UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION VII
11201 RENNER BOULEVARD
LENEXA, KANSAS 66219

AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE
NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of the Clean Water Act, as amended, (33 U.S.C. § 1251, et. seq.; the Act), authorization is given to:

Sebade Farms
1698 B Ave.
Emerson, NE 68733
Permit Number NE0135712

to discharge from a Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation (CAFO) located at:

NE ¼, Section 3, Township 26N, Range 6E
Latitude: 42.263913°
Longitude: -96.706624°
In Thurston, County, Nebraska
Standard Industrial Code (SIC2) = 0211

to receiving waters named: Unnamed tributary to Middle Creek (segment EL2-20300) only if the CAFO is operated in accordance with the effluent limitations, best management practices, and other requirements and conditions set forth herein. Compliance with this permit will prevent most discharges from the CAFO production area and the land application areas used by the CAFO. Authorization for discharge is limited to when precipitation causes an overflow from a properly designed, constructed, operated, and maintained runoff control system consistent with the requirements of this permit.

This permit shall become effective on 9/30/2019. This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight, 9/29/2024.

Signed this 27th day of September, 2019.

Jeffery Robichaud
Director, Water Division
PART I. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND STANDARDS

A. Facility Description

Sebade Farms is a Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation consisting of an open-lot that covers 59 acres. The facility has a maximum capacity of 6,500 head of beef cattle weighing an average of 850 pounds. Runoff from the 59 acres is directed to 2 holding ponds and 6 settling basins. The west holding pond has a total capacity of approximately 24.4 acre feet and 4 contributing settling basins (#1, #2, #3, and #5). The east holding pond has a total capacity of approximately 30.1 acre feet and 2 contributing settling basins (#4 and #6). Manure scraped from pens, sediment removed from the basins, the contents of the holding ponds are to be stockpiled or applied to the land application areas in accordance with the CAFO’s Nutrient Management Plan (“NMP”). Sebade Farms has 2,109 acres available for manure application, but may also transfer manure to other recipients in any given year.

B. Effluent Limitations and Standards

1. Technology-based Effluent Limitations and Standards - Production Area

There must be no discharge of manure, litter, or process wastewater pollutants into waters of the United States from the production area except as provided in paragraphs 1(a) (i) and (ii) of this section.

(a) Overflow Discharge - Whenever precipitation causes an overflow of manure, litter, or process wastewater, pollutants in the overflow may be discharged into waters of the United States provided:

(i) The production area is properly designed, constructed, operated, and maintained to contain all manure, litter, and process wastewater including the runoff and direct precipitation from the 25-year, 24-hour rainfall event for the location of the CAFO; and

(ii) The production area is being operated in accordance with the applicable terms and conditions of this permit.

2. Holding Pond Capacity and Operation

The permittee shall, at a minimum, provide adequate storage of all manure, litter, and process wastewater, including runoff that has come into contact with animal waste, for a period of no less than the maximum length of time between land applications or offsite transfers of the manure, litter, or process wastewater.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wastewater Retention Structure</th>
<th>Must Pump Level*</th>
<th>Winter Pump Down Level*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>East Holding Pond</td>
<td>10.0 feet</td>
<td>2.0 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Holding Pond</td>
<td>11.0 feet</td>
<td>6.0 feet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Refer to the figures on pages 2-5 and 2-7 of the approved NMP. The must pump level and start pump level (listed in NMP) are the same for Holding Pond #1 while the must pump level and freeboard level are the same for Manure Storage 2B. The must pump level and winter pump down level are shown in vertical feet from the bottom of the holding pond.

Capacity of the pumping system shall be adequate to land apply the runoff from the 25-year, 24-hour precipitation event over a period not to exceed 14 days. The holding pond shall be dewatered prior to the winter months to provide the capacity indicated by the “Pre-Winter/Sludge” level.

For each day when the water level in the holding pond is above the “Start Pump” operating level, the permittee shall maintain documentation of (1) land application procedures and information as required in this Permit, or (2) the soil and/or weather conditions that made that particular day unsuitable as a dewatering day (see permit definitions).

3. Solid Wastes

Sludge or solids shall be removed from the retention structure(s) whenever the sludge accumulation exceeds the required operating level specified in Table 1. The permittee shall not stockpile livestock waste in a location where it is likely to impact waters of the United States. Stockpiles shall be managed as necessary by use of cover material, diking, or other means to prevent a discharge until the stockpile material is utilized.

