



State and Local Climate and Energy Program

AVERT v4.2

Updates to vehicle emission rates

November 7, 2023



Our Tools and Resources Support State, Local and Tribal Stakeholders on Climate and Energy



AVERT Review

- Free, easy to use:
 - Policy, program, and project analysis
- Excel & Web Editions
- Default load profiles for EE/RE
- Produces hourly marginal emissions (CO₂, NO_x, SO₂, PM_{2.5}, VOCs, NH₃)
- Data updated annually
- Target audience: State, local, tribal govt.



For more info: <u>https://www.epa.gov/avert</u>

Power Sector Emission Quantification Methods: Basic to Sophisticated



Average vs. Marginal Emissions



Time of day

Time of day

How AVERT Works: Loading Order and Displacement

Generation Before RE



Generation After RE



Displaced Generation



- AVERT is an operational simulation model.
- Conceptually, generation is dispatched in a loading order, least expensive generators first
- EE/RE (generally) reduces requirement for fossil generation
- Reduced generation = reduced emissions

AVERT can be used for different types of analyses

Model impacts of EVs deployed in a given, near-term year

- GHG emissions analysis
- Criteria pollutant emissions analysis
 - County-level geographic analysis (with lat/long EGU)
 - Temporal (hourly, seasonal) analysis
 - Health impacts and economic valuation with COBRA
- Policy analysis
 - Supports the importance of EE/RE + EV
 - Charging profiles (time of use rates, related incentives)
- Easy, fast to use and modify

ICE Emissions in AVERT come from MOVES4

- MOVES4 is U.S. EPA's state-of-the-science emission modeling system that estimates emissions for mobile sources for criteria air pollutants, greenhouse gases, and air toxics. <u>https://www.epa.gov/moves</u>
- AVERT based on many MOVES runs (51 states X 11 years = 561 runs)
 - 50 states, plus Washington D.C. = 51 entities
 - Calendar years 2023 through 2028 = 6 years
- MOVES Setup
 - Default Scale, Statewide Runs
 - Passenger Car, Passenger Truck, Transit Bus, School Bus and all available Fuel Types
 - All Emission Processes from Pollutants CO₂, NH₃, NO_x, PM_{2.5}, SO₂, and VOC
 - California standards overrode Federal standards, where applicable

ICE Emissions in AVERT come from MOVES4 (cont.)

- Post-processing generated emission factors in grams per mile, by state, vehicle type, fuel type, vehicle vintage, and month
- AVERT uses an aggregated version of these emission factors to estimate total ICE emissions
- AVERT allocates VMT to counties based on a separate analysis of the MOVES4 database that produced VMT by county for the U.S.

