## Improving Your Indoor Environment Did you know we spend about 90% of our time indoors?

Levels of air pollution indoors can be as high, and sometimes higher, than outdoor levels. Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) can affect anyone's health, but older adults, children, and people with health conditions like asthma and heart disease can be more vulnerable. Learn about indoor air pollution and the steps that you can take to improve your indoor environment.

#### Indoor Air and Health are Connected -Take Action



- Learn how reducing indoor contaminants may improve health. Tour the <u>IAQ Demo House</u>.
- Ventilate! When outdoor air quality and weather permit, open doors and windows. Run kitchen and bathroom exhaust fans when cooking and showering.
- Consider a high-efficiency <u>air filter</u> for your HVAC system and/ or a <u>portable air cleaner</u> that does not intentionally emit ozone.
- Control indoor moisture to prevent <u>mold</u>. Fix water leaks and keep humidity levels between 30-50% by ventilating or using a dehumidifier if necessary.
- Install and inspect <u>carbon monoxide</u> and smoke alarms.
- Declutter, wipe dust with a damp rag, and vacuum to help reduce <u>asthma triggers</u>, allergens, pests, and pollutants.
- If you rent, inform your landlord right away about indoor air quality or water concerns. You may also consult Environmental Law Institute's Indoor Air Quality Guide for Tenants.

### Vent Your Combustion Appliances



- Vent all combustion appliances to the outside. Combustion appliances like heaters, stoves, and dryers can produce <u>dangerous pollutants</u> in your indoor air.
- Have your combustion appliances (like wood heaters and gas stoves) inspected annually and follow manufacturer instructions. Appliances that are not working properly can produce dangerous pollutants like <u>carbon monoxide</u>.
- Never use a cooking stove to heat indoors and never use a fuel powered generator indoors, even during <u>power outages</u>.



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### Consider Outdoor Air Quality



- Learn about <u>pollution in your community</u> and check outdoor air quality at <u>AirNow.gov.</u> Outdoor air pollution can impact IAQ.
- Be smoke ready. Purchase air cleaners and extra filters before wildfires start and create a <u>clean air room</u>. During fires, check air quality at <u>fire.airnow.gov</u> or local news.

## Reduce Chemical Pollution Indoors



- Minimize the indoor use of cleaners, pesticides, perfumes, and other household and personal chemical products.
- Use less toxic cleaning products like mild soap and water. Look for products with EPA's <u>Safer Choice</u> label.
- Follow product label instructions, don't mix chemicals, and ventilate when painting, cleaning, sanitizing or disinfecting.
- Use non-chemical methods like <u>integrated pest management</u> whenever possible to manage pests. Avoid using pesticide sprays and foggers.
- Avoid <u>smoking</u> or using e-cigarettes indoors. If you live in multi-unit housing, consider advocating for a smoke-free policy in your building.

# Check for Lead and Radon



- Test for <u>lead</u> in your home or school if it was built before 1978 and consult with your child's healthcare provider for advice on blood lead testing.
- Test your home or school for <u>radon</u> and fix if needed. Exposure to radon is the 2nd leading cause of lung cancer in the U.S.

Scan here to visit EPA's <u>Indoor</u> <u>Air Quality</u> site, including resources for schools