Sludge or solids shall not be allowed to accumulate such that it cannot be disposed of agronomically as provided in the NMP.

4. Markers and Measurements

Daily precipitation shall be recorded from a rain gauge that is kept on site and properly maintained.

Maintenance of a permanent marker (staff gauge or marking device) is required to measure the liquid and sludge depths in increments of one foot. Permanent markers must be made of durable material and must be permanently fixed and reference a permanently fixed benchmark or fixed elevation reference point adjacent to, and outside of, the waste containment area.

5. Additional Measures and Records for Production Area

The permittee must implement the following additional measures.

(a) Visual Inspections

(i) Weekly inspections of all storm water diversion devices, runoff diversion structures, and devices channeling contaminated storm water to debris basins and holding ponds;

(ii) Daily inspections of all water lines, including drinking water or cooling water lines; and

(iii) Weekly inspections of the holding ponds. Such inspections shall include noting the
level as indicated by a depth marker installed in the impoundment. Each depth marker
must clearly indicate the minimum capacity necessary to contain the runoff and direct
precipitation of the 25-year, 24-hour rainfall event for the location of the CAFO.

(b) Corrective Actions - Any deficiencies that are identified in the above daily and weekly visual
inspections must be corrected as soon as possible. Deficiencies not corrected within 30 days
must be accompanied by an explanation of the factors preventing immediate correction.

(c) Mortality Handling - The primary method of carcass disposal is rendering and the secondary
is burial. Disposal of animal mortalities in any liquid manure or process wastewater systems is
prohibited. Handle animal mortalities so as to prevent discharge of pollutants to surface water.

(d) Record Keeping for Production Area – The permittee must maintain for a period of five
years from the date they are created, complete on-site records of:

(i) implementation of all required additional measures for the production area included in
this section (Part I. B. 5. a, b, and c.) of this permit;
(ii) the as built design of any manure or litter storage structures, including volume for
solids accumulation, design treatment volume, total design volume, and approximate
number of days of storage capacity; and
(iii) the date, time, and estimated volume of any overflow.

6. Technology-based Effluent Limitations and Standards - Land Application Areas Under the
Control of the CAFO Owner/Operator

The permittee shall follow the approved site-specific NMP, the terms of which are incorporated as a part
of this permit for land under the control of the NPDES permittee. Land under the control includes:

(a) Owned areas;
(b) Rented or leased areas including land rented or leased solely for land application area; and
(c) Any area where the NPDES permittee stockpiles, spreads, or delivers waste to, or otherwise
controls the timing, amount or rate of land application.

7. Water Quality-based Effluent Limitations and Standards - Production Area

Discharges to Water Quality Impaired Waters.

If the CAFO discharges to an impaired water within the reservation boundary with/or
without an EPA approved Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL), EPA will inform the
facility if any additional limits or controls are necessary for the discharge to be consistent
with water quality standards or the assumptions of any available wasteload allocation in
the TMDL. Any additional limits or controls shall be included in the NMP.

8. The Terms of the NMP

(a) The permittee must do the following to meet the 9 minimum site-specific enforceable terms of
the NMP. The NMP will be effective for the duration of the Permit, unless changed in
accordance with subparagraph 9 and EPA's approval.

(i) Ensure adequate storage of manure, litter, and process wastewater, including procedures to ensure proper operation and maintenance of the storage facilities;
(ii) Ensure proper management of mortalities (i.e., dead animals) to ensure that they are not disposed of in a liquid manure, storm water, or process wastewater storage or treatment system that is not specifically designed to treat animal mortalities;
(iii) Ensure that clean water is diverted, as appropriate, from the production area;
(iv) Prevent the direct contact of confined animals with waters of the United States;
(v) Ensure that chemicals and other contaminants handled on-site are not disposed of in any manure, litter, process wastewater, or storm water storage or treatment system unless specifically designed to treat such chemicals or contaminants;
(vi) Identify appropriate site-specific conservation practices to be implemented, including as appropriate buffers or equivalent practices, to control runoff of pollutants to waters of the United States (setback distances as specified in this permit; setbacks shown on specific land application maps in NMP appendix);
(vii) Identify protocols for appropriate testing of manure, litter, process wastewater, and soil;
(viii) Establish protocols to land apply manure, litter, or process wastewater in accordance with site-specific nutrient management practices that ensure appropriate agricultural utilization of the nutrients in the manure, litter, or process wastewater; (under Additional Terms of the NMP in Part I, B. 8. b); and
(ix) Identify specific records that will be maintained.

