



Agenda

Introductions

MSGP Overview

Proposed Changes for the 2026 MSGP

Permit Schedule

Q&A



MSGP Background

- The Clean Water Act requires a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for stormwater discharges from certain industrial activities.
- EPA offers coverage for "stormwater discharges associated with industrial activity" under the Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP) to facilities in areas where EPA is the permitting authority.
 - 29 industrial sectors [40 CRF 122.26(14)(b)] included in the permit = "multi-sector".
- MSGPs are issued for 5-year terms.
- Current 2021 MSGP expires on February 28, 2026.

How does EPA regulate industrial stormwater?



Authorizes SW discharges for eligible operators in 29 sectors and sets specific requirements 1995, 2000, 2008, 2015, & 2021

Regulations: 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14)

Defines "stormwater discharge associated with industrial activity" and names 11 categories of facilities

1990

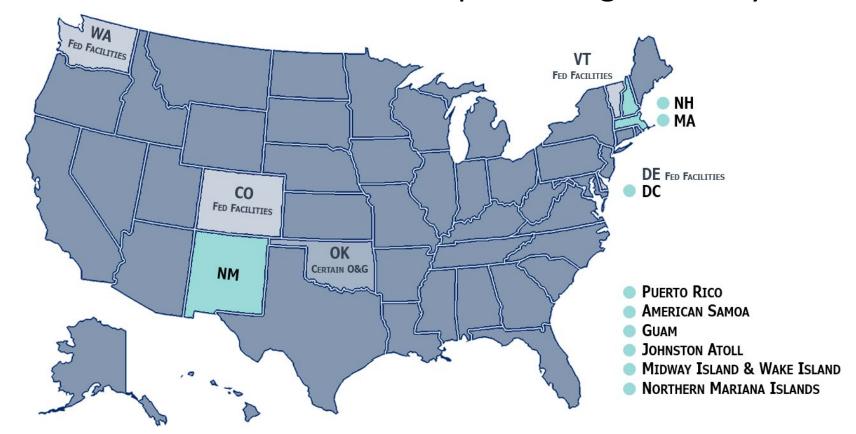
Law: Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 402(p)

Congress directs EPA to require NPDES permits for SW discharges associated with industrial activity and that those discharges must meet Water Quality Standards (WQS)

1987

MSGP Applicable Areas

Approximately 2,000 industrial facilities are currently covered under the MSGP in areas where EPA is the NPDES permitting authority



Covered Industries

What *does* the MSGP cover?

The MSGP authorizes stormwater discharges from the following eligible sectors:

