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stimate a facility's potential to emit. It is provided for the convenience of the permitted community. EPA does not guarantee the accuracy or appropriateness of this tor sources are subject to revision or correction. It is the permittee's responsibility to verify the accuracy of the information. EPA is not liable for errors or omissions.

Enter the facility's information below.

Write the letter "Y" or "N" next to each fuel type to indicate that the facility does or does not burn that type of fuel.

The potential emissions of criteria pollutants for the facility will be displayed under the "Output - Criteria" tab.

This PTE calculator is only applicable to the asphalt plants subject to NSPS, Subpart I (i.e. all PM emission units are controlled) and only applicable to the asphalt plants with the dryers controlled by dry filters. The emission factors for the dryers controlled by scrubbers are not included in this spreadsheet since the use of scrubbers to control asphalt plants are rare.

If you are NOT subject to NSPS, Subpart I, the PM/PM10/PM2.5 emission factors in this spreadsheet need to be revised to be based on the uncontrolled emission factors

Facility Profile

Type of Plant- Plant Capacity- Burner Size- Fuels Used in Dryer	200.00 53	Drum (tons/hr) (MMBtu/hr)		Select "Drum" or "Batch" from the drop-down menu. 73,000 tons/month. Per Condition 17 of the HMA GP, a facility operating a drum mix 876,000 tons/yr asphalt plant that is co-located with a concrete batch plant is
Natural Gas-	Υ	(Y or N)		
Liquid Fuel (distillate, diesel, etc.)	n	(Y or N)		
Max Lime Usage-	1%	(weight %)	Default = 1%	
Max Hourly Lime Loading-	25	(ton)	Default = 25	
Bin Vent Efficiency-	98%	(%)	Default = 98%	
Aggregate				
Max. RAP Used-	10%	(%)	Default = 50%	RAP = Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement
# of Virgin Agg. Conveyors-	4	(#)		
# of Virgin Agg. Screens-	1	(#)		
# of RAP Conveyors-	1	(#)		
# of RAP Screens-	0	(#)		
Aggregate Moisture-	2.5	(%)	Default = 1.8%	
Auxiliary Heaters Capacity - Fuels Used	1	(MMBtu/hr)	Total	
Natural Gas-	Υ	(Y or N)		
Propane-	N	(Y or N)	Sulfur %	
Liquid Fuel (distillate, diesel, etc.)	N	(Y or N)	0.0015 Default = 0.0015	
Generator/Engine Size- Fuels Used	0	(hp)	Sulfur %	Note: Engines that are considered portable nonroad engines do not need to be included (see 40 CFR 1068.30)
Diesel-	Υ	(Y or N)	0.0015 Default = 0.0015	
Other Parameters				
Asphalt Properties				
Temperature-	300	(F)	Default = 325	
Volatility-	-0.5	(unitless)	Default = -0.5	
Weather				
Mean Wind Speed-	15	(MPH)	Worse Case = 15	

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Type of Mixer: Drum Mix

PTE (ton/yr)

Process	NO _X	CO	VOC	PM	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂
Dryer/Mixer	11.4	56.9	14.0	14.5	10.1	1.27	1.49
Load-out/Silo Filling	-	1.15	7.53	0.73	0.73	0.73	-
Conveying	-	-	-	13.14	4.82	4.82	-
Screening	-	-	-	0.96	0.32	0.02	-
Storage Piles	-	-	-	3.17	1.50	0.23	-
Lime Silo Loading	-	-	-	4.82	4.82	4.82	-
Auxiliary Heater	0.43	0.36	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.0
Engine/Generator	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total PTE	11.82	58.45	21.57	37.28	22.29	11.92	1.49

Note: Dryer/Mixer PTE reflect the 73,000 ton/month (876,000 ton/yr) production limit in the Hot Mix Asphalt General Permit 20.23

Maximum Fuel Usage					
Operation Description	gal/year	gal/month			
Diesel Engine	0	0			

