Docket No. CAA-10-2021-0132, Filed June 29, 2021 at 10:38 am PST, US EPA Region 10, Regional Hearing Clerk

BEFORE THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

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In the Matter of:

D.D.M. Imports, Inc.

Airway Heights, WA

Respondent.

DOCKET NO. CAA-10-2021-0132 CONSENT AGREEMENT

I. <u>STATUTORY AUTHORITY</u>

1.1. This Consent Agreement is issued under the authority vested in the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") by Section 205(c)(1) of the Clean Air Act ("CAA"), 42 U.S.C. § 7524(c)(1).

1.2. Pursuant to Section 205(c)(1) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7524(c)(1), and in accordance with the "Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties," 40 C.F.R. Part 22, EPA issues, and D.D.M. Imports, Inc. ("Respondent") agrees to issuance of, the Final Order attached to this Consent Agreement ("Final Order").

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II. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

2.1. In accordance with 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.13(b) and 22.18(b), issuance of this Consent Agreement commences this proceeding, which will conclude when the Final Order becomes effective.

2.2. The Director of the Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division, EPA Region 10 ("Complainant") has been delegated the authority pursuant to Section 205(c)(1) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7524(c)(1), to sign consent agreements between EPA and the party against whom an administrative penalty for violations of the CAA is proposed to be assessed.

2.3. Part III of this Consent Agreement contains a concise statement of the factual and legal basis for the alleged violations of the CAA together with the specific provisions of the CAA and the implementing regulations that Respondent is alleged to have violated.

III. <u>ALLEGATIONS</u>

CAA Title II, Subpart A

3.1. This proceeding arises under CAA Title II, Subpart A, 42 U.S.C. §§ 7521–7554, and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

3.2. These laws were enacted to reduce air pollution from mobile sources, including particulate matter ("PM"), non-methane hydrocarbons ("NMHC"), oxides of nitrogen ("NO_X"), and carbon monoxide ("CO.").

3.3. The CAA requires EPA to prescribe and revise, by regulation, standards applicable to the emission of any air pollutant from new motor vehicles or engines that cause or contribute to air pollution which may reasonably be anticipated to endanger public health or welfare. CAA § 202(a)(1) and (3)(B), 42 U.S.C. § 7521(a)(1) and (3)(B).

3.4. As required by the CAA, the emission standards must "reflect the greatest degree of emission reduction achievable through the application of [available] technology." CAA § 202(a)(3)(A)(i), 42 U.S.C. § 7521(a)(3)(A)(i).

3.5. Under Section 202 of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7521, EPA has promulgated emission standards for PM, NMHC, NO_X, and CO applicable to motor vehicles and motor vehicle engines, including heavy-duty diesel ("HDD") trucks, based on a vehicle's or engine's class and model year. See generally 40 C.F.R. Part 86.

3.6. Definitions:

a. Auxiliary emission control device ("AECD") means "any element of design which senses temperature, vehicle speed, engine RPM [revolutions per minute], transmission gear, manifold vacuum, or any other parameter for the purpose of activating, modulating, delaying, or deactivating the operation of any part of the emission control system." 40 C.F.R. §§ 86.082-2, 86.1803-01.

b. "Element of Design" means "any control system (*i.e.*, computer software, electronic control system, emission control system, computer logic) and/or control system calibrations, and/or the results of systems interaction, and/or hardware items on a motor vehicle engine." 40 C.F.R. §§ 86.094-2, 86.1803-01.

c. "Manufacturer" means any person engaged in the manufacturing or assembling of new motor vehicles, new motor vehicle engines, new nonroad vehicles or new nonroad engines, or importing such vehicles or engines for resale, or who acts for and is under the control of any such person in connection with the distribution of new motor vehicles, new motor vehicle engines, new nonroad vehicles or new nonroad engines, but shall not include any dealer with respect to new motor vehicles, new motor vehicle engines, new nonroad vehicles or new nonroad engines received by him in commerce. CAA § 216(1), 42 U.S.C. § 7550(1).

d. "Motor vehicle" means any self-propelled vehicle designed for transporting persons or property on a street or highway. CAA § 216(2), 42 U.S.C. § 7550(2).