A: Timber Products

B: Paper Products

C: Chemical Products

D: Asphalt/ Roofing

E: Glass, Clay, Cement

F: Primary Metals

G: Metal Mining

H: Coal Mines

I: Oil and Gas

J: Mineral Mining

K: Hazardous Waste

L: Landfills

M: Auto Salvage Yards

N: Scrap Recycling

O: Steam Electric Generation

P: Land Transportation

Q: Water Transportation

R: Ship/Boat Building, Repair

S: Air Transportation

T: Treatment Works

U: Food Products

V: Textile Mills/Fabric Products

W: Furniture/Fixtures

X: Printing, Publishing

Y: Rubber, Misc. Plastics Products

Z: Leather Tanning/Finishing

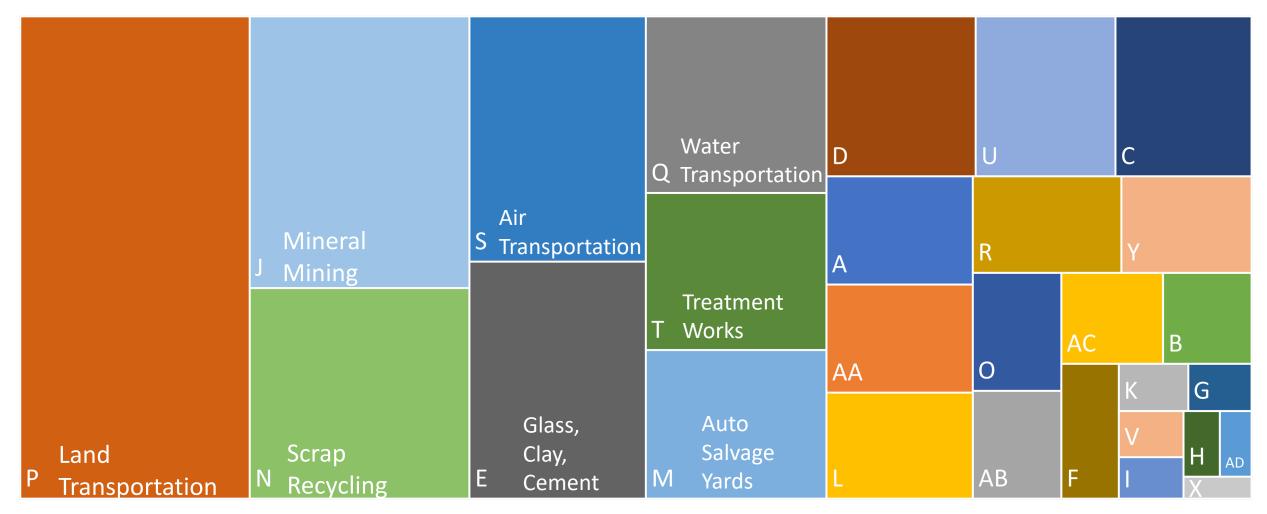
AA: Fabricated Metal Products

AB: Transportation Equip.

AC: Electronic, Photo Goods

AD: Non-classified Facilities

MSGP Facility Count by Primary Sector





Background

What doesn't the MSGP cover?

- Construction stormwater discharges (except for mines).
- Stormwater discharges from the non-industrial portions of facilities (most parking lots, office spaces, etc.).
- Wastewater discharges.
- Non-point source discharges.

Key things to know before getting permit coverage

Operators must:

- Meet eligibility requirements, such as National Historic Preservation Act requirements and Endangered Species Act requirements.
- Develop/update a stormwater pollution prevention plan (SWPPP).
- File a Notice of Intent (NOI) and wait a minimum of 30 days before discharging.
- Become familiar and comply with any State- or Tribe-specific water-quality based requirements (from the CWA section 401 certification process).

Operators should also know that:

- ⚠ Industrial stormwater discharges must meet applicable water quality standards (CWA §402(p)(3)(A)).
- A no exposure certificate is available for facilities that can certify that industrial activities are not exposed to stormwater.

Steps to comply with the MSGP



PREPARE

Check Eligibility
Conditions
(Part 1)

Develop/update SWPPP (Part 6)

Install Control
Measures to
Meet Effluent
Limits (Part 2)

GET COVERED

Submit NOI for Authorization (Part 1)

Снеск-Ир

Conduct
Inspections and
Visual
Assessments
(Part 3)

Conduct
Required
Monitoring
(Parts 4, 8)

FOLLOW-UP

Complete Any
Required
Corrective
Actions and AIM
(Part 5)

Complete Reporting (Part 7)



Comply with any Sector-Specific requirements (Part 8)



Comply with any State/Tribal-specific conditions (Part 9)



Proposed Changes to the 2026 MSGP

Additional Implementation Measures (AIM)

- Reporting for all AIM Triggering Events
- AIM Level 1 Inspections
- Exceptions (Natural Background and Water Quality Standards)

Benchmark Monitoring

- New Schedule
- New Sectors

Impaired Waters

- Broader Applicability
- Corrective Action

Resilient Stormwater Control Design

PFAS Indicator Monitoring

Water Quality Based Effluent Limit (WQBEL)

Clarified Expectation to Report Numeric Results

AIM – Response Reporting

Additional Implementation Measures (AIM) – After a facility receives lab results that indicate an AIM triggering event, they would need to submit a report of planned corrective action and a follow up report when corrective action is taken.

2021 MSGP	Proposed 2026 MSGP
In the annual report (Appendix I), operators must provide a summary of the past year's AIM documentation	 Part 5.2: The AIM Triggering Event Report must include: Within 14 days of the AIM Triggering Event: A description of the planned corrective action, The planned date of the corrective action. Within 14 days of completing the corrective action: The actual date of completion, Any changes to the planned corrective action.

