resorcinol ether	75%
94586	Dihydrosafrole	71%
N120	Diisocyanates	0%
55290647	Dimethipin	45%
60515	Dimethoate	45%
2524030	Dimethyl chlorothiophosphate	97%
131113	Dimethyl phthalate	78%
77781	Dimethyl sulfate	97%
124403	Dimethylamine	92%
2300665	Dimethylamine dicamba	46%
79447	Dimethylcarbanyl chloride	100%
88857	Dinitrobutyl phenol (Dinoseb)	46%
25321146	Dinitrotoluene (mixed isomers)	62%
39300453	Dinocap	100%
123911	Dioxane	46%
N150	Dioxin and dioxin-like compounds	83%
957517	Diphenamid	53%
122394	Diphenylamine	77%
2164070	Dipotassium endothall	76%
136458	Dipropyl isocinchomeronate	97%
138932	Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate	78%
330541	Diuron	51%
2439103	Dodine	75%
28057489	D-trans-allethrin (D-trans-chrysanthemic acid of D	99%
106898	Epichlorohydrin	46%
13194484	Ethoprop	71%
140885	Ethyl acrylate	92%
541413	Ethyl chloroformate	82%
759944	Ethyl dipropylthiocarbamate	60%
100414	Ethylbenzene	94%
74851	Ethylene	99%
107211	Ethylene glycol	92%
75218	Ethylene oxide	92%
96457	Ethylene thiourea	45%
N171	Ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid, salts and esters	1.9%
151564	Ethyleneimine (Aziridine)	46%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
75343	Ethylidene dichloride	70%
52857	Famphur	76%
60168889	Fenarimol	71%
13356086	Fenbutatin oxide (Vendex)	94%
66441234	Fenoxaprop ethyl	100%
72490018	Fenoxycarb	98%
39515418	Fenpropathrin	100%
55389	Fenthion	96%
51630581	Fenvalerate	100%
14484641	Ferbam	45%
69806504	Fluazifop butyl	100%
2164172	Fluometuron	48%
7782414	Fluorine	1.9%
51218	Fluorouracil (5-fluorouracil)	45%
69409945	Fluvalinate	100%
133073	Folpet	80%
72178020	Fomesafen	53%
50000	Formaldehyde	92%
64186	Formic acid	92%
76131	Freon 113	100%
N230	Glycol ethers	92%
76448	Heptachlor	99%
87683	Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	95%
118741	Hexachlorobenzene	98%
77474	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	99%
67721	Hexachloroethane	77%
1335871	Hexachloronaphthalene	99%
70304	Hexachlorophene	99%
680319	Hexamethylphosphoramide	45%
51235042	Hexazinone	85%
67485294	Hydramethylnon	100%
302012	Hydrazine	85%
10034932	Hydrazine sulfate	1.9%
7647010	Hydrochloric acid	100%
74908	Hydrogen cyanide	70%
7664393	Hydrogen fluoride	1.9%
123319	Hydroquinone	92%
35554440	Imazalil	79%
13463406	Iron pentacarbonyl	0%
78842	Isobutyraldehyde	92%
465736	Isodrin	99%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
25311711	Isofenphos	96%
67630	Isopropyl alcohol	92%
120581	Isosafrole	64%
77501634	Lactofen	99%
7439921	Lead	77%
N420	Lead compounds	77%
58899	Lindane	75%
330552	Linuron	59%
554132	Lithium carbonate	1.9%
121755	Malathion	93%
108316	Maleic anhydride	100%
109773	Malononitrile	45%
12427382	Maneb	1.9%
7439965	Manganese	41%
N450	Manganese compounds	41%
108394	m-Cresol	92%
99650	m-Dinitrobenzene	46%
93652	Mecoprop	58%
7439976	Mercury	90%
N458	Mercury compounds	90%
150505	Merphos	100%
126987	Methacrylonitrile	76%
137428	Metham sodium	76%
67561	Methanol	92%
20354261	Methazole	60%
2032657	Methiocarb	81%
94746	Methoxone (MCPA)	61%
3653483	Methoxone sodium salt	75%
72435	Methoxychlor	99%
96333	Methyl acrylate	92%
79221	Methyl chlorocarbonate	100%
78933	Methyl ethyl ketone	97%
60344	Methyl hydrazine	75%
74884	Methyl iodide	75%
108101	Methyl isobutyl ketone	88%
624839	Methyl isocyanate	100%
556616	Methyl isothiocyanate	100%
80626	Methyl methacrylate	100%
298000	Methyl parathion	94%
1634044	Methyl tert-butyl ether	53%
74953	Methylene bromide	56%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
9006422	Metiram	1.9%
21087649	Metribuzin	46%
7786347	Mevinphos	92%
90948	Michlers Ketone	60%
2212671	Molinate	60%
1313275	Molybdenum trioxide	2.5%
150685	Monuron	23%
505602	Mustard gas	100%
108383	m-Xylene	65%
88671890	Myclobutanil	68%
121697	N,N-Dimethylaniline	49%
68122	N,N-Dimethylformamide	85%
142596	Nabam	90%
300765	Naled	75%
91203	Naphthalene	95%
71363	n-Butyl alcohol	92%
110543	n-Hexane	100%
7440020	Nickel	51%
N495	Nickel compounds	51%
N503	Nicotine and salts	1.9%
1929824	Nitrapyrin	66%
N511	Nitrate compounds	90%
7697372	Nitric acid	90%
139139	Nitrilotriacetic acid	92%
98953	Nitrobenzene	92%
1836755	Nitrofen	96%
51752	Nitrogen mustard	99%
55630	Nitroglycerin	75%
872504	N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	92%
924425	N-methylolacrylamide	92%
55185	N-Nitrosodiethylamine	22%
62759	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	78%
924163	N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	47%
621647	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	46%
86306	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	90%
4549400	N-Nitrosomethylvinylamine	59%
59892	N-Nitrosomorpholine	45%
759739	N-Nitroso-N-ethylurea	45%
684935	N-Nitroso-N-methylurea	45%
16543558	N-Nitrosornicotine	45%
100754	N-Nitrosopiperidine	77%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
27314132	Norflurazon	48%
90040	o-Anisidine	75%
134292	o-Anisidine hydrochloride	46%
95487	o-Cresol	53%
2234131	Octachloronaphthalene	99%
29082744	Octochlorostyrene	0%
528290	o-Dinitrobenzene	46%
19044883	Oryzalin	51%
20816120	Osmium tetroxide	2.5%
95534	o-Toluidine	93%
636215	o-Toluidine hydrochloride	46%
19666309	Oxadiazon	97%
301122	Oxydemeton methyl	75%
42874033	Oxyfluorfen	97%
95476	o-Xylene	77%
10028156	Ozone	1.9%
104949	p-Anisidine	92%
123637	Paraldehyde	45%
1910425	Paraquat dichloride	45%
56382	Parathion	98%
106478	p-Chloroaniline	46%
95692	p-Chloro-o-toluidine	48%
104121	p-Chlorophenyl isocyanate	99%
120718	p-Cresidine	46%
106445	p-Cresol	72%
100254	p-Dinitrobenzene	46%
1114712	Pebulate	98%
40487421	Pendimethalin	99%
608935	Pentachlorobenzene	84%
76017	Pentachloroethane	58%
87865	Pentachlorophenol	36%
57330	Pentobarbital sodium	47%
594423	Perchloromethyl mercaptan	88%
52645531	Permethrin	100%
79210	Peroxyacetic acid	92%
85018	Phenanthrene	95%
108952	Phenol	95%
26002802	Phenothrin	100%
57410	Phenytoin	49%
75445	Phosgene	100%
7803512	Phosphine	1.9%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
7723140	Phosphorus (yellow or white)	69%
85449	Phthalic anhydride	99%
1918021	Picloram	10%
88891	Picric acid	22%
51036	Piperonyl butoxide	97%
29232937	Pirimiphos methyl	97%
100016	p-Nitroaniline	46%
156105	p-Nitrosodiphenylamine	58%
N575	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs)	94%
N583	Polychlorinated alkanes	0%
1336363	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	99%
N590	Polycyclic aromatic compounds	93%
7758012	Potassium bromate	1.9%
128030	Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate	77%
137417	Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate	76%
106503	p-Phenylenediamine	45%
41198087	Profenofos	99%
7287196	Prometryn	44%
23950585	Pronamide	70%
1918167	Propachlor	76%
1120714	Propane sultone	71%
709988	Propanil	56%
2312358	Propargite	100%
107197	Propargyl alcohol	92%
31218834	Propetamphos	78%
60207901	Propiconazole	68%
123386	Propionaldehyde	92%
114261	Propoxur	92%
115071	Propylene (Propene)	99%
75569	Propylene oxide	92%
75558	Propyleneimine	75%
106423	p-Xylene	96%
110861	Pyridine	95%
91225	Quinoline	76%
106514	Quinone	52%
82688	Quintozene	90%
76578148	Quizalofop-ethyl	98%
10453868	Resmethrin	100%
78488	S,S,S-tributyltrithiophosphate	100%
81072	Saccharin (manufacturing)	75%
94597	Safrole	67%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
78922	sec-Butyl alcohol	92%
7782492	Selenium	34%
N725	Selenium compounds	34%
74051802	Sethoxydim	84%
7440224	Silver	88%
N740	Silver compounds	88%
122349	Simazine	23%
26628228	Sodium azide	1.9%
1982690	Sodium dicamba	47%
128041	Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate	77%
62748	Sodium fluoroacetate	75%
7632000	Sodium nitrite	1.9%
N1000	Sodium Nitrite (as N)	90%
132274	Sodium o-phenylphenoxide	95%
131522	Sodium pentachlorophenate	96%
N746	Strychnine and salts	2.2%
100425	Styrene	94%
96093	Styrene oxide	75%
7664939	Sulfuric acid	100%
2699798	Sulfuryl fluoride (Vikane)	1.9%
35400432	Sulprofos	100%
34014181	Tebuthiuron	23%
3383968	Temephos	100%
5902512	Terbacil	46%
75650	tert-Butyl alcohol	46%
79947	Tetrabromobisphenol-A (TBBPA)	0%
127184	Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)	85%
961115	Tetrachlorvinphos	89%
64755	Tetracycline hydrochloride	45%
7696120	Tetramethrin	99%
7440280	Thallium	54%
N760	Thallium compounds	54%
148798	Thiabendazole	49%
62555	Thioacetamide	46%
28249776	Thiobencarb	65%
59669260	Thiodicarb	75%
23564069	Thiophanate ethyl	87%
23564058	Thiophanate-methyl	75%
79196	Thiosemicarbazide	45%
62566	Thiourea	75%
137268	Thiram	75%

Table A-4. POTW Removals

CAS #	Chemical	POTW Removal
1314201	Thorium dioxide	2.5%
7550450	Titanium tetrachloride	2.0%
108883	Toluene	96%
584849	Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate	99%
91087	Toluene-2,6-diisocyanate	99%
26471625	Toluenediisocyanate	99%
8001352	Toxaphene	99%
10061026	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	79%
110576	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	80%
43121433	Triadimefon	52%
2303175	Triallate	95%
68768	Triaziquone	45%
101200480	Tribenuron methyl	78%
1983104	Tributyltin fluoride	50%
2155706	Tributyltin methacrylate	38%
52686	Trichlorfon	92%
76028	Trichloroacetyl chloride	100%
79016	Trichloroethylene	87%
57213691	Triclopyr triethylammonium salt	75%
121448	Triethylamine	48%
1582098	Trifluralin	97%
26644462	Triforine	76%
639587	Triphenyltin chloride	39%
76879	Triphenyltin hydroxide	14%
126727	Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl)phosphate	100%
72571	Trypan blue	45%
51796	Urethane (Ethyl carbamate)	45%
7440622	Vanadium	8.3%
N770	Vanadium compounds	8.3%
50471448	Vinclozolin	68%
108054	Vinyl acetate	92%
593602	Vinyl bromide	95%
75014	Vinyl chloride	92%
75354	Vinylidene chloride (1,1-dichloroethylene)	78%
N874	Warfarin and salts	3.4%
1330207	Xylene (mixed isomers)	96%
7440666	Zinc (fume or dust)	79%
N982	Zinc compounds	79%
12122677	Zineb	98%

Appendix B

**SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIALS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF
*TRIRELEASES2005_V2***

Table B-1 Database Changes for *TRIReleases200_v2*

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2611	2611-1	99363BSCSC POBOX	BOISE CASCADE LLC	WALLULA, WA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	99212NLND MN3320	INLAND EMPIRE PAPER CO	SPOKANE, WA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-2	99180PNDR Y42276	PONDERAY NEWSPRINT CO	USK, WA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	98632WYRH S3401I	WEYERHAEUSER CO	LONGVIEW, WA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	98632LNGV WSOUTH	LONGVIEW FIBRE PAPER & PACKAGING INC	LONGVIEW, WA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	98607JMSRV NE4TH	FORT JAMES CAMAS LLC	CAMAS, WA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	98550GRYS H23RDR	GRAYS HARBOR PAPER LP	HOQUIAM, WA		All		
SIC	2436	2611-3	98537WYRH S700EA	WEYERHAEUSER PULP MILL	COSMOPOLIS, WA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	98421SMPSN 801PO	SIMPSON TACOMA KRAFT CO LLC	TACOMA, WA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	98421JFFRS8 17E2	CARAUSTAR MILL GROUP INC	TACOMA, WA		All		
SIC	2819	VCCA	98421CCDN T605AL	PIIONEER AMERICAS LLC TACOMA TERMINAL	TACOMA, WA		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	98421BRLN G1701E	BURLINGTON ENVIRONMENTAL INC	TACOMA, WA		All		
SIC	2621	2611-2	98368PRTT W100PA	PORT TOWNSEND PAPER CORP	PORT TOWNSEND, WA		All		
SIC	2621	2611-2	98362DSHW MMARIN	NIPPON PAPER INDUSTRIES USA CO. LTD.	PORT ANGELES, WA		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2621	2611-1	98225GRGPC 300WL	GEORGIA-PACIFIC WEST INC.	BELLINGHAM, WA		All		
SIC	2611	2621-1	98201SCTTP 2600F	KIMBERLY-CLARK WORLDWIDE	EVERETT, WA		All		
SIC	5171	2951	98177PNTW L20500	PARAMOUNT OF WASHINGTON INC RICHMOND BEACH MARKETING TERMINAL	SEATTLE, WA		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	98032BRLN G20245	BURLINGTON ENVIRONMENTAL INC.	KENT, WA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	97478WYRH S785N4	WEYERHAEUSER CO	SPRINGFIELD, OR		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	97459WYRH SJORDA	WEYERHAEUSER CO NORTH BEND CONTAINERBOARD	NORTH BEND, OR		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	97391GRGPC BUTLE	GEORGIA-PACIFIC WEST INC TOLEDO PAPER MILL	TOLEDO, OR		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	97348PPTLB 30480	POPE & TALBOT INC. HALSEY PU LP MILL	HALSEY, OR		All		
SIC	2611	2621-2	97348JMSRV 30470	FORT JAMES OPERATING CO	HALSEY, OR		All		
SIC	2439	2611-2	97321WLLM T3251O	WEYERHAEUSER ALBANY	ALBANY, OR		All		
SIC	3339	VCCA	97321RGNM T530W3	ATI ALLVAC ALBANY	ALBANY, OR		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	97132SMRFT WYNOO	SP NEWSPRINT CO. - NEWBERG M ILL	NEWBERG, OR		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	97068JMSRV 4800M	WEST LINN PAPER CO	WEST LINN, OR		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2611	2611-1	97051BSCSC 1300K	BOISE CASCADE LLC	SAINT HELENS, OR		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	97045SMRFT 419MA	BLUE HERON PAPER CO	OREGON CITY, OR		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	97016JMSRV WAUNA	FORT JAMES OPERATING CO - WAUNA MILL	CLATSKANIE, OR		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	95564LSNPC LPDRI	EVERGREEN PULP ENTERPRISES	SAMOA, CA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	95203GLDB N800WC	NEWARK SIERRA PAPERBOARD	STOCKTON, CA		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	95133SFTYK 1021B	CLEAN HARBORS SAN JOSE LLC	SAN JOSE, CA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	95050CNTN R2600D	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC.	SANTA CLARA, CA		All		
SIC		3231	95017LNDB R131OL	LUNDBERG STUDIOS INC	DAVENPORT, CA		All		
SIC	4953	4953L	93206SFTYK 2500W	CLEAN HARBORS BUTTONWILLOW LL C	BUTTONWILLO W, CA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	93033HNMP P5936P	HUENEME PAPER MILL	OXNARD, CA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	93030PRCTR 800NO	PROCTER & GAMBLE PAPER PRODUCTS CO	OXNARD, CA		All		
SIC		3471	92806CLSSC 2985E	CLASSIC PLATING INC	ANAHEIM, CA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	91768GRDN S2205W	BLUE HERON PAPER CO OF CALIFORNIA LLC	POMONA, CA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	91761NLND C5100J	TIN INC DBA TEMPLE INLAND	ONTARIO, CA		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	4953	4953L	91702LSLVN 1704W	VEOLIA ES TECHNICAL SOLUTIONS LLC	AZUSA, CA		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	90301RHCH M425IS	RHO-CHEM CORP	INGLEWOOD, CA		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	90058SFLTR 5375S	USFILTER RECOVERY SERVICES (CA) INC.	VERNON, CA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	90058JFFRS2 001E	SMURFIT STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC.	LOS ANGELES, CA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	90040FDRLP 6001S	NEWARK PACIFIC PAPERBOARD CORP.	LOS ANGELES, CA		All		
SIC	4953	4953L	90040CMMR C5926S	COMMERCE REFUSE- TO-ENERGY FACILITY	COMMERCE, CA		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	90023DKNV R3650E	DK ENVIRONMENTAL INC.	LOS ANGELES, CA		All		
SIC	3339	VCCA	89015TTNM MPOBOX	TITANIUM METALS CORP	HENDERSON, NV		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	89015PNRCH 8000L	PIONEER AMERICAS LLC	HENDERSON, NV		All		
SIC		2011	85353SNLND 651SO	SUNLAND BEEF CO	TOLLESON, AZ		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	85226RMCN V6760W	ROMIC ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGIES CO	CHANDLER, AZ		All		
SIC	3339	VCCA	84074MXMG NROWLE	US MAGNESIUM LLC	ROWLEY, UT		All		
SIC	4953	4953WC	84029SFTYK 11600	CLEAN HARBORS ARAGONITE LLC.	GRANTSVILLE, UT		All		
SIC	3331	1021	84006KNNC T8362W	KENNECOTT UTAH COPPER SMELTER & REFINERY	MAGNA, UT		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2421	2611-1	83501PTLTC 805MI	POTLATCH CORP LEWISTON IDAHO	LEWISTON, ID		All		
SIC		3446	80207BRSSS 3880H	BRASS SMITH	DENVER, CO		All		
SIC	2869	VCCA	78359CCDN THWY36	OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP	GREGORY, TX		All		
SIC		3362	78210FNDRS 231VI	AA FOUNDRIES INC	SAN ANTONIO, TX		All		
SIC	2819	2819N	77978LMNM CSTATE	ALCOA WORLD ALUMINA,LLC	POINT COMFORT, TX		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	77978FRMSP POBOX	FORMOSA PLASTICS CORP. TEXAS	POINT COMFORT, TX		All		
SIC	2911	CWT	77704NCHSR GULFS	LNVA - NORTH REGIONAL TREATMENT PLANT	BEAUMONT, TX		All		
SIC	2631	2631-1	77656PLPPP POBOX	MEADWESTVACO TEXAS LP	EVADALE, TX		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	77643WSTM NHWY73	ONYX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES LLC	PORT ARTHUR, TX		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	77630NLND ROLDHI	TEMPLE-INLAND ORANGE MILL	ORANGE, TX		All		
SIC	2869	VCCA	77592NNCR B33015	UNION CARBIDE CORP TEXAS CITY PLANT	TEXAS CITY, TX		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	77571LPRTC 2400M	OXY VINYLs LP LA PORTE VCM PLANT	LA PORTE, TX		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	77571CCDN T1800V	OXY VINYLs LP BATTLEGROUND C/A	LA PORTE, TX		All		
Load			77541THDW CBUILD	DOW CHEMICAL CO FREEPORT FACILITY	FREEPORT, TX	Direct	Picloram	160000	0

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
Load			77541THDW CBUILD	DOW CHEMICAL CO FREEPORT FACILITY	FREEPORT, TX	Direct	Picloram Acid (TGAI)	0	1600
Load			77541THDW CBUILD	DOW CHEMICAL CO FREEPORT FACILITY	FREEPORT, TX	Direct	Potassium Picloram (K-salt)	0	158400
SIC	2813	VCCA	77541THDW CBUILD	DOW CHEMICAL CO FREEPORT FACILITY	FREEPORT, TX		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	77541SHNTC 5672H	SHINTECH INC	FREEPORT, TX		All		
SIC	4953	4953WC	77539DRTH R2700A	DURATHERM	SAN LEON, TX		All		
SIC	4953	4953WC	77536SFTYK 2027B	CLEAN HARBORS DEER PARK LP	DEER PARK, TX		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	77536MPKN C2759B	VOPAK LOGISTICS SERVICES USA INC	DEER PARK, TX		All		
SIC	2869	VCCA	77536CCDN TTIDAL	OXY VINYLs LP DEER PARK-VCM PLANT	DEER PARK, TX		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	77536CCDN T1000T	OXY VINYLs LP DEER PARK C/A	DEER PARK, TX		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	77536BFGDR 1105T	OXY VINYLs L.P. DEER PARK PVC PLANT	DEER PARK, TX		All		
SIC	2869	VCCA	77520MBYC R8500W	BAYER MATERIALSCIENCE BAYTOWN	BAYTOWN, TX		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	77506PSDNP 901NS	PASADENA PAPER CO LP	PASADENA, TX		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	77501CCDN T4403L	OXY VINYLs LP HOUSTON OPERATIONS PASADENA PVC PLANT	PASADENA, TX		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	4953	4953L	77087STNVR 5743C	SET ENVIRONMENTAL INC.	HOUSTON, TX		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	77044CHMP N11611	ABITIBI-CONSOLIDATED CORP	HOUSTON, TX		All		
Dioxin Distribution			75934CHMP NFARMR	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO CAMDEN COMPLEX			DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE COMPOUNDS	Changed the dioxin congener distribution for this facility	
SIC		2421	75925HCKSP RTE2B	HICKS POST CO INC	ALTO, TX		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	75902CHMP NHIGHW	ABITIBI CONSOLIDATED CORP LUFKIN MILL	LUFKIN, TX		All		
SIC	2819	2819Ph	75670MRCN NWESTE	NORIT AMERICAS INC	MARSHALL, TX		All		
SIC	2631	2611-1	75504NTRNT POBOX	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO TEXARKANA MILL	QUEEN CITY, TX		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	75203RCKT N1100E	ROCK-TENN CONVERTING CO	DALLAS, TX		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	74764WYRH SHIGHW	WEYERHAEUSER CO	VALLIANT, OK		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	74403FRTH W5600E	FORT JAMES OPERATING CO	MUSKOGEE, OK		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	74362GLDB N69AAT	NGC INDUSTRIES INC.	PRYOR, OK		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	73135VSTPL 5200S	GEORGIA GULF CHEMICALS & VINYLs LLC	OKLAHOMA CITY, OK		All		
SIC		3949	72921MRRL L1721H	MORRELL MANUFACTURING	ALMA, AR		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2631	2631-2	72110RKNSS HIGHW	GREEN BAY PACKAGING INC. ARKANSAS KRAFT DIV	MORRILTON, AR		All		
SIC	2819	1099	72011LCRK NUSHIG	ALMATIS INC. - BAUXITE ARKANS AS	BAUXITE, AR		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	71822NKSP HIGHW	DOMTAR INDUSTRIES INC ASHDOWN MILL	ASHDOWN, AR		All		
SIC	4953	4953WC	71730NVRN M309AM	TERIS LLC	EL DORADO, AR		All		
SIC	2631	2631-1	71654PTLC HIGHW	POTLATCH FOREST PRODUCTS CORP	ARKANSAS CITY, AR		All		
SIC	2621	2611-1	71635GRGPC PAPER	GEORGIA-PACIFIC CROSSETT OPERATIONS	CROSSETT, AR		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	71611NTRNT FAIRF	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO	PINE BLUFF, AR		All		
Load			71602SRMY P10020	U.S. ARMY PINE BLUFF ARSENAL	PINE BLUFF, AR	Direct	PHOSPHORUS (YELLOW OR WHITE)	55	0
SIC	2621	2621-2	71602GYLR D500MC	DELTA NATURAL KRAFT	PINE BLUFF, AR		All		
SIC	2631	2611-2	71411WLLM THIGHW	WEYERHAEUSER CO / RED RIVER MILL	CAMPTI, LA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	71361NTRNT WILLI	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO PINEVILLE MILL	PINEVILLE, LA		All		
Dioxin Distribution			71360DRWD TWADLE	COLFAX TREATING CO LLC			DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE COMPOUNDS	Changed the dioxin congener distribution for this facility	