e. "New motor vehicle" or "new motor vehicle engine" means, with respect to imported vehicles or engines, a motor vehicle and engine, respectively, manufactured after the effective date of a regulation issued under 42 U.S.C. § 7521 which is applicable to such vehicle or engine (or which would be applicable to such vehicle or engine had it been manufactured for importation to the United States). CAA § 216(3), 42 U.S.C. § 7550(3).

f. "Onboard diagnostic" ("OBD") is a standard system requirement in modern motor vehicles and motor vehicle engines and must detect and report malfunctions of all monitored emission-related powertrain systems or components through a network of sensors installed throughout a motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine. See CAA § 202(m), 42 U.S.C. § 7521(m); see also 40 C.F.R. §§ 86.007-17, 86.010-18, 86.1806-05.

g. "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, state, municipality, political subdivision of a state, and any agency, department, or instrumentality of the United States and any officer, agent, or employee thereof. CAA § 302(e), 42 U.S.C. § 7602(e).

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3.7. To ensure that every new motor vehicle or engine legally sold, offered for sale, imported, delivered for introduction into commerce, or introduced into commerce in the United States satisfies applicable emission standards, EPA runs a certification program.

3.8. With certain exceptions not relevant here, manufacturers of new motor vehicles or motor vehicle engines must obtain a certificate of conformity from EPA to sell, offer to sell, or introduce or deliver for introduction into commerce any new motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine in the United States. See CAA § 203(a)(1), 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(1); see also 40 C.F.R. § 86.007-30.

3.9. The certificates of conformity issued to motor vehicle and motor vehicles engine manufacturers (also known as "original equipment manufacturers" or "OEMs") certify that a particular group of motor vehicles or motor vehicle engines conforms to applicable EPA requirements governing motor vehicle emissions. CAA § 206(a), 42 U.S.C. § 7525(a).

3.10. To obtain a certificate of conformity for a given motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine test family, the OEM must demonstrate that each motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine will not exceed established emissions standards for PM, NMHC, NO_X, CO, and other pollutants. See 40 C.F.R. §§ 86.004-21, 86.007-11, 86.094-21, 86.1844-01.

3.11. The application for a certificate of conformity must include, among other things, identification of the covered engine family, a description of the motor vehicle or engine and its emission control systems, all AECDs and the engine parameters they sense, as well as test results from a test vehicle or engine showing that it satisfies the applicable emission standards. See 40 C.F.R. §§ 86.004-21, 86.007-21, 86.094-21, 86.1844-01.

3.12. A vehicle is covered by a certificate of conformity only if the vehicle is as described in the manufacturer's application for the certificate of conformity "in all material respects." See 40 C.F.R. §§ 86.098-23(e)(1), 86.1848-10(c)(6).

3.13. The CAA prohibits manufacturers of new motor vehicles or new motor vehicle engines from selling, offering for sale, introducing into commerce, or delivering for introduction into commerce, or causing any of the foregoing, or in the case of any person, from importing or causing another to import a new motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine to the United States unless that new motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine is covered by an EPA-issued certificate of conformity. CAA § 203(a)(1), 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(1).

3.14. Manufacturers employ certain hardware devices as emission control systems to manage and treat exhaust to reduce levels of regulated pollutants from being created or emitted into the ambient air and meet the emission standards in 40 C.F.R. Part 86. Such devices include exhaust gas recirculation, diesel oxidation catalysts, diesel particulate filters, and selective catalytic reduction. For example:

a. "Exhaust gas recirculation" ("EGR") is an element of design in dieselfueled motor vehicles that reduces NO_X emissions, which are formed at the high temperatures caused during fuel combustion. By recirculating exhaust gas through the engine, EGR reduces engine temperature and NO_X emissions. HDD OEMs generally design and build motor vehicles and motor vehicle engines using EGR systems to meet NO_X standards. See 40 C.F.R. §§ 86.004-11, 86.007-11.

b. "Diesel oxidation catalyst" ("DOC") is an element of design in dieselfueled motor vehicles that reduces CO and NMHCs in the exhaust into their less harmful components. HDD OEMs generally design and build motor vehicles and motor vehicle engines using DOC systems to meet CO and NMHC emission standards. See 40 C.F.R. §§ 86.004-11, 86.007-11.