AIM – Level 1 Inspections

Additional Implementation Measures (AIM) - Requiring a facility that triggers AIM Level 1 to conduct an inspection to identify the pollutant source for benchmark exceedance within 7 days of triggering AIM

2021 MSGP Proposed 2026 MSGP 5.2.3.1 AIM Level 1 Responses. If any of the triggering events **5.2.3.1 AIM Level 1 Responses.** If any of the triggering events in in Part 5.2.2 occur, you must: Part 5.2.2 occur, you must: Conduct an Inspection. Conduct and document an Review SWPPP/Stormwater Control Measures. Immediately review your SWPPP ... and Implement Additional Measures. inspection as described in Part 3 to investigate the cause of After reviewing your SWPPP/stormwater control measures, you the benchmark exceedance(s) within 7 days of triggering must implement additional measures, considering good AIM Level 1. Submit the findings of your inspection engineering practices, ... you must document per Part 5.3 and electronically via NeTMSGP per Part 7.2.1. You must also document in your SWPPP the results of your inspection. ... include in your annual report why you expect your existing control measures to bring your exceedances below the Review your SWPPP parameter's benchmark threshold for the next 12-month **Implement Additional Measures** period.

AIM - Exceptions

Natural Background Exception: Proposes that operators sample and provide numeric results of pollutant in stormwater from natural background and get EPA approval to claim natural background exception.

5.2.6.1 You must demonstrate that the benchmark exceedance is solely attributable to the presence of that pollutant in natural background sources, provided that all the following conditions are met and you submit your analysis and documentation to the applicable *EPA* Regional Office upon request:

a. The four-quarter average ...

2021 MSGP

b. ...your supporting rationale for concluding that benchmark exceedances are in fact attributable solely to natural background pollutant levels. You must include in your supporting rationale any data previously collected by you or others (including literature studies)

Proposed 2026 MSGP

- **5.2.6.1** You must demonstrate *and obtain EPA agreement* that the benchmark exceedance is solely attributable to the presence of that pollutant in natural background sources, provided that all the following conditions are met:
- a. The four-quarter average...
- b. You submit documentation with a supporting rationale and EPA concludes that benchmark exceedances are in fact attributable solely to natural background pollutant levels. You must include in your supporting rationale with analytical results of uncontaminated (i.e., before entering an area with industrial activity occurring) stormwater coming from natural, undisturbed areas,

Benchmark Monitoring - New Schedule

Schedule: Proposes a modified benchmark monitoring schedule. Previously, monitoring was required in Years 1 and 4 if no AIM triggering event occurred. EPA is proposing quarterly monitoring for the first three years.

2021 MSGP

Part 4.2.2.3 (a): Year one of permit coverage: You must conduct benchmark monitoring for all parameters applicable to your subsector(s) for four quarters in your first year of permit coverage, beginning in your first full quarter of permit coverage, no earlier than May 30, 2021.

i. If the annual average for a parameter does not exceed the benchmark threshold, you can discontinue benchmark monitoring for that parameter for the next two years (i.e., eight quarters).

Proposed 2026 MSGP

Part 4.2.2.3 (a): After obtaining twelve quarterly samples, if the annual average for a parameter does not exceed the benchmark threshold, at any time in the first three years of permit coverage you can discontinue benchmark monitoring for that parameter for the remainder of the permit term.

Benchmark Monitoring - New Sector

Updating Monitoring Requirements for Certain Sectors – Proposes, for certain sectors, a shift from indicator (report-only) monitoring to benchmark monitoring and AIM requirements. Proposed subsectors had monitoring data reported under the 2021 MSGP with a significant number of data points that would have exceeded the applicable benchmark.

2021 MSGP	Proposed 2026 MSGP	
Indicator monitoring only for the listed subsectors.	Shift to benchmark monitoring for 11 subsects the 2021 MSGP had a significant number of dathe applicable benchmark and those sectors we exceeded the benchmarks: • E3 – Glass and Stone Products • I1 – Oil and Gas Extraction • L2 - Landfills • N2 – Source – separated Recycling Facilities • O1 – Steam Electric Generating Facilities	ta points that would have exceeded
•	 P1 – Land Transportation and Warehousing R1 – Ship and Boat Building and Repairing Yards 	(designated by director)

Impaired Waters – Broader Applicability

Impaired Waters Monitoring – Proposes a change to the schedule and would broaden the applicably of monitoring to all impaired waters.

2021 MSGP	Proposed 2026 MSGP
Part 4.2.5.1: Discharges to impaired waters <u>without</u> an EPA-approved or established TMDL - Monitoring is required annually in the first year of permit coverage and again in the fourth year of permit coverage as follows, unless you detect a pollutant causing an impairment, in which case annual monitoring must continue.	Part 4.2.5.1: For discharges to impaired waters with or without an EPA-approved or established TMDL, monitoring is required quarterly for the entirety of the permit term.

