Should Your Lake Be on a Diet?

"Nutrient-rich" is a good sign in food, but a warning sign in lakes.

High levels of the nutrients

phosphorus and nitrogen

can contribute to

excessive algae growth

and rob water of its

oxygen. EPA finds that

more than 100,000 lakes have high levels of phosphorus or

nitrogen. These lakes are more likely

to have degraded populations of

small aquatic creatures, like

mayflies and snails, that are

essential to the

food web of

lakes.

What You Can Do

Know plant and soil needs before applying



only use with care.
Choose phosphate-

free household products. Maintain

your septic tank.

Learn more at epa.gov/ nutrientpollution.



In the last 15 years, EPA and its partners conducted two large scientific studies of the environmental conditions in and around U.S. lakes. At EPA's website for the National Lakes

Assessment, you can view the explore the data, and more. Visit: epa.gov/national-aquatic-resource-surveys/nla.