| | | | | | | State Data | | | | | | |
|------|--------|---------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------|
| Year | Month | Model Year | State | Vehicle Type | Fuel Type | VMT (miles) | Atmospheric CO2 (lb/mile) | Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx) (lb/mile) | Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) (Ib/mile) | Primary Exhaust PM2.5 - Total (Ib/mile) | VOCs (Evaporative, Exhaust, Refueling) (lb/mile) | Ammonia (NH3 (Ib/mile) |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IL | Passenger Car | Gasoline | 133,028,200 | 0.60 | 9.73E-05 | 3.33E-06 | 8.44E-06 | 2.63E-04 | 5.24E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IL | Passenger Truck | Gasoline | 319,698,400 | 0.79 | 9.60E-05 | 4.40E-06 | 1.03E-05 | 2.61E-04 | 4.57E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IL. | School Bus | Diesel Fuel | 624,780 | 2.54 | 2.61E-03 | 8.48E-06 | 1.67E-05 | 2.74E-04 | 1.54E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IL | Transit Bus | Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) | 43,753 | 3.14 | 1.97E-03 | 1.66E-05 | 1.13E-05 | 9.39E-04 | 2.46E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IL | Transit Bus | Diesel Fuel | 293,837 | 3.33 | 4.94E-03 | 1.11E-05 | 6.90E-06 | 2.59E-04 | 2.01E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IL | Transit Bus | Gasoline | 139,550 | 3.57 | 7.96E-04 | 1.99E-05 | 3.71E-05 | 2.78E-03 | 2.17E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IN | Passenger Car | Gasoline | 106,269,760 | 0.60 | 1.01E-04 | 3.21E-06 | 8.29E-06 | 2.60E-04 | 5.25E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IN | Passenger Truck | Gasoline | 265,865,600 | 0.79 | 9.65E-05 | 4.22E-06 | 9.80E-06 | 2.50E-04 | 4.56E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IN | School Bus | Diesel Fuel | 530,032 | 2.53 | 2.59E-03 | 8.46E-06 | 1.67E-05 | 2.64E-04 | 1.54E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IN | Transit Bus | Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) | 35,402 | 3.15 | 1.98E-03 | 1.67E-05 | 1.14E-05 | 9.46E-04 | 2.46E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IN | Transit Bus | Diesel Fuel | 237,753 | 3.33 | 4.96E-03 | 1.11E-05 | 6.93E-06 | 2.58E-04 | 2.01E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IN | Transit Bus | Gasoline | 112,914 | 3.56 | 7.89E-04 | 1.92E-05 | 3.69E-05 | 2.65E-03 | 2.17E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IA | Passenger Car | Gasoline | 39,229,200 | 0.59 | 1.18E-04 | 3.13E-06 | 1.20E-05 | 3.69E-04 | 5.08E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IA | Passenger Truck | Gasoline | 106,473,440 | 0.77 | 1.06E-04 | 4.10E-06 | 1.34E-05 | 3.29E-04 | 4.43E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IA | School Bus | Diesel Fuel | 224,909 | 2.46 | 2.33E-03 | 8.22E-06 | 1.51E-05 | 2.61E-04 | 1.49E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IA | Transit Bus | Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) | 14,079 | 3.05 | 1.82E-03 | 1.61E-05 | 1.04E-05 | 8.67E-04 | 2.40E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IA | Transit Bus | Diesel Fuel | 94,553 | 3.25 | 4.51E-03 | 1.09E-05 | 6.55E-06 | 2.60E-04 | 1.96E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | IA | Transit Bus | Gasoline | 44,906 | 3.53 | 8.21E-04 | 1.89E-05 | 4.52E-05 | 2.37E-03 | 2.15E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | KS | Passenger Car | Gasoline | 37,564,192 | 0.57 | 1.02E-04 | 3.05E-06 | 8.50E-06 | 2.62E-04 | 5.01E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | KS | Passenger Truck | Gasoline | 97,357,800 | 0.76 | 9.48E-05 | 4.04E-06 | 9.79E-06 | 2.43E-04 | 4.39E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | KS | School Bus | Diesel Fuel | 202,719 | 2.46 | 2.32E-03 | 8.22E-06 | 1.51E-05 | 2.40E-04 | 1.49E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | KS | Transit Bus | Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) | 13,316 | 3.04 | 1.81E-03 | 1.61E-05 | 1.03E-05 | 8.60E-04 | 2.40E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | KS | Transit Bus | Diesel Fuel | 89,428 | 3.25 | 4.45E-03 | 1.09E-05 | 6.54E-06 | 2.42E-04 | 1.97E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | KS | Transit Bus | Gasoline | 42,471 | 3.54 | 8.26E-04 | 1.89E-05 | 3.70E-05 | 2.35E-03 | 2.16E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | KY | Passenger Car | Gasoline | 62,896,500 | 0.58 | 9.47E-05 | 3.12E-06 | 6.95E-06 | 2.17E-04 | 5.07E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | KY | Passenger Truck | Gasoline | 164,205,792 | 0.76 | 8.75E-05 | 4.13E-06 | 7.87E-06 | 2.01E-04 | 4.44E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | KY | School Bus | Diesel Fuel | 346,529 | 2.46 | 2.27E-03 | 8.20E-06 | 1.50E-05 | 2.29E-04 | 1.49E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | KY | Transit Bus | Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) | 22,619 | 3.03 | 1.78E-03 | 1.61E-05 | 1.02E-05 | 8.50E-04 | 2.40E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | KY | Transit Bus | Diesel Fuel | 151,908 | 3.25 | 4.37E-03 | 1.09E-05 | 6.51E-06 | 2.34E-04 | 1.96E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | KY | Transit Bus | Gasoline | 72,144 | 3.55 | 8.21E-04 | 1.92E-05 | 3.14E-05 | 2.66E-03 | 2.16E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | LA | Passenger Car | Gasoline | 66,642,752 | 0.57 | 6.87E-05 | 3.04E-06 | 4.17E-06 | 1.36E-04 | 5.10E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | LA | Passenger Truck | Gasoline | 167,182,000 | 0.75 | 6.53E-05 | 4.03E-06 | 4.67E-06 | 1.30E-04 | 4.45E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | LA | School Bus | Diesel Fuel | 338,910 | 2.49 | 2.34E-03 | 8.33E-06 | 1.58E-05 | 1.89E-04 | 1.51E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | LA | Transit Bus | Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) | 22,831 | 3.09 | 1.77E-03 | 1.63E-05 | 1.08E-05 | 8.96E-04 | 2.43E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | LA | Transit Bus | Diesel Fuel | 153,327 | 3.29 | 4.46E-03 | 1.10E-05 | 6.71E-06 | 2.10E-04 | 1.99E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | LA | Transit Bus | Gasoline | 72,818 | 3.55 | 7.50E-04 | 1.90E-05 | 2.54E-05 | 2.39E-03 | 2.17E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | ME | Passenger Car | Gasoline | 17,132,490 | 0.58 | 1.11E-04 | 3.22E-06 | 1.13E-05 | 3.51E-04 | 4.99E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | ME | Passenger Truck | Gasoline | 48,119,220 | 0.76 | 9.67E-05 | 4.24E-06 | 1.19E-05 | 3.04E-04 | 4.38E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | ME | School Bus | Diesel Fuel | 102,927 | 2.43 | 2.25E-03 | 8.12E-06 | 1.45E-05 | 2.58E-04 | 1.47E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | ME | Transit Bus | Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) | 6,286 | 3.00 | 1.76E-03 | 1.59E-05 | 1.00E-05 | 8.39E-04 | 2.37E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | ME | Transit Bus | Diesel Fuel | 42.219 | 3.22 | 4.34E-03 | 1.08E-05 | 6.39E-06 | 2.58E-04 | 1.94E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | ME | Transit Bus | Gasoline | 20,051 | 3.51 | 8.13E-04 | 1.96E-05 | 3.98E-05 | 2.68E-03 | 2.14E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | MD | Passenger Car | Gasoline | 72,994,992 | 0.59 | 8.45E-05 | 3.32E-06 | 6.19E-06 | 2.00E-04 | 5.19E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | MD | Passenger Truck | Gasoline | 170,327,408 | 0.78 | 8.51E-05 | 4.42E-06 | 7.44E-06 | 2.03E-04 | 4.54E-05 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | MD | School Bus | Diesel Fuel | 322,972 | 2.52 | 2.59E-03 | 8.43E-06 | 1.64E-05 | 2.53E-04 | 1.53E-04 |
| 2023 | 1 | 2023 | MD | Transit Bus | Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) | 23,612 | 3.11 | 1.94E-03 | 1.65E-05 | 1.11E-05 | 9.23E-04 | 2.44E-04 |
| | Cs NH3 | Summary | ChartData | EERE Default Ca | culateEERE Library CountyFIPS | NEI Emission | Rates RegionStat | teAllocate MOV | ESEmissionRates | (+) | : • | |