(b) **Additional Terms of the Nutrient Management Plan for Land Application (Narrative Approach):**

(i) List of the fields and acres available for land application (land application maps with setbacks are included in the NMP);
(ii) Timing limitations (none applicable);
(iii) The outcome of the field-specific assessment of the potential for phosphorus transport from each field. Referred to as the P-Index. (as specified in the NMP);
(iv) The crops to be planted in each field, (includes alternative crops) (as specified in the NMP);
(v) The realistic/expected yield goal for each crop (as specified in the NMP);
(vi) The nitrogen and phosphorus recommendations (or uptake) for each crop for each field (as specified in the NMP);
(vii) The methodology or calculations used to derive the amounts of manure, litter, and process wastewater to be land applied (as discussed in the NMP); and
(viii) The maximum amount of nitrogen and/or phosphorus derived from all sources of nutrients, for each crop in the NMP, in pounds per acre, for each field (as specified in the NMP and to be submitted annually with annual report).

9. **Changes to the Nutrient Management Plan**
a. The CAFO owner or operator shall provide the EPA Director, if requested, with the most current version of the NMP and identify changes from the previous version, with the exception of the results of calculations of application rates for manure, litter, and process wastewater as required in Part III, B(9).

b. When changes to a NMP are submitted to the EPA Director, the Director will review the revised NMP to ensure that it meets the requirements of the applicable effluent limitations and standards and shall determine whether the changes to the NMP necessitate revision to the terms of the NMP incorporated into the permit issued to the CAFO. The Director must determine whether such changes are substantial. Substantial changes to the terms of a NMP incorporated as terms and conditions of a permit include, but are not limited to:

i. Addition of new land application areas not previously included in the NMP;
ii. Addition of any crop or other uses not included in the terms of the NMP; and
iii. Changes to site specific components of the NMP, where such changes are likely to increase the risk of nitrogen and phosphorus transport to waters of the United States.

c. If the EPA Director determines that the changes to the terms of the NMP are not substantial, the Director will include the revised NMP in the permit record, revise the terms of the permit based on the site specific NMP, and notify the permittee and the public of any changes to the terms of the permit based on revisions to the NMP.

d. If the EPA Director determines that the changes to the terms of the NMP are substantial, the Director will notify the public, make the proposed changes and the information submitted by the permittee available for public review and comment, and respond to all significant comments received during the comment period. The Director may require the permittee to further revise the NMP, if necessary. Once the Director incorporates the revised terms of the NMP into the permit, the Director will notify the permittee of the revised terms and conditions of the permit.

10. Manure and Soil Sampling

Manure and process wastewater must be analyzed at least once annually for nitrogen and phosphorus content. Soil phosphorus content shall be analyzed at each application site prior to the first application of any manure or process wastewater and then at least every five years thereafter if used anytime in the 5 years for land application. The results of these analyses must be used in determining application rates for manure, litter, and process wastewater.

11. Inspection of Land Application Equipment for Leaks

The permittee shall annually inspect equipment used for land application of manure, litter, or process wastewater for leaks.

12. Record Keeping Requirements
The permittee shall maintain for a period of five years complete on-site records, including the site-specific NMP, documenting implementation of all required land application practices, in accordance with the specifications in Part II, B. Inspection, Monitoring, and Recordkeeping Requirements of this permit.

C. **Best Management Practices**

**Land Application Setback Requirements** - Manure, litter, or process wastewater may not be applied or stockpiled closer than 100 feet to any down-gradient surface waters of the United States, open tile line intake structures, sinkholes, agricultural well heads, or other conduits to surface waters of the United States.

As a compliance alternative, the permittee may:
(i) substitute a 35-foot wide permanent strip of a dense perennial vegetated buffer where applications of manure, litter, or process wastewater are prohibited, or
(ii) demonstrate to EPA, Region VII that a setback or buffer is not necessary because implementation of alternative conservation practices or field-specific conditions will provide pollutant reductions equivalent to or better than the reductions that would be achieved by the 100-foot setback.

D. **Agricultural Stormwater**

A discharge from the land areas under the control of the permittee is prohibited, except for discharges of agricultural storm water. For the purposes of this permit, agricultural storm water is a precipitation related discharge of manure, litter, or process wastewater from land areas under the control of the permittee where the manure, litter, or process wastewater has been applied in accordance with the terms of the nutrient management plan, as specified in this permit.

