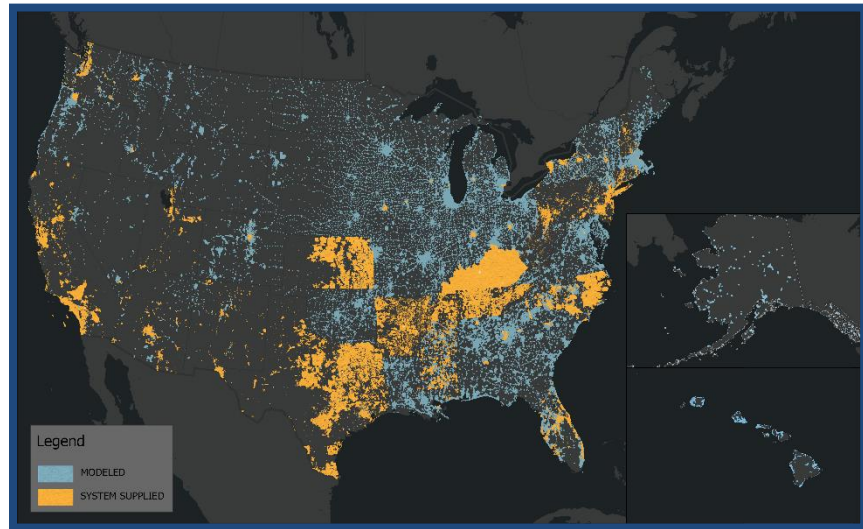


## EPA Community Water System Service Area Boundaries

### Introduction to Service Area Boundaries

A drinking water service area boundary describes the extent of a geographic area that receives drinking water from a public water system. The EPA developed a national dataset of drinking water service area boundaries that includes over 44,000 community water systems that cover roughly 99% of the reported population served by community water systems in the United States.<sup>1</sup> This dataset extends to all 50 states and Washington, DC as well as tribal systems. Future updates will aim to improve existing service

area boundaries and add water system service area boundaries that are not currently in the dataset, including U.S. territories. More detailed information including a map viewer, data downloads, data standards, frequently asked questions, and other resources and tools can be found on the [EPA Community Water System Service Area Boundary](#) webpages.



*Figure 1: This map of the United States shows the extent of the EPA Community Water System Service Area Boundary dataset. Boundaries modeled by the EPA are displayed in Blue, and boundaries sourced from publicly available state and municipal datasets are displayed in Yellow.*

### Significance of the Dataset

Knowing the service area that a system serves enables you to connect the water system to the customers it serves. Service area boundaries can be helpful in:

- Informing public health and emergency response efforts to protect the public and critical infrastructure during emergencies.
- Planning and affordability analyses of drinking water investments.
- Identification of systems and areas in need of greater support.

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<sup>1</sup> EPA [defines a public water system](#) as one that provides water for human consumption through pipes or other constructed conveyances to at least 15 service connections or serves an average of at least 25 people for at least 60 days a year. A community water system is a type of public water system defined as supplying water to the same population year-round, most of the U.S. population are served by community water systems.

## How Was This Dataset Developed?

The service area boundary dataset is a combination of publicly available state datasets, data directly from water systems, and EPA-modeled service area boundaries. Over 40% of the service area boundaries are from state databases. Over 50% of the remaining service area boundaries were modeled by the EPA using a variety of inputs, such as, building footprints and service connections. In a few cases (less than 10%), boundaries were supplied to EPA directly from water systems. The EPA reviewed state published service area boundary datasets and completed a [State Summary](#) review to inform whether the boundaries were of sufficient quality to include in the national dataset, or whether EPA-modeled boundaries would provide a more accurate representation of the service area boundary. For more detailed information, see the [Water System Service Area Technical Documentation](#).

## Dataset Limitations

The modeled water system service areas in this map are estimates and should not be treated as exact reflections of true service areas. While the EPA has reviewed the data provided by the state or by the system itself, it cannot guarantee the accuracy of these boundaries. Additionally, people can be served by multiple types of water systems that are not shown on the map. Thus, these boundaries should be used as a first step in learning more about the systems that serve your area. If you cannot identify a water system that serves you, it could be for the following reasons:

- You are on a [private well](#), which the Safe Drinking Water Act does not regulate. You can explore private well data in more detail by visiting the EPA-developed [nationwide map of private domestic wells](#).
- Your water comes from a non-community water system. These systems are not currently mapped and are defined as:
  - Non-Transient Non-Community Water System: A public water system that regularly supplies water to at least 25 of the same people at least six months per year. Some examples are schools, factories, and hospitals that have their own water systems.
  - Transient Non-Community Water System: A public water system that provides water in a place such as a gas station or campground, where people do not remain for long periods of time.
- Your water comes from a community water system that is not mapped due to data limitations. Many tribal and territorial community water systems could not be mapped for this reason.

Future updates will aim to capture community water systems not currently mapped as well as non-community water systems.

## Questions

If you have questions that are not answered by this fact sheet or the [EPA Community Water System Service Area Boundary](#) webpages, or if you would like to correct an error you see on the map, please [contact us](#).

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