B-8

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2611	2611-2	71292MNVL L1031J	GRAPHIC PACKAGING INTERNATIONAL INC.	WEST MONROE, LA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	71247STNHD MILLS	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC.	HODGE, LA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	71220NTRNT 705CO	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO LOUISIANA MILL	BASTROP, LA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	71052NTRNT HWY50	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO MANSFIELD MILL	MANSFIELD, LA		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	70807SFTYK 13351	CLEAN HARBORS BATON ROUGE LLC	BATON ROUGE, LA		All		
Load			70805XXNC H4999S	EXXONMOBIL CHEMICAL BATON ROUGE CHEMICAL PLANT	BATON ROUGE, LA	Direct	POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC COMPOUNDS	4600	0
SIC	2821	VCCA	70805FRMSP GULFS	FORMOSA PLASTICS CORP LOUISIANA	BATON ROUGE, LA		All		
SIC	2874	2874F	70792GRCC HEASTB	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC UNCLE SAM PLANT	UNCLE SAM, LA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	70791GRGPC ZACHA	GEORGIA-PACIFIC CORP. PORT HUD SON OPERATIONS	ZACHARY, LA		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	70776STFFR RIVER	PIONEER AMERICAS LLC	SAINT GABRIEL, LA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	70775JMSRV ENDOF	TEMBEC USA LLC	SAINT FRANCISVILLE, LA		All		
SIC	2869	VCCA	70765THDW CHIGHW	DOW CHEMICAL CO LOUISIANA DIV	PLAQUEMINE, LA		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2821	VCCA	70765GRGG LHIGHW	GEORGIA GULF CHEMICALS & VINYLs LLC	PLAQUEMINE, LA		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	70734VLCN MASHLA	BASIC CHEMICALS CO LLC	GEISMAR, LA		All		
SIC	2869	VCCA	70734BRDN CLOUIS	WESTLAKE VINYLs CO	GEISMAR, LA		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	70723CCDN THIGHW	OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP	CONVENT, LA		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	70710CCDN THWY1E	BORDEN CHEMICALS & PLASTICS OPERATING LP	ADDIS, LA		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	70669PPGND COLUM	PPG INDUSTRIES INC.	WESTLAKE, LA		All		
SIC	2869	VCCA	70669GRGG L1600V	GEORGIA GULF LAKE CHARLES LLC	WESTLAKE, LA		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	70664CRTNT PETEM	CERTAINTED CORP	WESTLAKE, LA		All		
SIC	2631	2611-1	70634BSSTH USHIG	BOISE PACKAGING & NEWSPRINT LLC	DERIDDER, LA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	70427GYLR D4THST	TIN (DBA TEMPLE INLAND)	BOGALUSA, LA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	70374VLNT NHWY30	VALENTINE PAPER INC.	LOCKPORT, LA		All		
SIC	2869	VCCA	70079SHLLL 265RI	SHELL NORCO CHEMICAL PLANT WEST SITE	NORCO, LA		All		
SIC	2869	VCCA	70079SHLLL 1205R	SHELL NORCO CHEMICAL PLANT EAST SITE	NORCO, LA		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2822	VCCA	70068DPNTD 560HW	DU PONT PERFORMANCE ELASTOMERS LLC PONTCHARTRAIN SITE	LA PLACE, LA		All		
SIC	2819	VCCA	70057CCDN TLAHWY	OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP	HAHNVILLE, LA		All		
SIC	4953	4953WC	69145CLNH R5MISO	CLEAN HARBORS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES INC.	KIMBALL, NE		All		
SIC	3991	2841	67530THFL WESTP	FULLER BRUSH CO	GREAT BEND, KS		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	67215VLCN C6200S	BASIC CHEMICALS CO LLC	WICHITA, KS		All		
SIC	2671	3081	66542FLXLN 6000S	INNOVIA FILMS INC.	TECUMSEH, KS		All		
SIC	2834	2834P	66024FRMN T15THA	BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM VETMEDICA INC	ELWOOD, KS	Indirect	DIAZINON		
SIC	2834	2834P	66024FRMN T15THA	BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM VETMEDICA INC	ELWOOD, KS	Indirect	DICHLORVOS		
SIC	2834	2834P	66024FRMN T15THA	BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM VETMEDICA INC	ELWOOD, KS	Indirect	TETRACHLORVINP HOS		
SIC	2621	2631-2	64116NTDST 1115A	UNITED STATES GYPSUM CO.	NORTH KANSAS CITY, MO		All		
SIC	2676	2621-2	63702PRCTR POBOX	PROCTER & GAMBLE PAPER PRODUCTS CO	JACKSON, MO		All		
SIC	2048	2048ph	63701BKYW N975NA	BIOKYOWA INC	CAPE GIRARDEAU, MO		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2821	VCCA	62539BRDN CCANTR	FORMOSA PLASTICS CORP ILLINOIS	ILLIOPOLIS, IL		All		
Load			62526DMCR N4666F	ADM	DECATUR, IL	Direct	Chlorine	120000	61
SIC	2869	VCCA	62206MNSN T500MO	SOLUTIA INC KRUMMRICH IL	SAUGET, IL		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	62201TRDW S7MOBI	ONYX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES	SAUGET, IL		All		
Load			62024LNCRP SHAMR	OLIN CORP MAIN PLANT FACILITY	EAST ALTON, IL	Direct	PHOSPHORUS (YELLOW OR WHITE)	3013	0
Load			62024LNCRP LEWIS	OLIN CORP ZONE 17 FACILITY	EAST ALTON, IL	Direct	PHOSPHORUS (YELLOW OR WHITE)	73.3	0
SIC	2821	VCCA	61537THGN CRURAL	POLYONE CORP	HENRY, IL		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	60617CLNH R11800	CLEAN HARBORS SERVICES INC.	CHICAGO, IL		All		
Load			60608HKRM R1359W	H. KRAMER & CO.	CHICAGO, IL	Indirect	PHOSPHORUS (YELLOW OR WHITE)	11	0
SIC	4953	CWT	60525BVRLC 6037L	BEAVER OIL CO INC	HODGKINS, IL		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	60426NVRTF 16435	ENVIRITE OF ILLINOIS INC.	HARVEY, IL		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	60419SFTYK 633E1	SAFETY-KLEEN SYSTEMS INC.	DOLTON, IL		All		
SIC	2048	2048ph	60411LLBRT 400ST	ALPHARMA INC	CHICAGO HEIGHTS, IL		All		
SIC	4953	4953L	60409CDRC Y138TH	CID RECYCLING & DISPOSAL FAC ILITY	CALUMET CITY, IL		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIRelases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC		3537	60115NHRN G813EL	NEHRING ELECTRICAL WORKS CO	DE KALB, IL		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	59806STNCN MULLA	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC	MISSOULA, MT		All		
SIC	2621	2611-1	56649BSCSC SECON	BOISE	INTERNATIONAL FALLS, MN		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	56401PTLTC 1801M	WAUSAU PAPER OF MINNESOTA	BRAINERD, MN		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	56377CHMP N100EA	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO	SARTELL, MN		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	55807LKSPR 100NO	STORA ENSO NORTH AMERICA DULUTH PAPER MILL	DULUTH, MN		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	55744BLND N115SW	UPM BLANDIN PAPER CO	GRAND RAPIDS, MN		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	55720PTLTC NORTH	SAPPI CLOQUET LLC	CLOQUET, MN		All		
SIC	2048	2048ph	55318QLTCH 318LA	QUALI-TECH INC.	CHASKA, MN		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	55114WLDR F2250W	WALDORF CORP (DBA ROCK TENN COMPANY)	SAINT PAUL, MN		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	55113SFLTR 2430R	SIEMENS WATER TECHNOLOGIES CORP	ROSEVILLE, MN		All		
Load			55016MCHM LHIGHW	3M COTTAGE GROVE CENTER	WEST COTTAGE GROVE, MN	Direct	PHOSPHORUS (YELLOW OR WHITE)	2100	0
SIC	2621	2621-2	54956PHGLT 225WW	GLATFELTER CO NEENAH MILL	NEENAH, WI		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2621	2621-2	54952WSCN S3RDAN	SCA TISSUE NORTH AMERICA LLC MENASHA PAPER MILL	MENASHA, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	54912FXRVR 600VU	FOX RIVER PAPER CO	APPLETON, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	54848PPTLB EWORD	CITYFOREST CORP	LADYSMITH, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	54703PPTLB 1200F	CASCADES TISSUE GROUP - WISCON SIN INC.	EAU CLAIRE, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2611-1	54552FLMBP 200NO	SMART PAPERS	PARK FALLS, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	54507RHNL N515WE	RHINELANDER PAPER CO	RHINELANDER, WI		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	54494CNSLD NASHR	STORA ENSO NORTH AMERICA WATER QUALITY CENTER	WISCONSIN RAPIDS, WI		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	54494CNSLD 950FO	STORA ENSO NORTH AMERICA WISCONSIN RAPIDS PULP MILL	WISCONSIN RAPIDS, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	54494CNSLD 231FI	STORA ENSO NORTH AMERICA WISCONSIN RAPIDS PAPER MILL	WISCONSIN RAPIDS, WI		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	54487NKSPC N9090	PACKAGING CORP OF AMERI CA	TOMAHAWK, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	54481WTRR N2691W	STORA ENSO NORTH AMERICA WATER RENEWAL CENTER	STEVENS POINT, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	54474WYRH S200GR	WEYERHAEUSER	ROTHSCHILD, WI		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2812	VCCA	54469VLCN MSTATE	ERCO WORLDWIDE (USA) INC.	NEKOOSA, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	54469PRTD W100WI	DOMTAR A.W. CORP. PORT EDWARDS MILL	PORT EDWARDS, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	54457NKSM LMARKE	DOMTAR A.W. CORP. NEKOOSA MILL	NEKOOSA, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	54455MSNPP 100MA	WAUSAU PAPER CORP MOSINEE MILL	MOSINEE, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	54417WSPPR 2NDST	WAUSAU PAPER CORP BROKAW MILL	BROKAW, WI		All		
SIC	2676	2621-2	54308THPRC 501EA	PROCTER & GAMBLE PAPER PRODUCTS CO	GREEN BAY, WI		All		
SIC	2672	2631-2	54307GRNB Y3250S	GREEN BAY PACKAGING INC. GREEN BAY COATED PRODUCTS DIV	GREEN BAY, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	54307FRTH W1919S	FORT JAMES OPERATING CO.	GREEN BAY, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	54305JMSRV 500DA	FORT JAMES OPERATING CO	GREEN BAY, WI		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	54302GRNB Y1601N	GREEN BAY PACKAGING INC. MILL & SHIPPING CONTAINER DIV	GREEN BAY, WI		All		
SIC	2611	2611-2	54154SCTTP 106EC	OCONTO FALLS TISSUE INC.	OCONTO FALLS, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	54151NGRF W1101M	STORA ENSO NORTH AMERICA NIAGARA MILL	NIAGARA, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	54136MDTC PNMAIN	STORA ENSO NORTH AMERICA KIMBERLY MILL	KIMBERLY, WI		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2611	2611-2	54130THLM NTHLM	THILMANY	KAUKAUNA, WI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	54113PPLTN 540PR	APPLETON COATED L.L.C. LOCKS MILL	COMBINED LOCKS, WI		All		
SIC	9131	4941	53402RCNW T100HU	RACINE WATER UTILITY	RACINE, WI		All		
SIC		3341	53223RNC 8035W	AURA II INC	MILWAUKEE, WI		All		
SIC	INVA	4941	53221HWRD P725WH	HOWARD PURIFICATION PLANT	MILWAUKEE, WI		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	53211WSCN S1514E	WISCONSIN PAPERBOARD CORP	MILWAUKEE, WI		All		
SIC		2022	53079BKRC HROUTE	BAKER CHEESE FACTORY INC	SAINT CLOUD, WI		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	52627CNSLD 15101	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO	FORT MADISON, IA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	52402CDRR V4600C	CEDAR RIVER PAPER A WEYERHAEUSER BUSINESS	CEDAR RAPIDS, IA		All		
SIC	2048	2048g	51234FRMRS 602MA	FARMERS FEED & SUPPLY CO	BOYDEN, IA		All		
SIC	2048	2048ph	50598PRCSS 515WE	A.I. PROCESSORS	WHITTEMORE, IA		All		
SIC	3633	3633PE	50208MYTG CN19TH	MAYTAG APPLIANCES NLP PLANT 2	NEWTON, IA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	49953STNCN ONESU	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERP RISES INC	ONTONAGON, MI		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	49876CHMP NUSHIG	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO	QUINNESEC, MI		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2621	2621-2	49862KMBR L601EM	NEENAH PAPER MICHIGAN INC	MUNISING, MI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	49858MNMN P144FI	MENOMINEE ACQUISITION CORP	MENOMINEE, MI		All		
SIC	2611	2611-2	49858GRTLK 7014T	GREAT LAKES PULP CO	MENOMINEE, MI		All		
SIC	2621	2611-1	49829MDPB LCOUNT	ESCANABA PAPER CO	ESCANABA, MI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	49634PKG N2245U	PACKAGING CORP OF AMERICA	FILER CITY, MI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	49443SDWR R2400L	S. D. WARREN CO	MUSKEGON, MI		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	49099WHTP G15781	WHITE PIGEON PAPER CO	WHITE PIGEON, MI		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	49078MNSH C320NF	MENASHA PACKAGING CO LLC OTSEGO MILL	OTSEGO, MI		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	49078MDPP R431HE	ROCK-TENN CO.	OTSEGO, MI		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	49016WLDR F177AN	ROCK-TENN CO	BATTLE CREEK, MI		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	49007JMSRV 243EA	GRAPHIC PACKAGING CORP.	KALAMAZOO, MI		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	48211SLCTY 1923F	EQ DETROIT INC.	DETROIT, MI		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	48211DYNC L6520G	DYNECOL, INC.	DETROIT, MI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	48209DTRTR 9125W	IPMC INC	DETROIT, MI		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	48174MCHG N36345	EQ RESOURCE RECOVERY INC.	ROMULUS, MI		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	4953	4953L	48111WYND S49350	WAYNE DISPOSAL INC	BELLEVILLE, MI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	48060JMSRV 218RI	DUNN PAPER INC	PORT HURON, MI		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	48060BDDY P1700W	E. B. EDDY PAPER INC	PORT HURON, MI		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	47966NLND CCOUNT	PREMIER BOXBOARD LIMITED	CAYUGA, IN		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	47802THWS TPRAIR	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO	TERRE HAUTE, IN		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	47620GPLST LEXAN	GE PLASTICS MT. VERNON INC.	MOUNT VERNON, IN		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	47348VSYPP 501SS	HARTFORD CITY PAPER LLC	HARTFORD CITY, IN		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	47250RBSLT 4201W	ROBUS LEATHER CORP	MADISON, IN		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	46992CNTN R455WE	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC.	WABASH, IN		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	46402BVRLC 1040M	BEAVER OIL CO PLANT 2	GARY, IN		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	46231HRTG N7901W	HERITAGE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES LLC	INDIANAPOLIS, IN		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	46115JFFRS2 12SM	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC.	CARTHAGE, IN		All		
SIC	4953	2819N	45661SDPRT 3930U	U.S. DOE PORTSMOUTH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT	PIKETON, OH		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2819	2819N	45661NTDST 3930U	U.S. ENRICHMENT CORP PORTSMOUTH GASEOUS DI FFUSION PLANT	PIKETON, OH		All		
SIC	2621	2611-1	45601MDCR P401SP	CHILLICOTHE PAPER INC	CHILLICOTHE, OH		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	45449CWWR S4301I	ONYX ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES LLC	WEST CARROLLTON, OH		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	45427PRMF X300SW	PERMA-FIX OF DAYTON INC.	DAYTON, OH		All		
SIC	4953	4953L	45232SPRNG 4879S	SPRING GROVE RESOURCE RECOVERY	CINCINNATI, OH		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	45209RCKT N3347M	ROCK-TENN CO	CINCINNATI, OH		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	45044MDDL T427VA	MIDDLETOWN PAPERBOARD CORP.	MIDDLETOWN, OH		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	45042JFFRS4 07CH	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC.	MIDDLETOWN, OH		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	45042BYWS T700CO	BAY WEST PAPER CORP.	MIDDLETOWN, OH		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	45013CHMP N601NO	SMART PAPERS LLC	HAMILTON, OH		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	45012THBC K400DA	MOHAWK FINE PAPERS INC BECKETT MILL	HAMILTON, OH		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	45005FRNKL 50EAS	FRANKLIN BOXBOARD CORP	FRANKLIN, OH		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	44707NVRTF 2050C	ENVIRITE OF OHIO INC.	CANTON, OH		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	3088	3431PE	44460MRCN S605SE	AMERICAN STANDARD INC.	SALEM, OH		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	44270RTTM N100IN	RITTMAN PAPERBOARD	RITTMAN, OH		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	44115RSRCH 2655T	GENERAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT	CLEVELAND, OH		All		
SIC	4953	4953WC	44044RSSNC 36790	ROSS INCINERATION SERVICES INC.	GRAFTON, OH		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	44004LCPCH 3509M	ASHTA CHEMICALS INC	ASHTABULA, OH		All		
SIC	4953	4953WC	43920VNRL 1250S	VON ROLL AMERICA INC	EAST LIVERPOOL, OH		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	43812STNCN 500N4	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC.	COSHOCTON, OH		All		
SIC	2911	8744	43616TWWS T1819W	TWO WASTEWATER TREATMENT UNIT	OREGON, OH		All		
SIC		2992	43605FSKBR 1500O	FISKE BROTHERS REFINING CO	TOLEDO, OH		All		
SIC	2631	3275	43433NTDST GYPSU	UNITED STATES GYPSUM CO.	GYPSUM, OH		All		
SIC	3633	3633PE	43410WHRL P119BI	WHIRLPOOL CORP - CLYDE DIV	CLYDE, OH		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	43105HPPRB 310WA	OHIO PAPERBOARD	BALTIMORE, OH		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	42431FLTRT HIGHW	AHLSTROM ENGINE FILTRATION INC	MADISONVILLE , KY		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	42420MCML L1500C	WEYERHAEUSER CO	HENDERSON, KY		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2611	2611-1	42348WLLM TPOBOX	WEYERHAEUSER CO HAWESVILLE OPERATIONS	HAWESVILLE, KY		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	42087WSTV CHIGHW	WICKLIFFE PAPER CO	WICKLIFFE, KY		All		
SIC	2869	VCCA	42029WSTL KHWHY15	WESTLAKE MONOMERS CORP.	CALVERT CITY, KY		All		
SIC	2869	VCCA	42029WSTL K2468I	WESTLAKE VINYL INC.	CALVERT CITY, KY		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	42029PCFC WJOHNS	WESTLAKE PVC CORP	CALVERT CITY, KY		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	41056NLND C1241M	TEMPLE-INLAND	MAYSVILLE, KY		All		
Load			41056BRWN NMAINS	EMERSON POWER TRANSMISSION CORP	MAYSVILLE, KY	Indirect	PHOSPHORUS (YELLOW OR WHITE)	5	0
SIC	2869	VCCA	41008DWCR NUSHIG	DOW CORNING CORP	CARROLLTON, KY		All		
SIC	2819	VCCA	40216DPNTL 4200C	DU PONT LOUISVILLE PLANT	LOUISVILLE, KY		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	40211XYVN Y4014B	OXY VINYL LP - LOUISVILLE	LOUISVILLE, KY		All		
SIC	3087	VCCA	40211THGN C4200B	POLYONE CORP	LOUISVILLE, KY		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	40068SFTYK 3700L	SAFETY-KLEEN SYSTEMS INC.	SMITHFIELD, KY		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	39730VSTPL POBOX	GEORGIA GULF CHEMICALS & VINYL LLC	ABERDEEN, MS		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	39703CLMB SCARSO	COLUMBUS PULP & PAPER COMPLE X	COLUMBUS, MS		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIRelases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2631	2631-2	39654GRGPC SANDI	GEORGIA-PACIFIC CORP	MONTICELLO, MS		All		
Dioxin Distribution			39571DPNTD 7685K	DU PONT DELISLE PLANT			DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE COMPOUNDS	Changed the dioxin congener distribution for this facility	
SIC	2874	2874F	39568NSTHN POBOX	MISSISSIPPI PHOSPHATES CORP	PASCAGOULA, MS		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	39462LFRVR HWY29	GEORGIA PACIFIC CORP	NEW AUGUSTA, MS		All		
SIC	2621	2631-2	39180NTRNT POBOX	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO VICKSBURG MILL	REDWOOD, MS		All		
SIC	2611	2611-3	39120NTRNT 312LO	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO NATCHEZ	NATCHEZ, MS		All		
SIC	2048	2048m	39074CNTRL 11634	CENTRAL INDUSTRIES INC	FOREST, MS		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	38901NWSP RPAPER	BOWATER NEWSPRINT SOUTH INC	GRENADA, MS		All		
SIC	2048	2048m	38778PRTNP 1042M	PROTEIN PRODUCTS INC.	SUNFLOWER, MS		All		
SIC	3624	3624CB	38401CRCRB SANTA	UCAR CARBON CO INC.	COLUMBIA, TN		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	38326TNNSS HIGHW	PACKAGING CORP OF AMERICA COUNCE MILL	COUNCE, TN		All		
Dioxin Distribution			38127DPNT M2571F	DU PONT MEMPHIS PLANT			DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE COMPOUNDS	Changed the dioxin congener distribution for this facility	