In the Matter of: D.D.M. Imports, Inc. Docket Number: CAA-10-2021-0132 Consent Agreement Page 6 of 16 c. "Diesel particulate filter" ("DPF") is an element of design in diesel-fueled motor vehicles that reduces PM emissions by collecting soot contained in engine exhaust gas. Proper operation of the DPF requires periodic regeneration of the filter to prevent accumulated PM from clogging the filler. HDD OEMs began designing and building HDD using DPFs in 2007 in order to meet more stringent PM emission standards. See 40 C. F.R. §§ 86.007-11.

d. Selective catalytic reduction ("SCR") is element of design that reduces NO_X emissions by chemically converting exhaust gas that contains NO_X into nitrogen and water through the injection of diesel exhaust fluid. Diesel exhaust fluid ("DEF") must be periodically refilled, which requires sensors in the DEF tank to communicate with the OBD system to ensure that the SCR is properly controlling NO_X emissions. HDD OEMs generally design and build HDD using SCR systems in order to meet current NO_X standards. See 40 C.F.R. § 86.007-11.

3.15. EPA is authorized by Section 205 of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7524, to assess administrative penalties, or to bring a civil action in federal district court seeking civil penalties, up to the statutory maximum of \$25,000 for each violation of the CAA, which in this case applies with respect to each importation of a motor vehicle/engine in violation of CAA Section 203(a)(1), 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(1).

3.16. Under CAA Section 205(a), 42 U.S.C. § 7524(a), and 40 C.F.R. Part 19, the statutory maximum penalty has been increased to \$48,762 for each violation that occurred on or after November 2, 2015.

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3.17. EPA may administratively assess a civil penalty if the penalty sought is less than
\$390,092 for violations that occurred on or after November 2, 2015. CAA § 205(c)(1), 42 U.S.C.
§ 7524(c)(1); 40 C.F.R. Part 19.

General Allegations

3.18. Respondent is organized under the laws of the State of Washington and registered to do business in Washington.

3.19. Respondent is a "person" as defined in CAA Section 302(e), 42 U.S.C. § 7602(e).

3.20. Respondent imports motor vehicles, including HDD trucks, from Canada to the United States.

3.21. In April 2020, Respondent and EPA entered into an Expedited Settlement Agreement assessing a civil penalty of \$2,400 to resolve allegations that Respondent had imported or caused to be imported into the United States a motor vehicle that was not covered by an EPA-issued certificate of conformity, in violation of CAA Section 203(a)(1), 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(1).

3.22. In October 2020, Respondent and EPA entered into a Consent Agreement and Final Order assessing a civil penalty of \$65,000 to resolve allegations that Respondent had imported or caused to be imported into the United States three motor vehicles that were not covered by EPA-issued certificates of conformity, in violation of CAA Section 203(a)(1), 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(1).

Violation 1

3.23. On November 15, 2020, Respondent imported or caused to be imported from Canada to the United States a 2017 model year Ford F-350 ("Subject Vehicle #1").

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3.24. Ford Motor Company ("Ford") obtained a certificate of conformity from EPA for engine family HFMXD06.771D that included the 2017 model year Ford F-350 ("2017 Ford Certificate of Conformity").

3.25. The 2017 Ford Certificate of Conformity states that the certificate covers only those new motor vehicles that conform in all material respects to the design specifications provided to EPA in the certificate application.

3.26. Ford certified in its application materials for the 2017 Ford Certificate of Conformity that the subject engine and vehicle would comply with the requirements of the CAA by the operation and maintenance of emission control technologies including EGR, DOC, DPF, and SCR, as well as a number of sensors associated with each of these technologies.

3.27. On the date of its importation to the United States by Respondent, Subject Vehicle #1 was a "new motor vehicle" as defined in CAA Section 216(3), 42 U.S.C. § 7550(3).