E. **Facility Closure**

The following conditions shall apply to the closure of the holding pond.

1. **Closure of the Holding Pond and Other Surface Impoundments:**
   
   (a) The holding pond shall not be abandoned, but shall be maintained at all times until closed in compliance with this section.
   
   (b) The holding pond must be properly closed if the permittee ceases operation. In addition, if the pond is not in use for a period of twelve consecutive months it must be properly closed unless the facility is financially viable, intends to resume use of the structure at a later date, and either: (i) maintains the structure as though it were actively in use, to prevent compromise of structural integrity; or (ii) removes manure and wastewater to a depth of one foot or less and refills the structure with clean water to preserve the integrity of the synthetic or earthen liner. In either case, the permittee shall notify EPA of the action taken, and shall conduct the routine inspections, maintenance, and record keeping required by this permit as though the structure were in use. Prior to restoration of use of the structure, the permittee shall notify EPA and provide the opportunity for inspection.
   
   (c) Closure of the holding pond must be consistent with Natural Resource Conservation Service
Conservation Practice Standard 360, Closure of Waste Impoundments. Consistent with this standard, the permittee shall remove all waste materials to the maximum extent practicable and dispose of them in accordance with the permittee's NMP, unless authorized in writing by EPA.

(d) Unless otherwise authorized in writing by EPA, completion of closure of the pond shall occur as promptly as possible after the permittee ceases to operate or, if the permittee has not ceased operations, 12 months from the date on which the use of the structure ceased, unless the lagoons or basins are being maintained for possible future use in accordance with the requirements herein.

F. Requirements for the Transfer of Manure, Litter, and Process Wastewater

In cases where CAFO-generated manure, litter, or process wastewater is sold or given away the permittee must comply with the following conditions:

(a) Maintain records showing the date and amount of manure, litter, and/or process wastewater that leaves the permitted operation;
(b) Record the name and address of the recipient;
(c) Provide the recipient(s) with representative information on the nutrient content of the manure, litter, and/or process wastewater; and
(d) Retain these records on-site for a period of five years and submit these records to EPA upon request.

Part II. INSPECTION, MONITORING AND RECORD KEEPING REQUIREMENTS

A. Notification of Discharges Resulting from Manure, Litter, and Process Wastewater Storage, Handling, On-site Transport, and/or Application

1. Discharge of pollutants

If, for any reason, there is a discharge of pollutants to a water of the United States, the permittee is required to:

(a) Call the EPA, Region VII Water Enforcement Branch Chief within 24 hours of becoming aware of the discharge at 913-551-7544 or 913-281-0991 after 5 p.m. Monday – Friday or weekends and holidays; and

(b) Notify EPA in writing within five (5) days of the discharge from the facility. The permittee shall keep a copy of the notification submitted to EPA. The discharge notification shall include the following information:

(i) A description of the discharge and its cause, including a description of the flow path to the receiving water body;
(ii) An estimate of the flow and volume discharged;
(iii) A description of the impact on the receiving water body;
(iv) The period of the discharge, including starting dates and times, and if not corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to cease and the steps being taken or to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the discharge; and
(v) The written discharge notification shall be submitted to the following address:

Chief, Water Branch
Enforcement & Compliance Assurance Division
U.S. EPA REGION VII
11201 Renner Boulevard
Lenexa, KS 66219.

(vi) And a copy of the written discharge notification shall be submitted to:

Tribal Council Chairman
Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska
P.O. Box 687
100 Bluff Street
Winnebago, NE 68071

