## Endangered Species Act in Tennessee

## Kim Brown University of Tennessee



## **Tennessee Outreach on ESA**

# INSTITUTE OF AGRICULTURE THE UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE





33<sup>RD</sup> MILAN NO-TILL CROP PRODUCTION FIELD DAY

> Thursday, July 25, 2024 8 a.m. – 1 p.m.

North Tract of the AgResearch and Education Center at Milan, Tennessee

731-686-7362 MILAN, TENNESSEE.EDU

UT AGRESEARCH AND UT EXTENSION



### CLEMS#N





**TENNESSEE VEGETATION MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION** 







## Challenges

- Reaching target audience
- Getting the target audience to understand the immediate importance
- Limited examples Unknowns
- Records



## **TN ESA Workgroup**

- Setting up the group
- First Meeting Summer 2024
- Goals of the Group



## **TN ESA Workgroup**

- University of TN
- TN Farm Bureau
- Tennessee Department of Agriculture
- USDA-NRCS
- US FWS

- TWRA
- National Cotton Council
- TN Soybean
- TAPA Industry
- TAPA Retail
- TN Producers
- University of Memphis





### **TENNESSEE PRIVATE PESTICIDE APPLICATOR RECORDKEEPING MANUAL**

Growing S	eason:	 	 		_

Farm Name:



Real, Life, Solutions,"

### Explanation of Recordkeeping Page

WPS/USDA	Field ID / Location of Treated Area			The information in bold is required as part of		
WPS/USDA	Application Date (m/d/y)			the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) and/		
WPS	Time of Application (start and end time)	Start: End:		or USDA requirements for recordkeeping. The Information required by the WPS must be posted within 24 hours of the pesticide application or before entry occurs and remain posted		
USDA	Name of Certified Applicator					
USDA	Certification Number					
WPS/USDA	Product Name			for 30 days.		
WPS/USDA	EPA Registration Number					
WPS	Active Ingredient					
WPS	Restricted Entry Interval (REI)					
USDA	Total Amount of Product Applied					
WPS/USDA	Crop/Site Treated					
USDA	Size of Treatment Area					
Label requirements or information that is encouraged for recordkeeping purposes.	Application Timing (Circle one) If post, enter days after planting	Pre-Plant Post-Emergence	e: days	Information below the WPS and USDA requirements is information that could be		
	Buffer Requirements List downwind required buffers and all sides for Endangered Species counties	nwind required buffers des for Endangered		required by some specific products. This information is also encouraged in addition to the required information		
	Sensitive Crop Awareness (name of crop and distance from closest point to	North:	South:	above.		
	application site) *Do not apply if wind is blowing to sensitive crops/site	East:	West:			
	Name and Date Sensitive Crop Registry Consulted					
	Check to Confirm Equipment Cleanout	Prior to Application				
	All Tank-Mixed Products and Amounts Include EPA Registration Numbers and Any Required Tank Mix Buffering (VRA) Adjuvants					
	Nozzle Type					
	Operating Pressure			1		
	Air Temperature	Start:				
	At Boom Height	End:				
	Wind Speed and Direction	Start:				
	At Boom Height	End:				
	Total Tank Mix Solution Use Rate (GPA)					
	Additional Notes					

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Field ID / Location of Treated Area					
Application Date (m/d/y)					
Time of Application (start and end time)	Start: End:		Start: End:		
Name of Certified Applicator					
Certification Number					
Product Name					
EPA Registration Number					
Active Ingredient					
Restricted Entry Interval (REI)					
Total Amount of Product Applied					
Crop/Site Treated					
Size of Treatment Area					
Application Timing (Circle one) If post, enter days after planting	Pre-Plant Post-Emergence: days		Pre-Plant Post-Emergence:days		
Buffer Requirements List downwind required buffers and all sides for Endangered Species counties					
Sensitive Crop Awareness (name of crop and distance from closest point to	North:	South:	North:	South:	
application site) *Do not apply if wind is blowing to sensitive crops/site	East:	West:	East:	West:	
Name and Date Sensitive Crop Registry Consulted					
Check to Confirm Equipment Cleanout	Prior to Application		Prior to Application  After Application		
All Tank-Mixed Products and amounts Include EPA Registration Numbers and Any Required Tank Mix Buffering (VRA) Adjuvants					
Nozzle Type					
Operating Pressure					
Air Temperature	Start:		Start:		
At Boom Height	End:		End:		
Wind Speed and Direction At Boom Height	Start:		Start:		
AL DUUM HEIGHL	End:		End:		
Total tank mix solution use rate (GPA)					
Additional Notes					



