UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460



EXTERNAL CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLIANCE OFFICE OFFICE OF GENERAL COUNSEL

August 25, 2021

In Reply Refer to:

EPA File No: 03R-21-R3

David K. Paylor Director Virginia Department of Environmental Quality P.O. Box 1105 Richmond, VA 23218 david.paylor@deq.virginia.gov

<u>Re:</u> Acceptance of Administrative Complaint

Dear Director Paylor:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), External Civil Rights Compliance Office (ECRCO), is accepting for investigation an administrative complaint filed against the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) received by the EPA on July 21, 2021. The complaint alleges that DEQ discriminated against the predominately African American community of Brown Grove, located in Hanover, VA, on the basis of race in violation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000(d) *et seq.*, and EPA's nondiscrimination regulation, at 40 C.F.R. Part 7.

Pursuant to EPA's nondiscrimination regulation, ECRCO conducts a preliminary review of administrative complaints to determine acceptance, rejection, or referral to the appropriate Federal agency. *See* 40 C.F.R. § 7.120(d)(1). To be accepted for investigation, a complaint must meet the jurisdictional requirements described in the EPA's nondiscrimination regulation. First, the complaint must be in writing. *See* 40 C.F.R. § 7.120(b)(1). Second, it must describe an alleged discriminatory act that, if true, may violate the EPA's nondiscrimination regulation (*i.e.*, an alleged discriminatory act based on race, color, national origin, sex, age, or disability). *Id.* Third, it must be filed within 180 days of the alleged discriminatory act. *See* 40 C.F.R. § 7.120(b)(2). Finally, the complaint must be filed against an applicant for, or recipient of, EPA financial assistance that allegedly committed the discriminatory act. *See* 40 C.F.R. § 7.15.

After careful consideration, ECRCO has determined that the complaint meets the jurisdictional requirements stated above. First, the allegation is in writing. Second, it alleges that discrimination occurred in violation of EPA's nondiscrimination regulation. Third, the alleged

David K. Paylor, Director

discriminatory acts occurred within 180 days of the filing this complaint. Finally, it alleges discriminatory acts by the DEQ which is a recipient of EPA financial assistance.

ECRCO will investigate the following issues:

- Whether DEQ discriminated on the basis of race in violation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, and EPA's implementing regulation at 40 C.F.R. Part 7, by issuing Virginia Water Protection (VWP) Individual Permit No. 19-2036 for the proposed Wegmans Distribution Center's 219.6-acre site that is located south of Ashcake Road (Route 657), northwest of Sliding Hill Road (Route 656), and east of Egypt Road (Route 741);¹ and
- 2. Whether DEQ has and is implementing the procedural safeguards required under 40 C.F.R. Parts 5 and 7 that all recipients of federal assistance must have in place to comply with their general nondiscrimination obligations, including specific policies and procedures to ensure meaningful access to the DEQ's services, programs, and activities, for individuals with limited English proficiency (LEP) and individuals with disabilities, and whether the DEQ has a public participation policy and process that is consistent with Title VI and the other federal civil rights laws, and EPA's implementing regulation at 40 C.F.R. Parts 5 and 7.²

The initiation of an investigation of the issues above is not a decision on the merits. ECRCO is a neutral fact finder and will begin its process to gather the relevant information, discuss the matter further with you and the Complainant, and determine next steps utilizing ECRCO's internal procedures. Generally, the investigation and resolution options and procedures identified in EPA's nondiscrimination regulation and ECRCO's Case Resolution Manual (CRM) will be utilized for the complaint investigation process. We invite you to review ECRCO's Case Resolution Manual for a more detailed explanation of ECRCO's complaint resolution process,

² See Title VI, 42 U.S.C. 2000(d) et seq.; Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, 29 U.S.C. § 794; Lau v. Nichols, 414 U.S. 563, 568-69 (1974) (finding that the government properly required language services to be provided under a recipient's Title VI obligations not to discriminate based on national origin); 40 C.F.R. § 7.35(a). See also U.S. EPA, Guidance to Environmental Protection Agency Financial Assistance Recipients Regarding Title VI Prohibition Against National Origin Discrimination Affecting Limited English Proficient Persons. 69 FR 35602 (June 25, 2004) (available at https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2020-

02/documents/disability_nondiscrimination_plan_sample_for_recipients_2020.01.pdf. (2017).