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
Load			38127DPNT M2571F	DU PONT MEMPHIS PLANT	MEMPHIS, TN	Indirect	DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE COMPOUNDS	0.001955721	4.45343E- 05
SIC	2869	VCCA	38108VLSCL 1100W	VELSICOL CHEMICAL CORP	MEMPHIS, TN		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	37821SNCP RANKI	SONOCO PRODUCTS CO	NEWPORT, TN		All		
Load			37774VSKSC EASTL	VISKASE CORP	LOUDON, TN	Indirect	CARBON DISULFIDE	97000	17
SIC	2611	2621-1	37662MDPP RPOBOX	WEYERHAEUSER CO KINGSPORT PAPER MILL	KINGSPORT, TN		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	37405RCKT N701MA	ROCK-TENN CONVERTING CO	CHATTANOOG A, TN		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	37310LNCRP LOWER	OLIN CORP	CHARLESTON, TN		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	37309BWTR SROUTE	BOWATER NEWSPRINT CALHOUN OPERATIONS	CALHOUN, TN		All		
SIC	2631	2611-2	37134NLND CCONAL	INLAND PAPERBOARD & PACKAGING	WAVERLY, TN		All		
Dioxin Distribution			37134DPNTJ 1DUPO	DU PONT JOHNSONVILLE PLANT			DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE COMPOUNDS	Changed the dioxin congener distribution for this facility	
SIC	1031	3339	37040SVGZN 1800Z	ZINIFEX CLARKSVILLE INC	CLARKSVILLE, TN		All		
SIC	3639	3639PE	37015STND 500BY	STATE INDUSTRIES INC	ASHLAND CITY, TN		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	36916JMSRV ROUTE	FORT JAMES OPERATING CO	PENNINGTON, AL		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2621	2631-2	36868MDCT DALABA	MEADWESTVACO COATED BOARD INC	COTTONTON, AL		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	36769MCML LHIGHW	WEYERHAEUSER USA INC. PINE H ILL OPERATIONS	PINE HILL, AL		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	36752GPLST ONEPL	GENERAL ELECTRIC CO	BURKVILLE, AL		All		
SIC	2631	2631-1	36732GLFST HIGHW	ROCK-TENN MILL CO LLC	DEMOPOLIS, AL		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	36701HMMR MRIVER	INTERNATIONAL PAPER RIVERDALE MILL	SELMA, AL		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	36652SCTTP BAYBR	KIMBERLY-CLARK CORP	MOBILE, AL		All		
SIC		2851	36617MBLR S2469B	MOBILE ROSIN OIL CO INC	MOBILE, AL		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	36614CCDN T1300J	OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP	MOBILE, AL		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	36553LNCRP POBOX	OLIN CORP	MC INTOSH, AL		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	36545BSCSC 307WE	BOISE WHITE PAPER LLC	JACKSON, AL		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	36470LBMR VOFFHI	ALABAMA RIVER PULP CO INC	PERDUE HILL, AL		All		
SIC	2631	2631-1	36426CNTN RHIGHW	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC.	BREWTON, AL		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	36202GLDB NUSHWY	NGC INDUSTRIES INC.	OXFORD, AL		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	36067NNCM P100JE	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO	PRATTVILLE, AL		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2631	2631-2	35772MDCN THIGHW	SMURFIT-STONE CONT STEVENSON MILL	STEVENSON, AL		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	35660CCDN TPOBOX	OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP	MUSCLE SHOALS, AL		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	35618CHMP NPOBOX	INTERNATIONAL PAPER COURTLAND MILL	COURTLAND, AL		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	35459CHMC LHWHY17	CHEMICAL WASTE MANAGEMENT	EMELLE, AL		All		
SIC	2911	2865	35404MRCH MONEWA	MERICHEM CHEMICALS & REFINERY SERVICES LLC	TUSCALOOSA, AL		All		
SIC	2048	2048m	35077LBMF DFARMR	AMERICAN PROTEINS INC HANCEVILLE DIV	HANCEVILLE, AL		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	35044SPLPN ALABA	BOWATER INC COOSA PINES OPERATIONS	COOSA PINES, AL		All		
Dioxin Distribution			35035CHBPR RT1BO	CAHABA PRESSURE TREATED FOREST PRODUCTS INC			DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE COMPOUNDS	Changed the dioxin congener distribution for this facility	
SIC		2519	34761RNFR 400MA	REINFORCED PLASTICS INDUSTRIES INC	OCOEE, FL		All		
SIC	2819	2819N	33841LMNM CHWY63	ALCOA WORLD ALUMINA LLC FORT MEADE WORKS	FORT MEADE, FL		All		
SIC	2911	2999	33566NTRNT 105SO	INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM CORP.	PLANT CITY, FL		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	32571RPRDC EHIGH	WESTLAKE PVC CORP.	PACE, FL		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2621	2621-1	32533CHMP N375MU	INTERNATIONAL PAPER PENSACOLA MILL	CANTONMENT, FL		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	32401STNCN 1EVER	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER CORP	PANAMA CITY, FL		All		
SIC	2611	2611-3	32347BCKY CROUTE	BUCKEYE FLORIDA LP	PERRY, FL		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	32218SMNL K9469E	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC.	JACKSONVILLE , FL		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	32078GRGPC STATE	GEORGIA-PACIFIC CORP. PALATKA	PALATKA, FL		All		
SIC	2611	2611-3	32034TTRYN FOOTO	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	FERNANDINA BEACH, FL		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	32034CNTN RNORTH	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC.	FERNANDINA BEACH, FL		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	31732GRTST HIGHW	GREAT SOUTHERN PAPER CO	CEDAR SPRINGS, GA		All		
SIC	2676	2621-2	31702THPRC USROU	PROCTER & GAMBLE PAPER PRO DUCTS CO	ALBANY, GA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	31604NKSPC HIGHW	PACKAGING CORP. OF AMERICA	CLYATTVILLE, GA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	31558GLMN P10000	DURANGO-GEORGIA PAPER CO.	SAINT MARYS, GA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-3	31545TTRYN SAVAN	RAYNONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS JESUP MILL	JESUP, GA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	31520BRNS WWEST9	GEORGIA-PACIFIC CORP. BRUNSWICK OPERATIONS	BRUNSWICK, GA		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2611	2611-1	31407STNCN1BONN	WEYERHAEUSER CO	PORT WENTWORTH, GA		All		
Load			31404KMRNCEASTP	TRONOX PIGMENTS (SAVANNAH) INC	SAVANNAH, GA	Direct	DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE COMPOUNDS	0.0007154	0
SIC	2611	2611-2	31402NNCMPWESTL	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO - SAVANNAH COMPLEX	SAVANNAH, GA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	31326FRTHWROUTE	FORT JAMES OPERATING CO SAVANNAH RIVER MILL	RINCON, GA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	31206MCNKR4891M	GRAPHIC PACKAGING INTERNATIONAL INC	MACON, GA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	31068BCKYCOLDST	WEYERHAEUSER CO	OGLETHORPE, GA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	31040STHSTSHADD	SP NEWSPRINT CO.	DUBLIN, GA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	31036HLLNGINDUS	HOLLINGSWORTH & VOSE CO	HAWKINSVILLE, GA		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	30913LNGST2402L	OLIN CORP	AUGUSTA, GA		All		
SIC	2611	2631-1	30913FDRLPHIGHW	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO	AUGUSTA, GA		All		
SIC	2631	2611-2	30162NLNDR238MA	TEMPLE-INLAND ROME LINERBOARD MILL	ROME, GA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	30013VSYPP1800A	PRATT INDUSTRIES MILL DIV CONYERS	CONYERS, GA		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2611	2611-1	29704BWTR C5300C	BOWATER COATED & SPECIALITY PAPERS DIV	CATAWBA, SC		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	29550SNCPR NORTH	SONOCO PRODUCTS CO	HARTSVILLE, SC		All		
SIC	2874	2874F	29550MCFR TSOCIE	ROYSTER-CLARK, INC.	HARTSVILLE, SC		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	29512WLLM THWY91	WEYERHAEUSER CO	BENNETTSVILL E, SC		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	29502STNCN OLDGE	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC.	FLORENCE, SC		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	29442NTRNT KAMIN	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO GEORGETOWN MILL	GEORGETOWN, SC		All		
SIC	2861	2611-2	29411WSTV C5600A	MEADWESTVACO CORP	NORTH CHARLESTON, SC		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	29073SFTYK 130AF	SAFETY-KLEEN (LEXINGTON)	LEXINGTON, SC		All		
SIC	2611	2621-1	29044NNCM PROUTE	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO EASTOVER MILL	EASTOVER, SC		All		
SIC	2611	2621-2	28768CSTDV ECUST	ECUSTA BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CENTER LLC	BREVARD, NC		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	28716CHMP NMAINS	BLUE RIDGE PAPER PRODUCTS INC.	CANTON, NC		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	28560WYRH SSTREE	WEYERHAEUSER	VANCEBORO, NC		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	28456FDRLP RIEGE	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO RIEGELWOOD MILL	RIEGELWOOD, NC		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIRelases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2611	2611-2	28358LPHCL 1000E	BUCKEYE LUMBERTON INC	LUMBERTON, NC		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	27962WYRH STROWB	WEYERHAEUSER CO PLYMOUTH	PLYMOUTH, NC		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	27870CHMP NNORTH	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO	ROANOKE RAPIDS, NC		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	27407CFLNC 2750P	ECOFLO, INC.	GREENSBORO, NC		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	26155PPGND STATE	PPG INDUSTRIES INC.	NEW MARTINSVILLE, WV		All		
SIC	2631	2611-2	24526NKSPC HIGHW	GEORGIA-PACIFIC, BIG ISLAND MILL	BIG ISLAND, VA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-2	24521VRGN FROUTE	GREIF RIVERVILLE LLC	AMHERST, VA		All		
SIC	3469	3469PE	24506HNSNP 3300J	HANSON INDUSTRIES INC	LYNCHBURG, VA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-1	24426WSTV CRIVER	MEADWESTVACO COVINGTON OPERATIONS	COVINGTON, VA		All		
SIC	2611	2631-2	23860STNHP 910IN	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER CORP	HOPEWELL, VA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	23851NNCM PHIGHW	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO FRANKLIN MILL	FRANKLIN, VA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	23181CHSPK 19THM	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES INC.	WEST POINT, VA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	21540WSTV C300PR	LUKE PAPER CO	LUKE, MD		All		
SIC		3089	19947DBND L24CED	MULTI-TECH INC (D&B INDUSTRIAL GROUP)	GEORGETOWN, DE		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIRelases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
Dioxin Distribution			19809DPNTD104HA	DUPONT EDGE MOOR			DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE COMPOUNDS	Changed the dioxin congener distribution for this facility	
SIC	2812	VCCA	19706THCHLRIVER	KUEHNE CO	DELAWARE CITY, DE		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	19706FRMSPSCHOO	FORMOSA PLASTICS CORP DELAWARE	DELAWARE CITY, DE		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	19706CCDNTRIVER	OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP	NEW CASTLE, DE		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	19464CCDN TARMAN	OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP	POTTSTOWN, PA		All		
Load			19381MTLLR810LI	METALLURGICAL PRODUCTS CO.	WEST CHESTER, PA	Direct	PHOSPHORUS (YELLOW OR WHITE)	417.52	0
SIC	2631	2631-2	19335SNCPR300SO	SONOCO PRODUCTS CO	DOWNINGTOWN, PA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	19127CNTNR5000F	SMURFIT-STONE CONTAINER ENTERPRISES	PHILADELPHIA, PA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	19013SCTTPFRONT	KIMBERLY-CLARK PENNSYLVANIA LLC	CHESTER, PA		All		
SIC	2048	2048m	18964MYRPC741SO	MOYER PACKING CO SOUDERTON RENDERING DIV	SOUDERTON, PA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	18653PPTLBMAINS	CASCADES TISSUE GROUP PENNSYLVANIA INC	RANSOM, PA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	18629PRCTRROUTE	PROCTER & GAMBLE PAPER PRODUCTS CO	MEHOOPANY, PA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	17856GLDBNJUNCT	NGC INDUSTRIES INC	NEW COLUMBIA, PA		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2621	2621-2	17745HMMR MSOUTH	INTERNATIONAL PAPER LOCK HAVEN MILL	LOCK HAVEN, PA		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	17404NVRTF 730VO	ENVIRITE OF PENNSYLVANIA INC.	YORK, PA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	17362PHGLT 228SO	P. H. GLATFELTER CO - SPRING GROVE MILL	SPRING GROVE, PA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	16673PPLTN 100PA	APPLETON PAPERS INC SPRING MILL	ROARING SPRING, PA		All		
SIC	2611	2611-2	16533HMMR M1540E	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO	ERIE, PA		All		
SIC	2999	2992	16344PNNZL 2MAIN	CALUMET LUBRICANTS CO. ROUSEVILLE PLANT	ROUSEVILLE, PA		All		
SIC	2911	2992	16344PNNZL 2MAIA	PENNZOIL-QUAKER STATE CO. ROUSEVILLE REFY. & PACKAGING	ROUSEVILLE, PA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	15845PNNTC 100CE	WEYERHAEUSER CO - JOHNSONBURG MILL	JOHNSONBURG, PA		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	15698MLLSR CEMET	MAX ENVIRONMENTAL YUKON FACILITY	YUKON, PA		All		
SIC	2911	5171	15051MRCN RSTATE	KINDER MORGAN TRANSMIX CO LLC	INDIANOLA, PA		All		
Dioxin Distribution			14652STMN K1669L	EASTMAN KODAK CO KODAK PARK			DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE COMPOUNDS	Changed the dioxin congener distribution for this facility	
SIC	2631	2631-2	14303NRMP C4001P	NORAMPAC NIAGARA FALLS NY	NIAGARA FALLS, NY		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2812	VCCA	14303LNCH M2400B	OLIN CORP	NIAGARA FALLS, NY		All		
SIC	2819	VCCA	14302DPNTN BUFFA	DUPONT NIAGARA FALLS PLANT	NIAGARA FALLS, NY		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	14302CCDN T4700B	OCCIDENTAL CHEMICAL CORP NIAGARA PLANT	NIAGARA FALLS, NY		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	14107CWMC H1550B	CWM CHEMICAL SERVICES LLC	MODEL CITY, NY		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	13601KNWL T213FA	KNOWLTON SPECIALTY PAPERS INC.	WATERTOWN, NY		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	13305BSCSC MAINS	INTERFACE SOLUTIONS INC	BEAVER FALLS, NY		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	13069RMST RRR2BO	INTERFACE SOLUTIONS INC.	FULTON, NY		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	12901GRGPC 327MA	GEORGIA-PACIFIC CORP	PLATTSBURGH, NY		All		
SIC	2611	2621-1	12883NTRNT SHORE	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO	TICONDEROGA, NY		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	12834HLLN GCOUNT	HOLLINGSWORTH & VOSE CO	GREENWICH, NY		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	12822NTRNT PINES	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO. HUDSON RIVER MILL	CORINTH, NY		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	12801FNCHP 1GLEN	FINCH PRUYN & CO. INC.	GLENS FALLS, NY		All		
SIC		2844	12771KLMR LSKYLI	KOLMAN LABORATORIES INC	PORT JERVIS, NY		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	12502SCHW T2424R	SCHWEITZER- MAUDUIT INTERNATIONAL INC	ANCRAM, NY		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC		5169	11021WGCH M239GR	WEGO CHEMICAL & MINERAL CORP	GREAT NECK, NY		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	10314VSYP 4435V	VISY PAPER (NY) INC.	STATEN ISLAND, NY		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	08884KMBR L85MAI	SCHWEITZER- MAUDUIT INTERNATIONAL INC	SPOTSWOOD, NJ		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	08110GRGPC 175DE	NGC INDUSTRIES INC.	PENNSAUKEN, NJ		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	08067XYVN YRTE13	OXY VINYL LP	PEDRICKTOWN, NJ		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	08067THGN CUSRTE	POLYONE CORP	PEDRICKTOWN, NJ		All		
Load			08023DPNTC RT130	DU PONT CHAMBERS WORKS	DEEPWATER, NJ	Direct	HEXACHLORO BENZENE	18	0
SIC	2869	CWT	08023DPNTC RT130	DU PONT CHAMBERS WORKS	DEEPWATER, NJ	Direct	CHLORDANE		
SIC	2869	CWT	08023DPNTC RT130	DU PONT CHAMBERS WORKS	DEEPWATER, NJ	Direct	HEPTACHLOR		
SIC	2869	CWT	08023DPNTC RT130	DUPONT CHAMBERS WORKS	DEEPWATER, NJ	Direct	ATRAZINE		
SIC	2869	CWT	08023DPNTC RT130	DU PONT CHAMBERS WORKS	DEEPWATER, NJ	Direct	HEXACHLORO BENZENE		
SIC	3081	VCCA	08016CCDN TRIVER	POLYONE CORP	BURLINGTON, NJ		All		
SIC	2821	VCCA	08016CCDN TBEVER	COLORITE SPECIALTY RESINS	BURLINGTON, NJ		All		
SIC	2676	2621-2	07407MRCL P1MARK	MARCAL PAPER MILLS INC	ELMWOOD PARK, NJ		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	07066NTDST 1255R	UNITED STATES GYPSUM CO	CLARK, NJ		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	4953	CWT	07032SWWS T115JA	CLEAN EARTH OF NORTH JERSEY INC.	SOUTH KEARNY, NJ		All		
SIC	2812	VCCA	07032KHNC H86HAC	KUEHNE CO	SOUTH KEARNY, NJ		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	06451NTDLR 136GR	UNITED OIL RECOVERY INC.	MERIDEN, CT		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	06096THDX TTWOEL	AHLSTROM WINDSOR LOCKS LLC	WINDSOR LOCKS, CT		All		
SIC	4953	CWT	06010CLNH R51BRO	CLEAN HARBORS OF CONNECTICUT INC.	BRISTOL, CT		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	05485BSCSC MILLS	ROCK-TENN CONVERTING CO	SHELDON SPRINGS, VT		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	04976SDWR RRFD3U	S. D. WARREN CO SAPPI FINE PAPER N.A.	SKOWHEGAN, ME		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	04950MDSN PMAINS	MADISON PAPER INDUSTRIES	MADISON, ME		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	04756FRSRP 25BRI	FRASER PAPERS LTD	MADAWASKA, ME		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	04694GRGPC MILLA	DOMTAR MAINE CORP	BAILEYVILLE, ME		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	04468JMSRV PORTL	FORT JAMES OPERATING CO	OLD TOWN, ME		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	04462GRTN R1KATA	KATAHDIN PAPER CO LLC	MILLINOCKET, ME		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	04457LNCLN KATAH	LINCOLN PAPER & TISSUE LLC	LINCOLN, ME		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	04430GRTN RMAINS	KATAHDIN PAPER CO LLC.	EAST MILLINOCKET, ME		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	04416CHMP NMAINS	INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO	BUCKSPORT, ME		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2621	2611-1	04276BSCSC ROUTE	NEWPAGE PAPER CORP	RUMFORD, ME		All		
SIC	2621	2621-1	04239NTRNT RILEY	INTERNATIONAL PAPER INC	JAY, ME		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	04092SDWR R89CUM	S. D. WARREN CO.	WESTBROOK, ME		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	03582JMSRV MAINS	WAUSAU PAPERS OF NEW HAMPSHIRE INC	GROVETON, NH		All		
SIC	2611	2611-2	03582GRVT NA1MEC	GROVETON PAPER BOARD INC.	GROVETON, NH		All		
SIC	2611	2611-1	03570JMSRV 650MA	FRASER N.H. LLC - BERLIN PULP MILL	BERLIN, NH		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	03442MNDN CANTRI	MONADNOCK PAPER MILLS INC	BENNINGTON, NH		All		
SIC		2269	02780DYCRF 437WH	DYECRAFTSMEN INC	TAUNTON, MA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	01842TLNTC 250CA	NEWARK ATLANTIC PAPERBOARD CORP.	LAWRENCE, MA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	01842MRRM C9SOUT	MERRIMAC PAPER CO INC	LAWRENCE, MA		All		
SIC	2631	2631-2	01760NTCKP 90NMA	NATICK PAPERBOARD	NATICK, MA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	01472HLLN GTOWNS	HOLLINGSWORTH & VOSE CO WEST GROTON	WEST GROTON, MA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	01260MDSP CWILLO	MW CUSTOM PAPERS LLC SPECIALTY DIV WILLOW MILL	SOUTH LEE, MA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	01260MDSP CPLEAS	MW CUSTOM PAPERS LLC SPECIALTY DIV LAUREL MILL	SOUTH LEE, MA		All		

Table B-1. Database Changes for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

Type of Change	Old SIC	New SIC	TRI ID	Facility Name	Location	Type of Release	Chemical Name	Previous Load	New Load
SIC	2621	2621-2	01238KMBR LGREYL	SCHWEITZER MAUDUIT INTERNATIONAL INC.	LEE, MA		All		
SIC	2621	2621-2	01236FXRVR 295PA	FOX RIVER PAPER CO RISIN G PAPER DIV	HOUSATONIC, MA		All		
SIC		2041	00985MLNS DAVENI	MOLINOS DE PUERTO RICEO	CATANO, PR		All		

Appendix C

RESULTS OF *TRIRELEASES2004_V3*, *TRIRELEASES2005_V2*, AND *PCSLOADS2004_V4*

Table C-1	Category Ranking for TRIRelases2004_v3
Table C-2	Category Rankings for TRIRelases2005_v2
Table C-3	Category Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4
Table C-4	SIC Code Rankings for TRIRelases2004_v3
Table C-5	SIC Code Rankings for TRIRelases2005_v2
Table C-6	SIC Code Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4
Table C-7	Chemical Rankings for TRIRelases2004_v3
Table C-8	Chemical Rankings for TRIRelases2005_v2
Table C-9	Chemical Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

Table C-1. Category Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

40 CFR Part	Category	Number of Direct Dischargers	Number of Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities that Discharge Both Directly and Indirectly	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Any Medium	Total Pounds Discharged^a	TWPE
414.1 ^b	Chlorine and chlorinated hydrocarbons	34	7	3	64	1,690,000	10,900,000
437	Centralized Waste Treatment	8	17	6	36	762,000	7,460,000
414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers	224	469	61	2106	35,300,000	957,000
423	Steam electric power generating	345	24	18	692	2,750,000	791,000
419	Petroleum refining	234	57	34	864	18,800,000	669,000
430	Pulp, paper and paperboard	191	81	11	494	23,200,000	669,000
455	Pesticide chemicals	31	28	3	113	1,630,000	518,000
433	Metal Finishing	261	1664	305	7144	6,900,000	408,000
444	Waste combustors	4	2	1	68	6,370	243,000
420	Iron and steel manufacturing	123	68	48	361	38,800,000	152,000
415	Inorganic chemicals manufacturing	75	91	28	458	8,160,000	123,000
440	Ore mining and dressing	28	1	0	78	550,000	88,000
463	Plastics molding and forming	33	102	21	1450	1,730,000	72,700
432	Meat and Poultry Products	88	67	15	285	79,900,000	64,100
429	Timber products processing	88	29	24	959	31,100	63,900
421	Nonferrous metals manufacturing	58	33	19	212	4,010,000	52,600
458	Carbon black manufacturing	9	0	0	20	523	48,600
464	Metal molding and casting (foundries)	85	88	43	604	249,000	19,100
424	Ferroalloy manufacturing	3	2	1	16	243,000	11,300
418	Fertilizer manufacturing	42	3	2	105	5,470,000	10,800
439	Pharmaceutical manufacturing	16	86	6	215	1,670,000	10,700
468	Copper forming	36	53	48	253	205,000	10,600
471	Nonferrous metals forming and metal powders	57	94	56	493	1,520,000	10,000
425	Leather tanning and finishing	2	21	1	29	366,000	8,830
469	Electrical and electronic components	4	75	11	168	4,980,000	7,690

C-1

Table C-1. Category Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

40 CFR Part	Category	Number of Direct Dischargers	Number of Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities that Discharge Both Directly and Indirectly	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Any Medium	Total Pounds Discharged^a	TWPE
407	Canned and preserved fruits and vegetables processing	8	13	1	96	5,980,000	6,390
454	Gum and wood chemicals manufacturing	6	3	2	24	17,100	6,310
417	Soap and detergent manufacturing	3	78	3	201	114,000	6,160
NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages	15	122	9	319	6,350,000	6,150
428	Rubber Manufacturing	28	108	62	479	732,000	5,690
413	Electroplating	20	397	33	612	1,510,000	5,680
436	Mineral Mining and Processing	52	41	8	488	1,510,000	5,390
NA	Tobacco Products	1	14	5	32	381,000	5,160
406	Grain mills	8	11	7	118	1,760,000	4,340
405	Dairy products processing	31	226	5	384	4,780,000	3,710
467	Aluminum forming	49	84	45	419	753,000	3,320
410	Textile mills	14	62	10	274	564,000	3,040
426	Glass manufacturing	10	41	14	232	210,000	2,820
461	Battery manufacturing	4	35	28	86	63,400	2,440
434	Coal mining	21	0	0	61	340,000	1,190
422	Phosphate manufacturing	11	1	0	26	75,700	1,060
NA	Drinking Water Treatment	2	0	3	6	7,700	1,040
411	Cement manufacturing	51	18	2	680	7,320	898
443	Paving and roofing materials (tars and asphalt)	11	7	4	274	428	612
435	Oil & Gas Extraction	0	0	1	3	24,100	596
466	Porcelain Enameling	0	6	4	15	69,600	247
438	Metal Products and Machinery	29	0	0	0	8,600	242
446	Paint formulating	7	47	5	469	105,000	210
NA	Independent and Stand Alone Labs	1	0	0	5	83,100	205

Table C-1. Category Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

40 CFR Part	Category	Number of Direct Dischargers	Number of Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities that Discharge Both Directly and Indirectly	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Any Medium	Total Pounds Discharged^a	TWPE
409	Sugar processing	14	1	1	33	232,000	200
408	Canned and preserved seafood processing	7	0	0	22	263,000	198
NA	Printing & Publishing	2	59	1	179	32,300	177
465	Coil coating	2	46	0	121	6,820	167
445	Landfills	3	6	2	70	1,380	152
457	Explosives manufacturing	8	2	2	40	113,000	92.9
412	CAFO	0	1	0	12	75,500	83.8
447	Ink formulating	1	7	1	81	2,480	41.8

Source: *TRIRelases2004_v3*.

a – Accounts for estimated POTW removals for indirect discharges.

b – 414.1 refers to the chlorinated hydrocarbon segment of 414 and the chlor-alkali segment of 415.

NA – Not applicable. No existing ELGs apply to discharges.

Table C-2. Category Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v2*

40 CFR Part	Category	Number of Direct Dischargers	Number of Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities that Discharge Both Directly and Indirectly	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Any Medium	Total Pounds Discharged^a	TWPE
414.1 ^b	Chlorine and chlorinated hydrocarbons	32	6	3	61	1,650,000	8,410,000
437	Centralized Waste Treatment	7	18	5	36	724,000	4,280,000
423	Steam electric power generating	331	30	18	681	2,880,000	852,000
414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers	228	450	64	2111	35,400,000	759,000
430	Pulp, paper and paperboard	191	75	11	484	22,500,000	639,000
419	Petroleum refining	238	58	35	846	17,900,000	628,000
420	Iron and steel manufacturing	116	65	50	361	38,700,000	145,000
433	Metal Finishing	255	1622	337	7038	8,220,000	119,000
415	Inorganic chemicals manufacturing	71	88	36	461	7,800,000	92,100
440	Ore mining and dressing	27	0	0	73	399,000	76,700
432	Meat and Poultry Products	90	70	17	284	79,500,000	62,600
444	Waste combustors	6	3	1	68	4,540	52,300
429	Timber products processing	83	30	24	933	50,800	51,500
458	Carbon black manufacturing	9	0	0	20	509	47,100
421	Nonferrous metals manufacturing	60	34	16	220	3,890,000	41,800
455	Pesticide chemicals	28	27	5	107	1,420,000	31,400
454	Gum and wood chemicals manufacturing	6	3	2	24	14,800	24,700
463	Plastics molding and forming	29	105	22	1420	1,760,000	22,300
95	Environmental Quality and Housing	3	0	0	28	49,200	19,000
464	Metal molding and casting (foundries)	91	82	37	596	239,000	13,800
471	Nonferrous metals forming and metal powders	54	101	56	498	1,480,000	13,100
97	National Security and International Affairs	36	6	10	187	5,110,000	12,200
425	Leather tanning and finishing	1	19	1	26	410,000	12,200
439	Pharmaceutical manufacturing	17	92	4	218	1,930,000	11,800
468	Copper forming	31	56	50	254	99,200	9,730
424	Ferroalloy manufacturing	4	2	1	14	205,000	8,350

C-4

Table C-2. Category Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v2*

40 CFR Part	Category	Number of Direct Dischargers	Number of Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities that Discharge Both Directly and Indirectly	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Any Medium	Total Pounds Discharged^a	TWPE
418	Fertilizer manufacturing	37	3	4	99	4,970,000	7,310
503	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages	13	117	11	304	5,850,000	6,670
436	Mineral Mining and Processing	55	36	5	485	2,410,000	6,260
502	Tobacco Products	2	12	4	28	182,000	5,840
469	Electrical and electronic components	5	73	6	154	4,730,000	5,770
413	Electroplating	17	394	32	595	1,540,000	5,650
407	Canned and preserved fruits and vegetables processing	8	15	0	95	6,190,000	5,140
406	Grain mills	6	13	7	112	1,720,000	4,880
405	Dairy products processing	33	228	6	393	5,750,000	4,340
428	Rubber Manufacturing	26	107	55	472	678,000	4,310
467	Aluminum forming	41	88	49	426	556,000	3,260
410	Textile mills	10	62	9	259	755,000	3,040
91	Executive, Legislative, and General	1	0	0	9	5,670	2,890
461	Battery manufacturing	3	36	27	83	54,400	2,580
434	Coal mining	23	0	0	53	358,000	2,210
417	Soap and detergent manufacturing	3	71	5	201	105,000	2,150
501	Drinking Water Treatment	1	0	2	6	28,600	1,990
426	Glass manufacturing	12	42	13	231	187,000	958
438	Metal Products and Machinery	29	0	0	0	8,170	865
435	Oil and Gas Extraction	0	0	1	2	62,200	802
411	Cement manufacturing	51	13	2	780	4,350	677
443	Paving and roofing materials (tars and asphalt)	9	6	5	299	269	515
422	Phosphate manufacturing	11	1	0	25	36,300	368
446	Paint formulating	7	53	8	469	125,000	331
89	Services, Not Elsewhere Classified	1	0	0	1	557	236

Table C-2. Category Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v2*

40 CFR Part	Category	Number of Direct Dischargers	Number of Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities that Discharge Both Directly and Indirectly	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Any Medium	Total Pounds Discharged^a	TWPE
465	Coil coating	1	46	0	120	5,330	181
409	Sugar processing	15	1	0	29	206,000	180
408	Canned and preserved seafood processing	6	0	0	19	191,000	145
508	Printing and Publishing	1	56	1	170	30,600	141
20	Food and Kindred Products	0	3	1	375	34,000	111
445	Landfills	3	7	1	68	342	105
466	Porcelain Enameling	1	6	3	14	53,500	99
4952	Sewerage Systems	1	0	0	1	175	89.1
87	Engineering and Management Services	1	3	1	12	1,010	49.4
447	Ink formulating	1	7	1	84	1,570	40.5
507	Independent and Stand Alone Labs	1	1	0	5	51,000	38.1
457	Explosives manufacturing	8	2	2	39	23,900	29.6
73	Business Services	0	4	0	111	526	3.76
26	Paper and Allied Products	0	1	0	6	10.2	1.11
442	Transportation Equipment Cleaning	0	1	0	2	346	1.11
50	Wholesale Trade- Durable Goods	1	1	0	10	5.01	0.0954
23	Apparel and Other Textile Products	0	1	0	9	62.7	0.0757
412	CAFO	0	1	0	14	75	0.056
39	Misc. Manuf. Industries	1	0	0	9	5	0.0281
96	Administration of Economic Programs	1	0	0	7	0.0021	0.0047

Source: *TRIRelases2005_v2*.

a – Accounts for estimated POTW removals for indirect discharges.

b – 414.1 refers to the chlorinated hydrocarbon segment of 414 and the chlor-alkali segment of 415.

NA – Not applicable. No existing ELGs apply to discharges.

Table C-3. Category Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

40 CFR Part	Category	Number of Major Dischargers	Number of Minor Dischargers	Total Pounds Discharged	TWPE
414.1 ^a	Chlorine and chlorinated hydrocarbons	41	7	2,090,000,000	10,600,000
423	Steam electric power generating	524	434	21,900,000,000	2,410,000
418	Fertilizer manufacturing	22	28	646,000,000	1,170,000
419	Petroleum refining	113	583	1,720,000,000	819,000
433	Metal Finishing	106	767	256,000,000	616,000
414	Organic chemicals, plastics and synthetic fibers	228	307	3,800,000,000	608,000
440	Ore mining and dressing	52	43	2,160,000,000	581,000
420	Iron and steel manufacturing	89	72	509,000,000	516,000
421	Nonferrous metals manufacturing	36	27	197,000,000	321,000
415	Inorganic chemicals manufacturing	64	171	1,060,000,000	316,000
NA	Miscellaneous Foods and Beverages	11	131	5,560,000,000	280,000
430	Pulp, paper and paperboard	218	67	2,340,000,000	165,000
NA	Drinking Water Treatment	15	1121	920,000,000	128,000
410	Textile mills	63	63	71,100,000	123,000
455	Pesticide chemicals	152	11	178,000,000	102,000
422	Phosphate manufacturing	15	10	133,000,000	74,200
436	Mineral Mining and Processing	33	1096	379,000,000	49,300
432	Meat and Poultry Products	45	157	191,000,000	46,700
454	Gum and wood chemicals manufacturing	3	8	2,930,000	46,400
467	Aluminum forming	10	30	119,000,000	27,600
411	Cement manufacturing	5	122	334,000,000	17,500
439	Pharmaceutical manufacturing	27	49	64,500,000	13,300
409	Sugar processing	20	23	289,000,000	11,900
471	Nonferrous metals forming and metal powders	13	34	2,000,000	11,600
463	Plastics molding and forming	8	118	37,100,000	10,800
413	Electroplating	21	39	3,320,000	9,550
445	Landfills	18	284	39,400,000	9,090
444	Waste combustors	18	284	39,400,000	9,090

Table C-3. Category Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

40 CFR Part	Category	Number of Major Dischargers	Number of Minor Dischargers	Total Pounds Discharged	TWPE
437	Centralized Waste Treatment	4		10,500,000,000	8,730
424	Ferroalloy manufacturing	3	5	15,300,000	6,430
461	Battery manufacturing	1	7	85,700	5,170
469	Electrical and electronic components	5	7	2,390,000	4,890
464	Metal molding and casting (foundries)	6	59	4,960,000	4,750
468	Copper forming	8	22	4,160,000	3,640
426	Glass manufacturing	4	59	698,000	2,710
434	Coal mining	10	320	7,990,000,000	2,490
407	Canned and preserved fruits and vegetables processing	11	73	15,400,000	2,460
406	Grain mills	11	28	30,500,000	2,430
457	Explosives manufacturing	4	9	13,500,000	2,270
NA	Printing & Publishing	1	17	624,000	2,190
428	Rubber Manufacturing	19	104	11,600,000	1,670
NA	Airport Deicing	3	48	614,000	1,560
443	Paving and roofing materials (tars and asphalt)	4	71	274,000,000	1,310
438	Metal Products and Machinery	69		10,900,000	1,050
408	Canned and preserved seafood processing	5	83	111,000,000	828
425	Leather tanning and finishing	4	1	876,000	705
429	Timber products processing	8	227	13,200,000	443
NA	Independent and Stand Alone Labs	7	37	4,160,000	269
NA	Construction and Development	1	15	29,100	231
417	Soap and detergent manufacturing	4	11	217,000	79.8
405	Dairy products processing	4	78	34,500,000	40.7
435	Oil & Gas Extraction	3	291	553,000	17.8
460	Hospital	2	143	36,400	13.6
466	Porcelain Enameling	2	1	5,620	7.23
NA	Tobacco Products	1	2	117,000	1.99

Table C-3. Category Rankings for *PCSLoads2004_v4*

40 CFR Part	Category	Number of Major Dischargers	Number of Minor Dischargers	Total Pounds Discharged	TWPE
459	Photographic	1	1	3,590	0.0553
NA	Photo Processing	1	1	3,590	0.0553

Source: *PCSLoads2004_v4*.

a – 414.1 refers to the chlorinated hydrocarbon segment of 414 and the chlor-alkali segment of 415.

