



CLIMATE POLLUTION REDUCTION GRANIS

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency





Inflation Reduction Act authorized creation of \$5 billion program:

- Planning grants to develop climate pollution reduction strategies (\$250 M)
 - Program guidance for noncompetitive grants issued March 1, 2023
- Implementation grants to help put plans into action (\$4.6 B)
 - Two competitions announced September 20, 2023
 - \$4.3 billion general competition for all eligible applicants
 - applications due April 1, 2024
 - \$300 million competition for tribes and territories
 - applications due May 1, 2024

CPRG Program Objectives





Implement ambitious measures that will achieve significant cumulative greenhouse gas (GHG) reductions by 2030 and beyond



Achieve substantial community benefits (such as reduction of criteria and hazardous air pollutants), particularly in low-income and disadvantaged communities



Complement other funding sources to maximize these GHG reductions and community benefits



Pursue innovative policies and programs that are replicable and can be "scaled up" across multiple jurisdictions

Funding Availability – General Competition



Tier	Grant Ranges (million)	Funds Targeted for Each Tier (billion)	Anticipated Number of Grants to be Awarded
Tier A	\$200 to \$500	\$2	4-10
Tier B	\$100 to <\$200	\$1.3	6-13
Tier C	\$50 to <\$100	\$0.6	6-12
Tier D	\$10 to <\$50	\$0.3	6-30
Tier E	\$2 to <\$10	\$0.1	10-50
	TOTAL	\$4.3 billion	30-115

General Competition funds will be available across five funding tiers.

Applications will be evaluated and selected for award on a tier- bytier basis.







Priority Climate Action Plan (PCAP)

- States/MSAs: due March 1, 2024
- Tribe/territory: due April 1, 2024
- Near-term, implementation-ready, priority greenhouse gas (GHG) reduction measures
- Prerequisite for eligible entities in the area covered by the plan to apply for implementation grants



Comprehensive Climate Action Plan (CCAP)

- Due in 2025, 2 years after award (later for tribes and territories)
- Address all sectors and significant GHG sources/sinks
- Near- and long-term GHG emission reduction goals and strategies



Status Report

- Due in 2027 (N/A for tribes or territories)
- Updated analyses and plans
- Progress and next steps for key metrics





- Opportunity for peer-to-peer technical assistance, collaboration, and mentoring
- Sharing of case studies, best practices, and lessons learned
- Forums focus on key aspects of climate action planning and key sectors
- Facilitated and led by EPA subject matter experts and contractors
- Registration links were sent out to lead organizations



OVERVIEW OF ANTICIPATED CLEAN PORTS PROGRAM



Clean Ports Program

- \$3B for Grants
- 25% (\$750M) to be spent in nonattainment areas

Up to 10% (Up to \$300M)

Climate and Air Quality Planning

~90% (Over \$2.6B)

ZE Technology Deployment (Equipment and Infrastructure)



CLEAN PORTS PROGRAM GOALS

1.

• Reduce diesel pollution (criteria pollutants, GHGs, and air toxics) in near-port communities, with a deliberate focus on those with environmental justice concerns.

2.

• Build a foundation for the port sector to transition over time to fully zeroemissions operations using domestically-produced equipment, positioning ports to serve as a catalyst for transformational change across the freight sector.

3

• Help ensure that meaningful community engagement and emissions reduction planning are port industry standard practices.

KEY ELEMENTS OF OVERALL PROGRAM DESIGN



Eligible Entities:

- Port Authority
- State, regional, local, or tribal agency with jurisdiction over a port or port authority
- Private entities working in partnership with an eligible entity of who owns, operates, or uses port facilities or technology

Definition of Port:

- Planning to include all water ports
- Planing to include all large dry ports

Program Criteria

- Community and environmental justice engagement
- Justice 40 and nonattainment project areas
- Workforce/labor elements of proposals





HYDROFLUOROCARBON (HFC) RECLAIM AND INNOVATIVE DESTRUCTION GRANTS



PROJECT TYPES

1.

• **Reclaim Technology**: Pilot projects for new or better technologies to increase reclamation of otherwise useable HFCs

2.

 Reclaim Market Dynamics: Programs or pilot projects for innovative strategies that lower barriers to increasing reclamation; and

3.

• Innovative Destructive Technologies: Pilot projects for innovative technologies to destroy unusable and/or unwanted HFC.





WOOD HEATERS AWARD

- Award: \$8.8 million to a nationwide network of partner air agencies for a project focused on emissions from wood heaters.
- **Purpose**: support independent testing and data analysis of emissions from new models of woodstoves and wood heating devices.

