















Tribal Solid Waste: Waste Characterizations

Earth Day Presentation 2017

















Tribal Solid Waste Team What Do We Do?



















A complete IWMP includes descriptions of:

- Community service area
- Tribe's solid waste program structure and administration
- Tribe's current and proposed waste management practices
- Description of the funding, sustainability, and the long-term goals of the Tribe's solid waste program.
- Demonstration of approval of the plan by appropriate tribal council or governing body.



















We think Solid Waste is important

... but not everyone else does



C3 C3













Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Generation Rates, 1960 to 2014



https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-11/documents/2014 smmfactsheet 508.pdf5

















MSW Generation by Material (2014)

Figure 5. Total MSW Generation (by material), 2014 258 Million Tons

















The Energy & Climate Connection to MSW

• Products that enter the waste stream have energy impacts and associated GHG emissions at each stage of their life cycle.



















Materials Use



Use of materials in the United States, 1900-1995. Modified from Matos and Wagner, 1998, p. 110.

















Opportunities Reduce Greenhouse Gas Emissions





Environmental Benefits of Recycling

Recycling an aluminum beverage can saves enough energy to

run a laptop for more than 5 hours

power a ceiling fan for 4 hours











 Recycling a week's worth of newspapers saves enough energy to power a light bulb (CFL 60 W equivalent) for 505 hours

Recycling a gallon plastic milk jug saves enough energy to

 Recycling a dozen paperboard cereal boxes saves enough energy to operate a clothes washer for 4 hours

*For more fun recycling benefits, visit http://www3.epa.gov/epawaste/conserve/tools/warm/index.html

















Messaging Techniques



1000 years ago, the mighty warrior Genghis Kahn neglected to recycle his plastic Coke bottle. Today it finally decomposed.



















Messaging Techniques



It takes approximately 700 years for plastic to break down in a landfill. This means that your great-g

















Vector-Borne Diseases



















CA Residential Breakdown



Figure 21. Overview of disposed waste from the residential sector. Chart showing the overall waste composition by material class for the residential sector. Amounts may not add up to 100 percent due to rounding. Data from CalRecycle 2014 waste characterization study.



Ak-Chin

Residential Waste Stream Summary Percentage by Weight



Special Wastes (Hazardous, Electronic, Styrofoam)

Coyote Valley















- Understand the types and quantities of materials and wastes that need to be managed, which is the foundation for an Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP)
- Identify opportunities to reduce disposal costs and increase recycling and composting
- Assess progress towards recycling and waste diversion goals
- Identify areas for improvement















- Understand the types and quantities of materials and wastes that need to be managed, which is the foundation for an Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP)
- Identify opportunities to reduce disposal costs and increase recycling and composting
- Assess progress towards recycling and waste diversion goals
- Identify areas for improvement















- Understand the types and quantities of materials and wastes that need to be managed, which is the foundation for an Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP)
- Identify opportunities to reduce disposal costs and increase recycling and composting
- Assess progress towards recycling and waste diversion goals
- Identify areas for improvement















- Helps Tribes understand what's in their waste stream
- How they can build a program around the materials
- Connect with haulers, MRFs, composting facilities or stand their own
- In order to have a viable ISWMP a Tribes must understand and manage their flow of materials

















Consequences



Will enable Tribes to:

83

- Quantitatively identify specific types of waste
- Target specific generation areas of the waste stream (e.g. casino, housing development, commercial facility)





£3 £3













Waste Sort

Strengths

- Quantitative data on total waste generated
- Identify specific waste components

Limitations

- Requires more time and effort
- May not be representative if only performed once
- Doesn't provide data on how or why wastes are generated



E3 E3













- **Step 1:** Develop Goals and Target Waste Stream
- Step 2: Complete Pre-Assessment Questionnaire
- Step 3: Plan Assessment Process
- Step 4: Coordinate Logistics
- Step 5: Conduct Waste Sort
- Step 6: Collect and Review Data

















Step 1: Develop Goals and Target Waste Stream





















Step 2: Complete Pre-Assessment Questionnaire

Establishes the baseline information

- Points of contact information
- Community demographics
- Collection containers
- Description of the waste stream
- Recycling and waste disposal costs
- Educational and promotional efforts

















Step 3: Plan Assessment Process



















Step 4: Coordinate Logistics



















Step 4: Coordinate Logistics



















Step 5: Conduct Waste Sort

















































































































































Sorting protocol



















Collect Data



















Waste Sort: Analysis

Step 6: Collect and Review Data











Step 6: Collect and Review Data

64lbs

Analyze data collected

Glass Subtotal













7lbs 10oz

67lbs 7oz















Waste Assessment

- Having waste characterization data is a key component of an IWMP
- An IWMP is the blueprint of a comprehensive waste management program
- A successful IWMP can:
 - Effectively lower total operating costs
 - Increase efficiency
 - Reduce the use of open dumps
 - Improve protection of human health and the environment





Strengths

- Provides data on the weight or volume of waste/recyclables on a regular basis
- Tracks waste from the point of origin
- Identifies the most expensive or valuable components of an organization's waste
- Documents financial benefits of waste minimization/recycling
- Requires less time and effort than a waste sort

Limitations

- Might not provide quantitative data about specific waste components
- Might require substantial effort upfront to gather the records
- Does not provide data on how or why wastes are generated





23

Visual Assessment













Strengths

- Requires less time and effort than waste sorts
- Allows first-hand examination of facility operations
- Provides qualitative information about major waste components and wastegenerating processes
- Reveals waste reduction opportunities

Limitations

- Relies on estimates of waste generation
- Needs to be repeated throughout the year to improve the reliability of the estimates
- Might not identify all wastes generated

















Impacts & Trends



















Impacts & Trends



















Looking Forward

- Zero Waste
 - Incorporating ZW elements into ISWMPs (i.e. setting higher diversion rates, and addressing the products purchased on tribal lands)
- Community-Based Social Marketing Pilots
 - New marketing tool being piloted for Tribal communities in Arizona and California.

Thank you Tribal Solid Waste Group EPA R9