NA – Not applicable. No existing ELGs apply to discharges.

Table C-4. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
4911	ELECTRICAL SERVICES	333	19	15	644	2,736,234	2,732,648	789,392
2821	PLSTC MAT./SYN RESINS/NV ELAST	63	94	18	383	9,434,043	2,673,428	696,155
2911	PETROLEUM REFINING	92	21	16	164	21,599,576	18,789,227	666,842
2611	PULP MILLS	65	4	1	73	25,671,137	13,212,081	392,606
3861	PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIP & SUPPLIES	1	15	1	40	2,700,200	1,463,860	348,422
2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS NEC	112	133	27	471	71,235,195	22,104,566	213,512
2621	PAPER MILLS	78	22	7	140	11,748,996	7,089,196	167,249
3312	BLAST FURN/STEEL WORKS/ROLLING	88	12	22	147	32,042,136	30,949,798	139,756
2816	INORGANIC PIGMENTS	12	9	6	48	5,207,279	2,707,105	108,942
2631	PAPERBOARD MILLS	47	27	3	96	7,509,821	2,905,994	108,591
3089	PLASTICS PRODUCTS, NEC	4	31	4	643	1,458,345	311,550	54,436
2491	WOOD PRESERVING	56	5	18	280	15,099	14,233	44,971
1021	COPPER ORES	5	-	-	20	19,878	19,878	43,903
2011	MEAT PACKING PLANTS	17	18	6	67	42,926,023	41,615,781	33,435
3339	PRMRY SMELT/NONFERROUS METALS	7	5	2	26	2,725,898	2,313,252	28,810
2015	POULTRY SLAUGHTERING & PROCESS	59	28	8	133	34,805,682	34,092,906	27,270
1031	LEAD AND ZINC ORES	9	-	-	11	33,816	33,816	21,765
2823	CELLULOSIC MAN-MADE FIBERS	3	-	1	4	619,489	618,029	21,402
2895	CARBON BLACK	8	-	-	19	217	217	20,879
2879	PESTICIDES & AGRICULTURAL CHEM	19	10	2	113	2,039,731	1,377,596	17,901
3081	UNSUPPORTED PLSTICS FILM/SHEET	8	18	5	90	7,378,913	648,542	17,823
2865	CYCLIC CRUDES INTERM., DYES	20	29	4	87	12,329,088	7,276,183	17,041
2436	SOFTWOOD VENEER AND PLYWOOD	4	-	-	42	272	272	16,753
3321	GRAY IRON FOUNDRIES	46	29	16	211	362,928	101,369	16,552
3341	2NDARY SMELT/NONFERROUS METALS	37	26	14	158	956,076	547,424	14,829

Table C-4. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
9511	AIR & WATER RES & SOL WSTE MGT	3	-	-	4	152,937	152,937	14,719
2819	INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS	63	78	21	343	20,962,389	5,460,495	14,310
1041	GOLD ORES	7	1	-	30	245,185	228,471	13,915
3313	ELECTROMETALLURGICAL PRODUCTS	3	2	1	16	243,288	243,253	11,327
9711	NATIONAL SECURITY	30	9	11	187	5,255,080	5,238,025	10,816
2834	PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS	7	48	2	127	2,625,617	881,423	9,256
3351	ROLL/DRAW/EXTRUDING OF COPPER	13	23	18	82	19,001	15,100	8,964
3111	LEATHER TANNING AND FINISHING	2	21	1	29	777,552	366,116	8,832
2873	NITROGEN FERTILIZERS	29	2	1	49	5,455,815	5,420,312	8,483
2833	MEDICINAL CHEM/BOTANICAL PRODU	8	20	4	46	3,200,821	673,299	8,405
3499	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS NEC	13	68	15	334	790,431	89,052	7,508
3334	PRIMARY PRODUCTION OF ALUMINUM	10	-	3	21	30,077	30,052	7,310
1099	METAL ORES, NEC	3	-	-	7	233,019	233,019	7,285
3316	COLD ROLLED STEEL SHEET/STRIP	13	10	4	56	7,908,799	7,087,571	7,126
3674	SEMICONDUCTORS & RELATED DEVIC	4	72	6	150	13,477,787	4,804,438	6,903
2824	SYN ORG FIBERS,EXCEPT CELLULOS	9	14	2	38	1,913,450	1,608,261	6,493
2861	GUM AND WOOD CHEMICALS	6	3	2	24	83,531	17,085	6,311
2037	FROZEN FRTS, FRT JUICES & VEG	7	3	-	52	6,185,163	5,811,618	6,268
2843	SURF ACTIVE AGENT, FIN AGENTS	3	27	3	66	693,820	103,306	6,128
3951	PENS & MECHANICAL PENCILS	-	2	1	10	12,249	11,760	5,972
3585	REFRIGERATION & HEATING EQUIP	6	49	13	183	206,757	202,276	5,764
3471	PLATING AND POLISHING	20	397	33	612	9,905,100	1,511,386	5,679
3482	SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION	3	6	3	24	746,517	130,539	5,519
2141	TOBACCO STEMMING AND REDRYING	1	6	4	17	104,957	103,643	5,135
3714	MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS & ACCESSOR	18	175	44	633	1,442,345	173,073	4,278

Table C-4. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
2046	WET CORN MILLING	5	8	7	34	9,551,648	1,506,879	3,953
3672	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	1	173	15	306	1,286,641	207,191	3,551
2899	CHEMICALS & CHEM PREP, NEC	15	94	8	329	3,135,445	945,082	3,472
3011	TIRES AND INNER TUBES	6	17	26	70	56,153	18,069	3,162
9199	GENERAL GOVERNMENT, NEC	1	-	-	10	5,903	5,903	3,006
3561	PUMPS AND PUMPING EQUIPMENT	4	6	5	61	28,694	4,820	2,892
2022	CHEESE, NATURAL AND PROCESSED	20	82	2	147	13,892,126	3,624,836	2,836
3315	STEEL WIRE DRAW & STEEL NAILS	8	26	14	83	333,385	124,349	2,435
2082	MALT BEVERAGES	5	11	1	23	3,214,979	3,188,133	2,397
2077	ANIMAL AND MARINE FATS & OILS	5	12	1	31	3,591,850	3,003,362	2,385
3295	MINE & EARTHS, GROUND OR TREAT	9	1	1	83	1,482,038	1,418,623	2,330
3317	STEEL PIPE AND TUBES	14	20	8	75	877,703	640,467	2,198
3711	MOTOR VEHICLES & CAR BODIES	2	50	9	83	3,928,523	373,834	2,188
3691	STORAGE BATTERIES	3	29	25	68	610,495	62,136	2,154
2875	FERTILIZERS, MIXING ONLY	11	1	-	53	14,115	13,579	2,078
5171	PETROLEUM BULK STATIONS & TERM	129	20	13	540	24,873	12,283	2,069
3731	SHIP BUILDING AND REPAIRING	8	2	6	49	15,469	11,110	1,969
3261	VITREOUS CHINA PLUMBING FIXTUR	4	1	1	8	19,803	19,773	1,820
3678	CONNECTORS FOR ELEC APPLICATIO	2	11	1	39	1,435,016	1,075,460	1,800
2822	SYN RUBBER (VULCAN ELASTOMERS)	10	8	-	35	647,505	522,479	1,796
4931	ELEC & OTHER SERVICES COMBINED	11	5	3	32	23,352	15,386	1,787
2075	SOYBEAN OIL MILLS	5	32	2	55	2,220,454	2,133,212	1,781
3443	FAB PLATE WORK (BOILER SHOPS)	10	14	7	143	1,269,015	1,268,047	1,740
3399	PRIMARY METAL PRODUCTS, NEC	12	17	11	105	10,054,518	851,982	1,631
2421	SAWMILLS & PLANING MILLS, GEN	17	1	-	215	1,148	1,148	1,497

Table C-4. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
3211	FLAT GLASS	2	4	3	20	696	496	1,434
2874	PHOSPHATIC FERTILIZERS	13	1	1	28	108,200	107,012	1,345
3357	DRAW/INSULAT OF NONFERROUS WIR	20	20	28	153	15,338	2,802	1,229
3229	PRESSED & BLOWN GLASS & GWARE	5	11	10	48	1,424,990	142,927	1,219
3429	HARDWARE, NEC	1	18	10	54	205,654	27,615	1,107
2262	FINISH OF BRD WOV FAB/MAN-MADE	5	6	-	18	360,799	342,007	1,090
3356	ROLL, DRAW & EXTRUD NONFERROUS	7	15	9	57	1,497,401	348,417	1,061
3366	COPPER FOUNDRIES	12	10	8	84	2,914	1,966	1,055
4941	WATER SUPPLY	2	-	3	6	78,507	7,705	1,042
3479	METAL COATING & ALLIED SERVIC	43	56	2	296	1,812,046	192,068	1,015
3369	NONFERROUS FOUNDRIES, EXC ALUM	6	11	6	53	1,399,527	141,381	1,010
1044	SILVER ORES	1	-	-	3	4,467	4,467	952
3462	IRON AND STEEL FORGINGS	8	25	7	105	60,138	9,432	932
3354	ALUMINUM EXTRUDED PRODUCTS	7	26	10	90	1,974,589	493,891	921
2048	PREP FEEDS & INGRED FOR ANIMA	4	3	1	375	1,219,046	1,111,735	910
3724	AIRCRAFT ENGINES & ENGINE PART	4	30	13	77	840,386	102,548	910
3743	RAILROAD EQUIPMENT	10	4	2	34	2,483	2,195	908
3331	PRIMRY SMELTING & COPPER REFIN	1	2	-	4	1,099,200	1,099,128	891
3241	CEMENT, HYDRAULIC	16	-	-	108	6,239	6,239	853
3671	ELECTRON TUBES	-	3	5	18	1,125,848	173,672	791
3728	AIRCRAFT PARTS AND EQUIP, NEC	1	36	7	102	558,712	57,011	771
2261	FINISH OF BRD WOV FAB OF COTTN	2	8	1	22	663,218	124,379	702
3498	FABRICATED PIPE AND FITTINGS	6	13	3	52	60,584	6,677	632
2493	RECONSTITUTED WOOD PRODUCTS	7	8	5	93	83,666	14,503	610
1222	BITUMINOUS COAL & LIG, UNDERGR	5	-	-	16	21,703	21,703	607

Table C-4. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
4925	MIXED,MANUFAC,OR LIQ GAS PROD	-	-	1	2	117,990	24,106	596
1221	BITUMINOUS COAL & LIG, SURFACE	16	-	-	45	317,894	317,894	581
3353	ALUMINUM SHEET, PLATE AND FOIL	7	3	2	29	59,863	59,821	566
2095	ROASTED COFFEE	1	2	-	3	70,723	34,402	505
2084	WINES, BRANDY & BRANDY SPIRIT	-	2	-	12	728,391	444,319	493
3911	JEWELRY, PRECIOUS METAL	-	6	1	12	20,485	5,068	462
3679	ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, NEC	3	66	6	271	133,224	18,358	419
3624	CARBON AND GRAPHITE PRODUCTS	3	7	1	31	427,120	42,983	416
3494	VALVES AND PIPE FITTINGS, NEC	6	17	4	68	21,425	3,203	408
3491	INDUSTRIAL VALVES	1	10	1	40	968	747	404
3463	NONFERROUS FORGINGS	3	10	2	18	889,885	187,282	380
3621	MOTORS AND GENERATORS	6	12	3	73	12,131	1,526	375
2023	CONDENSED AND EVAPORATED MILK	8	35	-	56	2,829,629	488,547	365
2026	FLUID MILK	1	87	1	143	4,252,158	445,865	345
2099	FOOD PREPARATIONS, NEC	-	19	2	50	1,441,761	237,161	337
3629	ELECTRICAL INDUSTRIAL APPARATS	1	9	1	31	345	305	337
2013	SAUSAGES & PREPARED MEAT PROD	4	9	-	51	348,007	265,093	330
2951	PAVING MIXTURES AND BLOCKS	5	-	-	157	7.5	7.5	324
2273	CARPETS AND RUGS, NEC	-	9	1	38	94,134	8,209	303
2999	PROD OF PETROLEUM & COAL, NEC	6	-	-	30	1,855	1,855	299
3452	BOLTS, NUTS, RIVETS & WASHERS	-	28	2	83	717,539	73,506	292
3497	METAL FOIL AND LEAF	1	1	1	10	776	592	289
3432	PLUMB FIXTURE FITTINGS & TRIM	2	9	8	30	49,822	4,993	289
3692	PRIMARY BATTERIES, DRY & WET	1	6	3	18	1,587	1,224	287
3469	METAL STAMPINGS, NEC	2	38	2	146	254,571	26,682	285

Table C-4. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
3087	CUSTOM COMPOUNDED PURCH. RESIN	15	40	9	204	15,672	1,942	284
3531	CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY	6	18	2	86	87,576	15,604	278
2952	ASPHALT FELT AND COATINGS	6	4	2	106	533	291	276
3511	TURBINES & TURBINE GENERATOR	1	5	5	28	45,112	7,380	270
3069	FABRICATED RUBBER PRODUCTS,NEC	7	40	7	186	827,632	86,587	269
2079	SHORT, TABLE OILS, MARGERINE	-	8	1	19	70,740	10,559	269
3751	MOTORCYCLES, BICYCLES AND PART	1	3	-	11	102,255	12,796	268
3264	PORCELAIN ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES	-	6	1	12	2,280	1,469	268
3444	SHEET METAL WORK	2	12	1	81	126,818	11,831	262
8999	SERVICES, NEC	1	-	-	1	795	795	248
3061	MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS	3	16	5	64	839,862	94,251	240
2299	TEXTILE GOODS, NEC	2	1	-	8	63,841	5,308	235
3291	ABRASIVE PRODUCTS	-	8	-	33	646,306	66,652	232
3262	VIT CHINA TABLE & KTCHN ARTICL	1	3	1	6	263	150	231
2992	LUBRICATING OILS AND GREASES	7	16	5	130	241,951	31,849	224
4952	SEWERAGE SYSTEMS	2	-	-	2	419	419	213
2047	DOG AND CAT FOOD	2	1	-	24	290,138	255,250	213
2851	PAINTS/VARNISH/LACQUERS/ENAMEL	7	47	5	469	1,347,087	104,558	210
3363	ALUMINUM DIE CASTING	10	24	3	124	1,191	313	209
8731	COMMERCIAL PHYSICAL RESEARCH	1	-	-	3	83,064	83,064	205
3496	MISC. FABRICATED WIRE PRODUCTS	7	15	5	70	4,982	2,372	205
3812	SEARCH & NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT	-	15	1	45	61,565	6,217	202
2063	BEET SUGAR	14	1	1	25	234,931	231,525	200
2092	FRE OR FROZ PCK FISH, SEAFOOD	7	-	-	18	262,972	262,972	198
3571	ELECTRONIC COMPUTERS	-	1	1	15	231	212	197

Table C-4. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
3548	WELDING APPARATUS	-	5	4	18	3,064	2,193	192
3325	STEEL FOUNDRIES, NEC	13	9	5	92	14,222	3,580	189
2253	KNIT OUTERWEAR MILLS	-	4	-	5	14,387	1,271	187
2796	PLATEMAKING SERVICES	-	16	-	31	1,788,111	178,841	186
3492	FLUID POWER VALVES & HOSE FITT	-	15	-	25	29,488	3,081	185
3441	FABRICATED STRUCTURAL METAL	12	9	-	179	2,002	1,548	184
3365	ALUMINUM FOUNDRIES	7	8	3	89	598	279	184
3523	FARM MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	1	12	4	66	6,416	1,661	182
1061	FERROALLOY ORES, EXCL VANADIUM	3	-	-	7	30,438	30,438	181
2269	FINISHERS OF TEXTILES, NEC	1	9	-	22	62,068	6,335	179
3914	SILVERWARE AND PLATED WARE	1	2	-	9	299	293	176
2041	FLOUR & OTHER GRAIN MILL PROD	1	-	-	51	1,736	1,736	170
3275	GYPSUM PRODUCTS	23	-	1	49	15	14	169
3411	METAL CANS	2	46	-	121	53,397	6,819	167
3519	INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES,	2	21	2	39	456,995	45,723	164
3052	RUBBER & PLASTICS HOSE & BELT	1	16	17	67	11,450	2,852	155
3721	AIRCRAFT	1	13	2	27	397,888	73,487	154
3255	CLAY REFRACTORIES	1	-	-	10	1.5	1.5	151
3641	ELECTRIC LAMPS	1	10	2	28	525,348	57,294	142
3841	SURGICAL & MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS	1	16	1	61	369,283	34,957	142
3965	FASTENERS, BUTTONS, NEEDLES	1	3	-	10	84,763	6,701	135
2754	COMMERCIAL PRINTING, GRAVURE	1	19	1	58	5,798	1,013	135
3631	HOUSEHOLD COOKING EQUIPMENT	-	4	2	9	2,537	1,319	133
2021	CREAMERY BUTTER	2	8	-	13	564,166	178,358	133
3949	SPORTING & ATHLETIC GOODS, NEC	1	7	2	55	329,055	42,338	131

Table C-4. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
3695	MAG & OPTICAL RECORDING MEDIA	-	2	2	8	213,363	22,121	129
2096	POTATO CHIPS & SIMILAR SNACKS	1	6	-	17	297,500	158,000	118
3451	SCREW MACHINE PRODUCTS	-	23	2	86	289,529	29,108	117
3296	MINERAL WOOL	3	11	1	48	185,372	50,969	112
2295	COATED FABRICS, NOT RUBBERIZED	-	4	1	55	150,639	21,886	109
3465	AUTOMOTIVE STAMPINGS	-	13	4	55	229,412	23,378	109
2296	TIRE CORD AND FABRIC	-	5	3	16	29,236	3,279	103
3322	MALLEABLE IRON FOUNDRIES	-	1	1	4	44	44	98
3643	CURRENT-CARRYING WIRING DEVICE	-	20	2	67	406,951	40,762	96
2032	CANNED SPECIALTIES	1	7	1	13	300,342	74,854	93
2892	EXPLOSIVES	8	2	2	40	117,963	112,627	93
3675	ELECTRONIC CAPACITORS	2	13	1	29	1,341,413	128,148	92
3524	LAWN AND GARDEN EQUIPMENT	1	6	-	17	2,649	321	91
3625	RELAYS AND INDUSTRIAL CONTROLS	2	8	-	53	237,909	23,921	90
3423	HAND AND EDGE TOOLS, NEC	1	15	3	30	131,514	15,025	89
3613	SWITCHGEAR & SWITCHBOARD APPAR	2	13	3	66	51,198	5,299	88
3592	CARBURETORS,PISTONS,RINGS,VALV	-	7	3	17	694	254	85
3564	BLOWER AND FANS	-	1	2	21	670	662	85
0213	HOGS	-	1	-	1	123,772	75,501	84
3612	TRANSFORMERS	1	11	1	41	88,304	8,581	83
2085	DIST, RECTIFIED & BLENDED LIQ	1	1	-	6	31,811	19,062	82
2844	PERFUMES,COSMETICS,TOILET PREP	-	23	-	39	876,639	91,630	80
3053	GASKETS, PACKING & SEALING DEV	1	10	7	51	49,790	6,037	71
3562	BALL AND ROLLER BEARINGS	-	23	6	65	10,833	1,473	69
3082	UNSUPPORTED PLASTICS PROF SHAP	-	5	-	28	470,508	47,469	66

Table C-4. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
3999	MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, NEC	5	15	2	112	122,286	15,746	66
3699	ELEC MACHINERY,EQUIP & SUPPLIE	2	6	1	41	801	455	63
3559	SPECIAL INDUSTRY MACHINERY,NEC	-	7	-	34	282,976	22,239	61
2087	FLAV EXTR & FLAV SYRUPS, NEC	-	7	-	16	471,435	66,292	60
3398	METAL HEAT TREATING	2	15	1	109	387,055	39,613	59
3231	GLASS PROD MADE OF PURCH. GLAS	-	15	-	72	45,625	15,316	58
3822	ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS	1	3	1	20	756	158	55
3639	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES, NEC	-	2	1	13	31,604	3,497	55
3995	BURIAL CASKETS	1	4	2	17	654	185	54
3761	GUIDED MISSILES & SPACE VEHICL	2	4	-	7	44,014	44,009	52
3646	COMMERCIAL LIGHTING FIXTURES	-	2	2	13	335,820	33,816	51
3842	SURGICAL APPLIANCES & SUPPLIES	-	7	1	43	81,943	8,242	49
3535	CONVEYORS & CONVEYING EQUIPMEN	-	1	1	21	1,508	555	48
2038	FROZEN SPECIALTIES, NEC	1	8	1	25	175,260	44,546	48
3644	NONCURRENT-CARRYING WIRING DEV	-	8	5	28	51,449	5,496	48
3484	SMALL ARMS	1	5	2	17	12,306	1,319	47
3651	RADIO AND TV RECEIVING SETS	-	4	1	21	188,446	18,747	47
8733	NONCOMMERCIAL RESEARCH ORGANI	1	1	2	11	56	25	46
3251	BRICK AND STRUCTURAL CLAY TILE	2	2	1	124	884	632	45
3599	INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY, NEC	1	5	-	61	120,044	12,055	44
3545	MACHINE TOOL ACCESSORIES	-	7	1	23	2,470	1,257	43
2893	PRINTING INK	1	7	1	81	7,437	2,479	42
3324	STEEL INVESTMENT FOUNDRIES	1	15	4	46	1,132	502	41
2086	BOT & CAN SOFT DRNK & CARB WA	-	4	-	21	74,398	35,921	40
3577	COMPUTER PERIPHERAL EQUIP,NEC	-	7	-	28	53,606	5,263	40

Table C-4. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

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2842	SPECIALTY CLEANING, POLISHING	1	39	-	137	120,721	13,770	40
3489	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, NEC	-	1	-	6	190,314	19,046	39
3299	NONMETALLIC MINERAL PROD, NEC	2	5	-	31	6,375	5,015	38
2672	COATED & LAMINATED, NEC	1	17	-	87	198,417	17,409	38
2211	BROAD WOVEN FABRIC MILLS, COTT	1	2	1	11	16,612	2,885	37
2891	ADHESIVES AND SEALANTS	3	23	1	174	41,091	14,181	37
2836	BIOLOGCAL PROD, EXCEPT DIAGNOS	-	8	-	17	70,315	9,435	36
5169	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	8	36	1	444	22,764	5,339	36
3555	PRINTING TRADES MACHINERY	1	2	-	5	46,723	46,710	36
2434	WOOD KITCHEN CABINETS	-	2	-	92	319	25	35
3844	X-RAY APPARATUS AND TUBES	1	7	-	12	20,276	2,049	35
3533	OIL FIELD MACHINERY	5	3	6	48	431	350	34
3541	MACHINE TOOLS, METAL CUTTING	1	3	2	27	2,231	927	33
3269	POTTERY PRODUCTS, NEC	1	7	-	13	61	22	33
2221	BROAD WOVEN FABRIC MILLS, SYNT	1	2	1	18	31,893	18,172	32
3273	READY-MIXED CONCRETE	31	17	2	402	1,075	1,029	32
2024	ICE CREAM AND FROZEN DESSERTS	-	14	2	25	306,650	37,465	31
2064	CANDY & OTHER CONFECTION PROD	-	4	-	4	412,778	41,278	31
3632	HOUSEHOLD REFRIG. & FREEZERS	-	4	-	18	389	68	29
3825	INSTRUMENTS TO MEASURE ELECTRI	-	5	2	21	22	13	29
2841	SOAP/DETERG EXC SPECIAL CLEANR	-	51	-	135	159,758	10,490	29
3824	FLUID METERS & COUNTING DEVICE	-	4	-	9	185	31	28
3582	COMMERCIAL LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT	-	3	-	4	289	60	27
3253	CERAMIC WALL AND FLOOR TILE	2	6	1	23	971	593	27
3297	NONCLAY REFRACTORIES	3	2	1	32	1,583	1,147	26

Table C-4. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

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2653	CORRUGATED/SOLID FIBER BOXES	-	1	-	18	250	40	25
2111	CIGARETTES	-	5	1	10	287,204	276,857	24
3083	LAMINATED PLASTICS PLATE/SHEET	2	3	2	60	4,509,452	716,341	24
2258	WARP KNIT FABRIC MILLS	-	2	-	5	32,903	7,238	24
3421	CUTLERY	-	2	2	13	509	302	24
3713	TRUCK & BUS BODIES	1	8	-	68	209,742	18,451	24
3633	HOUSEHOLD LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT	-	4	-	7	130,573	12,159	24
3569	GENERAL INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY	-	8	1	25	264,434	48,262	22
3493	STEEL SPRINGS, EXCEPT WIRE	2	2	-	9	8,455	980	21
2752	COMMERCIAL PRINT, LITHOGRAPHIC	1	29	-	78	168,082	19,349	20
2813	INDUSTRIAL GASES	3	3	1	63	16,177	11,021	20
3669	COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT, NEC.	1	13	-	49	121	21	19
3563	AIR AND GAS COMPRESSORS	2	2	-	13	267	262	19
3364	NONFERROUS DIE CAST, EXC. ALUM	-	5	-	25	487	118	19
3827	OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS AND LENSES	1	6	-	15	104	33	19
3694	ELEC EQUIP FOR INT COMBUS ENGI	-	9	1	41	314	133	18
3274	LIME	3	-	-	46	8.7	8.7	17
3449	MISC. STRUCTUAL METAL WORK	2	6	1	47	88,965	8,912	17
3086	PLASTICS FOAM PRODUCTS	2	3	1	224	2,572	538	16
3663	RADIO & TV COMMUNICATION EQUIP	-	7	-	32	29	6.5	15
3823	PROCESS CONTROL INSTRUMENTS	-	9	-	45	72	14	14
2499	WOOD PRODUCTS, NEC	4	-	-	35	690	690	14
3272	CONCRETE PROD EXC BLCK & BRICK	4	1	-	170	278	48	14
3425	HAND SAWS AND SAW BLADES	-	3	-	11	83,500	8,360	14
3355	ALUMINUM ROLLING & DRAWING NEC	2	1	-	5	90,491	9,067	13

