From: (b) (6) Privacy, (b) (7)(4)

To: cjarvis@newsobserver.com; Title VI Complaints; govpress@nc.gov; daq.publiccomments@ncdenr.gov;

michael.abraczinskas@ncdenr.gov; newsdesk@abc11.com; ggisler@selcnc.org; kmoser@selcnc.org; Elizabeth

<u>Haddix</u>

(b) (6) Privacy, (b) (7)(C) Enforcement Privacy

**Subject:** Re: Here we go again...

Date:Thursday, April 02, 2020 5:55:45 PMAttachments:Govenor Letter and Regan.pdf

NCDEO Demographics Sunrock-EJ-Snapshot-Final.pdf

I am resending this email because the attached preliminary demographics by the citizens door to door campaign was substantially different when compared to the NCDEQ Environmental Injustice EJ report submitted on the NCDEQ draft permit.

Air Permit No. 10628R00

Carolina Sunrock LLC- Burlington North Burlington, Caswell County, North Carolina

Permit Class: Synthetic Minor

Facility ID# 1700016

Again, I ask has any Environmental Injustice/Racism concern that has been brought to NCDEQ ever stopped a NCDEQ Air Permit in North Carolina? If yes, when and who? Again, I ask has a imminent health risk filed with the NCDEQ for an air permit every successfully stoped an air permit in North Carolina? If yes, when and who?

Anderson Community Group

citizens of

On Wednesday, April 1, 2020, 10:40:11 AM EDT, (b) (6) Privacy, (b) (7)(C) Enforcement Privacy wrote

I read your article "EPA faults N.C. over health of minority communities near hog farms." January 17th, 2018. Raleigh News and Observer. Here we go again? Look at attachments on bottom. NCDEQ EI and citizens of Anderson Community Group initial findings EI.

NCDEQ Air Permit No. 10628R00

Carolina Sunrock LLC- Burlington North Burlington, Caswell County, North Carolina

Permit Class: Synthetic Minor

Facility ID# 1700016

We are deeply concerned citizens who think our county government and state legislatures may have snuck a Pollutant

Industry in the backyards of another minority community? The County Government did not enforce the local Environmental Impact Ordinance; Caswell County Code Chapter 14, Article III; when they first became aware of this pollutant industry's plans to locate in Caswell County? Records show that County Manager and Planning Board knew about the plans of this Pollutant Industry as early as 2014. Email's show the County Manager communicated with this specific company; to bring this pollutant industry into the county as far back as 2014? Although commissioner's and county manager attempted to make the citizens believe they did not know about it until September 2019? Did the Commissioner's put a moratorium on the county, only when the the citizens in the community caught on to what was going on and began to pour into the commissioners meetings, as some commissioners described "as an angry mob"? I was told that County Attorney Ferrell told the Commissioners in the private session before they voted to put the Moratorium in place, that the moratorium would most likely not cover the Pollutant Industry's plans for Anderson Community and Prospect Hill. But they did not disclose this information to the public during the session. It appears the Moratorium may have been put into place to try to appease an angry mob of people who have become more concerned that they may have a Pollutant public servants problem, as well as a large Pollutant Industry coming in their community with any prior notice? The people are still demanding to understand how this happen when there was an Environmental Impact Law that "required" full disclosure to the citizens of Caswell County of any pollutant industry's developments, so the citizens of Caswell County could have input in to such developments "before it

became moot"? Now the Commissioners and county government are attempting to half way enforce the Environmental Impact Code; after it has clearly become moot; making a mockery of the very intent of the law?

Some county officials are attempting to put the blame on state legislator's. Telling citizens that Caswell County government could not stop this, it came from the state?

We have at least 25 plus citizens with serious health risk within a one mile radius; that have began to collect expert opinions from leading doctors such as Duke Cancer Center; that state that if they are forced to breath the chemical listed on the NCDEQ calculated emissions proposed permit; and as the permits allows for 365 days a year production; it will be a imminent health risk. And for some, experts are stating a death sentence. How is it that the life of one endangered bald eagle is worth more than 30 plus rural, low income, disadvantaged, and minority people? It is our understanding that DEQ permits have been stopped for endangered species?

Health risk within a 1 mile radius include but not limited to (b) (6) Privacy, (b) (7)(C) Enforcement Privacy

the list goes on and on. Our county was notified, County Health Department, County Manager, all County Commissioners, County Attorney, and County Information Officer were notified. To date they have refused to respond much less take any action to help us with imminent health risk concerns. They have not even sent a notice to the NCDEQ of these concerns. We are attempting to find state agency's that will get involved.

Attached you will find a copy of NCDEQ'a EI report. And also you will find an attached revised preliminary EI report that the citizens have began to collect. Corona Virus has put this report to a screeching halt, but we think we have enough evidence to prove our concerns are valid. The imminent health report is in the making, but we are disadvantaged because of the Corona Virus pandemic. We can not go door to door to collect additional information or go to healthcare experts to verify our health risk. Yet the NCDEQ continues to give us unreasonable deadlines for public comments during an already very stressful time for lower income people? We have notified the NCDEQ of this, but they continue to keep this permit on the fast track? Our public comments for our permit are deadlined to stop at April 30th 2020. Way before we can get expert opinions from healthcare agencies. The worst part is, many of these citizens will have to rely on Public Health agencies to help them substantiate their fears. And these are already over burdened due to the Pandemic. We are hopeful we can get legal aid involved in the coming weeks?

It is my understanding that the NCDAQ has never ruled in favor of an Environmental Injustice claim in the state of North Carolina? Zero? We want to know if this is true? And we are wondering if they have ever denied an Asphalt/Cement/Quarry permit in North Carolina for an imminent health risk? Our concern is, who is the NCDEQ setup to protect and represent,

industry or the people?

Anderson Community Group.