## Groups Working on ESA

- ESA Collaboration Workgroup
- AAPCO ESA Workgroup
- ESA Regional Effort Discussion
- AAPSE/EPA ESA Outreach
- CropLife America ESA Outreach
- Others





NOTE THAT THIS INFORMATION IS CURRENT AS OF **12/19/2024**, BUT THIS TOPIC IS RAPIDLY EVOLVING, SO IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO ENSURE THIS INFORMATION IS CURRENT

### FAQs: Introduction to Pesticide Registration and the Endangered Species Act (ESA) Presentation

This presentation is the result of a collaborative effort between the following individuals and organizations:

- Arnold, Elyssa U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Office of Pest Management Policy (OPMP)
- Brown, Kim University of Tennessee Extension & the American Association of Pesticide Safety Educators (AAPSE)
- Chism, Bill Weed Science Society of America (WSSA) Endangered Species Act (ESA) Committee Chair
- Douglass, Cameron U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Office of Pest Management Policy (OPMP)
- Krishnan, Niranjana University of Maryland Department of Entomology & the American Association of Pesticide Safety Educators (AAPSE)

Additional advice and support was provided by staff from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA) Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP). Note that any mention of trade names, manufacturers or specific products does not imply an endorsement by the U.S. Government or its employees.

When giving this presentation, please keep in mind that there are three key messages for the audience to remember:

- 1. Pesticide labels are changing to protect federally listed endangered and threatened species.
- Additional label mitigation strategies may be required for pesticide spray drift and runoff/soil
  erosion in areas with listed and other non-target species and their critical habitat(s).
- 3. Comprehensive changes could take 15 + years as more pesticide labels are updated to address ESA risks.

**Background** – The Endangered Species Act (ESA) was signed into law in 1973 by President Nixon and requires that every federal action (including the registration of pesticides) involves consultation between the "action agency" (i.e., USEPA for pesticide registrations) and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) or the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS). The USFWS is the authority for federally listed terrestrial and freshwater species, and the NMFS is the authority for saltwater species.

The focus of USEPA's current ESA Strategies is on conventional pesticides (i.e., fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, and rodenticides) used on agricultural crops. The USEPA is increasingly assessing whether additional spray drift and runoff/soil erosion label mitigations are necessary for pesticides in order to

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**Purpose** - This presentation is an initial step to provide pesticide safety and extension educators a uniform message on a complicated and rapidly evolving issue. As USEPA rolls out the ESA strategies on more and more pesticides, implementation on labels will likely evolve and be continuously refined. This document has been developed to help the presenter think through possible questions that might be asked during the presentation. Answers to some of these questions will depend on the state or region of the country you are located in.

### FAQs:

- 1. Regulatory requirements in states
  - a. There is a lot of uncertainty right now at the state level on how they will implement and enforce elements of USEPA's ESA strategies. Rather than assuming anything on behalf of your state's regulatory agency, it's probably best to be prepared to provide some contact information for state regulators.
  - b. Recordkeeping best practices or requirements to track compliance will likely be a common topic of questioning. Again, there is a lot of uncertainty at the state level, and a lot of variability between states on existing reporting requirements. As a speaker you might tell the audience that your state is still working on this topic and provide contact information for state regulators. Also continue to encourage diligent records to showcase use of best management practices and steps taken to protect non-target species and habitat.
- 2. Where might ESA information be found on pesticide labels
  - a. For the few pesticides that have some ESA-related mitigations on their labels already (e.g., Enlist products, glufosinate-P, cyantraniliprole) these have been listed broadly under "Directions for Use", including in specific sections titled "Endangered Species Requirement" or "Endangered Species Protection Requirement".
  - b. In addition to specific mitigation requirements on the labels, labels may direct the applicator to see a mitigation website or the Bulletins Live! Two webpage with additional site-specific information on other mitigations; mitigation websites will generally be hosted by USEPA, though in a few cases they are hosted by pesticide registrants.
- 3. How do growers get enough points (for runoff/soil erosion mitigations) or percentage reductions (for spray drift buffers)?
  - Suggest that applicators use USEPA's runoff/soil erosion points calculator tool, and when released the spray drift buffer calculator.
  - Remind the audience that they should work cooperatively with (in no particular order): conservation specialists, crop consultants, extension, pesticide safety educators, state lead agencies and/or registrants.
- 4. Where can more information be found?
  - a. As mentioned on Slide #22, resources on USEPA's ESA strategies can be found at:

### **Collaborative Effort – December 2024**

- Weed Science Society of America, Endangered Species Act Committee
   o Bill Chism, Chair
- American Association of Pesticide Safety Educators
  - Niranjana Krishnan, University of Maryland
  - Kim Brown, University of Tennessee
- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Office of Pest Management Policy
  - Cameron Douglass
  - o Elyssa Arnold
- Support from U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
  - Any mention of trade names, manufacturers or products does not imply an endorsement by the US Government of the United States Environmental Protection Agency. EPA and its employees do not endorse any commercial products, services, or enterprises.