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2297	NONWOVEN FABRICS	-	4	1	9	8,289	948	12
3568	POWER TRANSMISSION EQUIPMENT	-	9	-	29	137	33	12
2322	MEN'S & BOYS UNDERWEAR & NIGHT	-	-	1	1	20	4.6	12
3931	MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS	-	4	-	16	334	24	12
3993	SIGNS AND ADVERTISING DISPLAYS	-	5	-	21	73,368	7,338	11
3996	HARD SURFACE FLOOR COVERINGS	-	3	2	11	555	130	11
3446	ARCHITECTURAL METAL WORK	-	-	2	15	29,110	2,920	11
3594	FLUID POWER PUMPS AND MOTORS	2	4	-	16	177	97	11
2679	CONV PAPER & PAPERBRD PRODUCTS	-	3	-	25	139	24	10
2522	METAL OFFICE FURNITURE	-	5	-	20	6,558	589	9.5
3799	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, NEC	-	4	1	29	686	88	9.2
4953	REFUSE SYSTEMS	1	2	1	63	16,233	1,280	8.6
3544	SPECIAL DIES/TOOLS/JIGS & FIXT	1	1	2	27	41	36	8.5
2759	COMMERCIAL PRINTING, NEC	-	5	-	22	25,739	2,046	8.5
3843	DENTAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES	-	5	-	17	90	10	8.4
3647	VEHICULAR LIGHTING EQUIPMENT	-	4	-	18	36,044	3,581	7.6
3546	POWER DRIVEN HAND TOOLS	-	6	-	14	48	13	7.1
3088	PLASTICS PLUMBING FIXTURES	2	2	-	174	510	501	7.0
2732	BOOK PRINTING	-	3	-	5	69,831	5,545	6.8
2771	GREETING CARD PUBLISHING	-	2	-	5	43,199	4,328	6.8
3554	PAPER INDUSTRIES MACHINERY	1	2	-	10	65,064	6,525	6.7
3537	INDUSTRIAL TRUCKS AND TRACTORS	2	3	-	22	13	6.7	6.6
3829	MEASURING & CONTROLLING DEVICE	-	7	-	23	51,356	4,112	6.3
2282	YARN TEXT, THROW, TWIST & WIND	-	1	-	4	57,915	4,598	6.2
2033	CANNED FRUITS, VEG, PRES, JAM	-	1	1	20	21,900	8,130	6.1

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3915	JEWELERS' MATERIALS & LAPIDARY	-	1	-	4	54,575	5,458	5.8
2053	FROZEN BAKERY PRODUCTS	-	3	-	5	68,805	7,306	5.6
3547	ROLLING MILL MACHINERY	1	-	-	10	34	34	5.6
3845	ELECTROMEDICAL EQUIPMENT	-	3	1	12	5,635	566	5.6
2284	THREAD MILLS	-	2	-	6	197,800	14,923	5.6
3645	RESIDENTIAL LIGHTING FIXTURES	-	1	-	8	66,831	6,683	5.0
3556	FOOD PRODUCTS MACHINERY	-	5	1	21	86	25	4.8
3732	BOAT BUILDING AND REPAIRING	1	1	-	187	270	35	4.7
3953	MARKING DEVICES	-	2	-	5	62,180	6,218	4.6
2076	VEG. OIL MILLS, EXCEPT CORN	-	5	1	10	47,279	5,408	4.4
9661	SPACE RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY	1	1	-	4	275	69	4.0
2231	BROAD WOVEN FABRIC MILLS, WOOL	1	-	-	6	52	52	3.9
2835	DIAGNOSTIC SUBSTANCES	-	9	-	21	35,211	2,783	3.8
2431	MILLWORK	-	2	-	38	257	50	3.8
3572	COMPUTER STORAGE DEVICES	-	3	-	5	56,814	5,237	3.6
3442	METAL DOORS, SASH, AND TRIM	-	4	-	54	28,065	2,817	3.6
2531	PUBLIC BUILDING/RELATED FURNIT	-	3	2	20	43	25	3.4
3589	SERVICE INDUSTRY MACHINERY	2	5	-	32	517,409	75,174	3.3
7389	BUSINESS SERVICES, NEC	-	4	-	113	648	214	3.3
3821	LAB APPARATUS & FURNITURE	1	2	-	9	19	10	3.1
3448	PREFABRICATED METAL BUILDINGS	2	4	-	34	9,414	742	2.9
3483	AMMUNIT., EXC. FOR SMALL ARMS	2	2	-	12	1.6	1.3	2.8
3553	WOODWORKING MACHINERY	1	-	-	2	10	10	2.4
2066	CHOCOLATE AND COCOA PRODUCTS	-	2	-	4	11,198	2,419	2.4
2439	STRUCTURAL WOOD MEMBERS, NEC	-	2	-	19	1,427	68	1.9

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3431	METAL SANITARY WARE	-	-	1	8	483	55	1.8
2034	DEHYDRATED FRUITS, VEG, SOUPS	-	1	-	9	1,000	78	1.7
3581	AUTOMATIC MERCHANDISING MACHIN	-	1	-	7	31	15	1.6
3676	RESISTORS FOR ELEC APPLICATION	-	6	-	13	1,573	125	1.6
3021	RUBBER AND PLASTICS FOOTWEAR	-	1	-	6	19,992	1,999	1.5
5169P		-	1	-	-	74	17	1.4
3552	TEXTILE MACHINERY	-	1	-	1	27	13	1.4
2259	KNITTING MILLS, NEC	1	-	-	2	1,010	1,010	1.4
3495	WIRE SPRINGS	-	3	-	7	38	11	1.3
3851	OPHTHALMIC GOODS	-	6	-	16	1,220	97	1.2
3716	MOTOR HOMES	-	1	-	17	2.4	0.54	1.2
2396	AUTOMOTIVE TRIMMINGS, APPAREL	-	1	-	8	15,126	1,513	1.1
3549	METALWORKING MACHINERY, NEC	-	1	-	5	15	6.2	1.0
3764	SPACE PROPULSION UNITS & PARTS	-	1	-	8	80	20	0.80
2083	MALT	1	-	-	2	700	700	0.78
3826	ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTS	-	2	-	13	212	17	0.76
3961	COSTUME JEWELRY	-	2	-	3	5.4	0.88	0.70
2652	SET-UP PAPERBOARD BOXES	-	1	-	1	10	4.9	0.53
3648	LIGHTING EQUIPMENT, NEC	-	1	-	6	1.0	0.23	0.51
3565	PACKAGING MACHINERY	-	1	-	3	10	3.4	0.34
3567	INDUSTRIAL FURNACES AND OVENS	-	1	-	7	10	3.4	0.34
8744	FACILITIES SUPPORT SERVICES	-	1	-	1	500	305	0.34
3792	TRAVEL TRAILERS AND CAMPERS	-	1	-	49	326	20	0.27
2045	BLENDED AND PREPARED FLOUR	-	1	-	2	395	241	0.27
3566	SPEED CHANGERS, DRIVES & GEARS	-	2	-	16	4.5	2.5	0.24

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2035	PICKLED FRTS & VEG. SAUCES	-	3	-	7	2,937	294	0.22
2541	WOOD PARTI,SHELF,LOCK,ETC	-	3	-	13	56	5.5	0.21
2591	DRAPE HARDWARE/WINDOW BLINDS	-	1	-	6	740	61	0.21
3661	TELEPHONE/TELEGRAPH APPARATUS	-	1	-	20	0.40	0.090	0.20
2656	SANITARY FOOD CONTAINERS	-	2	-	2	255	153	0.17
2052	COOKIES AND CRACKERS	-	1	-	14	234	143	0.16
2074	COTTONSEED OIL MILLS	-	4	-	12	7,323	4.4	0.15
3433	HEATING EQUIP, EXCEPT ELECTRIC	-	3	1	17	6.5	0.54	0.15
3634	ELECTRIC HOUSEWARES AND FANS	-	1	-	2	14,911	1,184	0.13
2435	HARDWOOD VENEER AND PLYWOOD	-	1	1	15	678	48	0.11
2511	WOOD HOUSEHOLD FURN, EXC UPHOL	-	1	-	78	616	24	0.10
5085	INDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES	-	1	-	2	1.0	0.16	0.10
2381	DRESS & WK GLOVE EXC KNIT/LEAT	-	1	-	2	936	94	0.10
5093	SCRAP & WASTE MATERIALS	1	-	-	2	5.0	5.0	0.10
3412	METAL BARRELS, DRUMS AND PAILS	-	2	-	33	10,273	816	0.087
3579	OFFICE MACHINES	-	-	1	6	91	52	0.084
3715	TRUCK TRAILERS	-	1	-	61	2.0	1.2	0.084
8221	COLLEGES, UNIV & PROF SCHOOLS	-	1	-	2	0.16	0.036	0.081
3532	MINING MACHINERY	-	1	2	15	11	6.3	0.073
3593	FLUID POWER CYLINDERS & ACTUAT	-	2	-	18	252	246	0.068
2051	BREAD & OTHER BAKERY PRODUCTS	-	1	-	5	69	42	0.047
3596	SCALES AND BALANCES, EXC. LAB	-	1	-	5	0.090	0.020	0.045
4226	SPECIAL WAREHOUSING & STORAGE	1	-	-	1	0.00034	0.00034	0.034
3536	CRANES/HOISTS/MONORAIL SYSTEMS	-	1	-	9	0.060	0.014	0.030
3955	CARBON PAPER AND INKED RIBBONS	1	-	-	6	5.0	5.0	0.028

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3652	PHONOGRAPH RECORDS	-	1	-	3	0.30	0.15	0.016
2782	BLANKBOOKS,LOOSELEAF BINDERS	-	1	-	2	5.0	0.65	0.012
3952	LEAD PENCILS AND ART GOODS	-	1	-	3	5.1	0.50	0.010
3259	STRUCTURAL CLAY PRODUCTS NEC	1	-	-	4	5.0	5.0	0.010
3944	GAMES, TOYS & CHILDREN'S VEHIC	-	1	-	4	102	10	0.0076
2657	FOLDING PAPERBOARD BOXES	-	2	-	5	267	24	0.0056
2674	BAGS,UNCOATD PAPER & MULTIWALL	-	2	-	3	569	45	0.0048
4939	COMBINATION UTILITIES, NEC	1	-	-	13	2.0	2.0	0.0040
2521	WOOD OFFICE FURNITURE	-	3	-	17	25	1.6	0.0018
3542	MACHINE TOOLS, METAL FORMING	-	1	-	6	210	17	0.0018
2671	COATED & LAMINATED PACKAGING	-	1	-	44	10	0.20	0.0012
2512	WOOD HOUSEHOLD FURN, UPHOLSTER	-	1	-	21	5.0	0.40	0.000040
5047	MEDICAL AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT	-	1	-	1	9.0	0.0036	0.0000011
2812	ALKALIES AND CHLORINE	-	1	-	7	64,494	-	-
2252	HOSIERY, NEC	-	1	-	1	25,419	-	-
2131	TOBACCO (CHEW & SMOK) & SNUFF	-	3	-	4	823	807	-
2241	NARROW FAB & OTHER SMALLWARES	-	1	-	5	124	10	-

Table C-5. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v3*

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VCCA	VINYL CHLORIDE AND CHLORINATED ALKALI	35	9	3	61	1,660,000	1,650,000	8,410,000
CWT	CENTRALIZED WASTE TREATMENT	12	23	5	36	2,910,000	724,000	4,280,000
4911	ELECTRICAL SERVICES	335	38	15	640	2,880,000	2,870,000	851,000
2911	PETROLEUM REFINING	106	39	16	159	21,400,000	17,900,000	625,000
2821	PLSTC MAT./SYN RESINS/NV ELAST	81	108	16	380	10,400,000	2,590,000	527,000
2611-1	PULP MILLS- Phase I	46	2	0	48	24,200,000	9,600,000	320,000
2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS NEC	134	146	28	476	78,100,000	28,400,000	168,000
3312	BLAST FURN/STEEL WORKS/ROLLING	105	35	23	149	33,500,000	32,600,000	134,000
2621-1	PAPER MILLS- Phase I	23	2	2	24	8,800,000	4,360,000	96,000
2631-2	PAPERBOARD MILLS- Phase II	42	26	2	66	7,190,000	2,020,000	69,300
2816	INORGANIC PIGMENTS	19	15	7	47	4,510,000	2,140,000	65,300
3861	PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIP & SUPPLIES	3	16	2	32	4,240,000	2,620,000	57,000
2621-2	PAPER MILLS- Phase II	55	22	6	75	2,340,000	1,920,000	56,800
4953WC	WASTE COMBUSTORS						4,270	52,200
2631-1	PAPERBOARD MILLS- Phase I	6	0	0	6	1,040,000	1,040,000	38,400
1021	COPPER ORES	6	0	0	22	18,000	18,000	37,400
2491	WOOD PRESERVING	71	23	18	280	17,500	17,100	35,900
2011	MEAT PACKING PLANTS	24	24	7	60	41,700,000	40,200,000	32,400
3624CB	CARBON AND GRAPHITE PRODUCTS (CB)						316	28,600
3339	PRMRY SMELT/NONFERROUS METALS	9	8	1	28	3,070,000	2,650,000	27,100
2819	INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS	83	102	27	340	21,000,000	5,650,000	26,800
2823	CELLULOSIC MAN-MADE FIBERS	4	1	1	5	696,000	695,000	24,800
2861	GUM AND WOOD CHEMICALS	8	5	2	24	101,000	14,800	24,700

Table C-5. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
2611-3	PULP MILLS- Phase III	4	0	0	4	1,300,000	1,300,000	24,300
2611-2	PULP MILLS- Phase II	15	0	0	16	1,420,000	1,420,000	23,600
2879	PESTICIDES & AGRICULTURAL CHEM	22	17	4	107	1,980,000	1,240,000	22,600
2015	POULTRY SLAUGHTERING & PROCESS	68	42	9	148	28,900,000	28,000,000	21,700
2865	CYCLIC CRUDES INTERM., DYES	23	33	5	84	4,680,000	1,870,000	19,400
2899	CHEMICALS & CHEM PREP, NEC	24	92	9	327	3,460,000	1,130,000	19,000
9511	AIR & WATER RES & SOL WSTE MGT	3	0	0	3	49,200	49,200	19,000
2895	CARBON BLACK	8	0	0	19	193	193	18,500
1031	LEAD AND ZINC ORES	8	0	0	9	34,500	34,500	18,500
1041	GOLD ORES	6	0	0	28	136,000	136,000	15,400
2436	SOFTWOOD VENEER AND PLYWOOD	6	0	0	45	2,460	2,460	14,500
3081	UNSUPPORTED PLSTICS FILM/SHEET	11	24	5	86	4,630,000	432,000	13,500
9711	NATIONAL SECURITY	46	16	10	186	5,240,000	5,110,000	12,200
3111	LEATHER TANNING AND FINISHING	2	20	1	26	830,000	410,000	12,200
3341	2NDARY SMELT/NONFERROUS METALS	52	38	13	165	1,090,000	211,000	11,900
3321	GRAY IRON FOUNDRIES	62	38	14	206	158,000	64,100	11,700
2611	PULP MILLS	1	1	0	5	167,000	167,000	9,880
2833	MEDICINAL CHEM/BOTANICAL PRODU	10	24	2	47	3,660,000	810,000	9,410
3089	PLASTICS PRODUCTS, NEC	6	36	2	617	2,200,000	431,000	8,400
3313	ELECTROMETALLURGICAL PRODUCTS	5	3	1	14	206,000	205,000	8,350
3482	SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION	5	9	2	24	680,000	123,000	8,320
3351	ROLL/DRAW/EXTRUDING OF COPPER	30	40	18	74	16,400	13,600	8,090

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2834P	PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS (P)	0	1	0	0	15	2.14	7,150
3951	PENS & MECHANICAL PENCILS	1	3	1	9	14,700	13,300	6,720
3561	PUMPS AND PUMPING EQUIPMENT	12	14	7	57	65,300	10,700	6,440
3316	COLD ROLLED STEEL SHEET/STRIP	18	14	4	60	5,980,000	5,300,000	6,330
3499	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS NEC	24	81	15	301	483,000	60,600	6,210
2141	TOBACCO STEMMING AND REDRYING	5	8	3	15	86,700	84,800	5,830
3471	PLATING AND POLISHING	49	426	32	595	11,000,000	1,540,000	5,650
3674	SEMICONDUCTORS & RELATED DEVIC	7	73	3	142	12,700,000	4,720,000	5,600
2873	NITROGEN FERTILIZERS	28	3	1	45	4,910,000	4,780,000	5,360
2077	ANIMAL AND MARINE FATS & OILS	7	11	1	28	8,500,000	7,070,000	5,360
2037	FROZEN FRTS, FRT JUICES & VEG	7	5	0	47	6,090,000	5,960,000	4,970
2046	WET CORN MILLING	10	14	6	31	9,550,000	1,520,000	4,710
1099	METAL ORES, NEC	3	0	0	7	144,000	144,000	4,470
3714	MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS & ACCESSOR	63	213	49	616	1,800,000	329,000	4,350
3672	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	13	175	12	297	1,550,000	219,000	4,310
2022	CHEESE, NATURAL AND PROCESSED	23	76	2	145	15,900,000	4,490,000	3,380
3317	STEEL PIPE AND TUBES	23	32	10	79	853,000	693,000	3,380
3731	SHIP BUILDING AND REPAIRING	14	9	7	51	22,300	16,100	3,320
2048m	PREP FEEDS & INGRED FOR ANIMA (m)	4	0	0	4	4,010,000	4,010,000	3,000
9199	GENERAL GOVERNMENT, NEC	1	0	0	9	5,670	5,670	2,890
2082	MALT BEVERAGES	6	13	1	22	3,550,000	3,510,000	2,780
5171	PETROLEUM BULK STATIONS & TERM	147	32	13	523	33,000	21,600	2,500

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3691	STORAGE BATTERIES	26	52	24	65	518,000	52,600	2,180
2834	PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS	10	53	2	126	2,790,000	892,000	2,110
2843	SURF ACTIVE AGENT, FIN AGENTS	7	34	4	68	564,000	93,500	2,110
3711	MOTOR VEHICLES & CAR BODIES	11	58	9	89	4,160,000	391,000	2,060
3295	MINE & EARTHS, GROUND OR TREAT	12	2	1	84	2,330,000	2,330,000	2,020
4941	WATER SUPPLY	3	2	2	6	29,800	28,600	1,990
3261	VITREOUS CHINA PLUMBING FIXTUR	4	0	0	6	20,900	20,900	1,920
2822	SYN RUBBER (VULCAN ELASTOMERS)	11	7	0	33	560,000	479,000	1,760
2875	FERTILIZERS, MIXING ONLY	10	3	2	51	67,000	65,900	1,680
3334	PRIMARY PRODUCTION OF ALUMINUM	11	3	2	20	11,200	11,200	1,590
3399	PRIMARY METAL PRODUCTS, NEC	21	28	9	103	8,790,000	757,000	1,570
1221	BITUMINOUS COAL & LIG, SURFACE	17	0	0	39	275,000	275,000	1,550
3678	CONNECTORS FOR ELEC APPLICATIO	3	13	1	40	1,410,000	1,070,000	1,490
3315	STEEL WIRE DRAW & STEEL NAILS	20	34	13	73	287,000	80,800	1,460
3443	FAB PLATE WORK (BOILER SHOPS)	16	21	6	136	1,290,000	1,290,000	1,410
2099	FOOD PREPARATIONS, NEC	4	23	4	55	1,620,000	290,000	1,400
4931	ELEC & OTHER SERVICES COMBINED	13	9	3	31	16,500	9,630	1,300
3011	TIRES AND INNER TUBES	28	44	23	70	49,200	14,400	1,180
3356	ROLL, DRAW & EXTRUD NONFERROUS	19	25	10	56	1,910,000	510,000	1,170
3479	METAL COATING & ALLIED SERVIC	45	65	2	294	1,270,000	140,000	1,150
3357	DRAW/INSULAT OF NONFERROUS WIR	46	54	29	162	15,700	2,570	1,140

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2075	SOYBEAN OIL MILLS	6	33	2	55	1,400,000	1,260,000	1,130
3452	BOLTS, NUTS, RIVETS & WASHERS	2	25	1	75	859,000	97,500	1,110
3585	REFRIGERATION & HEATING EQUIP	21	65	15	181	107,000	105,000	980
2824	SYN ORG FIBERS,EXCEPT CELLULOS	11	16	4	35	855,000	551,000	938
2262	FINISH OF BRD WOV FAB/MAN-MADE	5	5	0	16	328,000	326,000	936
3429	HARDWARE, NEC	12	29	11	53	128,000	15,600	907
MPM	METAL PRODUCTS AND MACHINERY	29	0	0	0	8,170	8,170	865
3275	GYPSUM PRODUCTS	25	1	1	59	213	212	864
3331	PRIMRY SMELTING & COPPER REFIN	1	1	0	4	999,000	999,000	863
3354	ALUMINUM EXTRUDED PRODUCTS	18	37	11	87	1,890,000	426,000	829
3724	AIRCRAFT ENGINES & ENGINE PART	18	45	14	75	949,000	116,000	826
3743	RAILROAD EQUIPMENT	13	6	3	38	4,760	2,400	818
4925	MIXED,MANUFAC,OR LIQ GAS PROD	1	1	1	2	525,000	62,200	802
VCCAP	VINYL CHLORIDE AND CHLORINATED ALKALI (P)	2	0	0	0	1,220	160,000	792
3366	COPPER FOUNDRIES	20	16	6	79	2,390	1,530	790
3061	MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS	8	20	5	64	783,000	87,200	713
1044	SILVER ORES	1	0	0	2	4,410	4,410	681
3369	NONFERROUS FOUNDRIES, EXC ALUM	16	18	6	55	1,680,000	169,000	677
1222	BITUMINOUS COAL & LIG, UNDERGR	6	0	0	14	83,200	83,200	670
3241	CEMENT, HYDRAULIC	15	1	0	115	3,290	3,290	665
2261	FINISH OF BRD WOV FAB OF COTTN	3	8	1	19	743,000	129,000	634
2869P	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS NEC (P)	6	5	1	0	12,800	12,500	629

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3462	IRON AND STEEL FORGINGS	19	31	11	105	44,400	8,210	609
3255	CLAY REFRACTORIES	1	1	0	10	31	10.3	604
2621	PAPER MILLS	4	2	0	41	631,000	631,000	602
2493	RECONSTITUTED WOOD PRODUCTS	12	15	6	92	279,000	27,500	544
3679	ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, NEC	9	75	6	274	109,000	13,500	544
3463	NONFERROUS FORGINGS	5	12	3	18	283,000	83,000	502
3211	FLAT GLASS	5	7	3	20	419	223	427
3624	CARBON AND GRAPHITE PRODUCTS	4	9	2	35	509,000	51,900	424
3498	FABRICATED PIPE AND FITTINGS	8	13	3	46	32,600	3,730	422
3353	ALUMINUM SHEET, PLATE AND FOIL	8	5	3	28	32,000	31,900	417
2026	FLUID MILK	3	98	2	154	4,970,000	541,000	416
3441	FABRICATED STRUCTURAL METAL	14	10	0	190	2,110	1,410	414
2421	SAWMILLS & PLANING MILLS, GEN	14	1	0	215	592	592	409
3911	JEWELRY, PRECIOUS METAL	0	5	0	12	21,900	4,940	404
3692	PRIMARY BATTERIES, DRY & WET	4	11	3	18	2,300	1,810	394
2023	CONDENSED AND EVAPORATED MILK	9	35	0	56	3,030,000	526,000	393
2992	LUBRICATING OILS AND GREASES	13	22	6	129	175,000	26,800	391
2095	ROASTED COFFEE	1	1	0	3	60,400	27,200	378
3728	AIRCRAFT PARTS AND EQUIP, NEC	9	43	7	103	624,000	63,300	376
3229	PRESSED & BLOWN GLASS & GWARE	16	19	9	49	1,170,000	118,000	376
3621	MOTORS AND GENERATORS	8	18	3	70	8,640	1,230	375
2273	CARPETS AND RUGS, NEC	0	10	0	38	89,200	6,150	374
3432	PLUMB FIXTURE FITTINGS & TRIM	11	19	8	31	74,700	7,760	372
3363	ALUMINUM DIE CASTING	12	27	3	126	2,070	501	358
3069	FABRICATED RUBBER PRODUCTS,NEC	14	45	9	186	821,000	87,200	350

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2084	WINES, BRANDY & BRANDY SPIRIT	0	2	0	13	501,000	306,000	339
2851	PAINTS/VARNISH/LACQUERS/ENAMEL	15	61	8	469	1,610,000	125,000	331
2874	PHOSPHATIC FERTILIZERS	10	1	0	24	35,700	35,600	315
2819N	INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS	3	0	0	3	22,200	22,200	301
2952	ASPHALT FELT AND COATINGS	9	6	3	105	428	124	291
3497	METAL FOIL AND LEAF	3	3	1	12	740	588	287
3444	SHEET METAL WORK	3	15	1	83	97,300	8,930	286
3087	CUSTOM COMPOUNDED PURCH. RESIN	26	51	13	218	5,640	1,750	285
3812	SEARCH & NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT	2	16	2	47	51,400	5,240	276
3491	INDUSTRIAL VALVES	2	9	1	37	779	397	273
3264	PORCELAIN ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES	1	7	1	13	2,250	1,460	267
2874F	PHOSPHATIC FERTILIZERS	3	1	1	3	128,000	128,000	266
2048ph	PREP FEEDS & INGRED FOR ANIMA (ph)						211,000	260
3721	AIRCRAFT	5	16	4	32	466,000	172,000	260
3511	TURBINES & TURBINE GENERATOR	6	10	5	27	244,000	26,800	259
2796	PLATEMAKING SERVICES	1	16	1	28	898,000	90,000	257
3052	RUBBER & PLASTICS HOSE & BELT	13	29	12	64	7,470	1,780	256
1061	FERROALLOY ORES, EXCL VANADIUM	3	0	0	5	62,100	62,100	255
2211	BROAD WOVEN FABRIC MILLS, COTT	1	1	1	10	368,000	221,000	255
3365	ALUMINUM FOUNDRIES	7	9	3	92	331	284	254
3494	VALVES AND PIPE FITTINGS, NEC	11	19	4	65	31,500	4,200	245
3325	STEEL FOUNDRIES, NEC	18	11	4	88	25,500	3,620	237

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8999	SERVICES, NEC	1	0	0	1	557	557	236
3751	MOTORCYCLES, BICYCLES AND PART	1	5	0	11	151,000	28,400	235
3571	ELECTRONIC COMPUTERS	2	3	2	15	256	228	231
2999	PROD OF PETROLEUM & COAL, NEC	7	0	0	35	1,820	1,820	221
3492	FLUID POWER VALVES & HOSE FITT	0	13	0	28	11,800	1,320	213
2951	PAVING MIXTURES AND BLOCKS	3	0	0	185	2.11	2.11	212
3548	WELDING APPARATUS	4	10	4	18	4,310	2,580	211
3695	MAG & OPTICAL RECORDING MEDIA	2	3	2	7	316,000	33,000	211
3469	METAL STAMPINGS, NEC	5	41	4	135	226,000	23,500	208
2821P	PLSTC MAT./SYN RESINS/NV ELAST (P)	1	2	0	0	7,400	283	207
3496	MISC. FABRICATED WIRE PRODUCTS	14	21	5	68	4,880	2,230	202
2253	KNIT OUTERWEAR MILLS	0	2	0	4	1,980	312	198
2013	SAUSAGES & PREPARED MEAT PROD	4	10	0	44	280,000	232,000	183
3411	METAL CANS	1	46	0	120	45,500	5,330	181
2063	BEET SUGAR	15	1	0	24	211,000	206,000	180
2295	COATED FABRICS, NOT RUBBERIZED	1	6	1	52	171,000	21,900	169
3841	SURGICAL & MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS	2	19	1	62	413,000	38,500	169
2079	SHORT, TABLE OILS, MARGERINE	1	8	1	15	273,000	26,700	165
3671	ELECTRON TUBES	4	6	3	12	81,900	11,800	164
2047	DOG AND CAT FOOD	2	2	0	21	197,000	196,000	162
2096	POTATO CHIPS & SIMILAR SNACKS	1	7	0	19	359,000	216,000	161
3262	VIT CHINA TABLE & KTCHN ARTICL	2	3	1	4	137	126	161
3269	POTTERY PRODUCTS, NEC	1	3	0	9	303	77.4	157