B. **Inspection, Monitoring, and Record Keeping Requirements**

The permittee shall inspect, monitor, and record the results of such inspection and monitoring in accordance with the requirements of the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Permit and Nutrient Management Plan</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAFO must maintain on-site a copy of the current NPDES permit, including the permit authorization notice</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Maintain at all times</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAFO must maintain on-site a current site specific NMP that reflects existing operational characteristics; operation must also maintain on-site all necessary records to document that the NMP is being properly implemented with respect to the minimum practices defined in 40 CFR 122.42(e)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Maintain at all times</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Soil and Manure/Wastewater Nutrient Analysis</strong></td>
<td>ppm or pounds/ton</td>
<td>At least annually</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analysis of manure, litter, and process wastewater to determine nitrogen and phosphorus content$^1$</td>
<td>ppm</td>
<td>At least once every 5 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analysis of soil in all fields where land application activities are conducted to determine phosphorus content$^1$</td>
<td>ppm</td>
<td>At least once every 5 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operation and Maintenance</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visual inspection of all water lines</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Daily$^2$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parameter</td>
<td>Units</td>
<td>Frequency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inspections at least once a year to determine the sludge and sediment accumulation level in liquid impoundments</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>At least annually</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documentation of depth of manure and process wastewater in all liquid impoundments</td>
<td>Feet</td>
<td>Weekly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weekly inspections at the production area of all storm water diversion devices, runoff diversion structures, and devices channeling contaminated storm water to the facilities</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Weekly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documentation of all corrective actions taken; deficiencies not corrected within 30 days must be accompanied by an explanation of the factors preventing immediate correction</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>When corrective actions are required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documentation of animal mortality handling practices</td>
<td>Per animal unit</td>
<td>When required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Design documentation for all manure, litter, and wastewater storage structures including the following information:</td>
<td>All Volumes must be in acre feet or gallons</td>
<td>Once in the permit term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Volume for solids accumulation</td>
<td>Calendar days</td>
<td>Updates are required if/when facility design is revised</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Design treatment volume</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Total design storage volume</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Days of storage capacity</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Large CAFO Permit Record Keeping Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Documentation of all overflows from all manure and wastewater retention structures and any discharges into waters of the U.S. from manure stockpiles shall include:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Date and time of overflow or discharge</td>
<td>Month/day/yr</td>
<td>Per overflow event</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Estimated volume of overflow or discharge</td>
<td>Volume in gallons</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Land Application</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For each application event where manure, litter, or process wastewater is applied, documentation of the following by field:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Date of application</td>
<td>Month/day/yr</td>
<td>Per application event</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Method of application</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Weather conditions at the time of application and for 24 hours prior to and following application</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Total amount of nitrogen and phosphorus applied</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documentation of the actual crop planted and actual yield for each field</td>
<td>Yield in bushels/acre</td>
<td>Annual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documentation of test methods and sampling protocols used to sample and analyze manure, litter, and wastewater and soil</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Once in the permit term unless revised</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documentation of the basis for the application rates used for each field where manure, litter, or wastewater is applied</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Once in the permit term unless revised</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documentation showing total nitrogen and phosphorus to be applied to each field including nutrients from the application of manure, litter, and wastewater and other sources</td>
<td>Pounds/acre</td>
<td>Once in the permit term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Updates are required if/when facility design is revised</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documentation of manure application equipment inspection</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Annually</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Refer to the NRCS Nebraska nutrient management technical standard for the specific analyses to be used.
2. Visual inspections shall take place daily during the course of normal operations. Operations may choose to make a weekly entry that the required daily inspections have been completed.
PART III. ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

A. Reporting Deadline

The permittee must submit an annual report to EPA by March 31st of each year. The annual report shall be submitted to EPA, Region VII at:

CAFO Permit Coordinator  
Permits & Loans Branch, WD  
U.S. EPA REGION VII  
11201 Renner Boulevard  
Lenexa, KS 66219.

B. Contents of Annual Report: The annual report must include the following information.

1. The maximum number and type of animals confined at any one time during each month of the year, whether in open confinement or housed under roof;

2. Estimated amount of total manure, litter, and process wastewater generated by the CAFO in the previous 12 months (tons/gallons);

3. Estimated amount of total manure, litter and process wastewater transferred to other person by the CAFO in the previous 12 months (tons/gallons);

4. Total number of acres under control of the CAFO that were used for land application of manure, litter and process wastewater in the previous 12 months;

5. Summary of all manure, litter and process wastewater discharges from the production area that have occurred in the previous 12 months, including date, time, and approximate volume;

6. A statement indicating whether the current version of the NMP was developed or approved by a certified nutrient management planner;

7. Actual crops planted and actual yields for each field for the preceding twelve (12) months;

8. Results of all samples of manure, litter or process wastewater for nitrogen and phosphorus content for manure, litter and process wastewater that was land applied;

9. Results of calculations conducted in accordance with those submitted in the approved NMP;

10. Amount of manure, litter, and process wastewater applied to each field during the preceding twelve (12) months;

11. The results of any soil testing conducted during the preceding twelve (12) months; and

12. The amount of any supplemental fertilizer applied during the preceding twelve (12) months.
PART IV. STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS

A. General Conditions

1. Introduction

In accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR Part 122.41, et. seq., this permit incorporates by reference all conditions and requirements applicable to NPDES Permits set forth in the Act, as well as all applicable regulations.