3.28. Based on an inspection of the Subject Vehicle by Officers from the United States Department of Homeland Security, Customs and Border Protection ("CBP") after importation to the United States, the sensors certified by the OEM to be installed on the emission control system, including the temperatures sensors, differential pressure sensor, and NO_X sensor on the exhaust system, were not connected to Subject Vehicle #1's OBD system. This was evidenced by the fact that sensors had been completely removed from the vehicle's exhaust system.

3.29. Because the sensors on the exhaust system were not connected to Subject Vehicle #1's OBD system, the emission control equipment on Subject Vehicle #1 will not function as described by Ford in its application for the 2017 Ford Certificate of Conformity.

3.30. In addition, the DEF tank on Vehicle #1 showed signs of tampering (cracked bottom, tool markings) while the dashboard indicator displayed a full DEF tank, which is indicative of reprograming of the certified engine control unit configuration.

3.31. At the time of importation to the United States by Respondent, Subject Vehicle #1 was not as described in Ford's application for the 2017 Ford Certificate of Conformity in all material respects and thus was not covered by the 2017 Ford Certificate of Conformity.

3.32. Subject Vehicle #1 was also not covered by any other certificate of conformity at the time of its importation to the United States by Respondent.

3.33. The importation of Subject Vehicle #1 in the United States was not exempt from the requirement to be covered by a certificate of conformity under CAA Section 203(b),
42 U.S.C. § 7522(b), or under any regulation promulgated under CAA Title II, Parts A or C.

3.34. Therefore, on November 15, 2020, Respondent violated CAA Section 203(a)(1),
42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(1), by importing or causing to be imported Subject Vehicle #1 to the United States.

Violation 2

3.35. On November 16, 2020, Respondent imported or caused to be imported from Canada to the United States a 2015 model year Ford F-350 ("Subject Vehicle #2").

3.36. Ford obtained a certificate of conformity from EPA for engine family FFMXD06.771D that included the 2015 model year Ford F-350 ("2015 Ford Certificate of Conformity").

3.37. The 2015 Ford Certificate of Conformity states that the certificate covers only those new motor vehicles that conform in all material respects to the design specifications provided to EPA in the certificate application.

3.38. Ford certified in its application materials for the 2015 Ford Certificate of Conformity that the subject engine and vehicle would comply with the requirements of the CAA by the operation and maintenance of emission control technologies including ERG, DOC, DPF, and SCR, as well as a number of sensors associated with each of these technologies. 3.39. On the date of importation to the United States by Respondent, Subject Vehicle#2 was a "new motor vehicle" as defined in CAA Section 216(3), 42 U.S.C. § 7550(3).

3.40. Based on an inspection of the Subject Vehicle by Officers from the CBP after importation to the United States, the sensors certified by Ford to be installed on the emission control system, including the temperatures sensors, differential pressure sensor, and NOX sensor on the exhaust system, were not connected to Subject Vehicle #2's OBD system. This was evidenced by the fact that the wiring to the sensors had been cut.

3.41. Because the sensors on the exhaust system were not connected to Subject Vehicle #2's OBD system, the emission control equipment on Subject Vehicle #2 will not function as described by Ford in its application for the 2015 Ford Certificate of Conformity.

3.42. In addition, the DPF certified by Ford to be installed on the emission control system had been rendered inoperative in Subject Vehicle # 2 by completely removing the ceramic filter material.

3.43. Because the DPF on Subject Vehicle # 2's engine had been rendered inoperative, the emission control system on Subject Vehicle # 2 will not function as described in the 2015 Ford Certificate of Conformity.

3.44. At the time of importation to the United States by Respondent, Subject Vehicle #2 was not as described in Ford's application for the 2015 Ford Certificate of Conformity in all material respects and thus was not covered by the 2015 Ford Certificate of Conformity.

3.45. Subject Vehicle #2 was also not covered by any other certificate of conformity at the time of its importation to the United States by Respondent.

3.46. The importation of Subject Vehicle #2 to the United States was not exempt from the requirement to be covered by a certificate of conformity under CAA Section 203(b),
42 U.S.C. § 7522(b), or under any regulation promulgated under CAA Title II, Parts A or C.