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3523	FARM MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	7	17	6	66	2,730	790	156
2092	FRE OR FROZ PCK FISH, SEAFOOD	6	0	0	18	191,000	191,000	145
3641	ELECTRIC LAMPS	5	9	2	30	872,000	88,700	145
3613	SWITCHGEAR & SWITCHBOARD APPAR	7	15	5	66	56,900	5,800	143
3531	CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY	7	25	3	92	121,000	16,900	142
3675	ELECTRONIC CAPACITORS	2	12	1	25	1,710,000	164,000	132
3546	POWER DRIVEN HAND TOOLS	0	4	0	10	275	62.7	128
3423	HAND AND EDGE TOOLS, NEC	4	13	3	30	106,000	12,400	125
2269	FINISHERS OF TEXTILES, NEC	1	9	0	21	50,800	4,700	123
3761	GUIDED MISSILES & SPACE VEHICL	3	3	1	6	51,600	51,500	120
3465	AUTOMOTIVE STAMPINGS	11	27	11	61	175,000	17,900	115
2499	WOOD PRODUCTS, NEC	3	1	0	31	28,000	2,820	114
3322	MALLEABLE IRON FOUNDRIES	1	2	1	5	50.2	50	112
3296	MINERAL WOOL	4	11	1	50	232,000	57,200	111
2021	CREAMERY BUTTER	2	9	0	13	819,000	149,000	111
2048	PREP FEEDS & INGRED FOR ANIMA	1	4	1	373	342,000	34,000	111
3519	INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES,	4	24	2	41	425,000	42,400	110
2754	COMMERCIAL PRINTING, GRAVURE	2	20	1	55	5,700	918	109
3949	SPORTING & ATHLETIC GOODS, NEC	3	7	2	47	429,000	47,600	108
3291	ABRASIVE PRODUCTS	0	8	0	29	561,000	56,700	106
2087	FLAV EXTR & FLAV SYRUPS, NEC	0	7	0	17	495,000	114,000	98.5
2844	PERFUMES, COSMETICS, TOILET PREP	0	20	0	38	1,050,000	109,000	93.4
2299	TEXTILE GOODS, NEC	1	1	0	5	25,700	2,050	93.3
2396	AUTOMOTIVE TRIMMINGS, APPAREL	0	2	0	7	8,800	1,590	92.1
2032	CANNED SPECIALTIES	2	6	1	11	393,000	78,300	89.8

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4952	SEWERAGE SYSTEMS	1	0	0	1	175	175	89.1
2899P	CHEMICALS & CHEM PREP, NEC (P)	1	5	0	0	433	168	82.2
3643	CURRENT-CARRYING WIRING DEVICE	3	18	1	60	185,000	18,600	81.9
2085	DIST, RECTIFIED & BLENDED LIQ	1	1	0	6	29,500	16,400	81.4
3592	CARBURETORS,PISTONS,RINGS,VAL V	2	8	2	14	905	337	77.2
3965	FASTENERS, BUTTONS, NEEDLES	1	3	0	12	50,400	3,610	76
3999	MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, NEC	7	15	3	115	33,100	8,570	73.4
3562	BALL AND ROLLER BEARINGS	6	29	6	63	2,570	821	72.6
2064	CANDY & OTHER CONFECTION PROD	0	4	0	4	948,000	94,800	70.8
3625	RELAYS AND INDUSTRIAL CONTROLS	1	9	1	56	323,000	32,400	69.7
2296	TIRE CORD AND FABRIC	3	8	3	16	40,000	3,860	68.8
3451	SCREW MACHINE PRODUCTS	1	25	0	77	133,000	13,400	68.7
3633PE	HOUSEHOLD LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT (PE)						53,200	63.4
2836	BIOLOGCAL PROD, EXCEPT DIAGNOS	0	10	0	20	180,000	14,300	61.3
3577	COMPUTER PERIPHERAL EQUIP,NEC	0	8	0	27	20,400	1,830	58.3
3398	METAL HEAT TREATING	3	17	1	109	441,000	44,900	58.2
3995	BURIAL CASKETS	4	8	3	17	807	250	57.7
4953L	LANDFILLS						71	55.9
2038	FROZEN SPECIALTIES, NEC	1	8	1	24	166,000	50,200	55
3564	BLOWER AND FANS	2	2	2	21	184	178	54.8
3822	ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS	1	3	1	15	908	248	54.6
3644	NONCURRENT-CARRYING WIRING DEV	5	12	5	26	59,100	6,180	52.9

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2819Ph	INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS	1	0	0	1	750	750	52.8
2842	SPECIALTY CLEANING, POLISHING	1	39	0	138	155,000	18,700	52.7
2086	BOT & CAN SOFT DRNK & CARB WA	0	4	0	12	132,000	47,600	51
2841	SOAP/DETERG EXC SPECIAL CLEANR	1	42	1	133	138,000	12,000	49.5
4953	REFUSE SYSTEMS	3	4	1	61	3,200	271	48.9
3053	GASKETS, PACKING & SEALING DEV	7	16	6	49	54,300	6,140	48.8
3484	SMALL ARMS	3	8	3	18	15,900	1,690	48.6
8733	NONCOMMERCIAL RESEARCH ORGANI	2	3	1	11	68.7	32.8	48.3
3251	BRICK AND STRUCTURAL CLAY TILE	2	3	1	121	938	660	47.7
3559	SPECIAL INDUSTRY MACHINERY,NEC	0	5	0	38	279,000	22,300	45.7
3572	COMPUTER STORAGE DEVICES	0	3	0	4	621,000	61,600	44.4
3083	LAMINATED PLASTICS PLATE/SHEET	3	4	1	54	5,290,000	842,000	44.2
3231	GLASS PROD MADE OF PURCH. GLAS	0	17	0	73	37,400	11,100	43.6
3799	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, NEC	2	5	1	29	1,750	559	42.6
3324	STEEL INVESTMENT FOUNDRIES	4	21	3	51	750	345	41
2893	PRINTING INK	2	8	1	84	5,660	1,570	40.5
3699	ELEC MACHINERY,EQUIP & SUPPLIE	3	7	1	41	518	201	40.4
3612	TRANSFORMERS	1	10	0	38	80,200	8,060	40.4
2891	ADHESIVES AND SEALANTS	4	24	0	173	42,800	10,900	39.9
2024	ICE CREAM AND FROZEN DESSERTS	2	16	2	25	313,000	44,600	39.6
3082	UNSUPPORTED PLASTICS PROF SHAP	0	6	0	29	510,000	51,000	39.1
8731	COMMERCIAL PHYSICAL RESEARCH	1	0	0	3	51,000	51,000	38.1

Table C-5. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
2672	COATED & LAMINATED, NEC	1	15	0	79	241,000	21,000	37.9
3274	LIME	4	0	0	43	7.06	7.06	37.9
3632	HOUSEHOLD REFRIG. & FREEZERS	0	4	0	17	1,170	231	36.8
3594	FLUID POWER PUMPS AND MOTORS	3	6	1	18	694	374	36
3299	NONMETALLIC MINERAL PROD, NEC	2	7	0	31	5,830	4,200	35.4
3489	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, NEC	0	2	0	6	91,900	9,210	32.2
3631	HOUSEHOLD COOKING EQUIPMENT	2	6	2	9	414	191	30.5
2892	EXPLOSIVES	10	4	2	39	26,000	23,900	29.6
2322	MEN'S & BOYS UNDERWEAR & NIGHT	1	1	1	1	55.4	12.5	29.5
3599	INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY, NEC	0	6	0	59	137,000	13,800	29
2066	CHOCOLATE AND COCOA PRODUCTS	0	1	0	3	41,900	25,600	28.4
5169	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	10	35	1	455	14,400	4,040	27.3
3651	RADIO AND TV RECEIVING SETS	1	4	1	19	121,000	11,900	26.8
3582	COMMERCIAL LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT	0	3	0	5	293	59.9	26.7
3533	OIL FIELD MACHINERY	10	9	6	47	271	219	26.4
3449	MISC. STRUCTURAL METAL WORK	4	5	2	59	99,200	9,960	25.6
3842	SURGICAL APPLIANCES & SUPPLIES	1	8	1	45	76,700	7,790	24.3
3669	COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT, NEC.	0	13	0	48	103	18.6	24.2
3297	NONCLAY REFRACTORIES	4	2	0	33	1,320	879	23.6
3629	ELECTRICAL INDUSTRIAL APPARATS	4	9	2	30	58.3	23.6	22.8
2221	BROAD WOVEN FABRIC MILLS, SYNT	1	3	1	19	29,400	16,200	22.2
2813	INDUSTRIAL GASES	5	7	2	67	25,400	7,430	21.6

Table C-5. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
3547	ROLLING MILL MACHINERY	2	0	0	11	270	270	21.6
3715	TRUCK TRAILERS	0	3	0	57	509	302	21.3
3713	TRUCK & BUS BODIES	1	8	0	70	192,000	17,000	20.9
3646	COMMERCIAL LIGHTING FIXTURES	1	6	1	14	219,000	23,200	20.5
3541	MACHINE TOOLS, METAL CUTTING	3	4	2	25	1,960	875	20.5
3493	STEEL SPRINGS, EXCEPT WIRE	1	2	0	11	8,270	953	20
3569	GENERAL INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY	1	8	1	26	192,000	40,500	19.4
3827	OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS AND LENSES	0	7	0	17	130	42.7	19.4
3545	MACHINE TOOL ACCESSORIES	1	9	1	24	1,400	687	19
3568	POWER TRANSMISSION EQUIPMENT	0	9	0	29	229	86.4	18.3
3993	SIGNS AND ADVERTISING DISPLAYS	0	6	0	24	125,000	12,500	18.3
3555	PRINTING TRADES MACHINERY	2	2	1	4	22,700	22,700	18.1
3412	METAL BARRELS, DRUMS AND PAILS	0	3	0	29	12,600	1,130	17
2258	WARP KNIT FABRIC MILLS	0	3	0	5	34,100	5,650	16.7
3694	ELEC EQUIP FOR INT COMBUS ENGI	0	11	0	40	338	131	15.8
3639	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES, NEC	1	4	1	14	21,000	2,280	15.7
3554	PAPER INDUSTRIES MACHINERY	0	3	0	10	158,000	15,800	15.6
3825	INSTRUMENTS TO MEASURE ELECTRI	1	6	1	22	12.2	6.53	14.6
3824	FLUID METERS & COUNTING DEVICE	0	4	0	9	116	19.1	14.4
INVA	INVALID						13,000	14.4
2752	COMMERCIAL PRINT, LITHOGRAPHIC	0	28	0	76	188,000	16,100	14.3
3253	CERAMIC WALL AND FLOOR TILE	1	4	0	22	460	272	14
2297	NONWOVEN FABRICS	1	5	1	12	10,800	1,260	13.9

Table C-5. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
3544	SPECIAL DIES/TOOLS/JIGS & FIXT	3	4	2	31	58	49.6	13.7
3355	ALUMINUM ROLLING & DRAWING NEC	1	2	0	5	125,000	12,600	13.6
3823	PROCESS CONTROL INSTRUMENTS	0	8	0	38	59.4	14.6	13.4
3579	OFFICE MACHINES	1	2	1	7	306	164	13.3
3931	MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS	0	4	0	17	116	18	13
2522	METAL OFFICE FURNITURE	0	3	0	19	241	112	12.8
3425	HAND SAWS AND SAW BLADES	0	3	0	11	80,500	8,060	12.6
3996	HARD SURFACE FLOOR COVERINGS	2	5	2	9	579	143	12.1
2835	DIAGNOSTIC SUBSTANCES	0	7	0	21	34,700	2,740	12.1
3364	NONFERROUS DIE CAST, EXC. ALUM	0	4	0	20	413	94.1	11.9
3086	PLASTICS FOAM PRODUCTS	3	5	1	226	2,340	385	11.8
3446	ARCHITECTURAL METAL WORK	2	3	2	15	17,800	1,800	11.7
3483	AMMUNIT., EXC. FOR SMALL ARMS	2	2	0	9	5.53	4.98	11.2
3914	SILVERWARE AND PLATED WARE	2	3	0	7	89.4	79.6	11
4939	COMBINATION UTILITIES, NEC	1	1	0	8	3.82	2.48	10.7
2111	CIGARETTES	1	6	1	10	104,000	96,300	10.4
2732	BOOK PRINTING	0	3	0	6	101,000	8,030	10.1
3556	FOOD PRODUCTS MACHINERY	2	6	2	25	113	52.8	9.95
3537	INDUSTRIAL TRUCKS AND TRACTORS	2	2	0	22	37	35.4	9.9
2631	PAPERBOARD MILLS	4	6	0	24	8,580	1,550	8.57
3647	VEHICULAR LIGHTING EQUIPMENT	0	2	0	17	38,500	3,860	7.77
3566	SPEED CHANGERS, DRIVES & GEARS	1	2	0	15	20.2	12.5	7.46
3272	CONCRETE PROD EXC BLCK & BRICK	5	1	1	175	282	52.2	7.26
3088	PLASTICS PLUMBING FIXTURES	2	1	0	165	505	500	7.02
3915	JEWELERS' MATERIALS & LAPIDARY	0	1	0	6	67,900	6,790	6.67

C-39

Table C-5. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
3844	X-RAY APPARATUS AND TUBES	1	3	0	11	32,100	3,220	6.62
3829	MEASURING & CONTROLLING DEVICE	0	9	0	26	61,200	4,890	6.49
3524	LAWN AND GARDEN EQUIPMENT	0	7	0	16	2,800	233	6.18
2771	GREETING CARD PUBLISHING	0	2	0	5	39,400	3,940	5.71
2033	CANNED FRUITS, VEG, PRES, JAM	0	1	0	22	75,300	7,530	5.62
3273	READY-MIXED CONCRETE	33	13	1	490	1,930	1,010	5.45
3442	METAL DOORS, SASH, AND TRIM	0	3	0	50	66,000	6,600	5.35
3633	HOUSEHOLD LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT	0	3	0	5	99,000	8,710	5.33
3851	OPHTHALMIC GOODS	0	4	0	14	260	22.1	5.03
3845	ELECTROMEDICAL EQUIPMENT	1	4	1	12	11.7	2.77	4.93
2531	PUBLIC BUILDING/RELATED FURNIT	2	5	2	19	86.5	49.4	4.66
3645	RESIDENTIAL LIGHTING FIXTURES	0	2	0	5	53,600	5,360	4.5
3732	BOAT BUILDING AND REPAIRING	1	0	0	180	20	20	4.45
2431	MILLWORK	0	2	0	29	303	61	4.3
2231	BROAD WOVEN FABRIC MILLS, WOOL	0	2	0	5	293	57.1	4.29
3663	RADIO & TV COMMUNICATION EQUIP	1	8	1	31	23.3	4.75	4.22
3450							5,450	4.14
3553	WOODWORKING MACHINERY	1	0	0	2	15	15	4.1
2284	THREAD MILLS	0	2	0	3	160,000	12,700	4.04
3421	CUTLERY	0	3	0	11	255	50	3.9
7389	BUSINESS SERVICES, NEC	0	4	0	111	1,460	526	3.76
2076	VEG. OIL MILLS, EXCEPT CORN	1	6	1	11	40,700	4,560	3.74
3953	MARKING DEVICES	0	1	0	4	49,500	4,950	3.69
2542	METAL PARTI,SHELF,LOCKERS	0	2	0	26	37,700	3,780	3.36
3639PE	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES, NEC (PE)						27	3.09

C-40

Table C-5. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
3448	PREFABRICATED METAL BUILDINGS	2	2	0	34	11,800	943	2.99
2282	YARN TEXT, THROW, TWIST & WIND	0	1	0	3	27,700	2,200	2.95
2041	FLOUR & OTHER GRAIN MILL PROD	0	1	0	49	37,200	3,720	2.77
3821	LAB APPARATUS & FURNITURE	1	3	1	10	20.4	7.99	2.68
3495	WIRE SPRINGS	0	3	0	8	47.9	15.9	2.65
2823P	CELLULOSIC MAN-MADE FIBERS (P)	1	0	0	0	40	40	2.39
3535	CONVEYORS & CONVEYING EQUIPMEN	2	2	0	23	265	18.3	2.39
3589	SERVICE INDUSTRY MACHINERY	2	4	0	28	579,000	83,600	2.36
3431PE	METAL SANITARY WARE (PE)						18.9	2.06
3961	COSTUME JEWELRY	0	1	0	1	4	0.902	2.02
3716	MOTOR HOMES	0	1	0	18	3.8	0.857	1.92
2439	STRUCTURAL WOOD MEMBERS, NEC	0	3	0	20	1,320	78.1	1.73
2053	FROZEN BAKERY PRODUCTS	0	3	0	5	19,500	2,150	1.7
3021	RUBBER AND PLASTICS FOOTWEAR	0	1	0	6	20,000	2,000	1.49
2034	DEHYDRATED FRUITS, VEG, SOUPS	0	1	0	9	800	62.7	1.33
2652	SET-UP PAPERBOARD BOXES	0	1	0	1	21	10.2	1.11
7699	REPAIR SHOPS & RELATED SERVICE	0	1	0	1	3,460	346	1.11
8744	FACILITIES SUPPORT SERVICES	0	1	0	1	1,600	976	1.08
2759	COMMERCIAL PRINTING, NEC	0	3	0	15	19,800	1,570	0.929
3843	DENTAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES	0	5	0	15	123	12.2	0.923
2083	MALT	1	0	0	2	736	736	0.817
3764	SPACE PROPULSION UNITS & PARTS	0	1	0	7	74	18.2	0.739
2842P	SPECIALTY CLEANING, POLISHING (P)	0	2	0	0	500	25.6	0.722
2259	KNITTING MILLS, NEC	1	0	0	2	493	493	0.66
3552	TEXTILE MACHINERY	0	1	0	1	12	5.83	0.635

Table C-5. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
3593	FLUID POWER CYLINDERS & ACTUAT	1	3	0	25	260	253	0.621
2653	CORRUGATED/SOLID FIBER BOXES	0	2	0	16	2,920	232	0.526
2679	CONV PAPER & PAPERBRD PRODUCTS	0	2	0	27	56	11.2	0.522
3565	PACKAGING MACHINERY	0	1	0	3	10	3.41	0.339
3581	AUTOMATIC MERCHANDISING MACHIN	0	1	0	8	6	2.91	0.317
3648	LIGHTING EQUIPMENT, NEC	0	1	0	7	0.6	0.135	0.303
3221	GLASS CONTAINERS	0	1	0	39	0.59	0.133	0.298
3567	INDUSTRIAL FURNACES AND OVENS	1	2	1	9	15	7.83	0.272
2045	BLENDED AND PREPARED FLOUR	0	1	0	2	394	240	0.267
2599	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES, NEC	0	1	0	9	5	2.43	0.264
3792	TRAVEL TRAILERS AND CAMPERS	0	1	0	51	310	18.6	0.261
3433	HEATING EQUIP, EXCEPT ELECTRIC	1	4	1	19	3.93	1.17	0.253
2865P	CYCLIC CRUDES INTERM., DYES (P)	1	0	0	0	4	4	0.239
3563	AIR AND GAS COMPRESSORS	1	2	0	12	2.57	1.49	0.192
3676	RESISTORS FOR ELEC APPLICATION	0	4	0	10	1,680	133	0.18
2656	SANITARY FOOD CONTAINERS	1	2	1	2	260	158	0.17
2051	BREAD & OTHER BAKERY PRODUCTS	0	1	0	4	250	153	0.169
2052	COOKIES AND CRACKERS	0	1	0	13	234	143	0.158
3532	MINING MACHINERY	3	3	2	18	12.2	7.43	0.156
3661	TELEPHONE/TELEGRAPH APPARATUS	0	1	0	17	0.3	0.0677	0.152
3634	ELECTRIC HOUSEWARES AND FANS	0	1	0	2	16,800	1,330	0.142
2435	HARDWOOD VENEER AND PLYWOOD	1	2	0	14	706	60.3	0.137

Table C-5. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
3536	CRANES/HOISTS/MONORAIL SYSTEMS	0	2	0	10	0.26	0.0586	0.131
2591	DRAPE HARDWARE/WINDOW BLINDS	0	1	0	5	4.12	0.861	0.0997
2074	COTTONSEED OIL MILLS	0	5	0	12	4,540	2.72	0.096
5093	SCRAP & WASTE MATERIALS	1	0	0	2	5	5	0.0954
2511	WOOD HOUSEHOLD FURN, EXC UPHOL	0	1	0	62	543	21.4	0.0923
2035	PICKLED FRTS & VEG. SAUCES	0	2	0	7	1,150	115	0.0859
2381	DRESS & WK GLOVE EXC KNIT/LEAT	0	1	0	2	624	62.7	0.0757
2043	CEREAL BREAKFAST FOODS	1	1	1	4	96	60.5	0.0672
241	DAIRY FARMS	0	1	0	1	750	75	0.056
2048g	PREP FEEDS & INGRED FOR ANIMA	0	1	0	1	5	1.04	0.0489
2434	WOOD KITCHEN CABINETS	0	1	0	99	250	9.83	0.0425
3596	SCALES AND BALANCES, EXC. LAB	0	1	0	4	0.06	0.0135	0.0303
3955	CARBON PAPER AND INKED RIBBONS	1	0	0	6	5	5	0.0281
3652	PHONOGRAPH RECORDS	0	1	0	3	0.4	0.194	0.0212
2782	BLANKBOOKS,LOOSELEAF BINDERS	0	1	0	2	5	0.65	0.0124
2541	WOOD PARTI,SHELF,LOCK,ETC	0	2	0	13	27	1.64	0.0102
3259	STRUCTURAL CLAY PRODUCTS NEC	1	0	0	4	5	5	0.00995
9661	SPACE RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY	1	0	0	4	0.0021	0.0021	0.0047
2657	FOLDING PAPERBOARD BOXES	0	1	0	2	5	2.24	0.00446
2674	BAGS,UNCOATD PAPER & MULTIWALL	0	2	0	2	500	39.7	0.00423
3826	ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTS	0	2	0	15	2,380	189	0.00308
3542	MACHINE TOOLS, METAL FORMING	0	1	0	7	210	16.7	0.00178

C-43

Table C-5. SIC Code Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v3*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Direct Dischargers	Indirect Dischargers	Both Direct and Indirect Dischargers	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to any Medium	Total Pounds Released Before POTW Removals	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
2671	COATED & LAMINATED PACKAGING	0	1	0	44	10	0.203	0.00123
2521	WOOD OFFICE FURNITURE	0	2	0	17	25	1.98	0.00106
8734	COMMERCIAL TESTING LABORATORY	0	1	0	2	1.6	0.0273	0.000416
2512	WOOD HOUSEHOLD FURN, UPHOLSTER	0	1	0	15	5	0.396	0.0000405
5047	MEDICAL AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT	0	1	0	1	13	0.0052	0.00000156

Table C-6. SIC Code Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

SIC Code	SIC Description	Major Dischargers	Minor Dischargers	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
VCCA		41	7	2,090,000,000	10,600,000
4911	ELECTRICAL SERVICES	512	335	21,900,000,000	2,390,000
2874F	PHOSPHATIC FERTILIZERS	2		90,000,000	1,040,000
2874F		2		90,000,000	1,040,000
2911	PETROLEUM REFINING	97	47	941,000,000	811,000
3312	BLAST FURN/STEEL WORKS/ROLLING	65	37	493,000,000	506,000
1011	IRON ORES	5	3	51,900,000	448,000
2869	INDUST. ORGANIC CHEMICALS NEC	100	119	2,810,000,000	440,000
2819	INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS	49	90	330,000,000	279,000
9711	NATIONAL SECURITY	32	92	86,000,000	270,000
2085	DIST, RECTIFIED & BLENDED LIQ	7	24	5,560,000,000	255,000
3724	AIRCRAFT ENGINES & ENGINE PART	5	2	3,330,000	206,000
9223	CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS	9	68	8,590,000	167,000
2821	PLSTC MAT./SYN RESINS/NV ELAST	81	63	789,000,000	150,000
4941	WATER SUPPLY	15	1121	920,000,000	128,000
3648	LIGHTING EQUIPMENT, NEC	1	2	45,300	127,000
3341	2NDARY SMELT/NONFERROUS METALS	8	17	30,700,000	124,000
2873	NITROGEN FERTILIZERS	20	19	557,000,000	123,000
3714	MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS & ACCESSOR	9	52	1,080,000	122,000
2879	PESTICIDES & AGRICULTURAL CHEM	16	11	178,000,000	98,900
3339	PRMRY SMELT/NONFERROUS METALS	11	7	104,000,000	76,700
2874	PHOSPHATIC FERTILIZERS	15	10	133,000,000	74,200
2819N	INDUSTRIAL INORGANIC CHEMICALS	2		2,440,000	70,300
2819N		2		2,440,000	70,300
2411	LOGGING CAMPS/LOGGING CONTRACT	1	59	16,300,000	63,300
3861	PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIP & SUPPLIES	4	4	70,500,000	61,600
2621-1	PAPER MILLS- Phase I	34		767,000,000	57,800
2262	FINISH OF BRD WOV FAB/MAN-MADE	11	2	14,200,000	48,200

C-45

Table C-6. SIC Code Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

SIC Code	SIC Description	Major Dischargers	Minor Dischargers	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
2861	GUM AND WOOD CHEMICALS	3	8	2,930,000	46,400
3334	PRIMARY PRODUCTION OF ALUMINUM	13	2	58,100,000	42,300
2621-2	PAPER MILLS- Phase II	72		267,000,000	41,800
1475	PHOSPHATE ROCK	15	6	75,400,000	39,100
1031	LEAD AND ZINC ORES	22	5	53,900,000	37,400
2816	INORGANIC PIGMENTS	14	12	734,000,000	36,900
2011	MEAT PACKING PLANTS	20	66	80,300,000	35,800
1041	GOLD ORES	11	11	1,430,000,000	32,400
1021	COPPER ORES	4	3	444,000,000	31,400
1061	FERROALLOY ORES, EXCL VANADIUM	4	1	117,000,000	30,700
3353	ALUMINUM SHEET, PLATE AND FOIL	6	6	119,000,000	27,200
2611-2	PULP MILLS- Phase II	41		84,300,000	26,800
2273	CARPETS AND RUGS, NEC	4	2	14,400,000	26,300
2082	MALT BEVERAGES	3	8	1,830,000	25,400
2611-1	PULP MILLS- Phase I	27		930,000,000	23,200
3612	TRANSFORMERS	4	2	904	20,400
2211	BROAD WOVEN FABRIC MILLS, COTT	8	8	13,900,000	20,400
3241	CEMENT, HYDRAULIC	5	44	334,000,000	17,500
3519	INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES,	2	3	42,400	16,600
3751	MOTORCYCLES, BICYCLES AND PART	1	3	348,000	12,300
2865	CYCLIC CRUDES INTERM., DYES	23	13	48,800,000	12,200
2063	BEET SUGAR	13	4	15,700,000	11,500
2258	WARP KNIT FABRIC MILLS	2	2	789,000	11,500
2833	MEDICINAL CHEM/BOTANICAL PRODU	14	10	40,200,000	10,900
3081	UNSUPPORTED PLSTICS FILM/SHEET	2	60	35,000,000	10,300
4931	ELEC & OTHER SERVICES COMBINED	8	61	40,400,000	10,200
3479	METAL COATING & ALLIED SERVIC	7	31	157,000,000	10,200
3471	PLATING AND POLISHING	21	39	3,320,000	9,550
3444	SHEET METAL WORK	2	9	1,730,000	9,420