Impaired Waters – Corrective Action

Impaired Waters Monitoring – Proposes adaptive measures that would require operators to take action to eliminate discharge of pollutants causing impairments. (Also see Part 5.2.3)

2021 MSGP	2026 MSGP
No equivalent	Part 4.2.5.1(a): If any of your monitoring results indicate that the pollutant of concern is detected in your stormwater discharge, or is outside the acceptable range for a given parameter (e.g., pH, temperature) for the waterbody to meet its designated use, you must: i. comply with AIM Level 1 Responses in Part 5.2.3.1 ii. take all reasonable steps as described in Part 2.1.2.3 to prevent the discharge.

Resilient Stormwater Control Design

Designing for Resilience – Proposes requirement to ensure that operators consider a more resilient, proactive approach, using best available data to design SCMs to withstand future weather conditions.

2021 MSGP Proposed 2026 MSGP Part 2.1.1.8: Implementing structural improvements, Part 2.1.1.8: When implementing structural enhanced/resilient pollution prevention measures, and improvements, adaptive measures, or a combination of other mitigation measures can help to minimize impacts adaptive measures can help to minimize impacts from from stormwater discharges from major storm events stormwater discharges from major storm and flood such as hurricanes, storm surge, extreme/heavy events. You must consider if your facility has previously precipitation, and flood events. experienced such major storm events under current conditions, or may be exposed in the future to major storm and flood events based on best available data.

PFAS Indicator Monitoring

New Per-and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) Monitoring: Proposes a new provision that would require certain operators to conduct quarterly "report-only" indicator monitoring for PFAS for the entire permit term.

2021 MSGP	Proposed 2026 MSGP		
No Equivalent	Part 4.2.1.1(c): Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) Applicability. Operators in the following sectors must monitor stormwater discharges for PFAS (also specified in sector-specific requirements in Part 8). Monitoring applies to the 40 PFAS compounds listed in EPA Method 1633,using EPA Method 1633.	 A – Timber Products B – Paper and Allied Products C – Chemicals and Allied products D – Asphalt paving and Roofing Materials and Lubricants F - Primary Metals I – Oil and Gas Extraction K – Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, or Disposal Facilities L – Landfills, Land Application Sites, and Open Dumps M – Automobile Savage Yards N – Scrap Recycling Facilities P – Land Transportation and Warehousing R – Ship and Boat Building and Repairing Yards S – Air Transportation Facilities 	 T – Treatment Works U – Food and Kindred Product V - Textile Mills, Apparel, and Other Fabric Product Manufacturing; Leather and Leather Products W – Furniture and Fixtures X – Printing Y – Rubber, Miscellaneous Plastic Products, and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries Z – Leather Tanning and Finishing AA – Fabricated Metal Products AB – Transportation Equipment, Industrial or Commercial Machinery AC – Electronic, Electrical, Photographic, and Optical Goods

WQBEL

Water Quality-Based Effluent Limitations and Other Limitations – Proposes a modification to the 2021 MSGP water quality-based effluent limitations and other limitations to add more specificity and clarity to the permit provision.

2021 MSGP	Proposed 2026 MSGP
2021 MSGP: Requires operators to "control discharges as necessary to meet water quality standards".	 Part 2.2: Your discharge must not contain or result in: observed deposits of floating, settled, or suspended solids, scum, sheen, or substances; an observable film or sheen upon or discoloration from oil and grease; an observable foam; or substances that produce an observable change in color or odor.

Reissuance Schedule

12/13/24

EPA published the Proposed 2026 MSGP for public comment

2/11/25

The 60-day public comment period will end

2/28/26

EPA intends to issue the final 2026 MSGP before the 2021 MSGP expires



The proposed permit documents and fact sheet are available at

https://www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater-discharges-industrial-activities-epas-proposed-2026-msgp

Public Docket: https://www.regulations.gov/docket/EPA-HQ-OW-2024-0481



www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater-discharges-industrial-activities-epas-proposed-2026-msgp

A few reminders



Today's presentation will be posted on EPA's MSGP webpage



Links to the proposed permit, accompanying fact sheet, and federal register notice are available



Instructions for submitting comments on or before 2/11/25 are included in the federal register notice

Questions or Comments

- For more information:
 - https://www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater-dischargesindustrial-activities
- Contact Alicia Denning
 - denning.alicia@epa.gov
 - 202-564-1012