

## Commercial and Industrial Solid Waste Incineration Units (CISWI) Federal Plan (FP)

National Informational Webinar

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#### Commercial and Industrial Solid Waste Incineration Units (CISWI)

 Any distinct operating unit of any commercial or industrial facility that combusts, or has combusted in the preceding 6 months, any solid waste.

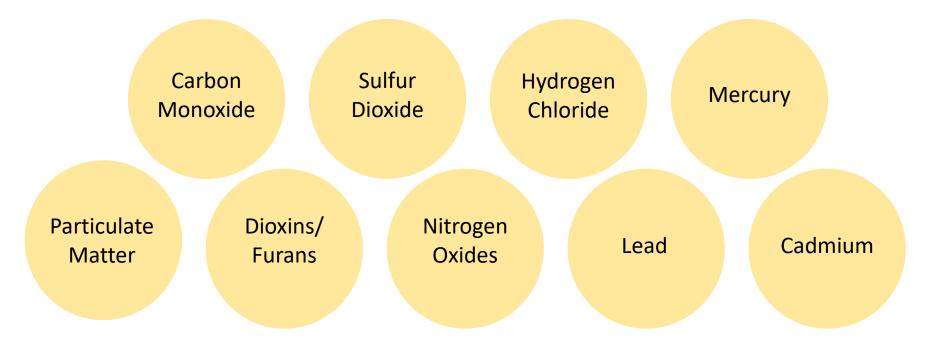
#### **Existing CISWI**

- Commenced construction on or before June 4, 2010, or
- Commenced modification or reconstruction after June 4, 2010, but no later than August 7, 2013.

- Sections 111(b) and 129(a) of the Clean Air Act (CAA) address emissions from new units (*i.e.*, New Source Performance Standards (NSPS))
- CAA sections 111(d) and 129(b) address emissions from existing units (*i.e.*, Emission Guidelines (EG))
- NSPS are federal regulations that are directly enforceable
- Emission guidelines provide direction for developing state plans and are not themselves directly enforceable

- Emission guidelines must be implemented through a
  - state plan or
  - federal plan.
- The federal plan applies to CISWI in states that **do not have approved state plans in effect** to implement the emission guidelines.
- States may submit state plans after the effective date of the federal plan.

• CISWI emission guidelines address **specific air pollutants** including:

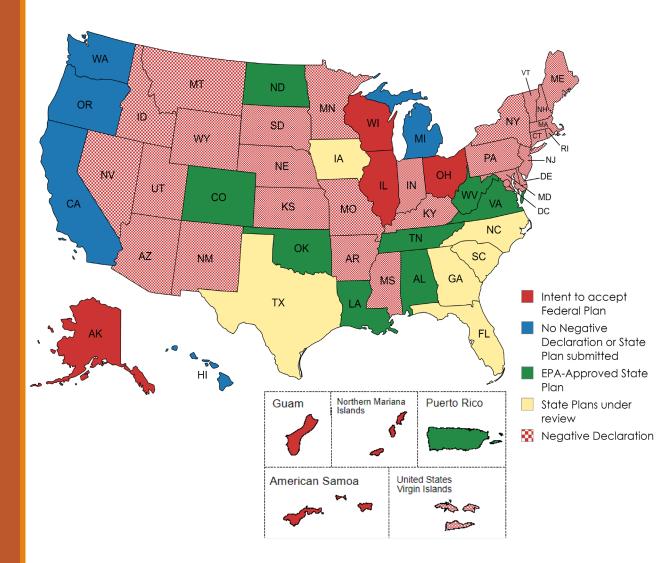


#### CISWI Federal Plan

Finalizing a federal plan (FP) for existing CISWI

- Emission Guidelines issued in 2013, amended in 2016 and 2019
- In states that do not have an approved state plan<sup>1</sup> implementing the CISWI emission guidelines (EG)

<sup>1</sup> The EPA is not aware of any CISWI owned or operated by Indian tribal governments.



# Changes to CISWI Federal Plan – New Subpart

- Created a new subpart IIIa
- Subpart III is no longer effective 30 days after date federal plan published in the federal register
- Subpart IIIa is effective from that date onward.
- Subpart III applies to incinerators.
- Subpart IIIa defines 4 subcategories for CISWI.