Table C-6. SIC Code Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

SIC Code	SIC Description	Major Dischargers	Minor Dischargers	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
4953	REFUSE SYSTEMS	18	284	39,400,000	9,090
2261	FINISH OF BRD WOV FAB OF COTTN	12	4	11,700,000	8,950
CWT		4		10,500,000,000	8,730
3331	PRIMRY SMELTING & COPPER REFIN	2	1	1,530,000	8,370
3399	PRIMARY METAL PRODUCTS, NEC	4	11	775,000	8,320
4612	CRUDE PETROLEUM PIPELINES	4	24	776,000,000	7,810
2631-1	PAPERBOARD MILLS- Phase I	7		115,000,000	7,510
2015	POULTRY SLAUGHTERING & PROCESS	21	52	96,300,000	7,200
3313	ELECTROMETALLURGICAL PRODUCTS	3	5	15,300,000	6,430
2631-2	PAPERBOARD MILLS- Phase II	32		139,000,000	6,330
8299	SCHOOLS & EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	2	9	387,000	5,700
3511	TURBINES & TURBINE GENERATOR	2	3	125,000	5,370
3691	STORAGE BATTERIES	1	6	85,700	5,170
3795	TANKS AND TANK COMPONENTS	2	1	4,520,000	5,110
4961	STEAM & AIR-CONDITIONING SUP	2	12	16,900	5,020
3674	SEMICONDUCTORS & RELATED DEVIC	4	6	2,390,000	4,780
3321	GRAY IRON FOUNDRIES	4	30	4,690,000	4,730
1481	NONMETAL MINERAL (EXCEPT FUELS	1	1	134,000	4,130
3317	STEEL PIPE AND TUBES	9	21	3,640,000	3,950
2077	ANIMAL AND MARINE FATS & OILS	2	21	7,310,000	3,690
3351	ROLL/DRAW/EXTRUDING OF COPPER	7	8	4,140,000	3,580
3764	SPACE PROPULSION UNITS & PARTS	2	3	2,460,000	3,540
3315	STEEL WIRE DRAW & STEEL NAILS	6	6	983,000	3,380
1459	CLAY, CERAMIC & REFRAC MAT NEC	3	54	592,000	3,310
2899	CHEMICALS & CHEM PREP, NEC	9	47	131,000,000	3,040
3316	COLD ROLLED STEEL SHEET/STRIP	9	8	11,300,000	2,750
3229	PRESSED & BLOWN GLASS & GWARE	4	22	698,000	2,710
2269	FINISHERS OF TEXTILES, NEC	8	1	9,970,000	2,660
3482	SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION	2	1	6,210	2,650

Table C-6. SIC Code Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

SIC Code	SIC Description	Major Dischargers	Minor Dischargers	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
1221	BITUMINOUS COAL & LIG, SURFACE	9	280	7,990,000,000	2,490
2834	PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS	13	34	24,300,000	2,380
3672	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	1	2	40,300	2,370
2892	EXPLOSIVES	4	9	13,500,000	2,270
2037	FROZEN FRTS, FRT JUICES & VEG	4	7	11,600,000	2,270
3731	SHIP BUILDING AND REPAIRING	5	46	677,000	2,220
2789	BOOKBINDING & RELATED WORK	1		624,000	2,190
2824	SYN ORG FIBERS,EXCEPT CELLULOS	8	2	8,770,000	2,090
4226	SPECIAL WAREHOUSING & STORAGE	2	68	320,000	2,000
2231	BROAD WOVEN FABRIC MILLS, WOOL	4	1	1,190,000	1,970
2869P		52		755	1,900
3568	POWER TRANSMISSION EQUIPMENT	1	4	21,800	1,850
3675	ELECTRONIC CAPACITORS	1	7	0.0544	1,850
3297	NONCLAY REFRACTORIES	1	6	166,000,000	1,780
4581	AIRPORTS, FLYING FIELDS & SER	3	48	614,000	1,560
2822	SYN RUBBER (VULCAN ELASTOMERS)	14	2	11,500,000	1,540
2221	BROAD WOVEN FABRIC MILLS, SYNT	4	12	592,000	1,520
3443	FAB PLATE WORK (BOILER SHOPS)	1	19	330,000	1,430
VCCAP		21		15.3	1,410
9511	AIR & WATER RES & SOL WSTE MGT	5	46	720,000	1,350
2611-3	PULP MILLS- Phase III	3		34,800,000	1,350
2411-1		1		46,500,000	1,290
5159	FARM-PRODUCT RAW MATERIALS	1		14,600,000	1,080
MPM		69		10,900,000	1,050
7999	AMUSEMENT AND RECREATION, NEC	1	102	133,000	1,050
2046	WET CORN MILLING	7	13	15,700,000	1,030
2952	ASPHALT FELT AND COATINGS	1	16	2,590,000	1,030
1479	CHEM & FERT MINERA MINING, NEC	1	9	12,700,000	980
2257	CIRCULAR KNIT FABRIC MILLS	3		3,570,000	956

Table C-6. SIC Code Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

SIC Code	SIC Description	Major Dischargers	Minor Dischargers	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
3562	BALL AND ROLLER BEARINGS	1	12	6,540,000	924
1099	METAL ORES, NEC	4	7	58,100,000	919
2823	CELLULOSIC MAN-MADE FIBERS	2	1	6,730,000	761
2252	HOSIERY, NEC	1		79,600	755
9611	ADMIN OF GENERAL ECONOMIC PRO	1	1	523,000	736
3111	LEATHER TANNING AND FINISHING	4	1	876,000	705
3356	ROLL, DRAW & EXTRUD NONFERROUS	4	3	1,080,000	535
2092	FRE OR FROZ PCK FISH, SEAFOOD	2	72	51,400,000	518
3721	AIRCRAFT	2	5	135,000	509
3089	PLASTICS PRODUCTS, NEC	4	29	2,070,000	486
8221	COLLEGES, UNIV & PROF SCHOOLS	2	53	5,390,000	481
3499	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS NEC	2	27	13,700	459
2062	CANE SUGAR REFINING	5	4	273,000,000	429
4011	RAILROADS, LINE HAUL OPERATING	2	71	66,900	347
2091	CANNED & CURED FISH & SEAFOOD	3	11	59,300,000	310
3743	RAILROAD EQUIPMENT	2	6	167,000	293
3523	FARM MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	1	18	58,600	286
2951	PAVING MIXTURES AND BLOCKS	2	52	271,000,000	279
3711	MOTOR VEHICLES & CAR BODIES	1	14	36,000	252
8731	COMMERCIAL PHYSICAL RESEARCH	4	27	2,040,000	242
2491	WOOD PRESERVING	1	45	25,800	235
1629	HEAVY CONSTRUCTION, NEC	1	15	29,100	231
3531	CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY	3	7	2,020	218
2892OC		1		494,000	200
3355	ALUMINUM ROLLING & DRAWING NEC	1	3	30,600	188
3489	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, NEC	2	5	1,110,000	187
2041	FLOUR & OTHER GRAIN MILL PROD	1	4	76,300	180
3613	SWITCHGEAR & SWITCHBOARD APPAR	2	3	1,560	177
3469	METAL STAMPINGS, NEC	2	4	12,700	170

Table C-6. SIC Code Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

SIC Code	SIC Description	Major Dischargers	Minor Dischargers	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
9512	LAND, MIN, WILDLIFE/FOREST CON	1	82	7,780	167
1623	H2O, SEW, PIPE & COM. & POWR	2	8	450,000	155
2253	KNIT OUTERWEAR MILLS	1		102,000	142
3354	ALUMINUM EXTRUDED PRODUCTS	2	5	18,800	137
9111	EXECUTIVE OFFICES	1	3	36,200	137
2047	DOG AND CAT FOOD	1	5	94,000	131
3011	TIRES AND INNER TUBES	4	24	92,200	127
2493	RECONSTITUTED WOOD PRODUCTS	4	17	8,090,000	124
3661	TELEPHONE/TELEGRAPH APPARATUS	1	3	286	118
3671	ELECTRON TUBES	1	1	2,310	112
2514	METAL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	1		3,690,000	112
2813	INDUSTRIAL GASES	1	62	20,000	109
2033	CANNED FRUITS, VEG, PRES, JAM	4	58	350,000	106
3949	SPORTING & ATHLETIC GOODS, NEC	1		4,370	104
2999	PROD OF PETROLEUM & COAL, NEC	6	16	453,000	99.4
4013	RAILROAD SWTCHING & TERM ESTAB	1	14	43,200	98.5
3663	RADIO & TV COMMUNICATION EQUIP	1	5	316,000	90.6
2035	PICKLED FRTS & VEG. SAUCES	2	7	3,260,000	84.7
3625	RELAYS AND INDUSTRIAL CONTROLS	3	8	92,500	84.3
4939	COMBINATION UTILITIES, NEC	2	26	15,400,000	83.8
2436	SOFTWOOD VENEER AND PLYWOOD	2	19	530,000	81.6
2891	ADHESIVES AND SEALANTS	2	12	1,180,000	74.2
2841	SOAP/DETERG EXC SPECIAL CLEANR	1	8	180,000	70.8
9999	NONCLASSIFIABLE ESTABLISHMENTS	2	361	11,900,000	68.7
3965	FASTENERS, BUTTONS, NEEDLES	1		698	67.6
3463	NONFERROUS FORGINGS	1	1	23,900	62
3352		1		317,000	61.8
2281	YARN SPIN MILLS:COTTON, MM FIB	3	8	83,500	60.7
921		3	104	1,940,000	53.4

Table C-6. SIC Code Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

SIC Code	SIC Description	Major Dischargers	Minor Dischargers	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
8733	NONCOMMERCIAL RESEARCH ORGANI	1	24	3,090,000	49.9
3812	SEARCH & NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT	2	5	857,000	49.2
2821P		40		393	44.1
9199	GENERAL GOVERNMENT, NEC	1	35	65,500	42.9
3728	AIRCRAFT PARTS AND EQUIP, NEC	1	7	145	42.2
3646	COMMERCIAL LIGHTING FIXTURES	1		1,740	40.2
2297	NONWOVEN FABRICS	1	3	90,500	40
5171	PETROLEUM BULK STATIONS & TERM	5	476	632,000	38.7
1044	SILVER ORES	1	3	201,000	38.4
3483	AMMUNIT., EXC. FOR SMALL ARMS	2	3	120,000	35.4
3412	METAL BARRELS, DRUMS AND PAILS	1	1	3,960	33.3
2023	CONDENSED AND EVAPORATED MILK	1	16	53,500	32.7
254		1	4	220,000	27.6
8734	COMMERCIAL TESTING LABORATORY	3	10	2,120,000	26.8
273		3	26	1,930,000	21.6
4959	SANITARY SERVICES, NEC	1	56	316,000	20.8
3545	MACHINE TOOL ACCESSORIES	1	2	7,530	17.1
3761	GUIDED MISSILES & SPACE VEHICL	1		157,000	16.7
1382	OIL AND GAS FIELD EXPLORATION	1	85	547,000	16.1
1422	CRUSHED AND BROKEN LIMESTONE	6	352	80,600,000	16.1
6512	OPER OF NONRESIDENTIAL BLDGS	2	81	65,600	13
3433	HEATING EQUIP, EXCEPT ELECTRIC	1	1	168,000	12.9
3325	STEEL FOUNDRIES, NEC	1	9	244,000	12.7
3497	METAL FOIL AND LEAF	1	2	7,330	10.6
2284	THREAD MILLS	1	1	440,000	10.4
1094	URANIUM-RADIUM-VANADIUM ORES	1	10	820,000	9.49
2843	SURF ACTIVE AGENT, FIN AGENTS	3	3	37,300	8.95
3083	LAMINATED PLASTICS PLATE/SHEET	2	3	65,200	8.76
3624	CARBON AND GRAPHITE PRODUCTS	4	7	109,000	8.71

Table C-6. SIC Code Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

SIC Code	SIC Description	Major Dischargers	Minor Dischargers	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
8063	PSYCHIATRIC HOSPITALS	1	10	17,100	8.05
2026	FLUID MILK	1	25	34,400,000	8
3559	SPECIAL INDUSTRY MACHINERY,NEC	2	10	103,000	7.84
3423	HAND AND EDGE TOOLS, NEC	1	5	68.7	7.8
3639PE		1		5,620	7.23
8062	GEN. MEDICAL/SURGICAL HOSPITAL	1	21	19,300	5.5
3585	REFRIGERATION & HEATING EQUIP	1	11	96,600	5.21
2865P		15		26.7	5.01
3533	OIL FIELD MACHINERY	1	11	27.5	4.14
4213	TRUCKING, EXCEPT LOCAL	2	7	79,600	3.76
3632	HOUSEHOLD REFRIG. & FREEZERS	1	2	1,420	2.4
2499	WOOD PRODUCTS, NEC	1	14	4,580,000	2.32
2141	TOBACCO STEMMING AND REDRYING	1	1	117,000	1.99
2048G		1		4,640	1.88
3251	BRICK AND STRUCTURAL CLAY TILE	1	13	478	1.84
2048	PREP FEEDS & INGRED FOR ANIMA	1	21	6,130	1.83
3053	GASKETS, PACKING & SEALING DEV	1	4	12,900	1.8
1311	CRUDE PETROLEUM & NATURAL GAS	2	126	6,370	1.76
2844	PERFUMES,COSMETICS,TOILET PREP	1	10	88,800	1.62
3262	VIT CHINA TABLE & KTCHN ARTICL	1	3	12,500	1.43
3996	HARD SURFACE FLOOR COVERINGS	1	3	17,600	1.41
3274	LIME	1	13	75,000	1.36
4789	TRANSPORTATION SERVICES, NEC	1	12	437,000	1.15
1222	BITUMINOUS COAL & LIG, UNDERGR	1	40	821,000	1.13
6552	LAND SUBDIVIDERS & DEV, EX CEM	1	362	118,000	0.852
2048m		1		109,000	0.512
3633	HOUSEHOLD LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT	1	3	5,150	0.51
3496	MISC. FABRICATED WIRE PRODUCTS	1	7	5,410	0.354
7384	PHOTOFINISHING LABORATORIES	1	1	3,590	0.0553

Table C-6. SIC Code Rankings for *PCSLoads2004_y4*

SIC Code	SIC Description	Major Dischargers	Minor Dischargers	Total Pounds Released	TWPE (lb-eq/yr)
2013	SAUSAGES & PREPARED MEAT PROD	1	18	7,040,000	0.0212
3567	INDUSTRIAL FURNACES AND OVENS	1	3	330	0.000958
2022	CHEESE, NATURAL AND PROCESSED	2	28	54,400	0.0000043
3679	ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, NEC	1	3	10,900	3.14E-06

Table C-7. Chemical Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
N150	DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE COMPOUNDS	151	3.3	14,130,608
333415	DIAZINON	3	10,287	6,401,500
333415	DIAZINON	3	10,287	6,401,500
N590	POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC COMPOUNDS	242	13,965	1,237,659
121755	MALATHION	2	10,288	576,211
121755	MALATHION	2	10,288	576,211
N020	ARSENIC AND ARSENIC COMPOUNDS	178	132,737	536,435
1918021	PICLORAM	2	237,426	492,452
N450	MANGANESE AND MANGANESE COMPOUNDS	1,103	6,840,135	481,771
7782505	CHLORINE	144	614,736	313,000
N420	LEAD AND LEAD COMPOUNDS	2,807	129,211	289,432
N100	COPPER AND COPPER COMPOUNDS	1,958	436,278	276,959
118741	HEXACHLOROBENZENE	19	133	259,214
92875	BENZIDINE	1	67	187,680
92875	BENZIDINE	1	67	187,680
N511	NITRATE COMPOUNDS	1,517	219,218,606	163,683
7723140	PHOSPHORUS (YELLOW OR WHITE)	7	4,462	93,706
N458	MERCURY AND MERCURY COMPOUNDS	464	716	83,840
1336363	POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS	9	2.4	82,986
75150	CARBON DISULFIDE	21	28,890	80,896
76448	HEPTACHLOR	2	9.0	76,938
57749	CHLORDANE	2	35	70,281
107131	ACRYLONITRILE	37	26,721	60,902
107131	ACRYLONITRILE	37	26,721	60,902
N740	SILVER AND SILVER COMPOUNDS	59	3,279	54,011
N982	ZINC AND ZINC COMPOUNDS	1,575	1,010,655	47,386
N078	CADMIUM AND CADMIUM COMPOUNDS	59	2,026	46,839
8001352	TOXAPHENE	1	1.2	34,520
8001352	TOXAPHENE	1	1.2	34,520
N725	SELENIUM AND SELENIUM COMPOUNDS	52	29,191	32,733
N495	NICKEL AND NICKEL COMPOUNDS	1,535	248,169	27,029
N770	VANADIUM AND VANADIUM COMPOUNDS	197	672,948	23,553
123319	HYDROQUINONE	14	14,033	17,880
7664417	AMMONIA	1,177	13,041,263	14,476

Table C-7. Chemical Rankings for *TRIRelases2004_v3*

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
N090	CHROMIUM AND CHROMIUM COMPOUNDS	1,322	153,774	11,640
N096	COBALT AND COBALT COMPOUNDS	226	95,317	10,893
528290	O-DINITROBENZENE	1	102,329	9,551
142596	NABAM	1	31,000	8,903
63252	CARBARYL	4	25	7,014
62737	DICHLORVOS	1	1.2	6,929
111444	BIS(2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	3	5,129	5,452
1912249	ATRAZINE	6	4,971	5,174
N760	THALLIUM AND THALLIUM COMPOUNDS	14	4,756	4,885
60515	DIMETHOATE	2	2,615	4,837
60515	DIMETHOATE	2	2,615	4,837
25376458	DIAMINOTOLUENE (MIXED ISOMERS)	6	14,219	4,817
108952	PHENOL	268	153,410	4,296
100254	P-DINITROBENZENE	1	28,100	3,449
128041	SODIUM DIMETHYLDITHIOCARBAMATE	17	38,643	3,230
107211	ETHYLENE GLYCOL	381	2,179,292	2,921
74908	HYDROGEN CYANIDE	9	2,546	2,742
79061	ACRYLAMIDE	18	5,224	2,712
N040	BARIUM AND BARIUM COMPOUNDS	471	1,317,406	2,623
120127	ANTHRACENE	15	1,023	2,603
107186	ALLYL ALCOHOL	10	30,246	2,570
128030	POTASSIUM DIMETHYLDITHIOCARBAMATE	1	2,682	2,503
106990	1,3-BUTADIENE	15	501	2,417
52686	TRICHLORFON	1	3.0	2,100
141322	BUTYL ACRYLATE	44	170,414	2,075
N1000	Sodium Nitrite (as N)	148	638,456	2,043
108883	TOLUENE	473	281,552	1,585
96184	1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	1	282	1,485
50000	FORMALDEHYDE	276	599,768	1,398
25321146	DINITROTOLUENE (MIXED ISOMERS)	2	28,703	1,236
8001589	CREOSOTE	32	8,509	1,218
117817	DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	40	4,416	1,125
75070	ACETALDEHYDE	161	480,931	1,060
7726956	BROMINE	3	79,817	972
91225	QUINOLINE	2	68	909

Table C-7. Chemical Rankings for *TRIReleases2004_v3*

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
88062	2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	3	1,728	860
N050	BERYLLIUM AND BERYLLIUM COMPOUNDS	20	721	762
N010	ANTIMONY AND ANTIMONY COMPOUNDS	191	59,720	732
10049044	CHLORINE DIOXIDE	4	4,402	704
75569	PROPYLENE OXIDE	19	32,754	695
71432	BENZENE	279	21,616	685
75218	ETHYLENE OXIDE	18	13,075	662
150505	MERPHOS	1	9.0	606
78488	S,S,S-TRIBUTYLTRITHIOPHOSPHATE	1	4.0	599
140885	ETHYL ACRYLATE	28	10,270	532
110543	N-HEXANE	194	14,543	512
87865	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	14	891	497
88857	DINITROBUTYL PHENOL	1	148	478
120809	CATECHOL	102	27,327	437
N106	CYANIDE COMPOUNDS	154	76,399	413
80159	CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE	5	58,276	385
106898	EPICHLOROHYDRIN	13	54,164	376
100447	BENZYL CHLORIDE	7	440	350
1319773	CRESOL (MIXED ISOMERS)	60	71,362	349
111422	DIETHANOLAMINE	76	175,721	308
95636	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	164	11,144	307
91203	NAPHTHALENE	211	18,711	297
127184	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	42	1,190	278
85018	PHENANTHRENE	19	892	263
7697372	NITRIC ACID	226	320,032	239
56235	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	12	678	232
56359	BIS(TRIBUTYLTIN) OXIDE	1	4.4	225
309002	ALDRIN	1	0.020	223
309002	ALDRIN	1	0.020	223
67561	METHANOL	572	15,195,249	222
62533	ANILINE	23	31,586	217
106478	P-CHLOROANILINE	3	7,183	201
123728	BUTYRALDEHYDE	6	48,104	201
82688	QUINTOZENE	1	5.0	193
82688	QUINTOZENE	1	5.0	193
126998	CHLOROPRENE	2	1,667	187
1330207	XYLENE (MIXED ISOMERS)	381	42,795	185

Table C-7. Chemical Rankings for TRIRelases2004_v3

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
101779	4,4'-METHYLENEDIANILINE	4	96,559	177
2164172	FLUOMETURON	1	1,736	170
42874033	OXYFLUORFEN	1	183	162
100425	STYRENE	110	11,307	159
92524	BIPHENYL	22	3,897	142
110827	CYCLOHEXANE	76	14,268	128
106934	1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	1	1.0	119
123911	1,4-DIOXANE	28	187,592	116
78875	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	6	2,921	115
121697	N,N-DIMETHYLANILINE	2	14,528	114
108054	VINYL ACETATE	53	25,903	104
122349	SIMAZINE	3	307	95
106467	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	4	1,231	94
64186	FORMIC ACID	84	254,276	94
137268	THIRAM	17	164	92
95954	2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL	1	4,689	84
95534	O-TOLUIDINE	4	322	82
137428	METHAM SODIUM	1	40	80
1897456	CHLOROTHALONIL	3	10	76
77474	HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	2	65	70
26002802	PHENOTHRIN	1	1.7	70
608935	PENTACHLOROBENZENE	5	17	66
62566	THIOUREA	2	2,020	63
107028	ACROLEIN	2	64	63
1313275	MOLYBDENUM TRIOXIDE	47	72,046	58
105679	2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	17	6,059	57
75014	VINYL CHLORIDE	12	246	57
N230	CERTAIN GLYCOL ETHERS	441	502,920	54
95476	O-XYLENE	13	11,323	49
124403	DIMETHYLAMINE	15	74,158	46
67663	CHLOROFORM	50	20,952	44
75092	DICHLOROMETHANE	76	38,352	39
108383	M-XYLENE	7	24,269	38
2212671	MOLINATE	1	115	36
1163195	DECABROMODIPHENYL OXIDE	38	3,899	33
75354	VINYLDENE CHLORIDE	6	66	31
100414	ETHYLBENZENE	264	20,643	29
79107	ACRYLIC ACID	50	183,265	28

Table C-7. Chemical Rankings for *TRIReleases2004_v3*

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
133062	CAPTAN	3	16	27
131113	DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	9	8,087	27
71363	N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	107	245,488	25
77736	DICYCLOPENTADIENE	12	5,382	25
77736	DICYCLOPENTADIENE	12	5,382	25
121448	TRIETHYLAMINE	29	161,288	24
107062	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	27	1,407	22
75650	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	26	679,536	21
101053	ANILAZINE	1	0.10	21
101053	ANILAZINE	1	0.10	21
87627	2,6-XYLIDINE	2	3,996	18
108452	1,3-PHENYLENEDIAMINE	3	40,442	15
35691657	1-BROMO-1-(BROMOMETHYL)-1,3-PROPANEDICARBONITRILE	1	473	15
79005	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	8	412	15
80057	4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL	30	6,180	15
98828	CUMENE	38	4,301	15
98828	CUMENE	38	4,301	15
15972608	ALACHLOR	1	9.0	14
110861	PYRIDINE	14	4,436	13
106423	P-XYLENE	5	2,797	13
106423	P-XYLENE	5	2,797	13
75058	ACETONITRILE	37	62,305	13
95501	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	9	1,250	13
74839	BROMOMETHANE	3	200	12
84742	DIBUTYL PHTHALATE	10	894	11
534521	4,6-DINITRO-O-CRESOL	1	96	10
961115	TETRACHLORVINPHOS	3	69	10
96333	METHYL ACRYLATE	13	789	10
120821	1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	5	345	8.8
107197	PROPARGYL ALCOHOL	3	222	8.6
74873	CHLOROMETHANE	25	1,587	8.5
108101	METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	63	55,012	8.4
108394	M-CRESOL	7	2,662	8.1
25321226	DICHLOROBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS)	2	960	7.9
68122	N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE	51	981,370	7.8
76131	FREON 113	2	1,309	7.7
1634044	METHYL TERT-BUTYL ETHER	75	85,815	7.2

Table C-7. Chemical Rankings for TRIRelases2004_v3

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
121142	2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	1	14	6.2
109864	2-METHOXYETHANOL	8	21,561	6.1
79016	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	45	310	5.9
330541	DIURON	2	12	5.6
7287196	PROMETRYN	2	62	5.4
541731	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	3	377	5.2
834128	AMETRYN	4	143	5.0
123386	PROPIONALDEHYDE	8	11,064	4.8
533744	DAZOMET	3	471	4.5
N084	CHLOROPHENOLS	1	76	4.2
106445	P-CRESOL	5	588	4.2
51285	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	1	502	4.1
60344	METHYL HYDRAZINE	1	69	4.0
120832	2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	2	35	3.5
82657043	BIFENTHRIN	1	0.0013	3.2
122394	DIPHENYLAMINE	5	137	3.1
87683	HEXACHLORO-1,3-BUTADIENE	1	4.5	2.9
100027	4-NITROPHENOL	2	555	2.7
78842	ISOBUTYRALDEHYDE	3	1,248	2.7
94757	2,4-D	6	295	2.3
630206	1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	3	36	2.3
108907	CHLOROBENZENE	19	715	2.1
55406536	3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	12	2,615	2.1
90437	2-PHENYLPHENOL	6	72	2.0
75003	CHLOROETHANE	11	595	1.9
101804	4,4'-DIAMINODIPHENYL ETHER	1	621	1.7
139139	NITRILOTRIACETIC ACID	1	14,494	1.6
1582098	TRIFLURALIN	1	0.23	1.5
98862	ACETOPHENONE	11	4,562	1.5
7664393	HYDROGEN FLUORIDE	46	230,981	1.3
96457	ETHYLENE THIOUREA	2	8.2	1.3
40487421	PENDIMETHALIN	2	7.0	1.2
108316	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	17	2,185	1.1
108316	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	17	2,185	1.1
4170303	CROTONALDEHYDE	1	60	1.0
71556	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	7	203	1.0
67721	HEXACHLOROETHANE	1	5.0	0.90