¹Virginia Water Protection Individual Permit No. 19-2036, Project Name: Wegmans Distribution Center, Hanover County, Virginia Fact Sheet, March 1, 2021.

^{02/}documents/title_vi_lep_guidance_for_epa_recipients_2004.06.25.pdf); U.S. EPA, Title VI Public Involvement Guidance for EPA Assistance Recipients Administering Environmental Permitting Programs, 71 FR 14207 (March 21, 2006) (available at https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2020-

^{02/}documents/title_vi_public_involvement_guidance_for_epa_recipients_2006.03.21.pdf); U.S. EPA, Procedural Safeguards Checklist for Recipients, at https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2020-

^{02/}documents/procedural_safeguards_checklist_for_recipients_2020.01.pdf (rev. Jan. 2020) (which provides a more detailed explanation of nondiscrimination obligations and best practices); U.S. EPA, Disability Nondiscrimination Plan Sample, at https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2020-

David K. Paylor, Director

Page 3

available at https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2021-01/documents/2021.1.5_final_case_resolution_manual_.pdf.

ECRCO is providing DEQ with an opportunity to make a written submission responding to, rebutting, or denying the issues that have been accepted for investigation within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving a copy of this letter_notifying DEQ of the acceptance of Administrative Complaint No. 03R-21-R3. *See* 40 C.F.R. § 7.120(d)(1)(ii-iii).

EPA's nondiscrimination regulation provides that ECRCO shall attempt to resolve complaints informally whenever possible. *See* 40 C.F.R. § 7.120(d)(2). Accordingly, ECRCO will contact the DEQ and the Complainants within 10 days of the date of this letter to provide information about ECRCO's complaint process, and to offer and discuss the alternative dispute resolution (ADR)³ and informal resolution agreement⁴ processes as potential options for resolution of the issues which ECRCO has accepted for investigation. If the DEQ (and the Complainants with respect to ADR) agrees to engage in either of these potential resolution processes, ECRCO will suspend its complaint investigation. In the event that either of these potential resolution processes fails to result in an agreement, ECRCO will notify DEQ as well as the Complainants that ECRCO has resumed its complaint investigation and will issue preliminary findings within 180 days of the start of the investigation – excluding any days spent in either of these potential resolution processes.⁵

Please be advised that a copy of the complaint is enclosed, consistent with 40 C.F.R. § 7.120(e). ECRCO is releasing the complaint with appropriate redactions consistent with the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) and the Privacy Act and will only release identifying information to the extent necessary to comply with 40 C.F.R. Parts 5 and 7.⁶

No one may intimidate, threaten, coerce, or engage in other discriminatory conduct against anyone because he or she has either taken action or participated in an action to secure rights protected by the civil rights requirements that we enforce. *See* 40 C.F.R. § 7.100. Any individual alleging such harassment or intimidation may file a complaint with ECRCO.

If you have questions about this letter, please feel free to contact me at (202)564-9649, by email at dorka.lilian@epa.gov, or Jeryl Covington, Case Manager, at (202)564-7713, by email at covington.jeryl@epa.gov.

³ EPA ECRCO's Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) process involves the formal mediation of a complaint or complaint allegations between the complainant and recipient, through the use of a professionally trained mediator. See U.S. EPA, ECRCO Case Resolution Manual, Section 3.11, at 21 (2017) (available at

https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2017-01/documents/final_epa_ogc_ecrco_crm_january_11_2017.pdf).. ⁴ Informal Resolution occurs between ECRCO and the recipient. *See* Case Resolution Manual, Section 3.12; https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2017-01/documents/final_epa_ogc_ecrco_crm_january_11_2017.pdf; p. 22.

⁵ See 40 C.F.R. § 7.115(c).

⁶ Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(6) and (7)(c) and the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. § 552a.

David K. Paylor, Director

Page 4

Sincerely,

18DD

Lilian S. Dorka, Director External Civil Rights Compliance Office Office of General Counsel

Enclosure: Via Email, Redacted Copy of Complaint

cc: Ariadne Goerke Deputy Associate General Counsel Civil Rights & Finance Law Office

> Paul Leonard Senior Advisor Alternate Deputy Civil Rights Official US EPA Region 3

Cecil Rodrigues Regional Counsel US EPA Region 3