### **ESA Resources**

### Rusty patch bumblebee

### **EPA Endangered Species Main Page**

<u>https://www.epa.gov/endangered-species</u>

Pesticides and Endangered Species Educational Resources Toolbox

- <u>https://www.epa.gov/endangered-species/pesticides-and-endangered-species-educational-resources-toolbox</u>
- EPA Bulletin Live! Two (BLT)
- <u>https://www.epa.gov/endangered-species/bulletins-live-two-view-bulletins</u>
- **EPA Mitigation Menu**
- <u>https://www.epa.gov/pesticides/mitigation-menu</u>

Weed Science Society of America webpage – definitions, handouts, and presentations

<u>https://wssa.net/endangered-species/</u>

Mitigation Strategy Tool from by CropLife America and Compliance Services International

<u>https://mitigationstrategytool.org/</u>

Pesticide Environmental Stewardship Website from the Center for Integrated Pest Mgt

<u>https://pesticidestewardship.org/</u>







### **Protecting Endangered Species from Pesticides**



#### About

- · About the endangered species program
- Assessing pesticides under the ESA
- · Litigation and associated pesticide limitations
- Implementing NAS Report Recommendations on Ecological Risk Assessment for Endangered and **Threatened Species**
- Conventional Pesticide Registration

### **Endangered Species** Act Workplan

- · EPA's workplan and progress toward better protections for endangered species
- Implementing EPA's Workplan to Protect Endangered and Threatened Species from Pesticides: Pilot Projects
- Assessing effects of new pesticides on listed species

Real 1

### Biological **Evaluations (BEs)**

Chlorpyrifos, Malathion, Diazinon,

Simazine, Glyphosate, Clothianidin

(updated), Imidacloprid (updated),

Sulfoxaflor Z, Enlist Z, Inpyrfluxam

Fluazaindolizine 2, Pyraclonil 2,

Dinotefuran 2, Acetamiprid 2

, Rodenticide BE and Mitigation Strategy 2

for Propazine, Bicyclopyrone 12, Benzovindiflupyr

Provisional Models and Tools Used

in EPA's Pesticide Endangered

**Species Biological Evaluations** 

of Neonicotinoid Insecticides

Models and Tools for National Level

Listed Species Biological Evaluations

Carbaryl, Methomyl, Atrazine,

Thiamethoxam (updated),

☑, Cyantraniliprole ☑,

Draft BE Chapters

Final BE Chapters for

- Proposed Guidance to registrants on Endangered Species Act considerations for antimicrobial pesticides

**Recent Highlights** 

- Pesticides and Endangered Species Educational Resources Toolbox Draft methomyl biological opinion from FWS available for public
- comment Memorandum of Understanding Between EPA and USDA to Help
- Protect Endangered Species and Support Sustainable Agriculture · Final guidance to registrants for

species

Review

- pesticide submissions for new outdoor uses that require Endangered
- Species Act reviews Final guidance to registrants for new active ingredients and registration

Consultation Process Under Endangered Species Act Section 7 for

Pesticide Registration & Registration

EPA's Vulnerable Species Pilot Project

review P1 EPA's workplan and progress toward better protections for endangered

#### Protections for **Endangered Species** Reports to Congress on Improving

- Effects determinations Pesticide restrictions
- Bulletins Live! Two

### Information for pesticide users

 Vulnerable Species Pilot Webinar 🗹 Publicly available geospatial data EPK's Final Herbicide Strategy

- **EPA Endangered Species** Main Page



### Conclusion

- Work collaboratively
- The ESA assessment process is very new and still evolving
- Growers will have to look at drift, runoff/erosion, and PULAs on a field-by-field basis

Lakeside daisy



• ESA changes will happen gradually over several years



## How to Replicate

- Identify parties in your area that have a stake
- Don't over meet
- Keep people engaged
- Develop relationships
- Be realistic in expectations