Process	NOx	CO	PM	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	VOC
	(tpy)						
Dryer/Drum Mixer	11.39	56.94	14.45	10.07	1.27	1.49	14.02
Load-out/Silo Filling	-	1.15	0.73	0.73	0.73	-	7.53
Conveying	-	-	13.14	4.82	4.82	-	-
Screening	-	-	0.96	0.32	0.02	-	-
Storage Piles	-	-	3.17	1.50	0.23	-	-
Lime Silo Loading	-	-	4.82	4.82	4.82	-	-
Auxiliary Heater	0.43	0.36	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.02
Total	11.82	58.45	37.28	22.29	11.92	1.49	21.57
Minor NSR Permitting Thresho	10	10	10	5	3	10	5

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Emissions from Drum Mix Hot Mix Asphalt Production - Criteria Pollutants

Facility Capacity:

200 ton/hr

Purple values are pulled from other workshe Blue values are results

Worst Case Totals

3	PTE	
Pollutant	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)
PM	6.60	28.91
PM ₁₀	8.25	20.15
PM _{2.5}	0.58	2.54
SO ₂	0.68	2.98
NO_X	5.20	22.78
CO	26.00	113.88
VOC	6.40	28.03

PTE					
Pollutant Emission Factor Emiss					
Poliularil	(lb/ton)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)		
PM	0.033	6.60	28.91		
PM ₁₀	0.023	8.25	20.15		
		Pollutant	Pollutant		

tons/yr 14.454

10.074

Note: These are the emission factors for the dryers controlled by dry filters.

PTE of PM _{2.5}		PTE					
	Dollutont	Pollutant Emission Factor Emissions					
	Pollutant	(lb/ton)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)			
	PM _{2.5}	0.0029	0.58	2.54			
Note: This is the emis	Note: This is the emission features the drawn assembled by drawfilters						

tons/yr 1.2702

Note: This is the emission factor for the dryers controlled by dry filters.

SO ₂ /NO _X /CO	PTE								
	Natural Gas					Liquid Fuel			
	Pollutant	Emission Factor	Emiss	Emissions Pollutant Emission Factor Er		Emiss	sions		
	Pollularii	(lb/ton)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)	Poliularii	(lb/ton)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)	
	SO ₂	0.0034	0.68	2.98	SO ₂	0.011	0.00		
	NO_X	0.026	5.20	22.78	NO_X	0.038	0.00		
	CO	0.13	26.00	113.88	CO	0.13	0.00		
	CO	0.13	26.00	113.00	CO	0.13	0.00		

tons/yr	
1.49	
11.39	
56.94	

Natural Gas

VOC	PTE			
	Dollutont	Emission Factor	Emissions	
	Pollutant	(lb/ton)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)
	VOC	0.032	6.40	28.03

14.016

Note:

- 1. Emission factors are from AP-42, Chapter 11.1, Tables 11.1-3, 11.1-4, 11.1-7, and 11.1-8 for Hot Mix Asphalt Plants (updated 03/2004), except for NOx -see Note 2.
- 2. NOx emission factor for liquid fuel based on Technical Support Document for Asphalt Plants by Washington's Department of Ecology (updated
- 01/2011). Value based on 20 sets of performance test data 75th percentile plus 10%.

Methodology

PTE (lb/hr) = Facility Capacity (ton/hr) x EF (lb/ton) PTE (ton/yr) = PTE (lbs/hr) x 8760 hr/yr x 1 ton/2000 lb

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7.53

Emissions from Load-Out and Silo Filling Operations - Criteria Pollutants

1.7188

0.2625

200 Facility Capacity (ton/hr)

VOC

CO

300 Temp (used to calculate EF)
-0.5 Volatility (used to calculate EF)

 Pollutant
 PTE

 Pollutant
 (lb/hr)
 (ton/yr)

 PM
 0.1661
 0.73

 PM₁₀
 0.1661
 0.73

 PM_{2.5}
 0.1661
 0.73

Purple values are pulled from other worksheet Blue values are results

Load-Out	Pollutant	Emission Factor 1	PTI	
	1 Ollutarit	(lb/ton)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)
	Total PM	0.000363	0.0726	0.32
	PM_{10}^{2}	0.000363	0.0726	0.32
	$PM_{2.5}^{2}$	0.000363	0.0726	0.32
	VOC ³	0.002087	0.4175	1.83
	CO	0.000720	0.1441	0.63