### Changes to CISWI Federal Plan – CISWI Subcategories

Federal plan defines 4 subcategories for existing CISWI:

- Incinerators (i.e., units designed to burn discarded waste materials for the purpose of disposal)
- Energy recovery units (ERUs) (i.e., units that would be boilers or process heaters if they did not combust solid waste)
- Waste burning kilns (i.e., units that would be cement kilns if they did not combust solid waste)
- Small remote incinerators (i.e., units that combusts 3 tons per day or less of solid waste and more than 25 miles driving distance to nearest municipal solid waste landfill)

## Changes to CISWI Federal Plan – Compliance Timing

- Establishing the final compliance date for existing sources
  - 30 days after date of publication in the Federal Register
  - Compliance date remains as proposed
  - No statutory authority under CAA section 129 for providing compliance extensions

#### Changes to CISWI Federal Plan – Technical Amendments

- Implemented 2019 technical amendments to CISWI EG
  - Additional time to complete initial compliance demonstrations
  - Waste Management Plan submittal due date changed to final compliance date
  - Timing of initial test and initial performance evaluation
  - Production-based emission limits in lieu of concentrationbased limits for mercury (Hg)
  - Demonstration of initial and continuous compliance when using Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS)
  - Additional minor technical amendments

## Changes to CISWI Federal Plan – Small Remote Incinerators in Alaska

- Modifies emission guidelines to only apply to small remote incinerators (SRIs) located outside the state of Alaska.
- Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2024
  - Prohibits EPA from "expending funds to implement or enforce subpart DDDD with respect to units in the state of Alaska."
- Small remote incinerators in the state of Alaska do not have implementation obligations under CISWI.

#### **Changes to CISWI Federal Plan**

Modified equation 7 at 40 CFR 62.14670(y) (now at 40 CFR 62.14640a(y)) for waste-burning kilns

$$C_{ks} = \frac{(Emission\ Limit \times (Qab+\ Qcm+\ Qks)) - (Qcm \times C_{cm}))}{Q_{ks}}$$
(Eq. 7)  
$$C_{ks} = \frac{(Emission\ Limit \times \sum_{1}^{n} Q_{i}) - \sum_{1}^{m} (Q_{i} \times C_{i})}{Q_{ks}}$$
(modified Eq. 7)

#### Principal Components of Federal Plan

- 1. Waste management plan
- 2. Operator training and qualification
- 3. Emission limitations and operating limits

#### SUMMARY OF EMISSIONS LIMITS FOR EXISTING CISWI

Subcategory		HCl (ppmv)	CO (ppmv)	Pb (mg/dscm)	Cd (mg/dscm)	Hg (mg/dscm)	PM, filterable (mg/dscm)	Dioxins/ Furans, total (ng/dscm)	Dioxins/ Furans, TEQ (ng/dscm)	NOx (ppmv)	SO2 (ppmv)
Incinerators		29	17	0.015	0.0026	0.0048	34	4.6	0.13	53	11
ERUs - Solids	Biomass units	0.2	260	0.014	0.0014	0.0022	11	0.52	0.12	290	7.3
	Coal units	58	95	0.057	0.0017	0.013	130	5.1	0.075	460	850
ERUs – Liquid/Gas		14	35	0.096	0.023	0.0024	110	2.9	0.32	76	720
Waste Burning Kilns		3	110 (long kilns) 790 (preheater/precalciner)	0.014	0.0014	0.011	13.5	1.3	0.075	630	600
SRIs		300	64	2.1	0.95	0.0053	270	4400	180	190	250

mg/dscm = milligrams per dry standard cubic meter

ng/dscm = nanograms per dry standard cubic meter

## Principal Components of Federal Plan

- 4. Performance testing
- 5. Initial compliance requirements
- 6. Continuous compliance requirements
- 7. Monitoring

## Principal Components of Federal Plan

- 8. Recordkeeping and reporting
- 9. Definitions
- 10. Emission limits tables

#### **Estimated Emission Reductions**

Pollutant	Estimated Reduction				
Acid gases (HCl and SO <sub>2</sub> )	7,046 tpy <sup>1</sup>				
Particulate Matter	2,401 tpy				
Non-Mercury metals (Pb and Cd)	4.5 tpy				
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	20,000 tpy				
Nitrous Oxides (NOx)	5,399 tpy				
Mercury	688 lb/year				
Co-benefit	Reduce emissions of PAH <sup>2</sup> and PCB <sup>3</sup>				

<sup>1</sup>Tons per year

<sup>2</sup> Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

<sup>3</sup> Polychlorinated biphenyls

## Questions?

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