How does AVERT assign ICE emissions to counties?

- AVERT calculates the total ICE emissions for the analyzed state or region using the vehicle type, emissions rate, and number of vehicles modeled in the scenario
- AVERT has data from MOVES on vehicle miles traveled (VMT) per county by vehicle type (i.e., passenger car, truck, transit bus, and school bus)
- AVERT calculates the portion of the total region or state's VMT in a county and multiples that by the total calculated ICE emissions for the state or region analyzed

MOVES data

50 states 6 vehicle and fuel types 7 vehicle vintages 6 pollutants X 12 months

154,224 data points

AVERT connects the power and transportation sector

Power Sector

Induced generation

- Marginal power generation and emissions
- 14 grid regions assigned at the county-level
 - County-level VMT is converted into electricity demand
- EV charging profile (NREL's EVI-Pro Lite)
- EE/RE Context

Vehicles

Emissions of avoided fossil-burning vehicles

- Emission factors: State-specific
 - Exhaust, Evaporative, Refueling (MOVES4)
- Vehicle types: Light-duty vehicles, transit bus, school bus
- Fuel types: gasoline, diesel, CNG
- Vehicle vintage: 2023-2028
- Vehicle age: New or fleet average
- **VMT** monthly, by county, by vehicle type

VMT: Vehicle miles traveled

Limitations of AVERT

• Same as previous versions of AVERT:

- Near-term time horizon
- Not for analyzing very large load changes
- Others listed in user manual
- Not suitable for mobile source regulatory analyses, including state implementation plans (SIP) and transportation conformity analyses

Demonstration

In Review

• AVERT v4.2 can help you answer:

- What is the emissions impact of adding a certain number of EVs in a given year?
- How much EE/RE do we need to deploy to offset emissions of X number of EVs?
- What are the ozone season NOx implications of an energy scenario?
- Where, in which counties and at which fossil fueled EGUs, are pollutants expected to change because of an energy scenario?
- How do vehicle charging profiles impact emissions?
- What are the health impacts of an energy scenario? (with COBRA)
- and more...

Q&A

- Learn more about AVERT v4.2 at www.epa.gov/avert
- Email EPA: <u>avert@epa.gov</u>