Silo Filling	Pollutant	Emission Factor ¹	PTI	
	Foliutarit	(lb/ton)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)
	Total PM	0.000468	0.0935	0.41
	PM ₁₀ ²	0.000468	0.0935	0.41
	$PM_{2.5}^{2}$	0.000468	0.0935	0.41
	VOC ³	0.006507	1.3014	5.70
	CO	0.000592	0.1184	0.52

Note:

- 1. Emission factors are from AP-42, Chapter 11.1, Tables 11.1-14 and 11.1-16 for Hot Mix Asphalt Plants (Updated 03/04).
- 2. Assume PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} emissions are equal to PM emissions.
- 3. According to AP-42, Table 11.1-16, 94% of the TOC emissions from load-out operations are VOC. 100% of the TOC emissions from silo filling operations are

Methodology

PTE (lb/hr) = Facility Capacity (ton/hr) x EF (lb/ton)

PTE (ton/hr) = PTE (lbs/hr) x 8760 hr/yr x 1 ton/2000 lb

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Emissions from Aggregate Handling Operations

Facility Capacity (tons/hr)

Max. RAP Used (%)

of Virgin Agg. Conveyors (#)

of Virgin Agg. Screens (#)

of RAP Conveyors (#)

Purple values are pulled from other worksheet Blue values are results

		PTE
	Pollutant	(tons/yr)
Conveying Total	PM	13.14
	PM ₁₀	4.82
	PM _{2.5}	4.82
Screening Total	PM	0.96
	PM ₁₀	0.32
	PM _{2.5}	0.02

of RAP Screens (#)

Conveying					Controlled								
					PM PM ₁₀						PM _{2.5} ²		
Table 11.19.2-2	Source	Number of Units	Max. Capacity	Emission Factor ¹	PTI		Emission Factor ¹	PT	Έ	Emission Factor ¹	PTE		
(8/04)	Source	Number of Office	(ton/hr/unit)	(lbs/ton)	(lbs/hr/unit)	(tons/yr)	(lbs/ton)	(lbs/hr/unit)	(tons/yr)	(lbs/ton)	(lbs/hr/unit)	(tons/yr)	
	Virgin Agg. Conveyors	4	180	0.0030	0.540	10.51	0.0011	0.198	3.85	0.0011	0.198	3.85	
	RAP Conveyors	1	20	0.0030	0.060	2.63	0.0011	0.022	0.96	0.0011	0.022	0.96	

Screening					Controlled									
					PM		PM_{10}			PM _{2.5}				
Table 11.19.2-2	Source	Number of Units	Max. Capacity	Emission Factor ¹	Limited	PTE	Emission Factor ¹	Limited	d PTE	Emission Factor ¹	Limited	PTE		
(8/04)	Source	Number of Office	(ton/hr/unit)	(lbs/ton)	(lbs/hr/unit)	(tons/yr)	(lbs/ton)	(lbs/hr/unit)	(tons/yr)	(lbs/ton)	(lbs/hr/unit)	(tons/yr)		
	Virgin Agg. Screens	1	180	0.0011	0.198	0.96	0.00037	0.067	0.32	0.000025	0.005	0.02		
	RAP Screens	0	20	0.0011	0.022	0.00	0.00037	0.007	0.00	0.000025	0.001	0.00		

Note:

Methodology

PTE (lb/hr/unit) = Max. Capacity (ton/hr/unit) x EF (lb/ton)

PTE (ton/yr) = PTE (lbs/hr/unit) x 8760 (hr/yr) x 1 ton/2000 lb x Number of Units

^{1.} Emission factors are from AP-42, Chapter 11.19, Table 11.19.2-2 for Crushed Stone Processing and Pulverized Mineral Processing (Updated 08/04). The emission factors selected are the ones with controlled since this facility is subject to NSPS, Subpart I.