2. Duty to Comply

The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Act and is grounds for enforcement action(s), changes to or termination of the permit, or denial of a permit renewal application.

3. Duty to Reapply

If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit. The Permittee shall submit a new application to the U.S. EPA, at least 180 days before the expiration date of this permit. The application shall be sent to:

CAFO Permit Coordinator
Permits & Loans Branch, WD
U.S. EPA REGION VII
11201 Renner Boulevard
Lenexa, KS 66219.

The terms and conditions of this permit continue in force until the effective date of the new permit (or permit denial) only if the permittee has submitted a timely and complete application under 40 C.F.R. § 122.21 for a renewal permit and the Permitting Authority, through no fault of the permittee, does not issue a new permit (or deny the permit) before the expiration date of this permit. The permit continued under remains fully effective and enforceable, subject to the actions set forth in 40 C.F.R. § 122.6(c).

4. Permit actions

This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not suspend the permittee’s obligation to comply with the permit condition.
5. **Property rights**

The issuance of this Permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of Federal, State/Tribal or local laws or regulations.

6. **Duty to provide information**

The permittee shall furnish to the Director, within a reasonable time, any information which the Director may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Director, upon request, copies of records that must be kept as required by this permit.

7. **Criminal and Civil Liability**

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance. Any false or materially misleading representation or concealment of information required to be reported by the provisions of the permit, the Act, or applicable regulations, which avoids or effectively defeats the regulatory purpose of the Permit may subject the permittee to criminal enforcement pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1001.

8. **State/Tribal Laws**

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any applicable State/Tribal law or regulation under authority preserved by Section 510 of the Act.

9. **Severability**

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

B. **Proper Operation and Maintenance**

1. **Need to halt or reduce activity not a defense**

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action to plead that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

2. **Duty to mitigate**

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
3. Proper operation and maintenance

The permittee shall, at all times, properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. This provision requires the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

C. Monitoring and Records

1. Inspection and entry

The permittee shall allow the EPA, or an authorized representative of EPA, upon the presentation of valid credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to enter the regulated activities or records are present. The Director must have access to and be able to make copies of any required records; inspect facilities, practices, operations, and equipment; and sample or monitor at reasonable times for the purpose of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Act, any substances or parameters at any location.

2. Representative sampling

Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.

3. Retention of records

The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least five years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be extended by request of the permitting authority at any time. Data collected on site, data used to prepare annual reports, copies of annual reports, and a copy of this NPDES permit must also be maintained on site.

4. Records content

Records of monitoring information shall include:

(a) The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
(b) The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
(c) The date(s) analyses were performed;
(d) The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
(e) The analytical techniques or methods used; and
(f) The results of such analyses.
D. **Reporting Requirements**

1. **Planned Changes**

The permittee shall give notice to the EPA, Region VII, as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. Notice is required only when:

(a) The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in 40CFR 122.29(b); or

(b) The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification also applies to pollutants which are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements under 40CFR 122.42(a)(1); or

(c) The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee’s manure use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit. This includes notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to a nutrient management plan.

2. **Anticipated Noncompliance**

The permittee shall give advance notice to the EPA, Region VII, of any planned physical alterations or additions or changes in activity which may result in noncompliance with requirements in this permit.

3. **Transfers**

A permit may be automatically transferred to another party if:

(a) The Permittee notifies the EPA of the proposed transfer at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer date;
(b) The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new Permittee containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them; and
(c) The EPA does not notify the existing Permittee of its intent to modify or revoke and reissue the permit. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in Part b., above.

4. **Twenty-four hour Reporting**

The permittee shall report any noncompliance that may endanger human health or the environment. Any information must be provided orally within 24 hours from the time that the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances to the Water Enforcement Branch at (913) 551-7544. Reports of noncompliance under this paragraph may be made to the EPA Spill Hotline at (913) 281-0991 if such noncompliance is
discovered after regular business hours or on a weekend or holiday, or response assistance from EPA is requested.

A written submission shall also be provided to the EPA, Region VII, within five (5) days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The report shall contain the following information:

(a) A description of the noncompliance and its cause;
(b) The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and
(c) Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance.

5. Other Noncompliance

The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under other specific reporting requirements at the time that annual reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in this Section under 4 (a), (b), and (c).