3.47. Therefore, on November 16, 2020, Respondent violated CAA Section 203(a)(1),
42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(1), by importing or causing to be imported Subject Vehicle #2 to the United States.

Penalty Authority

3.48. Under CAA Section 205(a), 42 U.S.C. § 7524(a), and 40 C.F.R. Part 19, EPA may assess a civil penalty of up to \$48,762 for each violation that occurred on or after November 2, 2015.

IV. TERMS OF SETTLEMENT

4.1. Respondent admits the jurisdictional allegations of this Consent Agreement.

4.2. Respondent neither admits nor denies the specific factual allegations and legal conclusions contained in this Consent Agreement.

4.3. In determining the amount of penalty to be assessed, EPA has taken into account the factors specified in CAA Section 205(c)(2), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(c)(2). After considering these factors, EPA has determined and Respondent agrees that an appropriate penalty to settle this action is \$66,622 (the "Assessed Penalty").

4.4. Respondent agrees to pay the Assessed Penalty within 30 days of the effective date of the Final Order.

4.5. Payments under this Consent Agreement and the Final Order may be paid by check (mail or overnight delivery), wire transfer, ACH, or online payment. Payment instructions are available at: http://www2.epa.gov/financial/makepayment. Payments made by a cashier's check or certified check must be payable to the order of "Treasurer, United States of America" and delivered to the following address:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Fines and Penalties Cincinnati Finance Center P.O. Box 979077 St. Louis, Missouri 63197-9000

Respondent must note on the check the title and docket number of this action.

4.6. Concurrently with payment, Respondent must serve photocopies of the check, or proof of other payment method, described in Paragraph 4.5 on the Regional Hearing Clerk and

EPA Region 10 at the following addresses:

Regional Hearing Clerk	John Keenan
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	Region 10, Mail Stop 20-C04
Region 10, Mail Stop 11-C07	1200 Sixth Avenue, Suite 155
1200 Sixth Avenue, Suite 155	Seattle, Washington 98101
Seattle, Washington 98101	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
R10_RHC@epa.gov	Keenan.john@epa.gov

4.7. If Respondent fails to pay any portion of the Assessed Penalty in full by its due

date, the entire unpaid balance of penalty and accrued interest shall become immediately due and owing. If such a failure to pay occurs, Respondent may be subject to a civil action pursuant to CAA Section 205(c)(6), 42 U.S.C. § 7524(c)(6), to collect the Assessed Penalty under the CAA. In any collection action, the validity, amount, and appropriateness of the Assessed Penalty shall not be subject to review.

4.8. If Respondent fails to pay any portion of the Assessed Penalty in full by its due

date, Respondent shall be responsible for payment of the following amounts:

a. Interest. Any unpaid portion of the Assessed Penalty shall bear interest at the rate established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 6621(a)(2) from the effective date of the

Final Order, provided, however, that no interest shall be payable on any portion of the

Assessed Penalty that is paid within 30 days of the effective date of the Final Order contained herein.

b. Attorneys' Fees, Collection Costs, Nonpayment Penalty. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7524(c)(6), should Respondent fail to pay the Assessed Penalty and interest on a timely basis, Respondent shall also be required to pay the United States' enforcement expenses, including attorneys' fees and costs for collection proceedings, and a quarterly nonpayment penalty for each quarter during which such failure to pay persists. Such nonpayment penalty shall be in an amount equal to ten percent of the aggregate amount of Respondent's outstanding penalties and nonpayment penalties which are unpaid as of the beginning of such quarter.

4.9. The Assessed Penalty, including any additional costs incurred under Paragraph 4.8, represents an administrative civil penalty assessed by EPA and shall not be deductible for purposes of federal taxes.

4.10. The undersigned representative of Respondent certifies that he or she is authorized to enter into the terms and conditions of this Consent Agreement and to bind Respondent to this document.

4.11. The undersigned representative of Respondent also certifies that Respondent has put into place measures to ensure compliance with CAA Section 203(a)(1), 42 U.S.C.

§ 7522(a)(1).