^{2.} Assume $PM_{2.5}$ emissions are equal to PM_{10} emissions.

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Emissions from Storage Piles

200	Facility Capacity (tons/hr)	
1,752,000	Max. Annual Production (ton/yr), based	on the operation of 8760 hr/yr.
2.5	Agg. Moisture (%)	Purple values are pulled from other worksheet
15	Mean Wind Speed (MPH)	Blue values are results

According to AP42, Chapter 13.2.4 - Aggregate Handling and Storage Piles (updated 11/06), the particulate emission factors for storage piles can be estimated from the following equation:

Ef =
$$\frac{\text{k x } 0.0032 \text{ x } (\text{U/5})^{1.3}}{(\text{M/2})^{1.4}}$$

where:

 $Ef = Emission Factor (lbs/ton) \\ k = Particle size multipliers = \\ U = Mean wind speed (MPH) = \\ M = Moisture content (%) = \\ 0.74 for PM, 0.35 for PM₁₀, and 0.053 for PM_{2.5} \\ 15 MPH (provided by the facility) \\ 2.5 % (provided by the facility)$

	Emission Factor	Control Efficiency ¹	PTE
Pollutant	(lb/ton)	(%)	(tons/yr)
PM	0.00723	50%	3.17
PM ₁₀	0.00342	50%	1.50
PM _{2.5}	0.00052	50%	0.23

Note:

1. Since this facility is subject to NSPS, Subpart I, the particulate emissions control efficiency for storage piles is assumed to be 50%.

Methodology

PTE (ton/yr) = Max. Annual Production (ton/yr) x EF (lb/ton) x 1 ton/2000 lb x (1-Control Efficiency)

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Lime Silo Loading

25 Max. Hourly Load (ton/hr) 98% Bin Vent Control Efficiency (%) Purple values are pulled from o Blue values are results

Lime Silo Loading		Controlle	ed (8,760 hr/yr	·)	
	Pollutant	Emission Factor	Control Eff.	P	ΓΕ
	Pollularii	(lb/ton)	%	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)
	PM	2.2	98%	1.100	4.82
	PM_{10}^{2}	2.2	98%	1.100	4.82
	PM _{2.5} ²	2.2	98%	1.100	4.82

Note:

- 1. Emission factors are from AP-42, Chapter 11.17, Table 11.17-4 for Lime Manufacturing (Updated 02/98)(SCC 3-05-016-15).
- 2. Assume PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} emissions are equal to PM emissions.

Methodology

PTE (lb/hr) = Max. Hourly Load (ton/hr) x EF (lb/ton) x (1-Control Eff.)

PTE (ton/hr) = PTE (lb/hr) x 8760 hr/yr x 1 ton/2000 lbs

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Emissions from Auxiliary Heaters - Criteria Pollutants

1 Heat Input (MMBtu/hr)

Purple values are pulled from other workshe Blue values are results

Worst Case PTE (ton/yr)

PM	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	NO_X	CO	VOC
0.01	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.43	0.36	0.02

Fuel Type:

Natural Gas Used:	Υ						
				Pollutant			
	PM	PM ₁₀ ²	PM _{2.5} ³	SO ₂	NO_X	CO	VOC
Emission Factor ¹ (lb/MMSCF)	1.9	7.6	7.6	0.6	100	84	5.5
PTE (ton/yr)	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.43	0.36	0.02

Note:

- 1. Emission factors are from AP-42, Chapter 1.4, Tables 1.4-1 and 1.4-2 (updated 07/98).
- 2. PM₁₀ emission factor is condensable and filterable PM combined. PM emission factor is for filterable PM only.
- 3. Assume PM_{2.5} emissions are equal to PM₁₀ emissions.