6. Other Information

If the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in its application, or submitted incorrect information in its application or other reports to the EPA, Region VII, it must promptly submit such facts or information.

E. Signatory requirements

All applications, reports, or information submitted to the EPA, Region VII shall be signed and certified consistent with 40 CFR§122.22:

1. All permit applications shall be signed as follows:
   (a) For a corporation: By a responsible corporate officer. For the purpose of this section, a responsible corporate officer means:
       (i) A president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation; or
       (ii) The manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities, provided, the manager is authorized to make management decisions which govern the operation of the regulated facility including having the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to assure long term environmental compliance with environmental laws and regulations; the manager can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for permit application requirements; and where authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures; or
   (b) For a partnership or sole proprietorship: By a general partner for a partnership or the proprietor, respectively.
2. **All reports shall be signed as follows:**
All reports required by the Permit and other information requested by the EPA, Region VII shall be signed by a person described above or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:

(a) The authorization is made in writing by a person described above;
(b) The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or any individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company. A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or an individual occupying a named position; and,
(c) The written authorization is submitted to the EPA, Region VII.

F. **Certification**

Any person signing a document under this section shall make the following certification:

“I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.”

G. **Availability of Reports**

Although requested information must be submitted to the EPA, you are entitled to assert a business confidentiality claim pursuant to the regulations set forth in 40 C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart B. If the EPA determines the information you have designated meets the criteria in 40 C.F.R. § 2.208, the information will be disclosed only to the extent and by means of the procedures specified in Subpart B. Unless a confidentiality claim is asserted at the time the requested information is submitted, the EPA may make the information available to the public without further notice to you.

H. **Penalties for Violations of Permit Conditions**

The Act provides that any person who violates Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing such Sections in a permit issued under Section 402 of the Act, is subject to civil monetary penalties not to exceed $37,500 per day as modified from time-to-time under C.F.R. Part 19 - Adjustment of Civil Monetary Penalties for Inflation for each violation under Section 309 of the Act. Any person who willfully or negligently violates Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, or 308 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing such Sections, may be subject to a fine or imprisonment pursuant to Section 309(c) of the Act. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the Permittee of civil or criminal liability for noncompliance.
I. Electronic Submission of Discharge Monitoring Reports

The National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Electronic Reporting Rule requires electronic reporting of NPDES information rather than the currently required paper based reports from the permitted facilities. To comply with the Federal rule, Permittees will be required to submit their Annual Report electronically using the EPA NPDES Reporting Tool (NeT) on December 21, 2020 (Appendix A of 40 CFR Part 127). Permittees may seek an electronic reporting waiver by submitting a letter to EPA Region 7 with a brief written statement regarding the basis for needing such a temporary waiver. The EPA Region 7 will either approve or deny this electronic reporting waiver request. The duration of a temporary waiver may not exceed 5 years, which is the normal period for a NPDES permit term. The Permittee must re-apply for a new temporary waiver. Permittees with an approved reporting waiver request may submit monitoring data and reports on paper to EPA Region 7 for the period that the approved reporting waiver request is effective.

DEFINITIONS

Dewatering Days shall mean those days which have suitable weather and soil conditions for land application of accumulated livestock wastes:

- Suitable soil conditions do not exist if:
  - (a) the minimum amount to be applied through the irrigation system exceeds the capacity of the soil to store the moisture; or
  - (b) the application rate exceeds the rate of water movement into the soil (soil infiltration rate). High soil moisture or frozen soils will reduce soil infiltration rates.

- Suitable weather conditions do not exist if:
  - (a) the air temperature is freezing; or
  - (b) a precipitation event is occurring or, a precipitation event, capable of producing runoff and erosion, is forecast within 24 hours of the time of planned application.

Director means the EPA Regional Administrator or an authorized representative.

Land application area means land under the control of a CAFO owner or operator, whether it is owned, rented, or leased, to which manure, litter, or process wastewater from the production area is or may be applied. The act of application by the CAFO operator constitutes control, and would fall within the bounds of “under the control”, independent of any specific agreements.

Manure is defined to include manure, bedding, compost and raw materials or other materials commingled with manure or set aside for disposal.

