

Analytical Method for PFAS in Environmental Media: CWA-1633

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PFAS Analytical Methods

- Drinking Water Methods
 - EPA 537.1
 - EPA 533
- Non-Drinking Water Methods
 - SW-846 Method 8327 Direct Injection
 - Draft CWA-1633—Isotope Dilution
- PFAS Analysis in Marine Waters
- PFAS Analysis in Fish Tissue
- Total Organofluorine Analysis using Combustion Ion Chromatography (TOF)
- Total Oxidizable Precursors (TOP)
- Summary of EPA PFAS Methods as of April 2021



Types of Standard Methods

Three broad categories of EPA Standard Methods:

- Safe Drinking Water Act Methods
- Clean Water Act Methods
- SW846 Methods

These are generally targeted methods for solids and water.



Non-Drinking Water Sample Methods: CWA-1633/SW-846 Method—Isotope Dilution

Build in flexibility

Columns

Flution schemes

Single laboratory validated and released as draft CW-1633 in Sept 2021

- Collaborative effort among DoD, EPA Office of Water, EPA Office of Land and Emergency Management, and **EPA ORD**
- Multi-laboratory validation will start in 2021
- Method being developed in accordance SW-846 protocols for method development

Target Quantitation Limits: 1-10 nanogram/L

Matrices include:

- Wastewater (influent and effluent)
- Groundwater
- Surface water

- Landfill leachate
- Soil
- Sediment

- Biosolids
- Fish tissue





Non-Drinking Water Sample Methods: CWA-1633/SW-846 Method—*Isotope Dilution*

More complex method relative to direct injection; however, will:

- be more robust for complex matrices (e.g., wastewater influents, biosolids). Account for matrix effects (e.g., sorption) through isotopically-labelled standard recoveries;
- afford options to meet DoD requirements; and
- allow users to perform lower-level analyses based on screening results (e.g., 8327, TOF).

40 PFAS analytes - includes all analytes listed in 537.1, 533, and SW-846 8327

Non-drinking water samples

- Surface water, groundwater, wastewater
- Landfill leachates
- Solids (soils, sediments, biosolids, tissues)





Summary: EPA PFAS Methods, April 2021

EPA has validated Standard Methods complete or in development for PFAS in water

- Final SDWA Methods 533 and 537.1 for available for drinking water (29 PFAS)
- SW-846 Method 8327 validated for non-potable water (24 PFAS)
- Method in CWA-1633 completed single lab and undergoing multi lab validation for non-potable water/solids (40 PFAS). SW-846 determination to follow.

EPA has or is developing additional methods for partner use

- Fish Tissue Isotope dilution method for 13 PFAS has been used in national surveys
- Serum Isotope dilution method (targeted and non-targeted) used in biomonitoring
- Ambient air and emissions Sampling and analysis methods undergoing development and testing
- Total Organic Precursors (TOP) Identify total PFAS load which may degrade to most persistent PFAS
- Total Organic Fluorine (TOF) Potential rapid screening tool to identify total PFAS presence/absence
- Nontargeted analysis Continued development and application of HRMS methods for discovery of novel PFAS, suspect screening analysis, and identification of transformation and end products.



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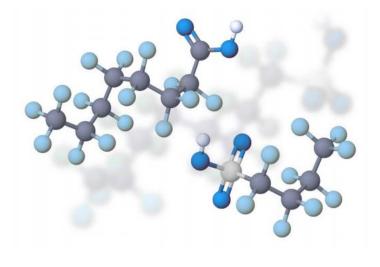
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EPA 823R18004 | February 2019 | www.epa.gov/pfas

EPA's Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) Action Plan



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