Table C-7. Chemical Rankings for TRIRelases2004_v3

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
67721	HEXACHLOROETHANE	1	5.0	0.90
55630	NITROGLYCERIN	3	21	0.85
540590	1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	2	537	0.78
80626	METHYL METHACRYLATE	58	2,588	0.78
80626	METHYL METHACRYLATE	58	2,588	0.78
108930	CYCLOHEXANOL	7	9,202	0.73
79345	1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	1	5.0	0.70
98953	NITROBENZENE	3	68	0.69
302012	HYDRAZINE	3	9.0	0.57
95487	O-CRESOL	2	181	0.54
107119	ALLYLAMINE	3	199	0.51
106503	P-PHENYLENEDIAMINE	5	3,257	0.50
1918167	PROPACHLOR	1	1.0	0.33
99650	M-DINITROBENZENE	1	2.0	0.28
78922	SEC-BUTYL ALCOHOL	22	21,316	0.28
110805	2-ETHOXYETHANOL	5	33,430	0.28
115071	PROPYLENE	5	286	0.20
7664939	SULFURIC ACID (1994 AND AFTER "ACID AEROSOLS" ONLY)	4	141	0.19
72178020	FOMESAFEN	2	2,342	0.17
79118	CHLOROACETIC ACID	2	175	0.14
109068	2-METHYLPYRIDINE	2	1,157	0.11
59669260	THIODICARB	1	0.050	0.10
4080313	1-(3-CHLOROALLYL)-3,5,7-TRIAZA-1-AZONIAADAMANTANE CHLORIDE	4	74	0.10
132649	DIBENZOFURAN	1	0.16	0.079
79469	2-NITROPROPANE	1	294	0.078
88755	2-NITROPHENOL	1	48	0.078
1918009	DICAMBA	1	5.0	0.075
759944	ETHYL DIPROPYLTHIOCARBAMATE	3	12	0.073
75694	TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	3	59	0.065
1563662	CARBOFURAN	1	1.0	0.061
74851	ETHYLENE	7	157	0.057
91087	TOLUENE-2,6-DIISOCYANATE	2	137	0.047
100016	P-NITROANILINE	1	75	0.042
75252	BROMOFORM	1	9.0	0.041
76017	PENTACHLOROETHANE	1	5.0	0.039
21087649	METRIBUZIN	2	27	0.037
75343	ETHYLIDENE DICHLORIDE	4	63	0.032

Table C-7. Chemical Rankings for *TRIReleases2004_v3*

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
74884	METHYL IODIDE	2	198	0.024
60355	ACETAMIDE	4	2,756	0.012
1929824	NITRAPYRIN	1	1.0	0.010
98884	BENZOYL CHLORIDE	2	5.0	0.0082
85449	PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	8	57	0.0073
75718	DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	2	10	0.0059
51235042	HEXAZINONE	1	9.0	0.0051
107051	ALLYL CHLORIDE	1	0.78	0.0026
584849	TOLUENE-2,4-DIISOCYANATE	1	5.0	0.0017
64902723	CHLORSULFURON	1	10	0.0012
77781	DIMETHYL SULFATE	1	0.15	0.0011
78886	2,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	1	2.0	0.0011
81889	C.I. FOOD RED 15	2	1.1	0.0010
64675	DIETHYL SULFATE	3	4.2	0.00028
101200480	TRIBENURON METHYL	1	2.9	0.00023
79210	PERACETIC ACID	3	73	0.00013
75558	PROPYLENEIMINE	1	5.0	0.000024
81072	SACCHARIN (MANUFACTURING, NO SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION)	1	1.0	0.000017
7429905	ALUMINUM (FUME OR DUST)	1	-	-

Table C-8. Chemical Rankings for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
N150	DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE COMPOUNDS	146	3.25	9,270,000
333415	DIAZINON	3	5,850	3,640,000
N590	POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC COMPOUNDS	258	6,580	461,000
121755	MALATHION	2	5,850	327,000
7782505	CHLORINE	140	511,000	260,000
N511	NITRATE COMPOUNDS	1568	224,000,000	168,000
118741	HEXACHLOROBENZENE	14	51.6	101,000
107131	ACRYLONITRILE	41	24,900	56,800
75150	CARBON DISULFIDE	19	16,700	46,700
8001352	TOXAPHENE	1	1.15	34,500
76448	HEPTACHLOR	2	2.42	20,600
123319	HYDROQUINONE	13	15,000	19,100
7664417	AMMONIA	1253	11,800,000	13,100
63252	CARBARYL	6	33.5	9,390
142596	NABAM	1	30,000	8,620
128030	POTASSIUM DIMETHYLDITHIOCARBAMATE	3	8,440	7,880
528290	O-DINITROBENZENE	1	84,300	7,870
62737	DICHLORVOS	1	1.24	6,930
82657043	BIFENTHRIN	4	2	5,100
108952	PHENOL	284	167,000	4,670
25376458	DIAMINOTOLUENE (MIXED ISOMERS)	7	13,200	4,480
1912249	ATRAZINE	6	4,120	4,290
128041	SODIUM DIMETHYLDITHIOCARBAMATE	15	38,600	3,230
100254	P-DINITROBENZENE	1	23,200	2,840
107211	ETHYLENE GLYCOL	377	2,100,000	2,810
57749	CHLORDANE	2	1.26	2,510
N1000	Sodium Nitrite (as N)	148	739,000	2,370
79061	ACRYLAMIDE	18	4,050	2,100
107186	ALLYL ALCOHOL	10	24,400	2,070
74908	HYDROGEN CYANIDE	7	1,760	1,900
50000	FORMALDEHYDE	282	673,000	1,570
120127	ANTHRACENE	16	609	1,550
106990	1,3-BUTADIENE	14	244	1,180
75070	ACETALDEHYDE	162	487,000	1,070
96184	1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	1	200	1,050
95534	O-TOLUIDINE	4	3,700	941
117817	DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	42	3,590	916
25321146	DINITROTOLUENE (MIXED ISOMERS)	2	18,100	779
10049044	CHLORINE DIOXIDE	3	4,220	675
75569	PROPYLENE OXIDE	21	31,800	674

Table C-8. Chemical Rankings for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
88062	2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	3	1,320	657
120809	CATECHOL	103	40,700	652
7726956	BROMINE	5	49,900	607
78488	S,S,S-TRIBUTYLTRITHIOPHOSPHATE	1	4	599
110543	N-HEXANE	216	16,300	576
91225	QUINOLINE	2	42.7	570
71432	BENZENE	295	16,500	523
107028	ACROLEIN	6	501	492
106898	EPICHLOROHYDRIN	15	70,100	487
111422	DIETHANOLAMINE	79	272,000	477
1897456	CHLOROTHALONIL	4	62.2	459
95636	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	178	16,400	452
140885	ETHYL ACRYLATE	29	8,700	450
N106	CYANIDE COMPOUNDS	161	77,100	416
7697372	NITRIC ACID	239	492,000	367
75218	ETHYLENE OXIDE	18	7,200	365
87865	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	18	643	359
1319773	CRESOL (MIXED ISOMERS)	62	72,900	357
91203	NAPHTHALENE	232	20,300	322
141322	BUTYL ACRYLATE	44	25,700	313
100447	BENZYL CHLORIDE	5	357	284
85018	PHENANTHRENE	23	898	265
1918021	PICLORAM	2	110	228
309002	ALDRIN	1	0.02	223
108883	TOLUENE	505	39,500	222
78875	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	5	5,590	220
42874033	OXYFLUORFEN	1	229	202
92524	BIPHENYL	18	5,430	198
123728	BUTYRALDEHYDE	7	47,200	197
82688	QUINTOZENE	1	5	193
1330207	XYLENE (MIXED ISOMERS)	398	36,200	156
100425	STYRENE	110	10,900	153
67561	METHANOL	582	10,400,000	152
122349	SIMAZINE	3	479	147
56235	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	8	386	132
110827	CYCLOHEXANE	81	14,000	126
80159	CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE	6	18,800	124
106934	1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	1	1	119
137268	THIRAM	15	210	119
64186	FORMIC ACID	84	315,000	117

Table C-8. Chemical Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v2*

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
108054	VINYL ACETATE	49	24,700	98.8
106467	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	5	1,270	97.3
121697	N,N-DIMETHYLANILINE	2	11,000	86.1
62533	ANILINE	22	12,400	85.4
126998	CHLOROPRENE	2	724	81.2
137428	METHAM SODIUM	1	40	80
26002802	PHENOTHRIN	1	1.78	74.6
67663	CHLOROFORM	46	34,100	70.8
75092	DICHLOROMETHANE	82	66,700	67.6
95954	2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL	1	3,510	62.5
105679	2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	18	6,630	62.4
1313275	MOLYBDENUM TRIOXIDE	59	71,300	57
56359	BIS(TRIBUTYLTIN) OXIDE	1	1.1	56.3
107062	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	24	2,810	44.5
106478	P-CHLOROANILINE	3	1,370	38.4
124403	DIMETHYLAMINE	16	60,800	37.8
2212671	MOLINATE	1	102	31.5
80057	4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL	37	13,300	31.4
79107	ACRYLIC ACID	51	204,000	31.1
75014	VINYL CHLORIDE	9	130	29.8
71363	N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	114	219,000	22.4
77736	DICYCLOPENTADIENE	8	4,760	22.2
75650	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL	32	690,000	21.8
106423	P-XYLENE	5	4,240	20.3
108452	1,3-PHENYLENEDIAMINE	3	49,200	18.7
133062	CAPTAN	3	11.2	18.4
131113	DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	8	5,550	18.3
121448	TRIETHYLAMINE	32	120,000	17.7
110861	PYRIDINE	12	5,690	17.2
77474	HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	1	15.2	16.4
100414	ETHYLBENZENE	284	11,000	15.6
87627	2,6-XYLIDINE	1	3,380	15
75058	ACETONITRILE	35	70,400	15
98828	CUMENE	45	4,440	15
35691657	1-BROMO-1-(BROMOMETHYL)-1,3-PROPANEDICARBONITRILE	1	468	15
121142	2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	1	31	13.8
608935	PENTACHLOROBENZENE	4	3.49	13.2
62566	THIOUREA	2	389	12.1
84742	DIBUTYL PHTHALATE	10	968	12
95501	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	7	1,120	11.7

Table C-8. Chemical Rankings for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
79016	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	57	599	11.4
108101	METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	67	71,900	11
961115	TETRACHLORVINPHOS	3	76.6	11
15972608	ALACHLOR	1	7	10.6
68359375	CYFLUTHRIN	1	0.05	10.5
109864	2-METHOXYETHANOL	7	34,400	9.71
542756	1,3-DICHLOROPROPYLENE	2	16.9	9.52
60515	DIMETHOATE	1	5	9.25
68122	N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE	48	1,100,000	8.78
79005	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	6	239	8.69
95476	O-XYLENE	15	1,890	8.24
534521	4,6-DINITRO-O-CRESOL	1	71.5	7.69
30560191	ACEPHATE	2	141	7.63
76131	FREON 113	3	1,230	7.23
120821	1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	2	283	7.21
96333	METHYL ACRYLATE	11	578	7.04
541731	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	3	464	6.4
74873	CHLOROMETHANE	23	1,160	6.21
330541	DIURON	3	12.6	5.66
107197	PROPARGYL ALCOHOL	3	140	5.45
123386	PROPIONALDEHYDE	10	11,800	5.08
1634044	METHYL TERT-BUTYL ETHER	69	60,000	5.06
834128	AMETRYN	4	143	5.04
108907	CHLOROBENZENE	18	1,610	4.74
533744	DAZOMET	5	477	4.53
108383	M-XYLENE	6	2,330	3.69
51285	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	1	433	3.52
N084	CHLOROPHENOLS	2	56	3.11
1582098	TRIFLURALIN	2	0.467	3.06
122394	DIPHENYLAMINE	5	129	2.93
40487421	PENDIMETHALIN	4	15.5	2.71
120832	2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	2	27.3	2.7
90437	2-PHENYLPHENOL	7	87.7	2.48
95807	2,4-DIAMINOTOLUENE	1	5	2.4
100027	4-NITROPHENOL	2	468	2.29
106445	P-CRESOL	4	275	1.95
90982324	CHLORIMURON ETHYL	1	66	1.85
55406536	3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	15	2,270	1.81
108394	M-CRESOL	7	575	1.75
80626	METHYL METHACRYLATE	58	5,160	1.55

Table C-8. Chemical Rankings for *TRIRelases2005_v2*

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
7664393	HYDROGEN FLUORIDE	53	276,000	1.55
21087649	METRIBUZIN	2	961	1.34
87683	HEXACHLORO-1,3-BUTADIENE	1	2	1.27
99650	M-DINITROBENZENE	1	8	1.13
60207901	PROPICONAZOLE	1	28	1.12
98862	ACETOPHENONE	10	3,350	1.12
302012	HYDRAZINE	4	17	1.07
7287196	PROMETRYN	2	10.6	0.922
67721	HEXACHLOROETHANE	1	5	0.903
79345	1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	2	6	0.845
78842	ISOBUTYRALDEHYDE	3	394	0.845
55630	NITROGLYCERIN	3	19.4	0.787
108930	CYCLOHEXANOL	8	9,410	0.749
101779	4,4'-METHYLENEDIANILINE	3	333	0.611
120718	P-CRESIDINE	1	250	0.559
106503	P-PHENYLENEDIAMINE	6	3,340	0.516
630206	1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	2	7.42	0.463
72178020	FOMESAFEN	3	5,780	0.432
95487	O-CRESOL	2	123	0.368
1563662	CARBOFURAN	3	6.07	0.367
110805	2-ETHOXYETHANOL	5	35,100	0.29
78922	SEC-BUTYL ALCOHOL	25	20,100	0.267
78886	2,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	1	470	0.263
71556	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	5	51.5	0.242
90040	O-ANISIDINE	1	250	0.242
98953	NITROBENZENE	5	22.6	0.232
74851	ETHYLENE	6	463	0.169
132649	DIBENZOFURAN	3	0.34	0.167
759944	ETHYL DIPROPYLTHIOCARBAMATE	3	17.8	0.108
59669260	THIODICARB	1	0.05	0.104
109068	2-METHYLPYRIDINE	2	1,010	0.098
51235042	HEXAZINONE	1	173	0.0976
88755	2-NITROPHENOL	1	59	0.0957
76017	PENTACHLOROETHANE	2	12	0.0933
1918009	DICAMBA	1	5	0.0751
64902723	CHLORSULFURON	1	567	0.0662
107119	ALLYLAMINE	2	17.9	0.0454
75343	ETHYLIDENE DICHLORIDE	2	65	0.0334
100016	P-NITROANILINE	1	57	0.0314
74884	METHYL IODIDE	3	179	0.0216

Table C-8. Chemical Rankings for *TRIReleases2005_v2*

CAS Number	Chemical Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Releases to Water (Direct and/or Indirect)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
91087	TOLUENE-2,6-DIISOCYANATE	2	60	0.0205
25321226	DICHLOROBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS)	1	2	0.0164
108316	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	17	22.2	0.0111
85449	PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE	12	66.7	0.00853
60355	ACETAMIDE	3	990	0.00417
107051	ALLYL CHLORIDE	1	0.782	0.00262
79118	CHLOROACETIC ACID	2	2.62	0.00211
584849	TOLUENE-2,4-DIISOCYANATE	1	5	0.0017
540590	1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	1	1	0.00146
77781	DIMETHYL SULFATE	1	0.152	0.00113
81889	C.I. FOOD RED 15	2	1.07	0.00103
64675	DIETHYL SULFATE	3	4.06	0.000277

Table C-9. Chemical Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

PRAM Code	Pollutant Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant (Majors Only)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
DIOXI	DIOXIN	51	0.0142	10,000,000
FLUOR	FLUORIDE	173	39,700,000	1,390,000
SULF	SULFIDE	189	294,000	823,000
ALUM	ALUMINUM	224	12,500,000	806,000
ARSEN	ARSENIC	242	155,000	625,000
MERC	MERCURY	322	5,280	618,000
82698	TCDD EQUIVALENTS	6	0.00085	598,000
SELEN	SELENIUM	189	489,000	548,000
CHLOR	CHLORINE	688	984,000	501,000
CU	COPPER	857	569,000	362,000
BORON	BORON	59	1,990,000	353,000
IRON	IRON	427	61,500,000	344,000
PCB	POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCB)	40	9.92	338,000
CHROM	CHROMIUM	584	2,970,000	224,000
LEAD	LEAD	551	97,200	218,000
CADM	CADMIUM	284	9,350	216,000
39370	DDT	1	23.6	192,000
39700	HEXACHLOROBENZENE	172	93.8	183,000
ZINC	ZINC	837	3,220,000	151,000
39500	PCB-1248 (AROCHLOR 1248)	24	12.6	115,000
CN	CYANIDE	342	87,700	97,900
SILVR	SILVER	194	4,420	72,700
00208	CHLORINE, TOTAL RESIDUAL (DSG. TIME)	13	130,000	66,400
MOLY	MOLYBDENUM	40	322,000	65,000
39120	BENZIDINE	20	22.7	63,800
32102	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	174	136,000	46,700
CL	CHLORIDE	162	1,890,000,000	45,900
34247	BENZO(A)PYRENE	179	423	42,600
00620	NITROGEN, NITRATE TOTAL (AS N)	108	12,500,000	39,900
MN	MANGANESE	136	530,000	37,300
N	NITROGEN, AMMONIA	768	29,700,000	33,000
NICKL	NICKEL	438	237,000	25,800
39496	PCB-1242 (AROCHLOR 1242)	27	2.15	19,600
00625	NITROGEN, KJELDAHL TOTAL (AS N)	145	8,500,000	19,400
TIN	TIN	29	63,300	19,100
39504	PCB-1254 (AROCHLOR 1254)	28	1.82	16,600
00630	NITRITE PLUS NITRATE TOTAL 1 DET. (AS N)	109	4,600,000	14,700

Table C-9. Chemical Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

PRAM Code	Pollutant Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant (Majors Only)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
CHRM6	CHROMIUM, HEXAVALENT	194	25,200	13,000
77041	CARBON DISULFIDE	7	3,560	9,970
39420	HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	18	0.545	8,580
VANAD	VANADIUM	41	230,000	8,050
01257	CYANIDE (A)	1	7,170	8,010
SO4	SULFATE	168	1,210,000,000	6,790
03824	TRIBUTYLTIN	5	78.3	6,090
MG	MAGNESIUM	16	4,130,000	3,570
00730	THIOCYANATE (AS SCN)	2	26,400	3,210
PHENL	PHENOL & PHENOLICS	444	104,000	2,920
77835	HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE (BHC) TOTAL	2	38.7	2,720
34242	BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	168	81.5	2,500
00949	FLUORIDE	2	69,600	2,440
34526	BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	171	77.8	2,390
AMMON	AMMONIA	72	2,080,000	2,310
34230	BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE (3,4-BENZO)	116	75.2	2,310
34320	CHRYSENE	167	72.6	2,250
39100	BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	202	8,250	2,100
34418	METHYL CHLORIDE	169	384,000	2,060
39508	PCB-1260 (AROCHLOR 1260)	27	0.219	2,000
00937	POTASSIUM, TOTAL (AS K)	6	1,710,000	1,800
39032	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	48	3,210	1,790
39380	DIELDRIN	22	0.159	1,680
39492	PCB-1232 (AROCHLOR 1232)	20	0.178	1,630
DnF	DIOXIN AND DIOXIN-LIKE CMPDS	1	0.000126	1,330
34381	FLUORENE	170	1,680	1,180
81313	HYDRAZINE	17	18,700	1,170
34273	BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	17	1,020	1,080
THALL	THALLIUM	44	910	935
00615	NITROGEN, NITRITE TOTAL (AS N)	39	261,000	835
39570	DIAZINON	5	1.13	700
77969	CHLORPYRIFOS	1	5.04	695
BA	BARIUM	65	290,000	578
34215	ACRYLONITRILE	161	248	566
70314	DACONIL (C8CL4N2)	1	69.9	516
34210	ACROLEIN	16	440	431
77700	CARBARYL TOTAL	1	1.45	407
BHCG	BHC-GAMMA	22	5.7	401

Table C-9. Chemical Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

PRAM Code	Pollutant Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant (Majors Only)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
71875	HYDROGEN SULFIDE	7	133	372
00698	BORIC ACID	1	520,000	312
34469	PYRENE	166	3,320	309
77165	HYDROQUINONE	1	233	296
NA	SODIUM	20	52,700,000	289
BHCA	BHC-ALPHA	20	2.48	284
34376	FLUORANTHENE	171	219	281
LITH	LITHIUM	7	22,000	265
34220	ANTHRACENE	162	86.6	220
TETRA	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	217	936	219
46313	PHORATE	1	2.02	198
CO	COBALT	23	1,660	190
01154	TUNGSTEN, TOTAL	3	36,100	189
BERYL	BERYLLIUM	46	156	164
ANTMN	ANTIMONY	71	12,000	148
71871	BROMINE REPORTED AS THE ELEMENT	3	12,100	147
DCM	DICHLOROMETHANE	219	144,000	146
BENZ	BENZENE	233	3,490	110
TITAN	TITANIUM	21	3,360	98.4
34696	NAPHTHALENE	203	6,160	97.8
BHCB	BHC-BETA	19	2.74	90.3
34461	PHENANTHRENE	173	305	90
CALC	CALCIUM	6	2,980,000	83.4
71855	NITROGEN, NITRITE TOTAL (AS NO2)	4	23,500	75.3
82088	TERBUFOS (COUNTER) TOTAL	1	4.71	64.7
39480	METHOXYCHLOR	1	0.317	62.8
CHCL3	CHLOROFORM	260	25,800	53.6
39175	VINYL CHLORIDE	177	215	49.3
TOL	TOLUENE	230	7,840	44.1
71850	NITROGEN, NITRATE TOTAL (AS NO3)	6	53,400	39.9
39702	HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	56	47.7	30.2
34396	HEXACHLOROETHANE	161	115	20.8
34403	INDENO (1,2,3-CD) PYRENE	24	0.595	18.2
39410	HEPTACHLOR	20	0.00209	17.8
TRICH	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	236	886	16.9
32101	DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	24	498	16.4
71800	UREA	2	142,000	16
01082	STRONTIUM,TOTAL (AS SR)	18	714,000	15.8
74015	PHENOLS, CHLORINATED	3	50.4	15.3
39161	ALACHLOR (BRAND NAME-LASSO)	1	8.49	12.9

Table C-9. Chemical Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

PRAM Code	Pollutant Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant (Majors Only)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
34556	DIBENZO (A,H) ANTHRACENE	20	0.406	12.5
34596	DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	17	25.5	11.8
32105	DIBROMOCHLORO- METHANE	14	261	11.6
00386	OZONE - RESIDUAL	1	24.4	10.9
71880	FORMALDEHYDE	11	3,930	9.17
30383	BENZENE,ETHYLBENZENETOLUENE,XYLENE COMBN	21	777	8.37
34205	ACENAPHTHENE	167	208	6.78
34200	ACENAPHTHYLENE	165	797	6.71
34391	HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	106	10.5	6.65
81597	METHYL METHACRYLATE	2	21,400	6.43
39110	DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	171	447	5.56
77164	RESORCINOL	1	31,000	5.43
77881	TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE	1	152	4.6
34438	N-NITROSODIMETHYL- AMINE	15	22.7	4.25
38533	PROPABHLOR (RAMROD) DISSOLVED	1	11.2	3.69
46225	CHLORIDE	1	136,000	3.3
34101	NITROGLYCERIN BY GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY	3	79.1	3.21
85813	TOLYTRIAZOLE	2	1,680	3.03
32104	BROMOFORM	24	567	2.59
CLETH	CHLOROETHANE	160	563	1.8
81551	XYLENE	34	394	1.7
34371	ETHYLBENZENE	170	1,200	1.7
34447	NITROBENZENE	163	161	1.65
81596	METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE (MIBK)	5	9,580	1.47
38693	BROMODICHLOROMETHANEEFFLUENT	4	35.3	1.16
34301	CHLOROBENZENE	179	245	0.72
34341	DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	156	217	0.716
34413	METHYL BROMIDE	16	9.78	0.584
34292	BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	19	23.5	0.575
77093	CIS-1,2-DICHLORO- ETHYLENE	5	75.4	0.553
81549	TETRACHLOROETHANE, TOTAL	1	3.8	0.535
81590	HEXANE	3	13.3	0.47
34336	DIETHYL PHTHALATE	162	681	0.468
00613	NITRITE NITROGEN, DISSOLVED (AS N)	1	135	0.433
34488	TRICHLOROFLUORO- METHANE	7	363	0.4
39356	METOLACHLOR	1	13.6	0.39
39770	DACTHAL	1	4.53	0.346
BHCD	BHC-DELTA	15	9.31	0.33

Table C-9. Chemical Rankings for PCSLoads2004_v4

PRAM Code	Pollutant Name	Number of Facilities Reporting Pollutant (Majors Only)	Total Pounds Released	Total TWPE
77089	ANILINE	9	38.9	0.267
81552	ACETONE	18	30,700	0.26
77885	METHANOL, TOTAL	7	17,800	0.259
81524	DICHLOROBENZENE	6	25.7	0.211
77015	ISOPROPANOL	5	35.7	0.2
81607	TETRAHYDROFURAN	6	2,090	0.189
STYRN	STYRENE	10	11.9	0.167
00151	NITROGEN, AMMONIA PER CFS OF STREAMFLW	1	148	0.165
34306	CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	7	3.6	0.16
34408	ISOPHORONE	16	113	0.123
39053	ALDICARB	1	0.122	0.0735
38528	POLY-NUCLEAR AROMATICS (POLYRAM)	2	8.33	0.0729
37371	ETHYL BENZENE	25	49.6	0.0701
77860	BUTACHLOR	1	6.68	0.0492
22417	METHYL TERT-BUTYL ETHER	10	544	0.046
34668	DICHLORODIFLUORO- METHANE	4	51.4	0.0305
77004	ETHANOL	4	43.3	0.0253
77117	ISOPROPYL ETHER	5	36.2	0.0221
77045	PYRIDINE	6	7.28	0.022
TRANS	TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	173	215	0.0198
81585	ETHYL ACETATE	5	26.4	0.0154
81405	CARBOFURAN	2	0.195	0.0118
77030	DIETHYLAMINE	3	36.3	0.0102
78113	ETHYL BENZENE	4	6.68	0.00944
73207	ACETONITRILE	2	36.3	0.00773
81360	TRINITROTOLUENE (TNT), TOTAL	4	0.288	0.00625
77111	TRIETHYLAMINE	6	35.7	0.00526
04146	ISOPROPYL ACETATE, TOTAL EFFLUENT	2	36.3	0.0025
81553	ACETOPHENONE	5	1.65	0.000552
77042	DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE TOTAL	4	78.7	0.00013
82196	HEXAMETHYL- PHOSPHORAMINE(HMPA)	1	6.13	0.000046
77003	DIMETHYLAMINE	1	0.0593	0.0000369