Multi-year phosphorus application means phosphorus applied to a field in excess of the crop needs for that year. In multi-year phosphorus applications, no additional manure, litter, or process wastewater is applied to the same land in subsequent years until the applied phosphorus has been removed from the field via harvest and crop removal.
Process wastewater means water directly or indirectly used in the operation of the CAFO for any or all of the following: spillage or overflow from animal or poultry watering systems; washing, cleaning, or flushing pens, barns, manure pits, or other CAFO facilities; direct contact swimming, washing, or spray cooling of animals; or dust control. Process wastewater also includes any water which comes into contact with or is a constituent of raw materials, products, or byproducts including manure, litter, feed, milk, eggs, or bedding.

Production area means that part of an AFO that includes the animal confinement area, the manure storage area, the raw materials storage area, and the waste containment areas. The animal confinement area includes but is not limited to open lots, housed lots, feedlots, confinement houses, stall barns, free stall barns, milkrooms, milking centers, cowyards, barnyards, medication pens, walkers, animal walkways, and stables. The manure storage area includes but is not limited to lagoons, runoff ponds, storage sheds, stockpiles, under house or pit storages, liquid impoundments, static piles, and composting piles. The raw materials storage area includes but is not limited to feed silos, silage bunkers, and bedding materials. The waste containment area includes but is not limited to settling basins, and areas within berms and diversions which separate uncontaminated storm water. Also included in the definition of production area is any egg washing or egg processing facility, and any area used in the storage, handling, treatment, or disposal of mortalities.

Waters of the United States shall have the same meaning as in 40 CFR 122.2.
United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7  
11201 Renner Boulevard  
Lenexa, Kansas 66219

Certification under Section 401(a)(1) of the Clean Water Act 
Sebade Farms CAFO 
1698 B Ave., Emerson, NE 68733 
NPDES Permit No. NE0315712

The Sebade Farms concentrated animal feeding operations (CAFO) is located within the exterior boundaries of the Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska Tribal Reservation. The Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska is a federally recognized Indian Tribe. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region 7 is issuing a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit No. NE0315712, under Section 402 of the Clean Water Act (CWA), to the Sebade Farms CAFO. This NPDES permit authorizes the discharge of wastewater effluent to the waters of the United States, which is located within the exterior boundaries of the Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska Tribal Reservation. The Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska is the homeland of the Tribe and is Indian Country located within the State of Nebraska.

Section 401 of the CWA, (Public Law 95-217) as amended in 1977, requires that an applicant for a federal permit, such as an NPDES permit, must obtain certification that the discharge will comply with the applicable provisions of Sections 301, 302, 303, 306, and 307 of the CWA. Presently, the Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska does not have EPA-approved water quality standards or Section 401 authority for the purpose of regulating water resources within the borders of an Indian reservation, pursuant to Section 518(e) of the CWA. The CWA states in part that in any case where a state, interstate agency, or Tribe has no authority to issue a water quality certification, such certification shall be issued by the EPA. In determining water quality standards for certification under Section 401 of the CWA, the EPA considers any tribal, federal, and/or adjacent state standards, and any EPA guidance for the water quality standards program such as water quality criteria published under Section 304(a) of the CWA and the Water Quality Standards Handbook. The EPA also consults with affected federally recognized Indian tribes regarding their concerns, when evaluating projects for certification under Section 401 of the CWA.

On July 9, 2019, the EPA sent a letter, including the draft NPDES Permit for the Sebade Farms CAFO facility, as well as the associated Statement of Basis and the CWA Section 401 Certification, to the Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska Tribal Chairman, offering the Tribe the opportunity to consult with the Agency on the draft Permit and/or to review the draft Permit and provide comments to the Agency. On June 21, 2019, the EPA sent letters, including the draft NPDES Permit and the associated Statement of Basis, to the Nebraska Dept. of Environmental Quality, the US Fish and Wild Life Service, the US Indian Health Service, the Nebraska Game and Parks Commission, and the Nebraska State Historical Society requesting comments. On August 15, 2019, the EPA published a public notice in the Pender Times announcing the Agency’s proposal to issue the NPDES Permit and providing a thirty-day public comment period. After the conclusion of the consultations, EPA subsequently finalized the draft NPDES Permit.

On the basis of the final NPDES permit and the Statement of Basis, and as provided under Section 401(a)(1) of the CWA, EPA certifies that NPDES Permit No. NE0315712 complies with the applicable provisions of the CWA, including Sections 301, 302, 303, 306, and 307. The Certification provided herein is being issued under CWA Section 401 and assures that discharges in compliance with limitations and conditions of the NPDES Permit will not violate the applicable water quality standards and/or any applicable effluent guidelines or standards.

Jeff Robichaud  
Director  
Water Division  
8/27/19  
Date