4.12. Except as described in Paragraph 4.8, each party shall bear its own costs and attorneys' fees in bringing or defending this action.

4.13. For the purposes of this proceeding, Respondent:

a. Expressly waives any affirmative defenses and the right to contest the allegations contained in this Consent Agreement and to appeal the Final Order;

b. Acknowledges that this Consent Agreement and the Final Order will be available to the public and agrees that it does not contain any confidential business information or any personally identifiable information;

c. Certifies that the information it has supplied concerning this matter was at the time of submission true, accurate, and complete; and

d. Acknowledges that there are significant penalties for knowingly submitting false, fictious, or fraudulent information, including the possibility of fines and imprisonment (see 18 U.S.C. § 1001).

4.14. The provisions of this Consent Agreement and the Final Order shall bind Respondent, its successors and assigns, and other entities or persons otherwise bound by law. In any action related to this Consent Agreement and Final Order, Respondent shall not raise as a defense the failure by any of its officers, directors, employees, agents, or contractors to take any actions necessary to comply with the provisions of this Consent Decree.

4.15. Respondent consents to the issuance of any specified compliance or corrective action order, to any conditions specified in this Consent Agreement, and to any stated permit action.

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4.16. The above provisions in Part IV are STIPULATED AND AGREED upon by

Respondent and EPA Region 10.

DATED:

FOR RESPONDENT:

Dillon Ellis Date: 2021.06.25 07:13:59-07'00'

DILLON ELLIS, President D.D.M. Imports, Inc.

DATED:

FOR COMPLAINANT:

EDWARD KOWALSKI 16:26:39-07'00'

EDWARD J. KOWALSKI, Director Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division EPA Region 10

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BEFORE THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

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In the Matter of: D.D.M. Imports, Inc. Airway Heights, WA Respondent. DOCKET NO. CAA-10-2021-0132 FINAL ORDER

1.1. The Administrator has delegated the authority to issue this Final Order to the Regional Administrator of EPA Region 10, who has redelegated this authority to the Regional Judicial Officer in EPA Region 10.

1.2. The terms of the foregoing Consent Agreement are ratified and incorporated by reference into this Final Order. Respondent is ordered to comply with the terms of settlement.

1.3. The Consent Agreement and this Final Order constitute a settlement by EPA of all claims for civil penalties under the CAA for the violations alleged in Part III of the Consent Agreement. In accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 22.31(a), nothing in this Final Order shall affect the right of EPA or the United States to pursue appropriate injunctive or other equitable relief or criminal sanctions for any violations of law. This Final Order does not waive, extinguish, or otherwise affect Respondent's obligations to comply with all applicable provisions of the CAA and regulations promulgated or permits issued thereunder and any applicable implementation plan requirements.

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1.4. This Final Order shall become effective upon filing with the Regional Hearing

Clerk.

SO ORDERED this _____ day of _____, 2021.

RICHARD MEDNICK Digitally signed by RICHARD MEDNICK Date: 2021.06.28 12:19:09 -07'00'

RICHARD MEDNICK Regional Judicial Officer EPA Region 10

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Certificate of Service

The undersigned certifies that the original of the attached CONSENT AGREEMENT AND FINAL ORDER, In the Matter of: D.D.M. Imports, Inc., Docket No.: CAA-10-2021-0132, was filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk and served on the addressees in the following manner on the date specified below:

The undersigned certifies that a true and correct copy of the document was sent by electronic mail to:

Julie Vergeront U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 10, Mail Stop 11-C07 1200 Sixth Avenue, Suite 155 Seattle, Washington 98101 Vergeront.Julie@EPA.gov

Further, the undersigned certifies that a true and correct copy of the aforementioned document was sent by electronic mail to:

Hannah Posen Attorney for D.D.M. Imports, Inc. Sidley Austin LLP One South Dearborn Chicago, Illinois 60603 hposen@sidley.com

DATED this ____ day of _____, 2021.

TERESA	Digitally signed by TERESA YOUNG
YOUNG	Date: 2021.06.29
	/ 10:37:29 -07'00'

TERESA YOUNG Regional Hearing Clerk EPA Region 10