Methodology

PTE (ton/yr) = Heat Input (MMBtu/hr) x 1 MMSCF/1,020 MMBtu x EF (lb/MMSCF) x 8760 hr/yr x 1 ton/2000 lb

Fuel Type:

Propane	Used:	N	Sulfur Content: 0.00 %						
					Pollutant				
		PM	PM_{10}^{2}	PM _{2.5} ³	SO ₂	NO_X	CO	VOC	
Emission Factor ¹ (lbs/kgal)		0.2	0.7	0.7	0	13	7.5	1.0	
PTE (ton/yr)		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	

Note:

- 1. Emission factors are from AP-42, Chapter 1.5, Tables 1.5 (updated 07/08).
- 2. PM₁₀ emission factor is condensable and filterable PM combined. PM emission factor is for filterable PM only.
- 3. Assume $PM_{2.5}$ emissions are equal to PM_{10} emissions.

Methodology

PTE (ton/yr) = Heat Input (MMBtu/hr) x 1 kgal/91.5 MMBtu x EF (lb/kgal) x 8760 hr/yr x 1 ton/2000 lb

Fuel Type:

Liquid Fuel	Used:	N	N Sulfur Content: 0.002 %						
					Pollutant				
		PM	PM ₁₀ ²	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	NO_X	CO	VOC	
Emission Factor ¹ (lb/kgal)		2.0	3.3	2.55	0.213	20	5.0	0.34	
PTE (ton/yr)		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	

Note:

- 1. Emission factors are from AP-42, Chapter 1.3, Tables 1.3-1, 1.3-2, and 1.3-3 for Fuel Oil Combustion (updated 05/10).
- $2.\ PM_{10}$ emission factor is condensable and filterable PM combined. PM emission factor is for filterable PM only.

Methodology

PTE (ton/yr) = Heat Input (MMBtu/hr) x 1 kgal/140 MMBtu x EF (lb/kgal) x 8760 hr/yr x 1 ton/2000 lb

Emissions from Generator/Engine - Criteria Pollutants

Engine Size: Purple values are pulled from other worksheet

Blue values are results

Diesel Used:

Worst Case PTE (ton/yr)

PM	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	NO _X	CO	VOC
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Engine Type:

Diesel Engine (<= 600 hp) Used: Y

210001 <u>2119110 (1 000 11</u> p)							
				Pollutant			
	PM ²	PM ₁₀	$PM_{2.5}^{2}$	SO ₂	NO_X	CO	VOC ₃
Emission Factor ¹ (lbs/hp-hr)	2.20E-03	2.20E-03	2.20E-03	2.05E-03	3.10E-02	6.68E-03	2.47E-03
PTE (ton/yr)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

- 1. Emission factors are from Chapter 3.3, Table 3.3-1 (updated 10/96).
- 2. Assume PM and $PM_{2.5}$ emissions are equal to PM_{10} emissions.
- 3. Assume TOC (total organic compounds) emissions equal to VOC emissions.

Methodology

PTE (ton/yr) = Engine Capacity (hp) x EF (lb/hp-hr) x 8760 hr x 1 ton/2000 lb

Engine Type:

Diesel (> 600 hp)

Used: N

Sulfur Content:

0.00 %

	Pollutant						
	PM	PM ₁₀	$PM_{2.5}^{2}$	SO ₂	NO_X	CO	VOC ₃
Emission Factor ¹ (lbs/hp-hr)	0.0007	0.0007	0.0007	1.21E-05	0.024	5.50E-03	7.05E-04
Limited PTE (ton/yr)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

- 1. Emission factors are from Chapter 3.4, Tables 3.4-1 and 3.4-2 for Large Stationary Diesel and Dual Fuel Engines (updated 10/96).
- 2. Assume PM_{2.5} emissions are equal to PM₁₀ emissions.
- 3. Assume TOC (total organic compounds) emissions equal to VOC emissions.

PTE (ton/yr) = Engine Capacity (hp) x EF (lb/hp-hr) x 8760 hr x 1 ton/2000 lb

Fuel Usage (gal/yr)	0

Methodology:

Fuel Usage (gal/yr) = Total Engine Horsepower (hp) x 8,760 hr/yr x 7,000 Btu/hp-hr x 1 lb fuel/19,300 Btu x 1 gal/7.1 lb